FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

Approach to Corporate Governance

Ora Gold Limited ACN 085 782 994 (**Company**) has established a corporate governance framework, the key features of which are set out in this statement. In establishing its corporate governance framework, the Company has referred to the recommendations set out in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations ^{4th} edition (**Principles and Recommendations**).

This corporate governance statement discloses the extent to which the Company followed each of the recommendations set out in the Principles and Recommendations for the period 1 October 2021 to 30 September 2022 (**Reporting Period**). The Company has followed each recommendation where the Board has considered the recommendation to be an appropriate benchmark for its corporate governance practices. Where the Company's corporate governance practices follow a recommendation, the Board has made appropriate statements reporting regime, where, after due consideration, the Company's corporate governance practices do not follow a recommendation, the Board has explained it reasons for not following the recommendation and disclosed what, if any, alternative practices the Company has adopted instead of those in the recommendation.

The following governance-related documents can be found on the Company's website at www.ora.gold/corporate-governance:

Charters

Board Audit Committee Nomination Committee Remuneration Committee Risk Committee

Policies and Procedures

Policy and Procedure for the Selection and (Re) Appointment of Directors Process for Performance Evaluations Securities Trading Policy Code of Conduct (summary) Compliance Procedures (summary) Procedure for the Selection, Appointment and Rotation of External Auditor Shareholder Communication and Investor Relations Policy Diversity Policy (summary) Induction Program Policy on Continuous Disclosure (summary) Whistleblower Policy Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy (Adopted 20 September 2021)

The information in this statement is current at 19 December 2022. This statement was approved by a resolution of the Board on 19 December 2022.

PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

Recommendation 1.1

The Company has established the respective roles and responsibilities of its Board and management, and those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management and has documented this in its *Board Charter*, which is disclosed on the Company's website.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

Recommendation 1.2

The Company undertakes appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to shareholders a candidate for election as a director and provides shareholders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.

The checks which are undertaken, and the information provided to shareholders are set out in the Company's *Policy and Procedure for the Selection and (Re) Appointment of Directors* which is disclosed on the Company website.

The Company provided shareholders with all material information in relation to the re-election of Rick Crabb and Frank DeMarte as directors at its Annual General Meeting held on 25 February 2022.

Recommendation 1.3

The Company has, and had during the Reporting Period, a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment. The material terms of any employment, service or consultancy agreement the Company, or any of its child entities, has entered into with its former Chief Executive Officer, any of its directors and any other person or entity who is a related party of the former Chief Executive Officer or any of its directors has been disclosed in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 3.16.4 (taking into consideration the exclusions from disclosure outlined in that rule).

Recommendation 1.4

Details of the Company Secretary are set out in the 2022 Annual Report. The appointment and removal of a Company Secretary is a matter for decision by the Board.

The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board as outlined in the Company's *Board Charter*. The Company's Secretary's role is also outlined in the employment agreement between the Company Secretary and the Company.

Recommendation 1.5

The Company has established a *Diversity Policy*, a summary of which is disclosed on the Company's website. However, the Diversity Policy does not include requirements for the Board to establish measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity or for the Board to assess annually both the objectives and progress towards achieving them. Nor has the Board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in employment. Further, due to the Company's current operations, size and small number of employees, the Board considers that it is difficult to set meaningful measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity. The Board considers that it is position and may develop measurable objectives when the Company's operations increase.

The respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation as at the date of this statement are set out in the following table. "Senior executive" for these purposes means those who have the opportunity to materially influence the integrity, strategy and operation of the Company and its financial performance:

	Proportion of women
Whole organisation	2 out of 9 (22%)
Senior executive positions	0 out of 1 (0%)
Board	0 out of 4 (0%)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

Recommendation 1.6

The Chair is responsible for evaluation of the Board and, when deemed appropriate, Board committees and individual directors in accordance with the process disclosed in the Company's *Process for Performance Evaluations*.

Each of the directors (including the Chair) completes a questionnaire and the Chair discusses the responses to the questionnaire with the Board on a round-table basis. The Chair is reviewed on this basis by the rest of the Board. Where a Board member also performs an executive role (e.g. in the case of the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary), the review also addresses the directors' executive role.

During the Reporting Period, an evaluation of the Board, its committees and individual directors took place in accordance with the process disclosed above.

Recommendation 1.7

The Chair is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Company's senior executives in accordance with the process disclosed in the Company's Process for Performance Evaluations. During the Reporting Period, the Company had one senior executive, the Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary.

The Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary's performance was reviewed as part of his review as a Board member. Please refer to Recommendation 1.6 above.

PRINCIPLE 2 – STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE

Recommendation 2.1

The Board has not established a separate Nomination Committee. Given the current size and composition of the Board, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate Nomination Committee. Accordingly, the Board performs the role of the Nomination Committee. Although the Board has not established a separate Nomination Committee, it has adopted a *Nomination Committee Charter*, which describes the role, composition, functions and responsibilities of the full Board in its capacity as the Nomination Committee, and is disclosed on the Company's website.

When the Board convenes as the Nomination Committee it carries out those functions which are delegated to it in the Company's Nomination Committee Charter. Separate meetings of the full Board in its capacity as the Nomination Committee are held, and minutes of those meetings are taken. The Board deals with any conflicts of interest that may occur when convening in the capacity of the Nomination Committee by ensuring that the director with conflicting interests is not party to the relevant discussions.

As noted above, the full Board carries out the role of the Nomination Committee. The full Board did not officially convene as a Nomination Committee during the Reporting Period, however nomination-related discussions occurred from time to time during the year as required.

Recommendation 2.2

The mix of skills and diversity for which the Board is looking to achieve in membership of the Board is represented by the composition of its current Board. The Board members have a high level of experience and expertise in the resources sector. The Board comprises directors who possess the following skills, qualifications and experience:

- resource industry knowledge;
- extensive corporate and public company experience;
- strategic planning experience;

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

- technical skills and qualifications;
- experience in management and marketing in the resources sector;
- legal qualifications;
- financial qualifications;
- business leadership;
- business strategy;
- geological experience; and
- risk management experience.

The Board considers that this mix of skills is appropriate for the Company's current circumstances. As the Company's circumstances change, it will continue to re-assess its composition, as appropriate.

Recommendation 2.3

The Board considers the independence of directors having regard to the relationships listed in Box 2.3 of the Principles & Recommendations. During the Reporting Period, the independent directors of the Company were Malcolm Randall, Rick Crabb and Philip Bruce. Mr Bruce resigned as a non-executive director on 16 September 2022.

Mr Randall has been a member of the Board for approximately 19 years, having been appointed on 8 September 2003. The Board has considered Mr Randall's independence, and notwithstanding his length of service on the Board, the Board considers that Mr Randall is sufficiently independent because he is not a member of management, he is free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with the independent exercise of his judgement and consistently makes decisions that are in the best interests of the Company. Accordingly, the Board considers Mr Randall to be an independent director

Director	Date of Appointment	Length of service
Philip G Crabb	7 March 2012	10 years 7 months
Frank DeMarte	30 April 2001	21 years 5 months
Malcolm Randall	8 September 2003	19 years
Rick Crabb	20 November 2017	4 years 9 month
Philip F Bruce #	1 March 2019	3 year 6 months

The length of service of each director Is set out in the table below:

Mr Bruce resigned on 16 September 2022

Recommendation 2.4

During the Reporting Period, the Board comprised of a majority of independent Directors.

Recommendation 2.5

During the Reporting Period, the Company had an independent Chair, Mr Rick Crabb. Mr Crabb is not the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Company does not currently have a Chief Executive Officer, the role being performed by the Board as a whole.

Recommendation 2.6

The Company has an induction program that it uses to when new directors join the Board and when new senior executives are appointed. The goal or the program is to assist new directors to participate fully and actively in Board decision-making at the earliest opportunity and to assist senior executives to participate fully and actively in management decision-making at the earliest opportunity. The Company's Induction Program is disclosed on the Company's website.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

The full Board in its capacity as the Nomination Committee regularly reviews whether the directors as a group have the skills, knowledge and familiarity with the Company and its operating environment required to fulfil their role on the Board and the Board committees effectively using a Board skills matrix. Where any gaps are identified, the Board considers what training or development should be undertaken to fill those gaps. In particular, the Board ensures that any director who does not have specialist accounting skills or knowledge has a sufficient understanding of accounting matters to fulfil his or her responsibilities in relation to the Company's financial statements.

PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

Recommendation 3.1

The Board has articulated, adopted and disclosed its values which are the foundation for how the Company achieves its strategic goals. The Company's values are supported by the *Code of Conduct* and other key governance principles and policies. The Company's values are disclosed on the Company's website.

Recommendation 3.2

The Company has established a *Code of Conduct* for its directors, senior executives and employees, a copy of which is disclosed on the Company's website. The Board is informed of any material incidents reported under the Code of Conduct via the Chairman.

Recommendation 3.3

As set out in the Company's *Code of Conduct*, directors, officers, employees, consultants and contractors of the Company are expected to not only act in compliance with legal obligations, but also act ethically and responsibly, which involves acting with honesty, integrity and in a manner that is consistent with the reasonable expectations of investors and the broader community. The Company recognises the need to have robust procedures in place to ensure people can report instances of suspected unethical, illegal, fraudulent or undesirable conduct by the Company or its officers, employees or agents, and to ensure that anyone who does report such behaviour can do so without fear of reprisal, discrimination, intimidation or victimisation.

Accordingly, the Company has adopted a *Whistleblower Policy* to encourage the persons to whom the policy applies to raise any concerns or report instances of any potential breach of law, any violations (or suspected violations) of the Company's Code of Conduct or any other legal or ethical concern without the fear of detriment. The Company's *Whistleblower Policy* is disclosed on the Company's website.

Recommendation 3.4

The Board has established an *Anti-bribery and Corruption Policy*, which sets out the Company's policy and approach to bribery and corruption. This policy is disclosed on the Company's website. The Board is informed of any material incidents reported under the Anti-bribery and Corruption Policy via the Chairman.

PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS

Recommendation 4.1

The Board has established an Audit Committee. During the Reporting Period the Audit Committee was structured in compliance with Recommendation 4.1 as it comprised three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors. The Audit Committee is chaired by Malcolm Randall, who is an independent director and not also Chair of the Board. The members of the Audit Committee are the Company's three non-executive directors, Malcolm Randall

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

(Chair), Philip Crabb and Rick Crabb. All members of the Audit Committee consider themselves to be financially literate and have industry knowledge.

The Company has also established a *Procedure for the Selection, Appointment and Rotation of its External Auditor.* The Board is responsible for the initial appointment of the external auditor and the appointment of a new external auditor when any vacancy arises. Candidates for the position of external auditor must demonstrate complete independence from the Company through the engagement period. The Board may otherwise select an external auditor based on criteria relevant to the Company's business and circumstances. The performance of the external auditor is reviewed on an annual basis by the Board.

Details of director attendance at Audit Committee meetings during the Reporting Period are set out in a table in the Directors' Report on page 39 of the Company's 2022 Annual Report.

The Board has adopted an *Audit Committee Charter* which describes the Audit Committee's role, composition, functions and responsibilities, and is disclosed on the Company's website.

Recommendation 4.2

Before the Board approved the Company financial statements for the half year ended 31 March 2022 and the full-year ended 30 September 2022 and each of the quarters ending 31 December 2021, 31 March 2022, 30 June 2022 and 30 September 2022, it received from the Chief Executive Officer (and following the cessation of the Chief Executive's employment with the Company on 30 April 2019, from each of the Directors who are together performing the chief executive officer function) and the Chief Financial Officer a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the Company for the relevant financial period have been properly maintained and that the financial statements for the relevant financial period comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company and the consolidated entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

Recommendation 4.3

In addition to the Company's periodic corporate reports that are audited or reviewed by the Company's external auditor, the Company publishes periodic corporate reports that are not so audited or reviewed. The Company satisfies itself that these reports are materially accurate, balanced and provide investors with appropriate information to make informed investment decisions by implementing the appropriate procedures, communication processes and internal controls.

This process is intended to ensure that all applicable laws, regulations and company policies have been complied with, the preparation of the corporate reports are undertaken by qualified personnel and the appropriate approvals are obtained before a report is released to the market.

PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

Recommendation 5.1

The Company has established written policies and procedures for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules. A summary of the Company's *Policy on Continuous Disclosure* and *Compliance Procedures* are disclosed on the Company's website.

Recommendation 5.2

The Board receives copies of all material market announcements both before, and promptly after, they have been made.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

Recommendation 5.3

Before the Company gives any new and substantive investor or analyst presentations, it releases a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Recommendation 6.1

The Company provides information about itself and its governance to investors via its website at www.ora.gold.

Recommendation 6.2

The Company has designed and implemented an investor relations program to facilitate effective twoway communication with investors. The program is set out in the Company's *Shareholder Communication and Investor Relations Policy*.

Recommendation 6.3

The Company has in place a *Shareholder Communication and Investor Relations Policy* which outlines the policies and processes that it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of shareholders.

Communication to shareholders is facilitated by the production of the annual report, quarterly reports, public announcements, and ASX releases immediately after their disclosure to the ASX which are all made available on the Company's website. In addition, all shareholders are encouraged to attend the Annual General Meeting and use the opportunity to ask questions during the meeting and after the Chairman's presentation. The external auditor also attends the shareholders meeting and is available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report.

Recommendation 6.4

During the Reporting Period, all substantive resolutions at a meeting of the Company's security holders were decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.

Recommendation 6.5

Shareholders are given the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the Company and its share registry electronically using an online service provided by the Company's share registry. When a new shareholder appears on the Company's share register, the Company's share registry sends the new shareholder an introductory letter encouraging them to provide their shareholder information online, including their preferences in the way the shareholder would like to receive communications from the Company.

PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

Recommendation 7.1

The Board has not established a separate Risk Committee. Given the current size and composition of the Board, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate Risk Committee. Accordingly, the Board performs the role of Risk Committee, and has responsibility for overseeing the Company's risk management framework.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

Although the Board has not established a separate Risk Committee, it has adopted a *Risk Committee Charter*, which describes the full Board in its capacity as a Risk Committee's role, composition, functions and responsibilities. When the Board convenes as the Risk Committee it will carry out those functions which are delegated to it in the Company's Risk Committee Charter. Items that are usually required to be discussed by a Risk Committee are discussed at Board meetings when required. The Board will deal with any conflicts of interest that may occur when convening in the capacity of the Risk Committee by ensuring that the director with conflicting interests is not party to the relevant discussions.

Recommendation 7.2

The full Board in its capacity as the Risk Committee reviews the Company's risk management framework annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound, to determine whether there have been any changes in the material business risks the Company faces and to ensure that the Company is operating within the risk appetite set by the Board. The Board carried out these reviews during the Reporting Period.

Recommendation 7.3

The Company does not have an internal audit function. To evaluate and continually improve the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control processes, the Board relies on ongoing reporting and discussion of the management of material business risks as outlined in the Company's *Risk Management Policy*.

Recommendation 7.4

Since the Company is not in production nor has any major operations, in its present circumstances, the Company has not identified any material exposure to economic sustainability, environmental sustainability or social sustainability risks associated with its projects.

Utilising its Risk Management Framework, the Company has identified the following risk categories:

- Financial
- Strategic
- Workplace, health and safety
- Human capital
- Operational
- Commodity price
- Native title

- Economic
- Legal and compliance
- Political
- Social
- Environmental
- Climate change
- Pandemic outbreak

PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

Recommendation 8.1

The Board has established a Remuneration Committee. During the Reporting Period the Remuneration Committee was structured in compliance with Recommendation 8.1 as it comprised three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors. The Remuneration Committee is charged by Malcolm Randall, an independent director. The members of the Remuneration Committee are the Company's three non-executive directors, Malcolm Randall (Chair), Philip Crabb and Rick Crabb.

Details of director attendance at Remuneration Committee meetings during the Reporting Period are set out in a table in the Directors' Report on page 39 of the Company's 2022 Annual Report.

The Board has adopted a *Remuneration Committee Charter* which describes the role, composition, functions and responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee, a copy of which is disclosed on the Company's website.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

Recommendation 8.2

Details of remuneration, including the Company's policy on remuneration and "clawback policy" regarding the lapsing of performance-based remuneration in the event of fraud or serious misconduct and the clawback of the performance-based remuneration in the event of a material misstatement in the Company's financial statements, are contained in the "Remuneration Report" which forms of part of the Directors' Report and commences at page 33 of the Company's 2022 Annual Report.

Recommendation 8.3

The Company's *Securities Trading Policy* outlines the Company's policy on prohibiting entry into transactions or arrangements which operate to limit the economic risk of participating in unvested entitlements under any equity based remuneration schemes.

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

ORA	GOLD	LIMITED
0.0.0	0010	

ABN/ARBN

74 950 465 654

Financial year ended:

30 September 2022

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

□ These pages of our annual report:

This URL on our website:

http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 19 December 2022 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date: 19 December 2022

Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement:

Frank DeMarte

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

 $^{^2}$ Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes " \underline{OR} " at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the " \underline{OR} " at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINC	IPLE 1 - LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	/ERSIGHT	
1.1	 A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management. 	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 1 and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter on our website at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u>	
1.2	 A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director. 	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 2 and we have disclosed a copy of our procedure for selecting and (re) appointment of directors on our website at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u>	
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 2.	
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 2.	

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "*insert location*" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	prate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period. 		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 2. The entity is not included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index.
1.6	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period. 	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on pages 2 and 3 and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) and (b) whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process on our website at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u>	

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period. 	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 3 and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) and (b) whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at on our website at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u>	

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCI	PLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD	VALUE	
2.1	 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. 		Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 3 and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) is set out in the Directors Report on page 39 of our 2022 Annual Report at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/annual-reports</u>
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	 set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on pages 3 and 4. 	
2.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 4.	

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 4.	
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 4.	
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on pages 4 and 5.	
PRINCI	PLE 3 - INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	Y AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 5 and we have disclosed our Company values on our websites at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u>	
3.2	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code. 	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 5 and we have disclosed our code of conduct on our websites at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u>	
3.3	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy. 	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 5 and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u>	
3.4	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy. 	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 5 and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy on our website at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u>	

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCI	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPOR	TS	
4.1	 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. 	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on pages 5 and 6 and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) is set out in the Directors Report on pages 28 and 39 of our 2022 Annual Report at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/annual-reports</u>	
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 6.	
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 6.	

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCI	PLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 6 and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure policy on our website at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u>	
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 6.	
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 7.	
PRINCI	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	 set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 7 and we have disclosed information about entity and our governance on our website at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u> 	
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 7 and we have disclosed our investor relations policy on our website at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u>	
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 7 and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u>	

Corpor	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 7.	
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	⊠ in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 7.	
PRINC	IPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework. 		Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 7 and we have disclosed our risk management policy on our website at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u> The information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) is set out in the Directors Report on page 39 of our 2022 Annual Report at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/annual-reports</u>
7.2	 The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place. 		⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 8.

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
7.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes. 		⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 8.
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 8.	

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵		
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY					
8.1	 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive. 	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 8 and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) is set out in the Directors Report on page 39 of our 2022 Annual Report at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/annual-reports</u>			
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 9 and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives in the Directors Report on pages 31 to 38 of our 2022 Annual Report at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/annual-reports</u>			
8.3	 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. 	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement on page 9 and we have disclosed our Securities Trading policy on our website at: <u>http://www.ora.gold/corporate-governance</u>			

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵			
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES						
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.		we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable.			
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.		we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable.			
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.		we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable.			
ADDITI	ONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGE	D LISTED ENTITIES				
-	 Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities: The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements. 	Not applicable				
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities: An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	Not applicable				