

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Lotus Resources Limited (“**Lotus**” or the “**Company**”) board of directors (the “**Board**” or “**Directors**”) is committed to conducting Lotus’s business in accordance with the highest standards of corporate governance to create and deliver value for its shareholders. The Board has established a corporate governance framework, including corporate governance policies, procedures and charters, to support this commitment. The framework is reviewed regularly and revised in response to changes in law, developments in corporate governance and changes to the Company’s business. A copy of these charters, procedures and policies are available on the governance page of Lotus’s website at lotusresources.com.au and are referred to in this document where relevant.

As a listed entity, Lotus must comply with Australian laws including the *Corporations Act* 2001 (Cth) (Corporations Act) and the Australian Securities Exchange Listing Rules (the “**ASX Listing Rules**”) and must report against the ASX Corporate Governance Council’s Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition) (the “**ASX Principles**”).

As required by the ASX Listing Rules, this Corporate Governance Statement (the “**Statement**”) discloses the extent to which Lotus has followed the ASX Principles. Except where otherwise explained, Lotus follows the ASX Principles.

This Statement should be read in conjunction with the material on the Company’s website www.lotusresources.com.au, including the 2022 Annual Report.

This Statement relates to the financial year ended 30 June 2022 and is accurate and up to date as at 30 September 2022. The Statement has been approved by the Board.

1. PRINCIPLE 1: LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

Key policies and charters with respect to the Board are the Company's Constitution and the Board Charter.

1.1 Have and disclose a Board Charter

The Board has established a Board Charter.

The Board has adopted a formal Board Charter that details the Board's role, authority, responsibilities, membership and operations, and is available under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

The Charter sets out the matters specifically reserved for the Board, requirements as to the Board's composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman of the Board ("**Chairman**") and Company Secretary, rules for the establishment, operation and management of Board Committees, Directors' access to Company records and information, details of the Board's relationship with management, details of the Board's performance evaluation and details of the Board's disclosure policy.

1.2 Appointment and election of Directors

The Company undertakes appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a Director.

The Board, which for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 has performed the function of a Nomination and Remuneration Committee, is required to ensure appropriate checks (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history (as appropriate)) are undertaken before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a Director.

All material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director is provided to Shareholders in any notice of meeting pursuant to which the resolution to elect or re-elect such Director will be voted on.

1.3 Written agreements with Directors and senior executives

All new Directors are appointed through a written agreement with the Company that sets out their duties, rights and responsibilities. The Company has written agreements in place with each of its Directors and senior executives.

1.4 Accountability of Company Secretary

The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman and the Managing Director. The Company Secretary in his capacity as company secretary is appointed by the Board and Directors have access to the Company Secretary.

The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board through the Chairman on matters regarding the proper functioning of the Board, including assisting the Board and any of its committees with meetings and directors' duties, advising the Board on corporate governance matters, and acting as the interface between the Board and senior executives.

The role of the Company Secretary is described in more detail in the Board Charter.

1.5 Diversity Policy

The Company is committed to building a diverse and inclusive workforce across a wide range of workforce demographics that extends beyond gender. While it remains committed to workforce diversity, in light of its scope of activity and employee numbers during the financial year ended 30 June 2022, it was not considered appropriate that the Board adopt and maintain a formal diversity policy with measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity or have in place a process for assessing annually diversity related objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them.

Post the financial year ended 30 June 2022, the Board approved and adopted a formal inclusion and diversity policy which can be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

It was considered whether measurable objectives should be included in that policy. In view of the low overall number of senior executives and members of the workforce, it was not considered that specific measurable objectives would assist the Company at this time. This is a matter that the Nominations Committee and ESG Committee will keep under review as the business develops and will seek to introduce in due course at an appropriate time as the workforce grows.

1.6 Performance evaluation of the Board

The Board considers the evaluation of its own and senior executive performance as fundamental to establishing a culture of performance and accountability.

As part of a review of governance practices gearing up for the next phase of the Company's activities, the Board has resolved to work with an external facilitator to introduce and implement an upgraded appraisal process. The Chair of the ESG Committee will supervise and take this process forward.

The process will involve an online submission by all directors and senior executives, preparation of an independent report from the submissions and identifying actions from that report. The process has commenced and will be completed in advance of the Company's AGM.

A formal performance review of the Board and its members was not carried out for the financial year ended 30 June 2022. It is intended that the appraisal process that will be completed in the forthcoming period will be used as the basis for an annual process.

This will be part of a broader exercise to ensure the appropriate skills are available to the Company at the Board level and generally. This includes the Company developing a refreshed skills matrix as discussed below in paragraph 2.2 and the adoption of a formal inclusion and diversity policy as noted above at paragraph 1.5.

1.7 Evaluation of senior executives

The Managing Director is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Company's senior executives on an annual basis and the Board is responsible for evaluating the remuneration of the Company's senior executives on an annual basis. A senior executive, for these purposes, means key management personnel (KMP) (as defined in the Corporations Act) other than a non-executive Director.

In connection with the matters described under paragraph 1.6, it has been decided that the senior executives will be part of the evaluation process described there. This will help ensure consistency in approach. The information produced will form part of an evaluation process for senior executives carried out by the Managing Director on a one to one basis with each member of the senior executive team.

Owing to the majority (two) of the KMPs having been appointed only in 2022, a formal review of the remuneration of the Company's senior executives was not carried out for the financial year ended 30 June 2022. The Board is satisfied that its current remuneration is appropriate in the Company's circumstances. The Company intends to complete performance evaluations in respect of the senior executives for each financial year going forward in accordance with the processes described above.

2. PRINCIPLE 2: STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE

2.1 Nomination Committee

The Board has the ability under the Company's Constitution to delegate its powers and responsibilities to Committees of the Board. Special Board committees shall be formed as required to give guidance and provide oversight concerning specific matters to the Board.

It was decided during the financial year ended 30 June 2022 that it was appropriate to establish a Nomination and Remuneration Committee in view of the composition of the Board and the growth of the Company. The charters for the Nomination and Remuneration Committee can be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au. The inaugural meeting of the

Nomination and Remuneration Committee took place after 30 June 2022 and accordingly, during financial year ended 30 June 2022, the responsibilities of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee were performed by the Board.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee adopted a formal, Board-approved charter detailing its role, authority, responsibilities, membership and operations. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee charter will be reviewed annually and, as noted, is available under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

Going forward, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee will assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities in overseeing the:

- a) Remuneration strategy of the Company and its specific application to the Managing Director and senior executives;
- b) Selection, remuneration and succession of Directors; and
- c) The appointment, performance evaluation and succession of the Managing Director and senior executives.

2.2 Skills and experience

The Company's objective is to have an appropriate mix of expertise and experience on the Board, and where appropriate its committees, so that the Board can effectively discharge its corporate governance and oversight responsibilities.

The Board considers key areas of expertise and experience to include:

- a) Corporate strategy;
- b) Executive leadership;
- c) Capital markets and business development;
- d) Risk management;
- e) Health and safety;
- f) Uranium Markets
- g) African operations;
- h) Financial knowledge and experience;
- i) Metals exploration and mining;
- j) Resources project development;
- k) Board level capability; and
- l) Corporate governance.

The Company is committed to the continuing development of its Directors and will consider covering the cost of Directors participating in training and development programs.

A summary of the experience, skills and attributes of the Board is shown in the table below.

Experience, skills and attributes	Board
Corporate strategy Senior experience in the development and implementation of corporate strategy	5
Executive leadership Successful experience in CEO/Managing Director and/or other senior corporate leadership roles	5
Capital markets and business development Experience and capability in equity financing, joint ventures, mergers and acquisitions	4
Risk management and compliance Senior executive experience in operational risk management, including identification, monitoring, mitigation and compliance.	5
Health and safety Executive experience in the development and management of health and safety practices	3
Uranium Markets Executive experience in the uranium fuel cycle, supply / demand fundamentals and product offtake	2
African operations Senior experience in African locations and demonstrated ability to maintain key in-country relationships	2
Financial knowledge and experience Professional qualifications in finance disciplines or exhibits a high level of experience or background in financial accounting and reporting, internal financial and risk controls, capital management and treasury	2
Metals exploration and mining Relevant industry experience	4
Resources project development Resources project development and management	3
Board level experience	5

Experience, skills and attributes	Board
Directors of other listed entities (last three years)	
Corporate Governance Demonstrated commitment to high standards of corporate governance, including board, senior executive or equivalent experience or background which demonstrates a commitment to a high level of corporate governance	5

Details of the skills, experiences and expertise of each Director are also set out in the 2022 annual report and on the Company's website under Board and Management at www.lotusresources.com.au.

As noted above, the Board has commenced work with an external service provider to review and update the Board skill's matrix to ensure that the right skills, experience and expertise are in place and developed going forward. The process has been commenced under the supervision of the Chair of the Nominations Committee.

2.3 Directors' status and length of service

The Board should be structured in such a way that it has a proper understanding of, and competency to deal with, the current and emerging issues of Lotus's business and encourages enhanced performance of the Company. In determining the size and composition of the Board, the Company's size and operations as they evolve from time to time are key considerations.

In accordance with the Constitution and the Corporations Act, the Board shall at all times have at least three Directors. The Board is currently comprised of five Directors, three of whom are independent, Non-Executive Directors (Mr Bowen, Mr Hanlon and Ms Marshall), one of whom is the Managing Director (Mr Bowes) and one of whom is a Non-Executive, non-independent Director (Mr Davey).

Name	Status	Appointment Date
Michael Bowen (Chairman)	Non-Executive Chairman Independent	22 February 2021
Mark Hanlon	Non-Executive Director Independent	22 February 2021
Dixie Marshall	Non-Executive Director Independent	1 April 2022
Grant Davey	Non-Executive Director Non-independent	22 June 2020
Keith Bowes	Managing Director Non-independent	15 February 2021

The Company has accepted the definition of "independence" in the ASX Recommendations in making the above assessments of independence. In making the independence assessment, Mr Bowes is deemed as

being non-independent as a result of being an officer of the Company and Mr Davey is deemed as being non-independent as a result of being an officer of a substantial holder of the Company.

Details regarding the Chairman and the Directors, including experience and qualifications, are set out in the Company's 2022 Annual Report and available on the Company's website under Board and Management at www.lotusresources.com.au.

2.4 Independence of Directors

The Company's Board Charter requires that, where practical, the majority of the Board should be independent. The Board currently comprises a total of five Directors, three of whom are considered to be independent. As such, independent Directors currently do comprise the majority of the Board.

2.5 Chair of the Board

The Board Charter provides that, where practical, the Chair of the Board should be an independent Director and should not be the CEO / Managing Director.

The Chairman is an independent non-executive Director.

2.6 Induction of new Directors and professional development of Directors

The Board is responsible for ensuring that new Directors undergo an induction process in which they are given a full briefing on the Company, including meeting with key executives, visits to the Company's premises and an induction package.

Incoming Directors are provided with a formal induction process upon engagement, including familiarising the Director with the Company's policies and processes, role and duties, membership and function of Committees, calendar of events, insurance access and indemnity. Incoming Directors are also offered the opportunity to undertake appropriate training tailored to the Director's existing skills, knowledge and experience.

New Directors appointed to the Board are provided with written material incorporating an overview of Directors' duties for publicly listed companies together with a detailed appointment letter outlining the Company's expectations and setting.

The Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating inductions and professional development including receiving briefings on material developments in laws, regulations and accounting standards relevant to the Company.

3. PRINCIPLE 3: INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

3.1 Corporate values

The Code of Conduct provides a decision-making framework by establishing principles and values to guide decisions and actions. The Code promotes an organisational culture that enables employees to respond appropriately in a variety of situations and to be accountable for their decisions.

The Code of Conduct requires Directors, management, contractors and employees to deal with the Company's customers, suppliers, competitors, regulatory bodies and each other with honesty, fairness and integrity and to observe the rule and spirit of the legal and regulatory environment in which the Company operates.

This Code of Conduct addresses expectations for conduct in the following areas:

- a) Acting with integrity and professionalism and be scrupulous in the proper use of Company information, funds, equipment and facilities;
- b) Exercising fairness, equity, courtesy, consideration and sensitivity in interactions with colleagues and stakeholders;
- c) Avoiding real or apparent conflicts of interest;
- d) Devoting the whole of their time, efforts, attention and skills during the hours of work and other such times as may be reasonably necessary to the performance of their duties to the best of their ability and knowledge;
- e) Using their best endeavours to promote the interests and business of the Company and its related entities;
- f) Complying with all relevant laws, rules and regulations, policies, handbooks/manuals and procedures as communicated from time to time;
- g) Being familiar at regular times with any and all such updates and amendments and comply with any updated, amended or new policies, regulations, rules, laws, handbooks/manuals and procedures;
- h) Faithfully and diligently performing duties and exercising powers consistent with the applicable role or as assigned from time to time; and
- i) Contributing to a culture of high ethical and moral standards and playing a role in preventing and correcting violations.

3.2 Code of Conduct

The Company's Code of Conduct applies to the Company's Directors, senior executives, employees and contractors. Any material breaches of the Code of Conduct are reported to the Board or a committee of the Board.

3.3 Whistleblower Policy

In committing to the highest standards of conduct and ethical behaviour, the Company encourages the reporting of any suspected unethical, illegal, fraudulent or undesirable conduct involving the Company. The Company will ensure that those persons who make a report, are free to do so without fear of intimidation, disadvantage or reprisal. All disclosures, whether or not they are material, are reported to the Board who is responsible for managing the Company's response. A copy of the Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au

3.4 Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy

Lotus has a zero-tolerance approach to bribery or corruption in its business. The Code, together with the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy, documents the Company's commitment to ensure all officers, employees, contractors, agents and any other party representing Lotus, will act fairly, honestly, with integrity and in compliance with the law. The Code of Conduct, together with the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy, set out the standards and behaviour Lotus expects of its officers, employees and representatives and links with the Whistleblowing Policy for the reporting of any actual or suspected breaches.

A copy of the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy is available on the Company's website at www.lotusresources.com.au.

4. PRINCIPLE 4: SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS

4.1 Audit Committee

Up to and including financial year ended 30 June 2022, a separate Audit Committee was not considered by the Board to be appropriate. In this period, these responsibilities were performed by the Board as a whole.

It was decided during the financial year ended 30 June 2022 that it was appropriate to establish an Audit and Risk Committee as the Company prepares for the more complex operations in the coming period. The charter for the Audit and Risk Committee can be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au. The inaugural meeting of the Audit and Risk Committee took place after 30 June 2022 in connection with approval of the annual report of the Company for the period ended 30 June 2022.

The Audit and Risk Committee charter was approved by the Board detailing its role, authority, responsibilities, membership and operations. As noted, it is available under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

Going forward, the Audit and Risk Committee will assist the Board to protect the interests of Lotus's shareholders and stakeholders by overseeing on behalf of the Board:



- a) The integrity of financial reporting;
- b) The adequacy of the control environment and the processes for identifying and managing financial risk;
- c) The external audit function; and
- d) Compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements and internal codes of conduct, as requested by the board.

The Directors are given the opportunity to liaise with the Company's auditors separately and before the final signing of the half-year and annual financial statements.

4.2 Financial statements

In connection with the year-end financial reports, the CEO (or equivalent) and CFO (or equivalent) provides a declaration to the Board in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act that, in their opinion, the financial records have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company, and their opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The Board is satisfied that a formal declaration is not needed for the half year results and that an annual declaration is sufficient.

4.3 Verification of financial reporting

To the extent that the information contained in the following is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor, the Company will include in each of its:

- a) Annual reports or on its website, a description of the process it undertakes to verify the integrity of the information in its annual Directors' report; and
- b) Half-year reports, or in its annual report or on its website, a description of the process it undertakes to verify the integrity of the information in its half-year reports.

5. PRINCIPLE 5: MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

5.1 Continuous disclosure policy

In order to comply with its continuous disclosure obligations, the Board has adopted a Continuous Disclosure Policy. The Continuous Disclosure Policy can be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

Lotus' Continuous Disclosure Policy reinforces its commitment to the ASX continuous disclosure requirements and outlines management's accountabilities and the processes to be followed for ensuring compliance.

The Continuous Disclosure Policy requires that procedures are in place to ensure that:

- a) Information is reviewed by Company management, including consultation with the Board and external advisors as required to determine if disclosure is required;
- b) The Non-Executive Chairman is advised of all information to be disclosed to the market; and
- c) The Board is kept fully informed of all information subsequently disclosed to the market.

The Company Secretary has primary responsibility for administration of the Continuous Disclosure Policy, including monitoring compliance with its disclosure obligations and managing all communications with the ASX.

5.2 Notification of announcements to Directors

All announcements are released on the ASX Markets Announcement Platform are notified to Directors.

5.3 Investor and analyst presentations

All substantive investor or analyst presentations are released on the ASX Markets Announcement Platform ahead of such presentations.

6. PRINCIPLE 6: RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

6.1 Company information on website

Information about the Company and its corporate governance policies is available on the Company's website.

6.2 Investor relations program

Through its shareholder communications, Lotus aims to provide information that enables existing shareholders, potential shareholders and financial analysts to make informed decisions about the Company's intrinsic value and to provide the Company with feedback.

Lotus has an investor relations program that aims to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors, which includes:

- a) Issuing regular written shareholder communications such as quarterly financial reporting and an Annual Report which address the Company's strategy and performance;
- b) Making available on the Company's website important information such as broker research and Company presentations;
- c) Sending and receiving shareholder communications electronically, both from Lotus and its share registry;
- d) Maintaining the Board and governance section and investor and media centre on the Lotus website, including posting all announcements after they have been disclosed to the market;

- e) Engaging in a program of interactions with current and potential investors, and analysts, including participating in investor meetings, relevant conferences, and webinars;
- f) Promoting two-way interaction with shareholders, by supporting shareholder participation in the annual general meeting; and
- g) Ensuring that continuous disclosure obligations are understood and complied with throughout the Company.

In addition to electronic communication via the ASX website, the Company publishes all ASX releases, including annual and half-year financial statements, on the Company's website at www.lotusresources.com.au.

6.3 Shareholder participation at general meetings

To ensure that security holders have the opportunity to participate at meetings of members:

- a) At the Annual General Meeting, shareholders have the opportunity to express their views, ask questions about Company business and vote on items of business for resolution by shareholders; and
- b) The Company's external auditor shall attend the Company's Annual General Meeting and is available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the audit report.

In relation to the election and re-election of Directors, shareholders are informed of the names of candidates submitted for election and re-election as Directors at a general meeting of shareholders. In order to enable shareholders to make an informed decision regarding the election, the following information is supplied to shareholders:

- a) Biographical details (including competencies and qualifications and information sufficient to enable an assessment of the independence of the candidate);
- b) Details of material business relationships between the candidate and the Company and the candidate and Directors of the Company;
- c) Directorships held;
- d) The term of office currently served by any Directors subject to re-election; and
- e) Any other particulars required by law.

6.4 Resolutions at meetings of security holders

All resolutions at securityholder meetings are decided by a poll rather than a show of hands.

6.5 Electronic communication with security holders

The Company supports electronic communications with its shareholders. All shareholders have the option of receiving part or all of their communications electronically, and the Company regularly encourages

shareholders to elect for, or transition to, electronic communications. Contact details for the Company's share registry are made available for shareholders on the Company's website and in key communications to shareholders.

7. PRINCIPLE 7: RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

7.1 Risk management committee

The Company did not, during financial year ended 30 June 2022, have a separate risk committee. It was decided during the financial year ended 30 June 2022 that it was appropriate to establish an Audit and Risk Committee with specific responsibility for overseeing risk as part of its remit. The charter for the Audit and Risk Committee can be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

The inaugural meeting of the Audit and Risk Committee took place after 30 June 2022 and accordingly during financial year ended 30 June 2022 the responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Committee were performed by the Board.

Going forward the Audit and Risk Committee will oversee the Company's risk management framework. Alongside the establishment of the Audit and Risk Committee the Company has adopted an updated risk policy. This can be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

Under the risk policy and with input from the Audit and Risk Committee the most significant risks for the Company will be considered by the Board at its meetings.

7.2 Risk management framework

The Company's approach to risk management is based on the identification, assessment, monitoring, management and reporting of material risks related to its business and management systems.

Risk management governance originates at Board level and via the Audit and Risk Committee and flows through to the Managing Director and the Company's business units through the Company's risk register, management and reporting against the risk register and delegated authorities.

The Company's risk register identifies risks to which the Company is exposed, designating such risks by business function. For each risk in the Company's risk register, the likelihood and consequence of each risk materialising is assessed, and risks are then ranked accordingly. Existing risk mitigation measures are recorded in the risk register and risk rankings are adjusted according to existing risk mitigation initiatives in place.

The Board with assistance from the Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for reviewing and ratifying systems of risk management and internal control and compliance, codes of conduct and legal compliance.

It uses a number of mechanisms to ensure that management's objectives and activities are aligned with the risks identified by the Board.

7.3 Internal audit

Owing to the current size of the Company, the Company does not maintain a designated internal audit function within the Company, as disclosed in the Annual Report.

The scope of work carried out by the external auditor includes a review of internal controls, especially as they relate to the Company's foreign subsidiaries. The report from the external auditor specifically addresses any weaknesses associated with internal controls as they relate to corporate reporting and any identified weaknesses form the basis of an action plan, the purpose of which is to address any such weaknesses. Implementation and monitoring of the progress of the action plan is undertaken by the Company's CFO, who has experience in internal audit.

Comprehensive reporting to the Board on the Company's activities, in particular the application of funds, is carried out on a monthly basis and forms an important part of the internal control process.

7.4 Environmental and social risks

The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy requires the Company to disclose whether it has any potential or apparent exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, put in place management systems, practices and procedures to manage those risk.

The Company operates in a foreign jurisdiction – Malawi – and recognises the importance of working constructively with local communities. In endeavouring to ensure that the Company maintains positive, mutually beneficial relationships with local communities and other key stakeholders, it applies a multi-faceted approach that seeks to address the following aspects of its engagement:

- a) Staff and contractor conduct;
- b) Community engagements;
- c) Community complaints;
- d) Land access and relocation;
- e) Migration to the local area (In-migration);
- f) Community health and safety;
- g) Environmental impact;
- h) Local employment;
- i) Local procurement;
- j) Community development; and

k) Track projects' quality and result.

Reflecting this, the Board decided during the financial year ended 30 June 2022 to establish an Environmental, Social and Governance committee to assist the Board in this area. The charter of the ESG Committee, which was approved by the Board, is available under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

In connection with the role of the Board and the ESG Committee the Company has adopted a sustainability policy which can also be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

8. PRINCIPLE 8: REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

8.1 Remuneration Committee

The Board has the ability under the Company's Constitution to delegate its powers and responsibilities to committees of the Board. Special Board committees shall be formed as required to give guidance and provide oversight concerning specific matters to the Board.

The Company has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee. As the inaugural meeting of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee took place after 30 June 2022, during the financial year ended 30 June 2022 these functions were performed by the Board.

Going forward these matters will be dealt with by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee will operate under its charter which was approved by the Board. The charter is available under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

8.2 Remuneration of Directors and senior executives

The Company adopted an updated remuneration policy which is available under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

The Company's Remuneration Policy is to ensure that the remuneration package properly reflects the relevant individual's duties and responsibilities and that remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people of the highest quality.

Non-Executive Directors are remunerated by way of fixed remuneration (cash fees), superannuation contributions and from time-to-time, options.

Levels of fixed remuneration for Non-Executive Directors reflect the time commitment and responsibilities of the role. Non-Executive Directors are paid their fees out of the maximum aggregate amount approved by shareholders for the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors. The sum each Non-Executive Director is paid is determined by the Board. Additional fees can be paid for participation on Board Committees or

where the time commitment is in excess of that which is typical for a Non-Executive Director of the Company.

While the Company's Non-Executive Directors have been granted unlisted options, in the ordinary course, they do not receive performance-based remuneration as it may lead to bias in their decision-making and compromise their objectivity.

It is generally acceptable for Non-Executive Directors to receive securities as part of their remuneration to align their interests with the interests of other security holders.

Subject to obtaining any required approvals, the Company's Non-Executive Directors may also choose to receive shares in the Company as part of their remuneration instead of receiving cash and may participate in equity schemes of the Company, such as option schemes.

Non-Executive Directors should not be provided with retirement benefits other than superannuation. The Company's Non-Executive Directors are entitled to and receive their statutory superannuation entitlement.

Remuneration packages for Executive Directors and other senior executives include an appropriate balance of fixed remuneration and performance-based remuneration.

Fixed remuneration is to be reasonable and fair, taking into account the Company's obligations at law and labour market conditions, and relative to the scale of the Company's business. It reflects core performance requirements and expectations.

Performance-based remuneration is linked to clearly specified performance targets. These targets are aligned to the Company's short and long-term performance objectives and are appropriate to its circumstances, goals and risk appetite.

Termination payments, if any, for senior executives are agreed in advance and the agreement clearly addresses what will happen in the case of early termination. There is no termination payment for removal for misconduct.

Details on the Company's approach to remuneration and the amount of remuneration and all monetary and non-monetary components for all Directors and key management personnel are to be included in the Remuneration Report within the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.

8.3 Equity-based remuneration

The Company has an equity-based remuneration scheme. The Company strives to have a well-designed equity-based remuneration scheme, including options or performance rights, which can be an effective form of remuneration, especially when linked to hurdles that are aligned to the Company's longer-term performance objectives. The Company takes care in the design of equity-based remuneration schemes to

ensure that they do not lead to "short-termism" on the part of senior executives or the taking of undue risks.

The Company has a policy – Securities Trading Policy – on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme.

A copy of the Securities Trading Policy is available on the Company's website.