

ABN 42 000 837 472

2024 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Corporate Governance Practices

The Board of Kingsgate Consolidated Limited ("Company") is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Company and its subsidiaries ("Group"). The Board believes that good corporate governance helps ensure the future success of the Company, the Group and adds value to stakeholders and enhances investor confidence.

The ASX Listing Rules require listed companies to prepare a statement disclosing the extent to which they have complied with the recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council ("Recommendations") during the reporting period. The Recommendations are not prescriptive, such that if a company considers a recommendation to be inappropriate having regard to its own circumstances, it has the flexibility not to follow it. Where a company has not followed all the Recommendations, it must identify which Recommendations have not been followed and provide reasons for not following them.

This Statement provides an outline of the main corporate governance policies and practices that the Company had in place during the financial year, or where appropriate indicates a departure from the Recommendations with an explanation. This Statement should be read in conjunction with the material on our website https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/, including the 2024 Annual Report. The information in this Statement is current as at 30 June 2024 and has been approved by the Board.

PRINCIPLE 1: LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

Recommendation 1.1 - Role of the Board and Management

A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:

- (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and
- (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.

The role of the Board is to approve the strategic direction of the Group, guide and monitor the management of the Company and its businesses and oversee the implementation of appropriate corporate governance with respect to the Group's affairs. The Board aims to protect and enhance the interests of its shareholders, while considering the interests of other stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, and the wider community.

The Board has a formal Board Charter which is available on the Company's website at https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/ that clearly sets out those matters expressly reserved for the Board's determination and those matters delegated to management.

The Board delegates responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Company and its business to the Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director ("CEO/MD"). The CEO/MD is supported by the senior executive team and delegates authority to appropriate senior executives for specific activities. The Board maintains ultimate responsibility for strategy, control, and risk profile of the Group.

Recommendation 1.2: Appointment of Directors

A listed entity should:

- (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and
- (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee facilitates the selection and appointment of directors. Before the Board appoints a new director or puts forward a candidate for election, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee will ensure that appropriate background checks are undertaken.

We provide our shareholders with all material information in our possession that is relevant to their decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director through a number of channels, including via the notice of meeting and other information contained in the 2024 Annual Report.

Recommendation 1.3: Appointment Terms

A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

Each director and senior executive are party to a written agreement with the Company which sets out the terms of that person's appointment, including the remuneration entitlement, declaration of any conflicts of interest as and when they arise, and performance requirements. Directors also receive a deed of indemnity, insurance, and access.

Recommendation 1.4: Company Secretary

The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.

The Board is supported by the Company Secretary, whose role includes supporting the Board on governance matters, assisting the Board with meetings and directors' duties, and acting as an interface between the Board and senior executives across the Group. The Board and individual directors have access to the Company Secretary.

Under the Company's governance framework, the Company Secretary is accountable to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters regarding the proper functioning of the Board. The Board is responsible for the appointment of the Company Secretary.

Details regarding our Company Secretary, including experience and qualifications, is set out in the Directors' Report in our 2024 Annual Report.

Recommendation 1.5: Diversity Policy

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;
- (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and
- (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:
 - (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;
 - (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and
 - (3) either:
 - (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or
 - (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P/ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.

The Company has a Diversity Policy which can be viewed at https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/ to improve the diversity of its workforce over time by identifying women and individuals from under-represented backgrounds for recruitment, and by rewarding and promoting employees on the basis of performance. Because the Company, at this stage of its development, has a small Board of Directors and a small management team which is geographically dispersed and because of the industry in which the Company operates, the Board does not consider it to be practicable to set measurable objectives to achieve greater gender diversity at this time, however it should be noted that all appointments are based on merit. The Board acknowledges the benefits of seeking to improve gender diversity at all levels and will keep this issue under review.

	Cu	Current Proportion of Women Employees (Australian based employees)				
Board ¹ Senior Senior Managers Non- Tota				Total		
		Executives ²	Managers		Managers	
Headcount	1/4	4/4	0	0	3/3³	8/11
Percentage	25%	100%	0.0	0.0%	100%	73%

Recommendation 1.6: Board, Committees, and Individual Directors Performance Assessment

A listed entity should:

(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and

¹ Including CEO/MD

² KCN's Executive Management Team excluding the CEO/MD, including General Counsel, Acting CFO for FY 2024, GM- Geology, GM Investor and External Relations

³ Not including casuals or contractors

(b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

Recommendation 1.7: Senior Executive Performance Assessment

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and
- (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

The Company has a policy of reviewing the performance of its Board, its committees, and senior executives on an annual basis. The Nomination Committee is responsible for evaluation of the Board, its committees, and its key executives on an annual basis in accordance with the Nomination Committee Charter.

The Managing Director/CEO undertakes an annual review of the performance of each Senior Executive against individual tasks and objectives relating to their respective roles and responsibilities.

Performance evaluations of the Board, its committees, the individual Directors, and key executives were undertaken in the 2024 financial year in accordance with the above processes.

PRINCIPLE 2 - BOARD STRUCTURE

Recommendation 2.1: Nomination Committee

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a nomination committee which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director,

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

The Company's Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter provides for the creation of a Committee, with at least three members, to the extent possible, a majority of whom are independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter is available on our website at https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/.

KCN acknowledges the importance and benefits of maintaining a committee with a majority of independent directors, however due to the small Board of Directors and management team, which is geographically dispersed, it is not currently feasible for the recommendation in full. It should be noted all appointments are

based on merit. We will keep this issue under review, and once feasible, we will strive to meet recommendations in full.

Recommendation 2.2: Board Skills Matrix

A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

Our objective is to have an appropriate mix of expertise and experience on our Board so that it can effectively discharge its corporate governance and oversight responsibilities. It is the Board's view that the current directors possess an appropriate mix of relevant skills, experience, expertise and diversity to enable the Board to discharge its responsibilities and deliver the Company's strategic objectives. This mix is subject to review on a regular basis as part of the Board's performance review process.

The Board does not maintain a formal matrix of Board skills and experience, however the diversity of experience and assessment of any gaps in skills and experiences are a key consideration for any proposed appointment to the Board.

To the extent that any skills are not directly represented on the Board, they are augmented through management and external advisors.

Details of each Directors' relevant skills and experience are set out in the Company's 2024 Annual Report.

Recommendation 2.3: Independent Directors

A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.

An independent director is a Non-Executive Director who is not a member of management and free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the independent exercise of judgement.

The Board regularly assesses the independence of each Non-Executive Director in light of the information which each Director is required to disclose in relation to any material contract or other relationship with the Company in accordance with the director's terms of appointment, the *Corporations Act 2001*, and the Board Charter.

When appointing an independent Director or reviewing the independence of its Directors, the Board will have regard to the definition of independent director and the factors set out in the Recommendations, in particular the factors relevant to assessing the independence of a director set out in Recommendation 2.3.

Details of each Director are set out in the Company's 2024 Annual Report.

Recommendation 2.4: Majority Independence

A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.

As at the date of this Statement, the Company does not have a majority of independent directors on the Board.

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Jamie GibsonManaging DirectorNon-independentRoss Smyth-KirkExecutive ChairmanNon-independentPeter WarrenNon-Executive DirectorIndependentNucharee SailasutaNon-Executive DirectorNon-independent

The Board believes that the people on the Board can and do make independent judgements in the best interests of the Company at all times. KCN acknowledges the importance and benefits of majority independence, however due to the size of KCN, it is not currently feasible for the recommendation in full. As KCN resumes operations, and once feasible, we will strive to meet recommendations in full. Further information regarding our Directors, including their experience and qualifications, is set out in the Directors' Report of our 2024 Annual Report.

Recommendation 2.5: Board Chair

The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.

The Chair, Mr. Ross Smyth-Kirk, was appointed Executive Chairman on 2 May 2017 and is not considered an independent Director. The Chair provides leadership to the Board in relation to all Board matters and is responsible for ensuring that the Board meets its responsibilities. KCN acknowledges the importance and benefits of Recommendation 2.5, however due to the size of KCN, it is not currently feasible for the recommendation in full. As KCN resumes operations, and once feasible, we will strive to meet recommendations in full.

Recommendation 2.6: Induction, Education and Training

A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

New Directors are provided with copies of all relevant documents and policies governing the Company's business, operations and management, at the time of joining the Board. All Directors are provided with ongoing professional development and training opportunities to enable them to develop and maintain their skills and knowledge. Directors are also encouraged to personally undertake appropriate training and refresher courses as appropriate to maintain the skills required to discharge their obligations to the Company.

PRINCIPLE 3 - ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

Recommendation 3.1: Statement of Values

A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.

Recommendation 3.2: Code of Conduct

A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.

The Board recognises the need to observe the highest standards of corporate practice and business conduct. The Code of Conduct ("Code") is intended to provide guidance to the Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and any other officers and employees who have the opportunity to materially influence the integrity, strategy and operation of the business and its financial performance. It identifies the practices

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necessary to maintain public confidence in the company's integrity and it engenders the responsibility and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices.

The Code is not intended to address every circumstance, nor is it a summary of all the laws and regulations that apply to the Company. The Board and employees are always expected to use their common sense and best judgement when addressing business conduct issues, and to seek guidance if the best course of action is not clear.

Accordingly, the Board has adopted a Code of Conduct designed to:

- provide a benchmark for professional behaviour throughout the Group;
- support the Company's business reputation and corporate image; and
- make Directors' and employees aware of the consequences if they breach the Code.

The Code can be found on our website https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/.

Whilst the Code governs and provides a guideline of how KCN should operate, we acknowledge the importance and benefits of a Statement of Values, however due to the size of KCN and the need for operations to recommence, it is not currently feasible for the recommendation in full. As KCN resumes operations, and once feasible, we will strive to meet the recommendation in full and instill a Statement of Values.

Recommendation 3.3: Whistleblower Policy

A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.

The Whistleblower Policy demonstrates that the Company is committed to the highest standards of conduct and ethical behavior in all its business activities. The Company supports a culture of honest and ethical behavior in ensuring good corporate compliance and governance. The policy sets out, amongst other things, instances of suspected misconduct which can be reported to the internal and external parties and summarises the protections offered to whistleblowers.

Any material breach of the Company's policies, including any breach of the Whistleblower Policy, is raised, and reviewed at each Board Meeting.

The Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's website https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/.

Recommendation 3.4: Anti-bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy

A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.

The Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy demonstrates that the Company is committed to maintaining high standards of integrity and accountability in conducting its business. The policy provides a framework of guidelines and principles to encourage ethical behavior in the conduct of business.

Any material breach of the Company's policies, including any breach of the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy, is raised at the Audit and Risk Committee level, with the latter reporting on them at the next Board meeting.

The Anti-Bribery and Anti- Corruption Policy is available on the Company's website https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/.

PRINCIPLE 4 - SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING

Recommendation 4.1: Audit Committee

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have an audit committee which:
 - (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
- (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

The Company's Audit Committee Charter provides for the establishment of an Audit Committee, with at least three members, to the extent possible, a majority of whom are Independent Directors, and which shall be chaired by an Independent Director who is not the Board Chair. The Audit Committee Charter is available on our website at https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/.

The Board has established an Audit Committee, which consists of three members, chaired by an independent director:

- Mr Peter Warren Committee Chair
- Mr Ross Smyth-Kirk Executive Director
- Mr Jamie Gibson Managing Director

It also has risk management and internal control functions as set out under Recommendation 7.1.

KCN acknowledges the importance and benefits of an Audit Committee that consists of a majority of Independent Directors; however it is not currently feasible for the recommendation in full due to the size of the Board. However, all members have been chosen on merit and The Board believes that they can and do always make independent judgements in the best interests of the Company. As KCN resumes operations, and once feasible, we will strive to meet recommendations in full.

Recommendation 4.2: Assurances

The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The CEO/MD and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") provide an annual declaration to the Board prior to the Board's approval of the Company's full year financial results. This process was followed for the 2024 full year financial results, where the Group CEO/MD and CFO provided a declaration to the Board that, in their opinion, the financial records have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Group, and their opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively. On this basis, the 2024 full year financial results were approved by the Board.

Recommendation 4.3: Verification of integrity of periodic corporate reports

A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

An invitation is provided to our external auditor to attend the AGM and a representative is available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report.

Auditor independence declaration is contained in the Directors' Report in our 2024 Annual Report.

The effectiveness, performance and independence of the external auditor is reviewed annually by the Board.

PRINCIPLE 5 - MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

Recommendation 5.1: Continuous Disclosure Policy

A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.

We are committed to providing information to shareholders and to the market in a manner that is consistent with the meaning and intention of the ASX Listing Rules and the Corporations Act.

To comply with these obligations, the Board has adopted a Continuous Disclosure Policy, which is available on our website at https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/. This Continuous Disclosure Policy sets out the key obligations of directors and employees in relation to the Company's continuous disclosure requirements.

The Board has overarching responsibility for compliance with continuous disclosure obligations and Board approval is required for certain key matters (as set out in the Continuous Disclosure Policy) and matters may be referred to the Board for approval by the Non-Executive Chairman or the Company Secretary.

The Board is committed to the promotion of investor confidence by ensuring that trading in the Company's securities takes place in an efficient, competitive and informed market and in compliance with our Securities Trading Policy (as applicable). In accordance with continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules, the Company has procedures in place to ensure that all price sensitive information is identified, reviewed by management and disclosed to the ASX in a timely manner. The Company website includes a link to all information disclosed to the ASX.

Recommendation 5.2: Provide Board with copies of all material market announcements

A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.

The Company ensures that its Board receives copies of all material market announcements prior to release to the market followed by immediate notification including announcement following each release to the market.

Recommendation 5.3: Investor Presentations

A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

In accordance with the recommendation, the Company ensures that all substantive presentations are released to the market to enable security holders the opportunity to have timely access to the latest information released by the Company.

PRINCIPLE 6 - RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Recommendation 6.1: Information and Governance

A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

Information about the Company and its corporate governance policies is available on our website at https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/.

The Company also maintains our website to provide shareholders with links to annual and interim reports, ASX announcements, presentations and other key information.

Recommendation 6.2: Investor Relations

A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.

We endeavor to communicate with shareholders and other stakeholders in an open, regular and timely manner so that the market has sufficient information to make informed investment decisions.

Through its shareholder communications, we aim to provide information that will allow existing shareholders, potential shareholders and financial analysts to make informed decisions about the Group's intrinsic value and meet its obligations under the ASX's continuous disclosure regime.

Our investor relations program which includes:

- issuing regular written shareholder communications such as an Annual Report to address the Company's strategy and performance;
- sending and receiving shareholder communications electronically;
- maintaining the Board and corporate governance and investor sections on our website including posting all announcements after they have been disclosed to the market;
- promoting two-way interaction with shareholders, by supporting shareholder participation at general meetings including encouraging shareholders to send their questions to the Company prior to the annual general meeting and responding to their questions and feedback; and

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 ensuring that continuous disclosure obligations are understood and complied with throughout the Group.

Our Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on our website at https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/.

Recommendation 6.3: Shareholder Meeting Participation

A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.

Shareholders may request the Company's Annual Report (it is otherwise made available on the ASX website) and documents relating to each general meeting, being the notice of meeting, any explanatory memorandum and a proxy form and shareholders are invited to attend these meetings.

The Board regards each general meeting as an important opportunity to communicate with shareholders and it provides a key forum for shareholders to ask questions about the Company, its strategy and performance. At shareholder meetings, the Company will provide an opportunity for shareholders and other stakeholders to hear from and put questions to the Board, management and if applicable our external auditor.

Recommendation 6.4: All substantive resolutions at a security holder meeting are decided by poll

A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.

To ascertain the true will of the Company's shareholders attending and voting at its meetings, whether they attend in person, electronically or by proxy or other representative, in most situations where this can be achieved the Company will conduct the voting procedure by a poll.

Recommendation 6.5: Electronic Communication with Shareholders

A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

Security holders can register with the Company to receive email notifications when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX, including the release of the Annual Report, half yearly reports and quarterly reports. Links are made available to the Company's website on which all information provided to the ASX is immediately posted.

PRINCIPLE 7 - RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

Recommendation 7.1: Risk Committee

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director,

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or

(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

The Company's Audit Committee Charter provides for the creation of an Audit Committee, with at least three members, to the extent possible, a majority of whom are independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director. The Audit Risk Committee Charter is available on our website at https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/.

In accordance with the Company's Audit Committee Charter the Committee also has delegated responsibilities in relation to risk management which includes:

- review and make recommendations regarding the adequacy and integrity of the Company's risk management framework and system of internal controls; and
- reviewing compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

Recommendation 7.2: Risk Management Framework

The board or a committee of the board should:

- (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and
- (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.

The Group's risk management framework is supported by the Board of Directors, management and the Audit Committee. The Board is responsible for approving and reviewing the Company's risk management strategy and policy. Management are responsible for monitoring that appropriate processes and controls are in place to effectively and efficiently manage risk. Management are responsible for monitoring compliance with and the effectiveness of risk management systems and controls at a divisional level including financial and non-financial risks. Senior management regularly reports to the Board on the adequacy of its risk management systems, processes and key matters for consideration.

The Board has adopted an Audit Committee Charter which sets out the Company's system of risk oversight, management of material business risks and internal control. The Company's risk management framework including risk profile and risk registers are reviewed on a periodic basis, and a review was undertaken by the Audit Committee during this past financial year.

Recommendation 7.3: Internal Audit

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or
- (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.

The Company does not have an internal audit function, so the following measures have been adopted by the Board to monitor risk management:

- Regular monthly reporting of operations and financial results
- Presentations to the Board by key managers on their areas of responsibility
- Annual formal reviews of risks, avenues for mitigation and implementation actions

Recommendation 7.4: Environmental and Social Sustainability Risk

A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

The Company's production, development and exploration activities are subject to the political, economic, social and other risks and uncertainties in the jurisdictions in which those activities are undertaken. As evidenced by the decision by the Thai Government that the Chatree Gold Mine must cease operation by 31 December 2016, there can be no certainty as to what changes, if any, will be made to relevant laws in the jurisdictions where the Company has interest currently or other jurisdictions where the Company may have interest in the future or the impact that relevant changes may have on Kingsgate's ability town and operate its mining and related interests and to otherwise conduct its business in those jurisdictions.

The Group's mining and processing operations and exploration activities are subject to extensive laws and regulations. Delays in obtaining, or failure to obtain government permits and approvals may adversely affect operations, including the ability to continue operations.

Such risks are unpredictable and have become more prevalent in recent years. In particular, in recent years there has been an increasing social and political focus on:

- the revenue derived by governments and other stakeholders from mining activities; and
- resource nationalism, greater limits on foreign ownership of mining or exploration interests and/or
 forced divestiture (with or without adequate compensation), and broad reform agenda in relation to
 mining legislation, environmental stewardship and local business opportunities and employment.

There can be no certainty as to what changes, if any, will be made to relevant laws in the jurisdictions where the Company has current interests, or other jurisdictions where the Company may have interest in the future, or the impact that relevant changes may have on Kingsgate's ability to own and operate its mining and related interests and to otherwise conduct its business in those jurisdictions.

Further information regarding the Company's exposure to Environmental and Social risks is set out in our 2024 Annual Report.

PRINCIPLE 8 - REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBILITY

Recommendation 8.1: Remuneration Committee

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a remuneration committee which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director,

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or

(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

The Company's Nomination Committee Charter provides for the creation of a Committee, with at least three members, to the extent possible, a majority of whom are independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director. The Nomination Committee Charter is available on our website at https://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/.

The Board has established a Nomination Committee to assist the Board in ensuring it is equipped to discharge its responsibilities. The Committee has guidelines for the nomination and selection of directors and for the operation of the Board.

KCN acknowledges the importance and benefits of the recommendation, however due to the size of KCN, it is not currently feasible for the recommendation in full. As KCN resumes operations, and once feasible, we will strive to meet recommendations in full. In accordance with the Company's Nomination Committee Charter the Committee has delegated responsibilities in relation to remuneration matters which includes assisting the Board by recommending:

- executive remuneration and incentive policies;
- the remuneration packages of senior management;
- incentive schemes;
- superannuation arrangements; and
- the remuneration framework for directors.

Recommendation 8.2: Remuneration Policies and Practices

A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

The Board is responsible for determining and reviewing remuneration policies for the Directors and senior executives. If necessary, it obtains independent advice on the appropriateness of remuneration packages given trends in comparable companies and in accordance with the objectives of the Company.

Details of the Company's remuneration practices for its Directors and senior executives are disclosed in the Remuneration Report in the Company's Annual Report. The Remuneration Report highlights the balance between fixed pay, short term incentive and long-term incentives, and includes details of the remuneration paid and the relationship to the Company's performance.

Recommendation 8.3: Equity Based Remuneration Scheme

A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

The Company currently does not have an active equity-based remuneration scheme.

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name	Name of entity				
Kings	Kingsgate Consolidated Limited				
ABN/A	RBN	_	Financial year ended:		
42 000	0 837 472		30 June 2024		
Our co	rporate governance staten	nent¹ for the period above can be fo	ound at:2		
	These pages of our annual report:				
\boxtimes	This URL on our website:	http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corp	porate-governance/		
	The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 18 September 2024 and has been approved by the board.				
The an	nexure includes a key to v	where our corporate governance dis	closures can be located.3		
Date:	Date: 16 October 2024				
	Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement: Stephanie Wen –General Counsel and Company Secretary				

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINC	CIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	/ERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	On Page 1 of the Corporate Governance Statement and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	⊠ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ ■	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	⊠ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Governa	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	On Page 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/ and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at: 2024 Annual Report KCN was not included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period. and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: On Page 3 of the Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: 2024 Annual Report	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: On Page 3 of the Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: On Page 3 of the Corporate Governance Statement	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIPI	.E 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD \	/ALUE	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	Not Applicable	 ✓ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ✓ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.		 ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 	and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at: and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: and the length of service of each director at:	

·		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		 ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		 ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	⊠ On Page 6 of the Corporate Governance Statement ■ ■	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPI	LE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values at: [insert location]	⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: Page 6 of the Corporate Governance Statement and at http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCI	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORT	TS .	
4.1	The board of a listed entity should:		
	(a) have an audit committee which:	Not Applicable	
	 has at least three members, all of whom are non- executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and 		
	(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,		
	and disclose:		
	(3) the charter of the committee;		
	 the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and 		
	(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or		
	(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.		
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	⊠ Page 8 of the Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	Page 8 of the Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	PLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Page 10 of the Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Page 10 of the Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIP	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	Page 10 of the Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: Page 10 of the Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	Page 10 of the Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Page 10 of the Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number	□ Not Applicable	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
	of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.		
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at:	⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	Page 12 of the Corporate Governance Statement and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes.	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	e Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Page 13 of the Corporate Governance Statement and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks in the Annual Report, and if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks in: the Annual Report.	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	PLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	Not Applicable	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: Page 14 of the Corporate Governance Statement and in the 2024 Annual Report > Remuneration Report http://www.kingsgate.com.au/annual-reports	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	□ Not Applicable	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5	
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES				
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	□ Not Applicable		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	Not Applicable		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	□ Not Applicable		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES				
-	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities: The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	Not Applicable		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities: An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	Not Applicable		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement