

# Soil anomalies confirm existing and new Nickel Sulphide targets

Nimy Resources (ASX:NIM) is pleased to announce results following receipt of the first batch of nickel targeted soil samples processed at Labwest using ultrafine analysis.

## Existing - EM Conductor Plate - Prospects

### Dease Gossan Prospect

- Two strong nickel anomalies (848ppm and 917ppm) coincident with the two MLEM plates accompanied by elevated chrome, copper, iron, sulphur and zinc (February drill campaign)

### North Tip Prospect

- Elevated sequence of nickel (up to 289ppm) accompanied by elevated chrome, copper, iron, sulphur and zinc. Along strike from MLEM conductor plate (February drill campaign)

### North Lake Prospect

- Anomalous sequence of nickel (up to 497ppm) accompanied by elevated chrome, copper, iron, sulphur and zinc. Anomaly coincident with MLEM conductor plate (February drill campaign)

## New Prospects

### East Prospect

- Strong nickel anomaly (up to 1210ppm) and coincident copper (up to 53.2ppm) peak at eastern contact of high magnetic structure

### King Hill Prospect

- Strong anomalous sequence of nickel (up to 934ppm) into sulphur (up to 2930ppm) followed by two intervals of copper (up to 121ppm)

#### RELEASE DATE

7<sup>th</sup> February 2023

#### COMPANY DETAILS

ASX:NIM

#### Registered Office

254 Adelaide Tce,  
Perth, WA, 6000

#### Website

[www.nimy.com.au](http://www.nimy.com.au)

#### Contact

[info@nimy.com.au](mailto:info@nimy.com.au)

#### BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

Simon Lill

*Non-Executive Chairman*

Luke Hampson

*Executive Director*

Christian Price

*Executive Director*

Henko Vos

*Secretary/CFO*

Fergus Jockel

*Geological Consultant*

Ian Glacken

*Geological Technical  
Advisor*

#### CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Shares on Issue – 114.3m

Options Issue – 16.45m

#### Royale Prospect

- Strong anomalous sequence of nickel (up to 718ppm) accompanied by sulphur (up to 1930ppm) and elevated chrome, copper, iron and zinc.

#### Indian Sandrunner Prospect

- Strong anomalous sequence of nickel (up to 920ppm) accompanied by sulphur (up to 1650ppm) copper (up to 356ppm) and elevated chrome, iron and zinc.

*Nimy Resources Executive Director Luke Hampson said today:*

*“The soil sampling program conducted by Nimy Geologist Fergus Jockel has provided support to the possible source of the conductive plates modelled being nickel sulphides.*

*Three additional Prospects have now been identified characterised by strong nickel, sulphur soil responses and favourable underlying magnetic geophysics.*

*Following on from our initial diamond drilling program and large-scale moving loop survey we move into our reverse circulation program with heightened expectation and confidence in the work done to identify these prospects.”*

#### Summary

The soil sampling program using ultrafine analysis has been conducted to ascertain the geochemical signature at the surface and possible correlation to underlying geophysics.

Sampling was carried out across three prospects that have been prioritised due to the presence of electromagnetic conductor plates modelled following the MLEM survey completed in 2022. Additionally a further four lines were collected over geophysical magnetic anomalies interpreted as being favourable for the accumulation of nickel sulphide mineralisation within komatiite flows (see Figure 1).

A total of 293 samples were collected at 50 metre spacings for a linear total of 14.3kms (see Table 1).

Results were very encouraging with all three existing prospects (Dease Gossan, North Tip and North Lake) returning anomalous nickel assays coinciding with the MLEM conductor plates modelled.

The assay results over the three additional prospects were also very encouraging returning anomalous nickel assays over the possible nickel sulphide traps identified following analysis of the magnetic survey data.

Results summarised as follows:

**Dease Gossan Prospect (previously reported on the 18/10/22 – Significant Nickel Assays at Dease Gossan) Line 6676200**

A total of 25 samples were collected (for 1.2 kms @ 50m spacing) across two of three MLEM plates (previously reported on the 17/11/22 – EM Plates Modelled Targeting Nickel Sulphides) . The geochemistry peaked at 848ppm and 917ppm nickel at two sample points that correlate with the two MLEM conductor plates modelled. Chrome, copper, iron, sulphur and zinc were also elevated between the two peak nickel assay points (see Table 2 and Figure 2).

**North Tip Prospect (previously reported on the 17/11/22 – EM Plates Modelled Targeting Nickel Sulphides) Line 6677200**

A total of 39 samples were collected (for 1.9kms @ 50m spacing) south of the North Tip Prospect MLEM conductor plate across an interpreted mafic - ultramafic sequence. The geochemistry peaked at 233ppm and 288ppm nickel at two sample points alongstrike from the North Tip conductor plate which appears to confirm the continuity of the ultramafic. Chrome and sulphur were also elevated with the two peak nickel assay points (see Table 3 and Figure 3).

**North Lake Prospect (previously reported on the 17/11/22 – EM Plates Modelled Targeting Nickel Sulphides) Line 6674500**

A total of 19 samples were collected (for 0.9kms @ 50m spacing across the North Lake Prospect MLEM conductor plate. The geochemistry peaked at 399ppm and 497ppm nickel at two sample points correlating with the MLEM conductor plate modelled. Chrome, copper, iron, sulphur and zinc were also elevated between the two peak nickel assay points (see Table 4 and Figure 4).

**East Prospect Line 6683350**

A total of 31 samples were collected (for 1.5kms @ 50m spacing) across an interpreted mafic - ultramafic sequence. The geochemistry peaked at 1210ppm nickel coinciding with the interpreted eastern contact point of the high magnetic structure. Chrome, Iron and copper elevated with the peak nickel assay see (Table 5 and Figure 5).

**King Hill Prospect Line 6676200**

A total of 81 samples were collected (for 4.0kms @ 50m spacing) across an interpreted mafic - ultramafic sequence. The geochemistry returned peaks on the east (874ppm) and west (934ppm) contacts of the North South trending ultramafic followed by a strongly anomalous trend of sulphur (up to 2930ppm) across an interval of 400m. Two Copper anomalies occur on the eastern end of the line (peak values of 109ppm and 121ppm) see (Table 6,7 and Figures 6,7,8)



#### Royale Prospect Line 6669600

A total of 57 samples were collected (for 2.8kms @ 50m spacing) across an interpreted ultramafic - mafic - ultramafic sequence. The geochemistry returned an anomalous nickel (up to 718ppm) and sulphur (up to 1930ppm) interval across the sequence. Chrome, copper, iron, sulphur and zinc were also elevated see (Tables 8,9 and Figure 9).

#### Indian Sandrunner Prospect Line 6,677,000

A total of 41 samples were collected (for 2.0kms @ 50m spacing) across an interpreted flexure point in the north south trending ultramafic. Geophysics indicate a eastern flexure interrupting the ultramafic trend before resuming the north south trend. Geochemistry indicates a strong coinciding nickel (peak value 920ppm), sulphur (1650ppm), chrome (1400ppm) and copper (356ppm) anomaly at the point of this flexure (Table 10 and Figures 10,11,12).

The use of ultrafine analysis is considered an excellent first pass sampling technique particularly in areas with little or no outcropping and transported cover. The changes in geochemistry across the sampling lines appear to be coincident with the underlying geophysical signatures.

The Dease, North Tip and North Lake Prospects are scheduled for drilling within the February 2023 reverse circulation drill program. The new prospects will now be subject to further soil sampling to complete the surface geochemical signature map along with select RC drill holes to test at depth and collect further geochemical, EM survey and structural information.



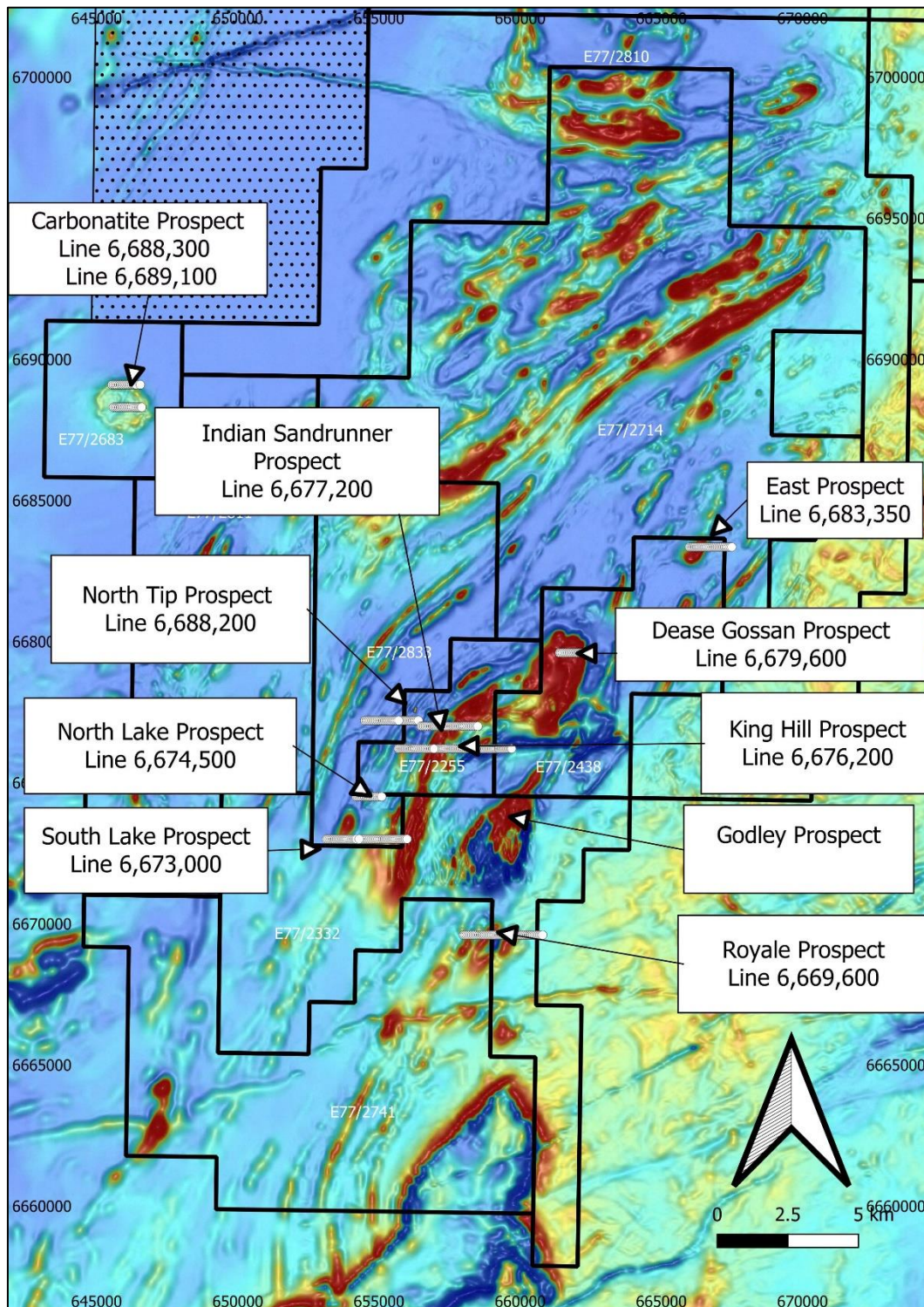


Figure 1 – Location map of soil sampling lines over colour magnetic image

Sample ID		Prospect	Northing	Easting		Spacing	Line Length	Samples
From	To		Line	From	To			
NRZ00399	NRZ00423	Dease Gossan	6,679,600	661,400	662,600	50	1,200	25
NRZ00166	NRZ00204	North Tip	6,677,200	654,500	656,400	50	1,900	39
NRZ00123	NRZ00141	North Lake	6,674,500	654,200	655,100	50	900	19
NRZ00082	NRZ00112	East	6,683,350	666,000	667,500	50	1,500	31
NRZ00001	NRZ00081	King Hill	6,676,200	655,700	659,700	50	4,000	81
NRZ00342	NRZ00398	Royale	6,669,600	658,000	660,800	50	2,800	57
NRZ00470	NRZ00443	Indian Sandrunner	6,677,000	656,500	658,500	50	2,000	41

Table 1 –Soil sampling program detail

Dease Gossan Prospect nickel soil anomaly

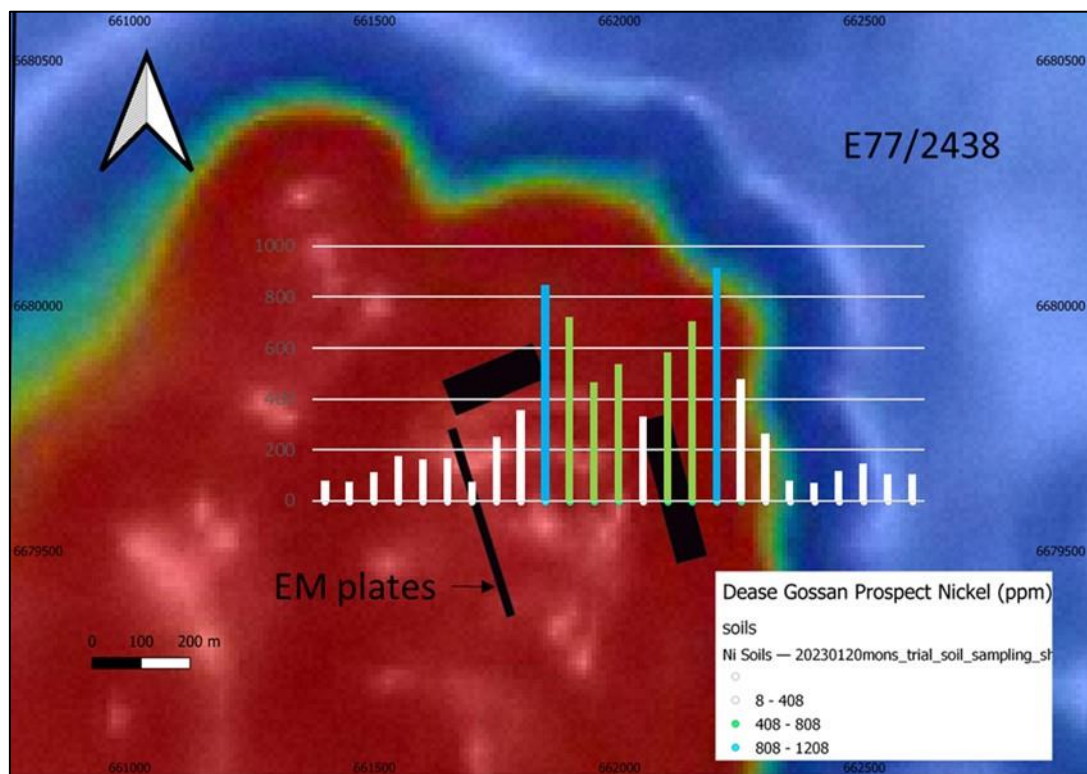


Figure 2 – Dease Gossan Prospect line 6,679,600 nickel in soil over colour magnetic image strong nickel soil anomaly (408-917ppm) coincident with EM plate's (black polygon x 3)



Sample Spacing	Sample ID	East	North	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Fe ppm	Ni ppm	S ppm	Zn ppm
50m	NRZ00399	661,400	6,679,600	173	33.3	47500	77.8	222	47.8
50m	NRZ00400	661,450	6,679,600	210	30.4	46800	73	189	34.2
50m	NRZ00401	661,500	6,679,600	273	32.1	47500	112	205	39.3
50m	NRZ00402	661,550	6,679,600	248	28.6	47500	175	162	36.4
50m	NRZ00403	661,600	6,679,600	306	29.2	44100	163	144	40.2
50m	NRZ00404	661,650	6,679,600	409	35.8	49200	167	181	36.2
50m	NRZ00405	661,700	6,679,600	299	29	50800	75.3	114	21.1
50m	NRZ00406	661,750	6,679,600	410	35.7	57600	250	176	37.5
50m	NRZ00407	661,800	6,679,600	476	54.8	57700	356	163	29.6
50m	NRZ00408	661,850	6,679,600	795	39	67400	848	243	47.5
50m	NRZ00409	661,900	6,679,600	714	40.6	66800	720	177	59.9
50m	NRZ00410	661,950	6,679,600	689	35.9	58200	464	217	61.8
50m	NRZ00411	662,000	6,679,600	626	58.4	65800	537	206	58
50m	NRZ00412	662,050	6,679,600	404	44.2	53100	330	165	34
50m	NRZ00413	662,100	6,679,600	513	55.7	61400	585	246	61.2
50m	NRZ00414	662,150	6,679,600	621	36.7	63800	706	275	71.1
50m	NRZ00415	662,200	6,679,600	721	51.3	67600	917	339	68.3
50m	NRZ00416	662,250	6,679,600	874	50.8	68900	479	160	45.4
50m	NRZ00417	662,300	6,679,600	577	54.7	63500	262	201	67.1
50m	NRZ00418	662,350	6,679,600	378	48.3	50000	79.5	156	31.3
50m	NRZ00419	662,400	6,679,600	354	38.2	46200	72.7	164	29.1
50m	NRZ00420	662,450	6,679,600	353	41.2	50900	116	231	42.6
50m	NRZ00421	662,500	6,679,600	297	45.9	52800	146	213	56.2
50m	NRZ00422	662,550	6,679,600	271	41.7	51600	106	312	44.8
50m	NRZ00423	662,600	6,679,600	220	41.5	51000	104	250	46.2

Table 2 - Dease Gossan Prospect line 6,679,600 chrome, copper, iron, nickel, sulphur and zinc ppm in soil.

North Tip Prospect nickel soil anomaly

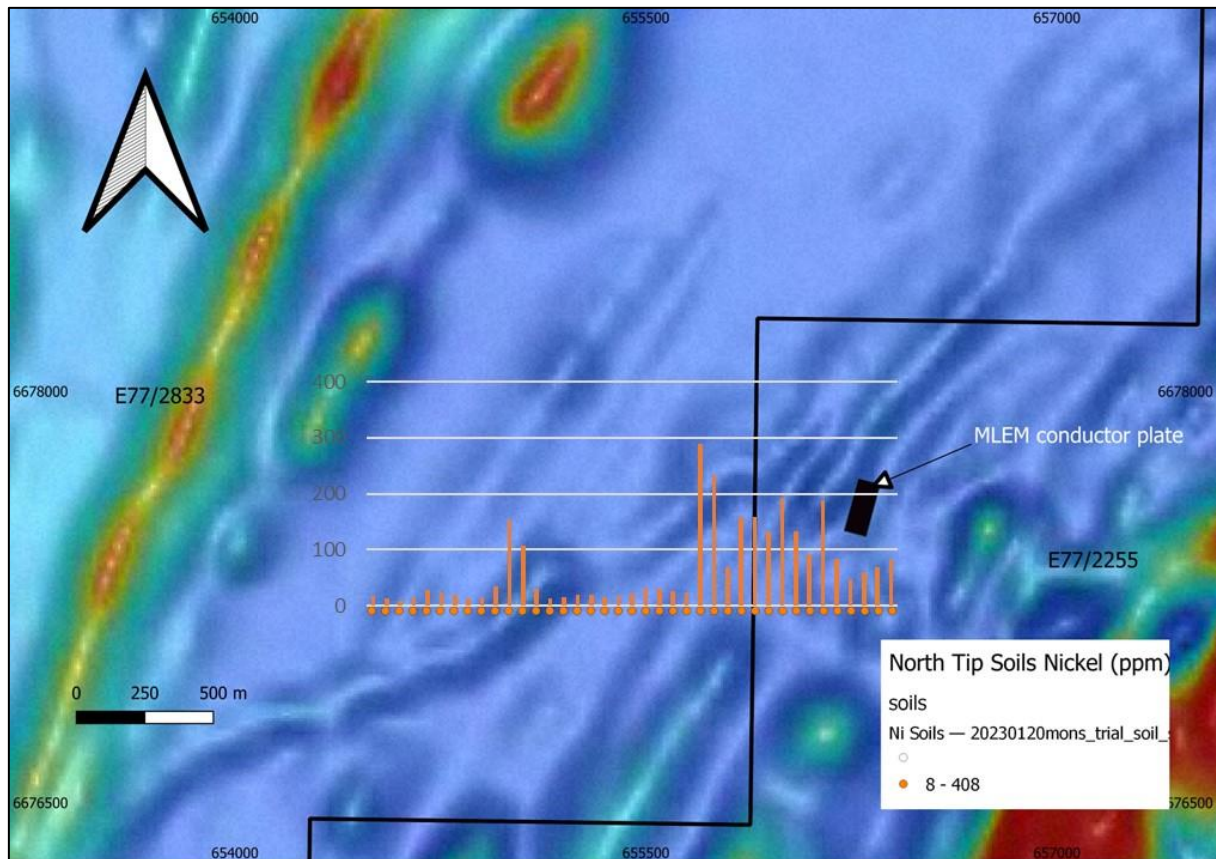


Figure 3 – North Tip Prospect line 6,677,200 nickel in soil over colour magnetic image  
weak nickel soil anomaly (188-289ppm) down strike of EM plate's (black polygon x 1)



Sample Spacing	Sample ID	East	North	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Fe ppm	Ni ppm	S ppm	Zn ppm
50m	NRZ00166	654,500	6,677,200	90	16	40000	18.1	162	12.6
50m	NRZ00167	654,550	6,677,200	53	11	15100	13.3	58	13.8
50m	NRZ00168	654,600	6,677,200	50	7.5	13500	8.1	155	8
50m	NRZ00169	654,650	6,677,200	94	19	42600	15.7	110	14.5
50m	NRZ00170	654,700	6,677,200	101	29	43700	27.6	145	32.9
50m	NRZ00171	654,750	6,677,200	96	21	28800	24.5	262	31.4
50m	NRZ00172	654,800	6,677,200	78	10	18300	19.9	89	20
50m	NRZ00173	654,850	6,677,200	66	7.4	11600	14.1	70	10.9
50m	NRZ00174	654,900	6,677,200	70	10	15400	14.3	117	14.1
50m	NRZ00175	654,950	6,677,200	189	30	17800	35.4	143	37.1
50m	NRZ00176	655,000	6,677,200	432	56	56500	154	39	85.9
50m	NRZ00177	655,050	6,677,200	356	77	57800	107	117	59.8
50m	NRZ00178	655,100	6,677,200	134	40	29400	29.9	109	42
50m	NRZ00179	655,150	6,677,200	101	20	15400	13.4	144	18.2
50m	NRZ00180	655,200	6,677,200	126	11	12900	14.5	67	11.3
50m	NRZ00181	655,250	6,677,200	121	17	13500	20.6	112	18.3
50m	NRZ00182	655,300	6,677,200	136	4.7	14000	19.6	132	7.3
50m	NRZ00183	655,350	6,677,200	153	7.4	32700	15.8	112	11.2
50m	NRZ00184	655,400	6,677,200	156	5.4	29500	18	89	6.2
50m	NRZ00185	655,450	6,677,200	102	7.7	16900	21.4	152	8.5
50m	NRZ00186	655,500	6,677,200	118	6.8	11200	31.4	133	6.2
50m	NRZ00187	655,550	6,677,200	184	9.4	14700	30.1	52	11
50m	NRZ00188	655,600	6,677,200	230	9.1	32100	25.2	188	13.2
50m	NRZ00189	655,650	6,677,200	125	4	15800	23.9	164	4.1
50m	NRZ00190	655,700	6,677,200	1420	36	21800	289	578	32.3
50m	NRZ00191	655,750	6,677,200	724	41	17000	233	292	45.9
50m	NRZ00192	655,800	6,677,200	483	8.7	14000	68.1	212	27.9
50m	NRZ00193	655,850	6,677,200	908	27	17900	158	349	36.4
50m	NRZ00194	655,900	6,677,200	816	34	18000	158	530	43.2
50m	NRZ00195	655,950	6,677,200	603	28	18500	133	336	48.5
50m	NRZ00196	656,000	6,677,200	723	27	23500	192	113	38.7
50m	NRZ00197	656,050	6,677,200	524	27	29900	132	123	46.5
50m	NRZ00198	656,100	6,677,200	322	34	47400	92.1	116	53.9
50m	NRZ00199	656,150	6,677,200	463	60	43400	188	111	85.5
50m	NRZ00200	656,200	6,677,200	305	18	45200	83.4	314	63.9
50m	NRZ00201	656,250	6,677,200	166	16	31200	47.1	116	36.5
50m	NRZ00202	656,300	6,677,200	189	44	42300	60.4	74	59.9
50m	NRZ00203	656,350	6,677,200	174	59	42900	68.9	175	81
50m	NRZ00204	656,400	6,677,200	199	45	45900	84.3	114	70.8

Table 3 – North Tip Prospect line 6,677,200 chrome, copper, iron, nickel, sulphur and zinc ppm in soil.

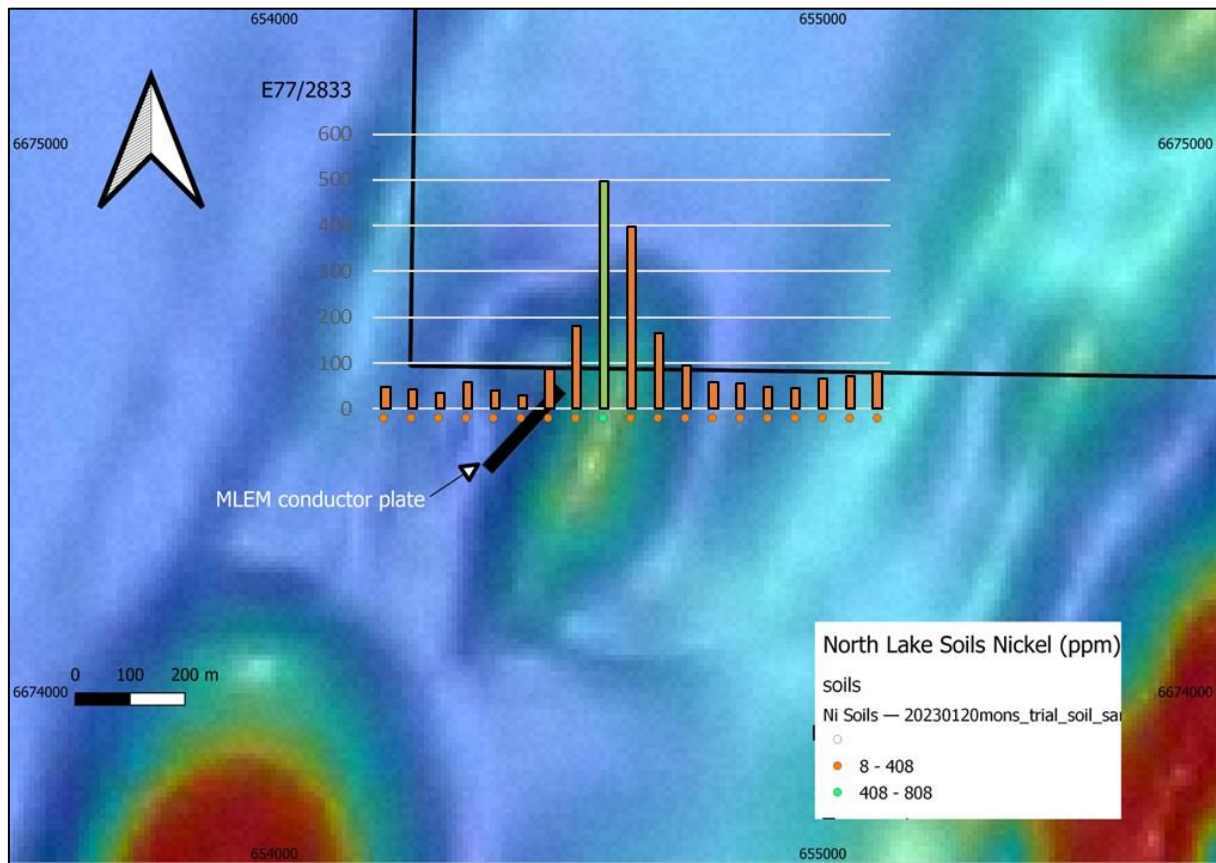


Figure 4 – North Lake Prospect line 6,674,500 nickel in soil over colour magnetic image moderate nickel soil anomaly (399–497ppm) down strike of EM plate's (black polygon x 1)

Sample Spacing	Sample ID	East	North	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Fe ppm	Ni ppm	S ppm	Zn ppm
50m	NRZ00123	654,200	6,674,500	199	19.8	30600	48.4	189	35.9
50m	NRZ00124	654,250	6,674,500	212	24.6	27200	43.4	78	28.2
50m	NRZ00125	654,300	6,674,500	220	20.7	35300	35.3	79	17.4
50m	NRZ00126	654,350	6,674,500	417	9.4	55100	57.8	192	23.8
50m	NRZ00127	654,400	6,674,500	410	7.1	52100	41.4	147	16.3
50m	NRZ00128	654,450	6,674,500	556	12	56100	29.7	198	14.4
50m	NRZ00129	654,500	6,674,500	606	18.4	54000	87.6	177	30
50m	NRZ00130	654,550	6,674,500	571	27.4	51000	180	133	43.1
50m	NRZ00131	654,600	6,674,500	993	40.5	67500	497	198	60.9
50m	NRZ00132	654,650	6,674,500	835	42	57600	399	148	61.3
50m	NRZ00133	654,700	6,674,500	513	43.1	50500	166	42	58.5
50m	NRZ00134	654,750	6,674,500	285	28.5	40800	94.5	147	56.9
50m	NRZ00135	654,800	6,674,500	198	19.9	37900	58.7	157	37
50m	NRZ00136	654,850	6,674,500	160	18.9	37800	55.7	85	35.7
50m	NRZ00137	654,900	6,674,500	144	21.9	41600	47.1	152	30.6
50m	NRZ00138	654,950	6,674,500	134	18.4	37300	45.5	129	29.5
50m	NRZ00139	655,000	6,674,500	163	24.5	41400	67.7	29	42.9
50m	NRZ00140	655,050	6,674,500	128	39.2	37800	72.4	183	61.5
50m	NRZ00141	655,100	6,674,500	169	33.8	54500	83.2	171	77.5

Table 4 – North Lake Prospect line 6,674,500 chrome, copper, iron, nickel, sulphur and zinc ppm in soil.

East Prospect nickel soil anomaly

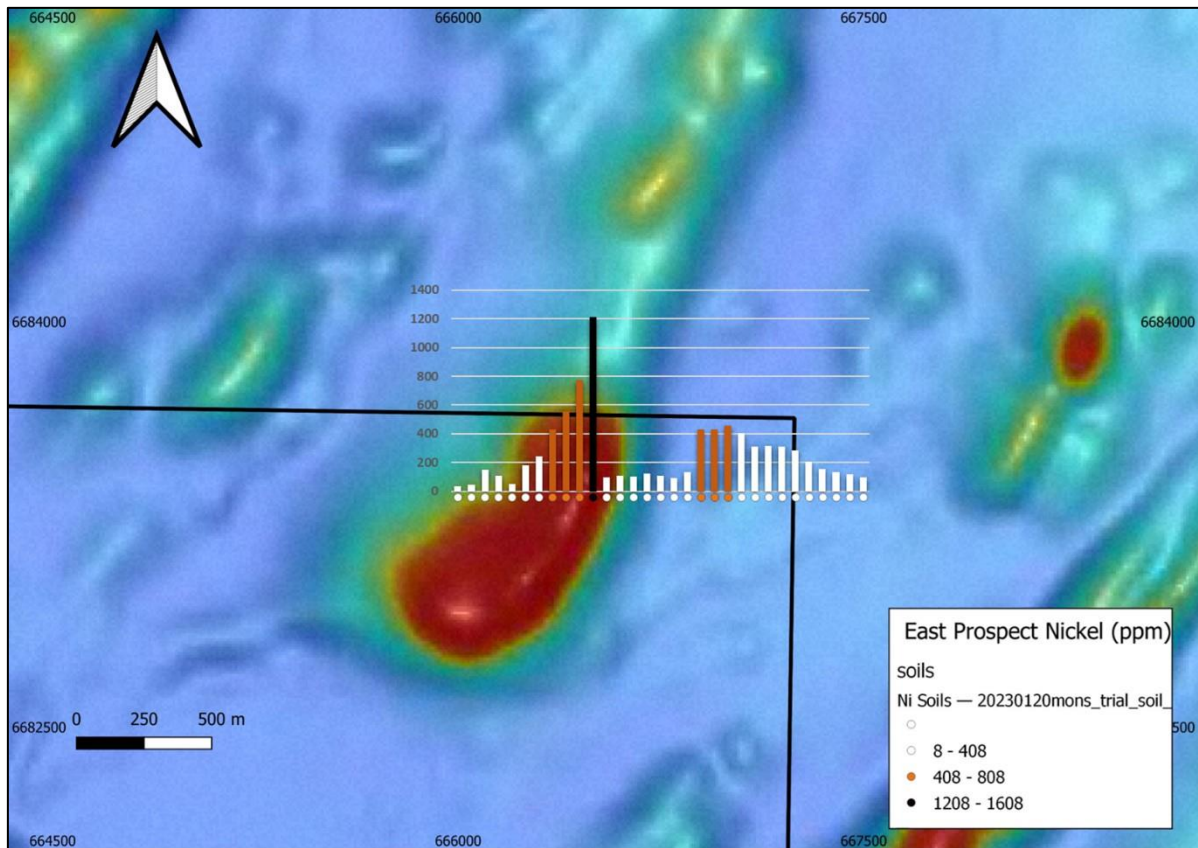


Figure 5– East Prospect line 6,683,350 nickel in soil over colour magnetic image strong nickel soil anomaly (1210ppm) at eastern contact of the high magnetic unit (ultramafic)



Sample Spacing	Sample ID	East	North	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Fe ppm	Ni ppm	S ppm	Zn ppm
50m	NRZ00082	666,000	6,683,350	172	20	39400	35	164	33
50m	NRZ00083	666,050	6,683,350	219	28	45500	45	193	40
50m	NRZ00084	666,100	6,683,350	263	66	35100	148	249	65
50m	NRZ00085	666,150	6,683,350	241	39	44000	105	202	56
50m	NRZ00086	666,200	6,683,350	235	26	47200	51	289	30
50m	NRZ00087	666,250	6,683,350	593	74	62900	178	188	96
50m	NRZ00088	666,300	6,683,350	790	66	61400	245	257	62
50m	NRZ00089	666,350	6,683,350	1410	55	71900	430	124	74
50m	NRZ00090	666,400	6,683,350	1800	54	65100	557	165	69
50m	NRZ00091	666,450	6,683,350	2130	58	57800	776	163	43
50m	NRZ00092	666,500	6,683,350	1730	61	87200	1210	143	49
50m	NRZ00093	666,550	6,683,350	913	9	34800	97	247	10
50m	NRZ00094	666,600	6,683,350	344	31	43800	108	252	21
50m	NRZ00095	666,650	6,683,350	296	37	55500	102	118	40
50m	NRZ00096	666,700	6,683,350	345	33	53900	124	198	53
50m	NRZ00097	666,750	6,683,350	311	30	44900	110	172	40
50m	NRZ00098	666,800	6,683,350	236	36	37500	91	359	51
50m	NRZ00099	666,850	6,683,350	344	32	53400	131	269	51
50m	NRZ00100	666,900	6,683,350	1070	40	72100	429	180	74
50m	NRZ00101	666,950	6,683,350	970	49	69000	431	159	100
50m	NRZ00102	667,000	6,683,350	930	53	61800	458	203	100
50m	NRZ00103	667,050	6,683,350	948	55	66200	402	251	78
50m	NRZ00104	667,100	6,683,350	866	49	64500	313	271	70
50m	NRZ00105	667,150	6,683,350	785	53	61300	316	173	74
50m	NRZ00106	667,200	6,683,350	729	53	60900	309	164	79
50m	NRZ00107	667,250	6,683,350	718	43	58800	282	94	65
50m	NRZ00108	667,300	6,683,350	454	43	49100	208	151	76
50m	NRZ00109	667,350	6,683,350	417	37	51700	156	97	59
50m	NRZ00110	667,400	6,683,350	322	33	52000	136	122	54
50m	NRZ00111	667,450	6,683,350	287	41	54100	120	135	58
50m	NRZ00112	667,500	6,683,350	201	51	44900	95	109	79

Table 5 - East Prospect line 6,683,350 chrome, copper, iron, nickel, sulphur and zinc ppm in soil.

King Hill Prospect nickel, sulphur, copper soil anomaly

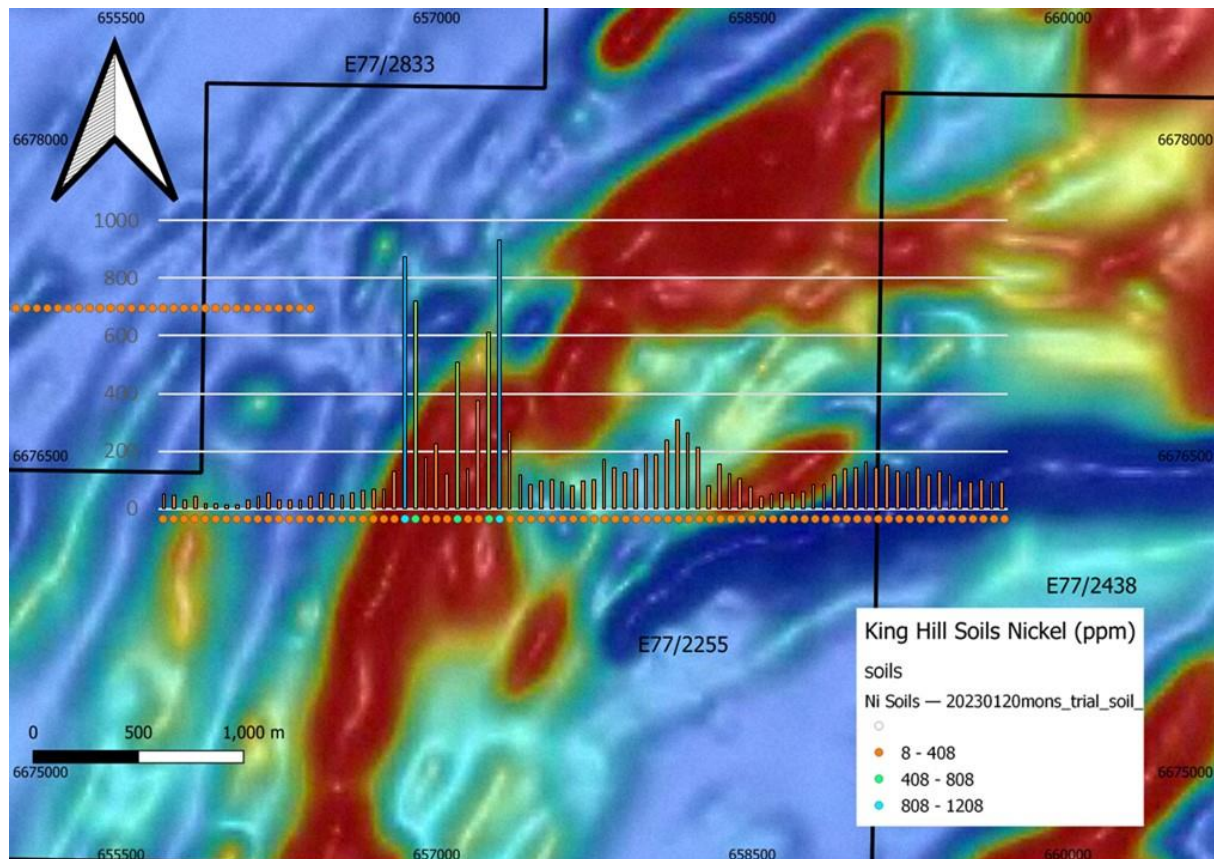


Figure 6 – King Hill Prospect line 6,676,200 nickel in soil over colour magnetic image strong nickel soil anomaly (874-934ppm) at western and eastern contact of the high magnetic unit (ultramafic)

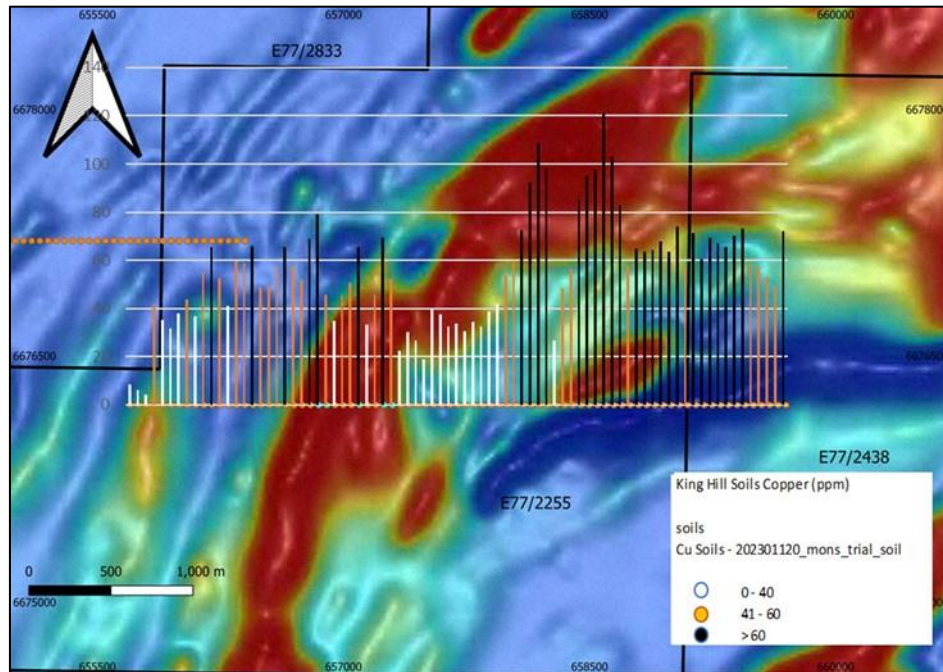


Figure 7 – King Hill Prospect line 6,676,200 copper in soil over colour magnetic image two strong copper soil anomalies (92.4 – 109 ppm and 82.8 – 21 ppm) ) at western and southern contact of the high magnetic unit

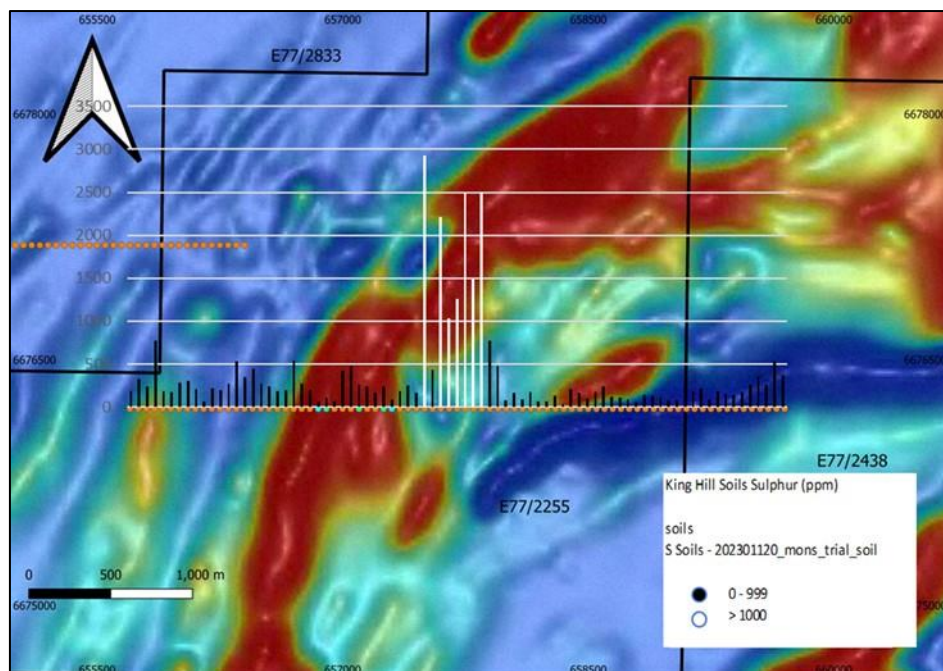


Figure 8 – King Hill Prospect line 6,676,200 soil over colour magnetic image strong sulphur soil anomaly (1030 – 2930 ppm) between nickel and copper soil anomalies



Sample Spacing	Sample ID	East	North	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Fe ppm	Ni ppm	S ppm	Zn ppm
50m	NRZ00001	655700	6,676,200	155	8.5	46900	49	187	12.5
50m	NRZ00002	655750	6,676,200	209	6	52900	47	328	16
50m	NRZ00003	655800	6,676,200	169	4	51900	28	238	5.3
50m	NRZ00004	655850	6,676,200	138	41.6	51300	41	767	23.5
50m	NRZ00005	655900	6,676,200	114	35.3	66400	19	181	16.8
50m	NRZ00006	655950	6,676,200	178	31.8	114000	16	177	9.4
50m	NRZ00007	656000	6,676,200	57	38	52400	11	282	6.7
50m	NRZ00008	656050	6,676,200	87	43.6	77900	15	306	11.9
50m	NRZ00009	656100	6,676,200	87	36.6	46800	29	203	19.8
50m	NRZ00010	656150	6,676,200	161	55.5	55300	41	71	28.9
50m	NRZ00011	656200	6,676,200	304	65.3	55100	54	216	31.3
50m	NRZ00012	656250	6,676,200	138	52.7	48700	32	192	22
50m	NRZ00013	656300	6,676,200	137	41	48900	28	274	33.8
50m	NRZ00014	656350	6,676,200	126	59.7	34100	31	529	37.4
50m	NRZ00015	656400	6,676,200	158	58.8	41200	42	348	42.9
50m	NRZ00016	656450	6,676,200	162	65.9	41300	54	449	60.1
50m	NRZ00017	656500	6,676,200	190	48.9	40900	52	269	42.3
50m	NRZ00018	656550	6,676,200	241	49.3	41600	46	244	39.8
50m	NRZ00019	656600	6,676,200	231	57.2	42600	56	188	58
50m	NRZ00020	656650	6,676,200	236	65.6	39400	62	199	54.5
50m	NRZ00021	656700	6,676,200	227	57.9	34400	68	542	60
50m	NRZ00022	656750	6,676,200	240	52	36700	69	271	57.8
50m	NRZ00023	656800	6,676,200	323	69.1	47100	130	192	64.3
50m	NRZ00024	656850	6,676,200	1830	79.2	69300	874	65	74.8
50m	NRZ00025	656900	6,676,200	1920	45.6	65000	720	111	62.9
50m	NRZ00026	656950	6,676,200	659	34.9	47000	180	66	39.9
50m	NRZ00027	657000	6,676,200	501	45.5	44300	225	427	84.3
50m	NRZ00028	657050	6,676,200	298	50.6	39400	123	481	57.4
50m	NRZ00029	657100	6,676,200	1200	65.3	54900	509	262	84.6
50m	NRZ00030	657150	6,676,200	320	33.4	35800	137	236	33.8
50m	NRZ00031	657200	6,676,200	795	45.7	56600	375	162	58.1
50m	NRZ00032	657250	6,676,200	1060	69.5	50500	612	235	85.5
50m	NRZ00033	657300	6,676,200	1190	52.4	67600	934	92	77.2
50m	NRZ00034	657350	6,676,200	378	22.4	34100	268	188	33.8
50m	NRZ00035	657400	6,676,200	278	30	24100	119	249	41.3
50m	NRZ00036	657450	6,676,200	169	26.6	21400	85	159	42
50m	NRZ00037	657500	6,676,200	207	18.9	29100	97	2930	35.9
50m	NRZ00038	657550	6,676,200	307	39.9	39000	102	440	45.4
50m	NRZ00039	657600	6,676,200	214	37.6	33400	93	2210	51.5
50m	NRZ00040	657650	6,676,200	205	32.6	37500	78	1030	42.3

Table 6 – King Hill Prospect line 6,676,200 chrome, copper, iron, nickel, sulphur and zinc ppm in soil.



Sample Spacing	Sample ID	East	North	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Fe ppm	Ni ppm	S ppm	Zn ppm
50m	NRZ00041	657700	6,676,200	217	33.7	37500	95	1260	52.6
50m	NRZ00042	657750	6,676,200	219	30.5	38500	99	2490	50.7
50m	NRZ00043	657800	6,676,200	254	34.5	40400	172	1490	59.5
50m	NRZ00044	657850	6,676,200	239	32.5	42300	142	2510	52.8
50m	NRZ00045	657900	6,676,200	223	38.8	42700	125	772	51.8
50m	NRZ00046	657950	6,676,200	239	41.7	45700	137	478	56.9
50m	NRZ00047	658000	6,676,200	273	53.7	43700	186	79	54.4
50m	NRZ00048	658050	6,676,200	332	59.3	54900	190	166	54.5
50m	NRZ00049	658100	6,676,200	346	72.5	58100	237	92	64.8
50m	NRZ00050	658150	6,676,200	412	92.4	62700	309	176	76.5
50m	NRZ00051	658200	6,676,200	373	109	62800	263	61	63.2
50m	NRZ00052	658250	6,676,200	343	98.3	67000	213	61	64.2
50m	NRZ00053	658300	6,676,200	200	26.5	38800	82	135	31.6
50m	NRZ00054	658350	6,676,200	445	48.6	67200	154	34	45.1
50m	NRZ00055	658400	6,676,200	455	56.5	78200	120	202	38.2
50m	NRZ00056	658450	6,676,200	282	85.4	78400	104	166	45.4
50m	NRZ00057	658500	6,676,200	167	94.9	82000	74	101	43.8
50m	NRZ00058	658550	6,676,200	101	97.8	67200	42	171	33.2
50m	NRZ00059	658600	6,676,200	139	121	84200	49	234	47.3
50m	NRZ00060	658650	6,676,200	148	103	90200	57	118	45.3
50m	NRZ00061	658700	6,676,200	107	82.8	70900	55	110	39.9
50m	NRZ00062	658750	6,676,200	141	57.3	72700	57	89	31.3
50m	NRZ00063	658800	6,676,200	212	64.7	74500	83	59	40.4
50m	NRZ00064	658850	6,676,200	206	63.5	77900	86	141	47.3
50m	NRZ00065	658900	6,676,200	258	64.2	78700	116	134	53.1
50m	NRZ00066	658950	6,676,200	271	68	70900	137	107	50.3
50m	NRZ00067	659000	6,676,200	281	63.6	68600	143	81	48.9
50m	NRZ00068	659050	6,676,200	259	74.1	61000	163	74	53.2
50m	NRZ00069	659100	6,676,200	238	57	51500	143	266	49.1
50m	NRZ00070	659150	6,676,200	300	71.5	59100	152	185	49.3
50m	NRZ00071	659200	6,676,200	234	60.5	49200	130	220	49.8
50m	NRZ00072	659250	6,676,200	209	69.5	45800	124	90	42.9
50m	NRZ00073	659300	6,676,200	211	66.9	41600	143	190	58.3
50m	NRZ00074	659350	6,676,200	215	65.6	39600	118	158	48.1
50m	NRZ00075	659400	6,676,200	254	70.3	47600	129	137	62.7
50m	NRZ00076	659450	6,676,200	253	73.1	46600	117	175	57.7
50m	NRZ00077	659500	6,676,200	254	59	48200	95	262	54.9
50m	NRZ00078	659550	6,676,200	269	57.4	69900	94	356	63.7
50m	NRZ00079	659600	6,676,200	271	52.9	67100	99	266	57.5
50m	NRZ00080	659650	6,676,200	273	49.7	55800	90	534	67.4
50m	NRZ00081	659700	6,676,200	231	71.9	47000	93	373	80.2

Table 7 – (Continued from Table 6) King Hill Prospect line 6,676,200 chrome, copper, iron, nickel, sulphur and zinc ppm in soil.

Royale Prospect nickel, sulphur, copper soil anomaly

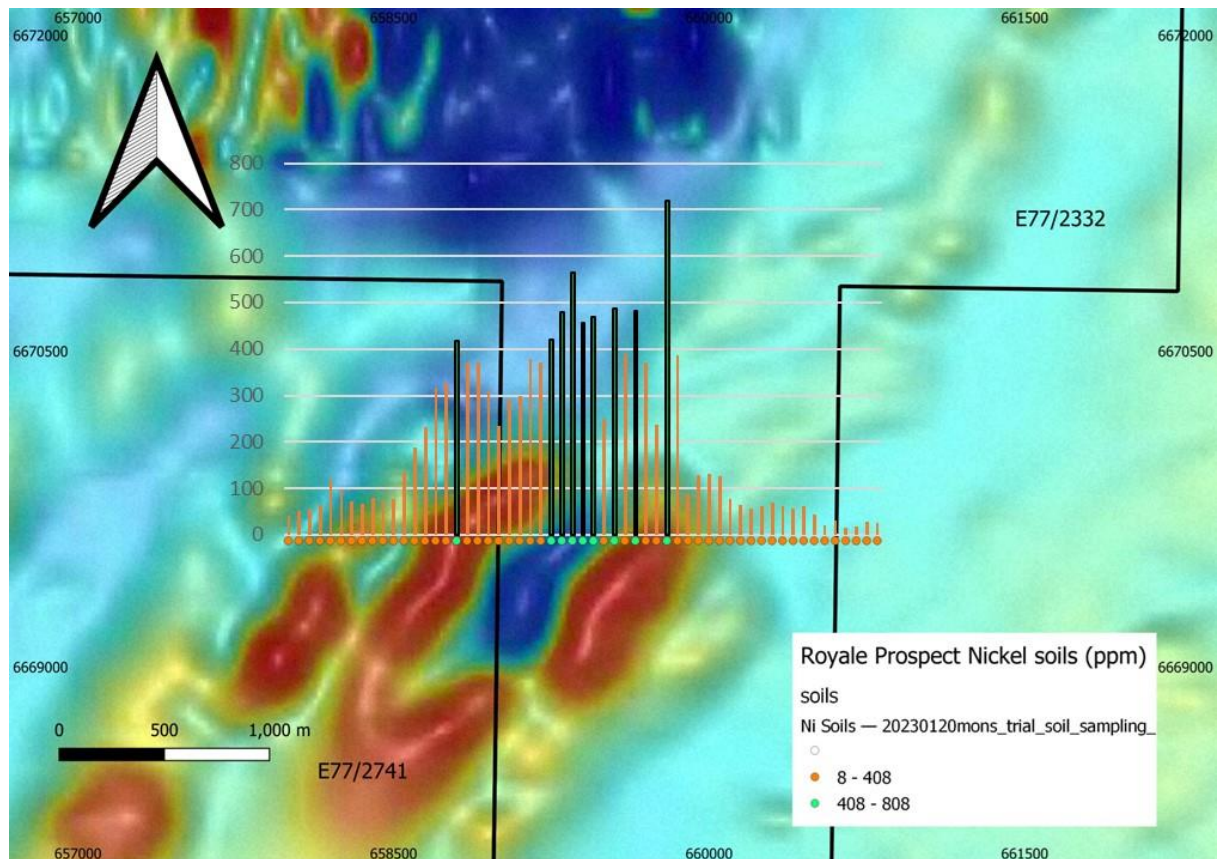


Figure 9 – Royale Prospect line 6,669,600 soil over colour magnetic image strong nickel soil anomalies (418-718 ppm) at contact of the high magnetic units (ultramafic)

Sample Spacing	Sample ID	East	North	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Fe ppm	Ni ppm	S ppm	Zn ppm
50m	NRZ00342	658,000	6,669,600	134	31.9	45500	41.9	137	29.2
50m	NRZ00343	658,050	6,669,600	155	33.8	47800	51.9	153	31.6
50m	NRZ00344	658,100	6,669,600	178	32.8	50900	56	172	32.4
50m	NRZ00345	658,150	6,669,600	159	37.5	41300	63.6	188	34.4
50m	NRZ00346	658,200	6,669,600	256	36.5	44600	122	345	49
50m	NRZ00347	658,250	6,669,600	192	35.8	50100	96.8	303	48.1
50m	NRZ00348	658,300	6,669,600	174	34.9	49500	72.6	245	42.8
50m	NRZ00349	658,350	6,669,600	157	35.3	50100	67.6	172	44.9
50m	NRZ00350	658,400	6,669,600	163	36.7	45700	80.1	245	58.1
50m	NRZ00351	658,450	6,669,600	178	42.2	50700	72.4	262	50.7
50m	NRZ00352	658,500	6,669,600	185	37.7	50700	76.6	213	40.8
50m	NRZ00353	658,550	6,669,600	242	49.4	50200	136	389	52.3
50m	NRZ00354	658,600	6,669,600	357	41.5	57600	188	228	56.2
50m	NRZ00355	658,650	6,669,600	323	56.2	50800	233	641	81.2
50m	NRZ00356	658,700	6,669,600	373	52.7	48200	316	1000	95.4
50m	NRZ00357	658,750	6,669,600	406	65.6	42500	327	1930	113
50m	NRZ00358	658,800	6,669,600	509	61.8	53900	418	1440	91.8
50m	NRZ00359	658,850	6,669,600	337	46.7	37800	372	1710	76.6
50m	NRZ00360	658,900	6,669,600	394	43.7	50900	371	876	88.5
50m	NRZ00361	658,950	6,669,600	434	41.7	53700	311	697	79.5
50m	NRZ00362	659,000	6,669,600	283	47.2	44200	234	823	69.4
50m	NRZ00363	659,050	6,669,600	281	55.4	41300	292	1080	77.8
50m	NRZ00364	659,100	6,669,600	289	51.5	41500	298	597	62.2
50m	NRZ00365	659,150	6,669,600	364	57.1	47600	379	924	103
50m	NRZ00366	659,200	6,669,600	381	36.9	44500	372	806	68
50m	NRZ00367	659,250	6,669,600	443	45.6	45900	419	887	78
50m	NRZ00368	659,300	6,669,600	572	42.4	47200	478	1210	82.6
50m	NRZ00369	659,350	6,669,600	574	45.1	42600	564	1350	86.8
50m	NRZ00370	659,400	6,669,600	601	41.5	40500	457	1060	78.8
50m	NRZ00371	659,450	6,669,600	808	52.5	42600	469	990	94.3
50m	NRZ00372	659,500	6,669,600	1070	33.5	36000	249	712	58.8
50m	NRZ00373	659,550	6,669,600	1480	59.7	57300	488	881	88.9
50m	NRZ00374	659,600	6,669,600	1100	58.4	44800	389	626	74.8
50m	NRZ00375	659,650	6,669,600	1160	57.6	51000	481	993	91.7
50m	NRZ00376	659,700	6,669,600	799	27.6	38500	372	738	72.8
50m	NRZ00377	659,750	6,669,600	1030	30	33400	236	290	62.2
50m	NRZ00378	659,800	6,669,600	2100	40.3	61300	718	587	115
50m	NRZ00379	659,850	6,669,600	737	35.2	41700	387	341	67.7
50m	NRZ00380	659,900	6,669,600	338	20.7	44000	86.5	187	37.4

Table 8 – Royale Prospect line 6,669,600 chrome, copper, iron, nickel, sulphur and zinc ppm in soil.

Sample Spacing	Sample ID	East	North	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Fe ppm	Ni ppm	S ppm	Zn ppm
50m	NRZ00381	659,950	6,669,600	283	34.2	39300	129	854	62.8
50m	NRZ00382	660,000	6,669,600	372	34.3	38600	130	972	59.2
50m	NRZ00383	660,050	6,669,600	362	32.5	33600	125	1240	67.9
50m	NRZ00384	660,100	6,669,600	188	25.3	34600	77.2	812	53.4
50m	NRZ00385	660,150	6,669,600	197	23.2	46200	63.1	153	32.7
50m	NRZ00386	660,200	6,669,600	196	18.8	52000	55.3	209	26.4
50m	NRZ00387	660,250	6,669,600	209	21.5	54200	62.6	157	31.9
50m	NRZ00388	660,300	6,669,600	213	23	57300	68.7	198	36.4
50m	NRZ00389	660,350	6,669,600	182	20.9	54300	61	168	33
50m	NRZ00390	660,400	6,669,600	184	19.7	55700	56.4	201	29.1
50m	NRZ00391	660,450	6,669,600	195	20.4	56500	61.2	203	30
50m	NRZ00392	660,500	6,669,600	161	15.5	53400	43.2	181	21.4
50m	NRZ00393	660,550	6,669,600	142	10.1	45200	20.5	134	17
50m	NRZ00394	660,600	6,669,600	136	12.6	42300	30.8	152	22.7
50m	NRZ00395	660,650	6,669,600	109	10.3	39000	14.6	147	11.8
50m	NRZ00396	660,700	6,669,600	122	12.3	45200	18.8	156	14
50m	NRZ00397	660,750	6,669,600	134	11.3	46700	28.4	106	28.3
50m	NRZ00398	660,800	6,669,600	129	9.6	44400	24.4	144	20.6

Table 9 – (Continued from Table 8) Royale Prospect line 6,669,600 chrome, copper, iron, nickel, sulphur and zinc ppm in soil.



Indian Sandrunner Prospect nickel, sulphur, copper soil anomaly

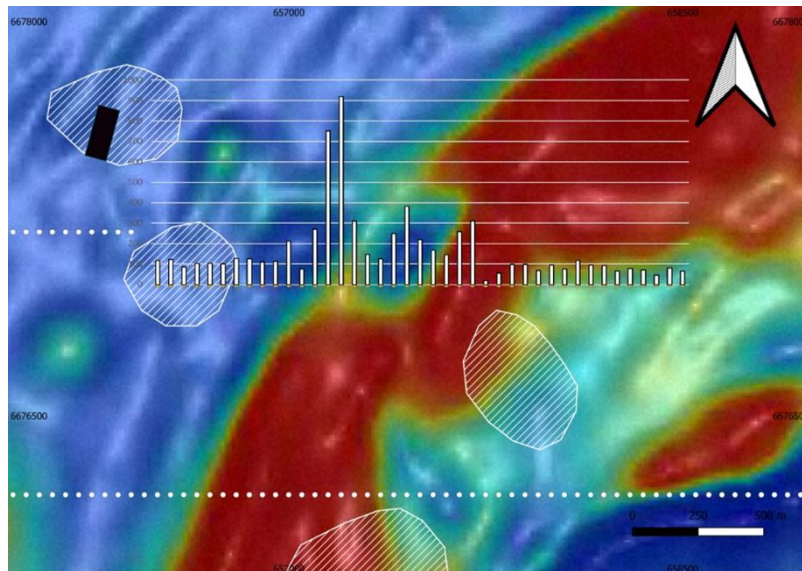


Figure 10– Indian Sandrunner Prospect line 6,677,000 soil over colour magnetic image strong nickel soil anomalies (751-920 ppm) at flexure of the high magnetic units (ultramafic), cross hash white polygons are EM anomalies, black polygon is the North Tip EM conductor plate

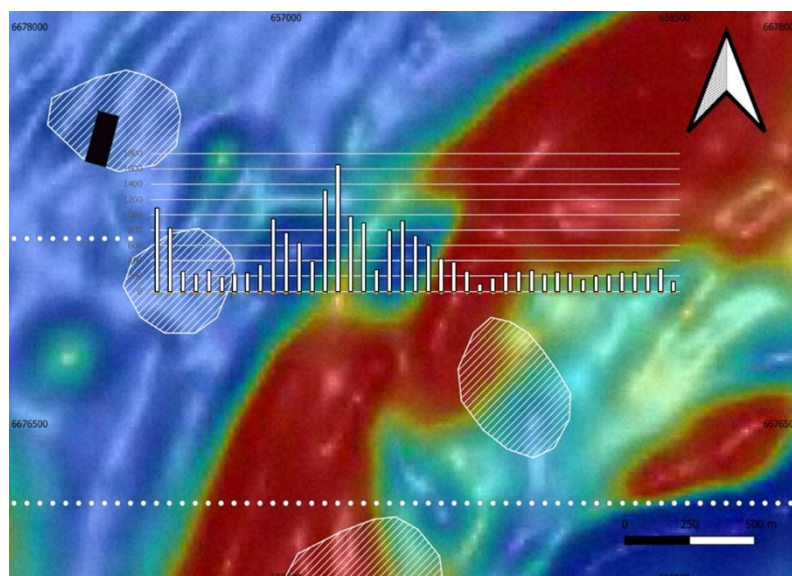


Figure 11 – Indian Sandrunner Prospect line 6,677,000 soil over colour magnetic image strong sulphur soil anomalies (1320-1650 ppm) at flexure of the high magnetic units (ultramafic), cross hash white polygons are EM anomalies, black polygon is the North Tip EM conductor plate

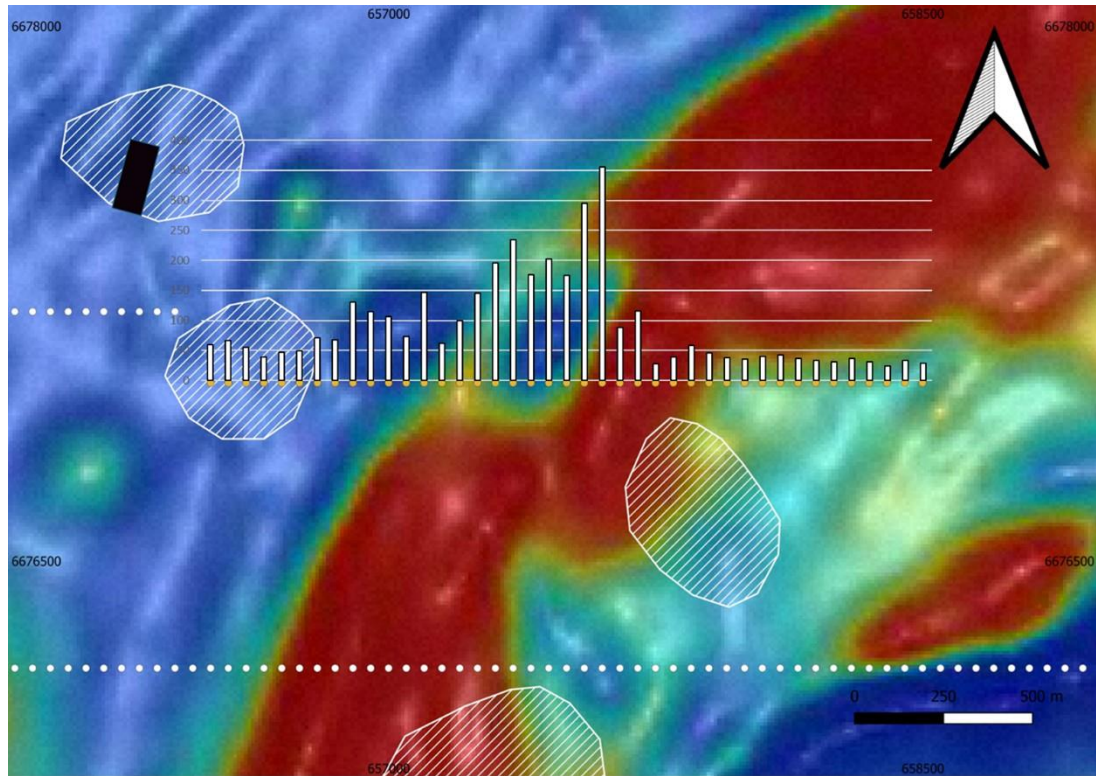


Figure 12 – Indian Sandrunner Prospect line 6,677,000 soil over colour magnetic image strong copper soil anomalies (up to 356 ppm) at flexure of the high magnetic units (ultramafic), cross hash white polygons are EM anomalies, black polygon is the North Tip EM conductor plate

Sample Spacing	Sample ID	East	North	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Fe ppm	Ni ppm	S ppm	Zn ppm
50m	NRZ00470	656500	6,677,000	221	59.1	37100	117	1090	67.6
50m	NRZ00471	656550	6,677,000	206	66.3	44000	122	825	94.1
50m	NRZ00472	656600	6,677,000	276	55.3	50000	84.7	260	64.3
50m	NRZ00473	656650	6,677,000	269	38.3	52700	104	220	67.2
50m	NRZ00474	656700	6,677,000	242	47.4	54300	104	277	107
50m	NRZ00475	656750	6,677,000	268	48.7	60800	99.4	190	67.8
50m	NRZ00476	656800	6,677,000	335	71.2	57400	127	228	72.3
50m	NRZ00477	656850	6,677,000	426	66.9	60300	126	240	68.4
50m	NRZ00478	656900	6,677,000	208	130	58100	111	351	157
50m	NRZ00479	656950	6,677,000	193	114	48500	114	944	126
50m	NRZ00480	657000	6,677,000	401	106	50200	211	768	123
50m	NRZ00481	657050	6,677,000	130	72.7	54700	74.5	632	111
50m	NRZ00482	657100	6,677,000	619	146	55800	272	399	140
50m	NRZ00483	657150	6,677,000	1260	61.3	47800	751	1320	117
50m	NRZ00422A	657,200	6,677,000	1400	100	61200	920	1650	121
50m	NRZ00423A	657,250	6,677,000	463	145	67600	311	978	106
50m	NRZ00424	657,300	6,677,000	180	196	64300	147	892	77.7
50m	NRZ00425	657,350	6,677,000	144	234	94800	124	284	76.2
50m	NRZ00426	657,400	6,677,000	313	176	64300	250	800	77
50m	NRZ00427	657,450	6,677,000	407	202	60600	383	918	93.9
50m	NRZ00428	657,500	6,677,000	244	175	48200	219	730	75.7
50m	NRZ00429	657,550	6,677,000	102	295	75900	166	604	91.2
50m	NRZ00430	657,600	6,677,000	146	356	101000	144	431	99.2
50m	NRZ00431	657,650	6,677,000	673	87.8	39900	258	381	54.8
50m	NRZ00432	657,700	6,677,000	1070	116	62200	311	264	61.1
50m	NRZ00433	657,750	6,677,000	178	26.9	29700	19.8	95	8.1
50m	NRZ00434	657,800	6,677,000	228	38.4	58800	55.1	174	20.4
50m	NRZ00435	657,850	6,677,000	361	58.4	91400	97.4	251	35.3
50m	NRZ00436	657,900	6,677,000	336	45.3	87700	97.8	262	38.2
50m	NRZ00437	657,950	6,677,000	303	37.4	78700	68.4	275	34.4
50m	NRZ00438	658,000	6,677,000	319	35.3	75200	95.8	222	62.6
50m	NRZ00439	658,050	6,677,000	366	40.4	86800	76.8	247	38.4
50m	NRZ00440	658,100	6,677,000	389	42.4	69300	118	237	38.8
50m	NRZ00441	658,150	6,677,000	342	36.2	66200	96.1	156	34.3
50m	NRZ00442	658,200	6,677,000	316	33.1	70200	93.9	203	32.2
50m	NRZ00443	658,250	6,677,000	300	30.5	67400	66.4	214	29.2
50m	NRZ00444	658,300	6,677,000	377	36.1	79900	78.4	253	37.2
50m	NRZ00445	658,350	6,677,000	320	30.6	68700	71.9	252	34.2
50m	NRZ00446	658,400	6,677,000	286	24.5	65900	47.1	220	26.9
50m	NRZ00447	658,450	6,677,000	385	33.7	89300	80.9	293	41.7
50m	NRZ00448	658,500	6,677,000	321	28.9	72900	64.8	131	35

Table 10 – Indian Sandrunner Prospect line 6,677,000 chrome, copper, iron, nickel, sulphur and zinc ppm in soil.



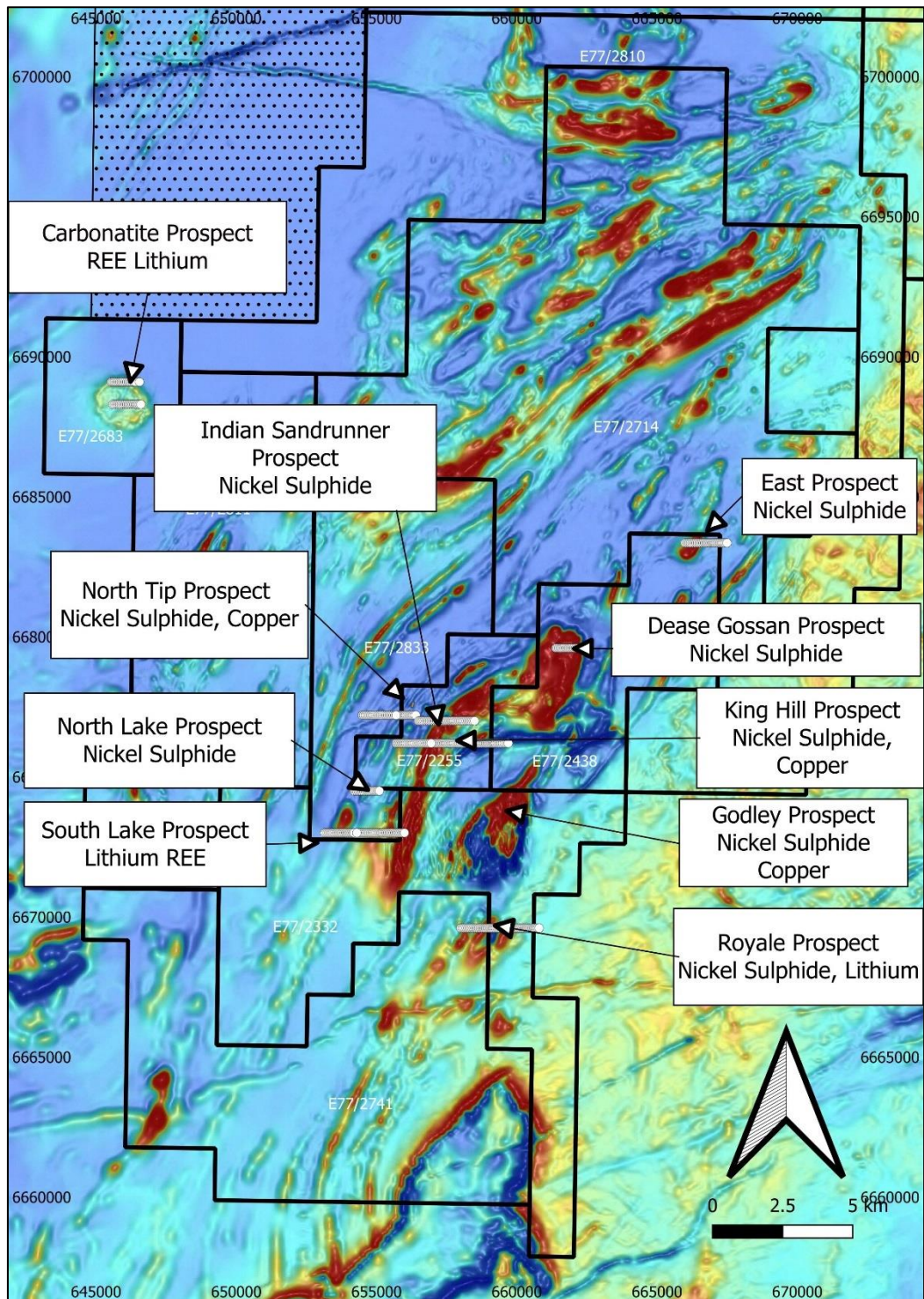


Figure 13 - Mons Project –Exploration prospects identified to date and target commodities.



## Previous Related Announcements

02/02/23	Soil Assays Coincident with Geophysics at Carbonatite
01/02/23	High Grade Lithium Soil Anomalies at Mons
24/01/23	Drill for Equity Agreement with Raglan Drilling
23/12/22	Substantial Nickel Sulphide Mineralisation Continues at Mons
19/12/22	Carbonatite Pipe Structure Intact to 1.5km
17/11/22	EM Plates modelled Targeting Nickel Sulphides
08/11/22	Carbonatite prospect targeted for Rare Earth Elements
18/10/22	Significant Nickel Assays at Dease Gossan
27/09/22	Substantial Nickel Sulphide Mineralisation at Godley
13/09/22	Nimy Completes Maiden Diamond Drill Program
08/09/22	Nimy appoints Mr Fergus Jockel as Geological Consultant
26/07/22	Drilling confirms gossan discovery
22/06/22	Drilling returns copper-silver-zinc intersection followed by 487m nickel-copper ultramafic zone
13/04/22	Semi - massive sulphides within a 438m nickel-copper zone
29/03/22	Gossan discovered at Dease. pXRF readings up to 0.96% nickel
08/02/22	Three conductive EM plates identified at Mons Nickel Project
18/11/21	Nimy Resources Prospectus and Independent Technical Assessment Report

This announcement has been approved for release by the Board

### Company Information

Nimy Resources Limited  
Christian Price  
Executive Director  
[info@nimyresources.com.au](mailto:info@nimyresources.com.au)  
(08) 9261 4600

### Investor & Media Information

Read Corporate  
Paul Armstrong  
[info@readcorporate.com.au](mailto:info@readcorporate.com.au)  
(08) 9388 1474

### COMPETENT PERSON'S STATEMENT

The information contained in this report that pertain to Exploration Results, is based upon information compiled by Mr Fergus Jockel, a full-time employee of Fergus Jockel Geological Services Pty Ltd. Mr Jockel is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (1987) and has sufficient experience in the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the December 2012 edition of the "Australasian Code for



Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves” (the JORC Code). Mr Jockel consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based upon his information in the form and context in which it appears.

#### FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENT

This report contains forward looking statements concerning the projects owned by Nimy Resources Limited. Statements concerning mining reserves and resources may also be deemed to be forward looking statements in that they involve estimates based on specific assumptions. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact and actual events, and results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors. Forward looking statements are based on management’s beliefs, opinions and estimates as of the dates the forward-looking statements are made and no obligation is assumed to update forward looking statements if these beliefs, opinions and estimates should change or to reflect other future developments.

### About Nimy Resources and the Mons Nickel Project

Nimy Resources is an emerging exploration company, with the vision to responsibly discover and develop an economic nickel sulphide project in Western Australian, a Tier 1 jurisdiction.

Nimy Resources has prioritised the development of the Mons Project, a district scale land holding consisting of 12 approved tenements and 4 in the approval process, over an area of 2,564km<sup>2</sup> covering an 80km north/south strike of ultramafic.

Mons is located 140km north - northwest of Southern Cross and covers the Karroun Hill nickel district on the northern end of the world-famous Forrestania nickel belt. Mons features a similar geological setting to the southern end of the Forrestania nickel belt and the Kambalda nickel belt.

The Mons Project is situated within potentially large scale fertile “Kambalda-Style” and “Mt Keith-Style” nickel rich komatiite sequences within the Murchison Domain of the Youanmi Terrane of the Archean Yilgarn Craton.

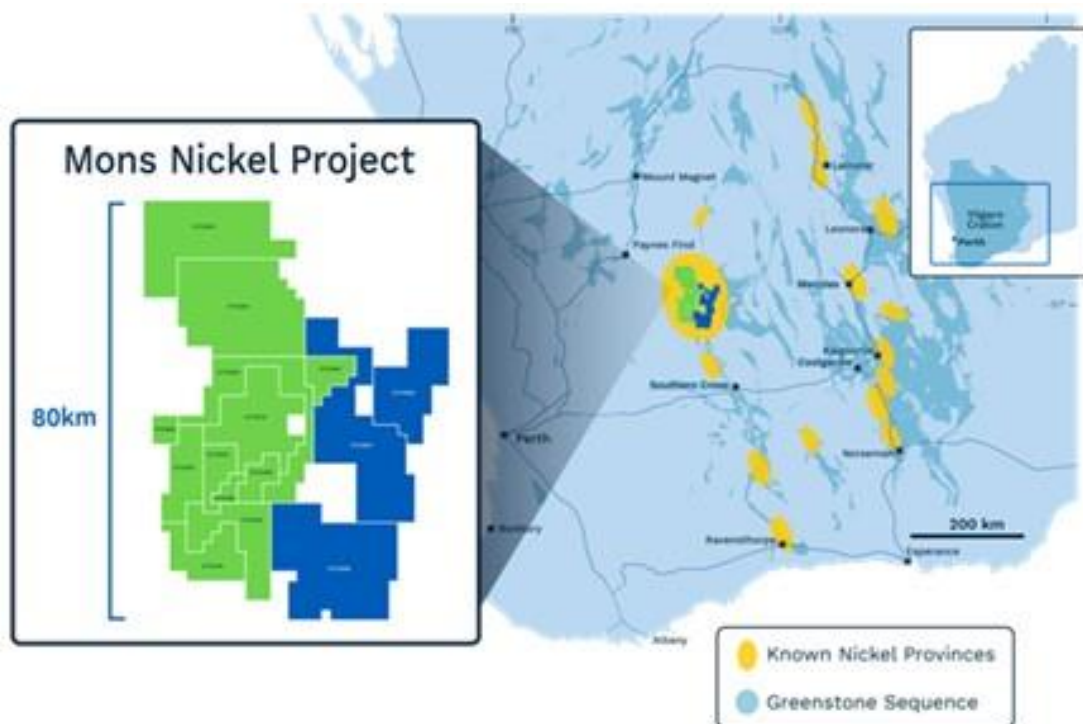


Figure 14 - Location plans of Nimy's Mons Project exploration tenements (green approved, blue approval pending)

## JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1 report template

### Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<b>Sampling techniques</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nature and quality of sampling (e.g., cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</li> <li>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</li> <li>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.</li> <li>In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Soil sampling was undertaken two lines with 50m spacing on an MGA grid</li> <li>Sample weight ranges from 300-500g from a nominal depth of 15cm</li> <li>Sample sizes are considered appropriate for the material sampled.</li> <li>Samples transported to an independent laboratory for preparation and geochemical analysis</li> <li>The independent laboratory then prepares the samples (sort, dry, split, pulverise to -75µm) prior to analysis</li> </ul>
<b>Drilling techniques</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No drilling undertaken</li> </ul>
<b>Drill sample recovery</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</li> <li>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</li> <li>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No drilling undertaken</li> </ul>
<b>Logging</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</li> <li>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</li> <li>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No drilling or rock chip sampling undertaken</li> </ul>
<b>Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</li> <li>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.</li> <li>For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</li> <li>Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Samples are soil</li> <li>Each sample prepared by sort, dry, split, pulverise to -75µm</li> <li>The samples are considered representative and appropriate for this type of material</li> </ul>



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<p>stages to maximise representivity of samples.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</li> <li>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</li> </ul>	sampling
<b>Quality of assay data and laboratory tests</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</li> <li>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</li> <li>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The samples were submitted to a commercial independent laboratory in Perth, Australia.</li> <li>Soil samples to be analysed by ultrafine technique 40 element + REE</li> <li>Separation and collection of ultrafine (&lt; 2 µm) fraction from soil samples. Analysis of 40-element suite on the fine fraction, plus pH, salinity (conductivity), particle size distribution, and clay mineralogy (ASD) followed by multi-element suite analysis by ICP-MS and OES</li> <li>The techniques are considered quantitative in nature.</li> <li>No standards, blanks or duplicates were inserted into the sample batch, although Lab standards and QA/QC procedures have been historically used</li> </ul>
<b>Verification of sampling and assaying</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</li> <li>The use of twinned holes.</li> <li>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</li> <li>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No drilling results reported</li> </ul>
<b>Location of data points</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</li> <li>Specification of the grid system used.</li> <li>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sample locations are located by DGPS to an accuracy of approximately 1 metre.</li> <li>Locations are given in MGA zone 50 projection</li> <li>Diagrams and location table are provided in the report</li> <li>Topographic control is by detailed air photo and GPS data.</li> </ul>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<b>Data spacing and distribution</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</li> <li>Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</li> <li>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The soil sample spacing is appropriate for the exploration being undertaken</li> <li>Sample compositing has not been applied</li> </ul>
<b>Orientation of data in relation to geological structure</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</li> <li>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Soil sampling was undertaken over two lines with 50m spacing on an MGA Zone 50 grid</li> </ul>
<b>Sample security</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Samples were collected, sealed by company personnel and delivered direct to the laboratory via a transport contractor.</li> </ul>
<b>Audits or reviews</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No audits have been completed.</li> <li>Review of QAQC data by database consultants and company geologists is ongoing.</li> </ul>

## Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<b>Mineral tenement and land tenure status</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</li> <li>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sampling occurred on exploration tenements E77/2714, E77/2438, E77//2255, E77/2332, E77/2741 and E77/2833 100% held by Nimy Resources (ASX:NIM)</li> <li>The Mons Prospect is approximately 140km NNW of Southern Cross.</li> </ul>
<b>Exploration done by other parties</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No previous exploration in area first soil sampling program</li> </ul>
<b>Geology</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Potential nickel sulphide mineralisation interpreted as ultramafic komatiite and mafic basalt</li> </ul>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<b>Drill hole Information</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>easting and northing of the drill hole collar</li> <li>elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar</li> <li>dip and azimuth of the hole</li> <li>down hole length and interception depth</li> <li>hole length.</li> </ul> </li> <li>If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No Drilling information is being reported</li> <li>Soil sample locations are shown in Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10.</li> </ul>
<b>Data aggregation methods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</li> <li>Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</li> <li>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No data aggregation has been undertaken in the data reported.</li> <li>No drill information is being reported</li> </ul>
<b>Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</li> <li>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</li> <li>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg ‘down hole length, true width not known’).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Not applicable as no drill information is being reported.</li> </ul>
<b>Diagrams</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Plans are provided in the report.</li> </ul>
<b>Balanced reporting</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The report is considered balanced and provided in context.</li> </ul>
<b>Other substantive exploration data</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to) geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Metallurgical, geotechnical and groundwater studies are considered premature at this stage of the Project.</li> </ul>

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<i>Further work</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i></li> <li><i>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Programs of follow up soil sampling, RC and drilling are currently in the planning stage.</li> </ul>