Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity					
Cash	Cash Converters International Limited				
ABN/A	RBN		Financial year ended:		
39 06	9 141 546		30 June 2022		
Our corporate governance statement ¹ for the period above can be found at: ²			ound at: ²		
	These pages of our annual report:				
\boxtimes	This URL on our website:	https://www.cashconverters.com/	governance		
The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 31 August 2022 and has been approved by the board.					
The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.3					
Date: 31 August 2022					
Name	Name of authorised officer				

Leslie Crockett (Company Secretary)

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

authorising lodgement:

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINC	CIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	VERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: http://www.cashconverters.com/Governance	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: http://www.cashconverters.com/Governance and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	PLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD	VALUE	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: http://www.cashconverters.com/Governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement and Annual Report [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at: [insert location]	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
2.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 	and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		 ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	PLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	Y AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	and we have disclosed our code of conduct at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at:http://www.cashconverters.com/Governance [insert location]	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCI	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPOR	TS	
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	LE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIP	LE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at:http://www.cashconverters.com/Governance [insert location]	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at: in our Corporate Governance Statement and Annual Report [insert location] and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at: in our Corporate Governance Statement and Annual Report [insert location]	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	PLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: in our Annual Report and at http://www.cashconverters.com/Governance	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: in our Corporate Governance Statement [insert location]	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, 4 we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	recom	e a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the amendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our nos for not doing so are:5			
ADDITIO	ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES						
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: [insert location]	⊠ v r	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable			
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.		⊠ v t	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable			
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.		⊠ v li a	we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable			
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES							
-	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities: The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at: [insert location]	□ \$	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement			

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities: An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
		[insert location]	



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Corporate Governance at Cash Converters

The Board of Cash Converters International Limited (the Company) is responsible for establishing the Company's corporate governance standards and ensuring that they comply not only with regulatory guidelines, but that they also reflect the expectations of the Company's stakeholders taking into consideration the Company's size, activities and geographical operations. The Board is continually monitoring all aspects of its corporate governance and new or improved policies and procedures are adopted as appropriate to ensure the highest possible standards can be attained and maintained.

The key components of the Company's corporate governance model are illustrated below.

Stakeholders

Shareholders, Customers, Regulators, Community, Financiers & other creditors, Franchisees & Employees

Cash Converters International Limited Board

Directors are responsible for all corporate governance framework, strategy and management on behalf of stakeholders

Audit and Risk Committee

- Oversight of financial reporting and risk management framework
- Internal and External audit

Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee

- Oversight of remuneration, nomination and governance frameworks
 - External remuneration consultants

Board Investment Committee

❖ Oversight of acquisition, divestment and investment opportunities & related risks

Executive Deputy Chairman

- International franchise business
- Development of opportunities
- Maximising international strategic imperatives

Managing Director

Management of the Company and implementation of strategic objectives to deliver long term sustained performance

Executive leadership team

Accountable for delivery of strategic objectives

Team members

The Company, as a listed entity, must comply with the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), the ASX Listing Rules, and other Australian and relevant international laws. The ASX Listing Rules require the Company to report to shareholders on the extent to which its corporate governance practices comply with the recommendations set out in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations 4th Edition ("ASXCGC Recommendations") and to provide an "if not, why not" statement in those circumstances where it has not implemented an ASXCGC recommendation during the Reporting Period.

This Corporate Governance Statement ("Statement") is dated 31 August 2022 and reports on the key governance principles and practices that were in place during the year ended 30 June 2022 ("Reporting Period") and any changes to their status as at the date of this Statement. Subject to any exceptions outlined in this Statement, the Company has complied with the ASXCGC Recommendations throughout the Reporting Period.

The following governance documents are available on the Company's website under the "Corporate Governance" tab:

- Corporate Governance Statement
- Board Charter
- Board Investment Committee Charter
- Audit and Risk Committee Charter
- Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter
- Constitution
- Code of Conduct
- Market Communications Policy
- Securities Trading Policy
- Directors' Conflict of Interests Policy
- Whistleblower Policy
- Modern Slavery Statement
- Anti-bribery & Corruption Policy.
- Diversity and Inclusion Policy
- Values Statement

Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Recommendation 1.1 - Roles of Board and Management

The Board has approved and implemented a Board Charter that formalises the functions and responsibilities of the Board, a copy of which is published on the Company's website. This charter clearly articulates the division of responsibilities between the Board and management.

The Board is responsible for determining the Company's vision to be a trusted consumer retail and financial services provider in its sector and ensures that strategic priorities are set and actioned to achieve this vision over the long term. In doing so, directors are involved not only in determining, approving and monitoring initiatives aligned to strategic priorities, but also in ensuring robust processes and controls are established and operational to promote effective decision making across all aspects of the business.

As well as its role in setting the strategic direction, the Board is also, among its other functions, responsible for:

- the appointment and evaluation of the performance of the Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer (Managing Director/CEO) and other key executives;
- approving financial budgets and monitoring performance against them;
- delegating authority to management;
- reviewing business operations and the progress of major capital expenditure projects;
- approving the Company's remuneration framework;
- approving and reviewing Board and executive succession plans;

- establishing corporate governance standards and monitoring their effectiveness;
- ensuring that the Company has in place an appropriate and effective risk management framework and internal controls and compliance systems;
- approving Company policies and monitoring compliance with them;
- oversight of the Company's disclosure processes to ensure disclosure is timely and balanced;
- protecting and enhancing the Company's reputation; and
- ensuring that the Company operates with high ethical standards, and in a legal and responsible manner.

The Board is supported in its role by three committees, the charters of which are available on our website:

- Audit and Risk Committee
- Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee
- Board Investment Committee.

Subject to prior approval of the Chairman, the Board Charter provides that directors may obtain independent professional advice at the expense of the Company.

Recommendation 1.2 - Pre-appointment checks for new directors

The Company undertakes appropriate checks before appointing a person or putting forward to shareholders a candidate for election as a director. These include checks as to the person's character, experience, education, criminal record, and bankruptcy history, and may be conducted by external consultants assisting in the appointment process.

Non-executive directors Henry Shiner, Timothy Jugmans and Susan Thomas were appointed during the Reporting Period. The above checks were performed on each director prior to appointment. The checking process did not reveal any information that would preclude their respective appointments.

The Company provides shareholders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether to elect or re-elect a director. For those directors standing for election or re-election at an Annual General Meeting (AGM), this information is provided in the Notice of Meeting.

Information on all directors' qualifications and experience can be found under the Directors' Profiles section in the 2022 Annual Report.

Recommendation 1.3 - Appointment documentation

New directors are provided with a letter of appointment setting out their roles and responsibilities and the Company's expectations of them. Senior executives are subject to written contracts setting out the terms of their appointment. A director's induction manual is provided to new directors for background information.

Recommendation 1.4 - Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters relating to the proper functioning of the Board. Each director always has a right of access to the Company Secretary. The decision to appoint or remove the Company Secretary is made or approved by the Board.

The Company Secretary details are reported in the Directors' Report in the 2022 Annual Report.

Recommendation 1.5 - Diversity

At Cash Converters we exist to unlock possibilities for our customers, and we do this by understanding our customer's needs and continually striving to improve on products and services that enable them, to get on with their lives. We understand that this level of connection to our customers, product innovation and business growth and performance can only be achieved through a workplace that attracts, encourages, and prioritises diversity and inclusion.

We strive for a workplace that is made up of many different skills, values, experiences, backgrounds, and attributes. We acknowledge that this can only come about when we achieve diversity in ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, age, ability, family status, religious beliefs, language, or other ideologies. Our people are our biggest asset and so we seek to engage them through an environment where they can belong, challenge our way of thinking, contribute to their full capacity, develop, and unlock their true potential.

At Cash Converters, our commitment to diversity and inclusion is captured in our workplace policies which include Equal Employment Opportunity and Discrimination, Recruitment, Training and Development, Remuneration, Flexible Work Practices, Leave and Domestic violence with programs that support, a key focus of our business. The Cash Converters Diversity and Inclusion policy is published on the website and whilst we value and embrace diversity at all levels, gender diversity has been, and continues to be a priority for our organisation.

Cash Converters diversity profile and objectives, as of 30 June 2022.

	Reporting Period ¹					
Category	Target % of Female Representation	Y2021	Y2022	Trend ²	Purpose	Status
Board	33%-50%	17%	29%	1	To increase female representation on the Board.	Progressed & In Progress: Efforts to improve gender diversity on the Board have been realised through attracting additional female representation. Gender diversity will continue to be a key focus area to drive our D&I agenda.
Senior Executive ³	30%-50%	33%	25%	1	To increase the number of females in senior executive roles with appropriate skills and attributes.	Downward trend driven by redefining KMP reported positions. The FY22 result is not driven by attrition.
Senior Management ⁴	30%-50%	25%	27%	1	To increase the number of females representation in managerial and leadership positions with appropriate skills and attributes.	Progressed & In Progress: Some small progress made with efforts continuing to increase female representation via recruitment efforts or through development plans
Customer Facing Management ⁵	25%-50%	33%	32%	1	To increase the number of females in customer facing management positions and leverage off the successes of exemplar areas of the business.	In Progress: Result impacted through increased turnover in stores during recent periods of lockdown and other retention challenges. Efforts are focused on attraction, recruitment and upskilling and development of female representation in leadership client facing positions.
Whole of Organisation	45%-55%	47%	47%		Achieving at least 45% of female representation across the company	Maintained: Successfully achieving the female representation target and maintaining an overall trend.

Reporting Period¹: This reporting period covers year-on-year movements from 1 Jul 2021-30 June 2022.

Trend²: Figures are rounded up for consistency of application.

Senior Executive³: includes WGEA category CEO and KMP. *Excludes WGEA category GM (General Managers/Other Executives).*

Senior Management⁴: includes WGEA category GM and includes Managerial roles and excludes professionals and other positions within the organisation (non-leadership roles).

Customer Facing Management⁵: Customer Facing Management defined as those positions which have whole of store accountability; defined decision-making authority; will always have direct reports on the organisation structure; key deliverables to the Corporate Operations Manager.

Cash Converters diversity initiatives, delivered as of 30 June 2022.

- **1.** Annual gender remuneration gap analysis delivered over and above the WGEA statutory reporting requirements to enable actions to address any pay gaps.
- **2.** Benchmarking approach consistently applied across all existing and new positions, promotions, transfers to ensure employees are remunerated fairly, regardless of gender.
- **3.** Annual remuneration review process applied consistently and scientifically promoting principles of merit and fairness when considering remuneration, development, and career progression.
- **4.** Unconscious Bias training delivered nationally to all levels of management responsible for hiring decisions to better enable recruitment, performance management, remuneration and career progression outcomes.
- **5.** Recruitment process enhanced to include initiatives that balance gender on shortlists for open positions.
- **6.** Launch of "She Code" campaign designed to highlight success stories of female employees in the Information Technology (IT) team and attract and engage a more balanced and diversified workforce traditionally pursued by males.

Cash Converters diversity initiatives, in progress as of 30 June 2022.

- 1. Paid Parental leave policy drafted for consideration to provide options to both females and males returning from parental leave
- 2. Employer branding initiatives designed to attract and support recruitment and enable diverse and high performing talent
- 3. Talent identification process enhanced to proactively support and develop diversity in succession planning and development opportunities across the organisation
- 4. Analyse aspects of employee life cycle with reference to retention and understand key actions that can be taken to encourage females to remain in the workplace

Recommendation 1.6 - Board performance

A Board performance review is usually held every two to three years. A review was not conducted during the Reporting Period.

The last comprehensive review was conducted in 2020, the recommendations of which were implemented during 2021. The Board performance review previously scheduled for the Reporting Period was deferred to allow time for the three new Board appointments to settle into their roles. It is anticipated that a Board performance review will be completed during the next reporting period. The format of the evaluation process is currently being considered by the Governance, Remuneration & Nomination Committee.

Recommendation 1.7 - Executive performance measurement

The performance of senior executives is measured against prescribed criteria (Key Performance Indicators) as set by the Managing Director/CEO and approved by the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee and Board. In the case of the Managing Director/CEO, Key Performance Indicators are set and measured by the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee and the Board. These criteria are set annually, and individual performance is assessed annually. Performance assessments were undertaken during the Reporting Period.

Principle 2: Structure the Board to add value

Recommendation 2.1 - Nomination Committee

Under Recommendation 2.1, the board of a listed entity should have a nomination committee with at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors, and the committee should be chaired by an independent director. Nomination committee responsibilities are carried out by the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee.

The following were members of the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee during the Reporting Period:

- Julie Elliott (Independent Chair)
- Robert Hines
- Henry Shiner (from 20 August 2021)
- Susan Thomas (from 1 April 2022)

It is normal practice for all Board members to attend meetings of the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee. The Committee's membership met the minimum membership requirements of Recommendation 2.1 from 20 August 2021 to the end of the Reporting Period and continue to do so as at the date of this Statement.

The charter for the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee is available on the Company's website.

The role of this Committee as it relates to nomination responsibilities is to assist the Board by:

- developing and implementing policy and procedures for nomination, selection, appointment and re-appointment, retention and termination of directors;
- reviewing Board and executive succession plans;
- monitoring and appraising the size and composition of the Board and Board renewal matters;
- determining an appropriate mix of skills, knowledge, experience, expertise and diversity on the Board;
- developing a Board skills matrix and ensuring it is utilised in the director recruitment process;
- identifying and evaluating individuals qualified to become a director on the Board, determining the terms and conditions for appointment and ensuring appropriate candidate checks are performed prior to appointment to the Board; and
- ensuring an effective induction and orientation program is available to new directors.

The experience and qualifications of each committee member is set out under Directors' Profiles in the 2022 Annual Report. Details of the number of meetings held during the Reporting Period by the Committee are provided in the Directors' Report in the 2022 Annual Report.

Recommendation 2.2 - Board skills matrix

The Board maintains a detailed skills matrix identifying the skills, experience and other attributes considered important for the Board to discharge its responsibilities.

The Board remains of the view that the traditional financial services skills such as risk management, finance, strategy, and mergers and acquisitions ("M&A") are fundamental skills for the board of a company operating in the industry in which Cash Converters operates. Skills in the areas of governance, stakeholder management, government relations and issues management are also viewed as critical if a company is to remain successful in this highly regulated industry sector. Data management and information technology are also considered to be important skills for dealing with digital disruption.

Below is the combination of skills, experience, and other attributes against which the Company's existing directors and new appointees have been assessed.

Technical skills	Risk Management	Risk management frameworks, setting risk appetite, building and adapting organisational risk culture, regulatory relationships, assessing the effectiveness of senior leadership. Credit skills with detailed understanding of retail lending parameters and ability to assess fundamental inherent risks of the business.
	Marketing/Distribution/CRM	Professional experience of creating, communicating and delivering offerings that have value to customers and partners. Experience of managing and operating through a range of different distribution channels.
	Corporate Finance/Asset Management/M&A	Implementation of financial, capital and asset management strategies, treasury and funding, corporate finance restructuring, capital raisings within risk appetite, M&A experience, analytic.

	Corporate Strategy	Reviewing and setting organisational strategy, organic growth opportunities,
		merger and acquisition opportunities (including joint ventures). Strong
		intellectual strategic capability with the ability to solve complex business
		problems in a highly competitive and dynamic market.
	Government Relations	Interaction with Government, Regulators and consumer advocates and at all
	/Policy	levels, influencing public policy decisions and outcomes and in particular depth
		of skill in dealing with regulators/litigation (class actions)/politicians (Senate
		inquiries/Royal Commissions).
	Governance and Compliance	Implementing organisation-wide governance and compliance systems, processes
		and frameworks, regulatory compliance, assessing the effectiveness of senior
		leadership. Understanding of regulations that apply to retail lending and
		franchising.
	Health and Safety	Implementing health, safety and wellbeing strategies, proactive identification
	,	and prevention of health and safety risks.
	Remuneration	Detailed executive remuneration matters, incentive arrangements, staff
		superannuation. Understanding of the relevant legislative/contractual
		framework for remuneration. Experience in human resource management:
		culture, diversity and talent.
Experience	Financial Services	Extensive experience in, and knowledge of, financial services sector; ideally
Experience	i mancial services	direct management (i.e., P&L implications) with potential to impact customers
		and operations across multiple geographies; retail merchandising and franchise
		experience including current landscape and underlying issues impacting the
		industry; risk management experience.
	Corporate Finance and	Domestic and/or international experience in corporate finance, capital
	Banking	management, banking and funds management.
	Consumer Credit	Domestic and/or international experience in consumer credit businesses
		(especially unsecured lending) including the regulatory landscape and underlying
		issues impacting the industry.
	Finance/Accounting	Financial experience with strong technical skills (accounting/audit).
	CRM/Customer Data	Experience in driving strategic insights from the collection and analysis of
		customer data. Experience in customer relationship management.
	Information Technology and	Domestic and/or international experience in IT strategies, IT networks, Internet
	Digital	disruptive applications, and the latest innovative technologies/ offerings.
		Understanding the current drivers of innovation in the information technology
		market and specifically in the software delivery and licensing and cloud
		computing sectors and online distribution platforms.
	Issues/Event Management	Exposure to commercial issues. For example, Enforceable Undertaking, Credit
		Rating downgrade, media/social media events and other reputational
		events/catastrophes.
	Regulatory Compliance	Experience relating to ASX compliance regime, ASIC and other applicable
		regulatory bodies.
Capabilities	Leadership	Driving engagement and enablement, evaluating employee and executive
3242		performance, strategic workforce planning, leading organisation change and
		talent development.
	Financial Acumen	Demonstrated ability in understanding and dealing with business opportunities
	I maneial Acamen	in a manner that is likely to lead to good results in the short-term and long-term
		bringing risk appetite focus to all decision-making.
	Collegiate	An ability to work with other members of the Board, respecting different views,
	Collegiate	, , ,
		approaches and styles. Demonstrating focus on the collective good as more
	Challadadada	important than individual view.
	Stakeholder Management	Ability to understand the power, influence and interest of various stakeholders.
		Understanding of key stakeholders (i.e., shareholders, analysts, fund managers,
		ASX).
	Corporate Emotional	Personal attributes/characteristics relevant to the Board environment including
	Intelligence (EQ)	communication skills, the ability to constructively challenge, championing an
		environment that effectively deals with complex issues and seeking/engendering
		continuous improvement. Be able to balance appropriate levels of governance
		with the need to keep the business progressing.
Diversity	Age, Gender, Term in office, Et	hnicity, Overseas experience
•		

Overall, the skills base of the Board is broad and deep with a good geographical reach of experience. The appointments of three new, highly experienced non-executive directors during the Reporting Period have further augmented the Board's strengths across important skills areas including law, risk management and technology. The Board continues to develop appropriate geographic, ethnic and gender diversity in its composition.

Recommendation 2.3 - Independence of directors

A listed entity should disclose the names of the directors considered to be independent directors and if any director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described under Box 2.3 of Recommendation 2.3 of the ASXCGC Recommendations. If a director has an interest of the nature described in Box 2.3, but the Board is of the opinion that this interest does not compromise the independence of the director, then the Board is required to describe in this Statement the nature of that interest and the reason why it has formed that opinion.

Details of directors on the Board during the Reporting Period and as at the date of this Statement are provided below, along with their independence status and terms in office.

Name of Director	Non-executive	Independent	Term in office
Timothy Jugmans (Chairman)	Yes	No	Director and Chairman since 1 April 2022
Peter Cumins	No	No	Director since 26 April 1995
Lachlan Given	Yes	No	Director since 22 August 2014
Julie Elliott	Yes	Yes	Director since 14 April 2020
Robert Hines	Yes	Yes	Director since 14 April 2020
Henry Shiner	Yes	Yes	Director since 1 July 2021
Susan Thomas	Yes	Yes	Director since 1 April 2022
Sam Budiselik	No	No	Appointed Managing Director from 18 December
			2020 (CEO from February 2020)
Jason Kulas (Chairman)	Yes	No	Director and Chairman since 28 August 2020 until
			his resignation on 31 March 2022

The Board Charter sets out the procedures and the disclosure principles applied by the Board when assessing the independence of directors.

In accordance with the Charter, the Board considers whether a director is non-executive, not a member of management and is free of any other business relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the independent exercise of their judgement. In making this assessment, the Board considers all relevant factors and circumstances, including the relevant factors for assessing independence of directors as listed under Recommendation 2.3 of the ASXCGC Recommendations.

The Board has reviewed the independence of each of the directors in office. Sam Budiselik and Peter Cumins are executive directors and members of management and are therefore not considered independent. Lachlan Given is an executive of EZCORP Inc. ("EZCORP"). Chairman Timothy Jugmans is the Chief Financial Officer of EZCORP. His predecessor, Jason Kulas was the CEO of EZCORP during his time as Chairman of Cash Converters. EZCORP is a substantial shareholder in the Company. As officers of a substantial shareholder, both Lachlan Given and Timothy Jugmans are not considered by the Board to be independent.

Recommendation 2.4 - Independent majority

Recommendation 2.4 requires that a majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.

With the appointments of Henry Shiner and Susan Thomas during the Reporting Period, four of the eight Board members were independent non-executive directors.

Accordingly, the Board did not have a majority of independent directors either at the date of this Statement or during the Reporting Period.

Recommendation 2.5 - Independent Chairman

For the reasons outlined below, the Company does not comply with the recommendation that the Chairman should be an independent director.

Jason Kulas chaired the Board for the start of the Reporting Period until his resignation from Cash Converters on 31 March 2022. His replacement, Timothy Jugmans, joined the Board and was Chairman of the Board from 1 April 2022.

Timothy Jugmans is also the Chief Financial Officer of EZCORP. EZCORP is a major shareholder of the Company with rights to appoint nominee directors to the Company's Board under a 2009 Subscription Agreement between the Company and EZCORP. Under the terms of the agreement, while EZCORP holds at least 20 per cent of the issued capital of the Company, it can appoint two nominee directors to the Board and the position of Chairman is also required to be offered to one of the nominee directors who may accept that position in his or her sole discretion. Timothy Jugmans was appointed a nominee director by EZCORP and he was offered the position of Chairman of the Board of the Company in accordance with the terms of the Subscription Agreement. He accepted this offer and took up the position of Chairman concurrent with the retirement of the former Chairman, Jason Kulas. Due to his position as nominee director of a major shareholder, Timothy Jugmans is not considered to be an independent Chairman. The former Chairman, Jason Kulas, was similarly a nominee director of EZCORP and therefore not independent.

A copy of the Subscription Agreement between EZCORP and the Company was released to ASX on 9 November 2009. Links to the Subscription Agreement and related documents have been provided in the Board Charter contained on the Company's website.

Under the Directors' Conflict of Interests Policy, the Board has protocols and processes in place for dealing with conflicts or potential conflicts of interest. If the Board considers that a matter for consideration by the Board might place the Chairman in a position of conflict, the directors appoint a lead independent director, who considers the matter in consultation with the Managing Director and decides as to whether the Chairman may receive papers, vote, or be in attendance during the discussion of that matter. The Chairman may also give the Board prior notice of those matters in which he intends to withdraw from the meeting and not receive papers relating to those matters.

The positions of Chairman of the Board and Managing Director/CEO of the Company are not held by the same person.

Recommendation 2.6 - Director inductions

The Company has a program for inducting new directors and providing appropriate professional development opportunities for directors. The three directors appointed during the Reporting Period, Henry Shiner, Timothy Jugmans and Susan Thomas participated in the induction program which included meeting other Board members and key executives prior to appointment. A chairmanship handover process was also completed in March 2022 with the appointment of Timothy Jugmans as Chairman.

The Board continually reviews whether there is a need for directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge required to perform their role effectively. During the Reporting Period, the Board benefitted from continuous engagement with senior management across the business on topics specific to the senior management's respective business function. On an ongoing basis, directors are provided with papers, presentations and briefings on specific matters which may affect the business or operations. To assist the directors in maintaining an appropriate level of knowledge of the operations of the company, directors undertake site visits each year to some of its corporate and franchised businesses. In addition, directors have personally engaged in professional development activities to develop and maintain their skills and knowledge needed to perform their roles as directors.

In July 2022, the Governance, Remuneration and Nominations Committee conducted a formal review of the group and individual professional development activities completed during the Reporting Period. Directors considered that the development/briefing sessions conducted during FY22 had been appropriate and adequate. There were no material new or emerging business or governance issues that had arisen that would have necessitated additional development imperatives for the period.

All directors are expected and encouraged to engage in professional development activities to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their roles as directors.

Oversight of this induction and development program is the responsibility of the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee.

Principle 3: Act ethically and responsibly

Recommendation 3.1 - Core Values

The Company recognises the importance of its reputation and standing within the community and with its key stakeholders, such as customers, employees, suppliers, creditors, law makers and regulators.

A refreshed expression of the "Core Values" was released during the previous Reporting Period. All team members are encouraged to embrace these values. Performance in accordance with these values is acknowledged and rewarded through Annual Performance Awards and includes an award for a Values Champion.

The Values Statement is encapsulated as follows:

We're real people who are passionate and proud

 We're genuine, friendly and from your neighbourhood. We're passionate and proud to be here helping our customers.

We're caring and respectful

• We're here to listen and find ways to help makes things possible, supportive of our customers and our colleagues. There's no judgement here. We treat everyone as an individual

We're tenacious problem solvers

• We don't back down. We always try our best to help others, no matter how hard the task seems.

The performance of all team members including members of executive key management personnel is formally assessed each year across key behavioural competencies as disclosed in the performance measures in the Remuneration Report.

The Values Statement is available on the company's website under the Corporate Governance tab.

Recommendations 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4 - Code of Conduct, Anti-bribery and Corruption Policy and Whistleblower Policy

The Company has a Code of Conduct and Anti-bribery and Corruption Policy which outline the Company's commitment to appropriate and ethical corporate practices. All directors, officers and employees are expected to comply with the Code and this Policy. The Audit and Risk Committee is informed of material breaches of the Code or incidents under the Anti-bribery and Corruption Policy.

The Company is committed to an open working environment in which its personnel and other stakeholders can report instances of unethical, unlawful or undesirable conduct without fear or intimidation or reprisal. For this purpose, the Company has a Whistleblower Policy. Subject to the confidentiality provisions of the Policy, material incidents under the Whistleblower Policy are reported to the Audit and Risk Committee.

The Code of Conduct, Anti-bribery and Corruption Policy, Whistleblower Policy and Modern Slavery Statement are published on the Company's website.

Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

Recommendation 4.1 - Audit Committee

Under Recommendation 4.1, a board of a listed entity should have an audit committee with at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent. The committee should be chaired by an independent director.

The Audit and Risk Committee had the following members during the Reporting Period:

- Robert Hines (Independent Chair)
- Julie Elliott
- Henry Shiner (appointed as a member effective 20 August 2021)
- Susan Thomas (appointed as a member effective 1 April 2022)

Currently, it is normal practice for all Board members to attend meetings of the Audit and Risk Committee. The Committee complied with the minimum membership requirements of Recommendation 4.1 for the majority of the Reporting Period from 20 August 2021 to the end of the Reporting Period and continues to do so as at the date of this Statement.

The Audit and Risk Committee operates under a formal charter approved by the Board. A copy of the charter is published on the Company's website.

As set out in the charter, the role of the Audit and Risk Committee as it relates to audit matters is to assist the Board to fulfil its oversight responsibilities relating to:

- the preparation and integrity of all corporate and financial reporting prior to being published;
- the adequacy of the control environment;
- the internal and external audit function;
- treasury and taxation and other key financial processes and practices;
- appropriateness of accounting policies, estimates and judgements;
- review of any significant accounting and reporting issues, including professional and regulatory announcements and impact on the Company's financial statements;
- compliance with all regulatory obligations including the Corporations Act, ASX Listing Rules and the ASXCGC Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations; and
- any other matters referred to the Committee by the Board.

The experience and qualifications of each committee member are set out in the Directors' Profiles section of the 2022 Annual Report. The external and internal auditors, other non-member directors including the Managing Director are invited to Audit and Risk Committee meetings. Details of the number of meetings held by the Audit and Risk Committee during the year are set out in the Directors' Report in the 2022 Annual Report.

Recommendation 4.2 - Managing Director/CEO and CFO Declaration

The Board received signed written statements from the Managing Director/CEO and the Chief Financial Officer in relation to the financial statements for the half year to 31 December 2021 and for the year ended 30 June 2022, declaring that, in their opinion, the financial records of the Company have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company; and that the opinion has been founded on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which implements policies adopted by the Board, and the Company's risk management and internal compliance systems are operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting.

Recommendation 4.3 - Corporate report verification

The Company's key periodic corporate reporting comprises the half year report and full year annual financial statements which are subject to formal review and approval by the Audit and Risk Committee and Board and on which an external review or audit is conducted by audit firm Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu (Deloitte). The

scope of the audit includes the expression of an audit opinion as to whether the Remuneration Report included within the Directors' Report and reviewed and recommended to the Board for approval by the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee complies with Section 300A of the Corporations Act.

The additional periodic corporate report issued by the Company that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor is the remainder of the Directors' Report contained in the half year and Annual Report including the operating and financial review commentary.

The content of the Directors' Report is prepared by the Chief Financial Officer/Company Secretary and checked against appropriate internal and external source records to ensure it is materially accurate. Narrative reports including the operating and financial review are prepared by the Chief Financial Officer and reviewed by the Managing Director.

The entire contents of the half year report and Annual Report are reviewed by the Audit and Risk Committee and formally recommended for approval by the Board. To ensure the material presented is materially accurate, balanced and provides investors with appropriate information to make informed investment decisions, any material statements must be verified and supported by evidence and/or references to creditable sources including metrics obtained from the financial records of the Company.

While the Directors' Report, except for the Remuneration Report, is not subject to audit by the Company's auditors it is provided to them for review in the context of their audit of the annual financial statements and review of the half year report. Any comments with respect to inconsistencies to the reported financial information are responded to prior to approval by the Board.

Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure

Recommendation 5.1 - Continuous Disclosure

The Company has procedures in place to ensure that it complies with the continuous disclosure requirements of the ASX Listing Rules. These are described in the Company's Market Communications Policy, published on its website. These procedures set out who is responsible for determining whether information is of a type or nature that requires disclosure, the Board's role in reviewing the information disclosed to ASX and the procedures for ensuring that the information is released to ASX in a timely manner.

All significant information disclosed to ASX by the Company is published on the Company's website as soon as practicable.

Recommendation 5.2 - Announcements copied to directors

A listed entity is required to ensure that its board receives copies of all material announcements promptly after they have been released.

All material, price-sensitive announcements issued during the Reporting Period were provided to all Board members as drafts for approval prior to release. Once released and published on the website and the ASX platform, all announcements are immediately accessible to all directors. The Company Secretary has, during the Reporting Period ensured that all material, price-sensitive announcements are promptly distributed by email to Board members upon release to the market.

Recommendation 5.3 - Presentation materials

All new or substantive investor or analyst presentation materials are released to the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation as standard practice. Generally, the Company's presentations are delivered in conjunction with full and half year results releases.

Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders

Recommendation 6.1 - Information on website

The Company provides information about itself and its governance to investors via its website at www.cashconverters.com. The following information is available on the website:

- the names, photographs, and brief biographical information for each of the directors;
- copies of Annual Reports and ASX announcements;
- Company overview.

The website also has a corporate governance page where this Statement and copies of corporate governance policies and other corporate governance materials referred to in this Statement can be found.

Recommendation 6.2 - Investor communications

The Board aims to ensure that shareholders are informed in a timely manner of all major developments affecting the Company's state of affairs. Information is communicated to shareholders through the Annual Report which is made available to all shareholders either electronically or as paper copy. The Board ensures that the Annual Report includes relevant information about the operations of the Company during the year, changes in the state of affairs of the Company and details of future plans.

In addition to the other disclosures required by the Corporations Act 2001, a half-yearly report containing the financial information required to comply with the applicable Accounting Standards and a review of the operations of the Company during the period, is prepared and made available to shareholders.

Following the release of half-year and full year results, the Company holds briefings for investors and analysts. In addition, business and trading updates have been released to the ASX during the financial year to keep shareholders informed.

The Company encourages two-way communication with investors, both at the Company's Annual General Meeting and throughout the year.

The Company can be contacted by emailing investor.relations@cashconverters.com.

Recommendation 6.3 - Shareholder participation at meetings

The Board encourages full participation by shareholders at its Annual General Meetings. Adequate opportunities are provided during meetings for shareholders to raise questions concerning all matters before them for their approval.

Due to remaining government restrictions and the potential health risks arising from the COVID-19 pandemic, the 2021 Annual General Meeting was held as a virtual meeting. Shareholders were able to participate in the meeting in real time through the Lumi meeting platform that allows shareholders to view, listen, submit questions and vote while the meeting is in progress.

The Company also considers communications and queries received during the year from shareholders, investors and relevant interest groups to determine if the Chairman or Managing Director Addresses should be expanded to provide additional explanations for the benefit of all shareholders.

Important AGM approval items are presented to shareholders as single resolutions and complex matters are accompanied by clear explanations in the explanatory notes. Shareholders are responsible for voting on the election of newly appointed directors and the re-election of existing non-executive directors.

Recommendation 6.4 - Polls at AGMs

All substantive resolutions at meetings of the Company's shareholders are decided by a poll rather than a show of hands as it is considered this best ensures the "one security one vote" principle enshrined in the listing rules.

Recommendation 6.5 - Shareholder access to electronic communications

Shareholders can register with the Company's share registry, Computershare Investor Services, to receive electronic notifications of the release of annual and half-yearly reports, notices of Annual General Meeting and distributions of dividends. The share registry also provides contact information on its website and the ability to receive documents by email from the share registry.

The Company also provides information through its website, enabling shareholders access to Company announcements and the ability to email the Company with enquiries.

Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

Recommendation 7.1 - Risk Committee

Under Recommendation 7.1, the board of a listed entity should have a committee to oversee risk. That committee should have at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors, and it should be chaired by an independent director.

Risk and risk management within the Company is overseen by the Audit and Risk Committee, the membership details of which are provided under Recommendation 4.1 above. The membership of this Committee met the requirements of Recommendation 7.1 for the majority of the Reporting Period from 20 August 2021 to the end of the Reporting Period and continues to do so as at the date of this Statement. Currently, the meetings of this Committee are attended by all members of the Board.

As set out in the charter, the role of the Audit and Risk Committee as it relates to risk management is to assist the Board to fulfil its oversight responsibilities relating to:

- the adequacy of the control environment and the processes for identifying and managing risk;
- reviewing the Company's risk management framework, strategy and risk appetite development and overseeing the risk management system, including the risk management function and its resourcing;
- reviewing and monitoring the Company's risk profile;
- reviewing the operational effectiveness of the policies and procedures relating to risk and the Company's internal control environment;
- reviewing management's evaluation of the effectiveness of internal controls;
- reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's insurance activities;
- ensuring compliance with all regulatory obligations including the Corporations Act, ASX Listing Rules and the Corporate Governance Principles;
- reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's approach to achieving compliance with laws, regulations and Company policies;
- reviewing and making recommendations in relation to the Company's Compliance Framework;
- ensuring compliance processes are sound, appropriate and operating effectively throughout the Company; and
- obtaining regular reports regarding compliance matters that may have a material impact on the Company's activities, including reviewing any correspondence from regulatory bodies regarding significant issues.

Previously an ad hoc committee, the Board Investment Committee was endorsed as a standing committee in July 2022. This committee assists the Board by reviewing opportunities of a corporate transactional nature including acquisitions, divestments and investments. This role includes evaluation of risks associated with material transactions and the adequacy of related due diligence processes.

Its membership comprises all four of the independent non-executive directors: Robert Hines (Committee Chairman), Julie Elliott, Henry Shiner and Sue Thomas.

Recommendation 7.2 - Risk reviews

The Audit and Risk Committee reviews the Company's Risk Management Framework ("RMF") on an annual basis. A review was undertaken during the Reporting Period and the Committee satisfied itself that the RMF continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard within an appropriate risk appetite, consistent with Board and committee oversight.

Recommendation 7.3 - Internal audit

The Company has an independent internal audit function that operates under a charter approved by the Audit and Risk Committee. This function reports to the Audit and Risk Committee, and among other duties, evaluates the effectiveness of, and contributes to the improvement of, the Company's risk management processes.

The Audit and Risk Committee's responsibilities as they relate to internal audit include:

- approving the appointment, remuneration and removal of the head of internal audit;
- reviewing the internal audit charter and resourcing of the internal audit function;
- approving the annual internal audit plan and monitoring progress against the plan;
- reviewing significant internal audit findings and action taken by management to address these;
- discussing issues with internal audit in the absence of management; and
- reviewing the objectivity and performance of the Internal Auditor.

Recommendation 7.4 - Environmental and social sustainability risks

The Board is responsible for ensuring that the Company's risk management systems are adequate and operating effectively.

Environmental and social risks where the Board considers that Cash Converters' exposure is potentially material include:

- working with legislators and regulators to continue to deliver improvements and initiatives to support a trustworthy and reliable financial service to our valued customers;
- Cyber-criminal activity and its continued escalation including as a result of COVID-19; and
- evolving legislation and the advent of new and often unregulated online credit products and services.

In relation to COVID-19 impacts during the Reporting Period, the sustainability contribution of the second-hand goods retail offer continued to appeal to value and environmentally conscious customers and to date, has stood the Company in good stead throughout the pandemic.

The operational response to the COVID-19 pandemic continues to be effective. All the Group's locations have successfully maintained productivity while transitioning to a combination of work-from-home and store or office-based activity. Focus remained on customer service with emphasis on safe work practices. Customer service has been able to continue at a high standard using on-line service delivery to reduce the risk of contact during lock-down stage protocols. Commentary in the operating and financial review in the Directors' Report illustrates the financial impacts from lockdowns across the different state jurisdictions in which the Company operates.

There has been a marked increase in cyber-criminal activities globally over the last two years that impact all companies, large and small, but which also pose a greater risk to those companies with a large online customer base. Through our cyber security program, we continue to enhance the Company's cyber defences and have focused on educating team members on the dangers of cyber-crime activities.

The National Consumer Credit Protection Amendment (Supporting Economic Recovery) Bill 2020 lapsed when the last Federal election was called. While considered to have a low probability of progressing, the Bill

included proposed responsible lending changes for credit licence holders, operating under the regulated National Credit Act, particularly in relation to proposed Small Amount Credit Contract (SACC) lending rule changes. There remains significant uncertainty with respect to the timing of enacting any legislative change, as well as the final scope and form of any eventual change.

Cognisant of the potential risk to earnings, Cash Converters has already proactively responded to legislative recommendations, in advance of any legislative change and remains well equipped to deal with any outcome. New non-SACC product research and development has progressed well, with several new product releases planned for late calendar year 2022. Continuing to diversify loan books remains an ongoing priority, as does addressing increasing competition from lenders operating under National Credit Act exemptions. Some of these lenders do not provide consumers with many of the sensible safeguards that Cash Converters provides in relation to assessing consumer affordability, loan suitability and hardship protections. Cash Converters remains committed to continue offering all personal finance products under the National Consumer Credit Protection Act.

Outside of these areas of potentially material exposure, the Company is dedicated to managing social risks and maintaining and developing trust with its key stakeholders. The Company is working to mitigate and resolve many social risks that may impact stakeholders, such as by supporting its customers through the ongoing impacts of COVID-19, through managing its supply chain, and through adherence to its antimodern slavery and its anti-bribery and corruption principles and practices.

The Company's anti-modern slavery principles and practices are designed to reduce the risk of slavery within its supply chain or operations. The principles and practices are supported by a framework of policies that sit within the Risk and Compliance department. In line with the Commonwealth Modern Slavery Act 2018 recommendations, the Company has now published and submitted two Modern Slavery Statements approved by the Company's Board and is due to submit its third this year.

The Company's Modern Slavery Statement is available on its website.

The Company is also dedicated to mitigating the risk of bribery and corruption. The Company's Anti-Bribery and Corruption policy outlines its intent to not engage in bribery or corruption and to comply with all anti-bribery and corruption laws. The policy sets out the Company's expectations and standards of conduct of all employees with respect to bribes and corruption, gifts and entertainment, political donations and inadequate records.

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation 8.1 - Remuneration Committee

Under Recommendation 8.1, the board of a listed entity should have a remuneration committee that has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors, and the committee should be chaired by an independent director. Remuneration committee responsibilities are carried out by the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee, the membership details of which are provided under Recommendation 2.1 above.

This Committee met the minimum membership requirements of Recommendation 8.1 for the majority of the Reporting Period from 20 August 2021 to the end of the Reporting Period and continues to do so as at the date of this Statement. Currently, the meetings of this Committee are attended by all Board members.

The charter for the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee is available on the Company's website.

The role of this Committee in relation to remuneration responsibilities is described in the charter, and summarised as:

• providing advice in relation to remuneration packages of non-executive directors, senior executives (defined as the Managing Director, other executive key management personnel (KMP), other direct

- reports to the Managing Director), equity-based incentive plans and other employee benefit programs, in accordance with the relevant policies;
- developing and maintaining, for Board approval, the policies and other documents that guide and govern KMP remuneration decisions, practices and outcomes, referred to as a Remuneration Governance Framework;
- considering those aspects of the Company's remuneration practices, including securities-based remuneration, which may be subject to shareholder approval;
- determining and reviewing the nature of the Company's disclosure or communication of remuneration practices and policies;
- reviewing the Company's recruitment, retention and termination policies;
- reviewing the Company's superannuation arrangements;
- reviewing succession plans for the Board, the Managing Director and senior executives;
- ensuring the performance and competencies of the Managing Director, senior executives and members of the Board are reviewed at least annually; and
- reviewing the Company's diversity policy and monitoring diversity within the Company.

The experience and qualifications of each committee member are set out in the Directors' Profiles section of the 2022 Annual Report. Details of the number of meetings held during the Reporting Period are set out in the Directors' Report in the 2022 Annual Report.

Recommendation 8.2 - Remuneration of Non-Executive Directors

A listed entity should disclose separately its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

Details on the remuneration of directors and executives as well as the Company's remuneration framework and policies are set out in the Remuneration Report in the 2022 Annual Report.

Recommendation 8.3 - Hedging prohibition

The Company has an equity-based remuneration scheme for executive employees.

Consistent with Recommendation 8.3, the Company's Securities Trading Policy (a copy of which is published on the Company's website) prohibits directors and senior executives from entering transactions or arrangements which operate to limit the economic risk of their holdings of Company securities at any time during which those securities are subject to the hedging prohibitions specified in section 206J of the Corporations Act.