

# **ARUMA RESOURCES LIMITED**

(ABN 77 141 335 364)

Annual Report 30 June 2022

### **Contents**

^	$\sim$		
٠٠ ١	Ornorata	intorm	ation
3 (	Corporate		иноп

- 4 Chairman's letter to shareholders
- 6 Review of operations
- 22 Directors' report
- 32 Auditor's independence declaration
- 33 Consolidated statement of comprehensive income
- 34 Consolidated statement of financial position
- 35 Consolidated statement of cash flows
- 36 Consolidated statement of changes in equity
- Notes to the consolidated financial statements
- 71 Directors' declaration
- 72 Independent auditor's report
- 75 Shareholder information
- 77 Tenement listing

#### 3

# **Corporate information**

**Directors** 

Paul Boyatzis (Chairman)

Peter Schwann (Managing director)

James Moses

**Brett Smith** 

Company secretary

Phillip MacLeod

Registered office

Units 8-9, 88 Forrest Street

Cottesloe, Western Australia, 6011

Principal place of business

Level 1, 6 Thelma Street

West Perth, Western Australia, 6005

T: +61 8 6389 1799

F: +61 8 9226 3764

Postal address

PO Box 152.

West Perth, Western Australia 6872

www.arumaresources.com

**Share registry** 

Advanced Share Registry Services

110 Stirling Highway

Nedlands, Western Australia, 6009

T: +61 8 9389 8033

**Solicitors** 

Fairweather Corporate Lawyers

Unit 2, 589 Stirling Highway

Cottesloe, Western Australia, 6011

**Auditors** 

Elderton Audit Pty Ltd

Level 2, 267 St George's Terrace

Perth, Western Australia, 6000

Securities exchange listing

**ASX Limited** 

ASX Code: AAJ

### Letter from the Board to Shareholders

#### Dear Shareholder

Your company, Aruma Resources Ltd ("Aruma" or "The Company"), is an active gold and lithium focused exploration company with a portfolio of strategically located projects in the Pilbara and Goldfields regions of Western Australia.

Over the past twelve months, the Company has focused on advancing its field work programs and exploration planning across its project portfolio. This included targeted drilling and the strategic addition of a new gold exploration project.

On the corporate front, the Company is in a sound financial position. Two capital raisings were completed which raised a total of \$4.66 million (before issue costs), to fund the ongoing targeted exploration of its project portfolio. The Company thanks all investors who participated in these capital raisings.

Aruma also received \$550,000 in exploration credits under the federal government's Junior Minerals Exploration Incentive (JMEI) scheme and received a \$458,677 R&D tax refund for 2021-22 (before costs). An estimated R&D tax offset of approximately \$750,000 is expected for 2022-23.

At the project level, the Mt Deans Lithium Project and the Salmon Gums Gold Project were the core focuses during the year.

The Salmon Gums Gold Project covers two Exploration Licences over a total area of 222km<sup>2</sup>, south of the mining town of Norseman, in WA. It is interpreted to share the same stratigraphy and similar structures to Pantoro's (ASX: PNR) rapidly developing high-grade gold project to the north.

Aruma completed two drilling programs at Salmon Gums during the year, and returned bonanza grade gold intersections of up to; 5m @ 50.2g/t Au from 42m (in drillhole SGRC39) including 3m @ 83g/t Au from 42m and 1m @ 224g/t Au from 44m. Follow up exploration at the Project will be a priority in the year ahead.

Separately, a diamond drilling program was also completed at Salmon Gums to better understand the geology and mineralisation, and results are currently pending.

At Mt Deans, the first phase of drilling defined a thick vertical pegmatite in the eastern side of the Project area with moderate lithium grades and significant rubidium grades. This was followed up with a rock chip sampling program, which identified high lithium and rubidium grades at surface. Further drilling is planned at Mt Deans in calendar 2022.

Aruma also holds two strategically located gold projects in the Pilbara - the Melrose Project and Saltwater Project. Melrose is located adjacent to the 1M oz. Paulsens Gold Project, on the Nanjilgardy Fault which hosts over 5m oz. gold. A Program of Works for drilling at Melrose was approved during the year, and drilling is planned for calendar 2022.

At the Saltwater Project, 1,872m of RC drilling was completed during the year as a follow-up to a maiden drilling program completed the previous year. Low grade anomalism was intercepted, and new geophysics was conducted on two priority 'dome' areas.

### Letter from the Board to Shareholders

In the year ahead, the Company plans to continue with the targeted exploration of its projects, designed to deliver shareholder value.

Finally, on behalf of the board I would like to thank all staff, contractors, and consultants for their valuable contribution during the year and thank shareholders for their continued support. I will be stepping down this year and welcome the new board members to continue the development of Aruma's projects. I recommend all shareholders read this report to gain a further understanding of the Company's plans and projects.

Paul Boyatzis

Chairman

### **Exploration**

#### **Highlights**

- Mt Deans Lithium-Rubidium Project, Goldfields region of Western Australia
  - 1,156m RC drilling completed results confirm strike extent of at least 1,500m
    - 10m @ 0.62% Li<sub>2</sub>O and 0.57% Rb<sub>2</sub>O from 22m and
    - 7m @ 0.76% Li<sub>2</sub>O and 0.69% Rb<sub>2</sub>O from 31m and
- High-grade lithium and rubidium reported in rock chip sampling program including  $\text{Li}_2\text{O}$  to 1.96% and Rb<sub>2</sub>O to 1.42%
- Salmon Gums Gold Project, Goldfields region of Western Australia
  - o High-grade gold intersections reported high-grade mineralisation over 4.5km long trend
  - Highlight results included; 5m at 50.2g/t from 42m in Hole SGRC39
    - Including 3m at 83g/t from 42m
    - including 1m at 224g/t from 44m
    - 5 holes have returned intervals >2g/t
    - Drilling also intersected 5m at 4.2g/t Au in SGRC33
  - Two diamond holes completed results pending
- Melrose Gold Project, Pilbara region of Western Australia
  - Heritage survey completed
  - Plans for first phase of drilling confirmed
- Saltwater Gold Project, Pilbara region of Western Australia
  - Second phase of drilling completed 20 holes for 1,892m
  - Results confirm gold mineralisation on structures
- Carter Well Gold Project, Murchison region of Western Australia
  - Prospective Yaloginda sediment package added to project portfolio
  - o Potential new greenfields gold exploration opportunity
- Corporate
  - Placements raised a total of \$4.66m cash position of \$4.70m at year end
  - R&D Tax Refund of \$458,677 received

Aruma Resources Limited (ASX: AAJ) (**Aruma or the Company**) is pleased to provide the following report on its activities for the year ending 30 June 2022.

During the year, the Company continued to advance field work programs and exploration planning across its prospective portfolio of active exploration projects, including; the Salmon Gums Gold Project and the Mt Deans Lithium-Rubidium Project, both in the Eastern Goldfields of Western Australia, and the Saltwater Gold Project and Melrose Gold Project in the Pilbara region of WA. The Company reduced its land holding at the Saltwater Project and relinquished the Capital Project in NSW, whilst pegging new ground in the Murchison area at Carter Well.

Aruma's gold projects are all located in active gold mineralised belts proximal to significant gold discoveries, and exhibit characteristics of the Company's sediment-hosted gold exploration model. Aruma is of the view that its gold projects demonstrate the potential to host new, large high-grade gold discoveries.

See Figure 1 for Aruma's project location map and Table 1 for details of the Company's Licence holdings.

### **Projects' Overview**



Figure 1: Aruma projects location map

Tenement	Project	Status	Holders	Applied	Granted	Expiry	km²	Total km <sup>2</sup>
E 58/590	Carter Well	PENDING	AEPL	31/05/2022	Pending	Pending	294	294
E 08/3183	Melrose	LIVE	AEPL	20/04/2020	28/05/2021	27/05/2026	23	
E 08/3184	Melrose	LIVE	AEPL	20/04/2020	28/05/2021	27/05/2026	14	
E 08/3188	Melrose	LIVE	AEPL	21/04/2020	28/05/2021	27/05/2026	40	
E 08/3210	Melrose	LIVE	AEPL	27/05/2020	28/05/2021	27/05/2026	29	
E 08/3219	Melrose	LIVE	AEPL	4/06/2020	28/05/2021	27/05/2026	60	
E 08/3244	Melrose	LIVE	AEPL	10/08/2020	28/05/2021	27/05/2026	11	
E 08/3280	Melrose	LIVE	AEPL	20/10/2020	25/11/2021	24/11/2026	60	
E 08/3351	Melrose	LIVE	AEPL	15/04/2021	15/02/2022	14/02/2027	3	
E 47/4362	Melrose	LIVE	AEPL	21/04/2020	27/05/2021	26/05/2026	14	
E 47/4414	Melrose	LIVE	AEPL	22/07/2020	27/05/2021	26/05/2026	6	
E 47/4529	Melrose	LIVE	AEPL	30/03/2021	17/02/2022	16/02/2027	20	
P 47/1985	Melrose	LIVE	AEPL	28/05/2021	23/05/2022	22/05/2026	1	
E 08/3334	Melrose	PENDING	AEPL	19/02/2021	Pending	Pending	97	
E 08/3499	Melrose	PENDING	AEPL	20/06/2022	Pending	Pending	20	398
P 63/2063	Mt Deans	LIVE	AEPL	23/06/2016	5/09/2019	4/09/2023	1	1.44
E 63/2037	Salmon Gums	LIVE	AEPL	21/05/2020	20/04/2021	19/04/2026	202	
E 63/2122	Salmon Gums	LIVE	AEPL	18/06/2021	20/08/2021	19/08/2026	20	222
E 52/3818	Saltwater	LIVE	AEPL	17/04/2020	1/07/2020	30/06/2025	154	
E 52/3846	Saltwater	LIVE	AEPL	1/07/2020	1/09/2020	31/08/2025	87	
E 52/3857	Saltwater	LIVE	AEPL	14/08/2020	14/10/2020	13/10/2025	50	
E 52/3966	Saltwater	LIVE	AEPL	11/06/2021	20/08/2021	19/08/2026	106	398

**Table 1:** Aruma's lease details (shaded areas are in the pending).

#### Mt Deans Lithium Project, Norseman WA

The Mt Deans Project is situated in the Mt Deans pegmatite field, within the Eastern Goldfields Terrane of the Yilgarn Craton, approximately 170 kilometres south of the major regional centre of Kalgoorlie, and approximately 10 kilometres south of the mining town of Norseman (Figure 2).

The Project sits within the lithium corridor in south-east WA, which hosts multiple significant hard-rock lithium projects. It is interpreted to sit within the same host rocks and structures as the significant nearby Mt Marion, Bald Hill and Buldania Lithium Projects.

Aruma has confirmed the Project as being highly prospective for lithium minerals, as well as rubidium, tin, tantalum and rare earth element (REE) minerals. Previous exploration identified swarm pegmatites over a strike length of 1,500m, and high-grade rock chip samples have previously been reported from the Project area (ASX announcement, 24 March 2021).

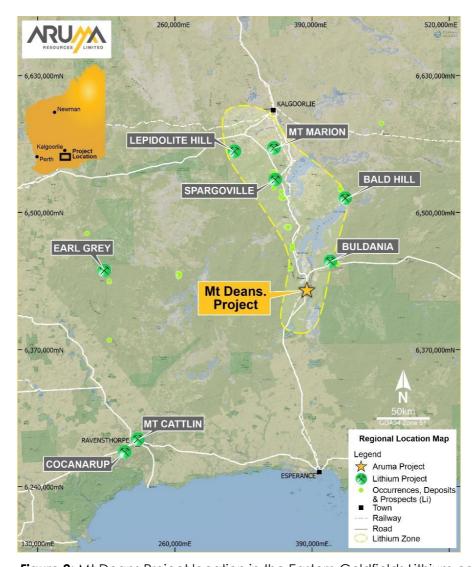


Figure 2: Mt Deans Project location in the Eastern Goldfields Lithium corridor

The first phase of the Company's maiden drilling program at the Mt Deans Project was completed in February 2022. A total of 1,156 metres of reverse circulation (RC) drilling in eight holes across a single traverse in the middle of the Project area was completed (Figures 3 and 4). Drilling defined a thick vertical pegmatite, with pegmatite intersected in every hole

This drilling delivered encouraging results including high-grade rubidium. Lithium grades of up to 1.14% Li2O (lithium oxide) were intersected within a wide zone of lithium, all within a near-surface 25 metre thick, vertical body of solid pegmatite, from a depth of just 17 metres. Results included;

1m @ 1.14% Li2O at 36m in hole MDRC6 within a wider zone of

- 10m @ 0.62% Li2O and 0.57% Rb2O from 22m and
- 7m @ 0.76% Li2O and 0.69% Rb2O from 31m and
- 3m @ 0.96% Li2O and 0.83% Rb2O from 34m

The program returned more than a dozen intersections grading higher than 0.5% Li2O, and also returned high-grade rubidium, grading up to 1.05% Rb2O (Rubidium Oxide), with elevated tin, tantalum and cesium.

The rubidium results from the drilling exhibit a strong relationship with the lithium assay results (as well as the rare earth elements) and may have has the potential to add significant value to the Project.

Rubidium is a high-value technology mineral typically found in hard rock pegmatites. It has multiple uses and applications, including in solar panels, fibre optic cables, GPS systems and night vision equipment, as well as sodium-ion batteries.

Table 2: Drill hole	details of Mt	Deans drilling	program

Hole_ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Depth	Drill	Dip	Azi.
MDRC01	385,487	6,427,088	404	156	RC	-90	1
MDRC02	385,401	6,427,083	385	156	RC	-90	-
MDRC03	385,330	6,427,101	380	108	RC	-90	-
MDRC04	385,522	6,427,091	384	143	RC	-90	-
MDRC05	385,554	6,427,099	384	150	RC	-90	-
MDRC06	385,588	6,427,117	390	150	RC	-60	270
MDRC07	385,640	6,427,102	403	150	RC	-60	270
MDRC08	385,600	6,427,113	395	143	RC	-90	-
	GRID	GDA94 Z51		•			

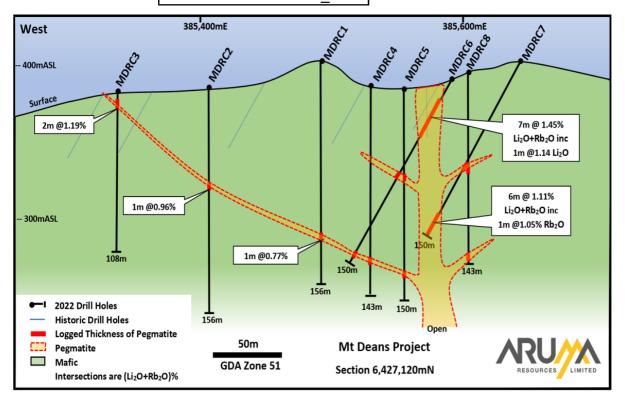
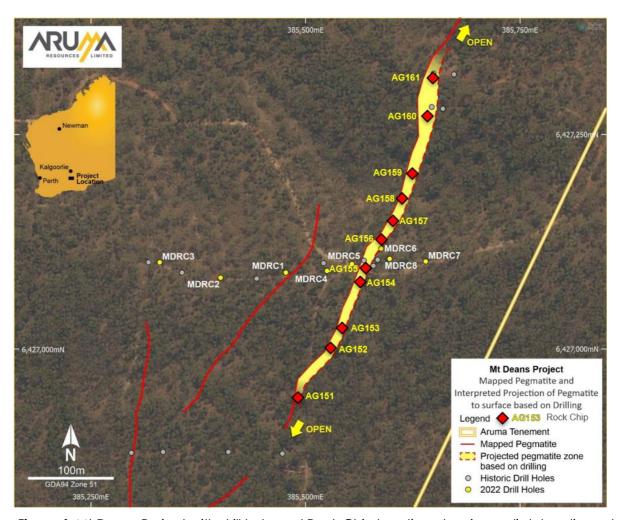


Figure 3: Mt Deans Cross Section interpreted pegmatite with Li<sub>2</sub>O and Rb<sub>2</sub>O results



**Figure 4:** Mt Deans Project with drill hole and Rock Chip location plan, immediately adjacent to the Esperance Highway and rail link

Subsequent to the drilling at Mt Deans, the Company also completed a rock chip sampling program along the strike of the main pegmatite at Mt Deans. The results delivered high-grade lithium and rubidium grades, including lithium of up to 1.96%  $\text{Li}_2\text{O}$  (lithium oxide) and rubidium of up to 1.42%  $\text{Rb}_2\text{O}$  (rubidium oxide), plus cesium values up to 1,550ppm (ASX announcement, 30 May 2022).

A total of 11 rock chip samples along a 500m strike were taken in the program. It was designed to test for strike extensions to the interpreted pegmatite zone at Mt Deans, which has a strike length of at least 1,500m, and help refine targets for the second phase of the maiden drilling program.

The sampling results indicated a strong positive relationship with the lithium and rubidium drilling results at Mt Deans.

### Salmon Gums Gold Project

The Salmon Gums Project (EL63/2037, EL63/2122) covers a total area of 222km², and is located 200km south of Kalgoorlie, and 60km south of the mining town of Norseman. The Project is situated 30km south and directly along strike in the same stratigraphy as Pantoro Limited's (ASX: PNR) rapidly expanding high grade Scotia Gold Project.

Aruma completed a highly successful maiden drilling program at Salmon Gums during the year, which intersected bonanza gold grades and resulted in a new high-grade gold discovery at the Project.

Highlight results included;

- 5m @ 50.2g/t Au from 42m in hole SGRC39 including
- 3m @ 83g/t Au from 42m and
- 1m @ 224g/t Au from 44m
- 4m @ 4.26g/t Au from 105m (EOH) in hole SCRC33 including
- 1m @ 13.35g/t Au from 108m

A total of 72 wide-spaced RC holes were completed across an interpreted strike length of 20 kilometres in the Company's maiden drilling program at Salmon Gums. This was carried out in two phases of drilling; an initial 2,298m in 33 holes and a follow-up phase of 3,945 metres in 39 holes (Figures 5, 6 and 7, Tables 3 and 4).

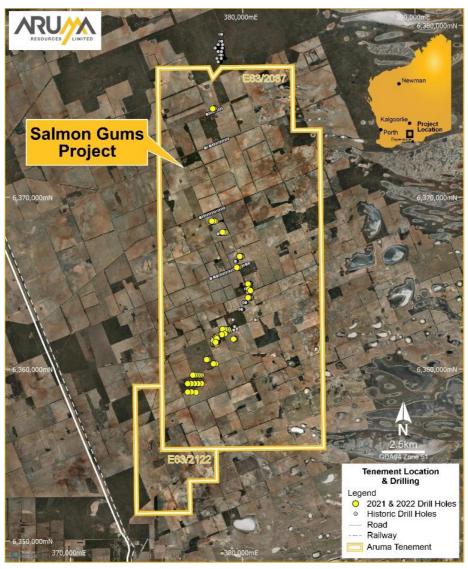
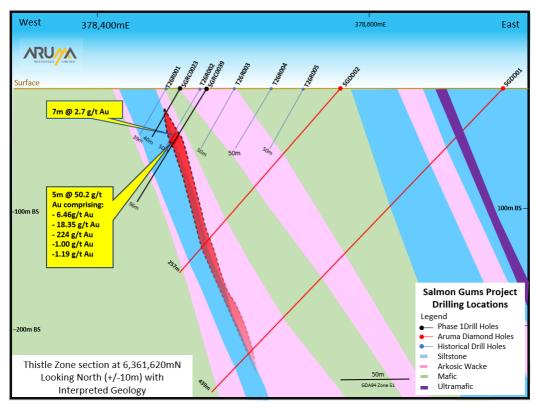


Figure 5: Aruma's wide spaced drilling at Salmon Gums



**Figure 6:** Cross section of bonanza grade intersection on Thistle line (at 6,361,600mN) showing stratigraphy and granite which diamond drilling has now shown to be felsic sediments

**Table 3** Details of assay results >1.0g/t Au.

HoleID	Easting	Northing	RL	Dip°	Az°.	From	То	ЕОН	Rock	Pyrite	Notes	Au g/t
SGRC 33	378529	6361593	250	-60	270	105	106	109	Quartz	Py Po		2.88
SGRC 33	378529	6361593	250	-60	270	106	107	109	Quartz	Py Po		0.65
SGRC 33	378529	6361593	250	-60	270	107	108	109	Quartz	Py Po		0.14
SGRC 33	378529	6361593	250	-60	270	108	109	109	Quartz	Py Po		13.35
SGRC 39	378529	6361593	318	-60	270	41	42	96	Arkose-QV	Ру	Qz vein	0.56
SGRC 39	378529	6361593	318	-60	270	42	43	96	Arkose-QV	Ру	Qz vein	6.46
SGRC 39	378529	6361593	318	-60	270	43	44	96	Mafic-QV	Ру	Qz vein	18.35
SGRC 39	378529	6361593	318	-60	270	44	45	96	Mafic	Ру	Qz vein	224
SGRC 39	378529	6361593	318	-60	270	45	46	96	Mafic	Ру	Qz vein	1.005
SGRC 39	378529	6361593	318	-60	270	46	47	96	Mafic	Ру	Carb vein	1.195
SGRC 39	378529	6361593	318	-60	270	47	48	96	Mafic	Ру	Carb vein	0.15
SGRC 50	380378	6364950	293	-60	270	33	34	100	Mafic			4.3
SGRC 50	380378	6364950	293	-60	270	34	35	100	Mafic			2.65

<b>Table 4</b> Details of Interse	ctions with results :	>1.0g/t Au.	Grid is GDA94.
-----------------------------------	-----------------------	-------------	----------------

HoleID	Easting	Northing	RL	Dip°	Az°.	From	То	ЕОН	Zone	FeS	Interval	Au g/t
SGRC 33	378529	6361593	250	-60	270	108	109	109	Thistle	Py Po	4	4.46
SGRC 34	378780	6362002	250	-60	270	78	79	100	Thistle	Ру	1	1.42
SGRC 39	378529	6361593	318	-60	270	44	45	96	Thistle	Ру	5	50.2
SGRC 44	379150	6362300	261	-60	270	32	33	100	Iris		2	2.54
SGRC 50	380378	6364950	293	-60	270	33	34	100	Granite East		1	2.48
SGRC 52	379652	6365904	295	-60	270	52	53	108	Fault	Ру	1	4.3
SGRC 66	380401	6364160	277	-60	270	52	53	100	Granite East	Ру	1	4.11

Drilling indicated that the Thistle Trend is over 500m long and open at both ends and at depth. A two hole, 701m diamond drilling program was undertaken in June, which has redefined the geology of the Project. Initial logging did not identify granite in the core, but a coarse felspathic sandstone or arkose, which is part of the target sedimentary package continuing from the Scotia-Panda area to the north, was evident. The holes have been logged, and assay results will be released when available.

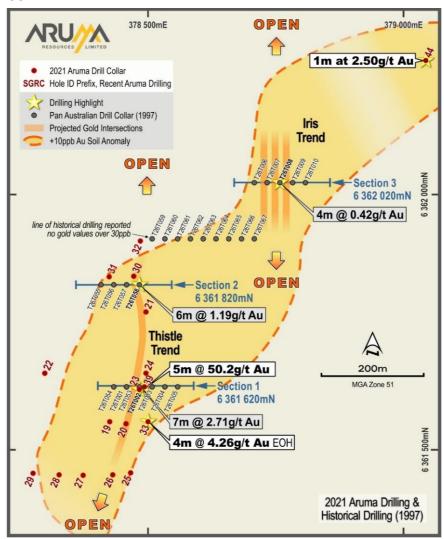


Figure 7: The Iris and Thistle Trends at Salmon Gums with drill holes and geochemistry

### **Pilbara Projects**

Aruma has two gold exploration projects in the Pilbara region of WA, the Melrose Project and the Saltwater Project (Figure 8).

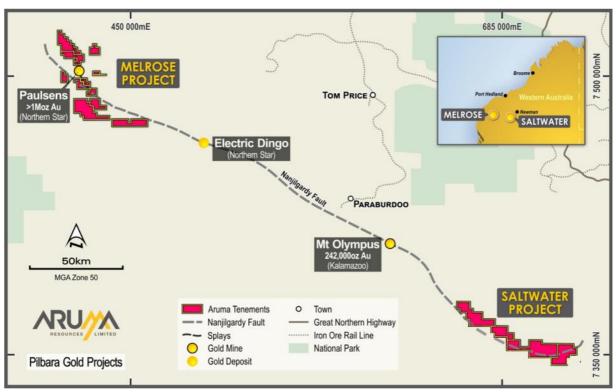


Figure 8: Aruma's Pilbara Gold Projects

### **Melrose Gold Project**

The Melrose Project is located north-west of the Saltwater Project and is situated immediately adjacent to Northern Star Resources' (ASX: NST) Paulsens Project (Figure 9).

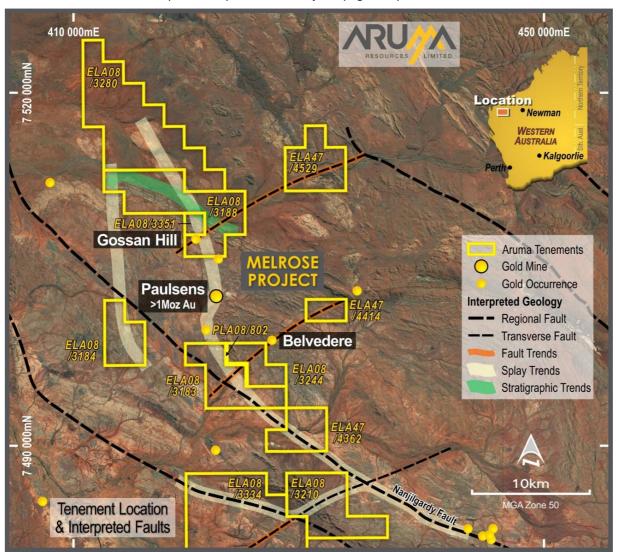
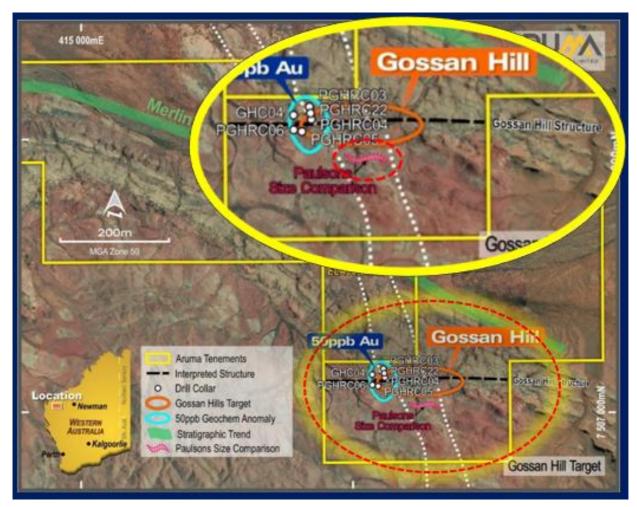


Figure 9: Melrose Gums Gold Project showing the multiple targets

A PoW for a first phase of drilling is in place at Melrose, and a Heritage Agreement with the PKKP Native Title Aboriginal Corporation for the Project has been executed. The heritage survey of the Gossan Hill area was also completed.

The first phase of drilling at Melrose is proposed to be a 3,000m RC program at the priority Gossan Hill target (Figure 10). Drilling is planned to consist of five lines of six holes. Drilling is planned to commence Q3, calendar 2022.



**Figure 10:** Melrose Gold Project area showing the Gossan Hill Target which will be subject of the first phase of drilling.

Historic drill results have demonstrated the untested potential of the Gossan Hill target and are listed below in Table 5. All the drill holes listed are from open file data and were previously reported in ASX announcement of 28 July, 2020.

**Table 5** - The thick and highly anomalous holes from historic drilling

Drillhole	Easting	Northing	Depth	length of	Avg. >0.1	>1g/t	Depth	length of
Number	GDA 94	GDA 94	from (m)	zone (m)	Au g/t	Au g/t	from (m)	zone (m)
GHC0004*	420350	7507700	8	11	0.42	2.74	14	1
GHC0005*	420460	7507490	0	29	0.14			
GHC0006*	420354	7507513	63	18	0.26	1.44	63	1
PGHRC03#	420556.9	7507808	7	4	0.10			
PGHRC04#	420582	7507649	49	14	0.25			
PGHRC22#	420571.5	7507727	0	27	0.30			

<sup>\*</sup> from Wamex report A71564

<sup>#</sup> from Wamex report A96294

### Saltwater Gold Project, Pilbara, Western Australia

The Saltwater Gold Project consists of four granted Exploration Licences (EL52/3818, EL52/3846, and EL52/3857) for a total area of 398km<sup>2</sup>. The Project is located approximately 100kms south-west of the regional mining centre of Newman.

The Project area is interpreted to cover a strike extent of more than 65km of the highly significant Nanjilgardy fault, the same regional structure reported as hosting the primary source of gold mineralisation at Northern Star Resources' (ASX: NST) Paulsens Gold Mine and the Mt Olympus Gold Mine in the region.

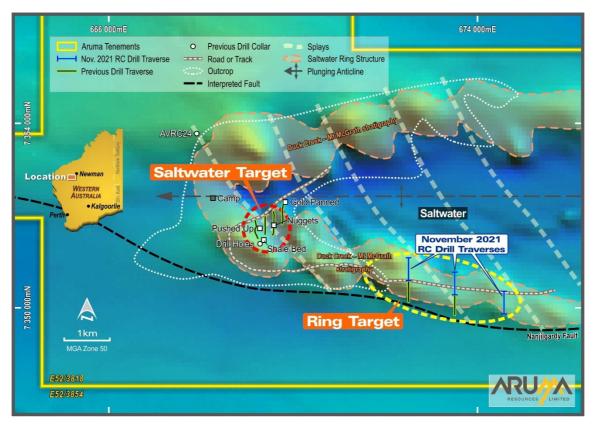
The Company's initial exploration focus at Saltwater has been the Saltwater Ring Structure, a large 60km<sup>2</sup> magnetic ring structure that sits within E52/3818. This area was the target of the Company's maiden drilling program at Saltwater, which comprised 40 reverse circulation (RC) holes for a total of 4,518m, and resulted in the discovery of a potential new gold camp (ASX announcement, 17 February 2021).

A second phase of drilling comprising 1,872m of RC drilling in a total of 20 holes was subsequently completed, and results were reported in February 2022 (Table 6 and Figure 11). The second phase of drilling confirmed that the ring structures are highly anomalous in gold, with 17 out of 60 holes returning intersections >0.1g/t Au.

**Table 6:** Drillhole results for assays Grid is GDA94-50

Hole ID	Easting	Northing	Hole Depth	Dip Azimuth	From m down hole	Thickness m down hole	Grade g/t Au	Comment
SWRC042	377204	6359652	99	-60°/360°	6	7	0.20	Max Value 0.5g/t Au
SWRC043	377300	6359655	99	-60°/360°	12	2	0.25	
					21	1	0.18	
					28	1	0.11	
SWRC056	377582	6359649	99	-60°/360°	62	2	0.18	
SWRC058	376801	6359149	99	-60°/360°	26	1	0.13	
SWRC060	377000	6359150	99	-60°/360°	10	1	0.1	

During the June quarter, following a reappraisal of the project, 5 tenements were surrendered which will allow the Company to focus its exploration on the identified dome structures within the remaining tenements.



**Figure 11:** The Saltwater Project showing second phase drilling in the Saltwater Dome.

### Carter Well Gold Project

Aruma expanded its portfolio of gold exploration assets via the pegging of the Carter Well Gold Project (Exploration Licence Application E58/590) in the Murchison region in Western Australia.

It is located 75km east of Mt Magnet, and north of the Windimurra Intrusive Complex, and covers an area 294km<sup>2</sup> and represents a potential new Greenfields gold opportunity.

The Project is interpreted to exhibit characteristics consistent with Aruma's sediment-hosted gold model. It was initially targeted because of the presence of east-west Proterozoic dolerite dykes, and the well-known relationship to gold mineralisation in reactive sediments near these cross-cutting dykes.

The dykes may follow old major crustal sutures (or fluid pathways) that carry the mineralised fluids from high-temperature leaching zones to deposit metals in reactive porous sediments, for Carlin Style deposits - specifically high-grade quartz veins with coarse gold, and lower grade larger stratabound lodes with very fine gold.

### Capital Gold Project, NSW

The Capital Project consisted of three Exploration Licences (EL9022, EL9023 and EL9027) totalling 372km<sup>2</sup> within the Lachlan Fold Belt in New South Wales, near the historic Bywong gold mines. No work was done on the Project in the period, and the project was relinquished due to Covid Restrictions and the style and limited size of the targets in freehold land in NSW.

### **Capital Raisings**

During the year, Aruma completed two successful capital raisings which raised a total of \$4.66 million (before issue costs), as outlined following;

The Company raised \$1.56 million (before issue costs) via the issue of 20.0 million Shares in a placement to sophisticated and professional investors pursuant to section 708 of the Corporations Act 2001 (ASX announcement, 6 September 2021).

Aruma also raised \$3.1 million (before issue costs) via the issue of 31.0 million Shares in a placement to sophisticated and professional investors (ASX announcement, 15 February 2022).

### **Junior Minerals Exploration Incentive scheme**

Aruma received \$550,000 of exploration credits under the federal government's Junior Minerals Exploration Incentive (JMEI) scheme. This will apply to investors in the recent successful \$1.56m Placement, announced on the 6th of September.

#### PROJECTS SUMMARY

**Table 8:** Gold Project Status and Activity Table

Region	Location	Project	Status
			Drilled and rock chipped awaiting
WA EASTERN	Norseman	Mt Deans Lithium	drilling
GOLDFIELDS	Projects	Salmon Gums gold	Drilled and high grade results
WA	Nanjilgardy	Melrose Gold	Drilling after Heritage survey
PILBARA	Nanjilgardy	Saltwater Gold	50% of tenements relinquished
WA Murchison	Windsor	Carter Well	Pegged
FOLD BELT	Fault		

### **Competent Person's Statement**

The information in this release that relates to Exploration Results, Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves is based on information compiled by Peter Schwann who is a Fellow of the AIG. Mr Schwann is Managing Director and a full time employee of the Company. Mr Schwann has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserve'. Mr Schwann consents to the inclusion in the release of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears. All exploration results reported have previously been released to ASX and are available to be viewed on the Company website <a href="www.arumaresurces.com.au">www.arumaresurces.com.au</a>. The Company confirms it is not aware of any new information that materially affects the information included in the original announcements. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original announcements

#### **Forward Looking Statement**

Certain statements contained in this document constitute forward looking statements. Such forwardlooking statements are based on a number of estimates and assumptions made by the Company and its consultants in light of experience, current conditions and expectations of future developments which the Company believes are appropriate in the current circumstances. These estimates and assumptions while considered reasonable by the Company are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, achievements and performance of the Company to be materially different from the future results and achievements expressed or implied by such forwardlooking statements. Forward looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements preceded by words such as "planned", "expected", "projected", "estimated", "may", "scheduled", "intends", "anticipates", "believes", "potential", "could", "nominal", "conceptual" and similar expressions. There can be no assurance that Aruma plans to develop exploration projects that will proceed with the current expectations. There can be no assurance that Aruma will be able to conform the presence of Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves, that any mineralisation will prove to be economic and will be successfully developed on any of Aruma's mineral properties. Investors are cautioned that forward looking information is no guarantee of future performance and accordingly, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

### Corporate

The Group incurred an after-tax loss for the year of \$3,241,683 (2021: \$1,596,439). The Group had a cash balance at 30 June 2022 of \$4,701,408 (2021: \$2,692,048).

Aruma received an R&D tax incentive offset of \$458,677 (2021: \$162,038) before costs during the year.

On 13 September 2021 the Company completed the placement of 20 million shares to sophisticated and professional investors at 7.80 cents per share to raise \$1,560,000 before issue costs. The proceeds from the placement have been used to help fund drilling and exploration at the Mt Deans lithium project, Salmon Gums and Melrose gold projects as well as working capital and the costs of the issue.

On 29 December 2021, following shareholder approval, the Company issued 7 million options to directors. The options are unlisted and vest immediately upon issue. The options have an exercise price of 10.80 cents and expire on 29 November 2024.

On the same date, following shareholder approval, the Company issued 1 million Performance Rights to Peter Schwann, Managing Director as part of his executive service agreement. The rights vesting condition was the attainment by the Company of a market capitalisation of \$50 million. The rights expired on 30 June 2022.

The Company held its annual general meeting on 30 November 2021 at Unit 8-9, 88 Forrest Street, Cottesloe Western Australia, and all resolutions were passed by poll.

On 23 February 2022 the Company completed the placement of 31,000,000 shares to sophisticated and professional investors at 10 cents per share to raise \$3,100,000 before issue costs. The proceeds from the placement have been used to help fund drilling and exploration at the Mt Deans lithium project and the Salmon Gums and Melrose gold projects as well as general working capital and the costs of the issue.

Your directors present their report together with the financial statements of the Group consisting of Aruma Resources Limited ("the Company") and the entities it controlled (together the "Group") for the financial year ended 30 June 2022. In order to comply with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, the Directors report as follows:

#### 1. INFORMATION ABOUT THE OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY

The names and particulars of the officers of the Company during or since the end of the year are:

#### Mr. Paul Boyatzis

B Bus, ASA, MSDIA, MAICD - Chairman

Appointed 5th January 2010

Mr Boyatzis has over 30 years' experience in the commercial, investment and equity markets, and has assisted many emerging growth companies within the resources and financial services sectors. He has served as Chairman and Director of a number of public and private companies.

During the past three years Mr Boyatzis has served as a Non-executive Director of Transaction Solutions International Limited (February 2010 – June 2017), VRX Silica Limited (September 2010 – present) and Nexus Minerals Limited (October 2006 – present).

#### Mr. Peter Schwann

Ass.App. Geology, FAIG, MSEG - Managing Director

Appointed 11th February 2010

Mr Schwann is a highly experienced internationally recognised geologist and mining executive with broad experience across multiple commodities with extensive geological capability as well as significant operational management.

During the past three years Mr Schwann has served as a Non-executive Director of Westgold Resources Limited (February 2017 – 26 July 2022).

#### Mr. James Moses

Non-executive Director

Appointed 1st August 2022

Mr Moses has an extensive background in investment markets in a career spanning 31 years. He is the founder and Managing Director of a leading Australian bespoke investor relations and corporate communications practice for public companies.

Prior to this, he was Investor Relations Manager for a major national public relations firm. He also previously worked as a business and finance journalist.

His career began in the investment markets, where he held multiple business development roles with leading global fund managers over a period of 15 years and was also a private client adviser for a high net worth investment advisory firm.

Mr Moses is currently a Non-executive Director of Power Minerals Limited. During the last 3 years James has not served as a director of any other listed company.

#### Mr. Brett Smith

BSc (Hons), FAIG, MAICD - Non-executive Director

Appointed 1st August 2022

Mr Smith is a geologist with more than 30 years' experience in the mining and exploration industries, where he has held numerous senior executive and management positions, and consulting roles.

He has extensive, specific expertise in exploration and resource definition and has overseen resource projects across a diverse range of commodities in Australia and international jurisdictions.

He has a BSc (Honours) in Geology from the James Cook University of North Queensland and is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and a Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Mr Smith is currently Managing Director of nickel-focused exploration and development company Corozon Mining Limited (ASX: CZN) and a Non-executive Director of diversified exploration company TG Metals Limited (ASX: TG6).

#### Dr. Mark Elliott

Dip App Geol, PhD FAICD, FAusIMM (CPGeo), FAIG - Director

Appointed 1st July 2017 Retired 1st August 2022

Dr Elliott is a chartered practising geologist with over 40 years of expertise in multiple mineral commodities and energy sectors. Dr Elliott has a proven track record in corporate management and growing successful businesses in the resource sector.

During the last 3 years Dr Elliott has served as a Non-executive Director of Nexus Minerals Limited (6 October 2006 – present); Astron Corporation Limited (18 January 2021 – present); Mako Gold Limited (14 March 2017 – 2 October 2020); and Chairman of AuKing Mining Limited (5 June 2021 – present).

#### Mr. Phillip MacLeod

B Bus, FGIA, MAICD – Company secretary

Appointed 5th January 2010

Mr MacLeod has over 30 years' commercial experience and has held the position of company secretary with listed public companies since 1995. Mr MacLeod has provided corporate, management and accounting advice to public and private companies involved in the resource, technology, property and healthcare industries.

#### 2. FINANCIAL AND OPERATING REVIEW

The Group made an after-tax loss for the year of \$3,241,683 (2021: \$1,596,439). The Group had cash and term deposit balances at 30 June of \$4,701,408 (2021: \$2,692,048).

Aruma received an R&D tax incentive offset of \$458,677 (2021: \$162,038) before costs during the year.

On 13 September 2021 the Company completed the placement of 20 million shares to sophisticated and professional investors at 7.80 cents per share to raise \$1,560,000 before issue costs. The proceeds from the placement have been used to help fund drilling and exploration at the Mt Deans lithium project, Salmon Gums and Melrose gold projects as well as working capital and the costs of the issue.

On 29 December 2021, following shareholder approval, the Company issued 7 million options to directors. The options are unlisted and vest immediately upon issue. The options have an exercise price of 10.80 cents and expire on 29 November 2024.

On the same date, following shareholder approval, the Company issued 1 million Performance Rights to Pete Schwann, Managing Director as part of his executive service agreement. The rights vest on the attainment by the Company of a market capitalisation of \$50 million and expire on 30 June 2022.

On 23 February 2022 the Company completed the placement of 31,000,000 shares to sophisticated and professional investors at 10 cents per share to raise \$3,100,000 before issue costs. The proceeds from the placement have been used to help fund drilling and exploration at the Mt Deans lithium project and the Salmon Gums and Melrose gold projects as well as general working capital and the costs of the issue.

The Company held its annual general meeting on 30 November 2021 at Unit 8-9, 88 Forrest Street, Cottesloe Western Australia, and all resolutions were passed by poll.

#### **Junior Minerals Exploration Incentive scheme**

Aruma received \$550,000 of exploration credits under the federal government's Junior Minerals Exploration Incentive (JMEI) scheme. This will apply to investors in the \$1.56m Placement, announced on the 6th of September 2021.

#### Staffing

Aruma expanded its geological team with the appointment of Ms Grace Jaravani as Exploration Geologist. Grace has gold and iron ore experience and as part of her responsibilities will be undertaking a research project on the Salmon Gums Gold Project.

A review of operations is on pages 5 to 20.

#### 3. DIRECTOR'S MEETINGS

The number of directors' meetings held, and the number of meetings attended by each of the directors of the Company during their term in office during the period is as follows.

Director	Meetings Held	Meetings Attended
Paul Boyatzis	4	4
Peter Schwann	4	4
Mark Elliott	4	4

The Company does not have any committees. Matters usually considered by an audit, remuneration or nomination committee were dealt with by the directors during regular Board meetings

### 4. REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

### 4.1 Principles of compensation

Remuneration is referred to as compensation throughout this report.

Key management personnel have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, including the directors of the Company and other executives. Key management personnel comprise the directors of the Company and other executives.

Remuneration levels for key management personnel and other staff of the Company are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors and executives and take account of factors such as length of service, particular experience, and expertise. The non-executive director receives a fixed fee of \$36,000 per annum. The Chairman receives a fixed fee of \$72,000 per annum plus superannuation or GST as applicable. Currently key management personnel remuneration is not dependent on the satisfaction of any performance condition.

The Company does not have a policy for key management personnel on hedging their equity positions against future losses.

26 Aruma Resources Limited Annual Report 2022

# Directors' report

- 4. REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)
- 4.2 Remuneration of directors and senior management (audited)

Key management personnel remuneration for the years ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

			Sho	ort-term		Post- employment			Share-based Payments			
	Year	Salary & Fees \$	Cash Bonus \$	Non- monetary Benefits \$	Total \$	Superannuati on Benefits \$	Other long term \$	Termination Benefit \$	Options \$	Total \$	Proportion of remuneration performance related %	Value of options as proportion of remuneration
Non-Executive Directors												
Mr P Boyatzis	2022	72,000	-	-	72,000	-	-	-	144,577	216,577	-	66.76%
Will Boyalzis	2021	71,000	-	-	71,000	-	-	-	86,697	157,697	-	54.98%
Dr Mark Elliott	2022	36,000	-	-	36,000	-	-	-	72,289	108,289	-	66.76%
	2021	35,500	-	-	35,500	-	-	-	43,349	78,849	-	54.98%
Executive Director												
Mr P Schwann	2022	250,000	-	-	250,000	25,000	-	-	289,154	564,154	-	51.25%
MI F SCHWOITI	2021	245,833	-	-	245,833	23,354	-	-	121,376	390,563	-	31.08%
Total	2022	358,000	-	-	358,000	25,000	-	-	506,020	889,020	-	56.92%
Total	2021	352,333	-	-	352,333	23,354	-	-	251,422	627,109	-	40.09%

#### 4. REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

### 4.3 Share-based payments granted as compensation for the current year

#### **Options**

During the year there were 7,000,000 (2021: 1,933,335) options over unissued shares granted to key management personnel (KMP) as part of their remuneration.

The options have an exercise price of 10.8 cents and an expiry date of 29 November 2024. The expense recognised during the year was \$506,020 (2021: \$251,422).

No options granted to KMP were exercised during the year. No options granted to KMP lapsed unexercised during the year. There were no alterations to the terms and conditions of options granted as remuneration since their grant date.

Values of options over ordinary shares granted, exercised and lapsed for directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation during the year ended 30 June 2022 are set out below:

Director	Value of options granted during the year \$	Value of options exercised during the year \$	Value of options lapsed during the year \$
P Boyatzis	144,577	-	-
P Schwann	289,154	-	-
J Moses	-	-	-
B Smith	-	-	
Dr. M Elliott	72,289	-	-

The inputs to the valuation of options granted during the year were:

Dividend yield	0%
Expected volatility	224%
Risk-free interest rate	0.87%
Expected life of option	3 years
Exercise price	10.80 cents
Grant date share price	7.70 cents

The valuation of options granted was determined using the Black-Scholes model. The expected life of the options is based on historical data and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome. No other features of options granted were incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

#### Performance rights

1,000,000 performance rights ("rights") were issued to Managing Director, Peter Schwann as part of his executive service agreement following shareholder approval at the Annual General Meeting held on 30 November 2021.

#### 4. REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The rights vesting condition was the attainment by the Company of a market capitalisation of \$50 million for a continuous period of 20 trading days or more on which the shares have traded prior to 30 June 2022.. The fair value on grant was \$400. The rights were valued using a binomial tree option calculator.

The inputs to the valuation of performance rights granted during the year were:

Dividend yield 0%

Expected volatility 97%

Risk-free interest rate 0.53%

Expected life of option 213 days

Exercise price 40 cents

Grant date share price 7.7 cents

The rights expired on 30 June 2022 without the vesting conditions being met.

#### 4.4 Service agreement

Managing Director, Mr Schwann's remuneration commencing 1 July 2022 consists of \$300,000 per annum base salary plus statutory superannuation and provision of a laptop computer and mobile phone.

Mr Schwann is engaged with a one-month notice period for cessation to be given in writing by either party.

The Company has no other service agreements with any other key management personnel.

#### **END OF REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)**

### 5. SHARE OPTIONS

#### Unissued shares under option

There are 28,511,109 options (2021 21,511,109) over unissued shares in Aruma.

#### Share options lapsed

No options lapsed unexercised the year (2021: 533,333).

#### Share options issued

There were 7,000,000 options over unissued shares in Aruma issued during the year as share-based compensation to directors (2021: 1,933,335).

#### Shares issued on exercise of options

There were no ordinary shares issued as a result of the exercise of options during the year.

#### Share options lapsed

No options to KMP lapsed unexercised during the year (2021: 533,333).

#### 6. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Group during the year was mineral exploration in Australia.

#### 7. REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The Group made a loss after tax for the year of \$3,241,683 (2021: \$1,596,439). The Group had cash and cash equivalent balances at 30 June 2022 of \$4,701,408, an increase of \$2,009,360 on the prior year.

Information on the operations of the Group and its business strategies are set out on pages 6 to 21 of the annual report.

#### 8. DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid or declared by the Company during the year or since the end of the year.

#### 9. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

On 1 August 2022 Mark Elliott retired as a director of the Company. On the same date the Company appointed James Moses and Brett Smith as non-executive directors. The Company also announced Non-executive Chairman, Paul Boyatzis will retire from his position at the Company's Annual General Meeting, after which James Moses will assume the role of Non-executive Chairman.

On 31 July 2022 19,444,472 unlisted options with an exercise price of \$0.15 lapsed unexercised.

The impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is ongoing and whilst it has had no financial impact for the Group to 30 June 2022, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation is rapidly developing and is dependent on measures imposed by the Australian government and other countries, such as maintaining social distancing requirements, quarantine, travel restrictions and any economic stimulus that may be provided.

Other than the above no matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2022 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

#### **10. LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS**

The Group will continue planning and executing mineral exploration work on its existing projects as well as any new projects or investments, which come under review during the financial year.

#### 11. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The relevant interest of each director in the shares and options of the Company as notified by the directors to the Australian Securities Exchange in accordance with \$205G(1) of the Corporations Act 2001, at the date of this report is as follows:

Director	Ordinary shares	Options over ordinary shares
Mr. P Boyatzis	1,281,455	2,666,667
Mr. P Schwann	2,515,625	4,933,334
Mr. J Moses	950,000	-
Mr. B Smith	-	-

#### 12. ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

During its normal exploration and evaluation activities the Group adheres to environmental regulations imposed on it by the various regulatory authorities, particularly those regulations relating to ground disturbance and the protection of rare and endangered flora and fauna. The Group has complied with all material environmental requirements up to the date of this report. The Board believes that the Group has adequate systems in place for the management of its environmental requirements and is not aware of any breach of these environmental requirements as they apply to the Group.

#### 13. INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND AUDITORS

The Company has entered into Director and Officer Protection Deeds (Deed) with each Director and the Company Secretary (officers). Under the Deed, the Company indemnifies the officers to the maximum extent permitted by law and the Constitution against legal proceedings, damage, loss, liability, cost, charge, expense, outgoing or payment (including legal expenses on a solicitor/client basis) suffered, paid or incurred by the officers in connection with the officers being an officer of the Company, the employment of the officer with the Company or a breach by the Company of its obligations under the Deed.

Also pursuant to the Deed, the Company must insure the officers against liability and provide access to all board papers relevant to defending any claim brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Company.

The Company has paid insurance premiums during the year in respect of liability for any past, present or future directors, secretary, officers and employees of the Company or related body corporate. The insurance policy does not contain details of the premium paid in respect of individual officers of the Company. Disclosure of the nature of the liability cover and the amount of the premium is subject to a confidentiality clause under the insurance policy.

The Company has not provided any insurance or indemnification for the Auditor of the Company.

#### 14. NON-AUDIT SERVICES

Details of the amounts paid to the auditor of the Group, Elderton Audit Pty Ltd and its related practices for audit and non-audit services provided are set out below:

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Audit and review of financial reports	21,500	21,200
Non-audit services		
Taxation services	-	-
	21,500	21,200

#### 15. AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001

The auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307c of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 32.

#### 16. SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the year.

This report is made with a resolution of the directors.

Peter Schwann Managing Director

Perth, Western Australia

Dated 28th September 2022



### **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

To those charged with governance of Aruma Resources Limited;

As auditor for the audit of Aruma Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Elderton Audit Pty Ltd

**Elderton Audit Pty Ltd** 

**Rafay Nabeel** 

**Audit Director** 

Perth

28 September 2022

# Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	CONSOLIDATED CONSOLIDATED			
		2022	2021	
	Note	\$	\$	
	•		101.740	
Revenue	3	-	401,740	
Other income		458,677	238,299	
Exploration and evaluation expenditure expensed as incurred		(1,886,652)	(886,996)	
Depreciation	4	(9,262)	(6,683)	
Directors' remuneration	27	(383,000)	(375,687)	
Employee benefits		(421,746)	(164,332)	
Impairment of exploration assets	15	(20,000)	-	
Legal and professional fees		(121,703)	(189,542)	
Occupancy expenses		(40,569)	(31,592)	
Marketing and promotion		(169,865)	(190,233)	
Share-based payment expense	26,27	(506,020)	(268,762)	
Other expenses		(142,405)	(123,963)	
Loss from operating activities		(3,242,545)	(1,597,751)	
Financial income		861	1,312	
Financial expense		-	-	
Net financing income	5	861	1,312	
Loss before income tax expense		(3,241,683)	(1,596,439)	
Income tax expense	8	-	-	
Other comprehensive income				
Items that may not be classified to profit and loss				
Net change in the fair value of financial assets	12	(49,000)	54,525	
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(49,000)	54,525	
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(3,192,683)	(1,541,914)	
Loss per share				
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share)	7	(2.44) cents	(1.67) cents	

# Consolidated statement of financial position

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Trade and other receivables         11         57,012         18,978           Other financial assets         12         51,000         100,000           Other current assets         13         6,513         35,028           Total current assets         4,815,933         2,846,054           Non-current assets           Plant and equipment         14         38,527         28,082           Capitalised exploration expenditure         15         -         20,000           Total non-current assets         38,527         48,082           Total assets         4,854,460         2,894,136           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         34,102           Total inon-current liabilities         595,133         188,361           Total inon-current liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity           Issued capital         19			CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED	
ASSETS   Current assets   Current assets   Cosh and cash equivalents   10			2022	2021	
Current assets         Cash and cash equivalents         10         4,701,408         2,692,048           Trade and other receivables         11         57,012         18,978           Other financial assets         12         51,000         100,000           Other current assets         13         6,513         35,028           Total current assets         4,815,933         2,846,054           Non-current assets           Plant and equipment         14         38,527         28,082           Capitalised exploration expenditure         15         -         20,000           Total anon-current assets         38,527         48,082           Total assets         4,854,460         2,894,136           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities         5         94,348           Provisions         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         595,133         183,361           Total inon-current liabilities         595,133         183,361           Total inon-current liabilities         595,133         183,361     <		Note	\$	\$	
Cash and cash equivalents         10         4,701,408         2,692,048           Trade and other receivables         11         57,012         18,978           Other financial assets         12         51,000         100,000           Other current assets         13         6,513         35,028           Total current assets         4,815,933         2,846,054           Non-current assets           Plant and equipment         14         38,527         28,082           Capitalised exploration expenditure         15         -         20,000           Total non-current assets         38,527         48,082           Total assets         4,854,460         2,894,136           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         34,102           Total inon-current liabilities         595,133         188,361           Total liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,77	ASSETS				
Trade and other receivables         11         57,012         18,978           Other financial assets         12         51,000         100,000           Other current assets         13         6,513         35,028           Total current assets         4,815,933         2,846,054           Non-current assets           Plant and equipment         14         38,527         28,082           Capitalised exploration expenditure         15         -         20,000           Total non-current assets         38,527         48,082           Total assets         4,854,460         2,894,136           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         34,102           Total inon-current liabilities         595,133         188,361           Total inon-current liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity           Issued capital         19	Current assets				
Other financial assets         12         51,000         100,000           Other current assets         13         6,513         35,028           Total current assets         4,815,933         2,846,054           Non-current assets         8         2,846,054           Plant and equipment         14         38,527         28,082           Capitalised exploration expenditure         15         -         20,000           Total assets         38,527         48,082           Total assets         4,854,460         2,894,136           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Provisions         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         595,133         183,361           Provisions         18         -         34,102           Total inon-current liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity           Issued capital         19         20,659,111         16,320,895           Reserves	Cash and cash equivalents	10	4,701,408	2,692,048	
Other current assets         13         6,513         35,028           Total current assets         4,815,933         2,846,054           Non-current assets         2,846,054           Plant and equipment         14         38,527         28,082           Capitalised exploration expenditure         15         -         20,000           Total non-current assets         38,527         48,082           Total assets         4,854,460         2,894,136           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         34,102           Total non-current liabilities         34,102           Total liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity           Issued capital         19         20,659,111         16,320,895           Reserves         20         778,907         321,887           Accumulated losses         21         (17,178,691)         (13,937,007) </td <td>Trade and other receivables</td> <td>11</td> <td>57,012</td> <td>18,978</td>	Trade and other receivables	11	57,012	18,978	
Total current assets	Other financial assets	12	51,000	100,000	
Non-current assets           Plant and equipment         14         38,527         28,082           Capitalised exploration expenditure         15         -         20,000           Total non-current assets         38,527         48,082           Total assets         4,854,460         2,894,136           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         34,102           Total non-current liabilities         34,102           Total liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity         Issued capital         19         20,659,111         16,320,895           Reserves         20         778,907         321,887           Accumulated losses         21         (17,178,691)         (13,937,007)	Other current assets	13	6,513	35,028	
Plant and equipment         14         38,527         28,082           Capitalised exploration expenditure         15         -         20,000           Total non-current assets         38,527         48,082           Total assets         4,854,460         2,894,136           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         34,102           Total non-current liabilities         34,102           Total liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity           Issued capital         19         20,659,111         16,320,895           Reserves         20         778,907         321,887           Accumulated losses         21         (17,178,691)         (13,937,007)	Total current assets		4,815,933	2,846,054	
Capitalised exploration expenditure         15         20,000           Total non-current assets         38,527         48,082           Total assets         4,854,460         2,894,136           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         34,102           Total non-current liabilities         34,102           Total liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity           Issued capital         19         20,659,111         16,320,895           Reserves         20         778,907         321,887           Accumulated losses         21         (17,178,691)         (13,937,007)	Non-current assets				
Capitalised exploration expenditure         15         20,000           Total non-current assets         38,527         48,082           Total assets         4,854,460         2,894,136           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         34,102           Total non-current liabilities         34,102           Total liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity           Issued capital         19         20,659,111         16,320,895           Reserves         20         778,907         321,887           Accumulated losses         21         (17,178,691)         (13,937,007)	Plant and equipment	14	38.527	28.082	
Total non-current assets         38,527         48,082           Total assets         4,854,460         2,894,136           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         34,102           Total non-current liabilities         34,102           Total liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity           Issued capital         19         20,659,111         16,320,895           Reserves         20         778,907         321,887           Accumulated losses         21         (17,178,691)         (13,937,007)			-	20,000	
LIABILITIES         Current liabilities         Trade and other payables       16       425,536       94,348         Provisions       17       169,597       59,911         Total current liabilities       595,133       154,259         Non-current liabilities       8       -       34,102         Total non-current liabilities       595,133       188,361         Net assets       4,259,327       2,705,775         Equity         Issued capital       19       20,659,111       16,320,895         Reserves       20       778,907       321,887         Accumulated losses       21       (17,178,691)       (13,937,007)			38,527	48,082	
Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         18         -         34,102           Total non-current liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity           Issued capital         19         20,659,111         16,320,895           Reserves         20         778,907         321,887           Accumulated losses         21         (17,178,691)         (13,937,007)	Total assets		4,854,460	2,894,136	
Current liabilities           Trade and other payables         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         18         -         34,102           Total non-current liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity           Issued capital         19         20,659,111         16,320,895           Reserves         20         778,907         321,887           Accumulated losses         21         (17,178,691)         (13,937,007)	LIABILITIES				
Trade and other payables         16         425,536         94,348           Provisions         17         169,597         59,911           Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         18         -         34,102           Total non-current liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity           Issued capital         19         20,659,111         16,320,895           Reserves         20         778,907         321,887           Accumulated losses         21         (17,178,691)         (13,937,007)					
Total current liabilities         595,133         154,259           Non-current liabilities         34,102           Total non-current liabilities         34,102           Total liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity           Issued capital         19         20,659,111         16,320,895           Reserves         20         778,907         321,887           Accumulated losses         21         (17,178,691)         (13,937,007)		16	425,536	94,348	
Non-current liabilities         Provisions       18       -       34,102         Total non-current liabilities       34,102         Total liabilities       595,133       188,361         Net assets       4,259,327       2,705,775         Equity         Issued capital       19       20,659,111       16,320,895         Reserves       20       778,907       321,887         Accumulated losses       21       (17,178,691)       (13,937,007)	Provisions	17	169,597	59,911	
Provisions       18       -       34,102         Total non-current liabilities       34,102         Total liabilities       595,133       188,361         Net assets       4,259,327       2,705,775         Equity       Issued capital       19       20,659,111       16,320,895         Reserves       20       778,907       321,887         Accumulated losses       21       (17,178,691)       (13,937,007)	Total current liabilities		595,133	154,259	
Total non-current liabilities       34,102         Total liabilities       595,133       188,361         Net assets       4,259,327       2,705,775         Equity       19       20,659,111       16,320,895         Reserves       20       778,907       321,887         Accumulated losses       21       (17,178,691)       (13,937,007)	Non-current liabilities				
Total liabilities         595,133         188,361           Net assets         4,259,327         2,705,775           Equity         Issued capital         19         20,659,111         16,320,895           Reserves         20         778,907         321,887           Accumulated losses         21         (17,178,691)         (13,937,007)	Provisions	18	-	34,102	
Net assets       4,259,327       2,705,775         Equity       Issued capital       19       20,659,111       16,320,895         Reserves       20       778,907       321,887         Accumulated losses       21       (17,178,691)       (13,937,007)	Total non-current liabilities			34,102	
Equity         Issued capital       19       20,659,111       16,320,895         Reserves       20       778,907       321,887         Accumulated losses       21       (17,178,691)       (13,937,007)	Total liabilities		595,133	188,361	
Issued capital       19       20,659,111       16,320,895         Reserves       20       778,907       321,887         Accumulated losses       21       (17,178,691)       (13,937,007)	Net assets		4,259,327	2,705,775	
Issued capital       19       20,659,111       16,320,895         Reserves       20       778,907       321,887         Accumulated losses       21       (17,178,691)       (13,937,007)	Equity				
Reserves       20       778,907       321,887         Accumulated losses       21       (17,178,691)       (13,937,007)		19	20.659.111	16.320.895	
Accumulated losses 21 (17,178,691) (13,937,007)					
	Total equity		4,259,327	2,705,775	

# Consolidated statement of cash flows

For the year ended 30 June 2022

		CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED	
		2022	2021	
	Note	\$	\$	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Receipts from exploration activities			-	
Receipts from government grants		458,677	179,769	
Interest received		774	1,312	
Interest paid		-	-	
Exploration expenditure		(1,557,768)	(873,934)	
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,210,832)	(1,099,895)	
Net cash used in operating activities	27(b)	(2,309,149)	(1,792,748)	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Proceeds from sale of financial assets		-	86,414	
Proceeds from sale of exploration interests		-	500,000	
Payments for purchase of plant and equipment		(19,707)	(9,281)	
Net cash provided by investing activities		(19,707)	577,133	
Cash flows from financing activities		4 //0 000	3 050 000	
Proceeds from issue of securities		4,660,000	3,052,000	
Proceeds pending issue of securities		(001.70.4)	(13,200)	
Cost of capital raising		(321,784)	(188,630)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		4,338,216	2,850,170	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,009,360	1,634,555	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		2,692,048	1,057,493	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	27(a)	4,701,408	2,692,048	

#### 36

# Consolidated statement of changes in equity

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

	lssued capital \$	Accumulated losses \$\$	Share-based payment reserve \$	Fair value reserve \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2020	13,437,525	(12,409,772)	69,204	(1,400)	1,095,557
Loss for the year	-	(1,596,439)	-	-	(1,596,439)
Net change in value of financial assets	-	-	-	54,525	54,525
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(1,596,439)	-	54,525	(1,541,914)
Lapse of options	-	69,204	(69,204)	-	-
Share-based payments	-	-	268,762	-	268,762
Shares issued for cash	3,052,000	-	-	-	3,052,000
Shares issued to acquire subsidiary	20,000	-	-	-	20,000
Share issue costs	(188,630)	-	-	-	(188,630)
Balance at 30 June 2021	16,320,895	(13,937,007)	268,762	53,125	2,705,775
Balance at 1 July 2021	16,320,895	(13,937,007)	268,762	53,125	2,705,775
Loss for the year	-	(3,241,683)	-	-	(3,241,683)
Net change in value of financial assets	-	-	-	(49,000)	(49,000)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(3,241,683)	-	(49,000)	(3,290,683)
Share-based payments	-	-	506,020	-	506,020
Shares issued for cash	4,660,000	-	-	-	4,660,000
Share issue costs	(321,784)	-	-	-	(321,784)
Balance at 30 June 2022	20,659,111	(17,178,690)	774,782	4,125	4,259,327

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Aruma Resources Limited (the "Company") is a company domiciled in Australia. The financial report of the Company and its subsidiary (the "Group") is for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022.

### a. Statement of compliance

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and comply with other requirements of the law.

The financial statements comprise the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

The consolidated financial statements and notes of the Group comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 28<sup>h</sup> September 2022.

### b. Basis of preparation

The financial report has been prepared based on historical cost. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. All amounts are presented in Australian dollars, the Group's functional currency, unless otherwise noted.

#### c. Going concern

The financial report is prepared the basis that the entity is a going concern, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity.

The Directors consider the going concern basis of accounting to be appropriate based on forecast cash flows.

#### d. Adoption of new and revised standards

The Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (the AASB) that are relevant to their operations and effective for the current year.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

### Standards and interpretations in issue not yet adopted

The Group has reviewed the new and revised Standards and Interpretations in issue not yet adopted for the year ended 30 June 2022. As a result of this review the Group has determined that there is no material impact of the Standards and Interpretations in issue not yet adopted on the Group; therefore, no change is necessary to Group accounting policies.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### e. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated financial statements of Aruma Resources Limited ("Company" or "Parent") and its subsidiary as at 30 June each year (the "Group"). Control is achieved where the Company has exposure to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and the power to affect those returns.

The financial statements of the subsidiary are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all intercompany balances and transactions, income and expenses and profit and losses resulting from intra-group transactions have been eliminated in full.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group. Control exists where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity to obtain benefits from its activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing when the Group controls another entity.

### f. Revenue recognition

### Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Interest revenue is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

### Research & Development

Research and development ("R&D") tax incentive claims are recognised when the Company is notified that its R&D claim has been accepted.

### Grant funding

Exploration Incentive Scheme grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the entity will comply with the conditions attached to the grants and that the grants will be received.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### g. Plant & equipment

Items of plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on a diminishing value basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of plant and equipment. The estimated useful lives in the current and comparative periods are as follows:

(i) Computer software 2.5 years(ii) Computer hardware 4 years(iii) Office equipment 5-7 years(iv) Field equipment 5 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date.

### h. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash at bank and in hand. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

### i. Impairment

Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each year at the same time.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit").

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### j. Impairment

Non-financial assets

The goodwill acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

### k. Issued capital

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as issued capital. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

### I. Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and sick leave when it is probable that settlement will be required, and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits, are measured at their nominal values using the remuneration rate expected to apply at the time of settlement.

Liabilities recognised in respect of long-term employee benefits are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the Group in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Contributions to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### m. Income tax

Income tax on the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the periods presented comprises current payable and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are not taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting, nor taxable profit and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

### n. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered by a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received, and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

A provision is recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### o. Goods and services and tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST) except:

- i. where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority, it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense; or
- ii. for receivables and payables which are recognised inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority is included as part of the receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investment or financing activities which is payable to or recoverable from, the taxation authority is classified within operating cash flows.

### p. Exploration and evaluation

Exploration and evaluation costs, excluding the costs of acquiring licences, are expensed as incurred. Acquisition costs will be assessed on a case by case basis and, if appropriate, they will be capitalised. These acquisition costs are carried forward only if the rights to tenure of the area of interest are current and either:

- They are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest; or
- The activities in the area of interest at the reporting date have not reached a stage which
  permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable
  reserves, and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest is
  continuing.

Accumulated acquisition costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

The carrying values of acquisition costs are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

### q. Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the effects of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares, which comprise convertible notes and share options granted to employees.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### r. Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors of Aruma.

#### s. Financial instruments

### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is the date that the Group commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments (except for trade receivables) are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss", in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Trade receivables are initially measured at the transaction price if the trade receivables do not contain significant financing component or if the practical expedient was applied as specified in AASB 15.63.

### Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

Financial assets are subsequently measured at:

- amortised cost;
- fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- fair value through profit or loss

On the basis of the two primary criteria:

- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset; and
- the business model for managing the financial assets

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost when it meets the following conditions:

- the financial asset is managed solely to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates.

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income when it meets the following conditions:

 the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates; and

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements

### For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### s. Financial instruments (continued)

— the business model for managing the financial asset comprises both contractual cash flows collection and the selling of the financial asset.

By default, all other financial assets that do not meet the measurement conditions of amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at:

- amortised cost; or
- fair value through profit or loss

A financial liability is measured at fair value through profit and loss if the financial liability is:

- a contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination to which AASB 3 applies
- held for trading; or
- initially designated as at fair value through profit or loss

All other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest expense over in profit or loss over the relevant period.

The effective interest rate is the internal rate of return of the financial asset or liability. That is, it is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the instrument to the net carrying amount at initial recognition.

A financial liability is held for trading if it is:

- incurred for the purpose of repurchasing or repaying in the near term;
- part of a portfolio where there is an actual pattern of short-term profit taking; or
- a derivative financial instrument (except for a derivative that is in a financial guarantee contract or a derivative that is in an effective hedging relationship)

Any gains or losses arising on changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss to the extent that they are not part of a designated hedging relationship.

### Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### s. Financial instruments (continued)

### **Derecognition**

Derecognition refers to the removal of a previously recognised financial asset or financial liability from the statement of financial position.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A liability is derecognised when it is extinguished (i.e. when the obligation in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires). An exchange of an existing financial liability for a new one with substantially modified terms, or a substantial modification to the terms of a financial liability is treated as an extinguishment of the existing liability and recognition of a new financial liability.

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised when the holder's contractual rights to its cash flows expires, or the asset is transferred in such a way that all the risks and rewards of ownership are substantially transferred.

All the following criteria need to be satisfied for derecognition of a financial asset:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has been expired or been transferred;
- all risk and rewards of ownership of the asset have been substantially transferred; and
- the entity no longer controls the asset (i.e. it has no practical ability to make unilateral decisions to sell the asset to a third party).

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a debt instrument classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in equity which was elected to be classified under fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss but is transferred to retained earnings.

### Impairment of financial assets

An impairment loss is recognised for the expected credit losses on financial assets when there is an increased probability that the counterparty will be unable to settle an instrument's contractual cash flows on the contractual due dates, a reduction in the amounts expected to be recovered, or both. The probability of default and expected amounts recoverable are assessed using reasonable and supportable past and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. The expected credit loss is a probability-weighted amount determined from a range of outcomes and takes into account the time value of money.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### s. Financial instruments (continued)

### Impairment of financial assets

For trade receivables, material expected credit losses are measured by applying an expected loss rate to the gross carrying amount. The expected loss rate comprises the risk of a default occurring and the expected cash flows on default based on the aging of the receivable. The risk of a default occurring always takes into consideration all possible default events over the expected life of those receivables ("the lifetime expected credit losses"). Different provision rates and periods are used based on groupings of historic credit loss experience by product type, customer type and location.

For intercompany loans that are repayable on demand, expected credit losses are based on the assumption that repayment of the loan is demanded at the reporting date. If the subsidiary does not have sufficient accessible highly liquid assets in order to repay the loan if demanded at the reporting date, an expected credit loss is calculated. This is calculated based on the expected cash flows arising from the subsidiary and weighted for probability likelihood variations in cash flows.

### t. Share-based payment transactions

### (i) Equity settled transactions:

The Group provides benefits to directors and executives of the Group and to sponsoring brokers in the form of share-based payments, whereby directors, executives and brokers render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares (equity-settled transactions).

The cost of these equity-settled transactions is measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted.

In valuing equity-settled transactions, no account is taken of any performance conditions, other than market conditions, if applicable.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award (the vesting period).

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each balance date until vesting date reflects (i) the extent to which the vesting period has expired and (ii) the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date. The statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income charge or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is only conditional upon a market condition.

If the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee, as measured at the date of modification.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### t. Share-based payment transactions (continued)

If an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

### (i) Equity settled transactions:

The Group provides benefits to directors and executives of the Group and to sponsoring brokers in the form of share-based payments, whereby directors, executives and brokers render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares (equity-settled transactions).

The cost of these equity-settled transactions is measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. In valuing equity-settled transactions, no account is taken of any performance conditions, other than market conditions, if applicable.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award (the vesting period).

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each balance date until vesting date reflects (i) the extent to which the vesting period has expired and (ii) the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date. The statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income charge or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is only conditional upon a market condition.

If the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee, as measured at the date of modification.

If an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

### u. Trade and other payables

Trade payables and other payables are carried at amortised cost and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the period that are unpaid and arise when the Group becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION OF UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Share-based payment transaction:

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using an appropriate valuation model, using the assumptions detailed in note 23.

Mine closure and rehabilitation obligations

Provision is made for the anticipated costs of future closure and rehabilitation of mining areas. These future cost estimates are discounted to their present value. The calculation of these provision estimates requires assumptions such as application of environmental legislation, plant closure dates, available technologies, engineering cost estimates and discount rates. A change in any of the assumptions used may have a material impact on the carrying value of mine closure and rehabilitation obligations.

Exploration and evaluation costs carried forward

The recoverability of the carrying amount of exploration and evaluation costs carried forward has been reviewed by the directors. In conducting the review, the directors have elected for the acquisition of licence costs to be capitalised. All other exploration and evaluation costs are expensed during the period in which they are incurred.

Recovery of deferred tax assets

Significant management judgement has been effected to determine that no deferred tax assets be recognised.

Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic

Judgement has been exercised in considering the impacts that the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic has had, or may have, on the consolidated entity based on known information. The consideration extends to the nature of the activities and geographic regions in which the consolidated entity operates. Other than as addressed in specific notes, there does not currently appear to be either nay significant impact upon the financial statements or any significant uncertainties with respect to events or conditions which may impact the consolidated entity unfavourably as at the reporting date or subsequently as a result of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION OF UNCERTAINTY

#### **Business combinations**

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to former owners of the acquiree and the equity interest issued by the Group in exchange for control of the Acquiree. Acquisition related costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with AASB 12 and AASB 19 respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payments of the Group entered into to replace share-based payments of the acquiree are measured in accordance with AASB 2 at the acquisition date (see below): and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with AASB 5 are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of a non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 3. REVENUE

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Revenue		
Sale of interest in exploration leases	-	401,470
	-	401,470
Other income		
R & D tax incentive	458,677	162,038
Sale of financial assets	-	58,289
Government cashflow boost	-	17,731
Refunds	-	241
Total	458,677	238,299

### 4. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Loss before income tax		
Loss before income tax expense has been arrived at after charging the following item:		
Depreciation	9,262	6,683

### 5. FINANCING INCOME

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Financing Income		
Interest income	861	1,312
Interest expense	-	-
Total	861	1,312

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 6. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by auditors of the Group, Elderton Audit Pty Ltd, their related practices and non-related audit firms		
Audit and review services:		
- Auditors of the Group	21,500	21,200
Other Professional services:		
- Tax services	-	-

### 7. LOSS PER SHARE

As the Group incurred a loss for the year the options on issue have an anti-dilutive effect therefore the diluted loss per share is fixed at the value of the basic loss per share.

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
Loss per share		
Basic loss per share	2.44 cents	1.67 cents
a) Weighted average number of shares used in calculation of basic loss per share	132,777,365	95,761,475
b) Loss used in calculating basic loss per share	\$3,241,683	\$1,596,439

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

2022 \$	2021 \$
	_
-	-
_	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
	-

the income tax expense in the financial statements as follows:

### c. Numerical reconciliation between aggregate income tax expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and tax expense calculated per the statutory income tax rate

Loss before income tax expense from operations	(3,241,683)	(1,596,439)
Income tax expense calculated at 25.00% (2021: 26.00%)	(810,421)	(415,074)
Impact from reduction in tax rate	87,424	111,662
Over provision of tax in prior year	249,362	142,056
Non-assessable income	(114,669)	(42,130)
Temporary differences not recognised	(25,030)	(73,769)
Non-deductible expenses	126,949	51,364
Share issue costs recognised directly in equity	(80,446)	(49,044)
Tax losses not recognised/(utilised)	566,831	274,935
Income tax expense/(benefit)	-	-

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The tax rate used in the following reconciliation is the corporate tax rate of 25.00% (2021: 26.00%) payable by Australian corporate entities on taxable profits under Australian tax law.

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022 \$	2021 \$
d. The following deferred tax assets and (liabilities) have not been brought to account as assets:		
Tax losses - revenue	2,759,412	2,273,027
Temporary differences	206,644	63,006
	2,966,056	2,336,033
e. Deferred tax assets not recognised in respect of the following items:		
Trade and other receivables	(1,628)	(1,307)
Trade and other payables	106,384	4,597
Exploration costs	-	(5,200)
Section 40-880 expenses	101,888	64,916
Tax losses carried forward	2,759,412	2,273,027
Income tax expense/(benefit) not recognised	2,966,056	2,336,033
f. Carry forward tax losses:		
Unused tax losses, for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised (as recovery is currently not probable)	11,037,412	8,742,410
At 25.00% (2021: 26.00%)	2,759,412	2,273,027

The deferred tax assets have not been brought into account at balance date as the realisation of these is not probable. This benefit (which has been calculated as 25.00% (2021: 26.00%) of losses and deductions available) will only be obtained if:

- i) the Company derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the deductions for the losses to be realised;
- ii) the Company continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by the tax legislation; and
- iii) no changes in tax legislation adversely affect the Company in realising the benefit from the deduction for the losses.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Overview

The Group has exposure to the following risks from their use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout this financial report.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. Management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through regular reviews of the risks.

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from cash at bank.

### Cash

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by only investing in liquid securities and only with counterparties that have an acceptable credit rating. Cash and cash equivalents are held with ANZ Bank which is an Australian bank with an AA credit rating (Standard & Poor's).

Trade and other receivables

As the Group operates in the mining exploration sector it does not have trade receivables and is therefore not exposed to credit risk in relation to trade receivables. Other receivables relate to interest accrued on cash held with banks and GST credits receivable from the Australian Taxation Office.

Investments and other financial assets

Investments and other financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are included as part of the initial measurement, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Such assets are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value depending on their classification. Classification is determined based on both the business model within which such assets are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset unless an accounting mismatch is being avoided.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the consolidated entity has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When there is no reasonable expectation of recovering part or all of a financial asset, its carrying value is written off.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Typically, such financial assets will be either: (i) held for trading, where they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term with an intention of making a profit, or a derivative; or (ii) designated as such upon initial recognition where permitted. Fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income include equity investments which the consolidated entity intends to hold for the foreseeable future and has irrevocably elected to classify them as such upon initial recognition.

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

		CARRYING AMOUNT		
	CONSOLIDATED CONSOLIDATED  NOTE 2022 \$ 2021 \$			
Cash and bank balances	10	4,701,408	2,692,048	
Trade and other receivables	11	87	-	
Other financial assets	12	51,000	100,000	

Impairment losses

None of the Group's trade and other receivables is past due.

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows.

Consolidated	Carrying amount (\$)	Contractual cash flows (\$)	6 months or less (\$)	6 months or more (\$)
30 June 2022				
Trade and other payables	405,960	(405,960)	(405,960)	-
	405,960	(405,960)	(405,960)	-
30 June 2021				
Trade and other payables	81,064	(81,064)	(81,064)	-
	81,064	(81,064)	(81,064)	-

Typically, the Group ensures it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a minimum period of 90 days.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

### Currency risk

The Group is not exposed to any currency risk. All investments and purchases are denominated in Australian dollars.

### Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk due to variable interest being earned on its assets held in cash and cash equivalents.

The Group has no borrowings.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Profile

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

	CONSOLIDATED 2022		CONSOLIDATED 2021	
	Carrying amount \$	Interest rate %	Carrying amount \$	Interest rate %
Fixed rate instruments				
Cash and bank balances	70,000	0.05	-	-
Variable rate instruments				
Cash and bank balances	4,631,408	0.01	2,692,048	0.05

### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points would have increased/(decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

	Equity		Profit and Loss	
	100bp	100bp	100bp	100bp
	increase	decrease	increase	decrease
30 June 2022				
Variable rate instruments	46,314	(46,314)	46,314	(46,314)
30 June 2021				
Variable rate instruments	26,920	(26,920)	26,920	(26,920)

### Fair value of financial instruments

The Group is disclosing the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1)
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (level 2), and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

Consolidated 30 June 2022	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Assets				
Financial assets	51,000	-	-	51,000
Consolidated	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Consolidated 30 June 2021	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the close price at reporting date. These instruments are included in level 1.

The Group currently has listed securities that are traded in an active market.

### Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year. The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

#### 10. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at hand	1	1
Cash at bank	4,701,407	2,692,047
	4,701,408	2,692,048
Weighted average interest rate	0.01%	0.05%

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Current		
GST receivables	56,925	18,978
Interest receivables	87	-
	57,012	18,978

Trade and other receivables are non-interest bearing.

### 12. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS – FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (FVOCI)

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Current		
Fair value at beginning of year	100,000	73,600
Sale of listed shares	-	(28,125)
Revaluation of listed shares taken to reserve	(49,000)	54,525
Fair value at end of year	51,000	100,000

### 13. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Other current assets		
Prepayments	6,513	5,028
Deposits	-	30,000
Prepayments	6,513	35,028

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 14. PLANT & EQUIPMENT

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Office equipment at cost	23,432	21,158
Accumulated depreciation	(12,949)	(10,591)
Office equipment	10,483	10,567
Field equipment at cost	54,148	45,184
Accumulated depreciation	(44,391)	(43,425)
Field equipment	9,757	1,759
Computer equipment at cost	80,296	71,827
Accumulated depreciation	(62,009)	(56,071)
Computer equipment	18,287	15,756
Total carrying value	38,527	28,082

### Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of plant and equipment.

Consolidated: 30 June 2022	Office equipment \$	Computer equipment \$	Field equipment \$	Total \$
At 1 July 2021 net of accumulated depreciation Additions	10,567 2,274	15,756 8,469	1,759 8,964	28,082 19,707
Depreciation charge for the year	(2,358)	(5,938)	(966)	(9,262)
At 30 June 2022 net of accumulated depreciation	10,483	18,287	9,757	38,527

Consolidated: 30 June 2021	Office equipment \$	Computer equipment \$	Field equipment \$	Total \$
At 1 July 2020 net of accumulated depreciation	2,513	13,673	365	16,551
Additions	8,933	7,669	1,612	18,214
Depreciation charge for the year	(879)	(5,586)	(218)	(6,683)
At 30 June 2021 net of accumulated depreciation	10,567	15,756	1,759	28,082

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 15. CAPITALISED EXPLORATION EXPENDITURE

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Balance at beginning of the year	20,000	305,000
Acquired during the year – issue of shares	-	20,000
Sale of tenements (note 3)	-	(305,000)
Impairment of tenements*	(20,000)	-
Balance at end of the year	-	20,000

<sup>\*</sup> The Capital project in New South Wales was relinquished during the year due to Covid restrictions and the style and limited size of the targets in freehold land in New South Wales.

The ultimate recoupment of acquisition costs carried forward for exploration and evaluation phases is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation or sale of the respective areas. At balance date the exploration projects have not reached a stage where this determination can be made.

### 16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Trade creditors and accruals	425,536	94,348
Balance at end of the year	425,536	94,348

All trade creditors and accruals are non-interest bearing.

## For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 17. PROVISIONS - CURRENT

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Mining rehab levy	29,680	-
Employee leave entitlements	139,917	59,911
	169,597	59,911

### 18. PROVISIONS - NON CURRENT

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Employee leave entitlements	-	34,102

### 19. SHARE CAPITAL

	COMPANY	COMPANY
Ordinary shares	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Ordinary shares 156,960,927 (2021: 105,960,927) fully paid ordinary shares	20,659,111	16,320,895

Movement during the year	2022 Number	2021 \$	2022 Number	2021 \$
Balance at beginning of year	105,960,927	16,320,895	54,760,927	13,437,525
Shares issued to acquire subsidiary	-	-	333,333	20,000
Shares issued for cash	51,000,000	4,660,000	50,866,667	3,052,000
Transaction costs arising on share				
issues		(321,784)		(188,630)
Balance at end of year	156,960,927	20,659,111	105,960,927	16,320,895

## For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 20. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

### **Options**

The movement of the unlisted options on issue during the financial year is set out below:

Exercise price (cents)	Expiry date	Balance at beginning of year	Issued	Exercised	Lapsed	Balance at end of year
15.00	31/7/22	19,444,442	-	-	-	19,444,442
17.55	30/9/23	2,066,667	-	-	-	2,066,667
10.80	29/11/24	-	7,000,000	-	-	7,000,000
		21,511,109	7,000,000	-	-	28,511,109

### 21. RESERVES

	CONSOLIDATED 2022 \$	CONSOLIDATED 2021
Feir velve recente		52 105
Fair value reserve  Share-based payment reserve	4,125 774,782	53,125 268,762
share-based payment reserve	//4,/02	200,702
Movement during the year		
Fair value reserve		
Balance at beginning of year	53,125	(1,400)
Movement in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	(49,000)	54,525
Balance at end of year	4,125	53,125
Share-based payment reserve		
Balance at beginning of year	268,762	69,204
Issue of options/performance rights during the year	506,420	268,762
Lapse of options/performance rights during the year	(400)	(69,204)
Balance at end of year	774,782	268,762

### For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 22. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

#### Fair value reserve

This reserve used to record equity instruments which are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI). The gains and losses on equity instruments are recognised in OCI are not recycled on disposal of the asset and there is no separate impairment accounting. If the fair value of the equity instrument declines, this decrease is recorded through OCI.

### Share-based payment reserve

The share-based payment reserve is used to record the value of equity benefits provided as consideration for goods and services received.

#### 23. ACCUMULATED LOSSES

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Movement during the year		
Balance at beginning of year	(13,937,007)	(12,409,772)
Lapse of options during the year	-	69,204
Loss for the year	(3,241,683)	(1,596,439)
Balance at end of year	(17,178,690)	(13,937,007)

### 24. COMMITMENTS

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Exploration expenditure commitments		
No later than 1 year	434,760	311,760
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	1,739,040	1,247,040
	2,173,800	1,558,800

There are no operating lease commitments at the date of this report.

### For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In the opinion of the directors there were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report.

#### **26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS**

### **Options**

During the year 7,000,000 options were granted as share-based compensation to directors and staff by Aruma (2021: 2,066,667).

No options lapsed unexercised during the year (2021: 533,333).

The following share-based payment arrangements were in place during the year:

Aruma Resources Limited	Number	Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Fair value at grant date
				cents	\$
Option series no.6	2,066,667	29 Sept' 2020	30 Sept' 2023	17.55	268,762
Option series no.7	7,000,000	30 Nov' 2021	29 Nov' 2024	10.80	506,020

The following table illustrates the number (No.) and weighted average exercise prices of and movements in, share options on issue:

	20	22	2	021
		Weighted average exercise price		Weighted average exercise price
	Number	cents	Number	cents
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	21,511,109	0.152	533,333	28.50
Issued during the year	7,000,000	10.80	2,066,667	17.55
Issued during the year	-	-	19,444,442	15.00
Lapsed during the year	-	-	(533,333)	28.50
Outstanding at the end of the year	28,511,109	14.15	21,511,109	0.152
Exercisable at the end of the year	28,511,109	14.15	21,511,109	0.152

The outstanding balance as of 30 June 2022 is represented by 19,444,442 options over ordinary shares with an exercise price of 15 cents and an expiry date of 31 July 2022, 2,066,667 options over ordinary shares with an exercise price of 17.55 cents and an expiry date of 30 September 2023 and 7,000,000 options over ordinary shares with an exercise price of 10.80 cents and a maturity date of 30 November 2024.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **Performance rights**

1,000,000 performance rights ("rights") were issued to Managing Director, Peter Schwann as part of his executive service agreement following shareholder approval at the Annual General Meeting held on 30 November 2021.

The rights vested on attainment by the Company of a market capitalisation of \$50 million for a continuous period of 20 trading days or more on which the shares have traded prior to 30 June 2022. The fair value on grant was \$400. The rights were valued using a binomial tree option calculator.

The inputs to the valuation of performance rights granted during the year were:

Dividend yield 0%

Expected volatility 97%

Risk-free interest rate 0.53%

Expected life of option 213 days

Exercise price 40 cents

Grant date share price 7.7 cents

The rights expired on 30 June 2022 without the vesting conditions being met.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 27. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The following were key management personnel of the Group at any time during the year and unless otherwise indicated were key management personnel for the entire period:

#### **Executive director**

Mr. P Schwann, Managing Director

### Non-executive directors

Mr. P Boyatzis, Chairman

Dr. M Elliott

### Key management personnel compensation

The key management personnel compensation for the year is as follows:

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	358,000	352,333
Post-employment benefits	25,000	23,354
Share-based payments	506,020	251,422
Total	889,020	627,109

Remuneration levels are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors and executives. Remuneration packages comprise fixed remuneration.

Information regarding individual directors and executive's compensation disclosures as required by *Corporations Regulations 2M.3.03* and 2M.6.04 is provided in the remuneration report section of the Directors' Report.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 28. RELATED PARTIES

	OWNERSHIP INTERESTS		
	2022		2021
Controlled entities			
Augustus Mining Pty Ltd	100%		100%
Aruma Exploration Pty Ltd	100%		100%

### Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 27.

During the year Managing Director Peter Schwann, provided a motor vehicle and a caravan for hire to the Company charging a total of \$16,548 plus GST (2021: \$12,304 plus GST) plus service and maintenance costs of \$2,920 plus GST (2021: \$4,737 plus GST). There is \$nil outstanding (2021: \$nil) included under trade payables at 30 June 2022.

During the year the Company paid \$40,569 plus GST (2021: \$42,925 plus GST) to VRX Silica Limited (VRX) for month to month rental of office premises a car bay, storage and the provision of geological staff. Chairman Paul Boyatzis is a director of VRX. There is an amount of \$11,305 inc GST (2021: \$8,142) included under trade payables at 30 June 2022.

The terms and conditions of the transactions with key management personnel and their related parties were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, on similar transactions to non-key management personnel related entities on an arm's length basis.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 29. NOTES TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	CONSOLIDATED	CONSOLIDATED
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
a. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents		
For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following at 30 June:		
Cash at hand	1	1
Cash at bank	4,701,407	2,692,047
	4,701,408	2,692,048
<ul> <li>Reconciliation of loss from ordinary activities after income tax to net cash used in operating activities</li> </ul>		
Loss for the year	(3,241,683)	(1,596,439)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	9,262	6,683
Share-based payment	506,020	268,762
Impairment of assets	20,000	-
Gain on sale of investing asset	-	(145,000)
Change in assets/liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(38,034)	(7,255)
(Increase)/decrease in other current assets	28,515	(82,567)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	331,188	(15,425)
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	75,584	(221,507)
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,309,148)	(1,792,748)

#### 30. **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

AASB 8: Operating Segments requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance.

The Group's operating segments have been determined with reference to the monthly management accounts used by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions regarding the Group's operations and allocation of working capital.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 30. **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Due to the size and nature of the Group, the Board as a whole has been determined as the chief operating decision maker.

The Group operates in one business segment and one geographical segment, namely mineral exploration industry in Australia only. AASB 8: Operating Segments states that similar operating segments can be aggregated to form one reportable segment. Also, based on the quantitative thresholds included in AASB 8, there is only one reportable segment, namely mineral exploration industry. However, none of the other operating segments currently meet any of the prescribed quantitative thresholds, and as such do not have to be reported separately. The Group has therefore decided to aggregate all their segments into one reportable operating segment.

The revenues and results of this segment are those of the Group as a whole and are set out in the statement of comprehensive income. The segment assets and liabilities of this segment are those of the Group and are set out in the statement of financial position.

#### 31. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

On 1 August 2022 Mark Elliott retired as a director of the Company. On the same date the Company appointed James Moses and Brett Smith as non-executive directors. The Company also announced Non-executive Chairman, Paul Boyatzis will retire from his position at the Company's Annual General Meeting, after which James Moses will assume the role of Non-executive Chairman.

On 31 July 2022 19,444,472 options with an exercise price of \$0.15 lapsed unexercised.

The impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is ongoing and whilst it has had no financial impact for the Group to 30 June 2022, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation is rapidly developing and is dependent on measures imposed by the Australian government and other countries, such as maintaining social distancing requirements, quarantine, travel restrictions and any economic stimulus that may be provided.

Other than the above no matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2022 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

#### 32. **DIVIDENDS**

No dividends were paid or declared by the Company during the year or since the end of the year.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

### 33. PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

In the year ended 30 June 2021 the Parent company of the Group was Aruma Resources Limited.

	COMPANY	COMPANY
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Financial performance of Parent entity for the year		
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income/(expense)	(3,241,683) (49,000)	(1,596,439) 54,525
Total comprehensive expense for the year	(3,261,003)	(1,541,914)
Financial position of Parent entity at year end		
Current assets	4,815,934	2,846,054
Non-current assets Total assets	38,527	48,082 2,894,139
Current liabilities	4,854,461 595,133	154,261
Non-current liabilities	-	34,102
Total liabilities	595,133	188,363
Total equity of the Parent entity comprising:		
Share capital	20,659,111	16,320,895
Reserves	778,907	321,787
Accumulated losses	(17,178,690)	(13,936,906)
Total equity	4,259,328	2,705,776

### **Directors' Declaration**

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes thereto comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Australian Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes thereto comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes thereto give a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

On behalf of the directors

Peter Schwann

**Managing Director** 

Perth, Western Australia

Dated this 28th day of September 2022



# Independent Audit Report to the members of Aruma Resources Limited

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Aruma Resources Limited ('the Company') and its controlled entities (collectively referred as 'the Group'), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described as in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Refer to Note 26, Share based payments (\$506,020) and accounting policy note 1(t).

### **Key Audit Matter**

#### **Share-Based payments**

As disclosed in note 26 to the financial statements, during the year ended 30 June 2022 the Group incurred share-based payments expense of \$506,020. Share based payments are considered to be a key audit matter due to:

- the value of the transactions:
- the complexities involved in the recognition and measurement of these instruments;
- the judgement involved in determining the inputs used in the valuations.

Management used the Black-Scholes option valuation model to determine the fair value of the options granted. This process involved significant estimation and judgement required to determine the fair value of the equity instruments granted.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

Our procedures amongst others included:

- Analysing agreements to identify the key terms and conditions of share-based payments issued and relevant vesting conditions in accordance with AASB 2 Share Based Payments;
- Evaluating management's Black-Scholes Valuation Models and assessing the assumptions and inputs used;
- Assessing the amount recognised during the year in accordance with the vesting conditions of the agreements; and
- Assessing the adequacy of the disclosure included in note 26 to the financial statements.

### Refer to consolidated statement of comprehensive income

### **Key Audit Matter**

#### **Expenditures**

Expenditures amounting to \$2,361,194 is a substantial figure in the financial statements of the Group, representing the majority of shareholder funds spent during the financial year.

Given this represents a significant volume of transactions, we considered it necessary to assess whether the Group's expenses had been accurately recorded, whether the services provided had been delivered in the appropriate period, and whether all expenses related to activities undertaken by the Group.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

Our audit work included, but was not restricted to, the following:

- We completed a walkthrough test of the Group's expenses system and assessed related controls.
- We selected a sample of expenses using systematic sampling methods, and vouched each item selected to invoices and other supporting documentation.
- We reviewed post year end payments and invoices to ensure that all goods and services provided during the financial year were recognised in expenses for the same period.
- For exploration expenses, we assessed which tenements the spending related to, to ensure funds were expended in relation to the Group's ongoing projects.

#### Refer to consolidated statement of comprehensive income and note 27

### **Key Audit Matter**

# Directors remuneration and employee benefit expenses:

Directors remuneration and employee benefit expenses amounting to \$383,000 and \$421,746 respectively, are a substantial figure in the financial statements of the Group, representing a significant portion of shareholder equity spent during the financial year.

We considered that the validity and accuracy of the recorded expenditures to be a key audit matter.

### How our audit addressed the matter

Our audit work included, but was not restricted to, the following:

- We examined the Group's approval processes in relation to making payments to its employees.
- We reviewed service agreements with the key management personnel's of the Group to verify the KMP remuneration.
- We have obtained confirmations for KMP for the remuneration made during the year.
- We reviewed Board minutes of meetings and annual general meeting held during the financial year.

#### Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is included in the annual report but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide
  a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
  from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
  control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the
  financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in page 25-28 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2022. The directors of the Aruma Resources Limited are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Aruma Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Elderton Audit Pty Ltd Elderton Audit Pty Ltd

Rafay Nabeel Audit Director

Perth

28 September 2022

## **Shareholder information**

Additional information required by the ASX Limited Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report is set out below. This information is current as at 19 September 2022.

### **Voting rights**

### **Ordinary shares**

One vote for each ordinary fully paid share.

### **Options**

There are no voting rights attached to options.

### Distribution of equity security holders

	Quoted ordinary shares		Unquoted options Exercisable at \$0.1755 expiring 30 September 2023		Unquoted options Exercisable at \$0.108 expiring 29 November 2024	
Category	Number of holders	Number of Shares	Number of holders	Number of options	Number of holders	Number of options
1 - 1,000	165	71,738	-		-	-
1,001 - 5,000	216	666,308	-	-	-	-
5,001 - 10,000	312	2,394,473	-	-	-	-
10,000 - 100,000	777	28,236,285	-	-	-	-
100,000 and over	212	125,592,699	4	2,066,669	3	7,000,000
Total	1,682	156,961,503	4	2,066,669	62	7,000,000

544 shareholders hold less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares.

### **Restricted securities**

The Company has 156,961,503 shares and 21,511,141 options on issue. No shares are subject to escrow.

### **Unquoted securities**

The names of security holders with more than 20% of an unlisted class of security are listed below:

Options exercisable at \$0.1755 expiring 30 September 2023	Number of options held	Percentage
Plasia Pty Ltd	4,000,000	57.1
Lesuer Pty Ltd	2,000,000	28.6

Options exercisable at \$0.108 expiring 29 November 2024	Number of options held	Percentage
Plasia Pty Ltd	933,334	45.2
Lesuer Pty Ltd	666,667	32.3

## **Shareholder information**

### **Twenty Largest Shareholders**

Fully paid ordinary shares Name	Number of ordinary shares held	Percentage
Eyeon Investments Pty Ltd	8,639,985	5.5
Eyeon No 2 Pty Ltd	7,414,103	4.7
Spacetime Pty Ltd	5,820,948	3.7
1215 Capital Pty Ltd	4,732,439	3.0
Citywest Corp Pty Ltd	4,176,923	2.7
Copulos Superannuation Pty Ltd	3,333,334	2.1
Mr Richard Elkington & Mrs Christine Elkington	3,104,546	2.0
Mr Jason Kadir & Mrs Kate Kadir	3,000,000	1.9
Plasia Pty Ltd	2,500,000	1.6
Shayden Nominees Pty Ltd	2,416,667	1.5
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	2,282,380	1.5
Mr Jeffery Jamo	2,000,000	1.3
Retzos Executive Pty Ltd Shayden Nominees Pty Ltd	1,911,564	1.2
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	1,827,913	1.2
Blue Spec Drilling Pty Ltd	1,733,334	1.1
Mr Ross Mervyn John	1,460,000	0.9
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited BNP Paribas Nom Pty Ltd	1,403,892	0.9
Mr Anthony Sfetcopoulos & Mrs Kylie Maree Sfetcopoulos	1,340,000	0.9
Acuity Capital Investment Management Pty Ltd	1,333,334	0.8
Westpark Corporation Pty Ltd	1,266,667	0.8
Total	61,698,029	39.3

### **Substantial Shareholders**

Substantial holder notices have been received from the following:

Substantial holder	Number of shares	Percentage
Copulos Group	29,714,608	18.9

### On-market buy-back

There is no current on-market buy-back.

# Tenement listing as at 28 September 2022

Tenements	Location	Interest
	Salmon Gums (Gold)	
EL63/2037	Norseman Belt, Goldfields, Western	100%
ELA63/2122 (application)	Australia	
	Mt Deans (Lithium)	
P63/2063	Lithium corridor, Goldfields, Western Australia	100%
	Saltwater (Gold)	
E52/3818		
E52/3846	Pilbara Region Western Australia	100%
E52/3857	G	·
ELA52/3966 (application)		
	Melrose (Gold)	
EL08/3183		
EL08/3184		
EL08/3188		
EL08/3210		
EL08/3219		
EL08/3244		
EL08/3334	Pilbara Region Western Australia	100%
ELA47/4362 (application)	riibala kegioli Wesielii Ausilalia	100%
ELA47/4414 (application)		
ELA47/4529 (application)		
ELA08/3280 (application)		
ELA08/3351 (application)		
PLA08/802 (application)		
PLA47/1985 (application)		
	Carter Well (Gold)	
ELA58/590 (application)	Murchison Fold Belt, Western Australia	100%