



2022

ANNUAL REPORT





CORPORATE DIRECTORY

DIRECTORS

Bronwyn Barnes

Independent Non-Executive Chairman

Damon Neaves

Managing Director and Chief

Executive Officer

Shane Westlake

Technical Director

Fred Wehr

Independent Non-Executive Director

Aaron Bond

Exploration Manager

COMPANY SECRETARY

Anthony Benino

NAME

Finder Energy Holdings Limited

ABN 70 656 811 719

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Paul Ryan

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AUDITORS

KPMG

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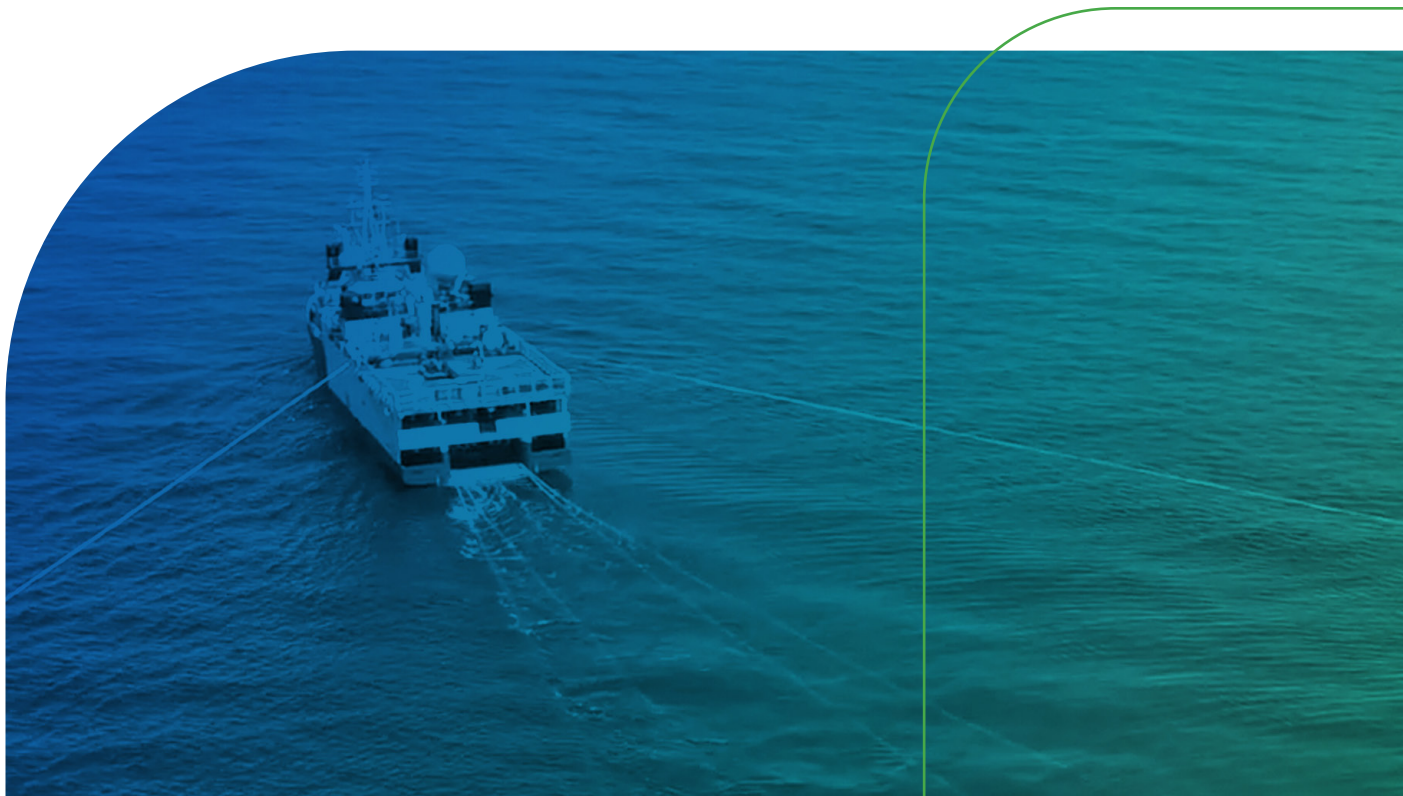
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LETTER FROM OUR CHAIRMAN

Dear Shareholders

On behalf of my fellow Directors, I am pleased to present Finder's first Annual Report following our successful IPO early in the second quarter of 2022.

Finder's core strategy is based on generating drill ready prospects on modern 3D seismic data and farming out prospects to industry partners to fund drilling activities. In this way, Finder maximizes the value of its extensive data library, leveraging its subsurface capabilities whilst managing the financial challenge of offshore exploration.

The Kanga-1 well drilled in the second quarter was an excellent demonstration of our strategy, albeit the well was ultimately unsuccessful from a technical perspective. However Finder limited its financial exposure to the drilling operations having successfully farmed out for a carry on well costs.

Finder continues to hold a portfolio of high quality drill-ready prospects in two of the world's premier hydrocarbon regions - the North West Shelf and the UK North Sea. Management's current focus is to farm out the leading prospects in our portfolio with multiple opportunities to secure partners for the next phase of drilling activity. The strength of the portfolio combined with the team's experience puts the Company in a strong position to achieve value-accretive farmout deals.

Prevailing industry conditions are supportive of our farmout efforts with strong oil and gas prices leading to record earnings in the sector, global energy shortages (the effects of which are being felt strongest in the UK and Western Europe) and growing acceptance that fossil fuels are a necessary part of the energy mix through the next decade and beyond.

Disciplined management of our cash resources is a critical part of ensuring shareholders have maximum leverage in well results. To this end, I am pleased to report that the financial results reported herein are in line with budget expectations and the guidance given in our prospectus. This ensures that the Company has sufficient cash to meet all of its commitments over the coming year with the potential for farmouts and other deals to extend our cash runway beyond the current forecast.

On behalf of my fellow Directors, I wish to congratulate management for their continued focus on technical excellence whilst actively seeking opportunities that will create value for shareholders. I also thank shareholders for their continued support and look forward to reporting the Company's progress as we look to implement our strategic plan as outlined above.



Bronwyn Barnes
Independent Non-Executive
Chairman



CEO'S REPORT

Finder has a large portfolio of exploration acreage in two of the world's premier hydrocarbon regions, the North West Shelf (NWS) and the United Kingdom (UK) North Sea (Figures 1 and 7). A summary of each of the Company's projects and activities for the reporting period is provided below.

Australia – North West Shelf

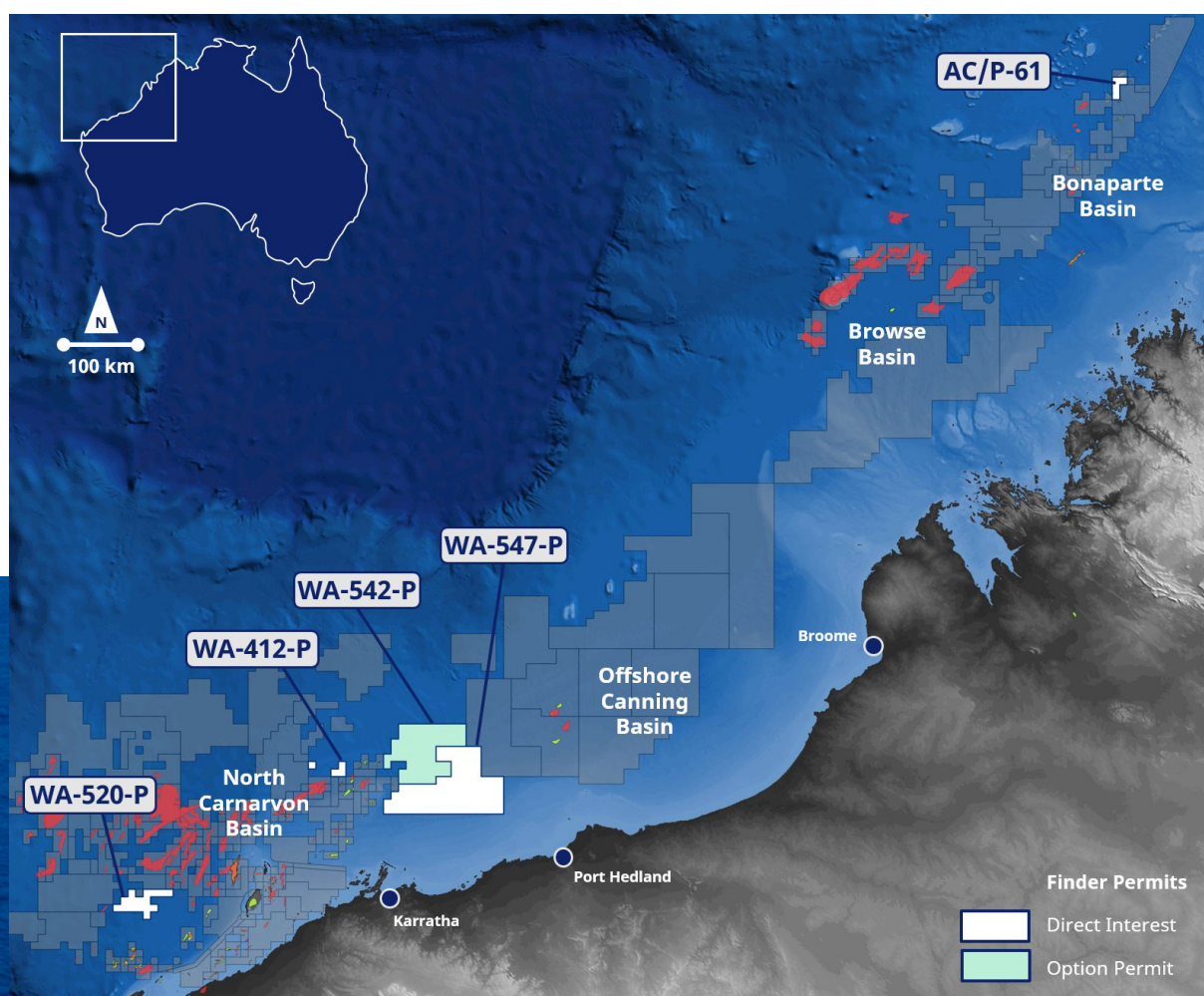


Figure 1 – Location map of NWS portfolio

AC/P 61 – GEM PROSPECT (FINDER 50% AND OPERATOR)

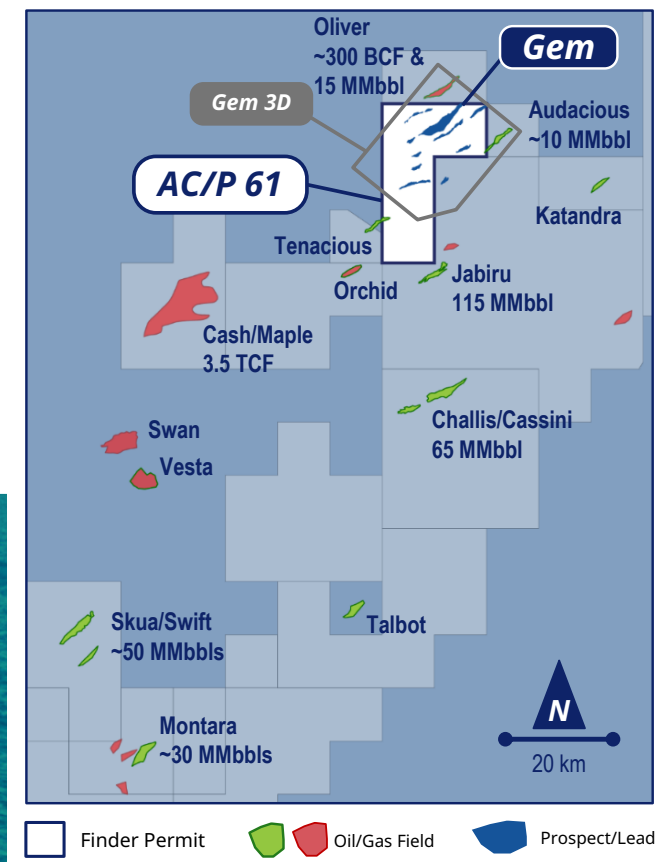
The AC/P 61 exploration permit is located within the prolific Vulcan Sub-basin and is surrounded by a number of light oil discoveries including the depleted Jabiru and Challis oil fields (~180 MMbbl oil produced) to the south as well as a number of stranded undeveloped fields such as Tenacious, Audacious and Oliver (see **Figure 2**).

The Gem Prospect has a Jurassic, Plover Formation reservoir objective sitting within a tilted fault block with direct access to hydrocarbon charge from the proven source kitchen of the Vulcan Sub-basin (Figure 3). The overlying Vulcan Formation shales provide a thick top seal for the trap (Figure 4). The Gem Prospect was independently reviewed by ERCE Australia Pty Ltd to have an estimated gross Best Case Prospective Resources of 137 MMbbl with a Chance of Success (COS) of 32%.

AC/P 61 Prospective Resource Estimate (MMbbl) Recoverable Oil (refer Independent Technical Specialist's Report dated 11 February 2022 located in Prospectus of 25 February 2022):

Prospect	Unrisked Prospective Oil Resources (MMbbl) ¹						Geological Chance of Success (COS) (%)
	Gross			Net			
	Low	Best	High	Low	Best	High	
Gem	46.1	136.8	319.9	23.0	68.4	160.0	32 %

1. The estimated quantities of petroleum that may potentially be recovered by the application of a future development project(s) relate to undiscovered accumulations. These estimates have both an associated risk of discovery and a risk of development. Further exploration appraisal and evaluation may be required to determine the existence of a significant quantity of potentially moveable hydrocarbons. These estimates should be considered in the context of the ERCE Independent Technical Specialist's Report dated 11 February 2022 located in Prospectus of 25 February 2022.



In 2020 the joint venture acquired the Gem 3D seismic survey and processed the data with a high-end workflow including full waveform inversion and depth processing. The new Gem 3D seismic data shows significant improvements in data quality compared to the existing vintage 3D seismic data which was acquired in the late 1990s. Interpretation of the new 3D seismic shows the Gem Prospect to be a robust structure with a best case mapped depth closure of 10.3 km² and 250 metres of vertical relief.

Various studies were progressed during the reporting period with positive results announced in September 2022 leading to the high grading of the Gem Prospect. These studies included a comprehensive analysis of the results of all wells in the area (over 50 wells), charge migration modelling as well as evaluation of the tie back potential of nearby stranded oil fields.

Finder is running a farmout process to secure a farmin partner to fund an exploration well to test the Gem Prospect.

Figure 2: Location map of AC/P 61 showing the Gem Prospect and nearby fields

Figure 4. Gem 3D seismic lines showing robust Gem Prospect trap interpretation and overlying proven regional seals.

WA-547-P – DORADO PLAY (FINDER 100% AND OPERATOR)

Exploration permit WA-547-P comprises an area of 7,260 km² (Figure 5). The permit is located along the Dorado play trend, one of the most active exploration areas in the NWS. Finder has identified three material prospects (Brees, Favre and Brady) and a number of satellite leads on the vintage 3D seismic data. Within the permit similar geological features including channel incisions, trapping geometry, bright seismic amplitudes and hydrocarbon chimneys have also been identified (Figure 6).

Further success in the Dorado trend came in March 2022 with the Santos operated Pavo-1 well discovering oil. Located only 46 km east of Dorado, the additional 43 MMbbl (2C) at Pavo is within tie back distance to the Dorado development. The Pavo and Dorado discoveries are analogous to the prospectivity identified by Finder in WA-547-P and the Pavo discovery has reinforced why this basin is currently considered Australia's leading hydrocarbon exploration province. Given the success in this play, Finder anticipates more exploration activity along this trend.

During the period Finder progressed environmental approvals for the Superbowl 3D seismic survey. The survey is designed to high grade the key prospects to drill ready status and satisfy work program commitments. Given the heightened exploration activity in the area, Finder is pursuing synergies to reduce the cost of its planned operations.

WA-547-P Prospective Resource Estimate (MMbbl) Recoverable Oil (refer Independent Technical Specialist's Report dated 11 February 2022 located in Prospectus of 25 February 2022):

Prospect	Unrisked Prospective Oil Resources (MMbbl) ¹						Geological Chance of Success (COS) (%)
	Gross			Net			
	Low	Best	High	Low	Best	High	
Favre	69.3	213.2	556.2	69.3	213.2	556.2	20 %
Brady	25.1	86.1	234.0	25.1	86.1	234.0	13 %
Brees-Barret	54.2	147.8	326.7	54.2	147.8	326.7	30 %
Brees-Caley	16.1	60.7	193.6	16.1	60.7	193.6	15 %

¹ The estimated quantities of petroleum that may potentially be recovered by the application of a future development project(s) relate to undiscovered accumulations. These estimates have both an associated risk of discovery and a risk of development. Further exploration appraisal and evaluation may be required to determine the existence of a significant quantity of potentially moveable hydrocarbons. These estimates should be considered in the context of the ERCE Independent Technical Specialist's Report dated 11 February 2022 located in Prospectus of 25 February 2022.



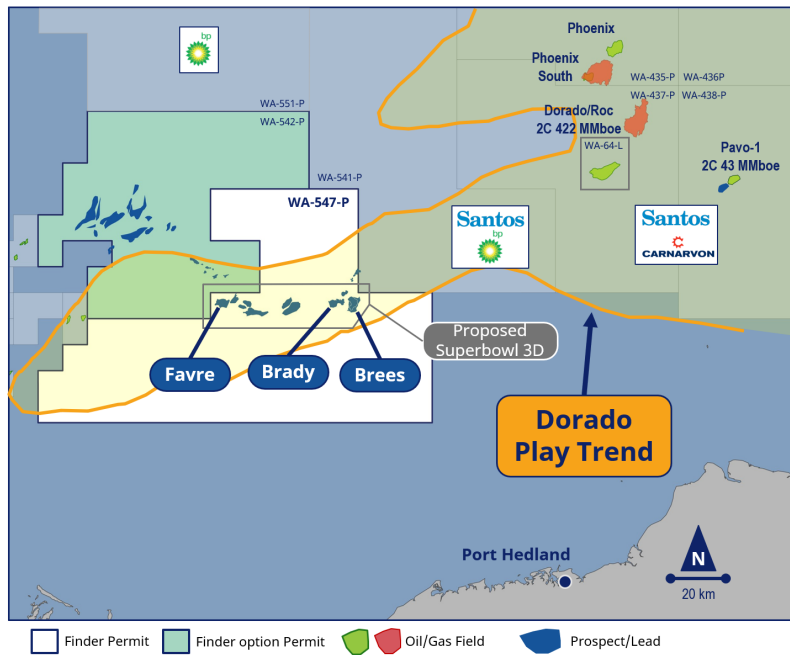


Figure 5 – WA-547-P location map showing Dorado play trend and key prospectivity

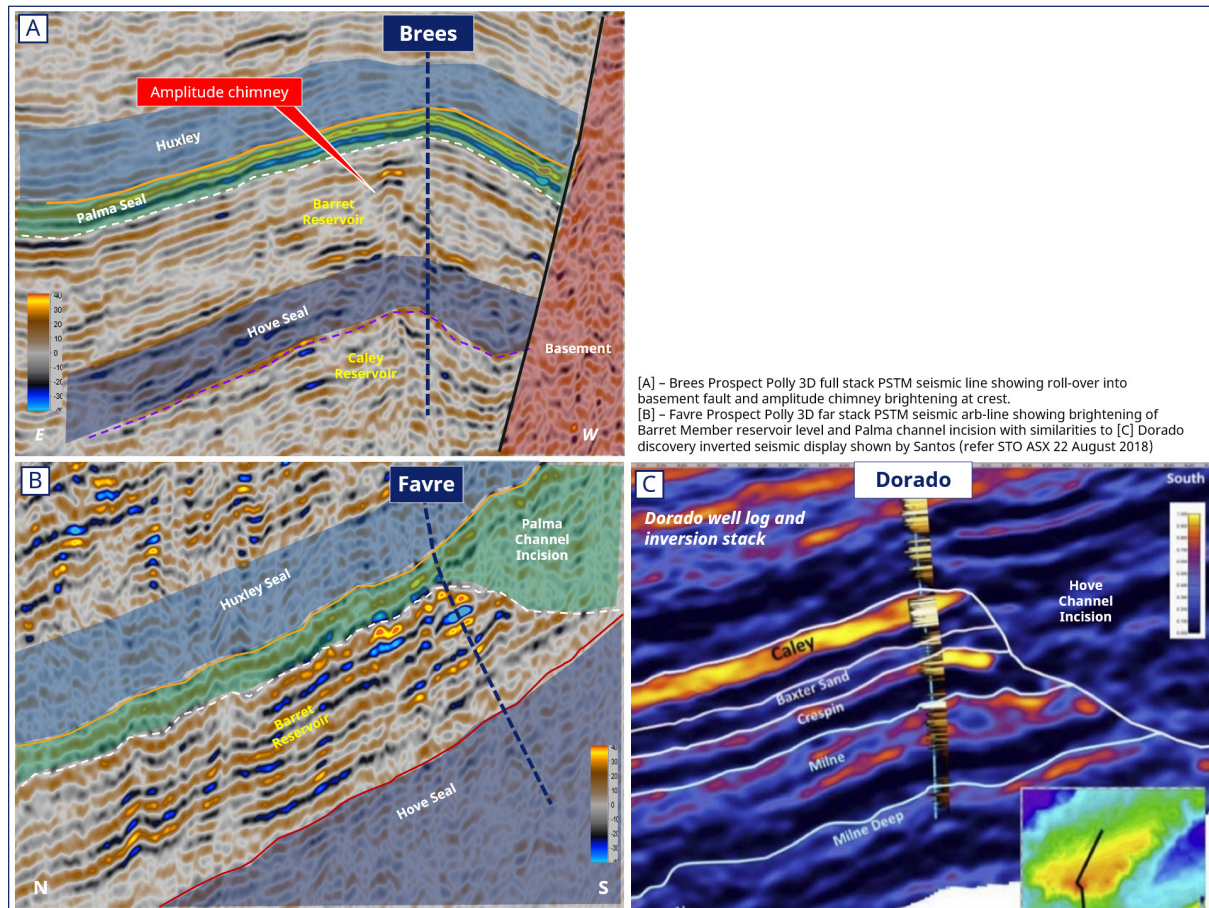


Figure 6

[A] – Brees Prospect Polly 3D full stack PSTM seismic line showing roll-over into basement fault and amplitude chimney brightening at crest.

[B] – Favre Prospect Polly 3D far stack PSTM seismic arb-line showing brightening of Barret Member reservoir level and Palma channel incision with similarities to [C] Dorado discovery inverted seismic display shown by Santos (refer STO ASX 22 August 2018)

Finder has an option to acquire a 100% interest in neighbouring WA-542-P. Finder intends to exercise this option only if a satisfactory solution can be found to meet work program commitments in the primary term, which includes 3D seismic acquisition.

WA-412-P – KANGA-1 EXPLORATION WELL (FINDER 15%)

The Kanga-1 exploration well was drilled in May 2022 with the Diamond Offshore Ocean Apex semi-submersible drilling rig. The well was drilled safely with no HSE incidents, however Kanga-1 failed to encounter commercial hydrocarbons. Whilst the well results were disappointing, Finder had minimal financial exposure in the well under farmout arrangements.

The well fulfills the WA-412-P exploration permit work commitments and with limited remaining prospectivity the permit will be relinquished. Finder has no forward expenditure commitments on the permit.



UK - North Sea

Finder has built a substantial acreage position in the North Sea (Figure 7). Our entry into the North Sea was well timed ahead of the current global energy crisis, the effects of which are being felt strongly in the UK and Western Europe and this is having a positive effect on North Sea exploration.

Supply constraints, strong oil and gas prices and tax incentives will drive exploration to replace depleting reserves. Finder believes that the lack of industry investment since the oil price collapse in 2014 will lead to a strong recovery as the industry looks to utilise spare capacity in existing infrastructure. Finder's Infrastructure-Led-Exploration (ILX) strategy means we are well positioned to take advantage of this recovery.

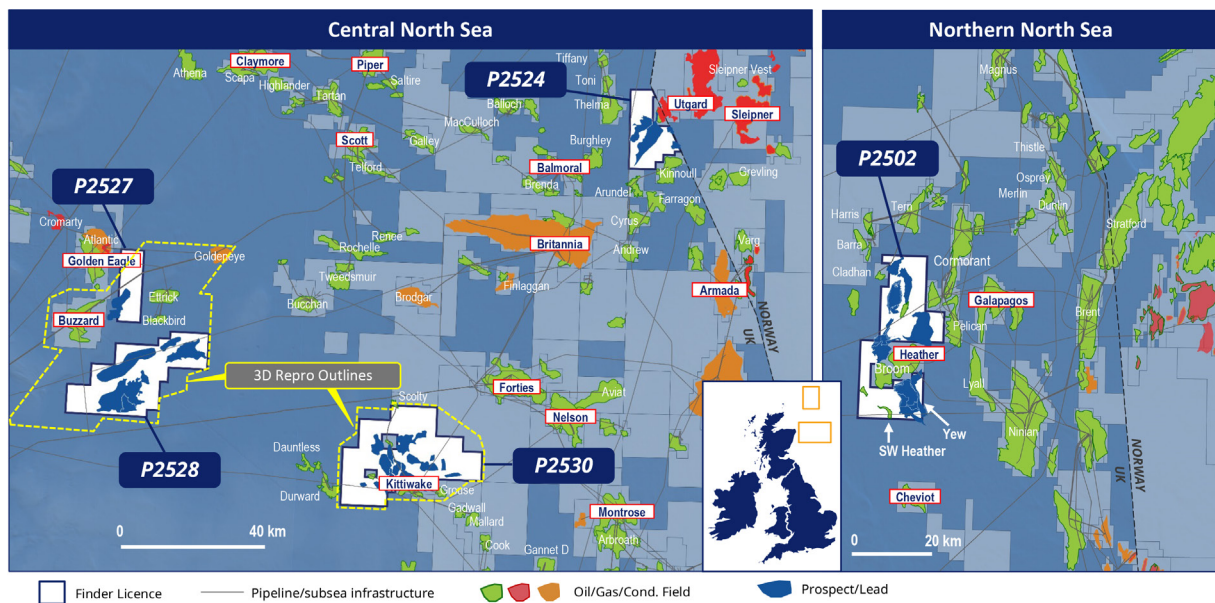


Figure 7 – Finder's UK North Sea portfolio

Finder continues to expand its extensive North Sea seismic and well database and has licenced several modern 3D seismic datasets across its UK portfolio. Finder recently completed two major 3D-reprocessing projects over P2527, P2528 and P2530 (see areas bounded by yellow dashed line in Figure 7).

The newly reprocessed data shows significant improvement in imaging at the target objectives. Interpretation and prospect generation on the new data is underway.

Detailed technical evaluation over exploration licences P2524 and P2502 continued during the period which is leading to a better understanding of prospects and risks. Resource estimates and risking of the key prospects are expected to be released on completion of this work.

Finder is actively seeking farmout partners on each of its UK licences.

Changes in the portfolio during the period included the acquisition of P2527 (refer ASX announcement 26 April 2022) and the relinquishment of P2317 as planned.

CARBON CAPTURE & STORAGE

Carbon Capture and Storage (CCS) offers an opportunity to mitigate global warming and associated negative impacts by capturing CO₂ that would otherwise be emitted into the atmosphere and injecting and storing it in deep geological formations.

Finder is currently evaluating CCS opportunities utilising its subsurface capabilities, high quality technical platform and data and has partnered with various specialist and industry groups to jointly evaluate CCS opportunities.

The North Sea is ideally located for CCS projects, being infrastructure rich and close to high carbon emitters in industrial centres in the UK and Western Europe. The legislative framework within Europe is advanced and there is strong support and cooperation from both governments and industry. There are a number of large depleted or late-life reservoirs, making it a natural choice for carbon storage.

Finder believes that participants in the oil and gas industry have a responsibility to participate in the decarbonisation of the world's industrial economies. Finder's approach focuses on large scale/low cost carbon storage which have the potential to make a meaningful contribution to achieving decarbonisation targets.

Yours faithfully



Damon Neaves
CEO



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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the 'consolidated entity') consisting of Finder Energy Holdings Limited (referred to hereafter as the 'Company' or 'Parent entity') and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 30 June 2022 ('Finder' or 'Group').

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company at any time or since the end of the financial period were:

Directors for Finder Energy Holdings Ltd	Appointment/Resignation
Damon Neaves	Appointed 25 January 2022
Shane Westlake	Appointed 25 January 2022
Bronwyn Barnes	Appointed 25 January 2022
Fred Wehr	Appointed 25 January 2022

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of Finder during the course of the financial year were oil and gas exploration in the North West Shelf off the coast of Western Australia and in the North Sea in the United Kingdom.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the activities of Finder during the year.

CORPORATE STRUCTURE

Finder Energy Holdings Limited is a publicly listed company that is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. On 8 April 2022 the Company was admitted to the official list of the Australian Securities Exchange Limited (ASX) following the successful raise of \$15,000,000. The head of the Group was Finder Operations Pty Ltd (Finder Operations) for the prior financial year and up until the incorporation of Finder Energy Holdings Limited on 25 January 2022. The Company then acquired Finder Operations and its subsidiaries on 22 March 2022 in consideration for 82,499,990 shares, becoming the parent entity of the Group. This acquisition is considered to be a common control transaction as both entities were subsidiaries of Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd at the time of the acquisition. The report has, unless otherwise stated, been prepared on the basis the Company was incorporated and the common control transaction had occurred from the beginning of the comparative period.

DIVIDENDS

There were no dividends paid or declared by the Company to shareholders during or since the end of the financial year.



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

OVERVIEW

The Group's loss after income tax for the year ended 30 June 2022 amounted to \$6,264,717 (2021: Loss \$2,007,424). Closing cash was \$10,699,419 with the Company remaining on track with the expenditure guidance given in the prospectus.

The loss for the year ended 30 June 2022 was adversely impacted by the tax expense (\$2,311,981) associated with consideration received (\$9,247,926) for the acquisition of WA-542-P held by Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd, a company owned by Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd.

This tax expense was funded by Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd as part of the pre-IPO restructure and not from IPO proceeds.

AUSTRALIA – NORTH WEST SHELF

The Company progressed various studies during the reporting period with positive results announced in September 2022 leading to the high grading of the Gem Prospect in the AC/P 61 permit in the Vulcan Sub-basin. These studies included a comprehensive analysis of the results of all wells in the area (over 50 wells), charge migration modelling as well as evaluation of the tie back potential of nearby stranded oil fields. These studies will be incorporated into the dataroom as part of the farmout process to secure a farmin partner to fund an exploration well.

Finder progressed environmental approvals for the Superbowl 3D seismic survey in WA-547-P located in the Dorado play trend. The survey is designed to high grade the key prospects to drill ready status and satisfy work program commitments. Given the heightened exploration activity in the area, the Group is pursuing synergies to reduce the cost of its planned operations.

The Kanga-1 exploration well was drilled in WA-412-P in May 2022 with the Diamond Offshore Ocean Apex semi-submersible drilling rig. The well was drilled safely with no HSE incidents, however Kanga-1 failed to encounter any commercial hydrocarbons. Whilst the well results were disappointing, Finder had minimal financial exposure in the well under farmout arrangements. The well fulfills the WA-412-P exploration permit work commitments and with limited remaining prospectively the permit will be relinquished. Finder has no forward expenditure commitments on the permit.

Changes to the Australian portfolio during the reporting period are outlined in note 25 to the financial statements.



UK NORTH SEA

In the UK, the Group acquired interests in 5 licenses through a combination of awards in the 32nd UK Offshore Licensing Round and acquisitions. Finder's entry into the UK has been well timed with a strong recovery in oil prices and a positive industry outlook.

Early strategic partnerships in the UK were formed with owners of proximate infrastructure, including a partnership with Harbour Energy Plc on P2524 and a farm down to Dana Petroleum (E&P) Limited on P2502.

Finder licensed 4,844 square kilometers of 3D seismic data over three licenses (P2317, P2524 and P2502) to integrate with the ongoing technical studies over the key prospectivity. 3D reprocessing projects also commenced over P2528 and P2530 with final data received in the first quarter of FY23. The newly reprocessed data shows significant improvement in imaging at the target objectives and interpretation and prospect generation on the new data is underway.

Detailed technical evaluation over exploration licences P2524 and P2502 continued during the period which is leading to a better understanding of prospects and risks. Resource estimates and risking of the key prospects are expected to be released in due course.

Finder is actively seeking farmout partners on each of its UK licences.

Changes in the UK portfolio during the period include the acquisition of P2527 (refer ASX announcement 26 April 2022) and the relinquishment of P2317 as planned.

Refer to note 25 to the financial statements for further detail on Finder's permit portfolio.

REVIEW OF PROSPECTS FOR FUTURE FINANCIAL YEARS

Finder's strategy is to create value in the exploration stage of the oil and gas asset lifecycle. Finder will continue to progress its activities in the NWS and has recently expanded into the UK North Sea where Finder has built a position proximate to existing infrastructure as part of its ILX strategy focused on low cost rapid tie-back potential.

There has been increasing concern by the public and regulators globally on climate change issues. As an oil and gas exploration company, Finder is exposed to both transition risks and physical risks associated with climate change.

Transitioning to a lower-carbon economy may entail extensive policy, legal, technology and market changes and, if demand for oil and gas declines, Finder may find it challenging to commercialise any resources it discovers. Physical risks resulting from climate change can be acute or chronic. Acute physical risks refer to those that are event-driven, including increased severity of extreme weather events, such as cyclones or floods. Chronic physical risks refer to longer term shifts in climate patterns (for example, sustained higher temperatures) that may cause sea level rises or chronic heat waves. The transition and physical risk associated with climate change (including also regulatory responses to such issues and associated costs) may significantly affect Finder's operating and financial performance.



RISKS SPECIFIC TO THE COMPANY

(A) COMPANY'S BUSINESS STRATEGY IS SPECULATIVE

While the Directors will, to the best of their knowledge, experience and ability (together with senior management) endeavour to anticipate, identify and manage the risks inherent in the activities of the Company, with the aim of eliminating, avoiding and mitigating the impact of risks on the performance of the Company and its business operations. The Group's ability to manage risks may be affected by matters outside their control given the nature of oil and gas exploration and no assurance can be given that the Directors and management of the Company will be successful in these endeavours.

(B) PERMITS AND LICENCES

Finder is required to comply with a range of laws to retain its permits and licences and periodically renew them. Each permit and licence also has its own specific exploration and expenditure requirements that Finder must satisfy. Even if specific requirements are met, there is no certainty that an application for grant or renewal of a permit or licence will be approved, or approved on satisfactory terms or within expected timeframes.

Finder has no renewal applications pending in relation to its permits and licences.

The laws relating to permits and licences are complex. Non-compliance with them, or changes in the interpretation of such laws, could lead to the revocation of Finder's permits and licences and Finder cannot guarantee current permits and licences will be renewed or future permits will be granted.

(C) EXPLORATION RISK

Key to Finder's financial performance is to have success in exploring for and locating commercial hydrocarbons. Exploration is subject to technical risks and uncertainty of outcome. Finder may not find any or sufficient hydrocarbon reserves and resources to develop and commercialise.

It is possible drilling will result in dry holes or not result in the discovery of commercially feasible oil and gas. Wells may not be productive, or they may not provide sufficient revenues to return a profit after accounting for associated costs. The cost of drilling, completing, equipping and operating wells is typically uncertain until after completion of all operations needed under the drilling program. Moreover, any prospective investor should note Finder has a history of relinquishing acreage and rationalising its portfolio over time. Finder and its permit partners are required to meet permit expenditure and rehabilitation obligations prior to exiting the relevant permit but subject to applicable law and regulations, Finder may be responsible for the rehabilitation costs of its operations beyond desktop and seismic studies.

Finder's ability to conduct exploration activities depends, among other things, on the availability of certain equipment, including drilling rigs. If the Company is unable to source appropriate equipment economically or at all, this may have a material adverse effect on the Company's exploration activities.

The exploration costs of the Company are based on certain assumptions with respect to the method and timing of exploration. By their nature, estimates and assumptions are subject to significant uncertainties so the actual costs may differ significantly. This may adversely affect the Company's viability.

(D) INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Outbreaks of pandemics or diseases, including, for example, the outbreak of COVID-19, may have a material adverse effect on Finder's business. Global economic uncertainty may continue to have a significant impact on capital markets and share price.

(E) COUNTERPARTY EXPOSURE AND JOINT VENTURES

The Company's business model is dependent on identifying and introducing joint venture partners to fund high impact activities and recover past costs. Whilst Finder hedges counterparty risk by dealing with well-funded, established and credentialed operating counterparties, the financial performance of the Company is subject to those counterparties or joint venture partners continuing to perform their respective obligations under various contracts. If one of the Company's counterparties or joint venture partners fails to adequately perform contractual obligations, this may result in loss of earnings, termination of particular contracts, disputes and/or litigation, which may adversely affect the Company's financial performance and business operations.

(F) FUNDING RISK

Exploration and development of hydrocarbon reserves and resources require significant capital and operational expenditure.

The Company does not have producing assets and generates cash flow on farmouts and asset sales. Future cash

flow depends on successful farmouts, exploration, development and production activities. Finder seeks to mitigate this funding risk through the structuring of its farmout arrangements.

Finder may require funding for future commitments. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain funding as and when required on commercially acceptable terms, or at all. If access to funding is not available, Finder may not be able to take advantage of opportunities. Failure to obtain funding on a timely basis and on reasonably acceptable terms may also cause Finder to relinquish or forfeit rights in relation to the Company's assets or delay or cancel projects, adversely impacting its operational and financial performance.

Finder has in the past taken the position to relinquish or reduce its relevant interests in permits in return for a royalty interest on discoveries for these reasons. Also, debt financing may involve restrictions on assets and operational activities and equity financing may be dilutive to shareholders.

(G) RESERVES AND RESOURCES

Estimating hydrocarbon reserves and resources is subject to significant uncertainties associated with technical data and the interpretation of that data, future commodity prices and development and operating costs. There can be no guarantee that Finder will successfully produce the volume of hydrocarbons that it estimates as reserves or that hydrocarbon resources will be successfully converted to reserves. Estimates may alter significantly or become more uncertain when new information becomes available due to, for example, additional drilling or production tests over the life of field. As estimates change, development and production plans may also vary. Downward revision of reserves and resources estimates may adversely affect Finder's operational or financial performance.

Further, there is no guarantee that recovered resources or reserves will be commercially viable for development.

(H) REGULATORY RISK

Finder's operations are subject to Australian and UK regulatory requirements. Finder and its joint venture partners must comply with relevant laws and regulations as they apply to the environment, tenure, land access, landholders and native title holders. Non-compliance with these laws and regulations and any special licence conditions could result in suspension of operations, loss of permits or financial penalties. Non-compliance may impact Finder's ability to commercialise or retain its assets, which may in turn impact the Company's operational and financial performance.

Changes to applicable legal and regulatory requirements (including, for example, new requirements relating to climate change, environmental protection and energy policy) may restrict or affect Finder's right or ability to conduct its exploration and development activities.

(I) ECONOMIC RISKS

The operating and financial performance of the Company is influenced by a variety of general domestic and global economic conditions that are outside the control of the Company. There is a risk that prolonged deterioration in general economic conditions may impact the demand for petroleum and negatively impact the Company's financial position, cash flows, ability to fund work programs, its growth prospects and share price.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of the directors, apart from being admitted to the ASX on 8th April 2022, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the financial year.

MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

There are not considered any material developments impacting the Company since the end of the financial year.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Further information about likely developments in the operations of the Group and the expected results of those operations in future financial years has not been included in this report because disclosure of the information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The operations of the Group are subject to environmental regulation under relevant Australian and Western Australian, and UK's legislation in relation to its exploration activities.

National Offshore Petroleum Safety and Environmental Management Authority (NOPSEMA) is the primary regulator for offshore petroleum operational activities in Australian Commonwealth waters and the Oil and Gas Authority (OGA) regulates the exploration and development of the UK's offshore and onshore oil and gas resources.

The Group complies with relevant environmental regulations with no breaches having occurred in relation to environmental issues up to the date of this report.

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

NAME:
BRONWYN BARNES (APPOINTED ON 25 JANUARY 2022)
TITLE:
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN
QUALIFICATIONS:
B.A., GRAD DIP BUS, GAICD
EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE:

Bronwyn has had an extensive career in the resources sector, having worked with companies ranging from Western Mining Corporation and BHP to emerging juniors in directorship, executive leadership and operational roles, in Australia and internationally. Bronwyn is currently Executive Chairman of Indiana Resources (ASX: IDA), Non-Executive Director of Synergy (Electricity Generation and Retail Corporation), a Non-Executive Chairman of Scorpion Minerals Pty Ltd (ASX: SCN) and a Non-Executive Chairman of Aerison Holdings Pty Ltd (ASX: AE1).

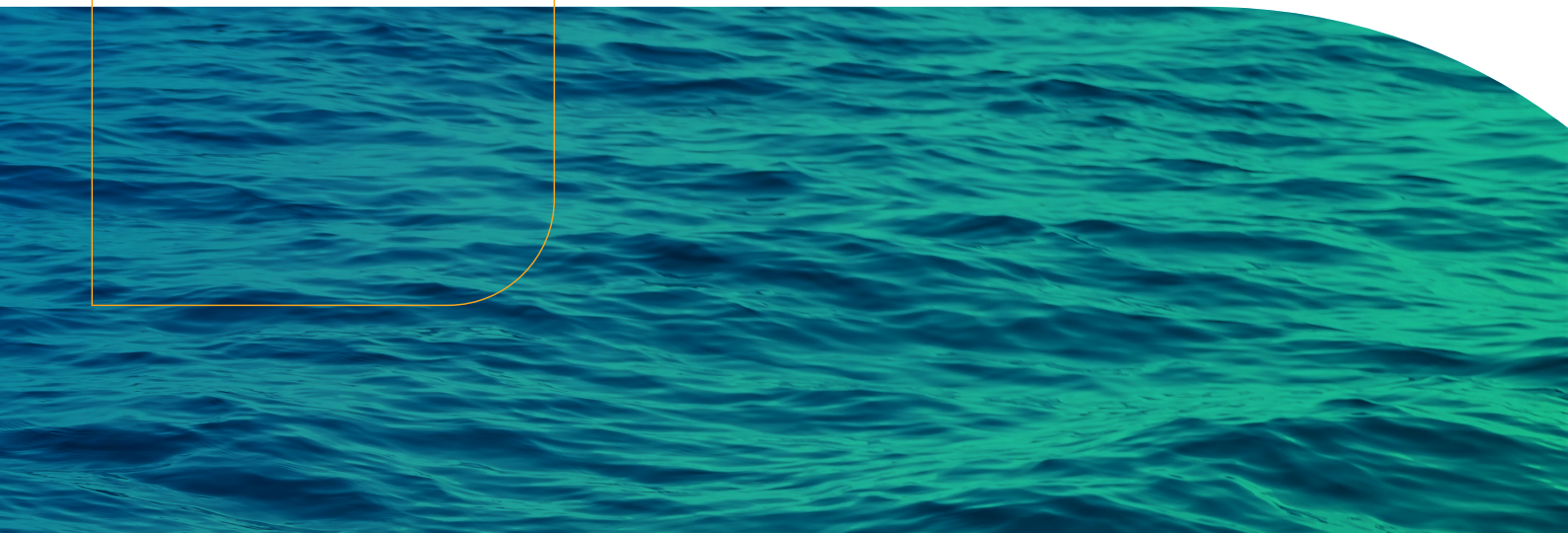
Bronwyn is also a member of the South Australian Minerals and Energy Advisory Council (MEAC) and a Member of the Board of Management of the Foundation for St Mary's Anglican Girls School.

NAME:
DAMON NEAVES (APPOINTED ON 25 JANUARY 2022)
TITLE:
MANAGING DIRECTOR AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
QUALIFICATIONS:
LLB (AUSTRALIA), BCOMM (AUSTRALIA), ASIA (AUSTRALIA)
EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE:

Damon has over 18 years' experience in leadership roles as an oil and gas executive responsible for overall company performance and growth in both private and ASX-listed companies.

Damon has extensive experience in international oil and gas projects in Asia Pacific, Africa and Europe, including Australia, New Zealand, Thailand, Indonesia, Brunei, the Philippines, Ghana, Morocco, Gabon, Madagascar and United Kingdom. Damon's experience spans the full cycle of the oil and gas business from new ventures, exploration, development and production.

Damon brings an active approach to business development with significant transactional experience in the energy sector in mergers, acquisitions, new ventures and farmouts as well as project management experience in commercialising oil and gas in the NWS. Damon has previously held board positions with ASX-listed Tap Oil Limited (Chair) and Pura Vida Energy NL (Managing Director).



NAME: SHANE WESTLAKE (APPOINTED ON 25 JANUARY 2022)

TITLE: TECHNICAL DIRECTOR

QUALIFICATIONS: M SCI GEOSCIENCE (UK)

EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE:

Shane is a petroleum geophysicist with 20 years' experience in executive management roles in the energy sector. Joining Finder Exploration Pty Ltd in 2007, Shane has led the management team in building Finder's high-quality acreage position and has overseen significant value-accretive transactions, including farmouts with leading industry peers.

He is an experienced and seasoned oil and gas explorer across multiple disciplines, including new ventures, prospect maturation and drilling, with extensive experience working in Australia and around the globe on projects in the Americas, Europe, Africa and Asia Pacific.

Shane is the author and co-author of a number of technical papers, an expert in his field of work and a proven prospect generator with a track record of finding oil and gas and executing commercial deals.

NAME: FRED WEHR (APPOINTED ON 25 JANUARY 2022)

TITLE: INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

QUALIFICATIONS: PHD IN GEOSCIENCE (USA), BSC IN GEOLOGY (USA)

EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE:

Fred has had a 38-year, worldwide career in the upstream oil and gas sector, from a research role at Exxon to operational and management positions in Apache and Quadrant Energy. He managed successful exploration programs in Egypt and Australia for Apache and later Quadrant energy. Fred led the team that made the Dorado discovery in 2018, one of the largest oil finds on the NWS.

Fred currently is the sole director of Wehr Advisory Pty Ltd, providing technical and commercial advice in the upstream oil and gas sector to selected clients. He is a member of the Petroleum Exploration Society of Australia (PESA), the American Association of Petroleum Geologists (AAPG), and a graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (GAICD).

Fred has a PhD in geoscience from Virginia Tech in the United States and holds both Australian and United States citizenship.

COMPANY SECRETARY

ANTHONY BENINO (B. BUS, CA, AGIA, ACIS)

Anthony has over 32 years' experience as an accounting, finance and risk management professional.

Anthony commenced his career as a Chartered Accountant and worked with PwC in their Perth and London offices providing professional advisory services across a range of industries including financial services, mining, insurance and telecommunications.

He has held roles as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary at a number of ASX listed companies.

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

The number of meetings of the Company's Board of Directors (the Board) and of each Board committee held during the year ended 30 June 2022, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Full board	
	Attended	Held*
Bronwyn Barnes	4	4
Damon Neaves	4	4
Shane Westlake	4	4
Fred Wehr	4	4

Held represents the number of meetings held and eligible to attend during the time the director held office.

*There were no meetings held prior to the common control transaction.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The remuneration report details the key management personnel (KMP) remuneration arrangements for the consolidated entity, in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and its Regulations.

KMP are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including all directors.

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- Details of statutory remuneration
- Service agreements
- Share-based compensation
- Additional disclosures relating to KMP

PRINCIPLES USED TO DETERMINE THE NATURE AND AMOUNT OF REMUNERATION

The Board is responsible for determining and reviewing compensation arrangements for the KMP. The Board assesses the appropriateness of the nature and amount of emoluments of such officers on a yearly basis by reference to relevant employment market conditions with the overall objective of ensuring maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of a high-quality board and executive team. The expected outcome of this remuneration structure is to retain and motivate KMP.

The Company will not have a separate remuneration and nomination committee until such time as the Board is of a sufficient size and structure, and the Company's operations are of a sufficient magnitude for a separate committee to be of benefit to the Company. In the meantime, the full Board will carry out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to that committee under the written terms of reference for that committee, including but not limited to, reviewing remuneration packages for directors and KMP, reviewing Board composition, administering incentive plans and ensuring adequate succession plans are in place.

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of non-executive director, executive director and executives' remuneration is separate.

Non-Executive Directors remuneration

Fees and payments to non-executive directors reflect the demands and responsibilities of their role. Non-executive directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Board. The chairman's fees are determined independently to the fees of other non-executive directors based on comparative roles in the external market. The chairman is not present at any discussions relating to the determination of her own remuneration. Non-executive directors were also granted Alignment Options in relation to their appointments to the Board.

The Company's Constitution provides that the remuneration of non-executive directors in total in any year will be not more than the aggregate fixed sum determined by a general meeting. The current limit approved by shareholders in the general meeting on 14 February 2022 is, in addition to any other securities approved by shareholders in the future, \$300,000 (exclusive of superannuation) per annum.

Executive remuneration

The Company aims to reward executives based on their position and responsibility, with a level and mix of remuneration which has both fixed and variable components.

The executive remuneration and reward framework has four components:

- base pay
- short-term performance incentives
- share-based payments
- other remuneration such as superannuation and long service leave

The combination of these comprises the executive's total remuneration.

Fixed remuneration, consisting of base salary, superannuation and other fringe benefits, are reviewed annually by the Board based on individual and business performance, the overall performance of the Company and comparable market remunerations.

The short-term incentives (STI) program is designed to align management performance with shareholder interests. The Company will determine, in its absolute discretion, whether the executives are entitled, having regard to their performance, to a short-term incentive payment under the Company's STI program.

The long-term incentives (LTI) include long service leave and share-based payments. Shares are awarded to executives over a period of three years based on long-term incentive measures. The Board will review the long-term equity-linked performance incentives specifically for executives on a yearly basis.

CONSEQUENCES ON SHAREHOLDER WEALTH

In considering the Group's performance and benefits for shareholder wealth, the Board have regard to the following indices in respect of the current financial year and the previous financial years.

	2022	2021
Profit (Loss) attributable to owners of the Company	(6,258,858)	(2,003,113)
Dividends paid	Nil	Nil
Operating income growth	N/A	N/A
Change in share price	(\$0.12)*	N/A
Return on capital employed	Nil	Nil

Two years presented. Earlier years have not been presented due to the formation of the Group and IPO process.

* Movement reflects change in share price from listing on 8 April 2022

DETAILS OF STATUTORY REMUNERATION

Amounts of remuneration

Details of the remuneration of KMP of the consolidated entity are set out in the following tables.

The KMP of the Company consisted of the following directors of Finder Energy Holdings Limited:

- Bronwyn Barnes- Independent Non-Executive Chairman
- Damon Neaves- Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
- Shane Westlake- Technical Director
- Fred Wehr- Independent Non-Executive Director

And the following personnel who are not Directors of the Company:

- Anthony Benino, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary;
- Aaron Bond, Exploration Manager.

There have been no changes to KMP since the end of the reporting period.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF REMUNERATION REPORT

Finder Energy Holdings Limited is a publicly listed company that is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. On 8 April 2022, the Company was admitted to the official list of the ASX following the successful raise of \$15,000,000. The head of the Group was Finder Operations Pty Ltd (Finder Operations) for the prior financial year and up until the incorporation of Finder Energy Holdings Limited on 25 January 2022. The Company then acquired Finder Operations and its subsidiaries from Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd on 22 March 2022 for consideration of 82,499,990 shares in the Company, becoming the parent entity of the Group. This acquisition is considered to be a common control transaction as both entities were subsidiaries of Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd at the time of the acquisition. The report has, unless otherwise stated, been prepared on the basis that the Company was incorporated and the common control transaction had occurred from the beginning of the comparative period.

As a result, the remuneration report has been prepared for the full 2022 year ending 30 June 2022, rather than from the date of listing, reflecting the Group being a continuation of the pre-existing Finder Operations group.

The KMP of the Group for the 2022 and 2021 financial years were as follows:

KMP	Basis for presentation
<i>Bronwyn Barnes</i>	Company director appointed 25 January 2022. Remuneration presented from point of appointment.
<i>Fred Wehr</i>	Company director appointed 25 January 2022. Remuneration presented from point of appointment.
<i>Damon Neaves</i>	Remuneration presented for entire 2022 and 2021 reflecting executive role for Finder Operations Pty Ltd prior to the common control transaction and portion of 2021 as a KMP of the same entity.
<i>Shane Westlake</i>	Remuneration presented for entire 2022 and 2021 reflecting executive role for Finder Operations Pty Ltd prior to the common control transaction and portion of 2021 as a KMP of the same entity.
<i>Anthony Benino</i>	Remuneration presented for entire 2022 and 2021 reflecting executive role for Finder Operations Pty Ltd prior to common control transaction. This role has been presented on a consistent 0.5 FTE basis.
<i>Aaron Bond</i>	Remuneration presented for 2021 and 2022 reflecting executive role for Finder Operations Pty Ltd prior to common control transaction.



		Short-term benefits			Post-Employment benefits		Share-based payments		Total remuneration	Performance related	
		Base salary and fees	Cash bonus ²	Non Monetary Benefits	Long service leave entitlements	Annual leave entitlements	Superannuation	Options			Performance rights
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	
Non-Executive Directors:¹											
Bronwyn Barnes	2022	16,150	-	-	-	-	1,625	100,800	-	118,675	0%
	2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fred Wehr	2022	10,000	-	-	-	-	1,000	44,100	-	55,100	0%
	2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Executive Directors:³											
Damon Neaves ³	2022	302,108	24,000	3,639	-	6,154	5,892	-	91,250	433,043	21%
	2021	262,500	-	3,304	-	-	-	-	-	265,804	0%
Shane Westlake ²	2022	341,824	-	3,639	5,834	5,737	25,625	-	60,833	443,492	14%
	2021	322,990	-	3,304	6,065	23,885	25,000	-	-	381,244	0%
Other Key Management Personnel:³											
Anthony Benino ³	2022	222,144	-	3,639	-	1,846	4,000	-	30,417	262,046	12%
	2021	238,013	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	238,013	-
Aaron Bond ³	2022	277,650	-	3,639	5,334	22,564	26,325	-	60,833	396,346	15%
	2021	219,153	-	3,441	4,375	25,847	23,275	-	-	276,091	0%

¹ Bronwyn Barnes and Fred Wehr were appointed Directors on incorporation of Finder Energy Holdings Limited. Therefore, there is no comparative period remuneration relating to their services. Former director Jan Ostby did not receive any remuneration for services as a director of Finder Energy Holdings Limited.

² Cash bonus is in recognition of individual performance in line with the stipulated STI terms set in the employee contract. The maximum bonus values are established in employee contracts and amounts payable are determined after the final month of the financial year by the Board.

³ The remuneration report has been presented to include current period and comparative period data consistent with the basis of preparation of the financial report. Executives' remuneration reflects the amounts earned in their KMP roles for Finder Operations Pty Ltd up to the date of the common control transaction where they became a KMP of Finder Energy Holdings Limited. Refer to note 2 of the financial statements for common control transaction details. Remuneration agreements in place following the listing process for the Group are set out below.

SERVICE AGREEMENTS

Remuneration and other terms of employment for KMP are formalised in service agreements. Details of these agreements are as follows:

- (i) Damon Neaves, Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer is engaged as a full time employee. Termination by the Company is with 6 months' notice or payment in lieu thereof. A short-term incentive is payable on termination of employment in circumstances which are an exception to the rule that Mr Neaves must be employed (and not working out his notice period) when the Board determines the short term incentive payment for the relevant calendar year. Termination by Mr Neaves is with 3 months' notice.
- (ii) Shane Westlake, Technical Director, is engaged as 50% of a full time equivalent employee. Termination by the Company is with 6 months' notice or payment in lieu thereof. A short-term incentive is payable on termination of employment in circumstances which are an exception to the rule that Mr Westlake must be employed (and not working out his notice period) when the Board determines the short term incentive payment for the relevant calendar year. Termination by Mr Westlake is with 3 months' notice.
- (iii) Anthony Benino, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary is engaged as 50% of a full-time equivalent employee. Termination by the Company is with 3 months' notice or payment in lieu thereof. Termination by Mr Benino is with 3 months' notice..
- (iv) Aaron Bond, Exploration Manager, is engaged as a full time employee. Termination by the Company is with 3 months' notice or payment in lieu thereof. Termination by Mr Bond is with 3 months' notice.e.
- (v) Non- Executive Directors:
On appointment to the Board, all Non-Executive Directors enter into a service agreement with the Group in the form of a letter of appointment. The letter summarizes the Board's policies and terms, including compensation, relevant to the director. The engagements will continue until validly terminated in accordance with their terms, including where the director is not re-elected by shareholders at a meeting where they are required to seek re-election

The directors' and KMP receive the following remuneration on an annual basis from admission to ASX:

Director/ KMP	Remuneration (excluding superannuation)
Bronwyn Barnes	\$65,000
Fred Wehr	\$40,000
Damon Neaves	\$320,000
Shane Westlake	\$200,000
Aaron Bond	\$320,000
Anthony Benino	\$160,000

SHORT TERM INCENTIVES

Executive directors, KMP and selected other employees of the Company are eligible to participate in Finder's Short-Term Incentive Plan (STIP).

Participants in the STIP have a target cash payment which is set as a percentage of their fixed remuneration (being a maximum of 50% for executive directors, 40% for senior management, and either 10%, 20% or 30% for other employees, depending on their role and level of seniority within the Company). Actual short term incentive payments in any given year may be at, above or below target depending on the achievement of financial and non-financial criteria as set by the Board, in accordance with the terms of the STIP, which may be varied from time-to-time by the Board. The weighting of the financial and non-financial components of the incentive varies depending on the person's level of seniority, with the incentive more heavily weighted to the financial component as seniority increases.

Executive	Maximum STI %	STI % achieved
Damon Neaves	50%	15%
Shane Westlake	50%	Nil
Aaron Bond	40%	Nil
Anthony Benino	40%	Nil

LONG TERM INCENTIVES

Executives participate in the Group's long term incentive plan, which entitles them to receive performance rights which will vest if certain milestones are achieved. Refer to the Performance Rights section of the remuneration report below for further details.

KMP have no entitlement to termination payments in circumstances warranting summary dismissal including, for example, serious misconduct or serious or persistent breach of duties or the terms of the agreement.

SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Options

Details of options over ordinary shares in the Company that were granted as compensation to directors or KMP during the reporting periods and options that vested or were cancelled are as follows:

	Balance at the start of period	Granted during the period	Value of options granted (\$)	Total Options vested for the period	Options cancelled for the period	Options available for vesting in future periods
Non-Executive Directors:						
Bronwyn Barnes	-	800,000	100,800	800,000	-	-
Fred Wehr	-	350,000	44,100	350,000	-	-
Executive Directors:						
Damon Neaves	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shane Westlake	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Key Management Personnel:						
Anthony Benino	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aaron Bond	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	1,150,000	144,900	1,150,000	-	-

1,150,000 options have been issued to non-executive directors with an exercise price of \$0.30 expiring on 8 April 2026. The options have been valued at \$144,900 based on the fair value of \$0.13 per option using an independent Black Scholes option pricing model. There are no vesting conditions attached to these options which vested immediately upon the Company being officially listed on the ASX. See Note 27 in the attached financial statements for further information such as share price and volatility. These options had not been exercised as at 30 June 2022.

Performance rights

Details of performance rights over ordinary shares in the Company that were granted as compensation to directors or KMP during the reporting period and performance rights that vested or were cancelled are as follows:

	Grant Date	Number Granted	Expiry date	Exercise price	Fair value at grant date*	Total value vested or exercised
Executive Directors:						
Damon Neaves						
Share price target	08/04/2022	3,000,000	08/04/2027	-	547,500	-
Value creation target	08/04/2022	3,000,000	08/04/2027	-	547,500	-
Shane Westlake						
Share price target	08/04/2022	2,000,000	08/04/2027	-	365,000	-
Value creation target	08/04/2022	2,000,000	08/04/2027	-	365,000	-
Other Key Management Personnel:						
Anthony Benino						
Share price target	08/04/2022	1,000,000	08/04/2027	-	182,500	
Value creation target	08/04/2022	1,000,000	08/04/2027	-	182,500	
Aaron Bond						
Share price target	08/04/2022	2,000,000	08/04/2027		365,000	
Value creation target	08/04/2022	2,000,000	08/04/2027		365,000	
16,000,000					\$ 2,920,000	-

*The value at grant date has been calculated in accordance with AASB 2 Share-based payments.

There were nil performance right holdings at the start of the period. Each performance right is exercisable into one fully paid ordinary share upon satisfaction of the relevant vesting conditions until the expiry date. The value of performance rights is allocated to remuneration over the vesting period. No performance rights were forfeited in the current period. Performance rights are assumed to vest in 2025.

Vesting conditions:

Performance Rights will vest if and when either of the following conditions are achieved:

(a) Share Price Target:

50% of the total number of the holder's Performance Rights which vest upon the share price target being achieved is dependent upon the share price growth percentage based on the Company's 30-day volume weighted average price (VWAP) at the end of each calendar quarter against the Offer price of \$0.20 per share for a 36-month period (Testing Period) since admission to ASX on 8th April 2022 in accordance with the following vesting schedule:

Share Price Growth from Offer Price	Vesting Percentage of the share price growth performance rights
35% or more	One third
55% or more	One third
75% or more	One third

(b) Value Creation Target:

50% of the total number of Performance Rights held by the holder will vest upon the achievement and announcement by the Company to the ASX of one of any of the following key strategic objectives, in each case, as verified by a suitably qualified independent expert (each a milestone, and up to a maximum of achieving three milestones) during the Testing Period:

- i each material discovery;
- ii each material farmout agreement entered into by the Company; and
- iii any other material transaction (including value-accretive acquisitions) or combination of material transactions entered by the Company.

Any such discovery, farmout or transaction will constitute a Value Creation Event.

A discovery, farmout or transaction will be considered material and a milestone achieved if it:

- i creates value net to the Company of at least \$4.0 million through recovery of back costs, cash payments, estimated net partner expenditure (other than drilling expenditure); or
- ii has a Net Present Value (NPV) (with a 10% discount rate) net to the Company of at least \$9.45 million and has an Internal Rate of Return (IRR) of at least 20%,

Except that in circumstances where the value created by a single discovery, farmout or transaction results in a doubling of the Value Creation Targets (as determined by (iv) or (v) above), two milestones will be considered achieved such that two sixths of the holder's Performance Rights will vest.

(c) Vesting on change of control

- i an offer being made for Shares pursuant to a takeover bid under Chapter 6 of the Corporations Act and is, or is declared, unconditional; or
- ii the Court sanctioning under Part 5.1 of the Corporations Act a compromise or arrangement relating to the Company or a compromise or arrangement proposed for the purposes of or in connection with a scheme for the reconstruction of the Company or its amalgamation with any other company or companies; or
- iii any other merger, consolidation or amalgamation involving the Company occurs which results in the holders of Shares immediately prior to the merger, consolidation or amalgamation being entitled to 50% or less of the voting shares in the body corporate resulting from the merger, consolidation or amalgamation (each event in (i)-(iii), a Change in Control Event),

the Board may in its sole and absolute discretion, and subject to the Listing Rules and applicable laws determine how unvested Performance Rights held by a holder will be treated.

All performance rights have a service period consistent with the vesting period.

The Board may clawback vested shares, options and performance rights if the Board becomes aware of a material misstatement in the Company's financial statements or some other event has occurred which, as a result, means the vesting conditions were not or should not have been determined to have been satisfied.

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES RELATING TO KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Shareholding

The number of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director and other members of KMP of the Company, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of period	Received as part of remuneration	Additions	Disposals/ other	Balance at the end of the period
Non-Executive Directors:					
Bronwyn Barnes	-	-	-	-	-
Fred Wehr	-	-	-	-	-
Executive Directors:					
Damon Neaves	-	-	250,000	-	250,000
Shane Westlake	-	-	250,000	-	250,000
Other Key Management Personnel:					
Anthony Benino	-	-	125,000	-	125,000
Aaron Bond	-	-	125,000	-	125,000
	-	-	750,000	-	750,000

There has been no change to the number of shares in the Company held by each director and other members of KMP of the Company, including their personally related parties from 30 June 2022 to date of the audit report.



Options and rights over equity instruments

	Balance held at 1 July 2021	Granted as compensation	Exercised	Lapsed / Forfeited	Held at 30 June 2022	Vested during the year	Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2022
Options							
Non-Executive Directors:							
Bronwyn Barnes	-	800,000	-	-	800,000	800,000	800,000
Fred Wehr	-	350,000	-	-	350,000	350,000	350,000
Executive Directors:							
Damon Neaves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shane Westlake	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Key Management Personnel:							
Anthony Benino	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aaron Bond	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Performance Rights							
Non-Executive Directors:							
Bronwyn Barnes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fred Wehr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Executive Directors:							
Damon Neaves	-	6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000	-	-
Shane Westlake	-	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000	-	-
Other Key Management Personnel:							
Anthony Benino	-	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	-	-
Aaron Bond	-	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000	-	-

Other transactions with KMP

A number of KMP or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control, or joint control, over the financial or operating policies of those entities. A number of these entities transacted with the Group during the year. The terms and conditions of the transactions with KMP and their related parties were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be available, in similar transactions to non-KMP related entities on an arm's length basis unless otherwise stated.

End of remuneration report

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE OF OFFICERS

The Company has indemnified the directors and executives of the Company for costs incurred, in their capacity as a director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable, except where there is a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors and executives of the Company against a liability to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE OF AUDITOR

The Company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the Company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the Company or any related entity.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the financial year by the auditor are outlined in note 22 to the financial statements.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the financial year, by the auditor (or by another person or firm on the auditor's behalf), is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are of the opinion that the services as disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements do not compromise the external auditor's independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed and approved to ensure that they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the services do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risks and rewards.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY WHO ARE FORMER PARTNERS OF KPMG

There are no officers of the Company who are former partners of KPMG.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out immediately after this directors' report.

AUDITOR

KPMG continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors



Damon Neaves

Director

30 September 2022

Perth

Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

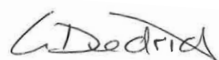
To the Directors of Finder Energy Holdings Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of Finder Energy Holdings Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



KPMG



Glenn Diedrich

Partner

Perth

30 September 2022

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	Consolidated 2022 \$	2021* \$
Other income	5	1,202,592	1,559,778
Evaluation and exploration expenditure		(4,238,381)	(4,133,620)
Corporate expenses	6	(747,306)	-
Share-based payment expense	27	(395,838)	-
Operating loss		(4,178,933)	(2,573,842)
Finance Income	8	207	1,135
Finance costs	8	(139,950)	(106,616)
Net finance (loss)/income		(139,743)	(105,481)
Loss before tax		(4,318,676)	(2,679,323)
Income tax benefit/(expense)	9	(1,946,041)	671,899
Loss for the year		(6,264,717)	(2,007,424)
Other comprehensive income			
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>			
Foreign operations- foreign currency translation differences, net of tax		5,859	4,311
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		5,859	4,311
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(6,258,858)	(2,003,113)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to Owners of the Company		(6,258,858)	(2,003,113)
Loss per share			
Basic loss per share			
Diluted loss per share	10	(0.06)	(0.02)
	10	(0.06)	(0.02)

* 2021 relates to the consolidated financial results of the Group comprising Finder Operations Pty Ltd (formerly known as Finder Exploration Pty Ltd) and its subsidiaries. Refer to Note 2 for description of common control transaction and basis of preparation.

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	Consolidated 2022 \$'000	2021* \$'000
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	11	10,699,419	2,122,568
Investment	12	-	634,197
Other receivables	13	500,731	4,293,179
Total current assets		11,200,150	7,049,944
Non-current assets			
Deferred tax asset	9	-	255,385
Total non-current assets		-	255,385
Total assets		11,200,150	7,305,329
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	14	429,613	417,574
Employee benefits	15	181,361	-
Loans and borrowings	16	-	4,199,126
Total current liabilities		610,974	4,616,700
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions	17	9,247,926	-
Total non-current liabilities		9,247,926	-
Total liabilities		9,858,900	4,616,700
Net assets		1,341,250	2,688,629
Equity			
Share capital	18	29,474,893	16,500,000
Reserves	19	(24,303,244)	(16,245,689)
Retained earnings / (accumulated losses)		(3,830,399)	2,434,318
Total Equity		1,341,250	2,688,629

* 2021 relates to the consolidated financial results of the Group comprising Finder Operations Pty Ltd (formerly known as Finder Exploration Pty Ltd) and its subsidiaries. Refer to Note 2 for description of common control transaction and basis of preparation.

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Share capital \$	Retained earnings/ (accumulated losses) \$	Share-based Payment Reserve \$	Foreign exchange reserve \$	Other reserve \$	Total equity \$
Balance as at 1 July 2021	16,500,000	2,434,318	-	4,311	(16,250,000)	2,688,629
Total comprehensive loss						
Loss for the year	-	(6,264,717)	-	-	-	(6,264,717)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	5,859	-	5,859
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(6,264,717)	-	5,859	-	(6,258,858)
Transactions with shareholders (refer note 7)	-				(9,153,827)	(9,153,827)
Issue of fully paid ordinary shares – IPO	15,000,000	-	-	-	-	15,000,000
Transaction costs arising on share issue	(1,330,532)	-	-	-	-	(1,330,532)
Share-based payment	(694,575)	-	1,090,413	-	-	395,838
Balance as at 30 June 2022	29,474,893	(3,830,399)	1,090,413	10,170	(25,403,827)	1,341,250

	Share Capital \$	Retained Earnings \$	Share-based Payment reserve \$	Foreign Exchange reserve \$	Other reserve \$	Total equity \$
Consolidated						
Balance at 1 July 2020	16,500,000	4,441,742	-	-	(16,250,000)	4,691,742
Total comprehensive loss						
Loss for the year	-	(2,007,424)	-	-	-	(2,007,424)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	4,311	-	4,311
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	-	(2,007,424)	-	4,311	-	(2,003,113)
Balance at 30 June 2021*	16,500,000	2,434,318	-	4,311	(16,250,000)	2,688,629

Other reserves includes transactions with related parties, including the pre-IPO common control share issue to Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd in relation to purchase of Finder Operations Pty Ltd (note 2), forgiveness of related party balances (note 7) and profit/(loss) of Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd (formerly Finder No. 17 Pty Ltd, a 100% owned subsidiary of Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd, herein referred to as Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd) which is consolidated due to call option held by Finder Energy Holdings Limited (note 25).

* 2021 relates to the consolidated financial results of the Group comprising Finder Operations Pty Ltd (formerly known as Finder Exploration Pty Ltd) and its subsidiaries. Refer to Note 2 for description of common control transaction and basis of preparation.

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	Consolidated 2022 \$'000	2021* \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from exploration and evaluation services		1,090,986	1,237,770
Joint operation reimbursements		912,488	1,657,166
Payments for suppliers and employees		(4,322,532)	(2,642,839)
Net cash from / (used in) operating activities	21	<u>(2,319,058)</u>	<u>252,097</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received		207	1,135
Acquisition of investments		-	(577,412)
Consideration received to acquire WA-542-P Permit**		9,247,926	-
Proceeds from disposal of investments		<u>727,172</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities		<u>9,975,305</u>	<u>(576,277)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares		15,000,000	-
Transaction costs related to issues of ordinary shares		(1,330,532)	-
Proceeds from loans and borrowings		-	1,459,333
Transfer of WA-542-P Permit funds to Longreach**		(9,247,926)	-
Repayment of loans and borrowings to related parties		<u>(3,500,938)</u>	<u>(539,975)</u>
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities		<u>920,604</u>	<u>919,358</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		<u>8,576,851</u>	<u>595,178</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		<u>2,122,568</u>	<u>1,527,390</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	11	<u><u>10,699,419</u></u>	<u><u>2,122,568</u></u>

* 2021 relates to the consolidated financial results of the Group comprising Finder Operations Pty Ltd (formerly known as Finder Exploration Pty Ltd) and its subsidiaries. Refer to Note 2 for description of common control transaction and basis of preparation.

** These transactions were in relation to the pre-IPO restructure. See note 17 for more details.

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 1. Reporting entity

Finder Energy Holdings Limited (the Company") is a Company domiciled in Australia.

The Company's registered office at the date of this report is Suite 1, Level 4, South Shore Centre, 85 South Perth Esplanade, South Perth, WA 6151. These consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the 'Group').

The Group is a for-profit entity and is primarily involved in oil and gas exploration in the North West Shelf in Western Australia and North Sea in the United Kingdom.

Note 2. Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB). The consolidated financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Parent entity information

In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, these financial statements present the results of the consolidated entity only. Supplementary information about the parent entity is disclosed in note 23.

Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

Use of judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and geopolitical events

Judgement has been exercised in considering the impacts that the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and geopolitical events has had, or may have, on the consolidated entity based on known information. This consideration extends to the nature of the products and services offered, customers, supply chain, staffing and geographic regions in which the consolidated entity operates. Other than as addressed in specific notes, there does not currently appear to be either any significant impact upon the financial statements or any significant uncertainties with respect to events or conditions which may impact the consolidated entity unfavourably as at the reporting date or subsequently as a result of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and geopolitical events.

Going concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Group will be able to satisfy its liabilities as and when they become due. The Group has recognised a net loss after tax of \$6,264,717 for the year ended 30 June 2022 and, as at that date, current assets exceed current liabilities by \$10,589,176 and total assets exceed total liabilities by \$1,341,250. The Group incurred net cash outflows from operations of (\$2,319,058).

The Company continues to have expected expenditure across its permits and licences and for corporate purposes, which are expected to be funded in part by its agreements under existing joint operation agreements and existing cash reserves.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 2. Basis of preparation (continued)

The Group monitor its cash flow requirements to ensure it has sufficient funds to meet its expected expenditure. Supported by the cash assets at 30 June 2022 of \$10,699,419, the Group forecasts that it will have sufficient funds to meet its commitments and continue to pay its debts as and when they fall due over for at least the 12 months from the date of these financial statements.

Based on these factors, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group has and will have adequate funding and accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Share-based payment transactions

The consolidated entity measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using the Black-Scholes model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact profit or loss and equity. Refer to note 27 for further information.

Common Control Transaction

Effective 25 January 2022, Finder Energy Holdings Limited was formed with the intention to list on the ASX. On 22 March 2022, as part of the internal restructure undertaken by the Finder Energy Holdings Group pursuant to the listing of the Group, Finder Operations Pty Ltd and its controlled entities were acquired by Finder Energy Holdings Limited to form the Group. At the time of the restructure Finder Energy Holdings Limited and Finder Operations Pty Ltd were subsidiaries of Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd. The acquisition was funded through the issue of 82,499,990 at \$0.20 per share (total consideration of \$16,499,998) shares in Finder Energy Holdings Limited to Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd.

Details of the businesses acquired and disposed are included below.

The Group has accounted for the acquisition of Finder Operations Pty Ltd and its subsidiaries as a common control transaction at book value. As a consequence, no acquisition accounting in the form of a purchase price allocation was undertaken and therefore the assets and liabilities have not been remeasured to fair value nor has any goodwill arisen. All the assets and liabilities acquired by the Company as a result of the internal restructure were recognised at values consistent with the carrying value of those assets and liabilities in the Finder Operations Pty Ltd group accounts immediately prior to the internal restructure.

The statutory financial information for the Group has been presented for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 and for the comparative financial year ended 30 June 2021 on the basis the Company was incorporated and the common control transaction has occurred from the beginning of the comparative period. As a result, there has been an increase in share capital and other reserves as at 1 July 2020 of \$16,500,000 reflecting the consideration paid to acquire the Finder Operations group (as noted above) less Finder Operations existing share capital of \$250,000.

The total carrying value of the assets and liabilities that were acquired by the Finder Energy Holdings group as part of the internal restructure were as follows:

Carrying value of net asset table:

Total assets: \$18
Total liabilities: \$9,247,926

Assessment of control of entities

During the period the Group disposed of its interest in Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd to Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd however retained a call option over 100% of the shares in the entity. However, the Company has assessed that it has the ability to control Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd through the exercise of this call option and as such Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd is presented in these financial statements on a consolidated basis. Refer to note 25 for further information on the Group's interest in Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 2. Basis of preparation (continued)

Recognition of deferred tax assets

The recognition of deferred tax assets depends on the expected generation of future taxable income. As the Group does not have a recent history of generating sufficient taxable income to release the full benefits of deferred tax assets, it has not recognised deferred tax assets at 30 June 2022. Refer to note 9 for further information. Finder Energy Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries formed a tax consolidated group effective on 4 April 2022. Prior to this the Group formed part of the tax consolidated group of the former owners Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd. Upon the common control transaction, the Group exited the former tax consolidated group and settled all tax obligations as part of the pre IPO restructure. Refer to note 7.

Note 3. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Principles of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

(ii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

(iii) Other joint interest in projects

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Joint arrangements are either joint operations or joint ventures, depending on the contractual rights and obligations of the parties to the arrangement.

- Joint operation - when the Group has rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to an arrangement, it accounts for each of its assets, liabilities, and transactions, including its share of those held or incurred jointly, in relation to the joint operation.
- Joint venture - when the Group has rights only to the net assets of the arrangements, it accounts for its interest using the equity method, as for associates.

(iv) Other interest in projects

Where there is no joint control due to the disposition of voting power among the parties to a joint arrangement, the interests in such projects are not considered an interest in a joint arrangement. For such interests, as the Company has rights as tenants in common to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities on an individual or several basis, the Company's interest in each asset and liability is accounted for in accordance with those AASB's applicable for those types of assets, liabilities and transactions.

(v) Common control

The Group has accounted for the acquisition of the entities and net assets as common control transactions. As a consequence, no acquisition accounting in the form of a purchase price allocation was undertaken and therefore the assets and liabilities have not been remeasured to fair value nor has any goodwill arisen. All the assets and liabilities acquired by the Group as a result of the internal restructure were recognised at values consistent with the carrying value of those assets and liabilities in the Finder Operations group accounts immediately prior to the internal restructure. The statutory financial information for the Group has been presented for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 and for the comparative financial year ended 30 June 2021 on the basis the Company was incorporated and the common control transaction has occurred from the beginning of the comparative period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(vi) Non controlling interest (NCI)

NCI is not recognized when a parent has a call option over shares in an existing subsidiary when the call option gives the parent present access to returns associated with the underlying ownership interest.

(b) Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Finder Energy Holdings Limited's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates at the reporting date. The revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using the average exchange rates, which approximate the rates at the dates of the transactions, for the period. All resulting foreign exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income through the foreign currency reserve in equity.

The foreign currency reserve is recognised in profit or loss when the foreign operation or net investment is disposed of.

(c) Income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to be applied when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted, except for:

- When the deferred income tax asset or liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits; or
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with interests in subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities; and they relate to the same taxable authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend to settle simultaneously.

Finder Energy Holdings Limited (the 'head entity') and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under the tax consolidation regime from 4 April 2022. The head entity and each subsidiary in the tax consolidated group continue to account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. The tax consolidated group has applied the 'separate taxpayer within group' approach in determining the appropriate amount of taxes to allocate to members of the tax consolidated group.

In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, the head entity also recognises the current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from each subsidiary in the tax consolidated group where sufficient future taxable income is probable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Assets or liabilities arising under tax funding agreements with the tax consolidated entities are recognised as amounts receivable from or payable to other entities in the tax consolidated group. The tax funding arrangement ensures that the intercompany charge equals the current tax liability or benefit of each tax consolidated group member, resulting in neither a contribution by the head entity to the subsidiaries nor a distribution by the subsidiaries to the head entity. Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd was sold to Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd as part of pre IPO restructure and as a result of this transaction remained in the Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd consolidated tax group. For financial reporting purposes Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd continues to be consolidated (refer to note 25 for further transaction information) and as such any tax expense / benefit incurred by Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd is presented in the financial statements, however the settlement of tax obligations remains with Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd, including the \$2,311,981 associated with the acquisition of WA-542-P during the period. This amount was settled as part of the pre-IPO restructure (refer to note 7).

(d) Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the consolidated entity's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the consolidated entity's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always classified as non-current.

(e) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure in respect of each area of interest is expensed in the period it is incurred in accordance with AASB 6 *Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources*.

An area of interest refers to an individual geological area where the presence of oil or a natural gas field is considered favourable or has been proved to exist, and in most cases will comprise an individual prospective oil or gas field.

Exploration and evaluation expenditure is recognised in relation to an area of interest when the rights to tenure of the area of interest are current and either;

- such expenditure is expected to be recovered through successful development and commercial exploitation of the area of interest or, alternatively, by its sale; or
- the exploration activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage which permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

Where an ownership interest in an exploration and evaluation asset is exchanged for another, the transaction is recognised by reference to the carrying value of the original interest. Any cash consideration paid, including transaction costs, is accounted for as an acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets. Any cash consideration received, net of transaction costs, is treated as a recoupment of costs previously capitalised with any excess accounted for as a gain on disposal of non-current assets.

(f) Other income

Recoveries from Fugro

Recoveries from Fugro relate to the recovery of exploration and evaluation expenditure recharged to Fugro Exploration Pty Ltd and is recognised in the profit or loss when received or when the right to receive payment is established. Such recoveries are recognised as the gross receipts for costs incurred under the previous Cooperation agreement. Under the Implementation and Variation Deed, a monthly fee is recorded as other income in the month to which the fee relates. See also Note 29 Contingent assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(g) Finance income and finance costs

The Group's finance income and finance costs include:

- interest income; and
- the foreign currency gain or loss on financial assets and financial liabilities.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

(h) Impairment

Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGU.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the CGU (group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(i) Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, any fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

Where applicable, a fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(k) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

The Group has applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue. Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

(l) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the consolidated entity prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable the consolidated entity will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, considering the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate specific to the liability. The increase in the provision resulting from the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

(n) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Defined contribution superannuation expense

Contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Share-based payments

Equity-settled and cash-settled share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees.

Equity-settled transactions are awards of shares, or options over shares, that are provided to employees in exchange for the rendering of services. Cash-settled transactions are awards of cash for the exchange of services, where the amount of cash is determined by reference to the share price.

The cost of equity-settled transactions are measured at fair value on grant date. Fair value is independently determined using Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option, together with non-vesting conditions that do not determine whether the consolidated entity receives the services that entitle the employees to receive payment. No account is taken of any other vesting conditions.

The cost of equity-settled transactions are recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity over the vesting period. The cumulative charge to profit or loss is calculated based on the grant date fair value of the award, the best

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

estimate of the number of awards that are likely to vest and the expired portion of the vesting period. The amount recognised in profit or loss for the period is the cumulative amount calculated at each reporting date less amounts already recognised in previous periods.

The cost of cash-settled transactions is initially, and at each reporting date until vested, determined by applying either the Binomial or Black-Scholes option pricing model, taking into consideration the terms and conditions on which the award was granted. The cumulative charge to profit or loss until settlement of the liability is calculated as follows:

- during the vesting period, the liability at each reporting date is the fair value of the award at that date multiplied by the expired portion of the vesting period.
- from the end of the vesting period until settlement of the award, the liability is the full fair value of the liability at the reporting date.

All changes in the liability are recognised in profit or loss. The ultimate cost of cash-settled transactions is the cash paid to settle the liability.

Market conditions are taken into consideration in determining fair value. Therefore any awards subject to market conditions are considered to vest irrespective of whether or not that market condition has been met, provided all other conditions are satisfied.

If equity-settled awards are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the modification has not been made. An additional expense is recognised, over the remaining vesting period, for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based compensation benefit as at the date of modification.

If the non-vesting condition is within the control of the consolidated entity or employee, the failure to satisfy the condition is treated as a cancellation. If the condition is not within the control of the consolidated entity or employee and is not satisfied during the vesting period, any remaining expense for the award is recognised over the remaining vesting period, unless the award is forfeited.

If equity-settled awards are cancelled, it is treated as if it has vested on the date of cancellation, and any remaining expense is recognised immediately. If a new replacement award is substituted for the cancelled award, the cancelled and new award is treated as if they were a modification.

(o) Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(p) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of Finder Energy Holdings Limited, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the financial year.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(q) Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

(r) New currently effective requirements

The Group has adopted the following new standards and amendments to standards, including any consequential amendments to other standards, with a date of initial application of 1 July 2021.

- AASB 2020-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Interest Rate Benchmark Reform- Phase 2
- AASB 2021-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - COVID-19 - Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021
- AASB 1060 General Purpose Financial Statements- Simplified Disclosures for For-Profit and Not-for-Profit Entities
- AASB 2022-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards- Extending Transition Relief under AASB 1

(s) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the consolidated entity for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2022.

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

- AASB 2020-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements 2018-2020 and Other Amendments;
- AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current;
- AASB 2020-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current-Deferral of Effective Date
- AASB 17 Insurance Contracts
- AASB 2020-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Insurance Contracts;
- AASB 2022-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Initial application of AASB 17 and AASB 9-Comparative information;
- AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates
- AASB 2021-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies: Tier 2 and Other Australian Accounting Standards
- AASB 2021-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction;
- AASB 2014-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture;
- AASB 2015-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128;
- AASB 2017-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 and Editorial Corrections; and
- AASB 2021-7(a-c) Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 and Editorial Corrections.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 4. Operating segments

Basis for segmentation

An operating segment is a component of a Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components.

All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by the Group's management team to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. Segment results include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets and head office expenses. The Group has identified its operating segments based upon the internal management reports that are reviewed and used by the executive management team in assessing performance and that are used to allocate the Group's resources.

The Group has a strategic division for exploration, which is its reportable segment. The operations of the exploration segment are oil and gas exploration on the NWS of Australia and North Sea in UK.

The corporate balances below represent a reconciliation of reportable segments revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities to the consolidated figures.

2022

	Reportable Segments		
	Exploration	Corporate*	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Other income	1,202,592		1,202,592
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	(4,238,381)		(4,238,381)
Corporate expenses		(747,306)	(747,306)
Share-based payment expense		(395,838)	(395,838)
Operating profit/(loss)	(3,035,789)	(1,143,144)	(4,178,933)
Interest income		207	207
Other finance costs		(139,950)	(139,950)
Reportable segment profit/(loss) before tax	(3,035,789)	(1,282,887)	(4,318,676)
Income tax benefit (expense)		(1,946,041)	(1,946,041)
Reportable segment profit/(loss) after tax	(3,035,789)	(3,228,928)	(6,264,717)
Segment assets	346,406	10,853,744	11,200,150
Segment liabilities	9,216,746	642,153	9,858,900

* Corporate represents a reconciliation of reportable segments to IFRS measures.

2021

	Reportable Segment		
	Exploration	Corporate*	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Other income	1,559,778		1,559,778
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	(4,133,620)		(4,133,620)
Operating profit/(loss)	(2,573,842)		(2,573,842)
Interest income		1,135	1,135
Other finance costs		(106,616)	(106,616)
Reportable segment profit/(loss) before tax	(2,573,842)	(105,481)	(2,679,323)
Income tax benefit		671,899	671,899
Reportable segment profit/(loss) after tax	(2,573,842)	566,418	(2,007,424)
Segment assets	4,293,179	3,012,150	7,305,329
Segment liabilities	4,615,526	1,174	4,616,700

* Corporate represents a reconciliation of reportable segments to IFRS measures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 4. Operating segments (continued)

Geographic information

The Group operates in the NWS of Australia and North Sea in the UK and has no customers. All assets held by the Group are also located within Australia (\$10,672,251) and United Kingdom (\$527,899).

Major customer

The Group has no external customers.

Note 5. Other income

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
Recoveries from Fugro	1,033,236	1,370,625
Other income	169,356	189,153
	<u>1,202,592</u>	<u>1,559,778</u>

Note 6. Corporate expenses

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
Corporate fees	747,306	-
	<u>747,306</u>	<u>-</u>

Corporate fees relate to the expenses associated with the IPO and listing on the ASX. The transaction costs arising from the share issue pursuant to the IPO have been capitalized to reduce the share capital. Refer to note 18 for details.

Note 7. Transaction with shareholders

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
Deemed distribution to shareholders	9,153,827	-
	<u>9,153,827</u>	<u>-</u>

Prior to the pre-IPO restructure, certain assets and liabilities within the Group were transferred to its shareholder Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd through the intercompany loan account. The balance of the loan receivable owing from Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd and associated entities was forgiven resulting in a deemed distribution of \$9,153,827 being recorded in other reserves.

Note 8. Finance income/(loss)

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
Interest income	207	1,135
Finance income	<u>207</u>	<u>1,135</u>
Foreign Currency losses	(139,950)	(106,616)
Finance costs	<u>(139,950)</u>	<u>(106,616)</u>
Net Finance costs	<u>(139,743)</u>	<u>(105,481)</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 9. Income Taxes

	Consolidated		
	2022	2021	
	\$	\$	
(a) Amounts recognised in profit or loss			
Current tax benefit			
Current year (benefit) / expense*	1,946,041	(748,242)	
Deferred tax expense			
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	76,343	
Total tax (benefit)/expense	1,946,041	(671,899)	
Amounts recognized in Equity			
Capital raising cost		-	
Total amounts recognised in equity		-	
(b) Reconciliation of effective tax rate			
Loss before income tax expense	(4,318,676)	(2,679,323)	
Tax at the Australian rate 25% (2021: 25%)	(1,079,669)	(669,831)	
Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating tax income:			
Net Forgiveness of Longreach Loans	1,627	-	
Proceeds received on acquisition of WA-542-P (assessable) Refer note 17	2,311,981		
Temporary differences not recognized	255,385	-	
Revaluation of DTA from reduction in corporate tax rate	-	(3,190)	
Other non deductible expenses	456,717	1,122	
Total tax (benefit)/expense	1,946,041	(671,899)	
(c) Movement in deferred tax balances			
	Assets	Liabilities	Net
	2022	2022	2022
	\$	\$	\$
Provision for WA-542-P	2,311,982	-	2,311,982
Section 40-880 costs	544,167	-	544,167
Employee provision	45,266	-	45,266
Accruals	66,443	-	66,443
Tax losses	604,075	-	604,075
Prepayments	-	38,157	(38,157)
Tax assets before set-off	3,571,932	(38,157)	3,533,775
Set-off of tax	(38,157)	(38,157)	-
Less: DTA not recognized	(3,533,775)	-	(3,533,775)
Net tax assets	-	-	-

* The tax expense for the year ended 30 June 2022 includes an expense of \$2,311,981 which relates to consideration received for the acquisition of WA-542-P held by Beagle No.1 Pty Ltd, a company owned by Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd.

This transaction was completed pre-IPO and the corresponding tax expense was funded by Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd as part of the pre-IPO restructure and not from IPO proceeds (refer note 7).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 9. Income Taxes (continued)

	Assets 2021 \$	Liabilities 2021 \$	Net 2021 \$
Initial public offering - 2020	6,393		6,393
Initial public offering - 2019	248,992	-	248,992
Tax assets before set-off	255,385	-	255,385
Set-off of tax	-	-	-
Net tax assets	255,385	-	255,385

During the year the Group exited the tax consolidated group of the former owner (Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd) and formed a new consolidated tax group, with Finder Energy Holdings Limited as the head of the tax group. The Group has not recognised net DTAs of \$3,533,715 as taxable profits are not sufficiently probable to recognise tax assets in excess of tax liabilities.

The Group's current tax liability payable to Longreach prior to exiting the Longreach tax consolidated group was forgiven as part of the IPO-Restructure (refer to Note 7).

Note 10. Loss per share

Basic loss per share

The following reflects the income and share data used in the calculations of basic and diluted loss per share.

(i) Loss used in calculating loss per share

	Consolidated 2022 \$	2021 \$
Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company used in calculating:		
- Basic loss	(6,264,717)	(2,003,113)
- Diluted loss	(6,264,717)	(2,003,113)

(ii) Weighted average number of shares

	2022 No. of ordinary shares	2021 No. of ordinary shares
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share	99,328,767	82,500,000

The number of shares on issue has been presented for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 on the basis the Company was incorporated and the common control transaction had occurred from the beginning of year.

Diluted loss per share

The calculation of diluted loss per share has been based on the following profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

Note 11. Cash and cash equivalents

	Consolidated 2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash on hand	18	18
Cash at bank	10,699,401	2,122,550
	10,699,419	2,122,568

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 12. Investment

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Share call option - Fair value through profit or loss	-	634,197
	-	634,197

In March 2021 as part of the settlement of the UK permits the Company acquired a Call Option to acquire shares in OKEA ASA, a Norwegian Company listed on the Oslo stock exchange. The Call Option to acquire 274,120 shares in OKEA were acquired for a total cost of \$577,412 with an exercise price of NOK 13.77 each. The Call Option in OKEA ASA was exercised in July 2021 and the shares were sold by September 2021 with total proceeds of \$727,172 received on 21 September 2021.

Note 13. Other receivables

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
Loans receivable due from related parties		
Longreach Capital Investment (Canada) Limited	-	3,598
Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd	-	3,069,166
Longreach No 1 Pty Ltd	-	599,647
Longreach Bedout Pty Ltd	-	2,025
Theia Energy Pty Ltd	-	208,722
Longreach Mineral Exploration Pty Ltd	-	57
	-	3,883,215
Prepayment	270,211	-
Other receivables	230,520	409,964
	500,731	4,293,179

Information about the Group's exposure to market risks is included in Note 20. Refer to note 7 for forgiveness of related party transactions as part of restructure ahead of ASX listing.

Note 14. Trade and other payables

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Trade payables	38,726	399,287
Other payables	390,887	18,287
	429,613	417,574

Information about the Group's exposure to liquidity risks is included in Note 20.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 15. Employee benefits

	Consolidated 2022	2021
Annual leave provision	46,337	-
Long service leave provision	135,024	-
	181,361	-

Note 16. Loans and borrowings

	Consolidated 2022	2021
	\$	\$
Related party loans		
Discover Geoscience Pty Ltd	-	1,161,319
Theia Energy No 1 Pty Ltd	-	392,969
Theia Energy No 4 Pty Ltd	-	38,677
Longreach No 3 Pty Ltd	-	7,500
Searcher Seismic Pty Ltd	-	2,598,661
	-	4,199,126

Information about the Group's exposure to interest rate and liquidity risks is included in Note 20. Refer to note 7 for forgiveness of related party transactions as part of restructure ahead of ASX listing.

Note 17. Provisions

	Consolidated 2022	2021
	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2021	-	-
Provision made during the period	9,247,926	-
	9,247,926	-

On 1 June 2021 Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd executed a Sale and Purchase agreement with Equinor Australia B.V (Equinor) to acquire its 100% interest in WA-542-P. On 18 June 2021 Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd submitted an application for the transfer of Equinor's interest in the title to NOPTA (National Offshore Petroleum Titles Administrator). NOPTA approved the transfer on 23 July 2021.

On completion of the transfer, Equinor paid Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd base consideration of US\$6.8 million (AUD\$9.2 million). All of the issued capital of Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd together with the consideration received from Equinor was transferred to Longreach as part of the pre-IPO restructure. The work program remaining on WA-542-P rests with Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd which is wholly owned by Longreach. The provision is recorded in the Group financial statements due to the consolidation of Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd consistent with the call option the Group holds over Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd (refer to note 25). The exercise of the call option is solely at Finder's discretion, in this regard Finder will continue to assess the status of the work program and prospects of WA-542-P and capital allocation decisions as to whether or not to exercise the call option.

The Group has determined that the transaction does not constitute a business combination in accordance with AASB 3 Business Combinations. The transaction has therefore been accounted for as an asset acquisition. When an asset acquisition does not constitute a business combination, the assets and liabilities are allocated a carrying amount based on their relative fair values in an asset purchase transaction. Consideration received was \$9,247,926. The value of the obligations of work commitments associated with WA-542-P acquired from the purchase consideration was \$9,247,926.

The provision at 30 June 2022 continues to represent the Group's best estimate of the fair value of the obligations noting that Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd continues to evaluate procedures and the actual cost of any actions may differ from this amount.

Additionally,

- if Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd farmout any equity in the Permit, then it is required to make an additional payment to Equinor of US\$3.5m; and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 17. Provisions (continued)

- if Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd complete an exploration well drilling program, then Finder is required to make an additional payment to Equinor of US\$3.5m.

If these payments are required and the Company does not exercise its option to acquire Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd they will not be funded out of the Group's cash reserves but rather by Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd and its owners, Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd.

The Group has assessed that as at 30 June 2022 there is not sufficient evidence regarding the achievement of these activities to recognise any contingent consideration liabilities.

As at 30 June 2022, no work program commitment is expected to be incurred within the 12 months ending 30 June 2023 and therefore has been recognized as a non-current liability.

Note 18. Share capital

(a) Share capital

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
On issue at the start of the period	16,500,000	250,000
Common control transaction	-	16,250,000
Issue of fully paid ordinary shares	15,000,000	-
Less:		
Transaction costs arising on share issue	(1,330,532)	-
Lead Manager Options	(694,575)	-
On issue at the end of the period	29,474,893	16,500,000

Lead manager options vest on issue upon the Company's initial public offering and is considered as a cost direct attributable to the cost of the raising. Information about the details of option is included in Note 27.

	2022	2021
	No. of ordinary shares	No. of ordinary shares
On issue at the start of the period	82,500,000	250,000
Corporate restructure upon IPO	-	(250,000)
Corporate restructure upon IPO	-	82,500,000
Initial public offering	75,000,000	-
On issue at the end of the period	157,500,000	82,500,000

The share capital on issue at the beginning of the period is presented on the basis the Company was incorporated and the common control transaction occurred the 2021 financial year (refer note 2).

The share capital on issue at the beginning of the period refers to the share capital in Finder Operations Pty Ltd. During 2022, Finder Energy Holdings Limited was incorporated with 10 shares issued to Longreach. On 22 March 2022, the Company then acquired Finder Operations and its subsidiaries in consideration for 82,499,990 shares in Finder Energy Holdings Limited at \$0.20 per share (total consideration \$16,500,000). 82,500,000 shares are held in escrow which are due to be released 24 months from the date of the Company's shares being first quoted on the ASX. On 4 April 2022, the Group issued 75,000,000 ordinary shares at \$0.20 per share (before costs).

The Group does not have par value in respect of its issued shares. All shares issued are fully paid. The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote at meetings of the Company. In the event of winding up of the Company, ordinary shareholders rank after credits and are fully entitled to any proceeds on liquidation.

(b) Dividends

No dividends were declared and paid by the Company for the period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 19. Reserves

	Consolidated 2022 \$	2021 \$
Foreign currency Translation Reserve	10,170	4,311
Other reserve	(25,403,827)	(16,250,000)
Share-based Payment Reserve	1,090,413	-
	(24,303,244)	(16,245,689)

The share-based payment reserve comprises the fair value of equity instruments granted (refer to note 27).

Other reserves movement includes \$9,153,827 related to transactions with shareholders (refer note 7).

The Group has a call option to acquire 100% of the issued capital of Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd, as such the Group continues to record the entity as a subsidiary for accounting purposes (refer to note 25). On the basis the Group has present access to returns associated with the underlying ownership interest, it is considered the Group has acquired those shares and the NCI is derecognized as a consequence.

Note 20. Financial instruments- Fair values and risk management

(a) Accounting classifications and fair values

The following tables shows the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities. For financial assets and financial liabilities, the carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair values.

30 June 2022

		Carrying amount			
		Fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at amortised cost	Other liabilities	Total
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets not measured at fair value					
Cash and cash equivalents	11		10,699,419		10,699,419
Trade and other receivables	13		500,731		500,731
			11,200,150		11,200,150
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value					
Trade and other payables	14			429,613	429,613
				429,613	429,613

30 June 2021

		Carrying amount			
		Fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at amortised cost	Other liabilities	Total
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets not measured at fair value					
Cash and cash equivalents	11		2,122,568		2,122,568
Trade and other receivables	13		4,293,179		4,293,179
			6,415,747		6,415,747

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 20. Financial instruments- Fair values and risk management (continued)

		Fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at amortised cost	Other liabilities	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Investments	12	634,197			634,197
		634,197			634,197
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value					
Trade and other payables	14			417,574	417,574
Loans to related parties	16			4,199,126	4,199,126
				4,616,700	4,616,700

Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- liquidity risk; and
- market risk.

(i) Risk management framework

The Company's directors have overall responsibility for establishing and overseeing the Group's risk management framework.

The directors take a risk based approach in providing management with a framework within which to both operate in and report upon from time to time.

Detailed financial reporting including a periodical assessment of cash reserves and forecasts are a key to preserve the capital of the Company.

The directors execute key material contracts and permit application and compliance requirements. Refer to the going concern section in the basis of preparation for further details.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group aims to maintain the level of its cash and cash equivalents at an amount in excess of expected cash outflows on financial liabilities. The Group also monitors the level of expected inflows on trade and other receivables together with expected cash outflows on trade and other payables.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted and include contractual interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

30 June 2022

	Contractual cashflows				
	Within 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years	Total	Carrying value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	429,613			429,613	429,613

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 20. Financial instruments- Fair values and risk management (continued)

30 June 2021

	Contractual cashflows				Carry
	Within 1	1 to 5	Over 5	Total	vali
	Year	Years	Years		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial liabilities					
Trade and other payables	417,574			417,574	417,574
Related party loans	4,199,126			4,199,126	4,199,126
Total contractual outflows	4,616,700			4,616,700	4,616,700

(iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices, will affect the Group's income from the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objectives of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognized at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. As at 30 June 2022, there was no material interest rate risk.

Cash flow sensitivity for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased/(decreased) the Group's profit or loss by \$106,994/(\$106,994). This has been determined by reference to a 1% increase/(decrease) in the balance of cash and cash equivalents as at 30 June 2022.

Note 21. Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Loss for the year	(6,264,717)	(2,007,424)
Adjustments for:		
Income tax (benefit)/ expense	1,887,691	(671,899)
Interest income	(207)	(1,135)
Gain on disposal of investment	(149,760)	-
Share-based payment expense	395,838	-
Exploration and evaluation expenditure services	1,025,663	2,176,256
Non-cash corporate expenses	873,039	693,070
Non-cash labour income	(85,515)	(122,452)
Other non-cash item	(94,588)	(62,390)
	(2,412,556)	4,026
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Change in trade and other receivables	101,797	(132,854)
Change in trade and other payables	(189,659)	339,243
Change in prepayments	-	31,367
Change in employee entitlements	181,360	10,315
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	(2,319,058)	252,097

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 22. Auditor's remuneration

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Audit services		
Auditors of the Company - KPMG		
Audit and review of financial reports	110,000	60,000
	110,000	60,000
Other services		
Auditors of the Company - KPMG		
Non-audit services – IPO	67,275	51,800
Non-audit services – Other	10,000	-
	77,275	51,800
	187,275	111,800

Note 23. Parent entity disclosure

The parent entity is Finder Energy Holdings Limited. The Company was incorporated on 25 January 2022 and the results presented below reflect the period from incorporation to 30 June 2022.

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Result of parent entity		
Loss for the year	(1,830,930)	-
Other comprehensive income		
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(1,830,930)	-
Financial position of parent entity at year end		
Current assets	8,762,988	-
Total assets	11,200,150	-
Current liabilities	1,926,394	-
Total liabilities	1,926,394	-
Total equity of parent entity comprising of:		
Share capital	29,474,893	-
Reserves	(18,370,207)	-
Retained earnings	(1,830,930)	-
Total equity	9,273,756	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 24. List of subsidiaries

Subsidiary	Country	2022 Ownership Interest	2021 Ownership Interest
Finder No 1 Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Finder No 3 Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Finder No 4 Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Finder No 7 Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Finder No 9 Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Finder No 10 Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Finder No 11 Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Finder No 13 Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Finder No 14 Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Finder No 16 Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd	Australia	-%**	100%
Finder Operations Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Finder Energy UK Limited	UK	100%	100%

** The Group has a call option to acquire 100% of the issued capital of Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd. As such the Group continues to record the entity as a subsidiary for accounting purposes. Refer to note 25 for further information on the call option.

Note 25. Interest in exploration licenses

The Group had interests in the following exploration licenses as at 30 June 2022, whose principal activities were oil and gas exploration and development.

Exploration permits and licences	Country	2022 Ownership Interest	2021 Ownership Interest
WA-520-P ⁶	Australia	100% ¹	100% ¹
AC/P 61 ⁶	Australia	50% ²	15%
WA-412-P ⁶	Australia	15%	15%
WA-547-P	Australia	100%	100%
WA-542-P	Australia	-% ³	-
P2502 ⁶	UK	50%	50%
P2317	UK	0% ⁴	100%
P2527	UK	100% ⁵	-
P2528	UK	100%	100%
P2530	UK	100%	100%
P2524 ⁶	UK	40%	40%

¹ 50% of Finder's economic interest in the Permit is held on trust for Fugro Exploration Pty Ltd pursuant to the Implementation and Variation Deed executed on 20 December 2019 and is deemed to be controlled by Fugro for accounting purposes. The Group's interests in assets/liabilities and income/expenditure employed in the above joint operations are included in the financial statements as the Group has joint control in these joint operations.

² NOPTA approved the transfer of 35% interest from SapuraOMV Upstream (Western Australia) Pty Ltd to Finder on 23 December 2021.

³ On 22 March 2022, the Group sold Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd to a related party Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd for nil consideration. The Group retained a call option over Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd to acquire all the issued capital of Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd for nil consideration. This option is available to the Group until 9 October 2026, as the same may be extended from time to time pursuant to the terms of the *Offshore Petroleum and Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2006* (Cth). As a result of this transaction, the Group has determined that it retained control of Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd, which continues to hold a 100%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

interest in WA-542-P. At 30 June 2022, the Group has recorded nil total assets, liabilities of \$9,247,926 and loss after tax of \$2,331,506 associated with its investment in Beagle No. 1 Pty Ltd. If exercised, the Group would be responsible for \$80,325 of geotechnical and geophysical studies prior to the permit end date.

⁴ UK Licence P2317 was relinquished as planned on 13 May 2022.

⁵ The OGA approved the transfer of 100% equity from Talon Energy Ltd on 25 July 2022 (ref ASX Announcement 26 April 2022).

⁶ These permits and licences are held with other parties under joint contract and accounted as joint operations based on controlled ownership percentage.

Note 26. Exploration commitments

In order to maintain current rights of tenure to exploration permits, the Group has certain obligations to perform minimum exploration work and expend minimum amounts of money. These commitments may be varied as a result of negotiations, relinquishments, farmouts, sales or carrying out work in excess of the permit obligations. The following exploration expenditure requirements have not been provided for in the financial report and are payable.

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Exploration expenditure commitments		
Less than one year*	6,920,600	3,135,849
Between one and five years*	23,237,324	31,669,865
	30,157,924	34,805,714

* Excludes the commitments related to WA-542-P. Refer to note 17 for the provision related to WA-542-P.

Note 27. Share-based payments

(i) Expense during the year

The share-based payment expense recognised for employee and non-employee services received during the year is set out below. There were no cancellations to awards in 2022 or 2021.

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Alignment options	144,900	-
Performance rights	250,938	-
	395,838	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 27. Share-based payments (continued)

(ii) Movement during the year

The number and weighted average exercise price (WAEP) of, and movements in options and performance rights are set out below:

	2022 Number	2022 WAEP	2021 Number	2021 WAEP
Options				
Outstanding at 1 July 2021	-	-	-	-
Granted during the year	6,662,500	0.126	-	-
Outstanding at 30 June 2022	6,662,500	0.126	-	-
Exercisable as at 30 June 2022	6,662,500			
Performance rights				
Outstanding at 1 July 2021	-	-	-	-
Granted during the year	16,500,000	0.183	-	-
Outstanding at 30 June 2022	16,500,000	0.183	-	-
Exercisable as at 30 June 2022	16,500,000			

(iii) Measurement of Grant Date Fair values

The fair value of share-based payment arrangements was calculated by independent accredited valuation specialists. The following tables list the inputs to the valuation model for the options and performance rights issued during 2022.

Options		
Item	Lead Manager Options*	Alignment Options**
Number of Options	5,512,500	1,150,000
Underlying security spot price (\$)	0.20	0.20
Exercise price (\$)	0.30	0.30
Grant date	8 April 2022	8 April 2022
Life of the Options (years)	4	4
Volatility	100%	100%
Risk-free rate	1.80%	1.80%
Dividend yield	Nil	Nil
Valuation per Option (\$)	0.13	0.13
	694,575	144,900

* Lead Manager Options were issued to the Company's joint Lead managers Euroz Hartleys Limited and JP Equity Holdings Pty Ltd for IPO related services and recognized as a reduction in share capital. Lead Manager Options vested immediately upon granting.

** Alignment Options were issued to the two non-executive directors of the Company. Options immediately vest upon granting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 27. Share-based payments (continued)

Performance Rights				
Item	Tranche 1	Tranche 2	Tranche 3	Tranche 4
Number of Rights	2,750,000	2,750,000	2,750,000	8,250,000
Underlying security spot price (\$)	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Exercise price (\$)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Performance period (years)	3	3	3	3
Life of the Rights (years)	3	3	3	3
Volatility	100%	100%	100%	100%
Risk-free rate	1.47%	1.47%	1.47%	1.47%
Dividend yield	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Valuation per Right (\$)	0.17	0.16	0.16	0.20
	470,250	451,000	440,000	1,650,000
Vesting conditions	35% or more share price appreciation	55% or more share price appreciation	75% or more share price appreciation	Value creation event of \$4m or \$9.75m NPV

Note 28. Related Parties

(a) Ultimate controlling party

Longreach holds 84,100,000 shares in Finder Energy Holdings Limited, 82,500,000 of which are escrowed and to be released from escrow 8 April 2024. This total holding converts to a 53.40% controlling interest of the Group.

(b) Key management personnel compensation

KMP compensation comprised the following:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	1,208,533	1,052,705
Long-term employee benefits	47,469	60,172
Post-employment benefits	64,467	48,275
Share-based payments	388,233	-
	1,708,702	1,161,152

Compensation of the Group's KMP includes salaries and non-cash benefits.

Refer to the remuneration report contained in the directors' report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each of member of the Group's KMP for the year ended 30 June 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

28. Related parties (continued)

(c) Related party transactions

		Transaction values for the year (net) 2022	Balance outstanding as at 30 June 2022	Transaction values for the year (net) 2021	Balance outstanding as at 30 June 2021
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
Loans (payable)/receivable					
<i>The ultimate controlling party</i>					
Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd	a	(4,314,884)	(61,000)	(1,035,109)	3,069,166
<i>Entities under common control</i>					
Discover Geoscience Pty Ltd	b	1,161,319	-	(25,040)	(1,161,319)
Longreach Bedout Pty Ltd	b	(2,025)	-	-	2,025
Longreach No 1 Pty Ltd (formerly Finder No 6)	b	(599,647)	-	551,134	599,647
Longreach Capital Investment (Canada) Limited (formerly Finder Canada)	b	(3,598)	-	-	3,598
Theia Energy Pty Ltd	b	(208,722)	-	(52,897)	208,722
Theia Energy No 4 Pty Ltd (formerly Finder Onshore No 1 Pty Ltd)	b	38,677	-	1,125	(38,677)
Longreach No 3 Pty Ltd (formerly Finder No 12)	b	7,500	-	-	(7,500)
Theia Energy No 1 Pty Ltd (formerly Finder Shale)	b	392,969	-	109,345	(392,969)
Searcher Seismic Pty Ltd	b	2,598,661	-	(2,444,443)	(2,598,661)
Longreach Mineral Exploration Pty Ltd	b	(57)	-	57	57
		(929,807)	(61,000)	(2,895,828)	(315,911)

- a. Before the Group was listed on the ASX it was common practice for Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd (Longreach) to pay employees salaries and suppliers on behalf of the Group. Additionally, working capital was transferred between Longreach and the Group as required on an ongoing basis. Following the IPO, the transactions between Longreach and the Group were mainly limited to those pursuant to the Longreach Separation Agreement and Transitional Services agreement. The majority of these expenses are in relation to the IPO costs paid for by Longreach and income assigned to Longreach at 31 March 2022 prior to the restructure. In addition, under the transitional service agreement Longreach provides office space, accounts processing support and information technology services to the Group. Since the IPO the Group has recorded an expense of \$52,500 under the Transitional Service Agreement.
- b. Before the Group was listed on ASX, the Group paid invoices on behalf of Discover Geoscience Pty Ltd, Longreach Capital Investment (Canada) Limited, Longreach No 1 Pty Ltd, Longreach Bedout Pty Ltd, Theia Energy Pty Ltd, Theia Energy No 1 Pty Ltd, Theia Energy No 4 Pty Ltd, Longreach No 3 Pty Ltd, Searcher Seismic Pty Ltd and Longreach Mineral Exploration Pty Ltd.

Prior to the Group listing on the ASX, the balance of all loan accounts between the Group and Longreach entities were forgiven as part of the IPO restructure. As a result, a transaction with owners of \$9,153,827 has been recorded in other reserves for the financial year ended 2022 representing the total value of net loans receivable to the Group being forgiven.

All transactions with related parties are priced on an arm's length basis and are to be settled in cash when called. None of the balances are secured. No expense has been recognized in the current year for bad or doubtful debts in respect of amounts owed by related parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2022

Note 29. Contingent assets and liabilities

Following the pre-IPO restructure, Finder granted Longreach a 3% royalty interest in the net sale proceeds from petroleum produced from the areas the subject to permits WA-412 P, AC/P 61 and WA-547-P. Given the permits are currently in the exploration phase, the value of any contingent royalty liabilities are not currently not able to be estimated.

The Group is unaware of any other contingent asset or liability that may have a material impact on the Company's financial position other than disclosed in this financial report

Note 30. Subsequent events

Other than the above, and unless disclosed elsewhere in the annual report, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group, in future financial years.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

30 JUNE 2022

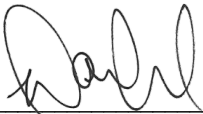
In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 2 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors



Damon Neaves
Director

30 September 2022
Perth

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FINDER ENERGY HOLDINGS LIMITED



Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholders of Finder Energy Holdings Limited

Report on the audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the **Financial Report** of Finder Energy Holdings Limited (the Company).

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Report of the Company is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- Giving a true and fair view of the **Group's** financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- Complying with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The **Financial Report** comprises:

- Consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022;
- Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, Consolidated statement of changes in equity, and Consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- Notes including a summary of significant accounting policies; and
- Directors' Declaration.

The **Group** consists of the Company and the entities it controlled at the year-end or from time to time during the financial year.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Report of the current period.

This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FINDER ENERGY HOLDINGS LIMITED



Acquisition of WA-542-P (\$9.248 million)

Refer to Note 17, 24, 25, 28 to the Financial Report

The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
<p>On 1 June 2021, a subsidiary of the Group executed an agreement with Equinor Australia B.V (Equinor) to acquire 100% interest in WA-542-P (exploration licence) and its associated liabilities. Approval of the transfer of title was obtained from National Offshore Petroleum Titles Administrator (NOPATA) on 23 July 2021. The Group, through its subsidiary Finder No. 17 Pty Ltd subsequently renamed Beagle No.1 Pty Ltd (Beagle) received consideration of \$9.248 million from Equinor and took over responsibility for all work program commitments remaining on the exploration licence. A condition of the agreement was Beagle will pay Equinor US\$3.5m per event in the future if two specific events occur (disclosed in Note 17).</p> <p>Subsequently on 22 March 2022, the Group sold their subsidiary entity, Beagle holding this licence to a related party (Longreach Capital Investment Pty Ltd) for nil consideration and retained a call option to re-purchase the entity (disclosed in Note 25).</p> <p>These transactions were a key audit matter due to their size, interrelationship of the various conditions, and effort required in assessing key accounting judgements made by the Group which influence measurement and presentation in the financial statements. We particularly focused on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For the acquisition of the exploration licence: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Group's judgement relating to the determination of acquisition accounting (asset versus business combination), and allocations made to acquired liabilities; Date of control of the acquisition given key events span the end of last financial year and start of this one. This would influence whether the acquisition and related acquired liabilities are recorded in the FY21 year end or FY22; Fair value of acquired liabilities given their classification and measurement is critical to the amounts reported as the Group's commitments, (presented as Provisions in Note 17), along with the status of the associated work program commitment costs the Group became responsible for. Fair value estimates are judgmental and assumptions may be prone to greater risk for potential bias and error. These conditions necessitate additional scrutiny by us; Fair value of contingent consideration to 	<p>Our procedures included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> We considered the Group's accounting policies related to the transactions against the criteria in the accounting standards and associated requirements, including asset acquisition versus business combination requirements We assessed the Group's (Note 17) disclosures in respect of the acquisition including recognition of a provision, subsequent related party transaction to dispose of the subsidiary and terms of call option in the financial report, using our understanding obtained from our testing and against the requirements of the accounting standards. <p>For the acquisition of the exploration licence:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> We read the transaction documents related to the acquisition to understand the key terms and conditions. We obtained the NOPATA approval as evidence of the date of transfer of WA-542-P exploration licence to the Group. Using the key terms of the transaction documents and the NOPATA approval, we evaluated the Group's date of control against the criteria in the accounting standards. We inquired and met with the Group's senior management to understand the status of acquired work program commitment costs and obligations and rights of the exploration licence. We compared the nature and quantum of acquired work program commitment costs in the agreement with Equinor, to the Group's allocation of consideration to acquired liabilities, as recorded in the Provisions amount on acquisition. We challenged key assumptions used in the Group's determination of the provision at balance date by using our knowledge of the Group and the industry, the nature of committed activities compared to the licence conditions for consistency and evaluating the feasibility of cost estimates against the Group's experience with similar projects. For the Group's assessment of contingent consideration to Equinor for the exploration well condition, to compare the existence of a present obligation, we evaluated future work programs and forecasts and read board meeting minutes for signals of the conditions triggering contingent consideration were probable, using the criteria in the accounting standard. We challenged the classification of the provision as non-current, through evaluation of future work

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FINDER ENERGY HOLDINGS LIMITED



<p>Equinor given the conditions of the agreement oblige the Group to pay Equinor if the Group farmout any equity in the license or an exploration well is drilled while the Group retains an interest. These conditions necessitated evaluation of the Group's actions and intentions. Under accounting standards contingencies are not measured in the current year results where there is no present obligation. Given the difference in accounting depending on the facts and interpretations, this was a focus for us.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the sale of the related entity which acquired the exploration licence (note 25): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – The Group's assessment of whether control has passed or not, and the implications for whether the current and contingent obligations of the acquired licence remain those of the Group, and therefore are measured and presented in the Group's results. <p>The above required significant audit effort and senior team involvement.</p>	<p>programs and obligations and rights of the Group under the exploration licence, checking the timing of relevant expenditures.</p> <p>For the sale of the related entity which acquired the exploration licence:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Working with our technical accounting specialists we assessed the Group's determination of control and the related accounting implications in accordance with the accounting standards. This included reading the related party sale agreement, board meeting minutes and work plans to understand the ability of the call option to be exercised. • We assessed the implications of the sale against the conditions in the Equinor transaction agreement and reconsidered the triggers for contingent consideration. Specifically, we assessed the Group's interpretation of what constituted a farmout of any equity in the license, and associated clauses in the agreement.
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Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in Finder Energy Holdings Limited's annual reporting which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors are responsible for the Other Information.

The Other Information we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report was the Directors' report and the Corporate Directory. The Chairman's Review, Chief Executive Officer's Report, and Shareholders Summary and Equity Security Holder are expected to be made available to us after the date of the Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not and will not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the Remuneration Report and our related assurance opinion.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FINDER ENERGY HOLDINGS LIMITED



Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors are responsible for:

- Preparing the Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Act 2001*;
- Implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- Assessing the Group and Company's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Group and Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- To obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- To issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report is located at the *Auditing and Assurance Standards Board* website at: https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar1_2020.pdf. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Finder Energy Holdings Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022 complies with *Section 300A* of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Directors' responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with *Section 300A* of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Our responsibilities

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*.

KPMG

Glenn Diedrich

Partner

Perth

30 September 2022

SHAREHOLDER SUMMARY

30 JUNE 2022

Additional information required by the ASX and not disclosed elsewhere in this Annual Report is set out below. This information is current as of 29 September 2022.

Shareholder Summary

The following details of the shareholders of Finder Energy Holdings Limited have been summarised from the share register as of 29 September 2022 as follows:

- 75,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares are held by 574 individual shareholders
- 82,500,000 escrowed shares held by 1 individual shareholder, due to be released 24 months from quotation
- 6,662,500 share options are held by 10 individual option holders
- 16,500,000 performance rights are held by 5 individual right holders

The number of shareholders, by size of holding, in each class are as follows:

	Fully paid ordinary shares	Escrowed shares	Options	Performance rights
1-1,000	19			
1,001- 5,000	59			
5,001-10,000	83			
10,001-100,000	283			
100,001 and over	130	1	10	5
Total	574	1	10	5

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

30 JUNE 2022

Equity security holders

Twenty largest quoted equity security holders

The names of the twenty largest security holders of quoted equity securities are listed below:

Holder Name	Holding	% IC
LONGREACH CAPITAL INVESTMENT PTY LTD	84,100,000	53.40%
ONSPEED PTY LTD	4,900,000	3.11%
HARSHELL INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	4,400,000	2.79%
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	3,675,000	2.33%
MR WILLIAM MCARTHUR	3,010,126	1.91%
NETWEALTH INVESTMENTS LIMITED	2,446,426	1.55%
MS LAY HOON LEE	2,300,000	1.46%
MILLROSE GOLD MINES LTD	1,630,500	1.04%
1215 CAPITAL PTY LTD	1,562,407	0.99%
CIPATER PTY LTD	1,550,000	0.98%
GOLDEARTH INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	1,400,000	0.89%
TOPSFIELD PTY LTD	1,250,000	0.79%
CRANPORT PTY LTD	1,180,986	0.75%
MR HAN SWEE TAN	1,000,000	0.63%
GEMTIME HOLDINGS PTY LTD	1,000,000	0.63%
A22 PTY LIMITED	750,000	0.48%
MR JEREMY NICHOLAS TOLCON & MRS NADINE RUTH TOLCON	650,000	0.41%
MR SHANE TIMOTHY BALL	574,000	0.36%
MR MATTHEW REGOS & MRS SILVIA REGOS <REGOS FAMILY A/C>	550,000	0.35%
ICHIBAN INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	550,000	0.35%
MR JOSHUA IACOB	550,000	0.35%
MR JOHN ALEXANDER YOUNG & MRS CHERYL KAYE YOUNG	500,000	0.32%
GELLI PTY LTD	500,000	0.32%
PAYZONE PTY LTD	500,000	0.32%
MRS NADINE RUTH TOLCON	500,000	0.32%
B & M STEWART SUPERANNUATION FUND PTY LTD	500,000	0.32%
GOLDLINK PTY LTD	500,000	0.32%
ARIBEC SUPERCO PTY LTD	465,624	0.30%
Total	122,495,069	77.77%

Voting rights

The voting rights attached to ordinary shares are set out below:

Ordinary shares

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

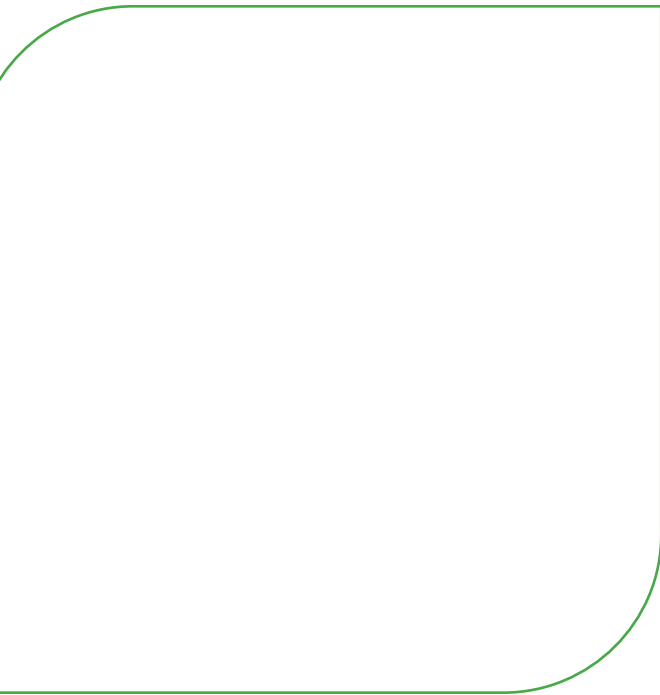
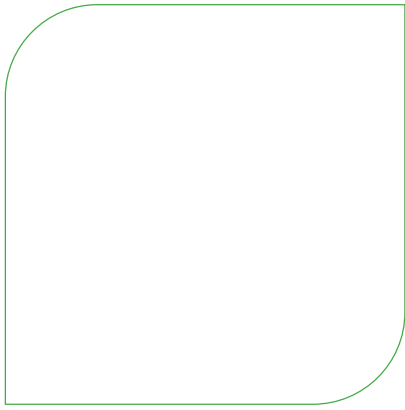
Listing Rule 1.3.2(B)

The Company confirms that it has used the cash and assets in a form readily converted to cash consistent with the use of funds as outlined in the Replacement Prospectus.

Corporate Governance Statement

The Company and its Board are committed to achieving and demonstrating high standards of corporate governance. The Company has reviewed its corporate governance practices against the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th edition) published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council.

The Corporate Governance Statement reflects the corporate governance practices in place throughout the 2022 financial period. The Company's Corporate Governance Statement undergoes periodic review by the Board. A description of the Group's current corporate governance practices is set out in the Group's Corporate Governance Statement which can be viewed at <https://finderenergy.com/about/corporate-governance/>



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