Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity					
Encou	Encounter Resources Limited				
ABN/A	RBN		Financial year ended:		
47 109	9 815 796		30 June 2022		
Our co	rporate governance statem	nent ¹ for the period above can be fo	ound at: ²		
	These pages of our annual report:	, •			
\boxtimes	This URL on our website:	https://www.encounterresources.c	com.au/corporate-governance/		
The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 30 June 2022 and has been approved by the board.					
The an	nexure includes a key to w	rhere our corporate governance dis	closures can be located.3		
Date:	Date: 28 October 2022				
	Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement: Dan Travers (Company Secretary)				

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINC	CIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	/ERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/ and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCI	PLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD	VALUE	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.		⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/ and the length of service of each director in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCI	PLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	Y AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPOR	TS	
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) in the Director's Report section of the Company's Annual Report.at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/investors/reports/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

•		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPI	E 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.		
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPI	LE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks in our Corporate Governance Statement at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/corporate-governance/	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives in the Remuneration Report section of our Annual Report at: https://www.encounterresources.com.au/investors/reports/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.		

Corpora	nte Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
ADDITIO	DNAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CA	SES	
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	Not Applicable	
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	Not Applicable	
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Not Applicable	
ADDITIO	DNAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGE	D LISTED ENTITIES	
-	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities: The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	Not Applicable	
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities: An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	Not Applicable	

ENCOUNTER RESOURCES LIMITED - CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 2022

The Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Company, including the establishing and monitoring of key performance goals. It is committed to attaining standards of corporate governance that are commensurate with the Company's needs. In this regard, the Board has created a framework for managing the Company, including internal controls and a business risk management process. This framework is reflected, in part, in the policies and charters described below.

The Board has adopted, and endorses *The ASX Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations* (4th Edition) as amended from time to time (**ASX Recommendations**) and has adopted the ASX Recommendations that are considered appropriate for the Company given its size and the scope of its proposed activities. Details of the Company's compliance with the ASX Recommendations (4th Edition) are set out below.

Effective 1 July 2020 the Company adopted amended policies and practices, to satisfy where considered applicable, the recommendations of the 4th Edition of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition). The updated polices are available for review on the Company's website at www.enrl.com.au. The Company reports its compliance with, or departure from, the 4th Edition recommendations in this Corporate Governance Statement for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

In light of the Company's current stage of development, the Board considers that its current composition is appropriate. As the Company's activities change in nature and scope, the size of the Board and the implementation of additional corporate governance policies and structures will be reviewed and may change.

The 2022 Corporate Governance Statement has been adopted by the Board.

The Company's corporate governance policies and practices as at the date of this Report are outlined below and are available on the Company's website (www.enrl.com.au):

Board Charter

The Board guides and monitors the business and management of the Company. Under its Charter, the Board is responsible for, amongst other things:

- 1. corporate governance and the strategic direction of the Company;
- 2. protecting and enhancing Shareholder value;
- supervising the Company's framework of control and accountability systems;
- 4. reviewing performance and responsibilities within the Company to ensure division of functions are appropriate to the Company's needs and that the Company is properly managed;
- 5. monitoring and managing the financial performance of the Company;
- 6. approving the annual budget and statutory reports;
- 7. developing and implementing the Company's policies and procedures and assessing their adequacy;
- 8. monitoring and ensuring compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations;
- 9. convening and attending general meetings of Shareholders; and
- 10. assessing and approving all transactions which would impact on Shareholder value and, where relevant, make recommendations to shareholders.

The Company is committed to the circulation of relevant materials to Directors in a timely manner to facilitate Directors' participation in the Board discussions on a fully informed basis.

For the purposes of corporate governance reporting the Company's Managing Director, Mr Will Robinson has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer.

Composition of the Board

Election of Board members is substantially the province of the Shareholders in general meeting.

The Board of Directors at 30 June 2022 was as follows:

Mr Paul Chapman – Independent Non-Executive Chairman

Mr Will Robinson – Managing Director

Mr Peter Bewick — Independent Non-Executive Director
Dr Jon Hronsky — Independent Non-Executive Director
Mr Philip Crutchfield — Independent Non-Executive Director

Details of the skills and experience of Directors of the Company are included in the Directors' Report section of the 2022 Annual Financial Statements which are available on the Company's website at www.enrl.com.au.

Audit Committee Charter

The Board has adopted an Audit Committee Charter which outlines the composition of the committee, its purpose, its responsibilities and requirements of its meetings. In summary the audit committee is responsible for ensuring the integrity of the Company's financial statements, the effectiveness of financial reporting and liaison with the Company's auditor.

The Audit Committee is comprised of the independent non-executive directors.

Remuneration Committee Charter

The Board has adopted a Remuneration Committee Charter which outlines the composition of the committee, its role, its responsibilities, its authority, and requirements of its meetings.

In summary the remuneration committee is responsible for preparing and reviewing the Company's strategy with regard to remunerating, recruiting, incentivising, retaining and, where appropriate, terminating the Company's executives, non-executive directors and employees. Until the size and / or activities of the Company warrant the creation of a separate remuneration committee, the duties of a remuneration committee will be undertaken by the full Board.

Nomination Committee Charter

The Board has adopted a Nomination Committee Charter which outlines the composition of the committee, its role, its responsibilities, its authority, and requirements of its meetings.

The nomination committee is responsible for the identification and recommendation of potential candidates for appointment to the Board after considering current Board composition and skill sets and experience deemed appropriate. In addition, the Nomination Committee will oversee matters of performance appraisal, induction procedures and ongoing education and improvement. Until the size and / or activities of the Company warrant the creation of a separate nomination committee, the duties of a nomination committee will be undertaken by the full Board.

Code of Conduct for Directors, Senior Executives and Employees

The Board has adopted a Code of Conduct for Directors, senior executives and employees to promote ethical and responsible decision making and execution of their roles and responsibilities.

Continuous Disclosure

The Company is, subject to the exceptions contained in the Listing Rules, required to disclose to ASX any information concerning the Company which is not generally available and which a reasonable person would expect to have a material impact on the price or value of Shares.

The Company is committed to observing its disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules. The Company encourages a culture of openness which is conducive to fulfilment of the Company's disclosure obligations and creates clear lines of communication and authority with regard to the dissemination of information and continuous disclosure issues. In accordance with this policy, all information provided to ASX is made available on the Company's website (www.enrl.com.au)

Share Trading Policy

The Company has adopted a Share Trading Policy to maintain investor confidence in the integrity of Company's internal controls and procedures, and to provide guidance on avoiding any breach of insider trading laws.

Under the policy, all employees and Directors are prohibited from trading in the Company's securities, except during a 10 day trading window that opens 24 hours after the Company makes a public announcement on ASX, including, but not limited to, after a general meeting, and on disclosure of half year, full year and quarterly results.

An employee or Director who is in possession of price sensitive information which is not generally available to the market must not deal in the Company's securities at any time even if a trading window is open.

In addition, a Director or employee who wishes to trade in the Company's securities must first obtain the consent of the Chairman.

Directors' Disclosure Obligations

Any change in a Director's direct or indirect interest in Company securities must be disclosed to the Company so that appropriate disclosure can be made by the Company to ASX in accordance with the Listing Rules.

Shareholder Communications Policy

This policy details how the Company is committed to keeping Shareholders appraised of the Company's activities, including by providing regular communications that are balanced and understandable, ensuring information is easily accessible, and facilitating Shareholder participation in the Company's general meetings.

Risk Management Policy

The Chief Executive Officer is primarily responsible for administering this policy, which sets out the way in which various types of risk are to be managed, including by reviews of internal controls, financial reporting, operational activities, investment proposals, environmental and safety risks and continuous improvement.

Material risk matters are reported on and discussed at board meetings.

Environmental Responsibilities

The Company recognises that it has a fundamental requirement to conduct its proposed activities in an environmentally responsible manner. The Company continually develops its environmental management system to ensure legislative compliance, high levels of employee awareness, stakeholder participation when developing project systems, best practice performance by contractors and continual improvement in respect of environmental protection issues and hazard minimisation.

Environmental matters are reported on as a standing agenda item at all board meetings.

Diversity policy

The Board has adopted a diversity policy which provides a framework for the Company to achieve, amongst other things, a diverse and skilled Board and workforce, a workplace culture characterised by inclusive practices and behaviours for the benefit of all staff, and a work environment that values and utilises the contributions of all employees, irrespective of gender, culture, disability, age, or religion.

The Company employs new employees and promotes current employees on the basis of performance, ability and attitude. The Board is continually reviewing its practices with a focus on ensuring that the selection process at all levels within the organisation is formal and transparent and that the workplace environment is open, fair and tolerant.

The Company, in keeping with the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Council provides the following information regarding the proportion of gender diversity in the organisation as at 30 June 2022:

	Proportion of female / total
	number of persons employed
Females employed in the Company as a whole	3/9
Females employed in the Company in senior executive positions*	0/0
Females appointed as a Director of the Company	0/5

^{*}There are no individuals considered by the Board to be senior executives outside of the Company's directors.

Whistle blower policy

The Company has adopted a formal whistle blower policy which is made available on the Company's website (www.enrl.com.au).

This policy applies to all directors, officers, employees, consultants and contractors of Encounter Resources Limited (Personnel). This policy also applies, as far as is reasonably achievable, to Encounter Resources Limited's service providers, suppliers and third-party contractors.

The purpose of this policy is to encourage the persons to whom the policy applies to raise any concerns or report instances of any potential breach of law, any violations (or suspected violations) of the Company's Code of Conduct or any other legal or ethical concern without the fear of detriment.

Anti-bribery and corruption policy

The Company has adopted a formal anti-bribery and corruption policy in recognition that bribery and corruption act to undermine legitimate business activities, distort competition and may expose the Company, its employees and other stakeholders to significant risks.

Encounter provides a safe mechanism pursuant to its whistle blower Policy to enable and encourage the reporting of any actual, alleged, or perceived, instances of bribery or corruption by any individual to which this policy applies.

A copy of the anti-bribery and corruption policy is made available on the Company's website (www.enrl.com.au).

The recommendations of the Corporate Governance Council relating to reporting require a Board to set measurable objectives for achieving diversity within the organisation, and to report against them on an annual basis. The Company has implemented measurable objectives as follows:

Measurable Objective	Objective Satisfied	Comment
Adoption and promotion of a Formal Diversity Policy	Yes	The Company has adopted a formal diversity policy which has been made publicly available via the ASX and the Company's website.
To ensure Company policies are consistent with and aligned with the goals of the Diversity Policy	Yes	The Company's selection, remuneration and promotion practices are consistent with the goals of the Company's Diversity Policy.
To provide flexible work and salary arrangements to accommodate family commitments, study and self-improvement goals, cultural traditions and other personal choices of current and potential employees.	Yes	The Company will, where considered reasonable and where compatible with the Company's operations, accommodate requests for flexible working arrangements.
To implement clear and transparent policies governing reward and recognition practices.	Yes	The Company grants reward and promotion based on merit and responsibility as part of its ongoing review processes.
To provide relevant and challenging professional development and training opportunities for all employees.	Yes	The Company seeks to continually encourage self- improvement in all employees, irrespective of seniority, ability or experience, through external and internal training courses, regular staff meetings and relevant on job mentoring.

The Company has not at this time implemented specific measurable objectives regarding the proportion of females to be employed within the organisation or implement requirements for a proportion of female candidates for employment and Board positions. The Board will consider when more appropriate to the size and nature of the Company's operations.

Compliance with ASX Recommendations

The Company's compliance with, and departures from, the ASX Recommendations (4^{th} Edition) as at the date of the Report are set out below:

	ASX RECOMMENDATION	COMPANY'S COMMENT
1.	Lay solid foundations for management and over	rsight
1.1.	A listed entity should disclose: (a) The respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) Those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	The board assumes ultimate responsibility for providing leadership and setting the strategic objectives of the Company. The Board Charter, which is available on the Company's website www.enrl.com.au , provides details on the board's specific responsibilities. Management of the Company's activities is delegated by the board to the CEO, Mr Will Robinson. The CEO is assisted by the company secretary and other senior employees in managing and reporting on corporate and operational matters.
1.2.	A listed entity should: (a) Undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) Provide security holders with all material relevant information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	As part of the process for the identification of suitable future candidates for appointment as a director of the Company, the board will take into consideration the person's character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history. Candidate details, as recommended by the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations, are included in the relevant notice of meeting at which the Company seeks approval from security holders for the election or reelection of an individual as a director of the Company.
1.3.	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Executive directors and other senior executives of the Company are engaged subject to the terms of written service contracts, key details of which are published in the Company's annual report. Non-executive directors are required to enter into written agreements for the provision of their services. The respective executive and non-executive agreements set out the terms of their respective appointments, including but not limited to, duties and responsibilities, remuneration (and where appropriate, any termination provisions) and indemnity and insurance arrangements.
1.4.	The Company Secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	The company secretary attends all board and shareholder meetings, and provides advice as required on governance matters. In addition, each individual director is able to communicate directly with the company secretary, or vice versa, as required.

ASX RECOMMENDATION

1.5. A listed entity should:

- (a) Have and disclose a diversity policy;
- (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and
- (c) Disclose at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either:
 - The respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation; or
 - (2) If the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.

COMPANY'S COMMENT

The Company has adopted a diversity policy which is available on the Company's website www.enrl.com.au.

A brief summary of the policy and its aims are disclosed in this corporate governance statement.

The measurable objectives adopted by the board are disclosed in this corporate governance statement.

The measurable objectives, which seek to allow and promote diversity do not at this stage include any specific numerical targets for gender, or any other, diversity measures.

This corporate governance statement includes disclosure regarding gender diversity within the Company as at 30 June 2022.

The Company is not a "relevant employer" for the purposes of the Workplace Gender Equality Act.

1.6. A listed entity should:

- (a) Have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and
- (b) Disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.

The Company currently does not have a formal process for the evaluation of the performance of the board or its committees, and as such does not comply with Recommendation 1.6.

Until such time as a formal process is developed, the chairman will assess the performance of the board.

The Company considers that a formal process is not essential at this stage and that performance evaluation can be effectively assessed on an informal basis.

No formal board or committee performance evaluation has been undertaken during the year ended 30 June 2022.

1.7. A listed entity should:

- (a) Have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and
- (b) Disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.

The Company currently does have a process for the evaluation of the performance of its senior executives, and as such does comply with Recommendation 1.7.

The performance of executive directors is specifically monitored by the non-executive directors who gauge executive performance against predetermined key performance indicators annually, and subsequently may, or may not, recommend payment of short or long term incentives, based on the performance levels achieved.

ASX RECOMMENDATION COMPANY'S COMMENT As the Company grows, the board may establish further formal quantitative and qualitative performance evaluation procedures. The Company considers that a more formal process is not essential at this stage and that performance evaluation can be effectively assessed on the current basis. Structure the board to add value 2.1. The board of a listed entity should: The Company currently does not have a separate formal nomination committee, and as such does not (a) Have a nomination committee which: comply with Recommendation 2.1. (1) Has at least three (3) members, a The Company has adopted a formal Nomination majority of whom are independent Committee Charter which is available on the directors; and (2) Is chaired by an independent Company's website www.enrl.com.au. director; and disclose; The duties normally reserved for a nomination (3) The charter of the committee; committee are currently undertaken by the board as (4) The members of the committee; a whole. and The Company considers that a formal nomination (5) As at the end of each reporting committee is not essential at this stage and the period, the number of times the duties can be effectively carried out by the board. committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) If it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. 2.2. A listed entity should have and disclose a The Company does not have a formal board skills matrix and as such does not comply with board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is Recommendation 2.2. looking to achieve in its membership. The current board has extensive experience in the industry in which the Company currently operates, and as directors of publicly listed companies. As such, the board considers that its current composition is appropriate for the activities and operations that the Company is currently undertaking. The board will consider the skill, knowledge, experience and independence of the Company's directors in response to any actual or proposed changes in the Company's activities or operations.

2.3. A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) The names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;
- (b) If a director has an interest, position, association or relationship that may cause

The board considers its non-executive directors, Mr Paul Chapman, Dr Jon Hronsky, Mr Philip Crutchfield and Mr Peter Bewick to be independent directors.

Mr Bewick was an executive director until 1 November 2021, and as such up to that date was not

	ASX RECOMMENDATION	COMPANY'S COMMENT
	ASX RECOMMENDATION doubts about the independence of a director, but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) The length of service of each director.	company's comment considered to be an independent director due to his executive status. The board does not consider the fact that Mr Bewick was engaged in an executive role in the last three years interferes, or might reasonably be seen to interfere, with his capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the entity as a whole The board does not consider that Mr Chapman, Dr Hronsky, Mr Crutchfield or Mr Bewick are party to any interests, positions, associations or relationships that would compromise their status as
		independent directors. The current directors of the Company commenced office on the following dates: Mr Paul Chapman – 7 October 2005 Mr Will Robinson – 30 June 2004 Mr Peter Bewick – 7 October 2005 Dr Jon Hronsky – 10 May 2007 Philip Crutchfield – 9 October 2019
2.4.	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	The Company advises that a majority of its board is considered to be comprised of independent directors, and as such does comply with Recommendation 2.4 for the whole of the financial year ended 30 June 2022.
	The Chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	The chair of the Company, Mr Paul Chapman, is considered to be independent, and as such the Company does comply with Recommendation 2.5.
2.6.	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	The Company does not have a formal written program for the induction of new directors. Upon appointment new Directors are provided with sufficient knowledge of the entity and its operating environment to enable them to fulfill their role effectively.
		Familiarity with the entity's operations by the directors is encouraged and facilitated by regular board meetings, and through direct contact with the company secretary and senior staff members.
		The Company will provide resources to directors to enable them to improve on their skills and knowledge base to enable them to carry out their duties as directors effectively.
3. Act ethically and responsibly		
3.1.	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values	The Company has not adopted a formal Statement of Values, however it seeks to achieve its objectives whilst seeking to ensuring it:
		 conducts business with honesty, integrity, and fairness;

	ASX RECOMMENDATION	COMPANY'S COMMENT
		 complies with all relevant laws and regulations applicable to it; prioritises the safety and wellbeing of our representatives and other stakeholders; and respects and cares for the environment and the wider communities in which it operates, in a sustainable manner.
3.2.	A listed entity should: (a) Have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct that applies to all directors, executives and employees. A copy of the code is available on the Company's website www.enrl.com.au . Any material breach of the Code of Conduct will be immediately reportable to the board.
3.3.	 A listed entity should: (a) Have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) Ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy. 	The Company has adopted a whistleblower policy a copy of which is available on the Company's website www.enrl.com.au and appointed the Company Secretary as the designated whistleblower officer. The Company maintains a register of reportable incidents and all material reported incidents will be immediately reportable to the Board.
3.4.	 A listed entity should: (a) Have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) Ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy. 	The Company has adopted an anti-bribery and corruption policy, a copy of which is available on the Company's website www.enrl.com.au . The Company maintains a register of breaches and all breaches will be immediately reportable to the Board.
4.	Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting	
4.1.	The board of a listed entity should: (a) Have an audit committee which: (1) Has at least three (3) members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are	The Company currently does have a separate audit committee, which comprises of three independent members and therefore does comply with Recommendation 4.1 for the whole of the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

- and a majority of whom are independent directors; and
- (2) Is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board; and disclose;
 - (3) The charter of the committee;
 - (4) The relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
 - (5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) If it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and

The Audit Committee is comprised of independent non-executive directors, and is chaired by someone other than the Chair of the Board.

The composition of the Audit Committee is as follows:

- Dr Jon Hronsky (Chairman);
- Mr Paul Chapman; and
- Mr Philip Crutchfield.

Details of the committee members' experience is provided in the Company's annual report.

The Audit Committee meets at least twice each year with the Company's independent auditor to consider the interim and annual financial reports and to receive the auditor's reports and representations, and at any other times as required.

	ASX RECOMMENDATION	COMPANY'S COMMENT
	safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	The Company has adopted a formal Audit Committee Charter which is available on the Company's website www.enrl.com.au .
4.2.	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial statements of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	The board requires that the CEO and CFO provide declarations that satisfy the requirements of section 295A of the Corporations Act and that confirms that their opinion has been formed on the basis that a sound system of risk management and internal control is operating effectively, prior to approving the annual and half yearly financial statements, and quarterly cash flow reports.
4.3.	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	Periodic corporate reports that are not subject to audit or review by the Company's auditors (which include, but not limited to, quarterly activities and cash flow reports, directors reports and any information included in the Company's annual report other than the audited financial statements) are compiled and verified by executive management before being reviewed by the board before release to the market.
5.	Make timely and balanced disclosure	
5.1.	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continual disclosure obligations under the listing rule	The Company has not adopted a formal written Continuous Disclosure Policy and as such does not comply with Recommendation 5.1.
	3.1.	Matters of continuous disclosure and ASX listing rule compliance are delegated to the CEO and Company Secretary and are considered on an ongoing basis, and are also considered at each meeting of the Board.
5.2.	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	All material market announcements are provided to the board for review and comment prior to release to the ASX Market Announcements Platform.
5.3.	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	The Company ensures that any substantive investor or analyst presentation materials are released as a market announcement ahead of the presentation being given. This recommendation does not apply to private meetings between the Company and investors or analysts. However, the Company ensures that any such meeting out of the scope of this recommendation does not involve the disclosure of any information a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of its

	ASX RECOMMENDATION	COMPANY'S COMMENT
		securities that has not already been disclosed to the market.
6.	Respect the rights of security holders	
6.1.	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Information regarding the Company's management, corporate governance, projects and other information relevant to investors and prospective investors is updated regularly on its website www.enrl.com.au .
6.2.	A listed entity have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	The Company has not adopted a formal investor relations program, however it does seek to inform investors of developments regularly by communicating through ASX announcements and by providing information on its website. Investors are encouraged to attend the Company's
		security holder meetings, and are able to contact management by email contact@enrl.com.au or by phone (08) 9486 9455.
6.3.	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	The Company provides meeting documents in a timely manner and seeks to hold meetings that may be attended by security holders in convenient locations and at times considered to be reasonable. Security holders attending such meetings are encouraged participate, both during and after the formal notified business.
6.4.	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	The Company ensures that all resolutions considered for approval at a meeting of security holders are decided upon by a poll rather than by a show of hands.
		Where considered appropriate the Company will engage the services of an independent third party, such as its share registry, to undertake the poll.
6.5.	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	All security holders are encouraged to provide the Company's share registry with email addresses to enable electronic communication, in addition provision is made, where possible, for security holders to be able to vote on AGM and general meeting matters electronically.
		The Company has implemented a service whereby investors may subscribe via the Company's website www.enrl.com.au to receive relevant company updates by email.
		Security holders may contact the Company electronically by email contact@enrl.com.au .
7.	7. Recognise and manage risk	
7.1.	The board of a listed entity should: (a) Have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) Has at least three (3) members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and	The Company has not established a separate formal committee for the overseeing of risk and has not adopted a committee charter, therefore does not comply with Recommendation 7.1.

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- (2) Is chaired by an independent director; and disclose;
 - (3) The charter of the committee;
 - (4) The members of the committee; and
 - (5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) If it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

7.2. The board or a committee of the board should:

- (a) Review the entity's risk management framework and least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and
- (b) Disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.
- 7.3. A listed entity should disclose:
 - (a) If it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or
 - (b) If it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.
- 7.4. A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

COMPANY'S COMMENT

Day to day risk management is delegated to the CEO, who is supported in monitoring and managing risks by the company secretary and senior employees.

The Company's Risk Management Policy, which sets out a framework for a system of risk management and internal compliance and control, is available on the Company's website www.enrl.com.au.

The Company seeks to ensure that risks relating to exploration and mining activities are monitored and mitigated with reference to generally accepted industry practice recommendations and by adherence to laws and recommendations provided by regulatory bodies.

The Company considers that a formal risk committee is not essential at this stage and the duties can be effectively carried out by the board, with the assistance of senior management.

The board and senior management review and identify risks to the Company and its assets on an ongoing basis. Any new risks identified, or material changes to existing risks are reported on at subsequent board meetings.

The Company has not undertaken a formal review of the entity's risk management framework at board level, therefore does not comply with Recommendation 7.2.

The Company does not have an internal audit function.

The board does not consider that the Company's operations are of a size or complexity to require a dedicated internal audit function and that processes and inherent risks are sufficiently transparent as to be identified by board members.

Board members have direct access to management and employees to request any information regarding the Company's internal control processes.

The Company is subject to a number of economic, environmental, social sustainability and occupational health and safety risks, typical of those associated with a publicly listed entity engaged in the mineral exploration industry.

All business risks are managed by the CEO with the support of employees and consultants where appropriate. Material risks are reported to the board.

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COMPANY'S COMMENT

8. Remunerate fairly and responsibly

- 8.1. The Board of a listed entity should:
 - (a) Have a remuneration committee which:
 - (1) Has at least three (3) members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) Is chaired by an independent director; and disclose;
 - (3) The charter of the committee;
 - (4) The members of the committee; and
 - (5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
 - (b) If it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

The Company currently does not have a separate formal remuneration committee, and as such does not comply with Recommendation 8.1.

The duties normally reserved for a remuneration committee are currently undertaken by the board as a whole.

The Company has adopted a formal Remuneration Committee Charter which is available on the Company's website www.enrl.com.au.

The board ensures that no individual director or senior executive is involved in deciding their own remuneration.

Executive remuneration specifically, and the payment of short or long term incentives to executives, which may include the setting of and measuring performance against key performance indicators, is the responsibility of the non-executive directors acting independently of the Board.

The Company's annual remuneration report, which is published in the annual report, provides comment on the relationship between remuneration and performance and how it is aligned to the creation of value for security holders.

The Company considers that a formal remuneration committee is not essential at this stage and the duties can be effectively carried out by the board.

8.2. A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

The Company's annual remuneration report, which is published in the annual report, provides information regarding the remuneration of executive director and other senior executives, and non-executive directors.

The Company's annual reports are available for review on www.enrl.com.au.

- 8.3. A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:
 - (a) Have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and
 - (b) Disclose that policy or a summary of it.

The Company's policy for trading in its securities by directors, senior executives and employees is available on www.enrl.com.au.

The policy does not include a specific prohibition in entering into transactions which limit the economic risk of an equity based remuneration scheme.