

SECURING FUTURE LITHIUM SUPPLY IN AFRICA

HIGH GRADE LITHIUM RESULTS AND CONFIRMATION OF LINK ZONE POTENTIAL

Results from 7 drill-holes (MRC35 and MRC37 – MRC42) yield impressive grades and confirmation of presence of spodumene in MRC38 at the edge of the Link Zone between Muvero and Muvero East.

Highlights

- MRC37 yields mineralised interval* of **23m @ 2.42% Li₂O**, including:
 - **8m @ 3.48% Li₂O**
 - **3m @ 271ppm Ta₂O₅**
- Highest lithium result; **1m @ 4.91% Li₂O** in MRC37
- Highest tantalum result; **1m @ 607ppm Ta₂O₅** in MRC37, associated with high-grade tin (**2.24% SnO₂**)
- Assay result confirms visual identification of spodumene in MRC38
- MRC38 at the edge of the Link Zone

Tyranna Technical Director, Peter Spitalny, commented:

"The results from MRC37 are excellent, having intersected abundant high-grade lithium mineralisation, dominated by high purity spodumene, and accompanied by high-grade tantalum mineralisation. This is an example of the type of mineralisation that may be present in parts of the Muvero prospect that have not been drilled yet, particularly the eastern flank of the prospect and of course the Link Zone between Muvero and Muvero East. Bearing this in mind, the intersection of spodumene-bearing pegmatite by MRC38 at the western edge of the Link Zone is significant, encouraging and confirms the potential of additional drilling to discover substantial lithium mineralisation."

* Stated intersections are down-hole length; true thickness is not yet known

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Summary of Drilling Results

Drill-holes MRC35 and MRC37 – MRC42 were completed between 2nd April 2024 and 22nd April 2024, for a total of 1,242m. **MRC37 intersected the broadest interval yet achieved of lithium mineralisation at the Muvero Prospect** (Figure 1).

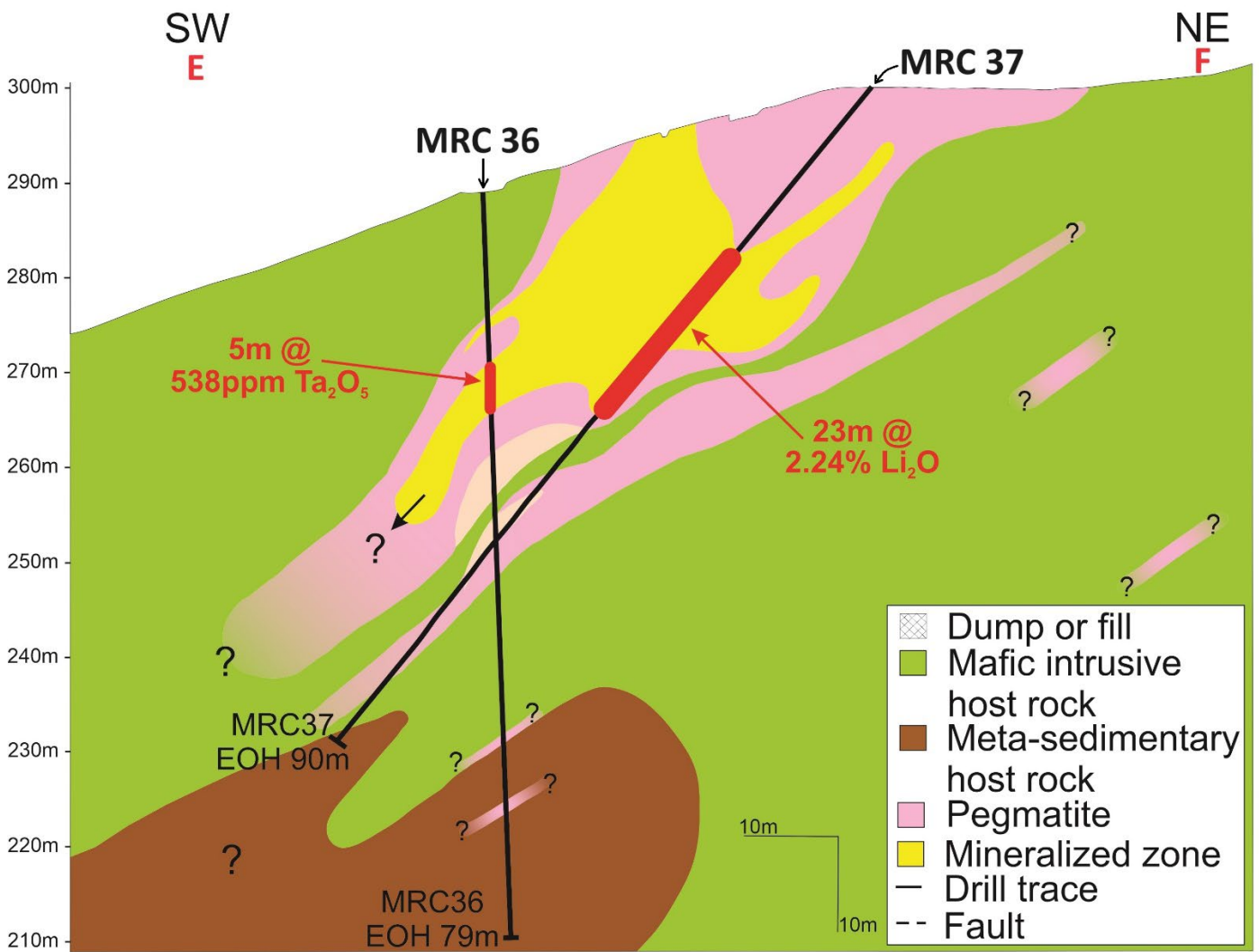


Figure 1: Cross-section EF of drill-holes MRC37 & MRC36. See Figure 6 for location of cross-section.

The mineralised zone intersected by MRC37 was discovered in 2022 by diamond (core) drill-holes NDDH004, NDDH005 and NDDH009, from which the shape of the mineralised zone was interpreted and reported (“Maiden drill program intersects 2.02% lithium over 22.75m”, 22nd February 2023). Although the results of MRC36 were reported previously (“Further high-grade results at Muvero reveal multi-element potential”, 27th May 2024), its main mineralised interval is included in cross-section EF because it illustrates that **the mineralised zone has potential to continue down-dip.**

The potential downward continuation of this mineralised zone has not yet been drilled.

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Figure 2: Part of the 20m-40m chip tray of MRC 37, displaying mineralisation grades.

Although the best mineralisation was intersected by MRC37, **the intersection of lithium mineralisation (Figure 3) achieved by drill-hole MRC38, located at the western edge of the Link Zone (Figures 5 and 6) is encouraging and has important implications.** The drill-hole was terminated due to high water in-flow, resulting in sample quality problems, but was still in pegmatite, which leads to the following questions:

- How thick is the pegmatite?
- Is there more lithium mineralisation at greater depth?
- What is the orientation of the pegmatite?
- Is this an example of the lithium pegmatites that may be present in the Link Zone?



Figure 3: Part of the 280m-300m chip tray of MRC 38, displaying mineralisation & grade.

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Answers to these questions can be achieved through completion of some diamond (core) drill-holes, which will not be impeded by groundwater, and provide the potential advantage of yielding oriented core, from which the orientations of the pegmatite can be inferred.

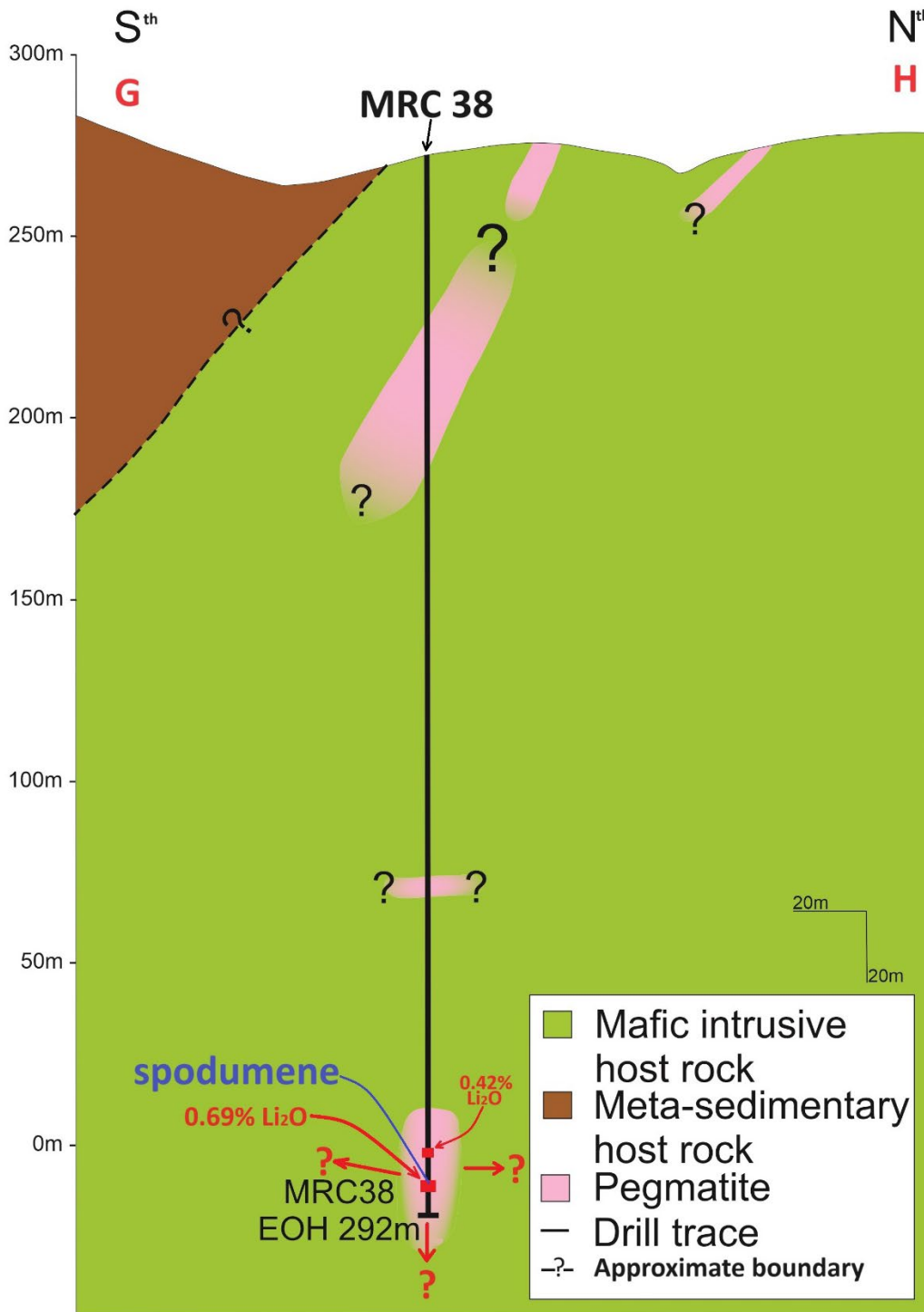


Figure 4: Cross-section GH of drill-hole MRC38. See Figures 5 and 6 for location of cross-section.

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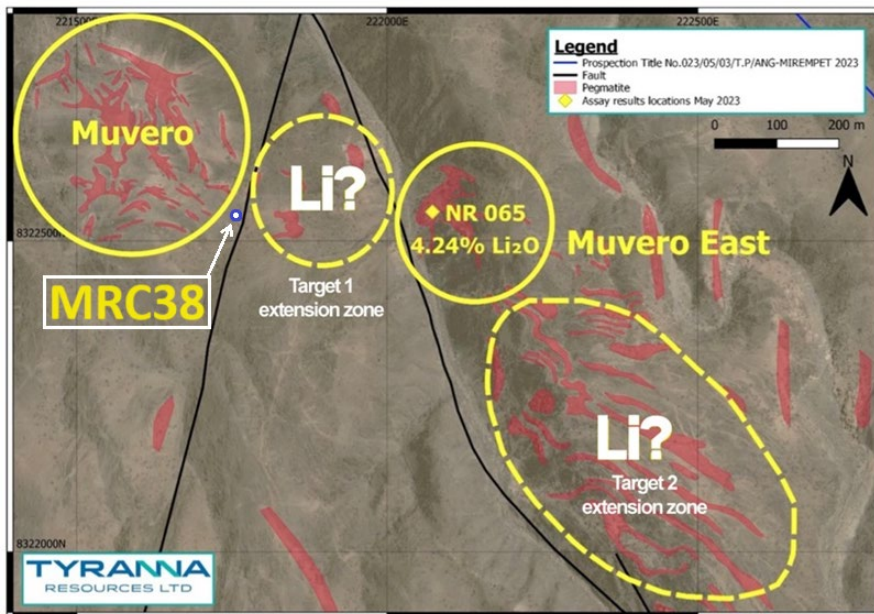


Figure 5: Location of MRC38 and the Link Zone, i.e., Target 1 extension zone.

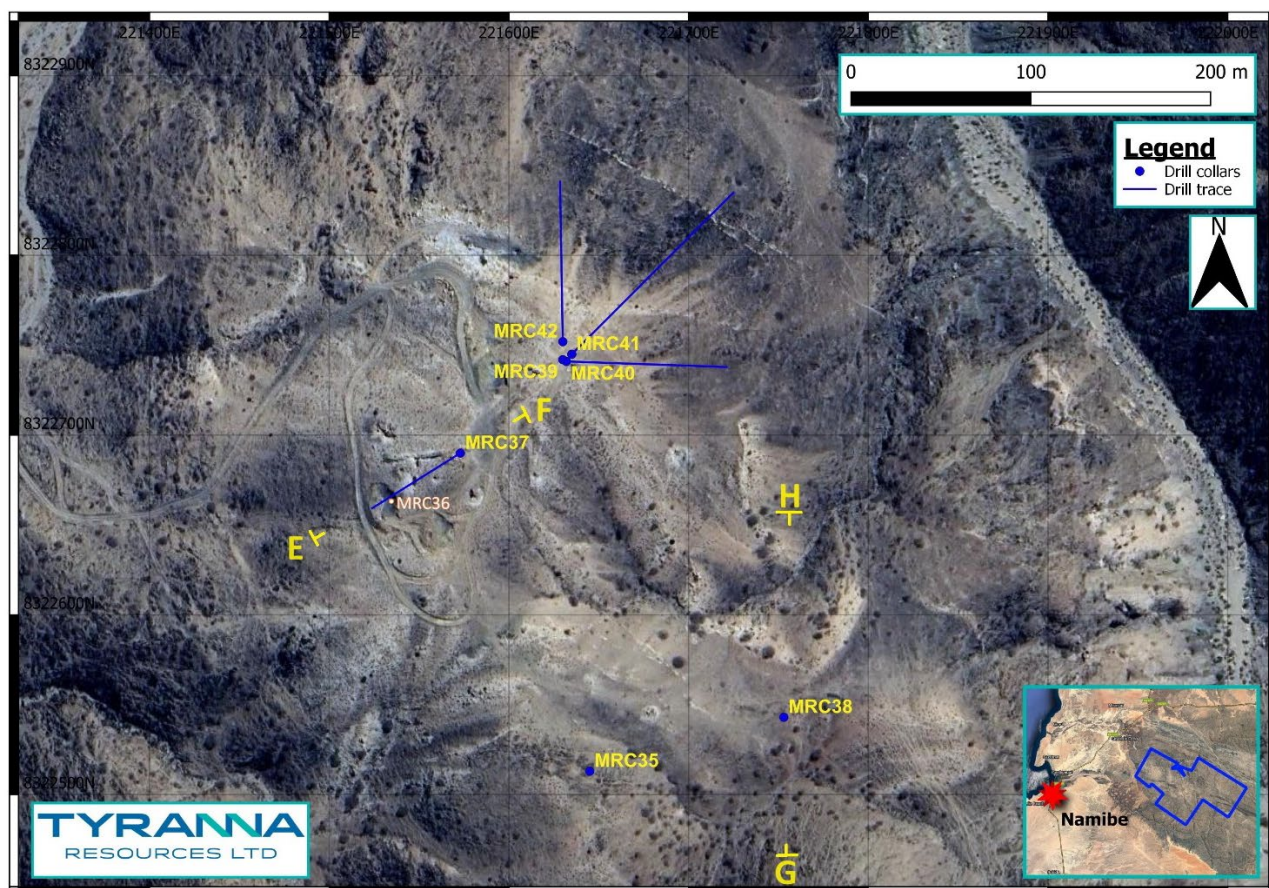


Figure 6: Location of MRC35 – MRC42. Note location of cross-sections EF and GH.

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Of the 7 drill-holes discussed in this announcement, 3 drill-holes intersected significant mineralisation, summarised in Table 1 and drill-hole location details contained in Table 2. Assay results are provided as Appendix 1, with a full list of pegmatite intersections included as Appendix 2.

Table 1: Summary of significant mineralisation intersected by MRC35 and MRC37 – MRC42

Drill-hole ID	Lithium intersection* ¹	Tantalum intersection* ²	Comments
MRC35	NSI	218m - 219m, 1m @ 116ppm Ta ₂ O ₅	
MRC37	21m - 44m, 23m @ 2.42% Li₂O inc. 24m - 32m, 8m @ 3.48% Li₂O		inc. highest Li result; 1m @ 4.91% Li₂O
		27m - 30m, 3m @ 271ppm Ta ₂ O ₅	inc. highest Ta result; 1m @ 607ppm Ta₂O₅ inc. highest Sn result; 1m @ 2.24% SnO₂
MRC38	276m - 277m, 1m @ 0.42% Li ₂ O 282m - 283m, 1m @ 0.69% Li ₂ O	NSI	276m - 278m; K:Rb = 35.54 [Li present]
MRC39	NSI	NSI	
MRC40	NSI	NSI	
MRC41	NSI	NSI	
MRC42	NSI	NSI	29m - 32m; K:Rb = 31.2 [Li likely nearby]

Note that stated intersections are down-hole lengths; true thickness not yet known.

*¹ Minimum Li₂O grade reported = 0.4% Li₂O *² Minimum Ta₂O₅ grade reported = 100ppm Ta₂O₅
NSI = No Significant Intersection

Table 2: Collar Table of MRC35 and MRC37 –MRC42

Drill-hole ID	Coll. Easting (mE)	Coll. Northing (mN)	Elevation (m)	Azimuth	dip	End Of Hole (m)
MRC35	221645	8322513	291	N/A	-90	295
MRC38	221753	8322543	274	N/A	-90	292
MRC37	221573	8322690	301	238	-50	90
MRC39	221630	8322742	306	N/A	-90	133
MRC40	221632	8322741	306	092	-45	126
MRC41	221635	8322745	306	045	-45	180
MRC42	221630	8322752	306	359	-45	126

Drilling, Sampling and Mineralisation Determination Parameters

Drilling was completed by Reverse Circulation Percussion (RC) method. Details of sampling procedures and assaying methods are provided in the appended JORC Table 1.

Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) strategies, including use of Blanks, Certified Reference Materials and Field Duplicates (B sample 1-m split) were implemented. Analysis of the QA/QC samples assay results, along with repeat assays of samples, confirm that the assay results for the drilling discussed in this announcement are accurate and precise.

Determination of the mineralisation interval specifically excludes any mineralisation contained within altered host-rock and is entirely comprised of pegmatite. Statement of the mineralised intervals is primarily based upon recognition of the lithium zone, e.g., as displayed in Figure 1.

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The stated mineralised intersections (Table 1) correspond to the lithium zones within pegmatites, or in some cases discrete tantalum zones with minor or no lithium. Recognition of the lithium zone from RC drill chip samples is achieved through recognition of the presence of distinctive lithium zone minerals that form the matrix surrounding spodumene crystals i.e., pale blue cleavelandite, green or pink elbaite, purple lepidolite, in addition to recognition of spodumene.

Next Steps

As announced previously, full control has been taken of the sample export process by bringing pulps back to Angola for export from Angola rather than export from Namibia, and this has proven to be far more reliable and time effective and the backlog of samples awaiting assay is now being processed rapidly.

The assay results of MRC43-MRC50, are expected to be received and announced before the end of July.

Additional regional exploration is planned after completion of the CSIRO Remote Sensing research being completed for Tyranna, which is expected to identify pegmatites with mineralisation potential that will be inspected.

Authorised by the Board of Tyranna Resources Ltd

Joe Graziano
Chairman

Competent Person's Statement

The information in this report that relates to exploration results for the Namibe Lithium Project is based on, and fairly represents, information and supporting geological information and documentation that has been compiled by Mr Peter Spitalny who is a Fellow of the AusIMM. Mr Spitalny is employed by Han-Ree Holdings Pty Ltd, through which he provides his services to Tyranna as an Executive Director; he is a shareholder of the company. Mr Spitalny has more than five years relevant experience in the exploration of pegmatites and qualifies as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves" (the JORC Code). Mr Spitalny consents to the inclusion of the information in this report in the form and context in which it appears.

Forward Looking Statement

This announcement may contain some references to forecasts, estimates, assumptions, and other forward-looking statements. Although the company believes that its expectations, estimates, and forecast outcomes are based on reasonable assumptions, it can give no assurance that they will be achieved. They may be affected by a variety of variables and changes in underlying assumptions that are subject to risk factors associated with the nature of the business, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed herein. All references to dollars (\$) and cents in this presentation are to Australian currency, unless otherwise stated. Investors should make and rely upon their own enquires and assessments before deciding to acquire or deal in the Company's securities.

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APPENDIX 1: ASSAY RESULTS

Drill-hole ID	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Method	ICP005	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005
				Units	%	ppm	%	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
				LLD	0.001	1		1	5	1	1000	5	
				rock composition	Li ₂ O	Cs	CS ₂ O	Ta	Ta ₂ O ₅	Nb	Sn	K	Rb
MRC35	NDP2196	68	69	Host Rock	0.045	20	21	<1		<5	3	6000	45
MRC35	NDP2197	69	70	Host Rock	0.116	90	95	<1		10	9	19000	215
MRC35	NDP2198	70	71	Pegmatite	0.028	49	52	3	4	10	10	35000	460
MRC35	NDP2199	71	72	Pegmatite	0.085	76	81	3	4	10	36	15000	300
MRC35	NDP2200	72	73	Pegmatite	0.068	33	35	3	4	<5	10	10000	160
MRC35	NDP2201	73	74	Pegmatite	0.005	16	17	2	2	<5	<1	15000	180
MRC35	NDP2202	74	75	Pegmatite	0.012	15	16	2	2	5	5	19000	240
MRC35	NDP2203	75	76	Pegmatite	0.007	23	24	1	1	<5	3	31000	405
MRC35	NDP2204	75	76	Pegmatite	0.009	23	24	3	4	5	7	36000	450
MRC35	NDP2205	N/A	N/A	Standard	0.693	150	159	365	446	40	416	21000	3575
MRC35	NDP2206	N/A	N/A	Blank	0.003	<1		1	1	10	23	<1000	10
MRC35	NDP2207	76	77	pegmatite	0.01	111	118	7	9	10	14	35000	645
MRC35	NDP2208	77	78	Pegmatite	0.005	100	106	3	4	<5	7	36000	600
MRC35	NDP2209	78	79	Pegmatite	0.005	28	30	1	1	<5	3	21000	240
MRC35	NDP2210	79	80	Host Rock	0.043	26	28	4	5	10	6	6000	80
MRC35	NDP2211	80	81	Pegmatite	0.015	20	21	5	6	10	4	44000	335
MRC35	NDP2212	81	82	Pegmatite	0.027	32	34	7	9	15	14	14000	170
MRC35	NDP2213	82	83	Peg & host	0.037	32	34	5	6	15	11	16000	185
MRC35	NDP2214	83	84	Peg & host	0.075	49	52	9	11	10	28	13000	260
MRC35	NDP2215	84	85	Peg & host	0.039	31	33	2	2	<5	17	9000	145
MRC35	NDP2216	85	86	Host Rock	0.014	18	19	<1		<5	5	6000	70
MRC35	NDP2217	86	87	Host Rock	0.015	13	14	<1		<5	<1	6000	45
MRC35	NDP2218	169	170	Host Rock	0.037	96	102	<1		<5	32	9000	95
MRC35	NDP2219	170	171	Host Rock	0.072	109	116	1	1	5	62	13000	160
MRC35	NDP2220	171	172	pegmatite	0.037	175	186	9	11	25	23	29000	485
MRC35	NDP2221	172	173	pegmatite	0.046	131	139	20	24	30	32	24000	405
MRC35	NDP2222	173	174	Host Rock	0.049	15	16	1	1	10	10	14000	75
MRC35	NDP2223	174	175	Host Rock	0.04	7	7	<1		<5	6	14000	60
MRC35	NDP2224	186	187	Host Rock	0.057	58	61	2	2	10	16	17000	145
MRC35	NDP2225	187	188	Host Rock	0.08	79	84	2	2	5	17	15000	170
MRC35	NDP2226	188	189	pegmatite	0.126	179	190	8	10	15	39	21000	400
MRC35	NDP2227	189	190	pegmatite	0.005	189	200	10	12	15	21	57000	995
MRC35	NDP2228	190	191	pegmatite	0.006	105	111	8	10	30	15	43000	650
MRC35	NDP2229	191	192	pegmatite	0.006	111	118	11	13	35	9	46000	690
MRC35	NDP2230	192	193	pegmatite	0.008	56	59	7	9	30	20	28000	415
MRC35	NDP2231	193	194	pegmatite	0.007	16	17	<1		<5	8	13000	105
MRC35	NDP2232	194	195	pegmatite	0.034	21	22	2	2	5	18	11000	80
MRC35	NDP2233	195	196	Host Rock	0.095	67	71	6	7	10	44	14000	155
MRC35	NDP2234	196	197	Host Rock	0.039	17	18	1	1	10	14	7000	40
MRC35	NDP2235	208	209	Host Rock	0.059	17	18	1	1	10	15	6000	30
MRC35	NDP2236	208	208	Host Rock	0.059	17	18	<1		10	22	6000	30
MRC35	NDP2237	N/A	N/A	Standard	1.75	179	190	143	175	55	282	29000	4660
MRC35	NDP2238	N/A	N/A	Blank	0.004	<1		<1		5	17	<1000	10
MRC35	NDP2239	209	210	Host Rock	0.044	57	60	10	12	15	27	42000	380
MRC35	NDP2240	210	211	Pegmatite	0.047	71	75	3	4	15	26	39000	365
MRC35	NDP2241	211	212	Pegmatite	0.024	33	35	2	2	10	30	18000	220

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APPENDIX 1: ASSAY RESULTS (continued)

Drill-hole ID	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Method	ICP005	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005
				Units	%	ppm	%	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
				LLD	0.001	1		1		5	1	1000	5
				rock composition	Li ₂ O	Cs	CS ₂ O	Ta	Ta ₂ O ₅	Nb	Sn	K	Rb
MRC35	NDP2242	212	213	Pegmatite	0.017	16	17	4	5	15	26	10000	105
MRC35	NDP2243	213	214	Pegmatite	0.018	100	106	2	2	<5	7	49000	505
MRC35	NDP2244	214	215	Pegmatite	0.037	95	101	4	5	10	30	36000	415
MRC35	NDP2245	215	216	Pegmatite	0.017	121	128	6	7	10	15	69000	825
MRC35	NDP2246	216	217	Pegmatite	0.028	68	72	4	5	10	21	77000	835
MRC35	NDP2247	217	218	Pegmatite	0.017	62	66	2	2	10	26	79000	885
MRC35	NDP2248	218	219	Pegmatite	0.058	109	116	95	116	155	32	40000	535
MRC35	NDP2249	219	220	Pegmatite	0.046	183	194	19	23	30	137	35000	490
MRC35	NDP2250	220	221	Pegmatite	0.015	24	25	2	2	<5	15	12000	140
MRC35	NDP2251	221	222	Pegmatite	0.04	61	65	3	4	15	24	58000	635
MRC35	NDP2252	222	223	Pegmatite	0.026	57	60	3	4	<5	16	84000	940
MRC35	NDP2253	223	224	Pegmatite	0.02	33	35	1	1	5	18	62000	665
MRC35	NDP2254	224	225	Pegmatite	0.02	77	82	7	9	<5	16	84000	1070
MRC35	NDP2255	225	226	Pegmatite	0.02	68	72	2	2	<5	13	83000	1025
MRC35	NDP2256	226	227	Pegmatite	0.022	72	76	2	2	<5	12	84000	1070
MRC35	NDP2257	227	228	Pegmatite	0.023	65	69	2	2	<5	11	71000	920
MRC35	NDP2258	228	229	Pegmatite	0.017	118	125	2	2	<5	17	80000	1075
MRC35	NDP2259	229	230	Pegmatite	0.02	140	148	3	4	5	15	67000	920
MRC35	NDP2260	230	231	Pegmatite	0.019	88	93	2	2	<5	14	86000	1060
MRC35	NDP2261	231	232	Pegmatite	0.021	107	113	9	11	10	19	82000	1005
MRC35	NDP2262	232	233	Pegmatite	0.031	58	61	20	24	15	59	27000	400
MRC35	NDP2263	233	234	Pegmatite	0.033	114	121	3	4	<5	23	55000	630
MRC35	NDP2264	234	235	Pegmatite	0.018	26	28	1	1	<5	16	9000	100
MRC35	NDP2265	235	236	Pegmatite	0.022	140	148	3	4	10	15	62000	680
MRC35	NDP2266	236	237	Pegmatite	0.023	138	146	4	5	10	22	58000	705
MRC35	NDP2267	237	238	Pegmatite	0.022	140	148	5	6	15	18	59000	765
MRC35	NDP2268	237	238	Pegmatite	0.022	152	161	4	5	10	18	65000	855
MRC35	NDP2269	N/A	N/A	Pegmatite	1.018	208	221	133	162	45	89	18000	3385
MRC35	NDP2270	N/A	N/A	Pegmatite	<0.001	<1		<1		10	17	<1000	10
MRC35	NDP2271	238	239	Pegmatite	0.02	137	145	6	7	15	16	64000	795
MRC35	NDP2272	239	240	Pegmatite	0.014	85	90	5	6	15	16	38000	395
MRC35	NDP2273	240	241	Pegmatite	0.015	125	133	3	4	10	21	51000	610
MRC35	NDP2274	241	242	Pegmatite	0.014	144	153	4	5	10	15	59000	750
MRC35	NDP2275	242	243	Pegmatite	0.022	200	212	3	4	10	13	78000	1015
MRC35	NDP2276	243	244	Pegmatite	0.028	166	176	5	6	15	16	59000	740
MRC35	NDP2277	244	245	Pegmatite	0.025	160	170	11	13	20	20	54000	685
MRC35	NDP2278	245	246	Pegmatite	0.019	38	40	2	2	10	16	24000	270
MRC35	NDP2279	246	247	Pegmatite	0.012	43	46	1	1	10	10	33000	325
MRC35	NDP2280	247	248	Pegmatite	0.053	50	53	3	4	15	21	42000	375
MRC35	NDP2281	248	249	Pegmatite	0.022	59	63	3	4	10	15	61000	545
MRC35	NDP2282	249	250	Pegmatite	0.018	128	136	5	6	10	16	69000	765
MRC35	NDP2283	250	251	Pegmatite	0.03	62	66	23	28	50	31	28000	340
MRC35	NDP2284	251	252	Pegmatite	0.019	51	54	3	4	10	15	46000	470
MRC35	NDP2285	252	253	Pegmatite	0.025	35	37	3	4	10	12	31000	305
MRC35	NDP2286	253	254	Pegmatite	0.009	45	48	8	10	20	10	40000	440
MRC35	NDP2287	254	255	Pegmatite	0.009	57	60	4	5	15	14	55000	560
MRC35	NDP2288	255	256	Pegmatite	0.014	34	36	2	2	<5	10	55000	475

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Drill-hole ID	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Method	ICP005	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005
				Units	%	ppm	%	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
				LLD	0.001	1		1		5	1	1000	5
				rock composition	Li ₂ O	Cs	CS ₂ O	Ta	Ta ₂ O ₅	Nb	Sn	K	Rb
MRC35	NDP2289	256	257	Peg & host	0.023	18	19	5	6	<5	8	25000	185
MRC35	NDP2290	257	258	Host Rock	0.071	19	20	<1		<5	3	13000	75
MRC38	NDP2291	44	45	Host rock	0.009	13	14	6	7	10	18	3000	35
MRC38	NDP2292	45	46	Host rock and Pegmatite	0.018	42	45	17	21	20	16	12000	150
MRC38	NDP2293	46	47	Pegmatite	0.006	22	23	3	4	<5	7	35000	325
MRC38	NDP2294	47	48	Pegmatite	<0.001	9	10	2	2	<5	4	31000	290
MRC38	NDP2295	48	49	Pegmatite	0.003	12	13	4	5	15	7	37000	340
MRC38	NDP2296	49	50	Pegmatite	0.001	20	21	1	1	<5	7	51000	470
MRC38	NDP2297	50	51	Pegmatite	0.003	30	32	1	1	15	23	58000	545
MRC38	NDP2298	51	52	Pegmatite	0.005	22	23	2	2	10	11	52000	455
MRC38	NDP2299	52	53	Host rock	0.045	52	55	2	2	15	15	17000	230
MRC38	NDP2300	52	53	Host rock	0.047	53	56	2	2	15	13	19000	240
MRC38	NDP2301	N/A	N/A	Standard	0.73	151	160	397	485	50	434	22000	3715
MRC38	NDP2302	N/A	N/A	Blank	0.003	<1		2	2	15	20	<1000	10
MRC38	NDP2303	53	54	Pegmatite	0.022	28	30	8	10	20	12	37000	350
MRC38	NDP2304	54	55	Pegmatite	0.008	22	23	2	2	10	11	57000	505
MRC38	NDP2305	55	56	Pegmatite	0.007	16	17	2	2	15	12	42000	355
MRC38	NDP2306	56	57	Pegmatite	0.005	9	10	3	4	15	17	19000	160
MRC38	NDP2307	57	58	Pegmatite	0.003	8	8	2	2	15	14	27000	235
MRC38	NDP2308	58	59	Pegmatite	0.006	15	16	<1		10	11	48000	420
MRC38	NDP2309	59	60	Pegmatite	0.006	10	11	<1		10	10	25000	225
MRC38	NDP2310	60	61	Pegmatite	0.011	10	11	<1		10	9	31000	260
MRC38	NDP2311	61	62	Pegmatite	0.012	15	16	2	2	20	10	40000	375
MRC38	NDP2312	62	63	Pegmatite	0.014	18	19	8	10	35	10	36000	405
MRC38	NDP2313	63	64	Pegmatite	0.008	12	13	1	1	15	16	39000	355
MRC38	NDP2314	64	65	Pegmatite	0.005	10	11	<1		10	7	36000	310
MRC38	NDP2315	65	66	Pegmatite	0.006	15	16	<1		10	12	53000	450
MRC38	NDP2316	66	67	Pegmatite	0.007	29	31	2	2	10	11	68000	665
MRC38	NDP2317	67	68	Pegmatite	0.009	27	29	1	1	15	14	67000	605
MRC38	NDP2318	68	69	Pegmatite	0.009	28	30	1	1	15	12	76000	675
MRC38	NDP2319	69	70	Pegmatite	0.008	21	22	<1		10	13	66000	575
MRC38	NDP2320	70	71	Pegmatite	0.008	16	17	<1		10	4	56000	450
MRC38	NDP2321	71	72	Pegmatite	0.008	21	22	<1		10	9	63000	550
MRC38	NDP2322	72	73	Pegmatite	0.008	16	17	<1		10	7	58000	495
MRC38	NDP2323	73	74	Pegmatite	0.007	14	15	<1		5	4	51000	405
MRC38	NDP2324	74	75	Pegmatite	0.011	18	19	<1		10	4	56000	485
MRC38	NDP2325	75	76	Pegmatite	0.008	20	21	<1		5	4	64000	555
MRC38	NDP2326	76	77	Pegmatite	0.008	20	21	<1		10	6	65000	560
MRC38	NDP2327	77	78	Pegmatite	0.009	22	23	2	2	15	7	71000	615
MRC38	NDP2328	78	79	Pegmatite	0.005	12	13	1	1	10	3	39000	320
MRC38	NDP2329	79	80	Pegmatite	0.009	17	18	1	1	10	5	57000	535
MRC38	NDP2330	80	81	Pegmatite	0.015	10	11	1	1	10	2	39000	325
MRC38	NDP2331	81	82	Pegmatite	0.008	11	12	2	2	10	<1	41000	330
MRC38	NDP2332	81	82	Pegmatite	0.008	12	13	2	2	10	2	45000	375
MRC38	NDP2333	N/A	N/A	Standard	1.724	174	184	133	162	55	272	28000	4585
MRC38	NDP2334	N/A	N/A	Blank	0.006	<1		<1		10	5	<1000	10
MRC38	NDP2335	82	83	Pegmatite	0.01	11	12	2	2	15	8	43000	355

SECURING FUTURE LITHIUM SUPPLY IN AFRICA

APPENDIX 1: ASSAY RESULTS (continued)

Drill-hole ID	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Method	ICP005	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005
				Units	%	ppm	%	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
				LLD	0.001	1		1		5	1	1000	5
				rock composition	Li ₂ O	Cs	CS ₂ O	Ta	Ta ₂ O ₅	Nb	Sn	K	Rb
MRC38	NDP2336	83	84	Pegmatite	0.008	11	12	3	4	20	8	38000	290
MRC38	NDP2337	84	85	Pegmatite	0.009	13	14	3	4	15	<1	37000	280
MRC38	NDP2338	85	86	Pegmatite	0.057	56	59	14	17	30	12	21000	250
MRC38	NDP2339	86	87	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.068	59	63	2	2	15	11	24000	290
MRC38	NDP2340	87	88	Pegmatite	0.009	18	19	3	4	15	6	39000	340
MRC38	NDP2341	88	89	Pegmatite	0.005	17	18	1	1	10	7	29000	235
MRC38	NDP2342	89	90	Host rock and Pegmatite	0.011	10	11	6	7	10	8	11000	75
MRC38	NDP2343	90	91	Host rock	0.02	6	6	<1		10	11	6000	30
MRC38	NDP2344	197	198	Host rock	0.068	19	20	<1		10	8	9000	35
MRC38	NDP2345	198	199	Host rock	0.082	44	47	<1		10	9	10000	75
MRC38	NDP2346	199	200	Pegmatite	0.015	36	38	8	10	15	29	31000	255
MRC38	NDP2347	200	201	Pegmatite	0.012	40	42	7	9	15	28	29000	260
MRC38	NDP2348	201	202	Pegmatite	0.016	51	54	8	10	10	177	39000	400
MRC38	NDP2349	202	203	Pegmatite	0.026	30	32	6	7	15	65	19000	190
MRC38	NDP2350	203	204	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.047	40	42	2	2	10	20	28000	215
MRC38	NDP2351	204	205	Host rock	0.062	23	24	<1		10	9	12000	70
MRC38	NDP2352	205	206	Host rock	0.038	8	8	<1		10	6	10000	40
MRC38	NDP2353	260	261	Host rock	0.047	14	15	<1		10	8	5000	15
MRC38	NDP2354	261	262	Host rock	0.041	10	11	<1		10	8	4000	10
MRC38	NDP2355	262	263	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.026	34	36	3	4	15	72	11000	165
MRC38	NDP2356	263	264	Pegmatite	0.014	11	12	3	4	15	20	4000	55
MRC38	NDP2357	264	265	Pegmatite	0.023	16	17	2	2	10	17	5000	80
MRC38	NDP2358	265	266	Pegmatite	0.022	21	22	1	1	5	14	5000	65
MRC38	NDP2359	266	267	Pegmatite	0.022	19	20	2	2	5	15	4000	65
MRC38	NDP2360	267	268	Pegmatite	0.023	116	123	2	2	10	23	49000	860
MRC38	NDP2361	268	269	Pegmatite	0.034	264	280	5	6	10	17	74000	1570
MRC38	NDP2362	269	270	Pegmatite	0.034	129	137	4	5	10	37	45000	815
MRC38	NDP2363	270	271	Pegmatite	0.084	73	77	11	13	15	116	14000	285
MRC38	NDP2364	270	271	Pegmatite	0.072	78	83	6	7	10	49	14000	265
MRC38	NDP2365	N/A	N/A	Standard	1.047	214	227	131	160	45	87	18000	3435
MRC38	NDP2366	N/A	N/A	Blank	0.003	<1		<1		5	9	<1000	5
MRC38	NDP2367	271	272	Pegmatite	0.077	77	82	12	15	20	40	9000	175
MRC38	NDP2368	272	273	Pegmatite	0.086	51	54	10	12	25	45	5000	115
MRC38	NDP2369	273	274	Pegmatite	0.079	60	64	18	22	55	51	6000	170
MRC38	NDP2370	274	275	Pegmatite	0.111	94	100	16	20	55	71	11000	375
MRC38	NDP2371	275	276	Pegmatite	0.082	165	175	11	13	45	65	35000	955
MRC38	NDP2372	276	277	Pegmatite	0.417	404	428	13	16	40	88	59000	1660
MRC38	NDP2373	277	278	Pegmatite	0.094	99	105	22	27	120	51	8000	270
MRC38	NDP2374	278	279	Pegmatite	0.063	60	64	5	6	30	31	8000	180
MRC38	NDP2375	279	280	Pegmatite	0.064	153	162	3	4	15	31	45000	860
MRC38	NDP2376	280	281	Pegmatite	0.076	163	173	4	5	15	29	46000	920
MRC38	NDP2377	281	282	Pegmatite	0.027	45	48	3	4	10	24	7000	145
MRC38	NDP2378	282	283	Pegmatite	0.69	201	213	37	45	55	143	16000	520
MRC38	NDP2379	283	284	Pegmatite	0.09	66	70	8	10	20	99	7000	195
MRC38	NDP2380	284	285	Pegmatite	0.256	200	212	30	37	60	193	16000	475
MRC38	NDP2381	285	286	Pegmatite	0.135	48	51	6	7	20	50	6000	155
MRC38	NDP2382	286	287	Pegmatite	0.095	95	101	12	15	10	40	10000	205

SECURING FUTURE LITHIUM SUPPLY IN AFRICA

APPENDIX 1: ASSAY RESULTS (continued)

Drill-hole ID	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Method	ICP005	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005
				Units	%	ppm	%	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
				LLD	0.001	1		1		5	1	1000	5
				rock composition	Li ₂ O	Cs	CS ₂ O	Ta	Ta ₂ O ₅	Nb	Sn	K	Rb
MRC38	NDP2383	287	288	Pegmatite	0.133	259	275	22	27	20	31	36000	720
MRC38	NDP2384	288	289	Pegmatite	0.105	62	66	7	9	15	27	8000	165
MRC38	NDP2385	289	290	Pegmatite	0.056	25	27	4	5	10	24	3000	60
MRC38	NDP2386	290	291	Pegmatite	0.044	19	20	3	4	10	17	2000	35
MRC38	NDP2387	291	292	Pegmatite	0.047	26	28	6	7	25	30	3000	75
MRC37	NDP2388	0	1	PF and Pegmatite	0.081	70	74	6	7	30	77	13000	430
MRC37	NDP2389	1	2	Pegmatite	0.062	39	41	3	4	20	85	8000	370
MRC37	NDP2390	2	3	Pegmatite	0.045	26	28	4	5	15	69	4000	190
MRC37	NDP2391	3	4	Pegmatite	0.075	34	36	9	11	30	78	10000	400
MRC37	NDP2392	4	5	Pegmatite	0.05	22	23	5	6	25	49	6000	205
MRC37	NDP2393	5	6	Pegmatite	0.04	15	16	4	5	10	35	4000	140
MRC37	NDP2394	6	7	Pegmatite	0.034	17	18	3	4	20	53	3000	125
MRC37	NDP2395	7	8	Pegmatite	0.067	25	27	4	5	30	58	8000	280
MRC37	NDP2396	7	8	Pegmatite	0.064	25	27	3	4	35	57	8000	285
MRC37	NDP2397	N/A	N/A	Standard	0.729	152	161	406	496	45	411	23000	3860
MRC37	NDP2398	N/A	N/A	Blank	0.004	<1		<1		10	19	<1000	<5
MRC37	NDP2399	8	9	Pegmatite	0.021	9	10	3	4	20	30	2000	55
MRC37	NDP2400	9	10	Pegmatite	0.014	10	11	5	6	25	20	<1000	25
MRC37	NDP2401	10	11	Pegmatite	0.048	19	20	14	17	35	87	5000	190
MRC37	NDP2402	11	12	Pegmatite	0.063	25	27	12	15	40	86	7000	260
MRC37	NDP2403	12	13	Pegmatite	0.143	96	102	20	24	60	200	16000	710
MRC37	NDP2404	13	14	Pegmatite	0.18	103	109	10	12	30	75	11000	700
MRC37	NDP2405	14	15	Pegmatite	0.053	42	45	5	6	15	29	2000	125
MRC37	NDP2406	15	16	Pegmatite	0.077	44	47	15	18	35	59	5000	280
MRC37	NDP2407	16	17	Pegmatite	0.084	69	73	51	62	80	1366	3000	125
MRC37	NDP2408	17	18	Pegmatite	0.179	90	95	41	50	60	1117	7000	345
MRC37	NDP2409	18	19	Pegmatite	0.079	51	54	18	22	35	282	6000	255
MRC37	NDP2410	19	20	Pegmatite	0.073	45	48	6	7	20	70	4000	200
MRC37	NDP2411	20	21	Pegmatite	0.068	31	33	6	7	15	40	3000	160
MRC37	NDP2412	21	22	Pegmatite	0.892	240	254	11	13	25	84	9000	715
MRC37	NDP2413	22	23	Pegmatite	4.913	585	620	41	50	20	198	9000	1230
MRC37	NDP2414	23	24	Pegmatite	1.756	449	476	26	32	30	137	11000	1300
MRC37	NDP2415	24	25	Pegmatite	4.516	556	589	43	53	35	134	12000	1350
MRC37	NDP2416	25	26	Pegmatite	3.77	900	954	68	83	60	155	21000	2615
MRC37	NDP2417	26	27	Pegmatite	3.161	924	980	70	85	60	139	25000	3160
MRC37	NDP2418	27	28	Pegmatite	2.718	1770	1877	86	105	90	143	50000	6110
MRC37	NDP2419	28	29	Pegmatite	2.559	867	919	497	607	225	17669	29000	3275
MRC37	NDP2420	29	30	Pegmatite	3.4	1295	1373	82	100	90	570	41000	5085
MRC37	NDP2421	30	31	Pegmatite	4.862	654	693	65	79	55	206	16000	2010
MRC37	NDP2422	31	32	Pegmatite	2.846	246	261	32	39	55	225	11000	820
MRC37	NDP2423	32	33	Pegmatite	1.716	154	163	39	48	55	311	8000	485
MRC37	NDP2424	33	34	Pegmatite	3.699	97	103	31	38	55	700	4000	230
MRC37	NDP2425	34	35	Pegmatite	0.221	61	65	15	18	55	407	9000	320
MRC37	NDP2426	35	36	Pegmatite	0.188	58	61	12	15	60	119	17000	625
MRC37	NDP2427	36	37	Pegmatite	0.031	18	19	5	6	15	15	2000	40
MRC37	NDP2428	36	37	Pegmatite	0.045	20	21	5	6	20	16	2000	40
MRC37	NDP2429	N/A	N/A	Standard	1.769	179	190	134	164	60	296	29000	4675

SECURING FUTURE LITHIUM SUPPLY IN AFRICA

APPENDIX 1: ASSAY RESULTS (continued)

Drill-hole ID	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Method	ICP005	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005
				Units	%	ppm	%	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
				LLD	0.001	1		1		5	1	1000	5
				rock composition	Li ₂ O	Cs	CS ₂ O	Ta	Ta ₂ O ₅	Nb	Sn	K	Rb
MRC37	NDP2430	N/A	N/A	Blank	0.002	2	2	<1		15	13	<1000	15
MRC37	NDP2431	37	38	Pegmatite	0.764	57	60	17	21	35	212	5000	185
MRC37	NDP2432	38	39	Pegmatite	2.486	136	144	42	51	50	218	7000	375
MRC37	NDP2433	39	40	Pegmatite	0.296	122	129	50	61	55	408	4000	275
MRC37	NDP2434	40	41	Pegmatite	3.096	1175	1246	72	88	45	213	24000	2985
MRC37	NDP2435	41	42	Pegmatite	1.6	795	843	84	103	120	283	12000	1530
MRC37	NDP2436	42	43	Pegmatite	3.263	1109	1176	56	68	70	214	26000	3385
MRC37	NDP2437	43	44	Pegmatite	2.798	168	178	26	32	40	325	7000	500
MRC37	NDP2438	44	45	Pegmatite	0.085	32	34	13	16	25	22	3000	80
MRC37	NDP2439	45	46	Pegmatite	0.06	18	19	14	17	20	<1	3000	45
MRC37	NDP2440	46	47	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.23	138	146	6	7	10	19	6000	230
MRC37	NDP2441	47	48	Host Rock	0.165	65	69	3	4	10	36	5000	100
MRC37	NDP2442	48	49	Host Rock	0.078	37	39	<1		10	14	3000	40
MRC37	NDP2443	51	52	Host Rock	0.027	17	18	<1		10	11	1000	10
MRC37	NDP2444	52	53	Host Rock	0.033	92	98	<1		10	19	6000	155
MRC37	NDP2445	53	54	Pegmatite	0.072	196	208	5	6	5	9	11000	345
MRC37	NDP2446	54	55	Pegmatite	0.009	18	19	25	31	15	4	10000	210
MRC37	NDP2447	55	56	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.583	208	221	4	5	15	24	13000	375
MRC37	NDP2448	56	57	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.522	224	237	3	4	15	31	13000	415
MRC37	NDP2449	57	58	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.375	193	205	11	13	30	20	12000	375
MRC37	NDP2450	58	59	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.273	115	122	12	15	20	44	10000	265
MRC37	NDP2451	59	60	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.284	350	371	4	5	15	50	22000	660
MRC37	NDP2452	60	61	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.109	91	96	9	11	15	19	7000	195
MRC37	NDP2453	61	62	Pegmatite	0.208	213	226	6	7	15	24	14000	505
MRC37	NDP2454	62	63	Pegmatite	0.027	21	22	2	2	10	16	2000	50
MRC37	NDP2455	63	64	Host Rock	0.607	228	242	4	5	15	51	17000	590
MRC37	NDP2456	64	65	Pegmatite	0.49	155	164	3	4	10	33	12000	430
MRC37	NDP2457	65	66	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.199	131	139	6	7	15	41	9000	340
MRC37	NDP2458	66	67	Pegmatite	0.035	15	16	4	5	10	11	2000	40
MRC37	NDP2459	67	68	Host Rock	0.118	78	83	2	2	15	23	5000	150
MRC37	NDP2460	67	68	Host Rock	0.127	98	104	3	4	15	35	6000	195
MRC37	NDP2461	N/A	N/A	Standard	1.033	210	223	122	149	40	84	18000	3310
MRC37	NDP2462	N/A	N/A	Blank	<0.001	<1		<1		10	16	<1000	10
MRC37	NDP2463	68	69	Host Rock	0.17	50	53	3	4	10	19	4000	85
MRC37	NDP2464	69	70	Pegmatite	0.053	31	33	5	6	10	31	3000	75
MRC37	NDP2465	70	71	Pegmatite	0.333	240	254	4	5	15	29	13000	520
MRC37	NDP2466	71	72	Pegmatite	0.033	30	32	11	13	35	12	3000	85
MRC37	NDP2467	72	73	Pegmatite	0.057	41	43	25	31	85	28	5000	165
MRC37	NDP2468	73	74	Pegmatite	0.02	13	14	9	11	40	22	3000	60
MRC37	NDP2469	74	75	Pegmatite	0.023	6	6	2	2	15	26	2000	25
MRC37	NDP2470	75	76	Pegmatite	0.045	9	10	4	5	20	29	3000	40
MRC37	NDP2471	76	77	Pegmatite	0.025	5	5	3	4	25	47	3000	25
MRC37	NDP2472	77	78	Pegmatite	0.051	5	5	2	2	<5	3	2000	15
MRC37	NDP2473	78	79	Pegmatite	0.013	6	6	3	4	5	8	3000	25
MRC37	NDP2474	79	80	Pegmatite	0.016	13	14	3	4	<5	2	4000	35
MRC37	NDP2475	80	81	Pegmatite	0.011	6	6	2	2	<5	11	4000	25
MRC37	NDP2476	81	82	Pegmatite	0.015	7	7	<1		<5	6	5000	30

SECURING FUTURE LITHIUM SUPPLY IN AFRICA

APPENDIX 1: ASSAY RESULTS (continued)

Drill-hole ID	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Method	ICP005	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005
				Units	%	ppm	%	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
				LLD	0.001	1		1		5	1	1000	5
				rock composition	Li2O	Cs	CS2O	Ta	Ta2O5	Nb	Sn	K	Rb
MRC37	NDP2477	82	83	Pegmatite	0.017	6	6	2	2	5	3	5000	30
MRC37	NDP2478	83	84	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.082	46	49	3	4	5	10	12000	165
MRC37	NDP2479	84	85	Host rock	0.061	26	28	<1		<5	<1	8000	110
MRC37	NDP2480	85	86	Host rock	0.045	17	18	<1		10	13	5000	65
MRC39	NDP2481	1	2	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.063	53	56	3	4	15	17	7000	135
MRC39	NDP2482	2	3	Pegmatite	0.052	40	42	5	6	15	14	8000	145
MRC39	NDP2483	3	4	Pegmatite	0.019	13	14	3	4	15	24	8000	80
MRC39	NDP2484	4	5	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.026	19	20	2	2	<5	<1	4000	60
MRC39	NDP2485	5	6	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.043	47	50	5	6	5	8	7000	145
MRC39	NDP2486	6	7	Pegmatite	0.02	40	42	7	9	15	17	8000	120
MRC39	NDP2487	7	8	Pegmatite	0.017	27	29	2	2	<5	6	5000	55
MRC39	NDP2488	8	9	Pegmatite	0.011	15	16	4	5	<5	4	2000	30
MRC39	NDP2489	9	10	Pegmatite	0.029	6	6	10	12	5	14	1000	15
MRC39	NDP2490	10	11	Pegmatite	0.091	191	202	20	24	20	20	9000	265
MRC39	NDP2491	11	12	Host Rock	0.056	19	20	1	1	10	5	4000	30
MRC39	NDP2492	11	12	Host Rock	0.055	27	29	1	1	20	16	4000	45
MRC39	NDP2493	N/A	N/A	Standard	0.708	153	162	410	501	50	456	22000	3590
MRC39	NDP2494	N/A	N/A	Blank	<0.001	<1		2	2	15	26	<1000	10
MRC39	NDP2495	12	13	Host Rock	0.053	14	15	<1		10	8	4000	25
MRC40	NDP2496	1	2	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.033	21	22	1	1	15	9	6000	45
MRC40	NDP2497	2	3	Pegmatite	0.005	7	7	8	10	10	<1	6000	50
MRC40	NDP2498	3	4	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.014	13	14	2	2	10	4	4000	30
MRC40	NDP2499	4	5	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.032	33	35	2	2	10	9	6000	55
MRC40	NDP2500	5	6	Pegmatite	0.021	12	13	4	5	10	9	2000	30
MRC40	NDP2501	6	7	Pegmatite	0.011	4	4	1	1	10	6	1000	15
MRC40	NDP2502	7	8	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.055	69	73	1	1	5	14	7000	115
MRC40	NDP2503	8	9	Host Rock	0.026	7	7	<1		15	10	5000	15
MRC40	NDP2504	9	10	Host Rock	0.045	41	43	1	1	5	21	6000	65
MRC40	NDP2505	10	11	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.041	56	59	6	7	15	6	9000	140
MRC40	NDP2506	11	12	Pegmatite	0.013	16	17	6	7	15	4	9000	95
MRC40	NDP2507	12	13	Pegmatite	0.009	5	5	3	4	10	4	6000	45
MRC40	NDP2508	13	14	Pegmatite	0.019	9	10	2	2	10	8	5000	50
MRC40	NDP2509	14	15	Pegmatite	0.013	30	32	2	2	<5	11	5000	75
MRC40	NDP2510	15	16	Pegmatite	0.013	45	48	6	7	15	13	7000	115
MRC40	NDP2511	16	17	Pegmatite	0.018	51	54	5	6	15	12	7000	125
MRC40	NDP2512	17	18	Pegmatite	0.022	43	46	6	7	10	15	7000	130
MRC40	NDP2513	18	19	Pegmatite	0.032	32	34	3	4	15	13	6000	105
MRC40	NDP2514	19	20	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.023	14	15	1	1	15	9	7000	55
MRC40	NDP2515	20	21	Host rock	0.062	24	25	<1		15	8	8000	40
MRC40	NDP2516	21	22	Host rock	0.055	8	8	<1		10	<1	9000	30
MRC41	NDP2517	1	2	Pegmatite	0.032	34	36	2	2	10	4	6000	55
MRC41	NDP2518	2	3	Pegmatite	0.021	12	13	5	6	10	2	3000	30
MRC41	NDP2519	3	4	Pegmatite	0.011	4	4	1	1	10	9	1000	15
MRC41	NDP2520	4	5	Pegmatite	0.053	64	68	2	2	10	13	7000	115
MRC41	NDP2521	5	6	Pegmatite	0.025	7	7	<1		15	13	5000	15
MRC41	NDP2522	6	7	Pegmatite	0.016	68	72	35	43	55	10	33000	565
MRC41	NDP2523	7	8	Pegmatite	0.008	25	27	46	56	70	10	9000	140

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APPENDIX 1: ASSAY RESULTS (continued)

Drill-hole ID	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Method	ICP005	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	calculated	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005	ICP005
				Units	%	ppm	%	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
				LLD	0.001	1		1		5	1	1000	5
				rock composition	Li2O	Cs	CS2O	Ta	Ta2O5	Nb	Sn	K	Rb
MRC41	NDP2524	7	8	Pegmatite	0.009	20	21	55	67	90	8	9000	140
MRC41	NDP2525	N/A	N/A	Standard	1.721	176	187	132	161	60	282	28000	4450
MRC41	NDP2526	N/A	N/A	Blank	0.007	<1		<1		10	21	<1000	5
MRC41	NDP2527	8	9	Pegmatite	0.01	38	40	35	43	70	16	15000	275
MRC41	NDP2528	9	10	Pegmatite	0.009	47	50	14	17	20	7	10000	205
MRC41	NDP2529	10	11	Pegmatite	0.01	9	10	5	6	15	15	3000	40
MRC41	NDP2530	11	12	Pegmatite	0.025	36	38	25	31	25	15	11000	190
MRC41	NDP2531	12	13	Pegmatite	0.021	26	28	4	5	20	14	5000	100
MRC41	NDP2532	13	14	Pegmatite	0.043	52	55	6	7	15	13	8000	130
MRC41	NDP2533	14	15	Host rock	0.062	27	29	<1		10	9	6000	40
MRC41	NDP2534	15	16	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.047	18	19	<1		10	4	4000	20
MRC41	NDP2535	16	17	Host rock and Pegmatite	0.04	24	25	<1		10	6	6000	20
MRC41	NDP2536	17	18	Host rock and Pegmatite	0.052	93	99	<1		10	7	9000	105
MRC41	NDP2537	18	19	Host rock	0.026	13	14	<1		10	7	6000	10
MRC41	NDP2538	19	20	Pegmatite	0.031	25	27	<1		10	8	5000	25
MRC41	NDP2539	20	21	Host rock	0.028	13	14	<1		15	8	5000	10
MRC41	NDP2540	21	22	Host rock	0.015	1	1	<1		10	<1	5000	<5
MRC42	NDP2541	4	5	Host rock	0.01	3	3	<1		10	11	1000	<5
MRC42	NDP2542	5	6	Host rock and Pegmatite	0.042	57	60	5	6	5	14	7000	145
MRC42	NDP2543	6	7	Pegmatite	0.014	20	21	5	6	10	7	5000	45
MRC42	NDP2544	7	8	Pegmatite	0.048	60	64	2	2	15	11	6000	110
MRC42	NDP2545	8	9	Host rock and Pegmatite	0.128	213	226	2	2	15	31	11000	240
MRC42	NDP2546	9	10	Host rock	0.112	156	165	<1		15	16	10000	125
MRC42	NDP2547	26	27	Host rock	0.019	19	20	2	2	15	18	3000	25
MRC42	NDP2548	27	28	Host rock	0.016	23	24	<1		15	28	2000	35
MRC42	NDP2549	28	29	Pegmatite	0.039	97	103	2	2	20	33	6000	175
MRC42	NDP2550	29	30	Pegmatite	0.182	432	458	26	32	70	71	25000	800
MRC42	NDP2551	30	31	Pegmatite	0.05	75	80	9	11	20	27	6000	150
MRC42	NDP2552	31	32	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.066	104	110	9	11	15	20	9000	210
MRC42	NDP2553	32	33	Host rock	0.007	8	8	<1		10	13	2000	15
MRC42	NDP2554	33	34	Host rock	0.005	3	3	<1		15	17	1000	5
MRC42	NDP2555	70	71	Host rock	0.092	5	5	<1		10	4	10000	35
MRC42	NDP2556	70	71	Host rock	0.088	5	5	<1		10	5	10000	35
MRC42	NDP2557	N/A	N/A	Standard	1.054	211	224	128	156	40	86	18000	3405
MRC42	NDP2558	N/A	N/A	Blank	0.007	<1		<1		10	16	<1000	10
MRC42	NDP2559	71	72	Host rock	0.098	18	19	<1		10	11	11000	50
MRC42	NDP2560	72	73	Pegmatite	0.063	26	28	3	4	10	16	8000	70
MRC42	NDP2561	73	74	Pegmatite	0.015	7	7	7	9	10	17	4000	60
MRC42	NDP2562	74	75	Pegmatite	0.02	9	10	8	10	10	22	3000	60
MRC42	NDP2563	75	76	Pegmatite	0.017	13	14	9	11	15	23	4000	60
MRC42	NDP2564	76	77	Pegmatite	0.034	41	43	9	11	15	20	6000	135
MRC42	NDP2565	77	78	Host rock	0.073	26	28	<1		10	7	5000	80
MRC42	NDP2566	78	79	Host rock	0.069	20	21	<1		10	12	5000	40
MRC42	NDP2567	79	80	Host rock	0.093	18	19	<1		10	14	5000	40
MRC42	NDP2568	80	81	Pegmatite and Host rock	0.257	97	103	1	1	10	7	8000	195
MRC42	NDP2569	81	82	Pegmatite	0.018	17	18	7	9	15	12	2000	25
MRC42	NDP2570	82	83	Pegmatite	0.046	55	58	5	6	15	11	3000	95
MRC42	NDP2571	83	84	Pegmatite	0.112	94	100	17	21	30	67	4000	175
MRC42	NDP2572	84	85	Pegmatite	0.011	15	16	10	12	20	4	2000	25
MRC42	NDP2573	85	86	Host rock	0.055	57	60	<1		10	4	8000	70
MRC42	NDP2574	86	87	Host rock	0.034	14	15	<1		10	2	5000	20

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APPENDIX 2: SUMMARY GEOLOGY LOGS

Drill-hole I.D.	From (m)	To (m)	length (m)	Lithology	Comments
MRC35	0	70	70	host rock	
MRC35	70	79	9	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC35	79	80	1	host rock	
MRC35	80	81	1	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC35	81	171	90	host rock	
MRC35	171	173	2	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC35	173	189	16	host rock	
MRC35	189	195	6	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC35	195	209	14	host rock	
MRC35	209	257	46	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC35	257	295 (EOH)	38	host rock	
MRC38	0	46	46	host rock	
MRC38	46	52	6	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC38	52	53	1	host rock	
MRC38	53	85	12	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC38	85	87	2	host rock	
MRC38	87	89	2	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC38	89	199	110	host rock	
MRC38	199	203	4	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC38	203	263	60	host rock	
MRC38	263	292 (EOH)	29	pegmatite	spodumene present* ²
MRC37	0	46	46	pegmatite	spodumene present* ²
MRC37	46	53	7	host rock	
MRC37	53	55	2	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC37	55	61	6	mixed host & pegmatite	
MRC37	61	63	2	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC37	63	64	1	host rock	
MRC37	64	67	3	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC37	67	69	2	host rock	
MRC37	69	83	14	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC37	83	90 (EOH)	7	host rock	
MRC39	0	11	11	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC39	11	133 (EOH)	122	host rock	
MRC40	0	1	1	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC40	1	2	1	mixed host & pegmatite	
MRC40	2	3	1	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC40	3	5	2	mixed host & pegmatite	
MRC40	5	7	2	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC40	7	10	3	host rock	
MRC40	10	19	9	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC40	19	126 (EOH)	107	host rock	
MRC41	0	14	14	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC41	14	19	5		
MRC41	19	20	1	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC41	20	180 (EOH)	160	host rock	
MRC42	0	6	6	host rock	
MRC42	6	8	2	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC42	8	28	20	host rock	
MRC42	28	31	3	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC42	31	72	41	host rock	
MRC42	72	77	5	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC42	77	81	4	host rock	
MRC42	81	85	4	pegmatite	spodumene not seen* ¹
MRC42	85	126 (EOH)	41	host rock	

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JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1 report template

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	<p>□ Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</p> <p>□ Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</p> <p>□ Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.</p> <p>□ In cases where ‘industry standard’ work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg ‘reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay’). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain samples from each 1 meter down-hole interval of every drill-hole. Samples were collected as 1-meter splits derived from a cone-splitter beneath the dump box at the base of the cyclone. Sample mass was approximately 3kg, which was delivered to ALS Okahandja (Namibia), for processing by sample preparation method PREP-22, where the entire samples were coarse crushed and pulverized to achieve particle sizes of which 85% pass through 75 microns. A 100g sub-sample was split and packaged for export to Nagrom Laboratory, Perth, Western Australia, for assay. Sample representivity was ensured through collection of samples as 1-meter splits derived from a cone-splitter beneath the dump box at the base of the cyclone. Consistency of the sample mass of the 1-meter splits delivered by the cone-splitter was monitored to achieve consistent masses of approximately 3kg, depending upon total sample recovery of the 1 meter interval.

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<p><i>Drilling techniques</i></p>	<p>□ <i>Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reverse Circulation Percussion (RC) drilling, utilizing a 135mm diameter face-sampling bit.
<p><i>Drill sample recovery</i></p>	<p>□ <i>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</i></p> <p>□ <i>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</i></p> <p>□ <i>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sample recovery for each 1-metre down-hole interval of every drill-hole was monitored and assessed through inspected of the volume of the sample and was recorded. • Sample recovery was maximized through implementation of industry standard drilling protocols, including pausing at the end of each 1-meter interval with use of air to flush-out excess cuttings. • Drill-sample recovery was consistently high. • As sample recovery was consistently high, all fractions of the sample were collected, preventing sample bias through preferential loss or gain of fine or coarse material.
<p><i>Logging</i></p>	<p>□ <i>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</i></p> <p>□ <i>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</i></p> <p>□ <i>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The chips from RC holes are logged according to lithology and mineralogy in sufficient detail sufficient to support Mineral Resource estimates, mining, and metallurgical studies. Logging included lithology, mineral composition, recovery and intensity of weathering. • Logging was recorded on standard logging descriptive sheets and then entered into Excel tables. • Logging is qualitative in nature. All chip trays are photographed. • 100% of all drill-holes were geologically logged.
<p><i>Sub-sampling techniques</i></p>	<p>□ <i>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Each 1-meter split sample had a mass of approximately 3kg, which was delivered to ALS Okahandja (Namibia), for

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<p><i>and sample preparation</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ <i>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.</i> □ <i>For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</i> □ <i>Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</i> □ <i>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</i> □ <i>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</i> 	<p>processing by sample preparation method PREP-22, where the entire samples were coarse crushed and pulverized to achieve particle sizes of which 85% pass through 75 microns. A 100g sub-sample was split and packaged for export to Nagrom Laboratory, Perth, Western Australia, for assay.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The sample preparation procedures implemented by ALS Okahandja (Namibia) incorporates standard industry best-practice and is appropriate. • Duplicate sampling was incorporated in the reported drilling program. For each 1-meter interval, two 1-meter splits were collected, such that one sample is a duplicate of the other. A duplicate sample was inserted into the sample stream at a rate of approximately 1 in 30. • Sample sizes are in-accord with standard industry best-practice and are appropriate for the material being sampled.
<p><i>Quality of assay data and laboratory tests</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ <i>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</i> □ <i>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</i> □ <i>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The samples were submitted to ALS Okahandja (Namibia), where they were crushed and pulverized to produce pulps. These pulps were exported to Australia and analyzed by Nagrom Laboratory in Perth, Western Australia using a Sodium Peroxide Fusion followed by digestion using a dilute acid thence determination by method ICP005 with ICPMS for Li₂O (%), Be, Cs, Nb, Rb, Sn, Ta & Y, and ICPOES analysis for Al, B, Ba, Ca, Fe, K, P, Si, & Ti. <p>Sodium Peroxide Fusion is a total digest and considered the preferred method of assaying pegmatite samples. It results in the complete digestion of the sample into a molten flux. As fusion digestions are more aggressive</p>

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		<p>than acid digestion methods, they are suitable for many refractory, difficult-to-dissolve minerals such as chromite, ilmenite, spinel, cassiterite and minerals of the tantalum-tungsten solid solution series. They also provide a more-complete digestion of some silicate mineral species and are considered to provide the most reliable determinations of lithium mineralization.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geophysical instruments are not used in assessing the mineralization within Tyranna’s Namibe Lithium Project. • Tyranna has incorporated standard QA/QC procedures to monitor the precision, accuracy, and general reliability of all assay results. As part of Tyranna’s sampling protocol, CRM’s (standards), blanks and duplicates are inserted into the sampling stream. In addition, the laboratory (Nagrom, Perth) incorporates its own internal QA/QC procedures to monitor its assay results. The assay results from the QA/QC samples were interrogated to confirm that the assay results are reliable.
<p>Verification of sampling and assaying</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. □ The use of twinned holes. □ Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. □ Discuss any adjustment to assay data. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Results will be verified by alternative company personnel. • Twinned holes have not been used. • The drilling data is stored in hardcopy and digital format in the office in Perth, WA. • Assay results will not be adjusted. <p>In discussing the significance of the highest-grade results for Cs, Ta and Sn, the primary assay results, in ppm, will be converted to % of the individual oxides. The conversions are:</p> $\%Cs_2O = (Cs(ppm) \times 1.0602)/10000$

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		$\%Ta_2O_5 = (Ta(ppm) \times 1.2211)/10000$ $\%SnO_2 = (Sn(ppm) \times 1.2696)/10000$
Location of data points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. <input type="checkbox"/> Specification of the grid system used. <input type="checkbox"/> Quality and adequacy of topographic control. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collar locations picked up with handheld Garmin GPSmap65s, having an accuracy of approximately +/- 1.8m. • All locations recorded in WGS-84 Zone 33S • Topographic locations interpreted from GPS pickups (barometric altimeter) and field observations. Adequate for first pass pegmatite mapping. • Down-hole survey achieved using a Reflex EZ-Gyro North Seeker™ multi-shot gyroscopic orientation tool.
Data spacing and distribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. <input type="checkbox"/> Whether the data spacing, and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. <input type="checkbox"/> Whether sample compositing has been applied. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drill-hole locations were selected based upon achievability of an effective drill-site on the hill upon which the prospect is located, in conjunction with surface expressions of mineralisation. As such, drill-collars do not have a uniform distribution or spacing. This is adequate for initial drilling. • There is not yet sufficient drilling coverage or density to permit estimation of a Mineral Resource. • Sample compositing has not been applied.
Orientation of data in relation to	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The drill-holes orientation with respect to the intersected mineralisation varies, due to the variable nature of the mineralised bodies but is not considered to have

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<i>geological structure</i>	□ <i>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</i>	introduced a significant bias. The intersected pegmatite is in parts very coarse-grained, with some spodumene megacrysts up to 3m long, so there is potential for sampling bias to occur if there is a preferred orientation of crystal growth, however, observations to-date suggest that the spodumene megacrysts are randomly oriented and the density of their occurrence (i.e., proportion of matrix to spodumene) is unpredictable.
<i>Sample security</i>	□ <i>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chain of custody was maintained on-site and during transport of the samples to ALS Okahandja (Namibia). After preparation to produce pulps for export, ALS personnel put the pulps into sealed boxes which were delivered by DHL to Nagrom laboratory in Perth.
<i>Audits or reviews</i>	□ <i>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Internal review of the drilling, of sampling techniques and of the data has been completed and practices are deemed adequate.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<i>Mineral tenement and land tenure status</i>	□ <i>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Namibe Lithium Project is comprised of a single licence, Prospecting Title No. 023/05/03/T.P/ANG-MIREMPET/2023, held 100% by Angolitio Exploracao Mineira (SU) LDA, a wholly owned subsidiary of AM Mauritius Limited, of which of Angolan Minerals Pty Ltd has 90% ownership, of

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	<p>□ <i>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</i></p>	<p>which Tyranna has 80% ownership. Consequently, Tyranna has 72% ownership of the Namibe Lithium Project.</p> <p>The project is located in an undeveloped land east of the city of Namibe, provincial capital of Namibe Province in southwest Angola. The project area is not within reserves or land allocated to special purposes and is not subject to any operational or development restrictions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The granted licence (Prospecting Title) was transferred on 15/05/2023 and is valid until 15/05/2024 but as an application for extension of term was lodged within the specified time-frame and with all supporting documents the term will be extended for an additional 2 years. The licence is maintained in good-standing. The project is located in undeveloped land east of the city of Namibe, provincial capital of Namibe Province in southwest Angola. The project area is not within reserves or land allocated to special purposes and is not subject to any operational or development restrictions.
<p><i>Exploration done by other parties</i></p>	<p>□ <i>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Historical exploration was completed in the late 1960's until 1975 by The Lobito Mining Company, who produced feldspar and beryl from one of the pegmatites. Another company, Genius Mineira LDA was also active in the area at this time. There was no activity from 1975 until the mid-2000's because of the Angolan Civil War. There has been very little activity since that time, with investigation restricted to academic research, re-mapping of the region as part of the Planageo initiative and an assessment by VIG World Angola LDA in 2019 of the potential to produce feldspar from the pegmatite field.

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		<p>Exploration by VIG World focussed upon mapping of some pegmatites and selective rock-chip sampling to determine feldspar quality.</p>
<p>Geology</p>	<p>□ <i>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Giraul Pegmatite Field is comprised of more than 800 pegmatites that have chiefly intruded metamorphic rocks of the Paleoproterozoic Namibe Group. The pegmatites are also of Paleoproterozoic age and their formation is probably related to the Eburnean Orogeny. • The pegmatite bodies vary in orientation, with some conformable with the foliation of enclosing metamorphic rocks while others are discordant, cross-cutting lithology and foliation. The largest pegmatites are up to 1500m long and outcrop widths exceed 100m. • Pegmatites within the pegmatite field vary in texture and composition, ranging from very coarse-grained through to finer-grained rocks, with zonation common. Some of the pegmatites contain lithium minerals although no clear control upon the location of the lithium pegmatites is known at present and the distribution of the lithium pegmatites appears somewhat random. The pegmatites of the Giraul Pegmatite Field are members of the Lithium-Caesium-Tantalum (LCT) family and include LCT-Complex spodumene pegmatites. • The known spodumene-bearing pegmatites are LCT-Complex spodumene pegmatites having distinct zones defined by compositional and textural differences. The spodumene-bearing zones mostly comprise an interior portion of the pegmatite, either as a distinct core-zone or a zone surrounding a distinct core zone. The spodumene-bearing zones typically consist of phenocrystic spodumene megacrysts (up to several metres length) in a coarse grained

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<p><i>Drill hole Information</i></p>	<p>□ A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o easting and northing of the drill hole collar o elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar o dip and azimuth of the hole o down hole length and interception depth o hole length. <p>□ If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</p>	<p>cleavelandite-quartz matrix also containing some lepidolite, elbaite, muscovite and erratic microcline. Rare accessories include beryl, amblygonite-montebasite and pollucite.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A complete Collar Table is included, which provides details of location, orientation and down-hole length of each drill-hole. A summary table listing pegmatite intersections is also included as Appendix 2.
<p><i>Data aggregation methods</i></p>	<p>□ In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</p> <p>□ Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In reporting significant intersections, the minimum cut-off grades in determining significance is 0.5% Li₂O, 10,000ppm Cs and 100ppm Ta₂O₅. • Reported mineralised intervals are comprised of zones of lithium enrichment in pegmatite only and the mineralised interval is defined by observable mineralogy that allows distinct compositional zones to be recognised. Within these zones, there is some variability in the abundance of lithium minerals, but it is the extent

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	<p>□ <i>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</i></p>	<p>of the distinctive zone that defines the reported mineralised interval. The stated intersections reliably reflect the nature of the mineralisation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported results have been restricted to Li₂O, Cs, Ta, Nb & Sn as these are economically significant components. In addition K and Rb are reported as K:Rb is discussed. • Metal equivalent values have not been reported.
<p><i>Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths</i></p>	<p>□ <i>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</i></p> <p>□ <i>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</i></p> <p>□ <i>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The geometry of the mineralisation reported is not well understood and the pegmatite is not of uniform thickness. The intersected mineralisation appears to be bulbous rather than tabular and therefore the concept of "true thickness" is harder to define and less applicable. • In the announcement to which this table is attached, there are clear statements given that clarify the nature of the intersections, stating that the reported interval is down-hole length.
<p><i>Diagrams</i></p>	<p>□ <i>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A drill plan and cross-section (with scales) are included within the text of the announcement.
<p><i>Balanced reporting</i></p>	<p>□ <i>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assay results for all samples have been validated to ensure they are reliable, and assay results have been reported from every sampled interval of every drill-hole discussed in this announcement, to ensure balanced reporting occurs.

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<p><i>Other substantive exploration data</i></p>	<p>□ <i>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All meaningful & material exploration data has been reported
<p><i>Further work</i></p>	<p>□ <i>The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i></p> <p>□ <i>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At the time of reporting, RC drilling had been completed. As most of the prospect remains untested, drilling to test extensions at depth, along with testing additional prospects will be required.