This Corporate Governance Statement is current and has been approved by the Board of the Company.

This Corporate Governance Statement discloses the extent to which the Company will, as at the date it is admitted to the official list of the ASX, follow the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council in its publication Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations – 4th Edition (Recommendations). The Recommendations are not mandatory, however the Recommendations that will not be followed have been identified and reasons provided for not following them along with what (if any) alternative governance practices the Company intends to adopt in lieu of the recommendation.

The Company has adopted a Corporate Governance Plan which provides the written terms of reference for the Company's corporate governance duties.

Due to the current size and nature of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations, the Board does not consider that the Company will gain any benefit from individual Board committees and that its resources would be better utilised in other areas as the Board is of the strong view that at this stage the experience and skill set of the current Board is sufficient to perform these roles. Under the Company's Board Charter, the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to individual committees are currently carried out by the full Board under the written terms of reference for those committees.

The Company's Corporate Governance Plan has been posted on the Company's website at www.dragonmountain.com.au.

| PRIN          | CIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS  | COMPLY          | EXPLANATION  |
|---------------|---|-----------------|--|
|               | Principle 1: Lay solid fou  | ındations for ı | management and oversight   |
| Recoil<br>(a) | A listed entity should have and disclose a Board charter which sets out the respective roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chair and management, and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management.  | YES             | The Company has adopted a Board Charter that sets out the specific roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chair and management and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management.  The Board Charter sets out the specific responsibilities of the Board, requirements as to the Board's composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and Company Secretary, the establishment, operation and management of Board Committees, Directors' access to Company records and information, details of the Board's relationship with management, details of the Board's performance review and details of the Board's disclosure policy.  A copy of the Company's Board Charter, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website. |
|               | ed entity should:  (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and  (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director. | YES             | (a) The Company has guidelines for the appointment and selection of the Board and senior executives in its Corporate Governance Plan. The Company's Nomination Committee Charter (in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) requires the Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to ensure appropriate checks (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history (as appropriate)) are undertaken before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director. In the  |

|   |     | event of an unsatisfactory check, a director is required to submit their resignation.  (b) Material information relevant to any decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director will be provided to security holders in the notice of meeting holding the resolution to elect or re-elect the Director.   |
|---|-----|--|
| Recommendation 1.3  A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.   | YES | The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to ensure that each Director and senior executive is a party to a written agreement with the Company which sets out the terms of that Director's or senior executive's appointment.   |
| Recommendation 1.4  The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.   | YES | The Board Charter outlines the roles, responsibility and accountability of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.  |
| Recommendation 1.5  A listed entity should:  (a) Have and disclose a diversity policy;  (b) through its Board or a committee of the Board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its Board, senior executives and workforce generally; and  (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:  (i) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;  (ii) either:  (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or  (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in the Workplace Gender Equality Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its Board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period. | YES | <ul> <li>(a) The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy.</li> <li>(b) The Diversity Policy provides a framework for the Company to achieve a list of 6 measurable objectives that encompass gender equality. The Diversity Policy provides for the monitoring and evaluation of the scope and currency of the Diversity Policy. The company is responsible for implementing, monitoring and reporting on the measurable objectives.</li> <li>(b) The Diversity Policy is stated in Schedule 9 of the Corporate Governance Plan which is available on the company website.</li> <li>(c) The measurable objectives set by the Board will be included in the annual key performance indicators for the MD and senior executives. In addition the Board will review progress against the objectives in its annual performance assessment.</li> <li>(i) The Company currently has no employees and utilizes external consultants and contractors as and when required.</li> <li>The Board will review this position on an annual basis and will implement measurable objectives as and when they deem the Company to require them.</li> </ul> |

| Recommendation 1.6  A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors; and  (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period. | YES | <ul> <li>(a) The Board is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Board and individual directors on an annual basis. It may do so with the aid of an independent advisor. The process for this can be found in Schedule 6 of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan.</li> <li>(b) The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to disclosure whether or not performance evaluations were conducted during the relevant reporting period.</li> <li>Due to the size of the Board and the nature of the business, it has not been deemed necessary to institute a formal documented performance review program of individuals. However, the Chairman intends to conduct formal reviews each financial year whereby the performance of the Board as a whole and the individual contributions of each director are disclosed. The Board considers that at this stage of the Company's development an informal process is appropriate.</li> </ul> |
|---|-----|--|
|   |     | The review will assist to indicate if the Board's performance is appropriate and efficient with respect to the Board Charter.  The Board regularly reviews its skill base and whether it remains appropriate for the Company's operational, legal and financial requirements. New Directors are obliged to participate in the Company's induction process, which provides a comprehensive understanding of the Company, its objectives and the market in which the Company operates.  Directors are encourages to avail themselves of resources required to fulfil the performance of their duties.  |
| Recommendation 1.7  A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and  (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.      | YES | <ul> <li>(a) The Board is responsible for evaluating the performance of senior executives. The Board is to arrange an annual performance evaluation of the senior executives.</li> <li>(b) The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to conduct annual performance of the senior executives. Schedule 6 'Performance Evaluation' requires the Board to disclose whether or not performance evaluations were conducted during the relevant reporting period.</li> <li>During the financial year an evaluation of performance of the individuals was not formally carried out. However, a general review of the individuals occurs on an on-going basis to ensure that structures suitable to the Company's status as a listed entity are in place.</li> </ul>  |

#### Principle 2: Structure the Board to be effective and add value

#### Recommendation 2.1

The Board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a nomination committee which:
  - has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
  - (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:
  - (iii) the charter of the committee;
  - (iv) the members of the committee; and
  - (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (a) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address Board succession issues and to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

### **PARTIALLY**

(b) Due to the size and nature of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations the Company currently has no Nomination Committee. Pursuant to clause 4(h) of the Company's Board Charter, the full Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to the Nomination Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee.

The duties of the Nomination Committee are outlined in Schedule 5 of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan available online on the Company's website.

The Board devotes time at Board meetings to discuss Board succession issues. All members of the Board are involved in the Company's nomination process, to the maximum extent permitted under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules.

The Board regularly updates the Company's Board skills matrix (in accordance with recommendation 2.2) to assess the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity.

#### **Recommendation 2.2**

A listed entity should have and disclose a Board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the Board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

YES

| Board Skills Matrix              | Number of<br>Directors that<br>Meet the Skill |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Executive & Non- Executive       | 3   |
| experience                       |   |
| Industry experience &            | 3   |
| knowledge                        |   |
| Leadership                       | 3   |
| Corporate governance & risk      | 3   |
| management                       |   |
| Strategic thinking               | 3   |
| Desired behavioural              | 3   |
| competencies                     |   |
| Geographic experience            | 3   |
| Capital Markets experience       | 3   |
| Subject matter expertise:        |   |
| - accounting                     | 2   |
| - capital management             | 3   |
| - corporate financing            | 2   |
| - industry taxation <sup>1</sup> | 1   |
| - risk management                | 3   |
| - legal <sup>2</sup>             | 0   |
| - IT expertise <sup>3</sup>      | 0   |

- Skill gap noticed however an external taxation firm is employed to maintain taxation requirements.
- Skill gap noticed however the Company uses external solicitors as required.
- (3) Skill gap noticed however an external IT firm is employed on an adhoc basis to maintain IT requirements.

| Recommendation 2.3  | YES | (a) The Board Charter provides for the disclosure of   |
|---|-----|--|
| <ul> <li>(a) the names of the directors considered by the Board to be independent directors;</li> <li>(b) if a Director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition), but the Board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the Director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the Board is of that opinion; and the length of service of each Director</li> </ul> |     | the names of Directors considered by the Board to be independent. These details are provided in the Annual Reports and Company website. The Board considers Jay Stephenson and Dimitri Bacopanos independent directors.  (b) The Board Charter requires Directors to disclose their interest, positions, associations and relationships and requires that the independence of Directors is regularly assessed by the Board in light of the interests disclosed by Directors. Details of the Directors interests, positions associations and relationships are provided in the Annual Reports and Company website.  The Board Charter provides for the determination of the Directors' terms and requires the length of service of each Director to be disclosed. The length of service of each Director is provided in the Annual Reports and Company website. |
| Recommendation 2.4  A majority of the Board of a listed entity should be independent directors.   | YES | The Board Charter requires that where practical the majority of the Board will be independent. Jay Stephenson and Dimitri Bacopanos are Independent Directors.  Details of each Director's independence are provided in the Annual Reports and Company website.  |
| Recommendation 2.5  The Chair of the Board of a listed entity should be an independent Director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.   | NO  | The Board Charter provides that where practical, the Chairman of the Board will be an independent Chairman. If the Chairman ceases to be independent then the Board will consider appointing a lead independent Director.  |
| Recommendation 2.6  A listed entity should have a program for inducting new Directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as Directors effectively.   | YES | The Board Charter states that a specific responsibility of the Board is to procure appropriate professional development opportunities for Directors. The Board is responsible for the approval and review of induction and continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that they can effectively discharge their responsibilities.   |

| Principle 3: Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly  |     |  |
|--|-----|--|
| Recommendation 3.1  A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.   | YES | <ul> <li>(a) The Corporate Code of Conduct applies to the Company's directors, senior executives and employees.</li> <li>(b) The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct is in Schedule 2 of the Corporate Governance Plan which is on the Company's website.</li> </ul>   |
| Recommendation 3.2  A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and  (b) ensure that the Board or a committee of the Board is informed of any material breaches of that code. | YES | <ul> <li>(a) The Corporate Code of Conduct applies to the Company's directors, senior executives and employees.</li> <li>(b) The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct is in the Corporate Governance Plan. which is summarised on the Company's website. Any material breaches of the Code of Conduct are reported to the Board or a committee of the Board.</li> </ul> |
| Recommendation 3.3  A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a whistle-blower policy; and  (b) ensure that the Board or a committee of the Board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.                               | YES | The Company has a whistleblowing policy which is outlined in the Company Corporate Governance Plan.  The Board is informed of any material incidents reported under the policy.  |
| Recommendation 3.4  A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and  (b) ensure that the Board or a committee of the Board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.                              | YES | The Company has an anti-corruption policy which is outlined in the Company Corporate Governance Plan.  The Board is informed of any material incidents reported under the policy.  |

| Principle 4: Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports   |           |  |
|---|-----------|--|
| Recommendation 4.1  The Board of a listed entity should:  (a) have an audit committee which:  (i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (ii) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the Board,  and disclose:  (iii) the charter of the committee;  (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and  (v) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. | PARTIALLY | (b) Due to the size and nature of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations the Company currently has no Audit and Risk Committee. Pursuant to Clause 4(h) of the Company's Board Charter, the full Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to the Audit and Risk Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee.  The role and responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Committee are outlined in Schedule 3 of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan available online on the Company's website.  The Board devote time at annual Board meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with maintaining the Company's internal audit function and arrangements with external auditors. All members of the Board are involved in the Company's audit function to ensure the proper maintenance of the entity and the integrity of all financial reporting.                |
| Recommendation 4.2  The Board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.  Recommendation 4.3  A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.  | YES       | The Company's Corporate Governance Plan states that a duty and responsibility of the Board is to ensure that before approving the entity's financial statements for a financial period, the CEO and CFO have declared that in their opinion the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.  The Company will include in each of its (to the extent that the information contained in the following is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor):  (a) annual reports or on its website, a description of the process it undertakes to verify the integrity of the information in its annual directors' report; |

|   |                 | it undertakes to verify the integrity of the information in its quarterly reports;  (c) integrated reports, or in its annual report (if that is a separate document to its integrated report) or on its website, a description of the process it undertakes to verify the integrity of the information in its integrated reports; and  (d) periodic corporate reports (such as a sustainability or CSR report), or in its annual report or on its website, a description of the process it undertakes to verify the integrity of the information in these reports. |
|---|-----------------|--|
| Principle 5: <i>Ma</i>  | ke timely and b | alanced disclosure   |
| Recommendation 5.1  A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.  | YES             | The Board Charter provides details of the Company's disclosure policy. In addition, Schedule 7 of the Corporate Governance Plan is entitled 'Disclosure – Continuous Disclosure' and details the Company's disclosure requirements as required by the ASX Listing Rules and other relevant legislation.  The Board Charter and Schedule 7 of the Corporate   |
|   |                 | Governance Plan are available on the Company website.  |
| Recommendation 5.2  A listed entity should ensure that its Board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.   | YES             | Each member of the Board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.  |
| Recommendation 5.3  A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation. | YES             | All substantive investor or analyst presentations are released on the ASX Market Announcement Platform ahead of such presentations.  |
| Principle 6: <i>Res</i>   | pect the rights | of security holders  |
| Recommendation 6.1  A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.  | YES             | Information about the Company and its governance is available in the Corporate Governance Plan which can be found on the Company's website.  Information about the Company and its governance is available in the Corporate Governance Plan which can be found on the Company website.   |
| Recommendation 6.2  A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.   | YES             | The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Strategy which aims to promote and facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. The Shareholder Communications Strategy   |

|  |                 | outlines a range of ways in which information is communicated to shareholders.  |
|--|-----------------|---|
|  |                 | The Shareholder Communications Strategy can be found in Schedule 10 of the Board Charter which is available on the Company website.   |
| Recommendation 6.3  A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.   | YES             | The Shareholder Communications Strategy states that as a part of the Company's developing investor relations program, Shareholders can register with the Company Secretary to receive email notifications of when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX, including the release of the Annual Report, half yearly reports and quarterly reports. Links are made available to the Company's website on which all information provided to the ASX is immediately posted.  Shareholders are encouraged to participate at all EGMs and AGMs of the Company. Upon the despatch of any notice of meeting to Shareholders, the Company Secretary shall send out material with that notice of meeting stating that all Shareholders are encouraged to participate at the meeting.  |
| Recommendation 6.4  A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.  | YES             | The Company ensures that all substantive resolutions at shareholder meetings are decided by poll.   |
| Recommendation 6.5  A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.   | YES             | Security holders can register with the Company to receive email notifications when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX.  Shareholders queries should be referred to the Company Secretary at first instance.  |
| Principle 7.   | : Recognise and | d manage risk   |
| Recommendation 7.1  The Board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:  (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (iii) the charter of the committee;  (iv) the members of the committee; and  (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members | YES             | <ul> <li>a) The Company does not have an Audit and Risk         Committee. The Company's Corporate         Governance Plan contains an Audit and Risk         Committee Charter that provides for the         creation of an Audit and Risk Committee with at         least three members, all of whom must be non-         executive Directors, and majority of the         Committee must be independent Directors. The         Committee must be chaired by an independent         Director who is not the Chair. A copy of the         Corporate Governance Plan is available on the         Company's website.</li> <li>b) The Company does not have an Audit and Risk         Committee as the Board considers the Company         will not currently benefit from its establishment.         In accordance with the Company's Board</li> </ul> |
| at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose   |                 | Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Audit and Risk Committee under the Audit and Risk   |

| that fact and the process it employs for<br>overseeing the entity's risk management<br>framework.  |     | Committee Charter including the following processes to oversee the entity's risk management framework, The Board devotes time at regular board meetings to fulfill the roles and responsibilities with overseeing risk and maintaining the entity's risk management framework and associated internal compliance and control procedures`   |
|--|-----|--|
| Recommendation 7.2  The Board or a committee of the Board should:  (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the Board; and  (a) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.          | YES | <ul> <li>(a) The Company process for risk management and internal compliance includes a requirement to identify and measure risk, monitor the environment for emerging factors and trends that affect these risks, formulate risk management strategies and monitor the performance of risk management systems. Schedule 8 of the Corporate Governance Plan is entitled 'Disclosure – Risk Management' and details the Company's disclosure requirements with respect to the risk management review procedure and internal compliance and controls.</li> <li>(b) The Board Charter requires the Board to disclose the number of times the Board met throughout the relevant reporting period, and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings. Details of the meetings will be provided in the Company's Annual Report.</li> </ul> |
| Recommendation 7.3  A listed entity should disclose:  (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or  (a) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes. |     | Schedule 3 of the Company's Corporate Plan provides for the internal audit function of the Company. In the absence of a risk committee, the Board is responsible for identifying risks and ensuring that there are controls for these risks which are to be designed and ensure that any identified risk is mitigated to an acceptable level. The Board will review and discuss strategic risks and opportunities as they arise and arising from changes in the Company's business evaluate regularly on an 'as need' basis.  The Charter outlines the monitoring, review and assessment of a range of internal audit functions and procedures.  |
| Recommendation 7.4  A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.  |     | Schedule 3 of the Company's Corporate Plan details the Company's risk management systems which assist in identifying and managing potential or apparent business, economic, environmental and social sustainability risks (if appropriate). Review of the Company's risk management framework is conducted at least annually and reports are continually created by management on the efficiency and effectiveness of the Company's risk management framework and associated internal compliance and control procedures.   |

| Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly  |     |  |
|---|-----|--|
| Recommendation 8.1  The Board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a remuneration committee which:  (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (iii) the charter of the committee;  (iv) the members of the committee; and  (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive. | YES | a) The Company does not have a Remuneration Committee. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan contains a Remuneration Committee Charter that provides for the creation of a Remuneration Committee (if it is considered it will benefit the Company), with at least three members, a majority of whom are to be independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director. b) The Company does not have a Remuneration Committee as the Board considers the Company will not currently benefit from its establishment. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Remuneration Committee under the Remuneration Committee Charter including the following processes to set the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive:  The Board devotes time at the annual Board meeting to assess the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives. |
| Recommendation 8.2  A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives and ensure that the different roles and responsibilities of non-executive directors compared to executive directors and other senior executives are reflected in the level and composition of their remuneration.   | YES | The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive, executive and other senior directors.   |
| Recommendation 8.3  A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:  (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.   | YES | (a) The Company does not have an equity-based remuneration scheme. The Company does not have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme. A copy of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Company's website.  |

| Additional recommendations that apply only in certain cases   |                |  |
|---|----------------|--|
| Recommendation 9.1  A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which Board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents. | Not applicable |  |
| Recommendation 9.2  A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.  | Not applicable |  |
| Recommendation 9.3  A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.   | Not applicable |  |