

ASX ANNOUNCEMENT | 16 April 2024

# ASKARI DELIVERS MAIDEN 65,000 OUNCE GOLD RESOURCE AT BURRACOPPIN GOLD PROJECT, WESTERN AUSTRALIA

## **HIGHLIGHTS**

- Maiden JORC (2012) Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE) delivered at the Burracoppin Gold Project (E70/5049), Western Australia
  - 1.32Mt @ 1.52g/t Au (capped) using a 0.85 g/t Au cut-off grade containing 64,600 ounces of gold
- Mineralised zones across Benbur-Christmas Gift, Easter Gift and Lone Tree combined to deliver the maiden JORC (2012) Mineral Resource
- Using a cut-off grade of 0.3 g/t Au, the MRE delivered at Burracoppin is 3.59Mt @ 0.87 g/t
   Au containing 101,000 ounces of gold
- Significant resource expansion potential with additional drilling between the Benbur-Christmas Gift and Easter Gift mineralised zones to join together as a single mineralised zone as well as drilling down-dip
- Askari has acquired adjoining exploration licence E70/6127 providing additional exploration upside and resource growth potential
- Results from Askari drilling at the Easter Gift prospect indicates high-grade mineralisation at depth, including:
  - o 3m @ 17.41 g/t Au from 73m downhole in ABRC069, including
    - 1m @ 45.50 g/t Au from 73m
    - 1m @ 2.18 g/t Au from 74m
    - 1m @ 4.54 g/t Au from 75m
- Results from Askari drilling at the Benbur prospect indicate the mineralisation continues down dip and to the north with results including 6m @ 2.37 g/t Au from 31m downhole in ABRC041 as well as 6m @ 1.85 g/t Au from 151m
- Drilling at the Christmas Gift prospect by Askari confirms the southern extension of the mineralisation with results including 10m @ 1.38 g/t Au from 34m downhole in ABRC039
- Significant inbound interest received for the 100%-owned Burracoppin Gold Project with a record high A\$ gold price and significant mineralised intersections encountered in drilling





Askari Metals Limited (ASX: AS2) ("**Askari**" or "**Company**") is pleased to announce the delivery of its maiden JORC (2012) Mineral Resource Estimate ("**MRE**") for the 100%-owned Burracoppin Gold Project, located in the wheat belt region of Western Australia.

The Burracoppin project is located 15m westof the Ramelius Resources "Edna May Gold Mine" which boasts a JORC (2012) Mineral Resource of 31Mt @ 1.0 g/t Au for 990,000 ounces of gold (refer to September 2023 resource update - Edna May Gold Mine - Ramelius Resources).

The Burracoppin project MRE has been reported in accordance with JORC (2012) guidelines as **1.32Mt** @ **1.52g/t Au (capped) using a 0.85 g/t Au cut-off grade containing 64,600 ounces of gold**.

In detail the Burracoppin Gold Project MRE is a result of a combination of mineral resource estimates from several prospects including: Benbur-Christmas Gift, Easter Gift and Lone Tree. A breakdown of the mineral resource estimates from these prospects is shown in Table 1.

| Mineralisation Zone   | Tonage (kt) | Au g/t | Au koz |
|-----------------------|-------------|--------|--------|
| Benbur-Christmas Gift | 1,246       | 1.50   | 60.0   |
| Easter Gift           | 54          | 1.97   | 3.4    |
| Lone Tree             | 24          | 1.57   | 1.2    |
| Total                 | 1,324       | 1.52   | 64.6   |

Table 1: Inferred Resource (JORC Code 2012) @ cutoff grade of 0.85g/t Au

The Burracoppin project MRE was completed by JP Geoconsulting Services (Zhonghua Pan), an independent third-party geological consulting group specialising in mineral exploration and resource estimation.

# Commenting on the maiden resource at the Burracoppin project, Managing Director Mr Gino D'Anna stated:

"We are very pleased with the delivery of the maiden JORC (2012) mineral resource at the Burracoppin Gold Project with a result of  $\sim$ 65,000 ounces of contained gold at a grade of 1.52 g/t Au (using a 0.85 g/t Au cutoff grade).

The delivery of the maiden resource at Burracoppin marks a significant achievement in the history of the Company. Exploration and RC drilling at the Burracoppin project by Askari Metals commenced in July 2021 following up historic exploration and resulted in several high-grade shallow gold intersections being encountered including 3m @ 17.41 g/t Au from 73m downhole in ABRC069.

Significant exploration potential and resource expansion upside remains at Burracoppin which the Company is currently investigating. In addition to the resource growth potential on our core Burracoppin licence (E70/5049), the Company has also recently acquired the adjoining exploration licence E70/6127 offering further discovery and resource growth potential.

The Company has received a significant uptick in inbound investor and strategic interest for the Burracoppin project with a record high A\$ gold price and significant mineralised intersections encountered in drilling.

We look forward to keeping our shareholders and investors updated as we progress."





#### **Burracoppin Gold Project**

The Burracoppin Project comprises an exploration licence E 70/5049 with an area is 6 BL (~17.6km²). The project is located approximately 20km east of Merredin and 15km west of the Edna May Gold Mine in the eastern wheat belt of WA. The project is easily accessible from Merredin using the Great Eastern Highway (Figure ES-1). The Burracoppin South Road crosscuts some of the tenures.

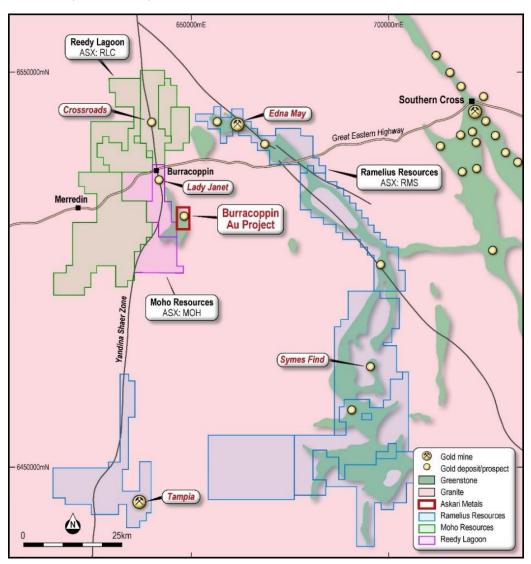


Figure 1: Burracoppin Gold Project, Western Australia – location

The area has gently undulating topography with isolated lateritic breakaways preserved on a well-developed regolith. It is underlain by Archaean granite/gneiss greenstone terrane metamorphosed to amphibolite/granulite grade. Minor banded iron formation outcrops are known, and aplite-pegmatite dykes intrude the amphibolites at the Burgess Find gold workings.

Christmas Gift, Benbur North, Benbur and Easter Gift were the four main areas historically mined at the Burracoppin Project. The Burgess Find, Christmas Gift and Benbur mines reported historical production figures of 410 tonnes, 750 tonnes and 1,030 tonnes, respectively. Production of the original miners in the 1930s was reported in the "Daily News" newspaper (June 1933), which wrote that the first parcel processed from Burracoppin had produced gold grades of 49g/t Au.





The workings targeted mineralisation hosted in narrow, steeply-dipping veins and fault zones within a sequence of gabbro and granite at or close to its western margin in pelitic sediments. The general strike is north-south, and units are folded into a series of open folds. The Easter Gift workings occur in mafic granulite and metasediments and occupy a similar stratigraphic position to the Christmas Gift-Benbur North-Benbur workings to the north.

Laterites that cover the Archaean rock sequence also carry gold mineralisation. The laterite consists of loose pisolites with a significant sand matrix component at the surface, grading into a poorly to well cemented nodular laterite layer. Gold mineralisation appears to be restricted to the iron-rich laterites.

#### **Geology and Mineralisation**

The area has a gently undulating topography with isolated lateritic breakaways preserved on a well-developed regolith. It is underlain by Archaean granite/gneiss greenstone terrane. Greenstones are metamorphosed to amphibolite/granulite grade. Minor banded iron formation outcrops are known, and aplite-pegmatite dykes intrude the amphibolite at the historical Burgess Find gold workings within the tenement.

The workings targeted mineralisation hosted in narrow, vertically dipping veins that occur within a gabbro dyke at or close to its western margin in pelitic sediments. The veins and gabbro strike north-south and are folded into a series of open folds. The Easter Gift workings occur in mafic granulite and metasediments and occupy a similar stratigraphic position to that of the Christmas Gift-Benbur North-Benbur workings to the north.

The mineralised units are near vertically dipping veins, south-north strike, and drilling has almost exclusively been conducted from the east at optimal angles with the mineralised units. The drilling angle is about -50 degrees, resulting in mineralised intersections slightly longer than the true width. Interpretation of the mineralised units honours the true width.

The overall potential mineralised strike extent at Burracoppin has now been confirmed at three separate sites representing three separate mineralised zones (Benbur-Christmas Gift, Easter Gift, and Lone Tree) over a combined strike of 3km.

Laterites that cover the Archaean rock sequence also carry gold mineralisation. Gold mineralisation appears to be restricted to iron-rich laterites. The vertical depth of oxidation ranges from 0.3m to 58.04m. There seems to be a bedrock uplift in the central part of the main mineralization zone (Benbur-Christmas Gift).

Gold mineralization within the bedrock is related to narrow quartz-rich granitic stringers hosted by pelitic metasediments, mafic granulite and gabbroic and granitic rocks.

#### **Exploration and Drilling**

The most recent exploration and drilling on the Burracoppin Gold Project was completed by Askari in 2021-2022. The Company completed 69 Reverse Circulation (RC) drill holes for a total of 6,354m.

The Burracoppin project MRE incorporates 155 RC drill holes for a total of 11,496m of drilling (69 RC drill holes from Askari for 6,354m and 86 from historic RC drill holes for 5,142m).





The area is the site of numerous shallow shafts dug on high-grade gold veins in the 1930s. According to "List of Cancelled Gold Mining Lease Which Have Produced Gold 1954" there was 427.6 tons and 283.25 tons of ore treated respectively at Benbur (1930-1936) and Christmas Gift (1932-1939) which produced 522.45 fine ounces of gold and 183.93 fine ounces of gold, respectively. At the Burgess Find prospect in the east-central portion of the tenement, the site of historical gold mining activity included a small heap leach operation based on a shallow gold-bearing ferruginous pisolite deposit near the Benbur working over a period commencing in the early 1980s.

Burgess Find mine locality was intensively explored by Miralga Mining NL, Herald Resources Ltd and Valiant Consolidated Ltd in the 1980s (Minedex document MP13863)..

#### **Mineral Resource Estimation**

The Company commissioned JP Geoconsulting Services (Zhonghua Pan) to prepare a Mineral Resource estimate for the Burracoppin Gold Project under the guidelines of the JORC Code (2012). The Mineral Resource estimate was calculated using geological data supplied to JP Geoconsulting Services by the Company including reverse circulation ("RC") surface drilling. The available geological data includes all sample location details, drill hole surveys, drilling details, lithological data, density data and assay results. The geological data used to support the 2024 Mineral Resource estimate consists of 155 drill holes for a total of 11,496m.

The details of all the drill holes used are given in Appendix A and B.

The geological data supplied by the Company is the primary source for all such information and was used by the Competent Person to estimate mineral resources. The Competent Person undertook consistency checks between the database and original data sources, as well as routine internal checks of the data validity including spot checks and the use of validation tools. No material inconsistencies were identified, and the data was deemed satisfactory for mineral resource estimation purposes.

Documentation of the sample processing, QA/QC protocols and analytical procedures used for all the drilling phases is good and the Competent Person concludes it is of a sufficient quantity and quality to support a Mineral Resource estimate under the guidelines of the JORC Code (2012).

The Burracoppin project MRE has been reported in accordance with JORC (2012) guidelines as **1.32Mt @ 1.52g/t Au (capped) using a 0.85 g/t Au cut-off grade containing 64,600 ounces of gold**. The MRE is a result of a combination of mineral resource estimates of three mineralization zones, Benbur-Christmas Gift, Easter Gift and Lone Tree.

| Mineralisation Zone   | Tonage (kt) | Au g/t | Au koz |
|-----------------------|-------------|--------|--------|
| Benbur-Christmas Gift | 1,246       | 1.50   | 60.0   |
| Easter Gift           | 54          | 1.97   | 3.4    |
| Lone Tree             | 24          | 1.57   | 1.2    |
| Total                 | 1,324       | 1.52   | 64.6   |

Table 2: Inferred Resource (JORC Code 2012) @ cutoff grade of 0.85g/t Au





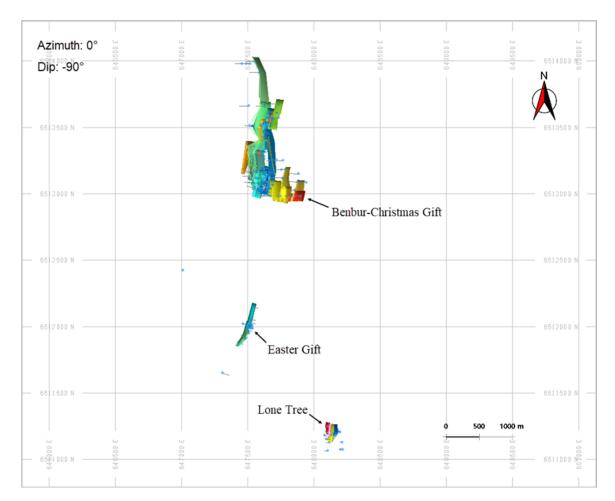


Figure 2: Three Gold Mineralization Domains of the Burracoppin Gold Project

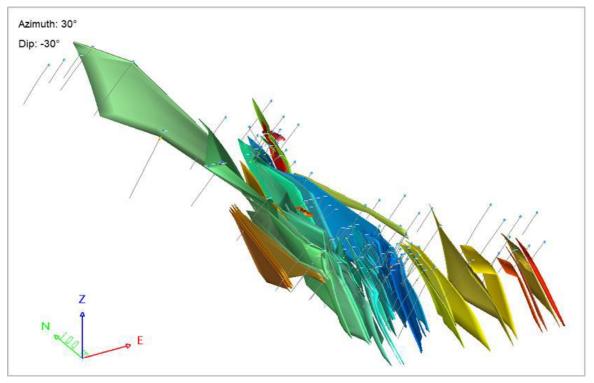


Figure 3:
Mineralization
Domains of
BenburChristmas Gift –
the Main Zone





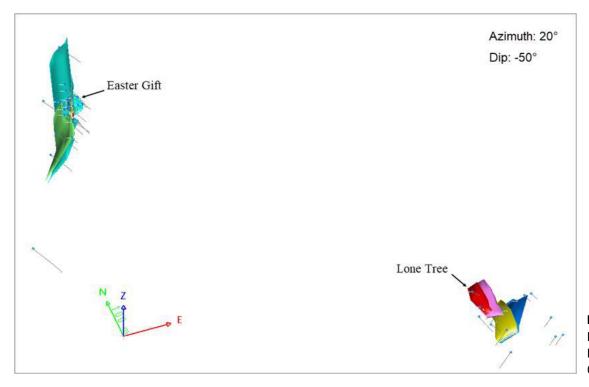


Figure 4: Mineralization Domains of Easter Gift and Lone Tree

A breakdown of tonnage and grade of the Mineral Resource at various cutoff grades of gold is shown in Table 3.

| Cut-off (Au g/t) | Tonnage (kt) | Au (g/t) | Au (koz) |
|------------------|--------------|----------|----------|
| 0.1              | 6,576        | 0.57     | 120      |
| 0.3              | 3,599        | 0.87     | 101      |
| 0.5              | 2,300        | 1.15     | 85       |
| 0.8              | 1,416        | 1.47     | 67       |
| 1.0              | 985          | 1.73     | 55       |
| 1.2              | 750          | 1.92     | 46       |
| 1.5              | 573          | 2.10     | 39       |

Table 3: Tonnage and Grades for the Burracoppin Gold Project MRE (capped)

The mineral resource estimate (capped) across the three mineralisation zones using a cutoff grade of 0.8g/t Au and 0.3g/t Au is shown in Table 4 and Table 5, respectively, for a comparison.

| Mineralisation Zone   | Tonage (kt) | Au g/t | Au koz |
|-----------------------|-------------|--------|--------|
| Benbur-Christmas Gift | 1,334       | 1.45   | 62.3   |
| Easter Gift           | 57          | 1.92   | 3.5    |
| Lone Tree             | 25          | 1.56   | 1.3    |
| Total                 | 1,416       | 1.47   | 67.1   |

Table 4: Inferred Resource (JORC Code 2012) @ cutoff grade of 0.8 g/t Au

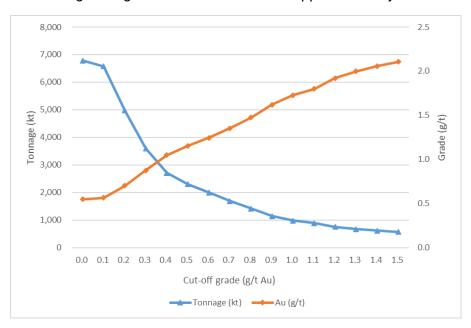




| Mineralisation Zone   | Tonage (kt) | Au g/t | Au koz |
|-----------------------|-------------|--------|--------|
| Benbur-Christmas Gift | 3,425       | 0.86   | 95.0   |
| Easter Gift           | 104         | 1.23   | 4.1    |
| Lone Tree             | 70          | 0.91   | 2.0    |
| Total                 | 3,599       | 0.87   | 101.1  |

Table 5: Inferred Resource (JORC Code 2012) @ cutoff grade of 0.3 g/t Au

The tonnage and grade curve for the Burracoppin Gold Project MRE is shown in Figure 5.



**Figure 5:** Grade tonnage curve for the Burracoppin Gold Project MRE-capped

A view of gold grades for the Benbur-Christmas Gift mineralisation domain is shown in Figure 6.

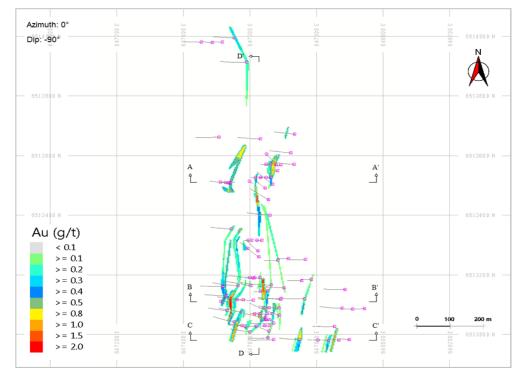
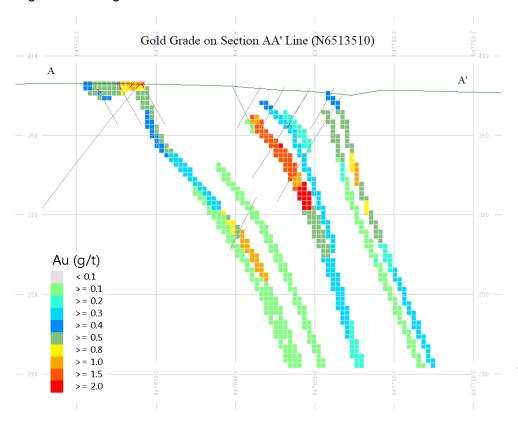


Figure 6: Distribution of gold grades and location for cross sections in the Benbur-Christmas Gift mineralisation zone

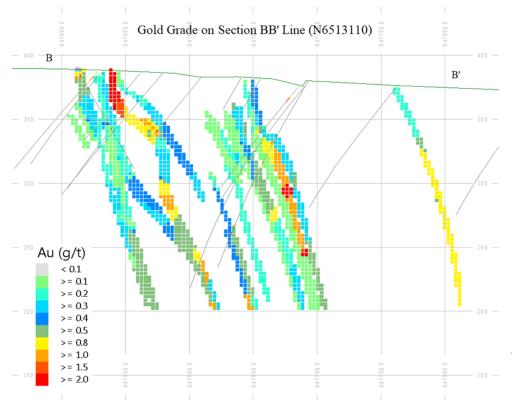




A series of cross sections for the Benbur-Christmas Gift mineralisation domain is shown in Figure 7, Figure 8 and Figure 9.



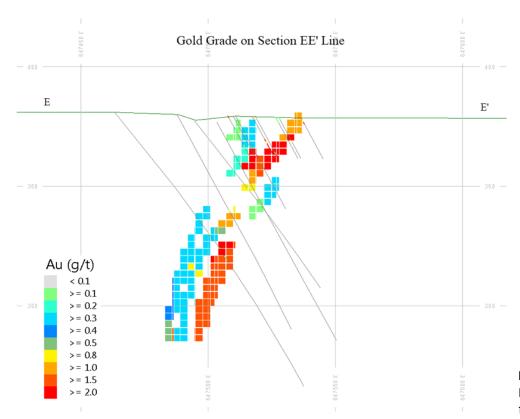
**Figure 7:** Cross section view of the AA' line in the Benbur-Christmas Gift mineralisation domain, looking to the north



**Figure 8:** Cross section view of the BB' line in the Benbur-Christmas Gift mineralisation domain, looking from the CC line







**Figure 9:** Cross-Section View of EE' Line in the Easter Gift, looking from Southwest to Northeast

#### **Exploration Drilling**

Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling at the Burracoppin project has confirmed extensive mineralisation at Benbur, Easter Gift, Benbur East and Lone Tree prospects. As announced in the <u>ASX release</u> on 6 October 2022, assay results from the second batch of samples from the Phase III drilling indicated mineralisation at the Benbur prospect continued down dip and to the north.

Of note, the ABRC041 hole intersected several zones of mineralisation, including:

- 6m @ 2.37 g/t Au from 31m downhole in ABRC041, including
  - o 1m @ 9.54 g/t Au from 31m
  - o 2m @ 1.17g/t Au from 34m
  - o 1m @ 1.17 g/t Au from 145m
- 6m @ 1.85 g/t Au from 151m
- 2m @ 3.46g/t Au from 155m
- 1m @ 5.66g/t Au from 155m

The final tranche of assay results from the Phase III RC drilling, as announced in the <u>ASX release</u> on 18 October 2022, intersected high-grade gold mineralisation at the Easter Gift prospect at depth, with results including:

- 3m @ 17.41 g/t Au from 73m downhole in ABRC069, including
  - o 1m @ 45.50 g/t Au from 73m
  - o 1m @ 2.18 g/t Au from 74m
  - o 1m @ 4.54 g/t Au from 75m





Mineralisation was also confirmed at the Benbur East and Lone Tree prospects, where strike extensions were tested.

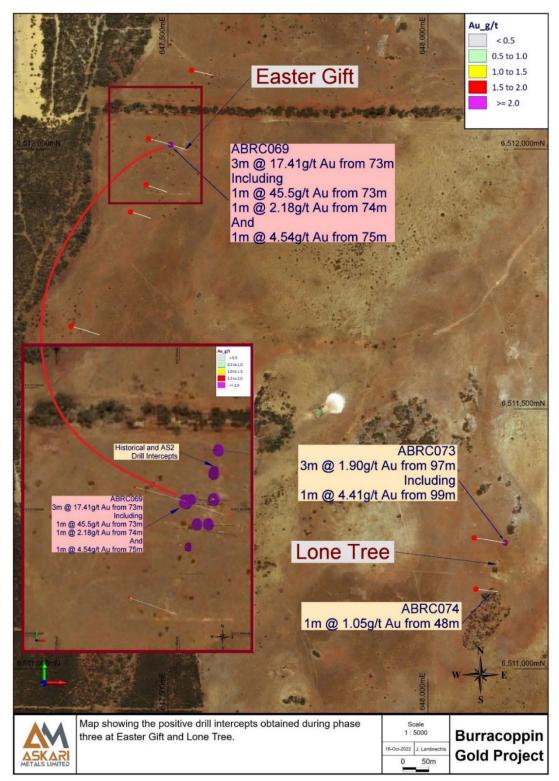


Figure 10: Map showing the drilling reported in Phase III RC drilling program around Easter Gift and Lone Tree



#### **Geological / Mineralisation Model**

The current geological database contains 1058 drill holes in total within this project tenure (E70/5049) for total 17,705.4 meters of drilling, including 162 RC for 11,454m, 892 shallow RAB for 6,228.4m, and 4 VAC for 23m.

All drilling data available from the database mentioned above have been used to generate the geological /mineralization model. However, historic workings were not included in this geological/mineralization model due to lack of information on these workings.

The project area is dominated by gently undulating topography with isolated lateritic breakaways, preserved on an intensely developed regolith. Exposure is consequently poor; hence geology is deduced from aeromagnetic data, limited historical drilling and recent drilling campaigns.

#### 3D Weathering Model / Oxidation Model

A weathering model (oxide, transitional and fresh status) for the Benbur-Christmas Gift and the Easter Gift and Lone Tree was generated based on logging of drill holes (Figure 11).

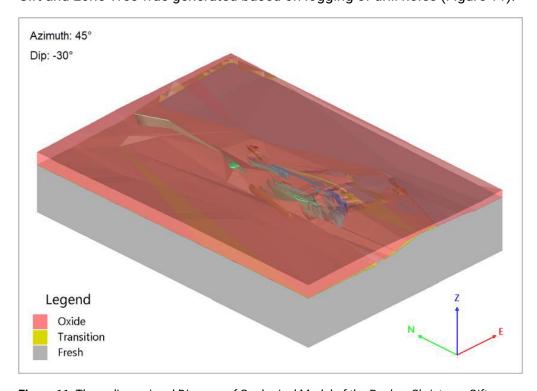


Figure 11: Three-dimensional Diagram of Geological Model of the Benbur-Christmas Gift

#### **Acquisition of E70/6127**

The Company has recently entered into a Tenement Acquisition Agreement with Mining Equities Pty Ltd for the 100% acquisition of E70/6127. The Company paid total cash consideration of A\$10,000 in relation to the acquisition of the adjoining exploration licence which is interpreted as a continuation of the mineralised zones from the core Burracoppin project exploration licence (E70/5049).





The Company has also received Significant inbound interest received for the 100%-owned Burracoppin Gold Project from external parties and strategic investors with a record high A\$ gold price and significant mineralised intersections encountered in drilling.

The Company looks forward to keeping its shareholders updated on the progress of its activities.

This announcement is authorised for release by the Board of the Company.

- ENDS -

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT

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#### **ABOUT ASKARI METALS**

Askari Metals is a focused Southern African exploration company. The Company is actively exploring and developing its Uis Lithium Project in Namibia located along the Cape-Cross – Uis Pegmatite Belt of Central Western Namibia. The Uis project is located within 2.5 km from the operating Uis Tin-Tantalum-Lithium Mine which is currently operated by Andrada Mining Ltd and is favourably located with the deep water port of Walvis Bay being less than 230 km away from the Uis project, serviced by all-weather sealed roads. In March 2023, the Company welcomed Lithium industry giant Huayou Cobalt onto the register who remains supportive of the Company's ongoing exploration initiatives.

The Company has also recently acquired the Matemanga Uranium Project in Southern Tanzania which is strategically located less than 70km south of the world-class Nyota Uranium Mine. Askari Metals is actively engaged in due diligence to acquire further uranium projects in this emerging tier-1 uranium province.

The Company is currently assessing its options for a spin-out divestment strategy of the Australian projects which includes highly prospective gold, copper, lithium and REE projects.

For more information please visit: www.askarimetals.com



#### CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This document contains forward-looking statements concerning Askari Metals Limited. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact and actual events and results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to business, economic, competitive, political and social uncertainties and contingencies. Many factors could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking information provided by the Company, or on behalf of, the Company. Such factors include, among other things, risks relating to additional funding requirements, metal prices, exploration, development and operating risks, competition, production risks, regulatory restrictions, including environmental regulation and liability and potential title disputes.

Forward looking statements in this document are based on the Company's beliefs, opinions and estimates of Askari Metals Limited as of the dates the forward-looking statements are made, and no obligation is assumed to update forward looking statements if these beliefs, opinions and estimates should change or to reflect other future developments.

#### COMPETENT PERSONS STATEMENT

The information in the report to which this statement is attached that relates to Mineral Resources for the Burracoppin Gold Project is based on information compiled by Mr Liqing (Victor) Zhao, who is a Member of TheProfessional Geoscientist of Ontario (No. 2150). Mr Zhao is a consultant of JP Geoconsulting Services (Zhonghua Pan) and has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Zhao consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears. Mr Zhao has more than 30 years of experience in mineral exploration, mineral property evaluation and mineral resource estimation in Canada, China and other areas.



## Appendix A: JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1

## Section 1 - Sampling Techniques and Data (Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

| Criteria            | JORC Code Explanation  | Commentary   |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Sampling techniques | <ul> <li>Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</li> <li>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</li> <li>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Valiant Consolidated Limited 1981 (file A16524)</li> <li>Reverse Circulation (RC) rotary percussion drilling (42holes 1139m) was used as the sampling technique.</li> <li>Samples were collected over 1-meter intervals.</li> <li>It is expected that sampling would have been to industry standards for that period.</li> <li>Miralga Mining N.L. 1986-1989 (A020003, A029857)</li> <li>Rotary air blast (RAB, 947m 208holes, sample 1 and 2m intervals), vacuum drilling (23m 4holes) and reverse circulation (RC 194m 6 holes, 1m sample interval) drilling, costeaning (700m, 116 channel samples)</li> <li>Samples were collected over 1m or 2m intervals and riffle split, occasionally 3m intervals.</li> <li>It is expected that sampling would have been to industry standards for that period.</li> <li>Burgess_Find_Bailey_Drilling, 1993</li> <li>Prospector Ken Bailey did a limited, angled RAB drilling (Holes BRB, BRC, BRD, BRH, BRI, BRI, BRZ, BFZ) under the shafts at the Benbur and Christmas Gift prospects. This program intercepted up to 11m of gold mineralisation with assays between 2.2 and 6.9g/t gold. This info is after Enterprise Metals Limited compiled historical data (A104197 Page 11) but with mixed RC and RAB info and unknown analysis method. 1m sample intervals were analyzed and some are 5m composite.</li> <li>Cambrian Mining N.L. 1994-1997 (A046217, A047133)</li> <li>Drilled considerable RAB holes (A047133) and A052479, hole RR1 to 226; A43181, hole RR801 to RR835; A45912, A052468, 1268.6m, hole RR836-RR90; A046217, RR-906 to 921), most sample interval is 3m or 2m, some are 1m, 4m, 5m, occasionally 6m, 7m, 8m, 9m and less than 1m or between 1-2m. 1kg or 1.5kg or 2.5kg sample dry and single stage mix and grind.</li> <li>Within current tenements, drilled RC RCC-1 to 5 and RCL-1 to 15 RC holes (A047133). Drilled 4 RC holes (198m) BFP-1 to 4 (A046217) at Lone Tree prospect. All are 2m sample interval.</li> <li>Enterprise Metals Limited, 2010 to 2014 (A093797)</li>     &lt;</ul> |

| Criteria              | JORC Code Explanation   | Commentary   |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Drilling techniques   | Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, facesampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).                                | <ul> <li>Askari Metals 2021-2022</li> <li>conducted soil sampling, Auger sampling, UAV Aeromagnetic surveying, and RC drilling. The RC drilling was conducted in 3 phases totaling 69 holes and 6355m. 1m interval sample, Cone splitter is used. All holes were sampled on a 1m downhole interval basis. A representation of the rock chips from each 1m interval was collected and stored in RC chip trays for later use.</li> <li>All sampling lengths and other logging data were recorded in AS2's standard sampling record spreadsheets. Data may include from and to measurements, colour, lithology, magnetic susceptibility, structures etc. Visible sulphide content was logged as well as alteration and weathering.</li> <li>Askari commissioned a UAV magnetic survey by Pegasus Airborne Systems over the tenement during November 2021. The survey of 384 line-km in total was flown in a direction of 090°-270° with 25m line-spacings and a sensor height of 25m.</li> <li>Valiant Consolidated Limited 1981</li> <li>Reverse Circulation (RC) rotary percussion drilling (42 holes 1139m)</li> <li>Miralga Mining N.L. 1986-1989</li> <li>Civil Resources using an Ingersoll-Rand T4 drill rig for RC drilling. Rotary air blast (RAB, 947m 208 holes, sample 1 and 2m intervals), vacuum drilling (23m 4 holes) and reverse circulation (BRC1 to BRC20, 1050m 19 holes; RC1 to RC6, 195m 6 holes, 1m and 2m sample interval) drilling.</li> <li>Cambrian Mining N.L. 1994-1997</li> <li>Fox Mobile B40 RC drill rig is used by Southern Cross Drilling in 1995</li> <li>Enterprise Metals Limited, 2010 to 2014</li> <li>An RC drilling program comprising 31 holes for 4,048m was completed by Enterprise Metals Limited during late October to early December 2011. A second RC program comprising 16 holes for 2202 meters, focused on extending the gold mineralization around the Burgess Find Prospect.</li> <li>Askari Metals 2021-2022</li> <li>All 3 phase of drilling were done by OreDrill.</li> <li>Reverse circulation (RC) percus</li></ul> |
| Drill sample recovery | <ul> <li>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</li> <li>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</li> <li>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias</li> </ul> | Valiant Consolidated Limited 1981  • No sample recovery info available.  Miralga Mining N.L. 1986-1989  • No sample recovery info available.  Cambrian Mining N.L. 1994-1997  • No sample recovery info available.   |

| Criteria                                       | JORC Code Explanation  | Commentary   |
|--|--|--|
|  | may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.   | <ul> <li>Enterprise Metals Limited, 2010 to 2014</li> <li>No sample recovery info available.</li> <li>Askari Metals 2021-2022</li> <li>RC drill chip sample recovery was recorded by visual estimation. Overall estimated recovery was high.</li> <li>All samples were dry as a result of appropriate air pressure and volume and the lack of groundwater.</li> <li>Measures are taken to ensure maximum RC sample recoveries included maintaining a clean cyclone and drilling equipment, as well as regular communication with the drillers and slowing drill advance rates when variable to poor ground conditions are encountered.</li> </ul>  |
| Logging  | <ul> <li>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</li> <li>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</li> <li>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Valiant Consolidated Limited 1981         <ul> <li>Detailed logging dry/washed samples for hole BF1-5, 16, 21, 23, 26, 27, 29, 30, 33, 34 confirmed the distribution of rock types on the dumps and in outcrop/float localities. But exact contact relationships can only be inferred between holes and between drill sections on each lease area tested.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Miralga Mining N.L. 1986-1989         <ul> <li>RC drillholes rock chips were geologically logged with handwriting forms.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cambrian Mining N.L. 1994-1997         <ul> <li>RC drillholes rock chips were geologically logged with handwriting forms.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Enterprise Metals Limited, 2010 to 2014         <ul> <li>RC drillholes rock chips were geologically logged with electronic input.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Askari Metals 2021-2022         <ul> <li>The drill chips were geologically logged at 1m intervals with detailed recording of lithology, alteration, mineralisation and other observations such as colour, moisture and recovery. Drill chips were collected and sieved before being placed into reference chip trays for visual logging at 1m intervals. Core chips are photographed.</li> <li>Logging was performed at the time of drilling, and planned drill hole target lengths were adjusted by the geologist during drilling. The geologist also oversaw all sampling and drilling practices. A small selection of representative chips was collected for every 1-meter interval and stored in chip trays as well as a representative split of mineralised areas stored for potential future use.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation | <ul> <li>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</li> <li>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.</li> <li>For all sample types, the nature, quality and</li> </ul>  | Valiant Consolidated Limited 1981  ■ Samples were crushed, split, and pulverized to 80 mesh.  Miralga Mining N.L. 1986-1989  ■ Sample interval 1m or 2m. No re-split samples  Cambrian Mining N.L. 1994-1997   |

| Criteria                                   | JORC Code Explanation  | Commentary   |
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|  | <ul> <li>appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</li> <li>Quality control procedures adopted for all subsampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</li> <li>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</li> <li>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>RAB samples</li> <li>All RC holes are 2m interval sample. No sample re-split.</li> <li>Enterprise Metals Limited, 2010 to 2014</li> <li>Most of RAB sample intervals are 3m or 2m, some are 1m, 4m, 5m, occasionally 6m, 7m, 8m, 9m and less than 1m or between 1-2m. No sample re-split.</li> <li>RC samples were initially assayed as 4m (most of them), 2m or 1m composites. One metre re-split was taken of all intervals with gold assays greater than 0.1g/t Au (except for BURC 033 112-116m and BURC 041 0-4m and 12-20m which were not sampled).</li> <li>Askari Metals 2021-2022</li> <li>1m Samples were recovered using a rig-mounted cone splitter during drilling into a calico sample bag. The sample target weight was between 2 and 4kg.</li> <li>QAQC was employed. A standard, blank, or duplicate sample was inserted into the sample stream at regular intervals (1 standard, 1 blank, 1 duplicate samples for every 20/25/30/50samples) and at specific intervals based on the geologist's discretion. Standards were quantified industry standards. Duplicate samples were taken using the same sample sub-sample technique as the original sub-sample and inserted at the geologist's discretion. Sample sizes are appropriate for the nature of mineralisation.</li> </ul>   |
| Quality of assay data and laboratory tests | <ul> <li>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</li> <li>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</li> <li>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Valiant Consolidated Limited 1981</li> <li>The samples were analyzed by Analabs by method LG5 (aqua regia digest on a 5-gram sample with assaying by AAS) for initial split of the drillhole samples and RG50 (detection limit 0.008ppm, fire assay fusion of a 50-gram sample) for second split sample of highly anomalous values for the Easter Gift Zone.</li> <li>The historical report said: LG5 assay methods for coarse gold can give an error of 16ppm, and hence it was necessary to establish the reproducibility of LG5 results by RG50 methods in a low sulphide regime. LG5 is reliable and accurate method for fine grain gold sample, which Burgess Find ore system is generally a fine gold system with rare coarse-grained flakes of gold that can be detected in panned samples.</li> <li>Miralga Mining N.L. 1986-1989</li> <li>Samples were analyzed by Analabs by AAS (Hole RC1 to RC6, RAB hole BR1 to 100, code 329 for Au, code 114 for As) or Fire Assay (RAB hole RR100 to RR208, RC hole BRC13-20) by Australian Assay Laboratories. No details on assay method are available.</li> <li>Cambrian Mining N.L. 1994-1997</li> <li>RAB samples were analyzed with method code B/ETA by Genalysis Laboratory.</li> <li>Drilled RC RCC-1 to 5 and RCL-1 to 15 RC holes (A047133). those samples were assayed with method B/AAS by Genalysis Laboratory; after A046217, 4 RC holes (198m) BFP-1 to 4 at Lone Tree prospect, 2m sample interval and assay method is B/ETA by Genalysis Laboratory</li> <li>Enterprise Metals Limited, 2010 to 2014</li> </ul> |

| Criteria | JORC Code Explanation | Commentary   |
|----------|-----------------------|--|
| Criteria | JORC Code Explanation | <ul> <li>Soil samples were assayed by Quantum Analytical Pty Ltd. Samples were digested by Aqua Regia prior to ICPMS analysis for Au, Ag, As, Bi, Cd, Co, Cu, Mo, Ni, Pd, Pb, Pt, Sn, Te, W, Zn, and ICPOES analysis for Fe and S. These samples were later reassayed by Fire Assay ICPMS finish which confirmed extraordinarily high Pd, Pt and Au values obtained in the Aqua Regia analyses.</li> <li>RC samples were initially assayed as 4m, 3m, 2m or 1m composites using standard Aqua Regia digest/ICP-MS technique with a 1ppb detection limit for gold. All samples were assayed for Au and 15 other elements (As, Ag, Bi, Cd, Co, Cu, Ni, Mo, Pb, Pd, Pt, Sn, Te, W, and Zn). One metre re-splits were taken of all intervals with gold assays greater than 0.1g/t Au (except for BURC 033 112-116m and BURC 041 0-4m and 12-20m which are yet to be sampled). Au of 2011 RC composite samples and re-split samples were analyzed by Quantum Analytical Services using method Q-AR1MS: Aqua Regia Digest 25g Sample Charge ICPMS Finish. Au of 2012 RC composite samples was analyzed by SGS_Perth using method ARM155: ICP-MS after Aqua Regia Digest (DIBK, 50g). Au of 2012 re-split samples was analyzed by SGS_Perth using method FAA505: 50g, Fire Assay, AAS Finish.</li> <li>Askari Metals 2021-2022</li> <li>All AS2 samples were submitted to Bureau Veritas laboratories in Adelaide.</li> <li>The samples were sorted, wet weighed, dried then weighed again. Primary preparation involved crushing and splitting the sample with a riffle splitter where necessary to obtain a sub-fraction which was pulverized in a vibrating pulveriser. All coarse residues have been retained.</li> <li>The samples have been analysed by a 40g lead collection fire assay (FA001) with detect limit Au 0.01ppm as well as multi acid digest (including Hydrofluoric, Nitric, Hydrochloric and Perchloric Acids) with an Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Optical Emission Spectrometry finish for multi elements(Al, Ca, Cr, Cu, Fe, K, Li, Mg, Mn, Na, P, S, Sc, Ti, V, Zn), Inductivel</li></ul> |
|          |                       | GBMS304-3, GBMS911-1) used. Most of the assay value of these CRMs are within the LCL and UCL range (Based on median moving range, mean±3.145*Standard deviation of median moving range) with mean value are similar to the certified gold grades. But some outlier assay values for CRMs do  |
|          |                       | exist. Some CRMs samples were not received by the Lab. The obvious difference could be   |

| Criteria              | JORC Code Explanation                            | Commentary  |                                      |
|-----------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|
|                       |  | <ul> <li>mislabeled the CRM code by AS2. In addition, IDs for 48 CRM samples for phase one RC holes need to be figured out.</li> <li>Author made judgement and correction for limited QC samples that have wrong recording for sample category.</li> <li>183 pairs of duplicate samples have good correlation. AS204253B weight is 109gram, so it must be CRM sample with assay grade 2.49g/t. AS204722B (1st assay 2.13g/t) Lab repeat assay (0.099ppm) is consistent with duplicate assay result 0.131ppm.</li> <li>205 blank samples have assay result ≤0.01, or 0.001, or 0.002. Lab assay quality is very good.</li> <li>The lab randomly inserts analytical blanks, standards and duplicates into the client sample batches for laboratory QAQC performance monitoring.</li> <li>AS2 also inserted Certified Reference Material (CRM) samples and blanks were inserted at least every 10 samples to assess the accuracy and reproducibility of the drill core results.</li> <li>All of the QAQC data has been statistically assessed to determine if results were within the certified standard deviations of the reference material. If required a batch or a portion of the batch may be re-assayed.</li> </ul> |                                      |
| Verification of       | The verification of significant intersections by | Valiant Consolidated Limited 1981   |                                      |
| sampling and assaying | The verification of significant intersections by | <ul> <li>Enterprise Metals (2013) compiled the data. No verification by Author of current report.</li> <li>Miralga Mining N.L. 1986-1989</li> <li>Enterprise Metals (2013) compiled the data. No verification by Author of current report.</li> <li>Burgess_Find_Bailey_Drilling, 1993</li> </ul>   |                                      |
|                       |  | (physical and electronic) protocols.  | (physical and electronic) protocols. |
|                       |  | Cambrian Mining N.L. 1994-1997  |                                      |
|                       |  | <ul> <li>Enterprise Metals (2013) compiled the data. No verification by Author of current report.</li> <li>Enterprise Metals Limited, 2010 to 2014</li> </ul>   |                                      |
|                       |  | Enterprise Metals filed data.   |                                      |
|                       |  | Askari Metals 2021-2022   |                                      |
|                       |  | <ul> <li>All of the QAQC data has been statistically assessed, 100% of which are within acceptable QAQC limits as stated by the standard deviation stipulated on the certificate for the reference material used. This fact combined with the fact that the data is demonstrably consistent has meant that the results are considered to be acceptable and suitable for reporting.</li> <li>Several resplit sample assays from Enterprise Metals drillholes have been picked up by Author after comparing the data compiled by Askari Metals against the original resplit sample assay data completed by Enterprise Metals. Askari Metals has confirmed the correction for these resplit sample assays in the database.</li> </ul>  |                                      |

| Criteria                          | JORC Code Explanation   | Commentary   |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Criteria  Location of data points | Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.     Specification of the grid system used.     Quality and adequacy of topographic control. | Enterprise Metals (A097794, 2013; A104197, 2014) compiled and reported historical drillholes data, including Valiant Consolidated Limited 1981, Miralga Mining N.L. 1986-1989, Burgess Find Bailey Drilling, Cambrian Mining.  Valiant Consolidated Limited 1981  • Collars entered from plan of Burgess Find North Map, March 1989. EL is from Hydro_Enforced_DEM.TIF from https://elevation.fsdf.org.au/ • Azimuth of RC holes is relative to magnetic north, which is very little difference from true north. • All RAB holes are vertical holes. No downhole survey was done for RC holes.  Miralga Mining N.L. 1986-1989 • Collars entered from plan of Burgess Find North Map, March 1989. After Burgess_Find_Comp_ed, Hydro_Enforced_DEM.TIF from https://elevation.fsdf.org.au/ • RC holes BRC1 to BRC20: Dip not recorded for BRC15 to BRC20. Sample list undecipherable for BRC1. • All RAB holes are vertical holes. No downhole survey for RC holes.  Prospector Ken Bailey 1993 • The collar of 8 RAB holes is after GPS. No downhole survey was done.  Cambrian Mining N.L. 1994-1997 • After Enetrprise compiled (A104197, OF_WASL3_COLL2014S.txt), Adjusted from GPS field Locations + Geoimage World view2 image. • Most RAB drillholes are vertical holes. • No downhole survey was done for all holes.  Enterprise Metals Limited • Soil sample's locations were recovered by hand-held GPS. • Drillholes collar location is after GPS (A097794, 2013, BU_WASL3_COLL2014S.txt). • Only BURC032^040 drill holes have downhole survey data completed in 2012 and no downhole survey for other RC drillholes.  Askari Metals 2021-2022   |
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|                                   |   | , and the second |
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|                                   |   | Grid system is MGA94_50  Collar of Phase 1 (APPC004 to APPC000) and Phase 2 (APPC001 to APPC000) drillholds are  |
|                                   |   | <ul> <li>Collar of Phase 1 (ABRC004 to ABRC020) and Phase 2 (ABRC021 to ABRC032) drillholes are<br/>surveyed by (Gyro Drilling) DGPS with accurate to within 2 – 10cm.</li> </ul>  |
|                                   |   | Phase 3 drillholess were surveyd by GPS with RL determined from Hydro_Enforced_DEM.TIF from  |
|                                   |   | https://elevation.fsdf.org.au/ . But 6 holes using planned corrdinates.  |
|                                   |   | Phase 1 (ABRC004 to ABRC020) Downhole surveyed by Gyro Drilling EMS Multishot tool.  |
|                                   |   | Phase 2 (ABRC021 to ABRC032) Downhole surveyed by Oredrill using EZGYRO Multishot, north   |
|                                   |   | (True North) seeking Champ Gyro.   |

| Criteria  | JORC Code Explanation  | Commentary  |
|---|--|---|
|   |  | <ul> <li>Phase 3 (ABRC033 to ABRC074) downhole surveyed by Oredrill using EZGYRO Multishot. No<br/>downhole survey for ABRC037.</li> </ul>  |
| Data spacing and distribution                                 | <ul> <li>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration<br/>Results.</li> <li>Whether the data spacing and distribution is<br/>sufficient to establish the degree of geological<br/>and grade continuity appropriate for the<br/>Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation<br/>procedure(s) and classifications applied.</li> <li>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</li> </ul>             | <ul> <li>Combined historic and AS2 drill holes, the drill spacing along the strike ranges from 20m to 80m.         Except for the north part of the the Benbur-Christmas Gift, the drill spacing ranges from 20m to 40m.         along the strike. Downdip spacing ranged between 15 and 20m.</li> <li>No compositing of sample intervals was undertaken. The majority of the AS2 drilling was 1m sample lengths.</li> <li>The data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish geological and grade continuity appropriate for mineral resource estimation of Inferred category resource.</li> </ul> |
| Orientation of data in<br>relation to geological<br>structure | <ul> <li>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</li> <li>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Most of the holes (including historic holes) were drilled perpendicular to the mapped strike of the lodes and surface outcropping lithologies and drilled from the hanging wall side toward the steeply east-dipping lodes.</li> <li>The orientation of the drilling is deemed appropriate and unbiased</li> </ul>   |
| Sample security   | The measures taken to ensure sample security.  | Historic sampling security were thought good.  Askari Metals 2021-2022  |
|   |  | <ul> <li>All samples were collected and accounted for by AS2 employees/consultants during drilling. All samples were bagged into calico and plastic bags and closed with cable ties. Samples were transported to Perth from the logging site by AS2 employees/ consultants and submitted to the lab using courier companies.</li> <li>The appropriate manifest of sample numbers and a sample submission form containing laboratory instructions were submitted to the laboratory. Any discrepancies between sample submissions and samples received were routinely followed up and accounted for.</li> </ul> |
| Audits or reviews   | The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.  | <ul> <li>No audits have been conducted on the historic data to our knowledge.</li> <li>Author reviewed database provided by Arkari Metals with Lab reported results.</li> </ul>   |

Section 2 - Reporting of Exploration Results (Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

| Criteria                                      | JORC Code Explanation  | Details  |
|---|--|--|
| Mineral tenement<br>and land tenure<br>status | <ul> <li>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</li> <li>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>The Burracoppin Project (E70/5049, was applied for on 19th October 2017 by Peter Romeo Gianni and granted on 10th July 2018.) is located approximately 20km east of Merredin and 15km west of the Edna May Gold Mine in the eastern wheat belt of WA. The project is easily accessible from Merredin using the Great Eastern Highway. The Burracoppin South Road crosscuts some of the tenures.</li> <li>The tenement holder is FIRST WESTERN GOLD PTY LTD., who is a wholly owned subsidiary of Askari Metals Limited. The exploration rights to the project will expire without extension on 9th July 2028. The project area is 17.57km2 or 6 BL.</li> <li>FIRST WESTERN GOLD PTY LTD also own E70/6127, which is granted August 5, 2023 and expired on Aug 5, 2028.</li> </ul>   |
| Exploration done by other parties             | Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.  | <ul> <li>The area is the site of numerous shallow shafts dug on high-grade gold veins in the 1930s (according to "List of Cancelled Gold Mining Lease Which Have Produced Gold" 1954, 427.6tons and 283.25tons ore were treated respectively at Benbur (1930-1936) and Christmas Gift (1932-1939) and produced 522.45 fine OZS and 183.93 fine OZS) and Burgess Find in the east-central portion of the tenement is the site of historical gold mining activity (a small heap leach operation based on a shallow gold-bearing ferruginous pisolite deposit near the Benbur working) over a period commencing in the early 1900s.</li> <li>Burgess Find mine locality was intensively explored by Miralga Mining NL, Herald Resources Ltd and Valiant Consolidated Ltd in the 1980s (Minedex document MP13863). They developed a small heap leach operation based on a shallow gold-bearing ferruginous pisolite deposit.</li> <li>Valiant Consolidated Limited 1981 (A009736, A16524)</li> <li>The extensive rock sampling programme carried out over the major workings at Burgess Find singled out iron-stained white coarse-grained narrow "buck" quartz veins to carry economic grades of gold mineralization. One quartz vein sample assayed 437 ppm Au; 3 quartz vein samples averaged 37.06 ppm Au; 3 quartz vein samples averaged 21.55 ppm Au; 6 quartz vein samples averaged 13.56 ppm Au and 2 quartz vein samples averaged 7.05 ppm.</li> <li>conducted shallow RC drilling (A16524, 1139m 42 holes) at the Burgess Find area and Eastern Gift. It concluded that the Easter Gift Zone offers the most prospective area for along strike Au mineralization as structure is relatively simple and the gold bearing horizons are traceable from surface soil anomalies down into the near surface fresh rock to a depth of 17m vertical.</li> <li>Miralga Mining NL, 1986-1989</li> <li>completed exploration over this area consisting of geochemical sampling, shallow laterite drilling (947m 208 RAB holes,</li> </ul> |

| Criteria | JORC Code Explanation  | Details  |
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|          |  | 194m 6 RC holes) to the west of the line of shafts and deeper RC/percussion drilling (19 holes) into areas along the line of shafts. BRC18 hole gave a best intersection of 8m at 2.4 g/t Au from 18 m which was interpreted as being low grade over a poorly defined but broad zone. These resulted in some good grade intersections at Easter Gift (3m @ 12g/t Au and 2m @ 9.2g/t) with very limited success near the other prospects. However, their shallow laterite drilling regularly intersected 1-3m of 1 to 2g/t gold at very shallow depths. This was the basis of their Heap Leach project.  Prospector Ken Bailey, 1993  did a limited (8), angled RAB drilling under the shafts at the Benbur and Christmas Gift prospects. This program intercepted  |
|          |  | up to 11m of gold mineralisation with assays between 2.2 and 6.9g/t gold.  |
|          |  | <ul> <li>Cambrian Mining N.L., 1994 to 1997</li> <li>Cambrian explored the wider area in the 1990's (WAMEX Items a43181, a42617, a47133, a49338, a49526, a50656, a52467, a52468, a52481, a53321, a53845). They tested small magnetic targets peripheral to the magnetic complex, with RAB and shallow RC drilling. Cambrian assayed their samples for gold only and did some auger soil sampling in the area where Enterprise later found PGE soil anomalies. They also drilled a series of RAB holes traverse across parts of the Burgess magnetic complex, but it is not clear if any of these holes penetrated the regolith, and the work is inconclusive.</li> <li>Enterprise Metals Limited, 2010 to 2014</li> </ul>  |
|          |  | <ul> <li>Burracoppin Resources flew an airborne Magnetic/radiometric survey over tenements E70/3637 and E70/3638 in 2010 which is registered as No.70399 in DMP's MAGIX system. Fathom produced numerous enhanced images of magnetics as well as a geological interpretation.</li> <li>2011-2012, Soil geochemical survey (sampling network 100 or 400*50m). The main base metal anomalies are shown in the 2013 Combined Annual Report. (Doedens FR and McGuinness SA, 2013).</li> </ul>  |
|          |  | • 2011-2012, 17 of 47 RC holes Enterprise drilled are within tenement E70/5029. Enterprise's aim was to drill test a regionally prominent complex aeromagnetic anomaly (the "Duck"), on private land south of Burracoppin, adjacent to the Burgess Find gold mine area. The Burgess Find gold workings occupy a belt a few hundred metres east of the magnetic complex. Pervasive chlorite alteration in BURC011, which returned a gold assay of 4m @ 0.25g/t Au from 84m also had elevated copper (190ppm) and the succeeding 8m interval (88-96m) assayed 170ppm tungsten. The best results were 4m @ 5.89g/t Au from 24m in drillhole BURC038 and 4m @ 3.03g/t Au from 52m in drillhole BURC033. The best results from One metre re-splits were taken of all intervals with gold assays greater than 0.1g/t Au were BURC 033, 10m @ 1.38g/t Au from 47m including 1m @ 10.5g/t from 54m; BURC 034, 1m @ 4.96g/t Au from 72m; BURC 038, 3m @ 3.16g/t Au from 25m including 1m @ 5.16g/t from 25m; BURC 039, 6m @ 1.64g/t Au from 102m including 2m @ 2.75g/t from106m. |
| Geology  | Deposit type, geological setting<br>and style of mineralisation. | <ul> <li>The deposit type is Archean Greenstone lode gold deposit.</li> <li>The area is dominated by a gently undulating topography with isolated lateritic breakaways preserved on an intensely developed regolith. It is underlain by Archaean granite/gneiss greenstone terrane metamorphosed to amphibolite/granulite grade. Minor banded iron formation outcrops are known, and aplite-pegmatite dykes intrude the amphibolites at the Burgess Find gold workings.</li> </ul>   |

|               |   | •       | The Burgess Find,<br>tonnes, respective<br>1933), which wro<br>The workings targ   | Chrismas Gely. Product   | oift and Benb<br>tion of the or<br>first parcel pr   | ur mines<br>iginal min   | reported p  | roduction figure   | es of 410 to  | urracoppin. (See Figu  | •   |
|---------------|---|---------|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| Drill hole    | A construction  | •       | folds. The Easter of<br>that of the Christre<br>Laterites that cow<br>with a significant<br>Gold mineralisation<br>Iron stained coars<br>A009736_A9736_<br>Gold mineralization | rgin in pelit<br>Gift working<br>mas Gift-Be<br>er the Archa<br>sand matrix<br>on appears<br>e grained "<br>9469386, 1<br>on within th | tic sediments gs occur in m nbur North-Baean rock sec component to be restrict buck" quartz 981).                                | ed in nar  The veit afic grant enbur wo quence al at the sue ed to iror veins car                                  | row, verticans and gabulite and morkings to to so carry go rface, gradingrich laterity economonarrow qu | coppin had produly dipping veir bro strike north etasediments a he north. Id mineralisation into a poorly tes. Lartz-rich granit | duced gold as that occu a-south and and occupy an. The late to well ce zation (Pag                | grades of 49g/t.  Ir within a gabbro dy  d are folded into a s  a similar stratigraph  rite consists of loose  mented nodular late | ke at or close<br>eries of open<br>lic position to<br>e pisolites |
| Information • | A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:  • easting and northing of the drill hole collar • elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar • dip and azimuth of the hole • down hole length and interception depth | • AS2 E | Hole ID ABRC004 ABRC005 ABRC006 ABRC007 ABRC008 ABRC010 ABRC011 ABRC012 ABRC013 ABRC014 ABRC015 ABRC016 ABRC017 ABRC018 ABRC019  | Easting 647667 647645 647702 647690 647653 647609 647561 647686 647618 647575 647653 647491 648091 648154                              | Northing 6513504 6513491 6513156 6513118 6513146 6513117 6513089 6513028 6513030 6512989 6512034 6512010 6511975 6511208 6511199 | RL<br>375<br>376<br>374<br>376<br>379<br>383<br>385<br>376<br>382<br>387<br>378<br>377<br>378<br>377<br>375<br>379 | AT(m) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0   | Azimuth (°) 311.1 310.2 271.8 273.9 267.1 272.0 272.5 273.0 263.6 272.5 266.5 104.9 102.5 101.7 117.5 289.8                      | Dip (°) -50.0 -49.2 -49.5 -51.0 -50.2 -50.8 -50.0 -50.6 -50.2 -50.0 -49.9 -49.9 -51.4 -50.1 -50.7 | Total Depth (m)  101  70  124  112  65  65  70  100  65  65  100  80  88  80  80  80   |   |

| Criteria | JORC Code Explanation             | Details |          |        |         |     |   |       |       |     |   |
|----------|-----------------------------------|---------|----------|--------|---------|-----|---|-------|-------|-----|---|
|          | information is justified on the   |         | ABRC021  | 647609 | 6513189 | 381 | 0 | 279.3 | -52.6 | 124 |   |
|          | basis that the information is not |         | ABRC022  | 647601 | 6513164 | 382 | 0 | 280.7 | -51.0 | 124 |   |
|          | Material and this exclusion does  |         | ABRC023  | 647563 | 6513163 | 384 | 0 | 277.9 | -50.9 | 124 | l |
|          | not detract from the              |         | ABRC024  | 647518 | 6513161 | 387 | 0 | 271.0 | -49.6 | 106 |   |
|          | understanding of the report, the  |         | ABRC025  | 647528 | 6513129 | 387 | 0 | 272.5 | -48.2 | 100 |   |
|          | Competent Person should clearly   |         | ABRC026  | 647579 | 6513116 | 386 | 0 | 277.8 | -49.0 | 124 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC027  | 647646 | 6513056 | 379 | 0 | 283.6 | -49.8 | 114 |   |
|          | explain why this is the case.     |         | ABRC028  | 647573 | 6513076 | 387 | 0 | 278.0 | -51.5 | 114 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC029  | 647530 | 6513080 | 386 | 0 | 277.2 | -50.4 | 90  |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC030  | 647552 | 6513042 | 386 | 0 | 287.3 | -49.3 | 102 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC031  | 647583 | 6513029 | 386 | 0 | 279.0 | -50.9 | 72  | ] |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC032  | 647599 | 6513009 | 384 | 0 | 278.8 | -50.0 | 96  | ĺ |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC033  | 647734 | 6513672 | 378 | 0 | 277.5 | -51.0 | 100 | ] |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC034  | 647722 | 6513609 | 378 | 0 | 277.8 | -50.6 | 106 | ] |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC035  | 647732 | 6513570 | 378 | 0 | 275.4 | -50.5 | 124 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC036  | 647630 | 6513656 | 380 | 0 | 273.5 | -49.9 | 118 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC037  | 647535 | 6513508 | 382 | 0 | 271.2 | -50.0 | 9   |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC037A | 647540 | 6513508 | 382 | 0 | 275.5 | -50.0 | 100 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC038  | 647656 | 6513452 | 379 | 0 | 303.3 | -51.8 | 124 | 1 |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC039  | 647659 | 6513400 | 379 | 0 | 275.8 | -52.6 | 122 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC040  | 647626 | 6513260 | 381 | 0 | 308.6 | -51.2 | 130 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC041  | 647664 | 6513166 | 381 | 0 | 271.8 | -51.7 | 166 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC042  | 647687 | 6513064 | 381 | 0 | 292.7 | -51.3 | 190 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC043  | 647885 | 6513151 | 371 | 0 | 269.1 | -52.4 | 118 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC044  | 647876 | 6513088 | 372 | 0 | 272.4 | -51.7 | 118 | ] |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC045  | 647853 | 6513027 | 373 | 0 | 266.9 | -51.4 | 118 | ĺ |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC046  | 647552 | 6513994 | 385 | 0 | 273.8 | -47.9 | 100 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC047  | 647517 | 6513980 | 385 | 0 | 272.2 | -51.3 | 52  |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC048  | 647486 | 6513980 | 384 | 0 | 272.7 | -52.2 | 52  |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC049  | 647453 | 6513980 | 382 | 0 | 273.4 | -52.0 | 88  |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC050  | 647589 | 6513913 | 384 | 0 | 269.3 | -47.8 | 124 | ] |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC051  | 647544 | 6513353 | 383 | 0 | 275.1 | -49.2 | 100 |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC052  | 647683 | 6513248 | 379 | 0 | 268.2 | -50.9 | 70  | ] |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC053  | 647715 | 6513255 | 377 | 0 | 270.5 | -51.0 | 52  |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC054  | 647766 | 6513251 | 375 | 0 | 268.9 | -50.7 | 88  |   |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC055  | 647783 | 6513184 | 375 | 0 | 269.0 | -52.0 | 52  | 1 |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC056  | 647754 | 6513181 | 376 | 0 | 270.3 | -50.9 | 70  | 1 |
|          |                                   |         | ABRC057  | 647763 | 6513120 | 376 | 0 | 270.4 | -51.2 | 118 | l |

| Criteria | JORC Code Explanation | Details |                    |                  |                    |            |   |               |       |                |
|----------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------|---|---------------|-------|----------------|
|          |                       |         | ABRC058            | 647908           | 6513086            | 371        | 0 | 269.0         | -50.4 | 52             |
|          |                       |         | ABRC059            | 647943           | 6513087            | 370        | 0 | 268.2         | -50.7 | 50             |
|          |                       |         | ABRC060            | 647747           | 6512982            | 376        | 0 | 274.0         | -50.8 | 100            |
|          |                       |         | ABRC061            | 647804           | 6512981            | 375        | 0 | 270.4         | -51.1 | 52             |
|          |                       |         | ABRC062            | 647835           | 6512980            | 374        | 0 | 277.3         | -51.5 | 52             |
|          |                       |         | ABRC063            | 647866           | 6512982            | 373        | 0 | 272.6         | -50.8 | 52             |
|          |                       |         | ABRC064            | 647898           | 6512983            | 372        | 0 | 276.5         | -51.1 | 52             |
|          |                       |         | ABRC067            | 647542           | 6512147            | 380        | 0 | 101.3         | -50.5 | 70             |
|          |                       |         | ABRC069            | 647463           | 6512020            | 381        | 0 | 103.1         | -50.8 | 140            |
|          |                       |         | ABRC070            | 647458           | 6511931            | 380        | 0 | 107.5         | -51.6 | 70             |
|          |                       |         | ABRC071            | 647428           | 6511879            | 382        | 0 | 104.0         | -51.1 | 70             |
|          |                       |         | ABRC072            | 647307           | 6511649            | 388        | 0 | 106.0         | -52.5 | 100            |
|          |                       |         | ABRC073            | 648090           | 6511251            | 377        | 0 | 96.7          | -50.8 | 100            |
|          |                       |         | ABRC074            | 648093           | 6511152            | 381        | 0 | 95.6          | -50.9 | 70             |
|          |                       |         | ABRC072<br>ABRC073 | 647307<br>648090 | 6511649<br>6511251 | 388<br>377 | 0 | 106.0<br>96.7 |       | -52.5<br>-50.8 |

o Summary table of some significant intersections from AS2 drill holes so far:

| Prospect                  | Hole ID |           | Width (m)<br>(downhole depth) |   | Au (g/t) | From (m)<br>(downhole<br>depth) | To (m)<br>(downhole<br>depth) |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------------------|---|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|                           | ABRC005 |           | 3                             | @ | 3.57     | 40                              | 43                            |
|                           | ABRC003 | including | 1                             | @ | 7.4      | 40                              | 41                            |
|                           | ABRC006 |           | 1                             | @ | 2.38     | 102                             | 103                           |
|                           | ABRC000 | and       | 2                             | @ | 1.57     | 109                             | 111                           |
|                           | ABRC007 |           | 1                             | @ | 1.16     | 64                              | 65                            |
|                           | ABRC008 |           | 7                             | @ | 1.06     | 11                              | 18                            |
|                           |         | including | 2                             | @ | 2.03     | 16                              | 18                            |
|                           | ABRC010 |           | 4                             | @ | 4.27     | 25                              | 29                            |
| D 1                       |         | including | 2                             | @ | 7.88     | 25                              | 27                            |
| Benbur-<br>Christmas Gift |         | including | 1                             | @ | 14.6     | 26                              | 27                            |
| Cirristinas Girt          | ABRC011 |           | 5                             | @ | 0.904    | 11                              | 16                            |
|                           | ABRC012 |           | 2                             | @ | 0.89     | 33                              | 35                            |
|                           | ABRC013 |           | 2                             | @ | 2.38     | 22                              | 24                            |
|                           | ABRC013 | including | 1                             | @ | 4.01     | 22                              | 23                            |
|                           | ABRC014 |           | 1                             | @ | 1.08     | 22                              | 23                            |
|                           | ABRC021 |           | 2                             | @ | 1.42     | 91                              | 93                            |
|                           | ABRC022 |           | 2                             | @ | 1.1      | 87                              | 89                            |
|                           | ADRC022 | and       | 1                             | @ | 1.03     | 93                              | 94                            |
|                           | ABRC023 |           | 1                             | @ | 1.18     | 53                              | 54                            |

| Criteria | JORC Code Explanation | Details     |         |           |     |   |       |      |     |  |
|----------|-----------------------|-------------|---------|-----------|-----|---|-------|------|-----|--|
|          |                       |             | ABRC024 |           | 4   | @ | 0.933 | 4    | 8   |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC025 |           | 4   | @ | 0.765 | 5    | 9   |  |
|          |                       |             |         |           | 8.5 | @ | 4.88  | 19.5 | 28  |  |
|          |                       |             |         | including | 2.5 | @ | 11.24 | 19.5 | 22  |  |
|          |                       |             |         | including | 0.5 | @ | 48.6  | 19.5 | 20  |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC027 | including | 2   | @ | 5.66  | 26   | 28  |  |
|          |                       |             |         | and       | 8   | @ | 0.78  | 45   | 53  |  |
|          |                       |             |         | including | 2   | @ | 1.2   | 46   | 48  |  |
|          |                       |             |         | and       | 3   | @ | 1.735 | 110  | 113 |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC028 |           | 1   | @ | 13.2  | 34   | 35  |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC032 |           | 2   | @ | 1.435 | 61   | 63  |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC033 |           | 1   | @ | 2.11  | 32   | 33  |  |
|          |                       |             |         |           | 5   | @ | 0.65  | 99   | 104 |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC034 | including | 3   | @ | 0.75  | 99   | 102 |  |
|          |                       |             |         | including | 1   | @ | 1.17  | 99   | 100 |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC036 |           | 1   | @ | 2.13  | 37   | 38  |  |
|          |                       |             |         |           | 3   | @ | 2.01  | 45   | 48  |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC038 | including | 1   | @ | 5.06  | 46   | 47  |  |
|          |                       |             |         | and       | 5   | @ | 0.42  | 54   | 59  |  |
|          |                       |             |         |           | 10  | @ | 1.38  | 34   | 44  |  |
|          |                       |             |         | including | 3   | @ | 3.62  | 41   | 44  |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC039 | including | 1   | @ | 8.74  | 42   | 43  |  |
|          |                       |             |         | and       | 2   | @ | 1.25  | 63   | 65  |  |
|          |                       |             |         | including | 1   | @ | 2.06  | 63   | 64  |  |
|          |                       |             |         |           | 6   | @ | 2.37  | 31   | 37  |  |
|          |                       |             |         | including | 1   | @ | 9.54  | 31   | 32  |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC041 | including | 2   | @ | 1.17  | 34   | 36  |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC041 | and       | 6   | @ | 1.85  | 151  | 157 |  |
|          |                       |             |         | including | 2   | @ | 3.46  | 155  | 157 |  |
|          |                       |             |         | including | 1   | @ | 5.66  | 155  | 156 |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC042 |           | 1   | @ | 1.93  | 173  | 174 |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC045 |           | 1   | @ | 1.97  | 78   | 79  |  |
|          |                       |             | ADRC043 | and       | 1   | @ | 1.67  | 99   | 100 |  |
|          |                       |             |         |           | 3   | @ | 1.04  | 13   | 16  |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC063 | and       | 6   | @ | 0.827 | 19   | 25  |  |
|          |                       |             |         | including | 3   | @ | 1.25  | 22   | 25  |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC064 |           | 4   | @ | 0.885 | 39   | 43  |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC015 |           | 1   | @ | 2.95  | 19   | 20  |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC017 |           | 1   | @ | 1.97  | 26   | 27  |  |
|          |                       | Easter Gift |         |           | 3   | @ | 17.41 | 73   | 76  |  |
|          |                       |             | ABRC069 | including | 1   | @ | 45.5  | 73   | 74  |  |
|          |                       |             |         | including | 1   | @ | 2.18  | 74   | 75  |  |

| Criteria                 | JORC Code Explanation         | Details   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------|--|--|
|                          |                               |   |                   | including     | 1                     | @         | 4.54        | 75                 | 76                |            |  |  |
|                          |                               |   | ABRC018           | Ŭ             | 4                     | @         | 0.958       | 14                 | 18                |            |  |  |
|                          |                               | Lone Tree   | ABRC073           |               | 3                     | @         | 1.9         | 97                 | 100               |            |  |  |
|                          |                               |   |                   | including     | 1                     | @         | 4.41        | 99                 | 100               |            |  |  |
|                          |                               | Surface   | ABRC037           |               | 4                     | @         | 1.76        | 0                  | 4                 |            |  |  |
|                          |                               | mineralization 2  | ABRC037A          |               | 4                     | @         | 0.97        | 0                  | 4                 |            |  |  |
| Data aggregation methods | In reporting Exploration      | <ul> <li>A new surface gold n</li> <li>A summary of histori</li> <li>The significant miner</li> </ul> | c drill hole info | rmation use   | d in the MRE is       | append    | ded to this | announceme         |                   |            |  |  |
| netnoas                  | Results, weighting averaging  | Au.   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | techniques, maximum and/o     |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | minimum grade truncations     |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | (eg cutting of high grades) a | nd  |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | cut-off grades are usually    |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | Material and should be state  | d.  |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | Where aggregate intercepts    |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | incorporate short lengths of  |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | high grade results and longe  |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | lengths of low grade results, |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | the procedure used for such   |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | aggregation should be stated  | ,   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | and some typical examples o   |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | such aggregations should be   |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | shown in detail.              |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | The assumptions used for an   | ,   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | reporting of metal equivalen  |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | values should be clearly      |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | stated.                       |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
| Dolotionski-             |                               | The mineralized 100   |                   | المامسة الما  | owi NA otrolo/ ol :11 | ا ما اسما |             | و و جا دام بام بام | a a a d at! f · · | . +b.o '   |  |  |
| Relationship<br>between  | These relationships are       | The mineralised units   |                   |               |                       | _         |             | =                  |                   |            |  |  |
| mineralisation           | particularly important in the | optimal angles with t   |                   |               |                       |           | _           |                    | -                 | -          |  |  |
| widths and               | reporting of Exploration      | perpendicular to the  |                   |               | •                     |           |             | _                  |                   | ntersectio |  |  |
| intercept lengths        | Results.                      | slightly longer than t  | he true width.    | Interpretatio | on of the miner       | alised u  | nits is sim | ilar to the true   | e width.          |            |  |  |
|                          | If the geometry of the        |   |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |
|                          | mineralisation with respect t | <b>)</b>  |                   |               |                       |           |             |                    |                   |            |  |  |

| Criteria                           | JORC Code Explanation   | Details   |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
|                                    | the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.  If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').  |   |
| Diagrams                           | Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.     | All relevant diagrams are reported in the body of this announcement.  |
| Balanced reporting                 | Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.   | <ul> <li>All exploration results applicable to this Mineral Resource Estimate have been reported.</li> <li>The Burracoppin Gold Project Mineral Resource Estimate is based on drilling information provided by Askari Metals Limited.         The Mineral Resource Estimate report contains summary information for all AS2 and historic drilling campaigns within the project area and provides a representative range of grades intersected in the relevant drill holes.     </li> </ul>  |
| Other substantive exploration data | Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk | <ul> <li>Aeromagnetic survey</li> <li>The aeromagnetic dataset from a government-flown survey at 200m line-spacing was reprocessed during 2010 by Fathom Geophysics for Enterprise Metals Ltd. Review of this dataset suggested the opportunity for identification of potentially mineralised structures in proximity to historical workings, as well as prospective areas further away, defined by changes in geology and structural features highlighted by the geomagnetic data.</li> <li>The dataset also revealed some structures to be associated with de-magnetised zones, which were considered to be areas with the potential for further exploration, as these could present as geochemically favourable depositional horizons where magnetic, Fe-rich minerals in host rocks react with mineralising fluids, resulting in Au-deposition.</li> <li>Askari subsequently commissioned a UAV magnetic survey by Pegasus Airborne Systems over the tenement during</li> </ul> |

| Criteria     | JORC Code Explanation   | Details   |
|--------------|---|---|
|              | density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential  | November 2021. The survey of 384 line-km in total was flown in a direction of 090°-270° with 25m line-spacings and a sensor height of 25m. This survey delivered geophysical imagery at much better resolution, which proved to be valuable in targeting subsequent Auger sampling and RC drilling programmes.  |
|              | deleterious or contaminating substances.  | <ul> <li>Surface sampling by Askeri Metals</li> <li>Some random rock-chip (9) and systematic surface lag (72) sampling was undertaken during December 2021, over an area where historical RAB drilling had been done previously. The purpose was to validate results and fill some gaps in the data. Samples were collected at 10m- 20m intervals W-E, on lines of varying lengths, 40m-80m apart from North to South. Some 15 of these samples returned Au-values &gt;100ppb, the highest being 424ppb and 2000ppb, respectively ~70m and ~80m West of the old Christmas Gift workings.</li> <li>An Auger sampling programme of 328 samples was also completed over the project area during March 2022, targeting selected aeromagnetic highs and lows. Samples were collected at intervals of 30m from W-E lines of varying lengths, spaced 200m to 400m apart from North to South. Soil Auger results confirm HG soil geochemical gold anomalies and 600m strike extension of gold mineralization and identifies Phase 3 drilling targets.</li> <li>Surface sampling data compilation</li> </ul> |
|              |   | <ul> <li>All historic soil sampling data is compiled with gold anomaly. It's author's opinion that soil geochemical could indicate gold mineralization in laterite, which is historical mining/leching object. There is still potential to discover/mine laterite type gold within Burracoppin property.</li> </ul>   |
| Further work | <ul> <li>The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</li> <li>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Interpretation of the RC drill results suggests that most of the mineralized zones and lodes open to depth and along strike which need to be followed up with next rounds of RC drill programs.</li> <li>In addition, given that only half of the tenement area falls under mining reserve and therefore accessible for the field exploration work, there is considerable amount of ground to be explored on the private land holdings once land access agreements are signed by the private landowners. Some weak to moderate anomalous gold values in the historic soil samples are situated on private land areas which should be followed up by more work.</li> <li>The new magnetic survey result is useful for exploring structure-controlled gold mineralization. Further exploration is warranted along some lineation structures.</li> </ul>  |

# Section 3 - Estimation and Reporting of Mineral Resources (Criteria listed in section 1, and where relevant in section 2, also apply to this section.)

| Criteria           | JORC Code Explanation   | Details  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Database integrity | <ul> <li>Measures taken to ensure that data has not been corrupted by, for example, transcription or keying errors, between its initial collection and its use for Mineral Resource estimation purposes.</li> <li>Data validation procedures used.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>The Burracoppin Gold Project Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE) was calculated using geological data supplied by Askari Metals Limited.</li> <li>The current geological database contains 1058 drill holes in total within the Burracoppin Gold Project tenure (E70/5049) for total 17,705.4 meters of drilling, including 162 RC for 11,454m, 892 shallow RAB for 6,228.4m, and 4 VAC for 23m.</li> <li>All drilling data available from the database mentioned above have been used to generate the geological /mineralization model. However, historic workings were not included in this geological/mineralization model due to lack of information on these workings.</li> <li>The database is mainly based on historical data that consultants compiled during the IPO and IGR (Independent Geologist's Report, 2021) phase of the Company float. When the Company constructed the database, all of the RAB drilling information was verified and confirmed with correlation against the drilling that the Company completed. Historical holes were rehabilitated, and collar locations cannot be validated physically, but historical maps have proven helpful in this regard. The validity of the data obtained from RC drilling completed by the company (AS2) between 2021 and 2022 is more robust and is considered good.</li> <li>The author has checked the database carefully, especially the historic drilling database, including the source files, drilling types, collars, azimuths, depths, assays, logging and QAQC. Minor errors have been identified and corrected based on the original files during this data validation.</li> <li>No material inconsistencies were identified.</li> </ul> |
| Site visits        | <ul> <li>Comment on any site visits undertaken by the Competent Person and the outcome of those visits.</li> <li>If no site visits have been undertaken indicate why this is the case.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>The Competent Person for Mineral Resources has relied on other experts to visit the Burracoppin Gold Project site.</li> <li>Mr.Johan Lambrechts, a full-time employee of Askari Metals Limited and the Competent Person for Exploration Results, has carried out numerous site visits to the Burracoppin Gold Project and signs off as the CP on all exploration results.</li> </ul>  |

| Criteria                            | JORC Code Explanation  | Details  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Geological interpretation           | <ul> <li>Confidence in (or conversely, the uncertainty of) the geological interpretation of the mineral deposit.</li> <li>Nature of the data used and of any assumptions made.</li> <li>The effect, if any, of alternative interpretations on Mineral Resource estimation.</li> <li>The use of geology in guiding and controlling Mineral Resource estimation.</li> <li>The factors affecting continuity both of grade and geology.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>The deposit type is Archean Greenstone lode gold deposit.</li> <li>The workings targeted mineralisation hosted in narrow, vertically dipping veins that occur within a gabbro dyke at or close to its western margin in pelitic sediments. The veins and gabbro strike north-south and are folded into a series of open folds. The Easter Gift workings occur in mafic granulite and metasediments and occupy a similar stratigraphic position to that of the Christmas Gift-Benbur North-Benbur workings to the north.</li> <li>Gold mineralization within the bedrock is related to narrow quartz-rich granitic stringers hosted by pelitic metasediments, mafic granulites and gabbroic and granitic rocks.</li> <li>The mineralised units are near vertically dipping veins, and drilling has almost exclusively been conducted from the east at optimal angles with the mineralised units. The drilling angle is about -50 degrees, resulting in mineralised intersections slightly longer than the true width. Interpretation of the mineralised units honours the true width.</li> <li>The overall potential mineralised strike extent at Burracoppin has now been confirmed at three separate sites representing three separate mineralised zones (Benbur-Christmas Gift, Easter Gift, and Lone Tree) over a combined strike of 3km.</li> <li>Laterites that cover the Archaean rock sequence also carry gold mineralisation. Gold mineralisation appears to be restricted to iron-rich laterites.</li> <li>The vertical depth of oxidation ranges from 0.3 m to 58.04 m. There seems to be a bedrock uplift in the central part of the main mineralization zone (Benbur-Christmas Gift))</li> <li>Alternative interpretations are possible for the mineral zone definition but are unlikely to significantly affect the</li> </ul> |
| Dimensions                          | The extent and variability of the Mineral Resource expressed as length (along strike or otherwise), plan width, and depth below surface to the upper and lower limits of the Mineral Resource.  The nature and appropriateness of  | <ul> <li>The overall potential mineralised strike extent at Burracoppin has now been confirmed at three separate sites representing three separate mineralised zones over a combined strike of 3km.</li> <li>The drill intercepts and physical, visible dimensions of the mineralised zones seen in the workings indicate mineralised veins less than 1m wide generally, although a few wider intercepts may be present.</li> <li>Interpretation of the RC drill results suggests that most of the mineralized veins and lodes open to depth and along strike which need to be followed up with next rounds of RC drill programs. In addition, the area under private land holding which is half of the tenement area which have not been explored by Askari Metals so far should be explored.</li> <li>There are outcrops of mineralization, and RC drilling indicates that the mineralisation continues down to approximately 180 m deep.</li> </ul>   |
| Estimation and modelling techniques | <ul> <li>The nature and appropriateness of<br/>the estimation technique(s)<br/>applied and key assumptions,<br/>including treatment of extreme<br/>grade values, domaining,<br/>interpolation parameters and<br/>maximum distance of<br/>extrapolation from data points. If</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>MineSight was used for this MRE.</li> <li>Wireframe         The main parameters used for delineating the wireframe model of ore body in this resource estimation are as follows:         <ul> <li>Cut-off grade: 0.1 g/t Au;</li> <li>Minimum recoverable thickness: 1.0 m;</li> <li>Minimum un-mining thickness of waste-rock: 1.0 m;</li> <li>Extrapolation in dip direction: 40 ~180 m;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |

| Criteria | JORC Code Explanation  | Details  |                             |                        |                  |            |              |        |                |   |  |
|----------|--|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------|--------------|--------|----------------|---|--|
|          | a computer assisted estimation method was chosen include a description of computer software and parameters used.  • The availability of check estimates, previous estimates and/or mine production records and whether the Mineral Resource estimate takes appropriate account of such data.  • The assumptions made regarding recovery of by-products.  • Estimation of deleterious elements or other non-grade variables of economic significance (e.gsulphur for acid mine drainage characterisation).  • In the case of block model interpolation, the block size in relation to the average sample spacing and the search employed.  • Any assumptions behindmodelling of selective mining units. | A total of 57 orebodies were outlined, 45 of which are at Benbur-Christmas Gift, 7 at Easter Gift and 5 at 1 Tree prospects. See mineralization domain in Figure 1 through Figure 3 in the context of the report.  Outlier value assessment  Coefficients of variation of gold grades of the original samples from the main zone (Benbur-Christmas and whether assource estimate account of such as made regarding or su |                             |                        |                  |            |              |        |                | as Gift) n ssessment n and the ndard dy. A cap spectively, indicated ng. nples from |  |
|          | <ul><li>between variables.</li><li>Description of how geological</li></ul>   |  |                             | Table                  | e 1: Vario       | ogram Para | meters of Au |        |                |   |  |
|          | interpretation was used to control   |  | Direc                       | tion                   | Nugget           | Sill 1     | Range 1      | Sill 2 | Range 2        |   |  |
|          | <ul><li>the resource estimates.</li><li>Discussion of basis for using or not using grade cutting or capping.</li></ul>   | Major (azimuth: 0°, dip: -20°)   |                             |                        |                  |            |              |        | 36<br>30<br>36 |   |  |
|          | The process of validation, the checking process used, the comparison of model data to drill hole data, and use of reconciliation data if available.  | • Bloc<br>- F<br>- 7   | Table 2 an                  | nd Table 3, resp       | pectively.       |            |              |        |                |   |  |
|          |  |  | Axis<br>E                   | <b>Minimum</b> 647,150 | Maxim<br>648,050 |            | Size (m)     | 300    |                | 1   |  |
|          |  |  |                             | -                      |                  |            |              |        |                | 1   |  |
|          |  |  | N 6,512,805 6,514,095 3 430 |                        |                  |            |              |        |                |   |  |

| riteria | JORC Code Explanation | Details     |  |   |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|---------|-----------------------|-------------|--|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------|--|--|--|
|         |                       | Z           |  | 150   | 408                | 3                                | 86     |  |  |  |
|         |                       |             |  |   | •                  |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       |             |  | Table 3: E  | Block Model Limits | of Minor Zones                   |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       | А           | xis  | Minimum   | Maximum            | Size (m)                         | Number |  |  |  |
|         |                       | E           |  | 647,210   | 648,320            | 3                                | 370    |  |  |  |
|         |                       | N           | I  | 6,510,965   | 6,512,255          | 3                                | 430    |  |  |  |
|         |                       | Z           |  | 240   | 408                | 3                                | 56     |  |  |  |
|         |                       | - The       | - The main items and properties of the block model are shown in Table 4 below.  Table 4: Main Item and Properties of Block Model |   |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       | Item        | Properties   | Properties  |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       | ТОРО        | Percent of b   | Percent of block volume below topography  |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       | ZONE        | Code of don  | Code of domains   |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       | ZONE%       |  | Percent of block volume inside domains  |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       | AUOK        | Grade of Au, Ordinary Kriging  |   |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       | AUID2       | Grade of Au, inverse distance of power 2   |   |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       | AUID3       |  | Grade of Au, inverse distance of power 2  Gravity, 2.3 t/m³for oxide, 2.6 t/m³ for transition, and 2.9 t/m³ for fresh         |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       | SG          |  |   |                    | , and 2.9 t/m <sup>3</sup> for t | resn   |  |  |  |
|         |                       | DIST        |  | the closest compos  |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       | ADIST       |  | tance to the compo  |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       | DH#<br>SAM# |  | Number of drilling holes used for the block   |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       |             |  | Number of composites used for the block  Category of Mineral Resources, 1 stand for Measured Resources, 2 stand for Indicated |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |
|         |                       | CAT         |  | and 3 stand for Infe  |                    |                                  |        |  |  |  |

|                        | tmas Gi         | ft Max samples per hole 4 3 1  | Max samples per quadrant                   |
|------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Min 4 3 1 Gift Samp    | Max 16 12       | Max<br>samples<br>per hole<br>4  | per quadrant                               |
| Min 4 3 1 Gift Samp    | Max<br>16<br>12 | samples<br>per hole<br>4<br>3  | per quadrant                               |
| 4 3 1 Gift Samp        | 16<br>12        | per hole 4 3   | per quadrant                               |
| 3<br>1<br>Gift<br>Samı | 12              | 3  | 4  |
| 1<br>Gift<br>Samı      |                 | +  |  |
| Gift<br>Samı           | 8               | 1  | 3  |
| Sam                    |                 |  | 1  |
|                        |                 |  |  |
| Mi                     | ple             | Max  | Max samples                                |
| n                      | Max             | samples<br>per hole  | per quadrant                               |
| 4                      | 16              | 4  | 4  |
| 3                      | 12              | 3  | 3  |
| 1                      | 8               | 1  | 1  |
| ree<br>Sample          | Max             |  |  |
| Mi<br>n                | Max             | samples<br>per hole  | Max samples<br>per quadrant                |
| 4                      | 16              | 4  | 4  |
| 3                      | 12              | 3  | 3  |
| 1                      | 8               | 1  | 1  |
|                        | Sam Mi n 4 3 1  | Sample Mi n Max 4 16 3 12 1 8 2 (the "IDW2") ong composites o (composites) | Sample Max samples per hole  4 16 4 3 12 3 |

| Criteria                      | JORC Code Explanation  | Details  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
|                               |  | - Checking plots of the grades in the block model against plots of diamond drill holes.  |
| Moisture                      | <ul> <li>Whether the tonnages are<br/>estimated on a dry basis or with<br/>natural moisture, and the method<br/>of determination of the moisture<br/>content.</li> </ul>   | Tonnages were estimated on a dry basis.  |
| Cut-off parameters            | <ul> <li>The basis of the adopted cut-off<br/>grade(s) or quality parameters<br/>applied.</li> </ul>   | • The Burracoppin Gold Project is at the early stage of development, and therefore it is difficult to consider and apply mining factors, metallurgy factors, and environmental factors, etc., as they have not been investigated yet. These factors are usually extensively studied and adequately established in later stage feasibility studies. For these reasons, this MRE has been modelled as an open cut resource without specific pit constraints at this stage, particularly given that this will be Inferred category resource only. |
|                               |  | <ul> <li>A comparison with a peer company who has a similar type of gold mineralization may indicate that open pit bulk mining would be reasonable prospects for economic extraction for this type of gold mineralization.</li> </ul>  |
|                               |  | • The author was advised by Askari Metals Limited that the Company would rather cut the number of ounces in the model to get an average grade above 1.5g/t Au. Thus, a cutoff grade of 0.85g/t Au has been selected based on this advice for this MRE.   |
| Mining factors or assumptions | <ul> <li>Assumptions made regarding<br/>possible mining methods,<br/>minimum mining dimensions and</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Author was advised by Askari Metals Limited the MRE would be modelled as an open cut resource but without<br/>specific pit constraints at this early stage of project development as there is no investigation on mining factors,<br/>metallurgy factors and environmental factors, etc.</li> </ul>   |
|                               | internal (or, if applicable, external) mining dilution. It is always necessary as part of the process of determining reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction to consider potential mining methods, but the assumptions made regarding mining methods and parameters when estimating Mineral Resources may not always be rigorous. Where this is the case, this should be reported with an explanation of the basis of the mining assumptions made. | Comparison with peer companies who have a similar type of gold mineralisation may indicate that open pit bulk mining would be reasonable prospects for economic extraction for this type of gold mineralization.   |

| Criteria                             | JORC Code Explanation  | Details   |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Metallurgical factors or assumptions | • The basis for assumptions or predictions regarding metallurgical amenability. It is always necessary as part of the process of determining reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction to consider potential metallurgical methods, but the assumptions regarding metallurgical treatment processes and parameters made when reporting Mineral Resources may not always be rigorous. Where this is the case, this should be reported with an explanation of the basis of the metallurgical assumptions made.   | <ul> <li>No information on metallurgical factors or assumptions is available as of the date for this MRE.</li> <li>At this early stage of project development, it is difficult to consider mining factors, metallurgy factors, environmental factors, etc., as they have not been investigated.</li> <li>It is assumed that there will be no significant problems recovering the gold.</li> <li>No penalty elements have been identified in the work so far.</li> </ul>   |
| Environmental factors or assumptions | • Assumptions made regarding possible waste and process residue disposal options. It is always necessary as part of the process of determining reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction to consider the potential environmental impacts of the mining and processing operation. While at this stage the determination of potential environmental impacts, particularly for a Greenfields project, may not always be well advanced, the status of early consideration of these potential environmental impacts should be reported. Where these aspects have not been considered this should be reported with an explanation of the environmental assumptions made. | <ul> <li>The project is located approximately 20km east of Merredin and 15km west of the Edna May Gold Mine in the eastern wheat belt of Western Australia.</li> <li>The project is easily accessible from Merredin using the Great Eastern Highway. The Burracoppin South Road crosscuts some of the tenure.</li> <li>At this early stage of project development, it is difficult to consider the potential environmental impacts of a mining and processing operation on the Burracoppin Gold Project.</li> <li>At this early stage, it is assumed that there are no obvious environmental impediments that would inhibit the establishment of a small-scale mining and processing operation on the Burracoppin Gold Project.</li> <li>In addition, the area under private land holding which is half of the tenement area which has not been explored by Askari Metals so far should be explored.</li> </ul> |

| Criteria          | JORC Code Explanation   | Details   |
|-------------------|---|---|
| Bulk density      | <ul> <li>Whether assumed or determined. If assumed, the basis for the assumptions. If determined, the method used, whether wet or dry, the frequency of the measurements, the nature, size and representativeness of the samples.</li> <li>The bulk density for bulk material must have been measured by methods that adequately account for void spaces (i.e. vugs, porosity, etc), moisture and differences between rock and alteration zones within the deposit.</li> <li>Discuss assumptions for bulk density estimates used in the evaluation process of the different materials.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>There are no bulk density data due to a lack of diamond core to determine it from. Data pertaining to the levels of oxidation of the rock at Burracoppin at various depths were derived from the general density of the host rock in their various oxidation states: complete oxidation, transition (between complete oxidation and f fresh rock), and fresh rock.</li> <li>The density used for the material mentioned above is as below:         <ul> <li>Oxide = 2.3 t/m³</li> <li>Transition = 2.6 t/m³</li> <li>Fresh = 2.9 t/m³</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |
| Classification    | <ul> <li>The basis for the classification of the Mineral Resources into varying confidence categories.</li> <li>Whether appropriate account has been taken of all relevant factors (i.e. relative confidence in tonnage/grade estimations, reliability of input data, confidence in continuity of geology and metal values, quality, quantity and distribution of the data).</li> <li>Whether the result appropriately reflects the Competent Person's view of the deposit.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Only Inferred Mineral Resources was defined in this MRE for the Burracoppin Gold Project. Three passes were used for the grade interpolation. Parameters used in the grade interpolation for the three mineralization domains can be referred to Table 5 through Table 7, respectively, in section "Estimation and modelling techniques".</li> <li>The data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish geological and grade continuity appropriate for estimation of Inferred category resource, and the results appropriately reflect the Competent Person's view of the deposit.</li> </ul> |
| Audits or reviews | The results of any audits or reviews of Mineral Resource estimates.   | <ul> <li>There have been no external audits or reviews of any Mineral Resource estimates.</li> <li>Internal reviews have been conducted on the mineral resource estimate identifying opportunities to improve the resource model.</li> </ul>  |

# Appendix B: Information on Historic RC Drill Holes Included in October 2023 MRE

| Hole ID  | Easting | Northing | RL  | AT(m) | Azimuth (°) | Dip(°) | Total Depth(m) |
|----------|---------|----------|-----|-------|-------------|--------|----------------|
| BFC_BF1  | 647643  | 6513029  | 383 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF10 | 647641  | 6513089  | 383 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF11 | 647656  | 6513089  | 382 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF12 | 647599  | 6513190  | 385 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF13 | 647614  | 6513190  | 384 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF14 | 647629  | 6513190  | 383 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF15 | 647595  | 6513315  | 382 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF16 | 647605  | 6513315  | 381 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF17 | 647620  | 6513315  | 381 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 13             |
| BFC_BF18 | 647635  | 6513315  | 380 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF19 | 647616  | 6513527  | 381 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF2  | 647658  | 6513029  | 382 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF20 | 647631  | 6513527  | 380 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF21 | 647647  | 6513527  | 380 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF22 | 647662  | 6513527  | 379 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF23 | 647682  | 6513549  | 379 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF24 | 647647  | 6513570  | 380 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF25 | 647662  | 6513570  | 379 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF26 | 647677  | 6513569  | 379 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF27 | 647692  | 6513569  | 379 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF28 | 647531  | 6512009  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 20             |
| BFC_BF29 | 647521  | 6512010  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 20             |
| BFC_BF3  | 647643  | 6513049  | 383 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF30 | 647510  | 6512010  | 380 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 20             |
| BFC_BF31 | 647535  | 6511989  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 20             |
| BFC_BF32 | 647525  | 6511989  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 20             |
| BFC_BF33 | 647515  | 6511990  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 20             |
| BFC_BF34 | 647505  | 6511990  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 20             |
| BFC_BF35 | 647510  | 6511950  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 20             |
| BFC_BF36 | 647500  | 6511950  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 20             |
| BFC_BF37 | 648201  | 6511075  | 384 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 25             |
| BFC_BF38 | 648216  | 6511075  | 383 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 29             |
| BFC_BF39 | 648211  | 6511128  | 381 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 28             |
| BFC_BF4  | 647648  | 6513049  | 383 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF40 | 647009  | 6512423  | 381 | 0     | 112.0       | -60.0  | 24             |
| BFC_BF41 | 648197  | 6511205  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 26             |
| BFC_BF42 | 648182  | 6511205  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 28             |
| BFC_BF5  | 647658  | 6513049  | 382 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF6  | 647613  | 6513070  | 385 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BF7  | 647628  | 6513070  | 384 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |

| Hole ID   | Easting | Northing | RL  | AT(m) | Azimuth (°) | Dip(°) | Total Depth(m) |
|-----------|---------|----------|-----|-------|-------------|--------|----------------|
| BFC_BF8   | 647651  | 6513069  | 383 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 36             |
| BFC_BF9   | 647666  | 6513069  | 382 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BRC10 | 647511  | 6513511  | 383 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BRC11 | 647526  | 6513510  | 382 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BRC12 | 647541  | 6513510  | 382 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_BRC20 | 647512  | 6513110  | 389 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 90             |
| BFC_RC1   | 647512  | 6512006  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 45             |
| BFC_RC2   | 647484  | 6511910  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 24             |
| BFC_RC4   | 647598  | 6513513  | 381 | 0     | 124.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_RC5   | 647592  | 6513289  | 382 | 0     | 312.0       | -60.0  | 30             |
| BFC_RC6   | 647630  | 6513145  | 383 | 0     | 90.0        | -64.0  | 30             |
| BURC011   | 647199  | 6514599  | 370 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 126            |
| BURC012   | 647100  | 6514608  | 370 | 0     | 92.0        | -60.0  | 120            |
| BURC013   | 646891  | 6514608  | 365 | 0     | 91.0        | -60.0  | 150            |
| BURC014   | 646699  | 6514597  | 366 | 0     | 89.0        | -60.0  | 150            |
| BURC015   | 646758  | 6507462  | 378 | 0     | 91.0        | -60.0  | 150            |
| BURC016   | 646307  | 6507471  | 370 | 0     | 91.0        | -60.0  | 150            |
| BURC017   | 646452  | 6507469  | 372 | 0     | 91.0        | -60.0  | 162            |
| BURC018   | 646968  | 6507458  | 376 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 120            |
| BURC019   | 645130  | 6509010  | 369 | 0     | 0.0         | -90.0  | 54             |
| BURC020   | 645142  | 6509994  | 370 | 0     | 0.0         | -90.0  | 42             |
| BURC021   | 645157  | 6510586  | 372 | 0     | 0.0         | -90.0  | 54             |
| BURC022   | 645152  | 6510882  | 378 | 0     | 0.0         | -90.0  | 150            |
| BURC023   | 645166  | 6511379  | 383 | 0     | 0.0         | -90.0  | 150            |
| BURC024   | 645117  | 6511996  | 374 | 0     | 0.0         | -90.0  | 66             |
| BURC025   | 646306  | 6515203  | 359 | 0     | 0.0         | -90.0  | 150            |
| BURC026   | 647199  | 6514651  | 370 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 144            |
| BURC027   | 647198  | 6514700  | 369 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 126            |
| BURC033   | 647693  | 6513120  | 380 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 162            |
| BURC034   | 647670  | 6513038  | 382 | 0     | 269.0       | -60.0  | 150            |
| BURC035   | 647670  | 6512982  | 382 | 0     | 269.0       | -60.0  | 150            |
| BURC036   | 647488  | 6512012  | 380 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 103            |
| BURC037   | 647495  | 6511987  | 380 | 0     | 91.0        | -60.0  | 108            |
| BURC038   | 647520  | 6512050  | 379 | 0     | 90.0        | -60.0  | 102            |
| BURC039   | 647624  | 6513280  | 381 | 0     | 315.0       | -60.0  | 126            |
| BURC040   | 647649  | 6513604  | 380 | 0     | 135.0       | -60.0  | 132            |
| BURC041   | 647507  | 6513662  | 384 | 0     | 269.0       | -60.0  | 143            |
| CAMBFP1   | 648078  | 6511182  | 380 | 0     | 111.0       | -60.0  | 56             |
| CAMBFP2   | 648127  | 6511181  | 380 | 0     | 291.0       | -60.0  | 48             |
| CAMBFP3   | 648117  | 6511127  | 382 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 46             |
| CAMBFP4   | 648103  | 6511065  | 386 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 48             |
| CAMRCC001 | 647193  | 6514604  | 370 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 36             |

| Hole ID   | Easting | Northing | RL  | AT(m) | Azimuth (°) | Dip(°) | Total Depth(m) |
|-----------|---------|----------|-----|-------|-------------|--------|----------------|
| CAMRCC002 | 647224  | 6514604  | 370 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 40             |
| CAMRCC003 | 647251  | 6514603  | 370 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 58             |
| CAMRCC004 | 647278  | 6514603  | 369 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 50             |
| CAMRCC005 | 647307  | 6514603  | 369 | 0     | 270.0       | -60.0  | 42             |