Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

name	Name of entity				
Cazal	y Resources Limited				
ABN/A	RBN		Financial year ended:		
23 10°	1 049 334		30 June 2024		
Our co	rporate governance statem	nent ¹ for the period above can be fo	ound at: ²		
☐ These pages of our annual report:					
\boxtimes	This URL on our website	: om.au/corporate/corporate-governa	ance/		
The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 20 September 2024 and has been approved by the Cazaly Board.					
The an	The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.3				
Date:	20 September 2024				
	Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement: Mike Robbins – Company Secretary				

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	VERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Board-Charter-2023-1.pdf	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	⊠1.5(a) and 1.5(c)(3)(A) and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Diversity-Policy-2023.pdf Cazaly are not included in the S&P/ASX 300 index.	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement - 1.5(b) and 1.5(c)(1) and (2) we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) and the undertaking of the evaluation referred to in paragraph (b) in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) and the undertaking of the evaluation referred to in paragraph (b) in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	LE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD	VALUE	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	If the entity complies with paragraph (b): and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively as set out in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp- content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Board-Skills-Matrix- 2023.pdf	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

•		Where a box below is ticked, 4 we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	and we have fully disclosed paragraphs (a)(b) and (c) as set out in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		 ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		 ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPI	LE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values as set out in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp- content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Code-of-Conduct- 2023.pdf	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Whistleblower-Policy-2023.pdf	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp- content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Anti-bribery-and- Corruption-Policy-2023.pdf	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPOR	TS	
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	If the entity complies with paragraph (b): and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner as set out in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

·		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	LE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Continuous-Disclosure-Policy-2023.pdf	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIP	LE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: www.cazalyresources.com.au	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders as set out in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	If the entity complies with paragraph (b): and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework as set out in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period as set out in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	If the entity complies with paragraph (b): and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes as set out in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks and how we manage or intend to manage those risks as set out in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	If the entity complies with paragraph (b): and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive as set out in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives as set out in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached) and the 2024 Annual Report	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it as set out in the Cazaly Corporate Governance Statement 30 June 2024 (attached)	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable



Corporate Governance Statement

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

The Board of Directors of Cazaly Resources Limited ('Cazaly' or 'the Company') is responsible for corporate governance of the Company. The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of Cazaly on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable.

Cazaly has adopted policies, procedures, and practices as tools to support the Board's strong belief in good corporate governance. Commensurate with the spirit of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th edition) published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council ('Council'), the Company has followed each recommendation where the Board has considered the recommendation to be an appropriate benchmark for its corporate governance practices. Where the Company's corporate governance practices follow a recommendation, the Board has made appropriate statements reporting on the adoption of the recommendation. In compliance with the "if not, why not" regime, where, after due consideration, the Company's corporate governance practices depart from a recommendation, the Board has offered full disclosure and an explanation for the adoption of its own practice.

The Company reports below on how it has followed (or otherwise departed from) each of the Principles & Recommendations during the financial year ended 30 June 2024 (Reporting Period).

This Corporate Governance Statement has been approved by the Board of Cazaly. This Policy will be reviewed by the Board on an annual basis.

PRINCIPLES & RECOMMENDATIONS	COMMENT
Principle 1: Lay solid found	dations for management and oversight
Recommendation 1.1	The Company has established the functions reserved for the Board, and those delegated to senior executives and has set out these functions in its Board Charter. The Company's Board Charter can be viewed at
	https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ- Board-Charter-2023.pdf
	The Board is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company through its key functions of overseeing the management of the Company, providing overall corporate governance of the Company, monitoring the financial performance of the Company, engaging appropriate management commensurate with the Company's structure and objectives, involvement in the development of corporate strategy and performance objectives, and reviewing, ratifying and monitoring systems of risk management and internal control, codes of conduct and legal compliance.
Recommendations 1.2 1.3 and 1.4	In determining candidates for the Board, Board members follow a process whereby they evaluate the mix of skills, experience and expertise of the existing Board and identify the particular skills that will best increase the Board's effectiveness. Consideration is also given to the balance of independent



PRINCIPLES & RECOMMENDATIONS	COMMENT					
RECOMMENDATIONS	directors. Potential candidates are identified and, if relevant, will be recommended to the Board. Any appointment made by the Board is subject to ratification by shareholders at the next general meeting.					
	All potential senior executive candidates are thoroughly background changing the recruitment process. All Directors and officers of the Company have appointment contract financial and other remuneration details of Directors and officers are discipled in the Directors Report of each annual report.			nd chec	ked	
	The Company Secretary is largely charged corporate governance processes and shares the Chairman, for ensuring that the Board efficiently and effectively.	s primai	ry respo	nsibility	, along \	with
Recommendation 1.5	The Company recognises and values the corthat diversity can bring to an organisation of and acknowledges diversity as a means Company's performance and standing by utiliand perspectives of its directors, office contractors.	and action of enhalising the	vely sup ancing e variou	ports, e and er s skills,	encouraç nriching experien	ges, the ces
	The Company treats all its personnel fairly gender, sexuality, marital status, cultural political or religious beliefs, disability, or age.					
	The Company ensures that all its personnel have access to a safe work environment that is free from harassment, discrimination, bullying and victimisation.					
	The Company has established a Diversity Policy, a copy of which can be viewed at https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Diversity-Policy-2023.pdf					
	The proportion of women (full-time equivalent) engaged by the Company is so out below:					set
		20:	24	20	023	
		No.	%	No.	%	
	Women on CAZ Board	1	25%	1	25%	_
	Women in CAZ management roles	1	40%	1	40%	
	Women in CAZ workforce	2.5	62.5%	2.5	62.5%	
Recommendations 1.6 & 1.7	The Board undertakes an informal annual review of its own performance with external advice as appropriate. The evaluation of the Managing Director is undertaken via an informal interview and appraisal process which occurs at least annually, at the Board's discretion. This process was undertaken during the Reporting Period. The Managing Director is responsible for evaluating the performance of senior management. The evaluation of senior management is undertaken via an informal interview and appraisal process which occurs at least annually and otherwise takes place as part of the company wide annual salary review. This process was undertaken during the Reporting Period.					



PRINCIPLES & RECOMMENDATIONS	COMMENT			
	Principle 2: Structure the Board to be effective and add value			
Recommendation 2.1	The Board has not established a separate nomination committee. Given the current size and composition of the Board, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate nomination committee. Accordingly, the Board performs the role of the nomination committee. Items that are usually required to be discussed by a nomination committee are marked as separate agenda items at Board meetings when required. The Board deals with any conflicts of interest that may occur when convening in the capacity of the nomination committee by ensuring that any Director with conflicting interests is not party to the relevant discussions.			
Recommendation 2.2	The Company has a Board skills matrix in place and complies with Recommendation 2.2. It also discloses the skills and expertise of its individual Directors on its website and in the Directors Report of each annual report. The Company's Board Skills Matrix can be viewed at https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Board-Skills-Matrix-2023.pdf			
Recommendation 2.3	The Board currently consists of four (4) directors - the Managing Director, the Chairman and two non-executive directors. Details of their experience, qualifications and equity holdings are set out in the Director's Report of the annual report. The following Directors have been in office since the start of the Reporting Period to the date of the annual report unless otherwise stated: Tara French – Managing Director from Oct 2021 Clive Jones – Director since Aug 2003 (not independent) Jonathan Downes – Director from Nov 2021 (independent) Terry Gardiner – Director since Dec 2016 (independent)			
Recommendation 2.4	The Company does not comply with Recommendation 2.4 in that it does not have a majority of current serving directors that are independent. Mr Jones is the Chairman of the Company and does not meet the Company's criteria for independence. Mr Jones' experience, equity interest and knowledge of the Company make his contribution to the Board such that it is appropriate for him to remain on the Board. Ms French is the Managing Director of the Company and as such does not meet the Company's criteria for independence. Mr Gardiner is a Non-Executive Director of the Company and is considered to be independent. Mr Gardiner is independent as he is a not a member of management and is free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the independent exercise of his judgement. Mr Downes is a Non-Executive Director of the Company and is considered to be independent. Mr Downes is independent as he is a not a member of management and is free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the independent exercise of his judgement.			



PRINCIPLES &	COMMENT
RECOMMENDATIONS	The current Board structure is considered to best serve the Company in meeting its objectives and goals, considering its small market capitalisation, limited resources and existing project portfolio.
	The composition of the Board is reviewed on an annual basis to ensure that the Board has the appropriate mix of expertise and experience.
Recommendation 2.5	The Company does not comply with Recommendation 2.5 in that the Chairman is not independent. The Company considers this to be appropriate and in its best interests. Given the size of the Company and the nature of its activities, it is best served by a chairman with extensive Company and industry specific knowledge as well as significant equity in the Company.
Recommendation 2.6	Any new directors will undergo an induction process in which they are given a full briefing on the Company. They are also provided with letters of appointment to the Board, setting out the key terms and conditions relative to their appointment, full details and copies of the Company's current insurance policies, copies of the latest Corporate Governance Statement as well as other relevant Company policies. Upon appointment, directors are also required to complete a Directors Declaration of Interest form.
	To assist Directors with independent judgement, it is the Board's policy that if a Director considers it necessary to obtain independent professional advice to properly discharge the responsibility of their office as a director then, provided the Director first obtains approval from the Chairman for incurring such expense, the Company will pay the reasonable expenses associated with obtaining such advice.
	In order to achieve continuing improvement in Board performance, all Directors are encouraged to undergo continual professional development. Specifically, Directors are provided with the resources and training to address skills gaps where they are identified and to receive continuing education concerning key developments in the Company and in the industry and environment within which the Company operates.
Principle 3: Instil a culture o	of acting lawfully, ethically, and responsibly
Recommendation 3.1	Cazaly has a clear corporate growth strategy, while always operating ethically and with integrity, we use our strong technical skills in exploration and project acquisition to increase the company's asset base in mineral resource development projects. Cazaly also realises value via exploration and divesting its advanced projects through joint venture, sale or other corporate transactions.
	This strategic direction exposes Cazaly's shareholders to the benefits of successful exploration over a range of properties and commodities while minimising ESG risk and financial risk to the company, and shareholders.
	Cazaly achieves this through:
	 safe work practises; respecting the environment; supporting local communities; embracing diversity; and acting with the utmost integrity, honesty and good faith
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PRINCIPLES & RECOMMENDATIONS	COMMENT
	Cazaly is currently developing and evolving its Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) framework to enable it to report against the 21-core metrics and disclosures as promoted by the World Economic Forum. The Company has and continues to consult with all its stakeholders when addressing the planned systems and actions required for the four key ESG pillars – Governance, Planet, People and Prosperity.
	The Board recently adopted the Cazaly Modern Slavery Values.
Recommendation 3.2	The Company has in place a Code of Conduct which guides the practices necessary to maintain confidence in the Company's integrity, the practices necessary to take into account its legal obligations and the reasonable expectations of its stakeholders and ensures all its Board and staff members are informed of any breaches of the Code.
	A copy of the Cazaly Code of Conduct can be viewed at https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Code-of-Conduct-2023.pdf
Recommendation 3.3	The Company has a Whistleblower Policy in place and ensures all its Board and staff members are informed of any material incidents that may be reported under this Policy.
	A copy of the Cazaly Whistleblower Policy can be viewed at https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Whistleblower-Policy-2023.pdf
Recommendation 3.4	The Company has an Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy in place and ensures all its Board and staff members are informed of any material breaches that may be reported under this Policy.
	A copy of the Cazaly Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy can be viewed at https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Anti-bribery-and-Corruption-Policy-2023.pdf
Principle 4: Safeguard inte	egrity of corporate reports
Recommendation 4.1	The Board has not established a separate audit committee. Given the current size and composition of the Board, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate audit committee. Accordingly, the Board performs the role of audit committee. Items that are usually required to be discussed by an audit committee are marked as separate agenda items at Board meetings when required. The Board deals with any conflicts of interest that may occur when convening in the capacity of the audit committee by ensuring that any Director with conflicting interests is not party to the relevant discussions.
	All of the Directors consider themselves to be financially literate and to possess relevant industry experience. Details of each of the Director's qualifications and skill sets are set out in the Directors' Report of each annual report.
	The appointment and removal of the external auditor requires Cazaly shareholder approval. The Cazaly audit partner is currently rotated every three (3) years.



PRINCIPLES & RECOMMENDATIONS	COMMENT		
Recommendation 4.2	The Managing Director (or equivalent) and the CFO (or equivalent) provide a declaration to the Board in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act. Such declaration is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.		
	The above declaration has been provided for the Reporting Period.		
Recommendation 4.3	The Company lodges annual audited financials and audit reviewed half year financials with the ASX. The Company's relevant audit partner attends the AGM and makes themselves available to answer any shareholder questions that relate to the financial statements or the annual audit of the Company.		
	Other relevant periodic corporate reports are reviewed and approved by all Board members and the Company Secretary, including ASX announcements, Quarterly Activities Reports, Quarterly Cashflow Reports and Company presentations.		
Principle 5: Make timely an	ad balanced disclosure		
Recommendation 5.1	The Board has designated the Managing Director and the Company Secretary as the persons responsible for overseeing and coordinating disclosure of information to the ASX as well as communicating with the ASX.		
	The Company has established policies and procedures designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and accountability at all relevant levels for that compliance.		
	All periodic corporate reports, including annual audited financials, half year financials, ASX announcements, Quarterly Activities Reports, Quarterly Cashflow Reports and Company presentations are circulated, reviewed, and approved for release by all Board members and the Company Secretary.		
	A copy of the Cazaly Continuous Disclosure Policy can be viewed at https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Continuous-Disclosure-Policy-2023.pdf		
Recommendation 5.2	All periodic corporate reports, including annual audited financials, half year financials, ASX announcements, Quarterly Activities Reports, Quarterly Cashflow Reports and Company presentations are circulated, reviewed, and approved for release by all Board members and the Company Secretary. The Board and the Company Secretary automatically receive copies of all ASX releases to the market.		
Recommendation 5.3	After an initial Board review, any material or substantive new Company presentations are released to the market ahead of the relevant presentation.		
Principle 6: Respect the rig	Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders		
Recommendations 6.1, 6.2 & 6.3.	The Company aims to ensure that its shareholders and other investors are provided with timely, accurate and transparent information about itself, its projects, its Board and its governance.		
	All Cazaly information, including corporate governance procedures, are available on the Company's website www.cazalyresources.com.au		



PRINCIPLES & RECOMMENDATIONS	COMMENT
RECOMMENDATIONS	The Board regularly communicates with its shareholders to ensure they are informed of all significant developments concerning the Company. The Company principally engages with its shareholders via general meetings and its AGM or personally as requested by individual shareholders, a practice that the Company encourages.
	The Company also provides regular progress updates via webinars and on the relevant social media and networking platforms.
	The Company has in place a Shareholder Communications Policy which can be viewed at https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Shareholder-Communications-Policy-2023.pdf
Recommendation 6.4	The Company ensures that <u>all</u> resolutions put forward at a meeting of shareholders is decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.
Recommendation 6.5	The Company and its share registry (Automic) actively encourage, on at least an annual basis, the use of electronic security holder communications.
Principle 7: Recognise and	manage risk
Recommendation 7.1	The Board has not established a separate risk management committee. Given the current size and composition of the Board, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate risk management committee at this point in time.
	The Company maintains a detailed risk register which is reviewed on at least an annual basis by the Board.
Recommendations 7.2 & 7.3	The Board has adopted a Risk Management Policy. Under the policy, the Board is responsible for approving the Company's policies on risk oversight and management and satisfying itself that management has developed and implemented a sound system of risk management and internal control.
	A summary of the Cazaly Risk Management Policy can be viewed at https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Risk-Management-Policy-2023.pdf
	Under the policy, the Board delegates day-to-day management of risk to the Managing Director, who is responsible for identifying, assessing, monitoring and managing risks. The Managing Director is also responsible for updating the Company's material business risks to reflect any material changes, with the approval of the Board.
	In fulfilling the duties of risk management, the Managing Directors has unrestricted access to Company employees, contractors and records and may obtain independent expert advice on any matter they believe appropriate, with the prior approval of the Board.
	In addition, the following risk management measures have been adopted by the Board to manage the Company's material business risks:
	the Board has adopted an authority level policy and matrix for the Board and management. The policy and matrix may only be changed with Board approval and governs all Company expenditure, commitments and other financial transactions;



PRINCIPLES & RECOMMENDATIONS	COMMENT
RECOMMENDATIONS	 the Board has adopted a compliance procedure for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations; and the Board has adopted a corporate governance manual which contains other policies to assist the Company to establish and maintain its governance practices.
	As a minimum, during the Reporting Period, management regularly reported to the Board on operational, native title, financial reporting, ESG, sovereignty concerns, and market related risks affecting the Company, as part of the Company's systems and processes for managing material business risks.
	The Company does not have an internal audit function. The Company does have comprehensive internal controls and processes with respect to certain classes of risk.
	The Company considers that its exposure to risks is within the spectrum of what would be typical for a company of its size and activities. The disclosure of potential risk to the Company is disclosed in the Directors Report of each annual report.
	The Board conducts an annual strategy session at least once a year. The strategy session is all encompassing but focuses on the various risk factors facing the Company and the mining industry as well as defining the Company's appetite for risk.
Recommendation 7.4	The Company is not aware of any material exposure to environmental or social risks apart from those generally stated in the Directors Report of each annual report.
	Cazaly recognises that physical and non-physical impacts of climate change may affect assets, productivity, markets and the community. Risks related to the physical impacts of climate change include the risks associated with increased severity of extreme weather events and chronic risks resulting from longer-term changes in climate patterns. Non-physical risks and opportunities arise from a variety of policy, legal, technological and market responses to the challenges posed by climate change and the transition to a lower carbon world.
Principle 8: Remunerate fa	irly and responsibly
Recommendation 8.1	The Board has not established a separate remuneration committee. Given the current size and composition of the Company, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate remuneration committee. Accordingly, the Board performs the role of remuneration committee. Items that are usually required to be discussed by a remuneration committee are treated as separate agenda items at Board meetings when required.
	The Board deals with any conflicts of interest that may occur when convening in the capacity of the remuneration committee by ensuring that any Director with conflicting interests is not party to the relevant discussions.
	Remuneration levels for Board and senior management are based on canvassed market rates and peer comparisons. External consultants may be engaged and utilised for any new director or management appointments.



PRINCIPLES & RECOMMENDATIONS	COMMENT
	No individual Board member or senior executive is involved in any decisions when fixing remuneration levels.
Recommendation 8.2	The Company discloses Board and key management personnel remuneration information in the Audited Remuneration Report included in the Directors' Report of each annual report.
	The Company and its shareholders have adopted the Cazaly Employee Incentive Plan, which is required to be approved by shareholders every three (3) years. The Cazaly Employee Incentive Plan was last approved at the 2022 AGM.
Recommendation 8.3	A participant in the Cazaly Employee Incentive Plan must not enter into any arrangement for the purpose of hedging their economic exposure to convertible securities that have been granted to them.
	A copy of the Cazaly Securities Trading Policy can be viewed at https://www.cazalyresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/CAZ-Security-Trading-Policy-2023.pdf