

FLASH JOULE HEATING: A NEW ERA OF SUSTAINABLE METAL EXTRACTION



PRESENTATION AT COSM 2024, SEATTLE WA

04 November 2024

ASX: MTM

Overview

- MTM Critical Metals Ltd is an ASX-listed emerging Industrial Technology Company at the forefront of innovation in the critical minerals and metals sectors.
- We are committed to advancing the commercialisation of our sustainable Flash Joule Heating (FJH) metal recovery and processing technology, and re-shoring Critical Metals supply back to the USA.

Core Technology

- FJH revolutionises metal extraction from ores & waste, allowing more efficient processing compared to traditional methods
- Applications in Minerals Processing & Waste Streams (mine tailings, bauxite residue (red mud), e-waste and battery recycling), significantly contributing to a circular economy
- Licenced (worldwide & exclusive) from Rice University, Texas

Commercial Focus

- Industrial Validation: Design underway for 1-ton-per-day FJH Demonstration Plant
- Primary Metal Focus: gallium (Ga) from waste streams & lithium from spodumene concentrate, aligning with current global demand & strategic importance
- Commercial production of Ga expected by Q4-25, positioning MTM for transformative growth & potentially re-shoring Ga in the U.S., addressing a major national security risk



MTM:

Australia & U.S. Presence





Flash Metals USA HQ (MTM Houston, Texas





MTM has a Global Licence Agreement for FJH with Rice University

KnightHawk was founded in 1991 and specializes in bespoke engineering design solutions

Perth Australia

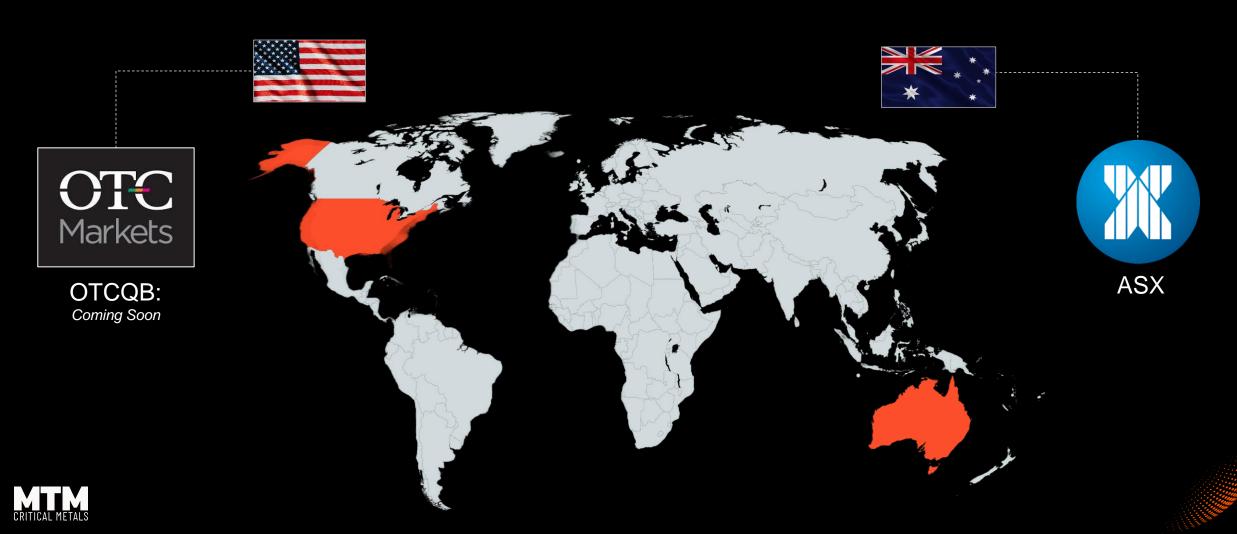
MTM HQ

Perth Australia

CRITICAL METALS

MTM: How can I Buy Shares?

- MTM is listed on the Australian Stock Exchange (Ticker ASX: MTM)
- The Company is exploring options to undertake a U.S. listing via the over-the-counter (OTC) markets, operated by OTC Markets Group (OTCQB). This is expected to be finalised in the coming weeks



Coming Soon: U.S. listing of shares through OTC Market

- In the U.S., there is a substantial pool of capital and strong investor demand for opportunities that integrate Natural Resources /
 Metals with cutting-edge Technology.
- The Company is exploring options to undertake a U.S. listing via the over-the-counter (OTC) markets, operated by OTC Markets Group (OTCQB). This is expected to be finalised in the coming weeks.

Advantages:

- Tap into the largest pool of capital, across the full spectrum of U.S. investors including high net worth and investment funds
- Enhanced liquidity with trading volumes settled via ASX
- Leverage ASX listing qualifications to meet OTC listing requirements, enabling U.S. compliance without the high costs associated with full NASDAQ or NYSE listings (at this stage)
- Market information is directly disseminated through U.S. newswire services, providing significant reach to investor platforms.

Example of Other Australian Companies with Dual Australian & U.S. Listings:

- IperionX Ltd
- Silex System Ltd
- Amaero International Ltd





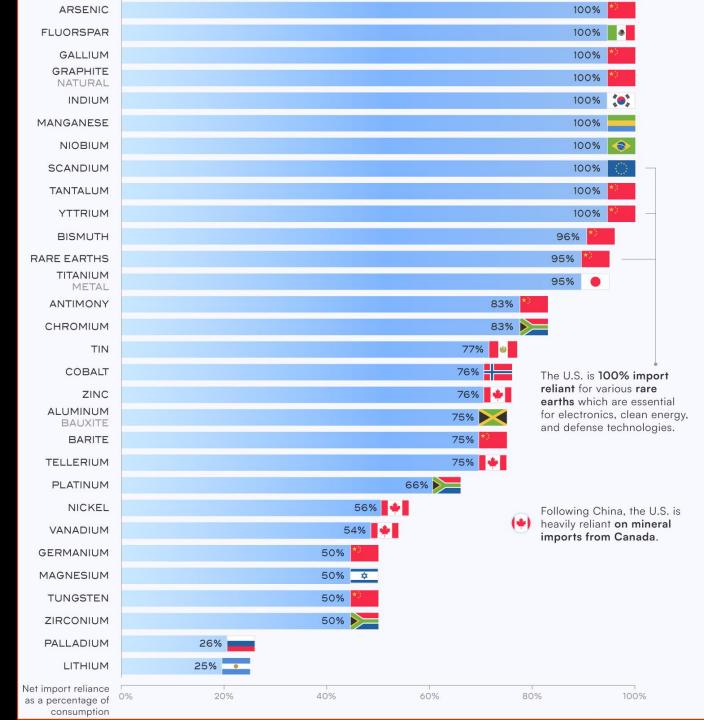


U.S. Dependency on Critical Metals

>95% reliant on imports for the 13 most "critical" metals, with China being the primary import source for > 50% of these.



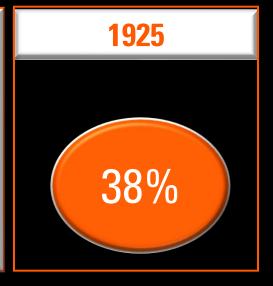


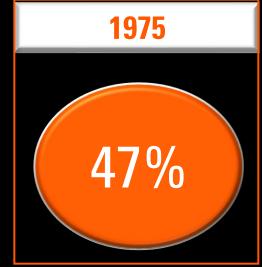


Disconnect Between Technology and Natural Resources

- Modern technology & civilisation is underpinned by metals (underappreciated by most of society).
- Critical technologies, including Military Defence, Al, Robotics, Energy Storage, & quantum computing.
- Lithium, cobalt, nickel, and REEs are the backbone of batteries, semiconductors, and electric grids.
- Despite this, investment in natural resources is at historic lows, but the cycle is turning.
 - ESG / Indexation & Passive Investing ⇒ Growth Stocks / Poor prior cycle performance

Natural Resource Stocks as % of S&P500 (Energy & Metals)









The Natural Resources Cycle is Turning

S&P GSCI Total Return Index/S&P 500 Ratio, 01/1971-09/2024



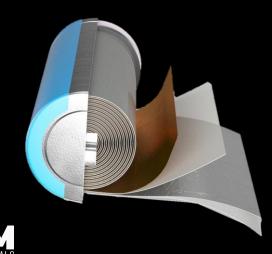


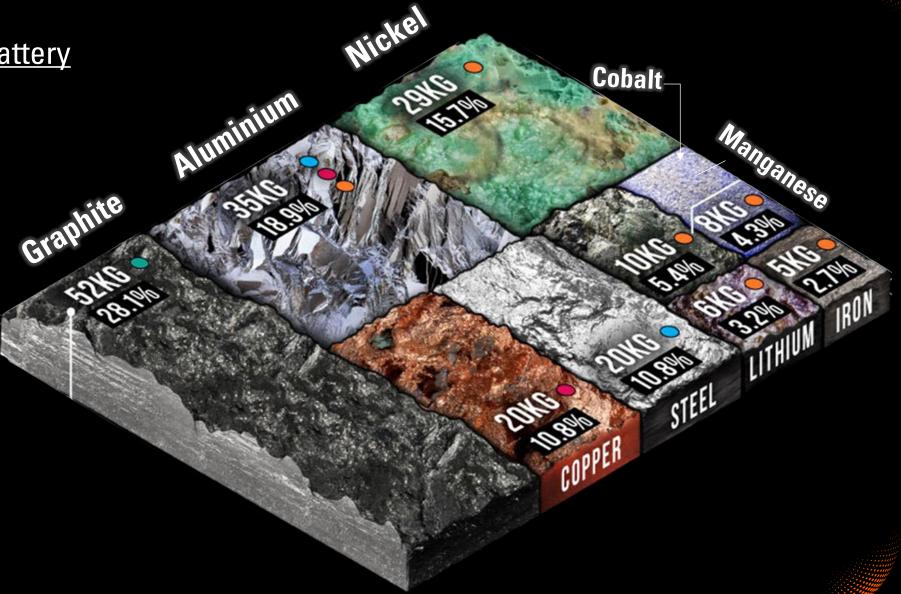
EXAMPLE: Metals in Electric Vehicle Battery

Typical 60 kWh 'NCMA' battery

185 kg metals

- 6 kg lithium
- 29 kg nickel
- 20 kg copper
- 8 kg cobalt





EXAMPLE: Datacentres— The Silent Giants of Metal Consumption

Metal	Estimated Tonnes per MW
Copper (Cu)	27
Aluminium (AI)	10
Steel	40
Lead (Pb)	4
Lithium (Li)	0.1
Nickel (Ni)	0.5
Cobalt (Co)	0.2
Gallium (Ga)	0.05
Rare Earths	0.05





Global Datacentres (~6,000): Majority in USA

 Est. Up to 70 % of World's internet traffic flows through a handful of rural counties in the American northeast

Major growth anticipated over next decade

Seattle Data centre energy consumption (in megawatts)

Portland 82

Source Cushman & Wakefield, DataCenterHawk consumption (in megawatts)

Portland 82

Silicon Valley Salt Lake City 92

Salt Lake City 92

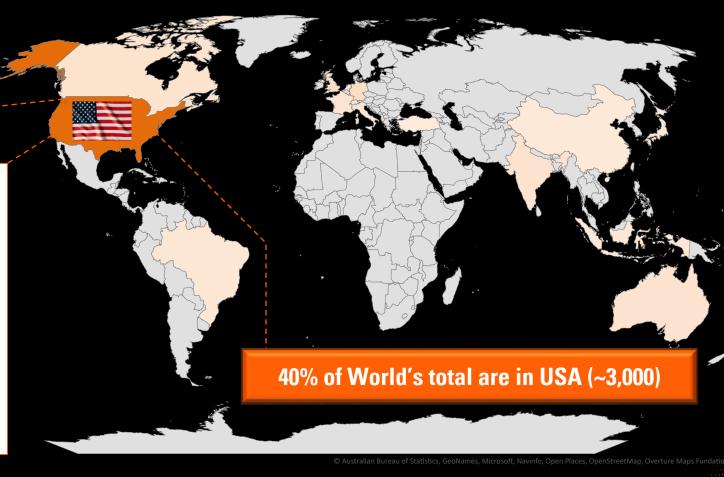
Source Cushman & Wakefield, DataCenterHawk consumption (in megawatts)

Phoenix 615

Dallas 654

Atlanta 360

Number of Data Centres 80 3000





EXAMPLE: Rare Earth Elements

Crucial in Defence Applications

F-35



~420 kg REO

Arleigh Burke-class destroyer



~2,400 kg REO

USS Virginia



Smartphone (iPhone)



16 REE Elements 0.05 kg REO Wind Turbine (3 MWh)



4 REE Elements
2,000 kg REO

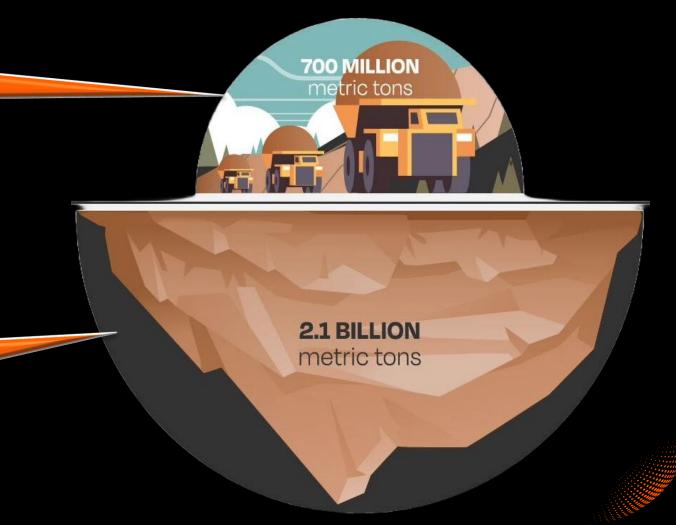


Growing Demand and Supply Chain Risks

 Demand for critical metals will skyrocket over the next decade driven by Computing & the "Energy Transition". Example COPPER

Total amount of Copper produced over **human history**

Copper required to achieve "net zero" by 2050



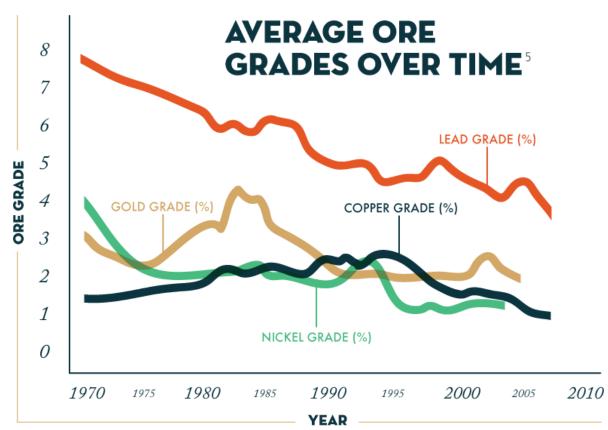


Source: VisualCapitalist (2024)

Global metal supplies are dwindling

- High-grade ore bodies have been depleted. The "easy" stuff has been found
- More waste material must now be processed to extract the same amount of metal.







World now depends on older mines with declining grades

Top 20 Copper Mines by Production in 2023 - Dominated by by archaic mines





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	Mine	Country	Mine Commencement	Years in Production	2023 Cu Production
	El Teniente	Chile	1819	205	401
	Bingham Canyon	USA	1863	161	310
	Chuquicamata	Chile	1879	145	400
-	Buenavista del Cobr	Mexico	1899	125	535
1	Polar Division	Russia	1935	89	450
١	Morenci	USA	1937	87	57 0
1	Cerro Verde II	Peru	1976	48	500
1	Escondida	Chile	1990	34	1,350
	Grasberg	Indonesia	1990	34	770
	Collahuasi	Chile	1999	25	640
N	Los Pelambres	Chile	1999	25	370
*	Antamina	Peru	2001	23	450
ř	Kansanshi	Zambia	2005	19	340
P	Los Bronces	Chile	2007	17	340
	Tenke Fungurume	DRC	2009	15	400
ğ	Las Barnbas	Peru	2016	8	400
	Cobre Panama	Panama	2019	5	380
À	Kamoa-Kakula	DRC	2021	β	430
N.	Quellaveco	Peru	2022	2	350
	Toromocho	Peru	2022	þ	320

Chinese Dominance in Rare Earths

China has ~ 30% of worlds REE reserves, YET

Source: James Kennedy (2023)

- China controls ~100% EV, Wind Turbine, & Military Grade NdFeB Magnet Production
- China undertakes > 90% of the downstream refining & manufacturing of REEs
- Only one single Western Company with ability to produce NdFeB Magnets
- Separation IP originally developed in the US post WWII (Ames lab / Manhattan project)

Magnetic REE Value Chain - Complete Dominance by China



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Chinese Dominance in Rare Earths

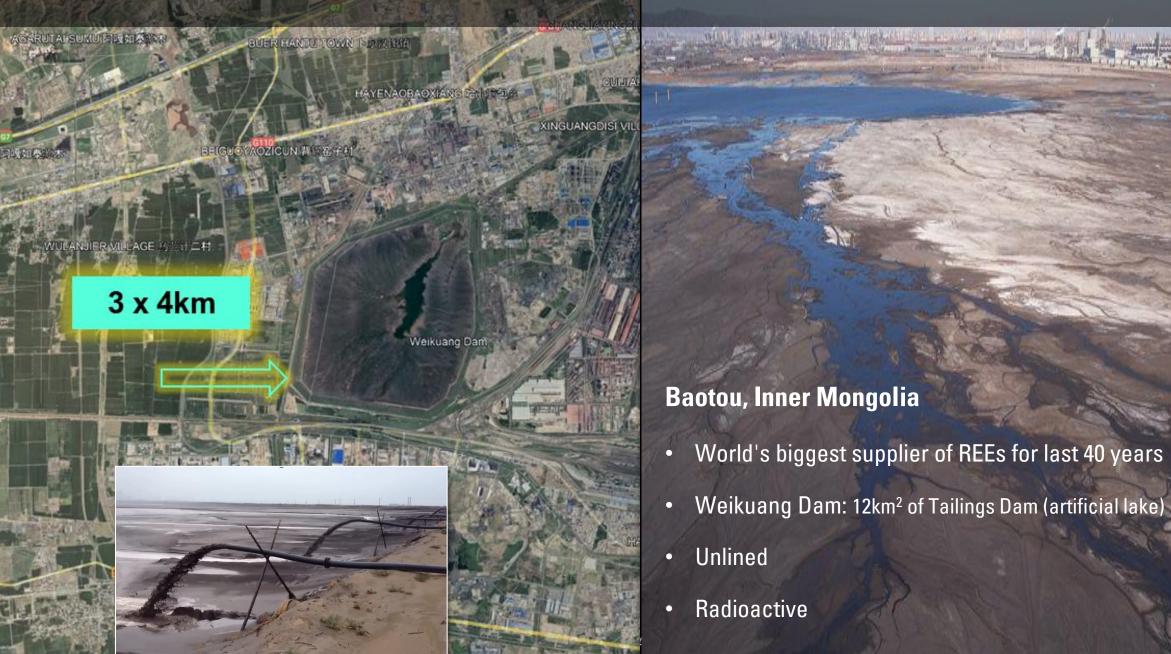
- Early 1980's (Regan / Thatcher era) ⇒
- Major offshoring & Technology
 Transfer push to China (lower costs & less regulation)
- Massive expansion of Chinese R&D into REE Metallurgy and Processing
- 1992 Deng Xiaoping
- Magnequench USA-pioneered developer of REE magnets, acquired by China





Source: James Kennedy (2023)

Environmental Costs of Extraction - REEs





Environmental Costs of Electronic Waste





Flash Joule Heating:

A New Era of Sustainable Metal Extraction

CRITICAL METALS

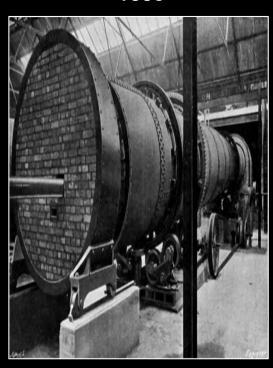
Processing Technology Breakthroughs that Changed History

Bessemer Converter 1856



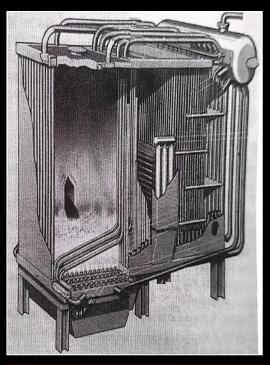
1st Inexpensive method to mass produce steel

Modern Rotary Kiln 1885



Revolutionised Continuous processing

Fluidized Bed 1921



Revolutionised Petroleum cracking

ElecArc Furnace (MiniMill) 1955



Revolutionised scrap metal recovery. *Initially ridiculed*

What's Next?.....

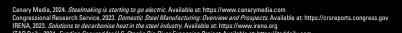


ElecArc Furnace (MiniMill)

- Initial Skepticism: Large steelmakers dismissed MiniMills, doubting their scalability.
- Nucor's Vision: adoption of MiniMill operations faced industry ridicule.
- Breakthrough Success 1980s: Nucor introduced thin-slab casting, disproving critics.
- Industry Shift: MiniMills scaled up challenging traditional steelmaking.
- MiniMills now dominate U.S. steel production







1880

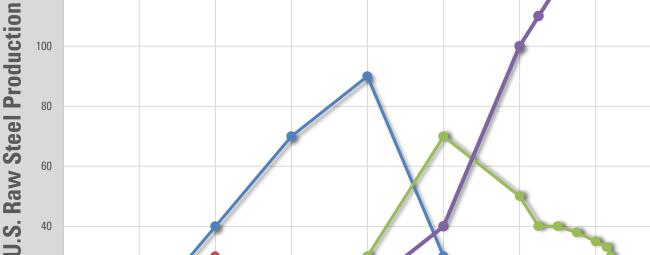
1920

1940

1980

2000





2040

2020

Introducing Flash Joule Heating (FJH)

- Originally developed by Dr James Tour at Rice University to produce graphene, FJH has evolved into a method for efficiently extracting metals from unconventional sources like e-waste & mine tailings.
- Potential to revolutionise metal recovery by reducing energy consumption, reagent use and waste,
 offering a more economical and environmentally friendly alternative.

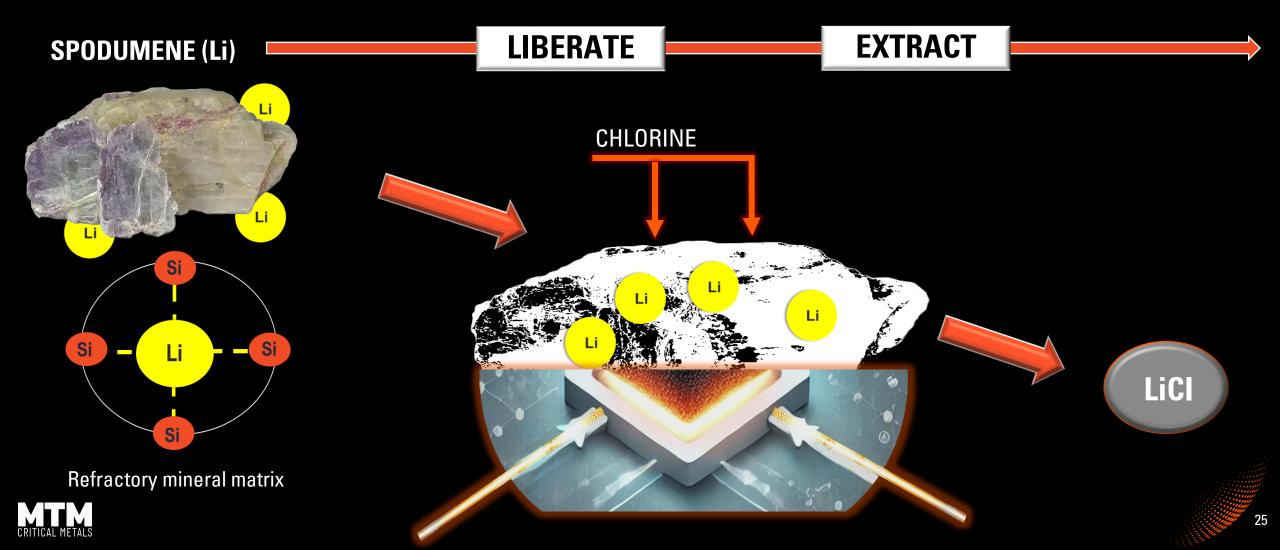






How does it Work? Example Refractory Minerals

- Target metal of interest "locked" in "glass" jail (tight bond)
- Liberate the target metal of interest by thermal shock. i.e. Li from Spodumene



Real-World Success with FJH

Extract valuable metals from Industrial Waste Streams

Spent Li-Ion Batteries

Semiconductor Scrap

High value E-Waste

Mine Tailings



Improve performance of refractory Mineral Processing Operations



Rare Earths

Niobium

Antimony





"Game changer" potential for the Lithium industry

Spodumene is the primary source of Li globally, and the traditional extraction process involves significant energy usage & recovery inefficiencies



E-Waste – a rich source of metals

Weight and value of metals contained in the 62 Mt of e-waste generated globally in 2022

Copper

2.1 Mt

US\$19B

Gold 270 t

US\$15B

Nickel

0.52 Mt

US\$14B

Aluminum

3.9 Mt

US\$11B

Palladium

120 t

US\$8B

Metal Amount (1,000 kg) Total economic value (\$ billions) Tin

44 kt

US\$1.4B

Zinc

280 kt

US\$1B

Silver

1,200 t

US\$0.9B

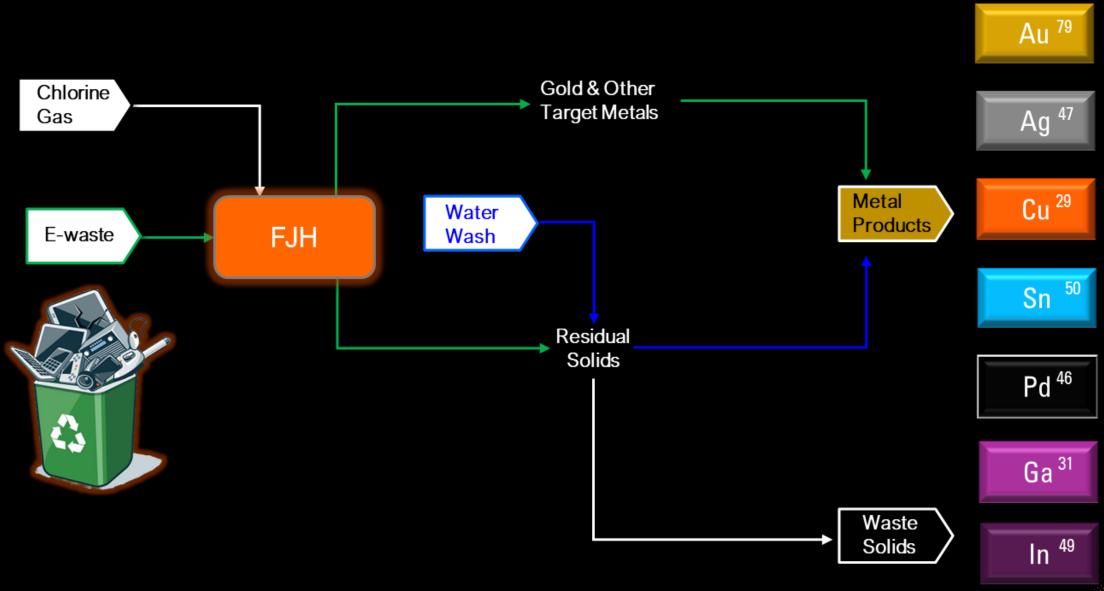
Antimony

28 kt

US\$0.3B



Real-World Success – E-Waste & Gallium / Indium Scrap





Source: See previous ASX:MTM announcements.

We are preparing for commercial scale-up with our FJH Demonstration Plant ("FDP")



Onshoring Critical Metal Supply Chains - GOLD

- Strong demand project over next decade due to monetary debasement & worsening geopolitics
- iPhone / Gold Ratio
 - In "fiat" dollars the iPhone has increased in price by ~150% since 2007 (5.5% CAGR)
 - In ounces of Gold, it has decreased by ~ 50%

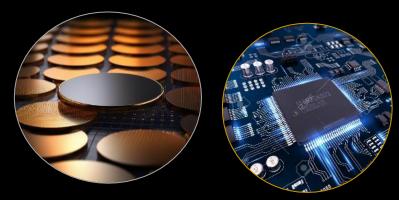




Source: Incrementum AG (2024)

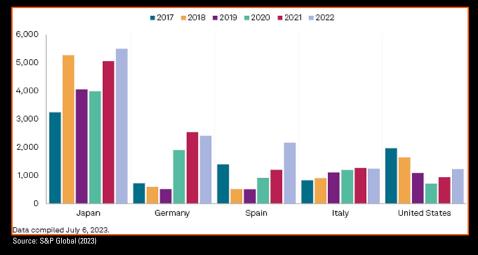
Onshoring Critical Metal Supply Chains - GALLIUM

- Market Supply Issues: The global gallium market has been severely impacted by China's export restrictions, leading to dramatic price increase.
- Crucial for various applications, including semiconductors, LEDs, solar panels and defence technologies like radar systems.
- Domestic USA stockpile = 0 tons

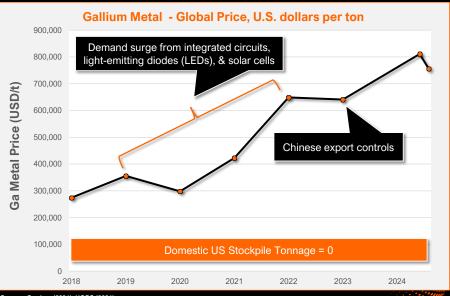


- Statista 2024, Gallium price worldwide from January 2018 to January 2024, https://www.statista.com/statistics/1443942/gallium-global-price/
- United States Geological Survey (USGS) 2024, Gallium Mineral Commodity Summaries 2024, https://pubs.usgs.gov/periodicals/mcs2024/mcs2024/mcs2024-gallium.pdf

Major Gallium & Germanium Importers from China



Global Gallium Metal Price Trend since 2018



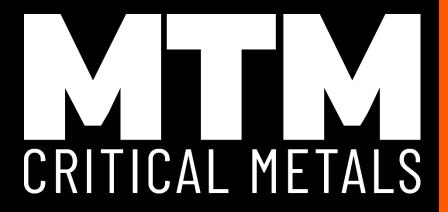
Source: Statista (2024), USGS (2024)



Conclusion – FJH = New Era in Sustainable Metal Extraction



- The next generation of metal recovery technology
- Enhances national security by reducing reliance on imports.
- Sustainable solution for by converting waste into value
- Empowers industries with local access to critical metals for tech
- Scalable solution for growing demand
- Investment tailwinds: Right time in the investment cycle for n. resources



CONTACT

Michael Walshe
CEO, MTM Critical Metals Ltd

MTM Critical Metals Limited

Suite 2, 38 Colin Street, West Perth, WA 6005 Australia Phone 08 6391 0112 | Email info@mtmmetals.com.au

ASX:MTM

mtmmetals.com.au

Steven Ragiel

President, Flash Metals USA, Inc.