# **ASX Announcement**

## 16 January 2023

ASX: RCR | ACN 628 003 538



# High-grade Gold-Copper-Silver Rock-chip Samples at Pokali, West Arunta

## **Highlights:**

- High-grade Gold (Au), Copper (Cu) and Silver (Ag) results returned from rock-chip sampling at Pokali, Kiwirrkurra IOCG Project near the Western Australian and Northern Territory border
- Results continue to demonstrate significant potential of the IOCG<sup>1</sup> system at Pokali
- Best rock-chip results include:
  - KRWK001 5.75g/t Au, 5.71% Cu & 5.25g/t Ag at Pokali East, and
  - o KWRK043 2.87g/t Au, 1.2% Cu & 5.07g/t Ag at Pokali South
- Independent review underway of comprehensive multi-element suite, including Niobium and REE's<sup>2</sup>

#### Rincon's Managing Director, Gary Harvey commented:

"We're very pleased to get evidence of high-grade gold and copper mineralisation along structures we know to be long and wide, which we evidenced during our recent site reconnaissance. We're now really starting to understand the potential size and scale of the IOCG system at Pokali. We believe the 4km long outcropping system is just the tip of the iceberg and we now want to understand the potential of the system at depth, below the outcrop and along strike under cover. Suffice to say, we're really looking forward to getting some deep drill holes into Pokali".

"Historically, previous explorers focussed on Pokali East and South, however anomalous silver and bismuth (both closely associated with gold) have highlighted Pokali North and new target Jewel as areas warranting further investigation".

"We're also looking forward to our consultant, Dr Carl Brauhart from Model Earth providing an independent review of the multi-element and REE data so we can utilise this information not only to assist with our Pokali modelling, but to assess the discovery potential for critical metals such as niobium and REE's nearby".

**Rincon Resources Limited (Rincon** or the **Company**) is pleased to release preliminary rock-chip sampling results from recent site reconnaissance at its 100% owned Kiwirrkurra IOCG Project, located in the West Arunta Region of Western Australia.

Fifty-six (56) rock-chip samples were collected from various locations over the outcropping Pokali IOCG Prospect area (refer to Figure 1). All rock-chip samples were analysed for precious and base metals, and a comprehensive multi-element suite including critical metals such as niobium ("Nb") and rare-earth elements ("REE").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Iron Oxide Copper Gold (IOCG)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Rare Earth Elements (REE's)

Significant<sup>3</sup> and anomalous<sup>4</sup> Au-Cu-Ag results were received and associated with extensive mapped structures across the significant outcropping system at Pokali. The results continue to demonstrate the potential for a significant size and scale IOCG system at Pokali.

Best rock-chip results include:

- o KRWK001 **5.75g/t Au, 5.71% Cu & 5.25g/t Ag** at Pokali East, and
- o KWRK043 **2.87g/t Au, 1.2% Cu & 5.07g/t Ag** at Pokali South
- o KWRK033 **0.37% Cu, 0.18g/t Au & 2.06g/t Ag** at Pokali South
- o KWRK023 **0.33% Cu, 0.14g/t AU & 2.28g/t Ag** at Pokali South
- o KWRK017 11.2g/t Ag, 0.02g/t Au (+817ppm Bi) at Pokali North
- o KWRK020 **10.65g/t Ag, 0.06g/t Au** (+1530ppm Bi) at Pokali North, and
- o KWRK051 **7.29g/t Ag, 0.08g/t Au** at Jewel
- o KWRK049 **1.08g/t Ag** (+120ppm Bi) at Jewel
- o KWRK050 **0.83g/t Ag** (+822ppm Bi, 15ppb Pd (peak value)) at Jewel

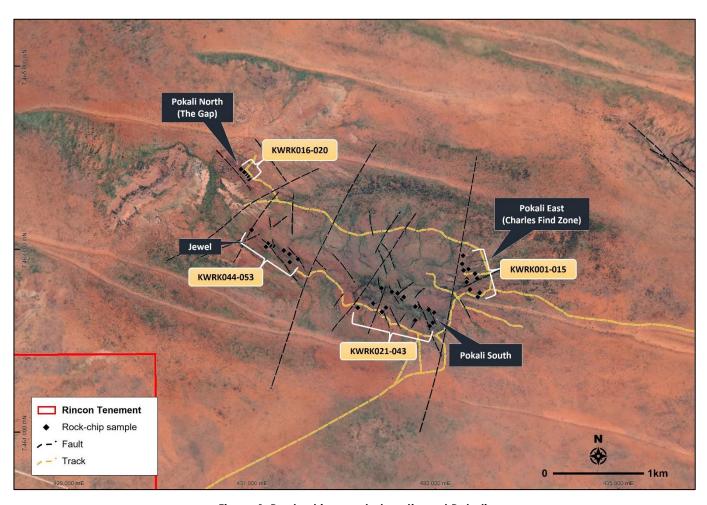


Figure 1: Rock-chip sample locations at Pokali.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Au above 1.0g/t, Cu above 1%, Ag above 1.0g/t

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Au above 0.1g/t, Cu above 0.3%, Ag above 0.5g/t

Table 1: Rock-chip sampling results with significant results highlighted blue.

|          |         |          |        |        | I .    |        |
|----------|---------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| SampleID | Easting | Northing | Au_ppm | Cu_ppm | Ag_ppm | Bi_ppm |
| KWRK001  | 433467  | 7462484  | 5.75   | 57100  | 5.25   | 1830   |
| KWRK002  | 433486  | 7462530  | 0.003  | 25.6   | 0.01   | 0.711  |
| KWRK003  | 433473  | 7462712  | 0.004  | 115    | 0.04   | 6.01   |
| KWRK004  | 433466  | 7462715  | 0.011  | 612    | 0.06   | 19.75  |
| KWRK005  | 433452  | 7462712  | 0.012  | 52.9   | 0.02   | 4.75   |
| KWRK006  | 433444  | 7462707  | 0.015  | 225    | 0.05   | 9.72   |
| KWRK006A | 433450  | 7462717  | 0.01   | 217    | 0.16   | 9.7    |
| KWRK007  | 433435  | 7462739  | 0.004  | 79.2   | 0.24   | 5.72   |
| KWRK008  | 433363  | 7462789  | 0.017  | 1890   | 0.19   | 134    |
| KWRK009  | 433296  | 7462846  | 0.001  | 29.7   | 0.00   | 0.864  |
| KWRK010  | 433305  | 7462936  | 0.002  | 7.72   | 0.01   | 0.456  |
| KWRK011  | 433310  | 7462775  | 0.002  | 215    | 0.03   | 7.89   |
| KWRK012  | 433346  | 7462678  | 0.002  | 47.7   | BDL    | 0.28   |
| KWRK013  | 433344  | 7462648  | 0.002  | 8.06   | BDL    | 0.916  |
| KWRK014  | 433381  | 7462566  | 0.006  | 138    | 0.02   | 14.3   |
| KWRK015  | 433460  | 7462686  | 0.003  | 99.4   | 0.04   | 32.4   |
| KWRK016  | 430965  | 7463774  | 0.007  | 230    | 0.74   | 2.63   |
| KWRK017  | 430954  | 7463808  | 0.017  | 85.4   | 11.20  | 817    |
| KWRK018  | 430933  | 7463831  | 0.008  | 49.6   | 3.04   | 69.2   |
| KWRK019  | 430916  | 7463848  | 0.027  | 54.5   | 6.85   | 42.4   |
| KWRK020  | 430880  | 7463882  | 0.064  | 78.7   | 10.65  | 1530   |
| KWRK021  | 432925  | 7462154  | 0.002  | 21.7   | 0.07   | 2.59   |
| KWRK022  | 432934  | 7462157  | 0.003  | 81.4   | 0.06   | 6.26   |
| KWRK023  | 432941  | 7462167  | 0.138  | 3340   | 2.28   | 72.1   |
| KWRK024  | 432976  | 7462203  | 0.109  | 465    | 0.42   | 65.3   |
| KWRK025  | 432988  | 7462315  | 0.004  | 38     | 0.04   | 2.8    |
| KWRK026  | 432945  | 7462337  | 0.002  | 32.1   | 0.04   | 2.46   |
| KWRK027  | 432940  | 7462340  | 0.003  | 16.9   | 0.04   | 1.715  |
| KWRK028  | 432929  | 7462346  | 0.016  | 663    | 0.10   | 2.21   |
| KWRK029  | 432817  | 7462381  | 0.001  | 13.65  | 0.01   | 1.08   |
| KWRK030  | 432784  | 7462380  | 0.003  | 17.7   | 0.08   | 18.85  |
| KWRK030  | 432782  | 7462231  | 0.003  | 80.1   | 0.04   | 8.07   |
| KWRK032  | 432406  | 7462311  | 0.008  | 21.2   | 0.10   | 15.15  |
| KWRK033  | 432419  | 7462322  | 0.183  | 3690   | 2.06   | 50.3   |
| KWRK034  | 432463  | 7462322  | 0.103  | 132.5  | 0.03   | 0.472  |
| KWRK034  | 432627  | 7462454  | 0.005  | 50.9   | 0.05   | 0.472  |
| KWRK036  | 432639  | 7462463  | 0.003  | 75.2   | 0.03   | 1.65   |
| KWRK037  | 432658  | 7462485  | 0.004  | 10.2   | 0.10   | 0.154  |
| KWRK037  | 432591  | 7462524  | 0.311  | 120    | 0.01   | 55.5   |
| KWRK039  | 432527  | 7462524  | 0.371  | 92.8   | 0.08   | 2450   |
| KWRK040  | 432327  | 7462543  | 0.371  | 524    | 0.13   | 18.5   |
| KWRK041  | 432421  | 7462584  | 0.399  | 30.9   | 0.22   | 6.88   |
| KWRK041  | 432323  | 7462360  | 0.006  | 17.5   | 0.02   | 17.95  |
|          | 432323  |          | 2.87   | 12000  | 5.07   | 17.95  |
| KWRK043  |         | 7462367  | 0.006  | 58.2   |        |        |
| KWRK044  | 431412  | 7462865  |        |        | 0.33   | 8.75   |
| KWRK045a | 431494  | 7462883  | 0.052  | 55.1   | 0.48   | 9.92   |
| KWRK045b | 431494  | 7462892  | 0.011  | 289    | 0.79   | 9.22   |
| KWRK045c | 431502  | 7462899  | 0.003  | 117    | 0.04   | 2.27   |
| KWRK046  | 431409  | 7462953  | 0.002  | 11.2   | 0.03   | 1.65   |
| KWRK047  | 431348  | 7462994  | 0.002  | 24.7   | 0.04   | 1.135  |
| KWRK048  | 431233  | 7463042  | 0.001  | 6.71   | 0.01   | 0.515  |
| KWRK049  | 431201  | 7463049  | 0.024  | 47.4   | 1.08   | 120    |
| KWRK050  | 431198  | 7463049  | 0.042  | 93.9   | 0.83   | 822    |
| KWRK051  | 431175  | 7463069  | 0.083  | 140.5  | 7.29   | 55.1   |
| KWRK052  | 431152  | 7463033  | 0.002  | 21.8   | 0.05   | 5.78   |
| KWRK053  | 430995  | 7463218  | 0.002  | 73.6   | 0.04   | 8.1    |

Note: Easting and Northings are GDA 94, Zone 52

BDL = Below detection limit

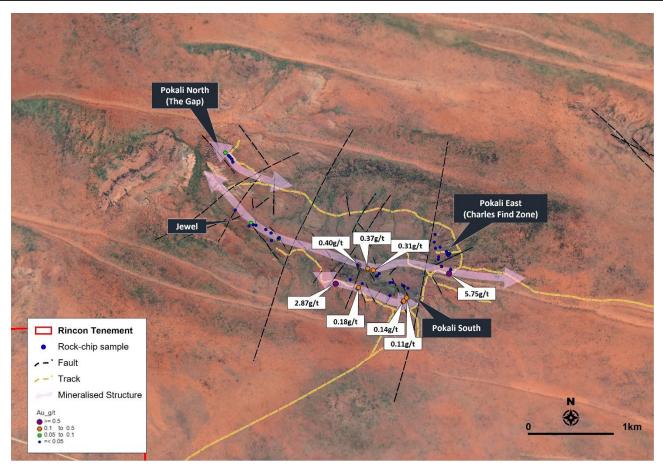


Figure 2: Rock-chip samples colour coded by gold (Au) value; significant results labelled.

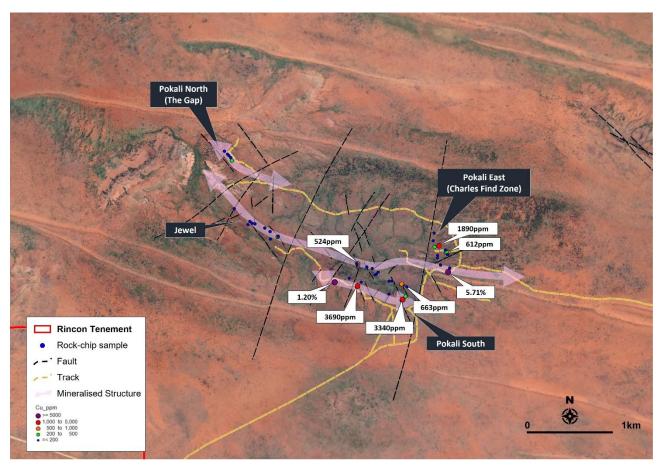


Figure 3: Rock-chip samples colour coded by copper (Cu) value; significant results labelled.

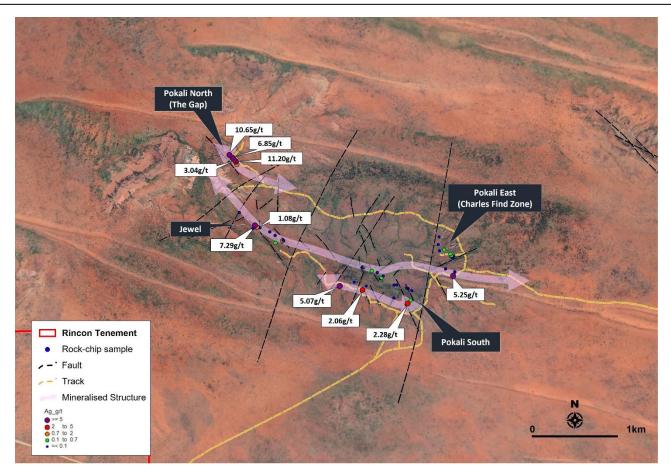


Figure 4: Rock-chip samples colour coded by silver (Ag) value; significant results labelled.

Results for multi-element data, including Nb-REE data, have been provided to independent consultant Dr Carl Brauhart from Model Earth, who is currently reviewing and interpreting the results. A report is expected within weeks.

The multi-element data is critical is understanding the lithogeochemistry, alteration and metal zonation, which is important for model interpretation targeting and drillhole planning at Pokali.

Importantly, the interpretation and assessment of the critical metals and REE suite will inform the Company of the discovery potential for this style of mineralisation that may be undercover within the broader Pokali area.

----ENDS----

Authorised by the Board of Rincon Resources Limited

For more information visit <u>www.rinconresources.com.au</u> or contact:

#### Company:

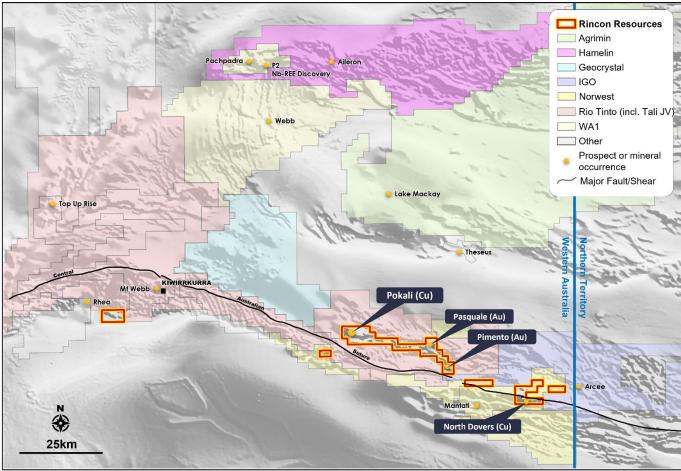
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#### **About Rincon**

Rincon Resources Limited has a 100% interest in three highly prospective copper and gold projects in Western Australia: South Telfer, Laverton and Kiwirrkurra. Each project has been subject to historical exploration which has identified major mineralised systems which Rincon intends on exploring in order to delineate copper and gold resources.





Kiwirrkurra IOCG Project location plan, West Arunta Region, WA.

#### **Competent Persons Statement**

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Mr Gary Harvey who is a Member of The Australian Institute Geoscientists and is Managing Director of the Company. Mr Harvey has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Harvey consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on this information in the form and context in which it appears.

#### **Future Performance**

This announcement may contain certain forward-looking statements and opinion. Forward-looking statements, including projections, forecasts and estimates, are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied on as an indication or guarantee of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions, contingencies and other important factors, many of which are outside the control of the Company and which are subject to change without notice and could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from the future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such statements. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance and no representation or warranty is made as to the likelihood of achievement or reasonableness of any forward-looking statements or other forecast. Nothing contained in this announcement, nor any information made available to you is, or and shall be relied upon as, a promise, representation, warranty or guarantee as to the past, present or the future performance of Rincon.

### **Appendix 1**

JORC Code, 2012 Edition

Table 1 Report – Kiwirrkurra IOCG Project, Pokali Prospect Rock-chip Sampling

#### **SECTION 1 SAMPLING TECHNIQUES AND DATA**

| Criteria                    | JORC Code explanation   | Commentary  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Sampling techniques         | Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down-hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc.). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.   | Rincon completed selective rock-chip sampling over outcropping areas at the Pokali Prospect. Structural trends, areas of known mineralisation based on historic geochemistry and drilling results, and untested areas based on geochemical anomalism and geophysics, were targeted.  Between 0.5kg and 1.5kg of rock-chip sample was collected from each location.  The sample process is considered appropriate for rock-chip sampling |  |  |
|                             | Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.   |   |  |  |
|                             | Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information. |   |  |  |
| Drilling techniques         | Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc.) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc.).   | No drilling was undertaken  |  |  |
| Drill sample recovery       | Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample<br>recoveries and results assessed.  | No drilling was undertaken  |  |  |
|                             | Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.   | No drilling was undertaken  |  |  |
|                             | Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.  | No drilling was undertaken  |  |  |
| Logging                     | Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.   | Rock-chip samples were described and presented in Table 1 of ASX Release dated 23/11/2022 and available to view on the Company's website  |  |  |
|                             | Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature.<br>Core (or costean, channel, etc.) photography.  | Logging was qualitative in nature   |  |  |
|                             | The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.   |   |  |  |
| Sub-sampling techniques and | If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.   | No drilling was undertaken. There were no sub-sampling techniques   |  |  |
| sample preparation          | If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split,   |   |  |  |

| Criteria  | JORC Code explanation   | Commentary  |  |
|---|---|---|--|
|   | etc. and whether sampled wet or dry.  | Whole rock samples were sent to ALS Laboratory in Perth where they were   |  |
|   | For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.  | crushed/ground to 2mm, then pulverised to 85% < 75um.   |  |
|   | Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.   | Sample preparation technique is appropriate for rock-chip samples   |  |
|   | Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is<br>representative of the in situ material collected, including<br>for instance results for field duplicate/second-half<br>sampling.   |   |  |
|   | Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.   |   |  |
| Quality of assay data and laboratory tests                    | and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.  | Analysis of the rock-chips samples was completed by ALS Laboratory in Perth using the ME-MS61L analysis method. This is a four-acid digest with an ICP-MS finish for super trace element analysis in generative exploration.  This super trace package is suitable for regional drilling, trenching and hand samples in unmineralised rocks, and can also be used effectively in areas of thick regolith for bedrock mapping. ALS has lowered the detection limits on key pathfinder elements such as As, Sb, Se and TI to near or below average crustal abundance, revealing anomalous patterns at levels previously unattainable due to technical limitations. The rare earth elements and lead isotopes suite expand the utility of the method in greenfields exploration. |  |
|   | For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc., the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.  Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. |   |  |
|   | standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established.   |   |  |
|   |   | No geophysical tools were used.   |  |
|   |   | ALS have adopted procedures for QA/QC including the use of lab standards.   |  |
| Verification of sampling and                                  | The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.   | Rock-chip sample locations were recorded with NGPS.  All location and descriptive data were entered into a digital database.  There was no adjustment to assay data.  |  |
| assaying  | The use of twinned holes.   |   |  |
|   | Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.  |   |  |
|   | Discuss any adjustment to assay data.   |   |  |
| Location of data points                                       | Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.   | Rock-chip samples were located using a handheld NGPS accurate to +/-1m The grid systems used is GDA94, MGA Zone 52  |  |
|   | Specification of the grid system used.  |   |  |
|   | Quality and adequacy of topographic control.  |   |  |
| Data spacing and distribution                                 | Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.  | This is early-stage exploration data collection, and a regular grid has not been used. The sample spacing is suitable for reconnaissance programs.  |  |
| uistribution  | Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied   | No composite sample was undertaken  No composite sample was undertaken  |  |
|   | Whether sample compositing has been applied.  |   |  |
| Orientation of data<br>in relation to<br>geological structure | Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.  | No drilling was undertaken  Rock-chip samples were taken along mapped veins and outcropping mineralised structures  |  |
|   | If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.  |   |  |
| Sample security   | The measures taken to ensure sample security.   | Samples were delivered to the lab in sealed calico and polyweave bags   |  |
| Audits or reviews   | The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.   | No audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data have been documented.  |  |

## SECTION 2 REPORTING OF EXPLORATION RESULTS

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section).

| Criteria                                      | JORC Code explanation   | Commentary  |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| Mineral tenement<br>and land tenure<br>status | Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites,  | The project area comprises 6 exploration licences which cover a total area of approximately 220 km². Rincon Resources Ltd through its wholly owned subsidiary Lyza Mining Pty Ltd holds 100% of all licences.  The tenements subject to this report are in good standing with the |  |  |
|   | wilderness or national parkand environmental settings.  | Western Australian DMIRS  |  |  |
|   | The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.  |   |  |  |
| Exploration done by other parties             | Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.   | Most of the past exploration work within the project area including drilling, surface sampling; geological mapping has been largely completed by Ashburton Minerals Limited. The reports are available on the West Australian Mines Department WAMEX open file library.           |  |  |
|   |   | The Geological Survey of Western Australia and Geoscience Australia has also completed regional geological and geological programs on the West Arunta Province in which the tenements are located which are available to member of the public.                                    |  |  |
| Geology                                       | Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.   | The principal targets being targeted is IOCG, similar to the Olympic Dam deposit in South Australia.  |  |  |
| Drillhole<br>Information                      | <ul> <li>A summary of all information material to the<br/>understanding of the exploration results including<br/>a tabulation of the following information for all<br/>Material drillholes:</li> </ul>  | No drilling was undertaken. See content of this report for rock-chip locations.   |  |  |
|   | easting and northing of the drillhole collar     elevation or RL (elevation above sea level in metres) of the drillhole collar  |   |  |  |
|   | <ul> <li>dip and azimuth of the hole</li> <li>down hole length and interception depth hole length.</li> </ul>   |   |  |  |
| Data aggregation methods                      | In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.  | No drilling was undertaken.  No data aggregation has been completed.  |  |  |
| Relationship<br>between<br>mineralisation     | <ul> <li>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect<br/>to the drillhole angle is known, its nature should<br/>be reported.</li> </ul>  | No drilling was undertaken.   |  |  |
| widths and intercept lengths                  | <ul> <li>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths<br/>are reported, there should be a clear statement to<br/>this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not<br/>known').</li> </ul>   |   |  |  |
| Diagrams                                      | Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.   | Diagrams are supplied in the main report.   |  |  |
| Balanced reporting                            | Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.   | Not applicable at this stage.   |  |  |
| Other substantive<br>exploration data         | Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances. | Refer to body of text and this appendix.  Other ASX Announcements for Kiwirrkurra can be found here: <a href="https://www.rinconresources.com.au/asx-announcements/">https://www.rinconresources.com.au/asx-announcements/</a>  |  |  |
| Further work                                  | The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).  | Interpretation and processing of results is ongoing, and further work may include extensions to survey areas and drilling of areas of interest.   |  |  |