

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR 2023

The Lotus Resources Limited (“**Lotus**” or the “**Company**”) board of directors (the “**Board**” or “**Directors**”) is committed to conducting Lotus’s business in accordance with the highest standards of corporate governance to create and deliver value for its shareholders. The Board has established a corporate governance framework, including corporate governance policies, procedures and charters, to support this commitment. The framework is reviewed regularly and revised in response to changes in law, developments in corporate governance and changes to the Company’s business. A copy of these charters, procedures and policies are available on the governance page of Lotus’s website at www.lotusresources.com.au and are referred to in this document where relevant.

As a listed entity, Lotus must comply with Australian laws including the *Corporations Act* 2001 (Cth) (**Corporations Act**) and the Australian Securities Exchange Listing Rules (the “**ASX Listing Rules**”) and must report against the ASX Corporate Governance Council’s Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition) (the “**ASX Principles**”).

As required by the ASX Listing Rules, this Corporate Governance Statement (the “**Statement**”) discloses the extent to which Lotus has followed the ASX Principles. Except where otherwise explained, Lotus follows the ASX Principles.

This Statement should be read in conjunction with the material on the Company’s website www.lotusresources.com.au, including the 2023 Annual Report.

This Statement relates to the financial year ended 30 June 2023 and is accurate and up to date as at 22 September 2023. The Statement has been approved by the Board.

1. PRINCIPLE 1: LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

Key policies and charters with respect to the Board are the Company’s Constitution and the Board Charter.

1.1 Have and disclose a Board Charter

The Board has established a Board Charter.

The Board has adopted a formal Board Charter that details the Board’s role, authority, responsibilities, membership and operations, and is available under Corporate Governance on the Company’s website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

The Charter sets out, amongst other things:

- Matters specifically reserved for the Board;
- Requirements as to the Board’s composition;
- The roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and of the Company Secretary;
- Rules for the establishment, operation and management of Board Committees;

- Directors' access to Company records and information;
- Details of the Board's relationship with management;
- Details of the Board's performance evaluation; and
- Details of the Board's disclosure policy.

1.2 Appointment and election of Directors

The Company undertakes appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to Shareholders a candidate for election as a Director.

The Board ensures that appropriate checks (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history (as appropriate)) are undertaken before appointing a person or putting forward to Shareholders a candidate for election as a Director.

All material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director is provided to Shareholders in any notice of meeting pursuant to which the resolution to elect or re-elect such Director will be voted on.

1.3 Written agreements with Directors and senior executives

All new Directors are appointed through a written agreement with the Company that sets out their duties, rights and responsibilities. The Company has written agreements in place with each of its Directors and its senior executives.

1.4 Accountability of Company Secretary

The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman and the Managing Director. The Company Secretary is appointed by the Board and Directors have access to the Company Secretary.

The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board through the Chairman on matters regarding the proper functioning of the Board, including assisting the Board and any of its committees with meetings and Directors' duties, advising the Board on corporate governance matters and acting as the interface between the Board and senior executives.

The role of the Company Secretary is described in more detail in the Board Charter.

1.5 Diversity Policy

The Company is committed to building a diverse and inclusive workforce across a wide range of workforce demographics that extends beyond gender. While it remains committed to workforce diversity, and has in place a Diversity Policy in light of the current size of the Company, its scope of activity and employee numbers, it has not yet set any measurable diversity targets.

Notwithstanding this, the Company annually assesses its diversity achievements and reports on the same in its annual Sustainability Reports.

It is noted that the Company has a female Director (who is also the Chair of the Company's ESG Committee), and that both the Company Secretary and the ESG Manager are female.

The Company's Diversity Policy can be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

1.6 Performance evaluation of the Board

The Board considers the evaluation of its own and senior executive performance as fundamental to establishing a culture of performance and accountability. Performance evaluation of the Board and any applicable Board committees is managed by the Chairman, working with the Company Secretary.

An independent, formal performance review of the Board and its members was carried out in late 2022. As a result of the findings of this review, the Board is satisfied that its current composition is appropriate in the Company's circumstances and is satisfied that the performance of the Board and its members meets the Company's requirements.

In addition to independent reviews, the Board has an agreed performance evaluation process which includes a questionnaire relating to the role, composition, procedures, practices and behaviour of the Board, any applicable committees and its members. Senior executives having most direct contact with the Board may also be invited to complete similar questionnaires.

Responses to the questionnaires are confidential and provided directly to the Company Secretary with the results then communicated to the Chairman. The Chairman meets individually with each Board member to discuss their comments. The Chairman then meets with the Board as a whole during which each Board member has the opportunity to raise any matter, suggestion for improvement or criticism with the Board.

Individual Directors' performance evaluations are completed by the Chairman. The Chairman meets with each individual Director and discusses their participation, preparedness and general contribution to the Board. The Board identifies weaknesses in their performance and may recommend strategies to correct those points.

The Chairman's performance evaluation is completed by an independent Director, after canvassing the views of the other Directors.

1.7 Evaluation of senior executives

The Managing Director reviews the performance of the Company's senior executives. This is conducted by the Managing Director meeting with senior executives to discuss their overall performance, having regard to individual performance objectives and Company performance objectives. The Managing Director may recommend strategies to correct weaknesses.

Directors have the opportunity to provide feedback on the performance of the senior executives to the Managing Director who can then incorporate this into his feedback to those senior executives.

A senior executive, for these purposes, means key management personnel (as defined in the Corporations Act) other than a non-executive Director.

2. PRINCIPLE 2: STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE

2.1 Nomination Committee

The Board has the ability under the Company's Constitution to delegate its powers and responsibilities to Committees of the Board. Special Board committees shall be formed as required to give guidance and provide oversight concerning specific matters to the Board.

The Company has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee. There is a Charter in place for each of the two functions of the Committee and the Charter for the Nominations role of the Committee can be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

This formal, Board-approved charter details the Committee's role, authority, responsibilities, membership and operations in relation to nomination matters and is reviewed annually.

The Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities in overseeing the:

- a) Remuneration strategy of the Company and its specific application to the Managing Director;
- b) Selection, remuneration and succession of Directors; and
- c) The appointment, performance evaluation and succession of the Managing Director.

2.2 Skills and experience

The Company's objective is to have an appropriate mix of expertise and experience on the Board, and where appropriate its committees, so that the Board can effectively discharge its corporate governance and oversight responsibilities.

The Board considers key areas of expertise and experience to include:

- a) Corporate strategy;
- b) Executive leadership;
- c) Capital markets and business development;
- d) Risk management;
- e) Health and safety;
- f) African operations;
- g) Financial knowledge and experience;

- h) Metals exploration and mining;
- i) The uranium industry and market;
- j) Offtake negotiation and management;
- k) Resources project development;
- l) Board level capability;
- m) Corporate governance;
- n) Crisis Management;
- o) Development and Management of ESG Processes; and
- p) Government Relations.

The Company is committed to the continuing development of its Directors and will consider covering the cost of Directors participating in training and development programs.

A summary of the experience, skills and attributes of the Board is shown in the table below.

Experience, skills and attributes	Board
Corporate strategy Senior experience in the development and implementation of corporate strategy	5
Executive leadership Successful experience in CEO/Managing Director and/or other senior corporate leadership roles	5
Capital markets and business development Experience and capability in equity financing, joint ventures, mergers and acquisitions	4
Risk management and compliance Senior executive experience in operational risk management, including identification, monitoring, mitigation and compliance.	5
Health and safety Executive experience in the development and management of health and safety practices	2
African operations Senior experience in African locations and demonstrated ability to maintain key in-country relationships	2
Financial knowledge and experience Professional qualifications in finance disciplines or exhibits a high level of experience or background in financial accounting and reporting, internal financial and risk	2

Experience, skills and attributes	Board
controls, capital management and treasury	
Metals exploration and mining Relevant industry experience	4
Resources project development Resources project development and management	3
The uranium industry and market Relevant industry experience	2
Offtake negotiation and management Relevant industry experience	3
Board level experience Directors of other listed entities (last three years)	5
Corporate Governance Demonstrated commitment to high standards of corporate governance, including board, senior executive or equivalent experience or background which demonstrates a commitment to a high level of corporate governance	5
Crisis Management	2
Development and Management of ESG Processes	2
Government Relations	3

Details of the skills, experiences and expertise of each Director are also set out in the 2023 annual report and on the Company's website under Board and Management at www.lotusresources.com.au.

2.3 Directors' status and length of service

The Board should be structured in such a way that it has a proper understanding of, and competency to deal with, the current and emerging issues of Lotus's business and encourages enhanced performance of the Company. In determining the size and composition of the Board, the Company's size and operations as they evolve from time to time are key considerations.

In accordance with the Constitution and the Corporations Act, the Board shall at all times have at least three Directors. The Board is currently comprised of five Directors, three of whom are independent, Non-Executive Directors (Mr. Bowen, Mr. Hanlon and Ms. Marshall), one of whom is the Managing Director (Mr. Bowes) and one of whom is a non-Executive, non-independent Director (Mr. Davey).

Name	Status	Appointment Date
Michael Bowen (Chairman)	Non-Executive Chairman Independent	22 February 2021
Mark Hanlon	Non-Executive Director Independent	22 February 2021
Dixie Marshall	Non-Executive Director Independent	1 April 2022
Grant Davey	Non-Executive Director Non-independent	22 June 2020
Keith Bowes	Managing Director Non-independent	15 February 2021

The Company has accepted the definition of “independence” in the ASX Recommendations in making the above assessments of independence. In making the independence assessment, Mr. Bowes is deemed as being non-independent as a result of being an executive officer of the Company and, Mr. Davey is deemed as being non-independent as a result of being an officer of a substantial shareholder of the Company.

Details regarding the Chairman and the Directors, including experience and qualifications, are set out in the Company’s 2023 Annual Report and available on the Company’s website under Board and Management at www.lotusresources.com.au.

2.4 Independence of Directors

The Company’s Board Charter requires that, where practical, the majority of the Board should be independent. The Board currently comprises a total of five Directors, three of whom are considered to be independent and as such, independent Directors currently comprise the majority of the Board.

2.5 Chair of the Board

The Board Charter provides that, where practical, the Chair of the Board should be an independent Director and should not be the CEO/Managing Director.

Mr. Bowen is the Chairman of the Company and is an independent Director.

2.6 Induction of new Directors and professional development of Directors

The Board is responsible for ensuring that new Directors undergo an induction process in which they are given a full briefing on the Company, including meeting with key executives, visits to the Company’s premises and an induction package.

Incoming Directors are provided with a formal induction process upon engagement, including familiarising the Director with the Company’s policies and processes, role and duties, membership and function of Committees, calendar of events, insurance access and indemnity. Incoming Directors are also offered the opportunity to undertake appropriate training tailored to the Director’s existing skills, knowledge and experience.

New Directors appointed to the Board are provided with written material incorporating an overview of Directors' duties for publicly listed companies together with a detailed appointment letter outlining the Company's expectations and setting.

The Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating inductions and professional development including receiving briefings on material developments in laws, regulations and accounting standards relevant to the Company.

3. PRINCIPLE 3: INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

3.1 Corporate values

The Code of Conduct provides a decision-making framework by establishing principles and values to guide decisions and actions. The Code promotes an organisational culture that enables employees to respond appropriately in a variety of situations and to be accountable for their decisions.

The Code of Conduct requires Directors, management, contractors and employees to deal with the Company's customers, suppliers, competitors, regulatory bodies and each other with honesty, fairness and integrity and to observe the rule and spirit of the legal and regulatory environment in which the Company operates.

This Code of Conduct addresses expectations for conduct in the following areas:

- a) Acting with integrity and professionalism and be scrupulous in the proper use of Company information, funds, equipment and facilities;
- b) Exercising fairness, equity, courtesy, consideration and sensitivity in interactions with colleagues and stakeholders;
- c) Avoiding real or apparent conflicts of interest;
- d) Devoting the whole of their time, efforts, attention and skills during the hours of work and other such times as may be reasonably necessary to the performance of their duties to the best of their ability and knowledge;
- e) Using their best endeavours to promote the interests and business of the Company and its related entities;
- f) Complying with all relevant laws, rules and regulations, policies, handbooks/manuals and procedures as communicated from time to time;
- g) Being familiar at regular times with any and all such updates and amendments and comply with any updated, amended or new policies, regulations, rules, laws, handbooks/manuals and procedures;
- h) Faithfully and diligently performing duties and exercising powers consistent with the applicable role or as assigned from time to time; and
- i) Contributing to a culture of high ethical and moral standards and playing a role in preventing and correcting violations.

3.2 Code of Conduct

The Company's Code of Conduct applies to the Company's Directors, senior executives, employees and contractors. Any material breaches of the Code of Conduct are reported to the Board or a committee of the Board.

3.3 Whistleblower Policy

In committing to the highest standards of conduct and ethical behaviour, the Company encourages the reporting of any suspected unethical, illegal, fraudulent or undesirable conduct involving the Company. The Company will ensure that those persons who make a report, are free to do so without fear of intimidation, disadvantage or reprisal. All disclosures, whether or not they are material, are reported to the Board who is responsible for managing the Company's response. A copy of the Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au

3.4 Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy

Lotus has a zero-tolerance approach to bribery or corruption in its business. The Code, together with the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy, documents the Company's commitment to ensure all officers, employees, contractors, agents and any other party representing Lotus, will act fairly, honestly, with integrity and in compliance with the law. The Code of Conduct, together with the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy, set out the standards and behaviour Lotus expects of its officers, employees and representatives and links with the Whistleblowing Policy for the reporting of any actual or suspected breaches.

A copy of the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy is available on the Company's website at www.lotusresources.com.au.

4. PRINCIPLE 4: SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS

4.1 Audit Committee

The Company has an Audit and Risk Committee and its Charter can be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

The Audit and Risk Committee Charter was approved by the Board and details the role, authority, responsibilities, membership and operations of this Committee.

The Audit and Risk Committee's role is to assist the Board to protect the interests of Lotus's shareholders and stakeholders by overseeing on behalf of the Board:

- a) The integrity of financial reporting;
- b) The adequacy of the control environment and the processes for identifying and managing financial risk;

- c) The external audit function; and
- d) Compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements and internal codes of conduct, as requested by the board.

The Directors are given the opportunity to liaise with the Company's auditors separately and before the final signing of the half-year and annual financial statements.

4.2 Financial statements

In connection with the year-end financial reports, the Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") provides a declaration to the Board in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act that, in their opinion, the financial records have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company, and their opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The Board is satisfied that a formal declaration is not needed for the half year results and that an annual declaration is sufficient.

4.3 Verification of financial reporting

To the extent that the information contained in the following is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor, the Company will include in each of its:

- a) Annual reports or on its website, a description of the process it undertakes to verify the integrity of the information in its annual Directors' report; and
- b) Half-year reports, or in its annual report or on its website, a description of the process it undertakes to verify the integrity of the information in its half-year reports.

5. PRINCIPLE 5: MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

5.1 Continuous disclosure policy

In order to comply with its continuous disclosure obligations, the Board has adopted a Continuous Disclosure Policy. The Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on the Company's website in the Corporate Governance plan at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

Lotus's Continuous Disclosure Policy reinforces its commitment to the ASX continuous disclosure requirements and outlines management's accountabilities and the processes to be followed for ensuring compliance.

The Continuous Disclosure Policy requires that procedures are in place to ensure that:

- a) Information is reviewed by Company management, including consultation with the Board and external advisors as required to determine if disclosure is required;
- b) The Non-Executive Chairman is advised of all information to be disclosed to the market; and
- c) The Board is kept fully informed of all information subsequently disclosed to the market.

The Company Secretary has primary responsibility for administration of the Continuous Disclosure Policy, including monitoring compliance with its disclosure obligations and managing all communications with the ASX.

5.2 Notification of announcements to Directors

All announcements released on the ASX Markets Announcement Platform are notified to Directors. In the case of substantial announcements, these are approved by Directors before release.

5.3 Investor and analyst presentations

All substantive investor or analyst presentations are released on the ASX Markets Announcement Platform ahead of such presentations.

6. PRINCIPLE 6: RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

6.1 Company information on website

Information about the Company and its corporate governance policies is available on the Company's website.

6.2 Investor relations program

Through its shareholder communications, Lotus aims to provide information that enables existing shareholders, potential shareholders and financial analysts to make informed decisions about the Company's intrinsic value and to provide the Company with feedback.

Lotus has an investor relations program that aims to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors, which includes:

- a) Issuing regular written shareholder communications such as quarterly financial reporting and an Annual Report which address the Company's strategy and performance;
- b) Making available on the Company's website important information such as broker research and Company presentations;
- c) Sending and receiving shareholder communications electronically, both from Lotus and its share registry;
- d) Maintaining the Board and governance section and investor and media centre on the Lotus website, including posting all announcements after they have been disclosed to the market;

- e) Engaging in a program of interactions with current and potential investors, and analysts, including participating in investor meetings, relevant conferences, and webinars;
- f) Promoting two-way interaction with shareholders, by supporting shareholder participation in the annual general meeting; and
- g) Ensuring that continuous disclosure obligations are understood and complied with throughout the Company.

In addition to electronic communication via the ASX website, the Company publishes all ASX releases, including annual and half-year financial statements, on the Company's website at www.lotusresources.com.au.

6.3 Shareholder participation at general meetings

To ensure that security holders have the opportunity to participate at meetings of members:

- a) At the AGM, shareholders have the opportunity to express their views, ask questions about Company business and vote on items of business for resolution by shareholders; and
- b) The Company's external auditor shall attend the Company's Annual General Meeting and is available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the audit report.

In relation to the election and re-election of Directors, shareholders are informed of the names of candidates submitted for election and re-election as Directors at a general meeting of shareholders. In order to enable shareholders to make an informed decision regarding the election, the following information is supplied to shareholders:

- a) Biographical details (including competencies and qualifications and information sufficient to enable an assessment of the independence of the candidate);
- b) Details of material business relationships between the candidate and the Company and the candidate and Directors of the Company;
- c) Directorships held;
- d) The term of office currently served by any Directors subject to re-election; and
- e) Any other particulars required by law.

6.4 Resolutions at meetings of security holders

All resolutions at securityholder meetings are decided by a poll rather than a show of hands.

6.5 Electronic communication with security holders

The Company supports electronic communications with its shareholders. All shareholders have the option of receiving part or all of their communications electronically, and the Company regularly encourages shareholders to elect for, or transition to, electronic communications. Contact details for the Company's

share registry are made available for shareholders on the Company's website and in key communications to shareholders.

7. PRINCIPLE 7: RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

7.1 Risk management committee

The Company does not have a separate risk committee, but as referred to above in Section 4 of this Statement instead has a combined Audit and Risk Committee, with risk specific meetings. The charter for the Audit and Risk Committee can be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

This Committee oversees the Company's risk management framework developed under the Company's Risk Management Policy which can be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au. Under the Risk Management Policy and with input from the Audit and Risk Committee the most significant risks for the Company are considered by the Board at its meetings, with input from management.

7.2 Risk management framework

The Company's approach to risk management is based on the identification, assessment, monitoring, management and reporting of material risks related to its business and management systems.

Risk management governance originates at Board level via the recommendations of the Audit and Risk Committee and flows through to the Managing Director and the Company's business units through the Company's risk register, management and reporting against the risk register and delegated authorities.

The Company's risk register identifies risks to which the Company is exposed, designating such risks by business function. For each risk in the Company's risk register, the likelihood and consequence of each risk materialising is assessed, and risks are then ranked accordingly. Existing risk mitigation measures are recorded in the risk register and risk rankings are adjusted according to existing risk mitigation initiatives in place.

The Board with assistance from the Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for reviewing and ratifying systems of risk management and internal control and compliance, codes of conduct and legal compliance. It uses a number of mechanisms to ensure that management's objectives and activities are aligned with the risks identified by the Board.

7.3 Internal audit

Owing to the current size of the Company, the Company does not maintain a designated internal audit function within the Company, as disclosed in the Annual Report.

The scope of work carried out by the external auditor includes a review of certain internal controls, especially as they relate to the Company's foreign subsidiaries. The report from the external auditor

specifically addresses any identified weaknesses associated with internal controls as they relate to corporate reporting and any identified weaknesses form the basis of an action plan, the purpose of which is to address any such weaknesses. Implementation and monitoring of the progress of the action plan is undertaken by the CFO, who has experience in internal audit.

Comprehensive reporting to the Board on the Company's activities, in particular the application of funds, is carried out on a monthly basis and forms an important part of the internal control process.

7.4 Environmental and social risks

The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy requires the Company to disclose whether it has any potential or apparent exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, put in place management systems, practices and procedures to manage those risk.

The Company operates in a foreign jurisdiction – Malawi – and recognises the importance of working constructively with local communities. In endeavouring to ensure that the Company maintains positive, mutually beneficial relationships with local communities and other key stakeholders, it applies a multi-faceted approach that seeks to address the following aspects of its engagement:

- a) Staff and contractor conduct;
- b) Community engagements;
- c) Community complaints;
- d) Land access and relocation;
- e) Migration to the local area (In-migration);
- f) Community health and safety;
- g) Environmental impact;
- h) Local employment;
- i) Local procurement;
- j) Community development; and
- k) Track projects' quality and result.

The Company has an Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") committee to assist the Board in this area. The charter of the ESG Committee, which was approved by the Board, is available under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

In connection with the role of the Board and the ESG Committee, the Company has adopted a Sustainability Policy, which can also be found under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

8. PRINCIPLE 8: REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

8.1 Remuneration Committee

The Company does not have a separate remuneration committee, but as referred to above in Section 2 of this Statement instead has a combined Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

8.2 Remuneration of Directors and senior executives

The Company's remuneration policy is set out in the Remuneration Committee Charter which is available under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.

The Company seeks to ensure that remuneration packages properly reflect the relevant individual's duties and responsibilities and that the remuneration offered by the Company is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people of the highest quality.

Non-Executive Directors are remunerated by way of fixed remuneration (cash fees), superannuation contributions and from time-to-time options (subject to Shareholder approval).

Levels of fixed remuneration for Non-Executive Directors reflect the time commitment and responsibilities of the role. Non-Executive Directors are paid their fees out of the maximum aggregate amount approved by shareholders for the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors. The sum each Non-Executive Director is paid is determined by the Board. Additional fees can be paid for participation on Board Committees or where the time commitment is in excess of that which is typical for a Non-Executive Director of the Company.

While the Company's Non-Executive Directors have been granted unlisted options, in the ordinary course of business they do not receive performance-based remuneration as it may lead to bias in their decision-making and compromise their objectivity. However, it is generally acceptable for Non-Executive Directors to receive securities as part of their remuneration to align their interests with the interests of other security holders.

Subject to obtaining any required approvals, the Company's Non-Executive Directors may also choose to receive shares in the Company as part of their remuneration instead of receiving cash and may participate in equity schemes of the Company, such as option schemes.

Non-Executive Directors should not be provided with retirement benefits other than superannuation. The Company's Non-Executive Directors are entitled to and receive their statutory superannuation entitlement.

Remuneration packages for Executive Directors and other senior executives include an appropriate balance of fixed remuneration and performance-based remuneration.

Fixed remuneration is to be reasonable and fair, taking into account the Company's obligations at law and labour market conditions, and relative to the scale of the Company's business. It reflects core performance requirements and expectations.

Performance-based remuneration is linked to clearly specified performance targets. These targets are aligned to the Company's short and long-term performance objectives and are appropriate to its circumstances, goals and risk appetite.

Termination payments, if any, for senior executives are agreed in advance and the agreement clearly addresses what will happen in the case of early termination. There is no termination payment for removal for misconduct.

Details on the Company's approach to remuneration and the amount of remuneration and all monetary and non-monetary components for all Directors and key management personnel are included in the Remuneration Report within the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.

8.3 Equity-based remuneration

The Company has an equity-based remuneration scheme. The Company strives to have a well-designed equity-based remuneration scheme, including options or performance rights, which can be an effective form of remuneration, especially when linked to hurdles that are aligned to the Company's longer-term performance objectives. The Company takes care in the design of equity-based remuneration schemes to ensure that they do not lead to "short-termism" on the part of senior executives or the taking of undue risks.

The Company's Securities Trading Policy sets out whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme.

A copy of the Securities Trading Policy is available on the Company's website under Corporate Governance on the Company's website at: www.lotusresources.com.au.