

22 April 2025

Strategic Entry into Gold Exploration in the Siguiri Basin, Guinea

HIGHLIGHTS

- Traka Resources Limited (Traka) makes a strategic entry into the highly prospective Siguiri Basin in Guinea, West Africa through a partnership in the Didi Gold Project (Didi) hosting confirmed high-grade gold mineralisation.
- Traka has signed an exclusive agreement with Guinean based company Alamako Corporation International (Alamako) to earn-in a 75% interest in Didi.
- Didi is strategically located between two major gold assets owned by AngloGold Ashanti, lying just 12km east of its 8.5Moz Siguiri Gold Mine.
- Cheick Traore appointed as TKL's in-country manager in Guinea. Cheick is currently of the General Manager of Sanu Gold Corporation (CSE: SANU) and brings extensive Guinean exploration experience to the role.
- The Didi Permit hosts high-grade gold mineralisation and supported by meaningful drilling, extensive high-grade surface geochemical anomalies, and widespread artisanal activity, presents compelling evidence for a significant gold system—providing a strong foundation for the immediate generation of step-out drill targets.
- Alamako intercepted both high-grade and wide gold drill intercepts across the Didi Project including highlights of:
 - 1m @ 6.5 g/t Au from 79m in hole TBDD0006
 - 19m @ 2.7 g/t Au from 31m in hole TBDD0007 including:
1m @ 17.1 g/t Au from 31m
 - 3m @ 2.7 g/t Au from 15m in hole TBDD0003
 - 1m @ 4.07 g/t Au from surface in hole TBRB0006
 - 1m @ 7.46 g/t Au from surface in hole TBRB0007
 - 2m @ 3.01 g/t Au from surface in hole TBRB0007A
 - 1m @ 7.15 g/t Au from 1m in hole TBRB0027
 - 1m @ 3.54 g/t Au from 14m in hole TBRB0061

- 1m @ 7.63 g/t Au from 6m in hole TBRB0069
- 1m @ 3.37 g/t Au from surface in hole TBRB0071
- 1m @ 7.42 g/t Au from surface in hole TBRB0073
- 1m @ 3.13 g/t Au from 15m in hole TBRB00107
- 1m @ 4.08 g/t Au from 11m in hole TBRB0140
- Alamako conducted trenching and geochemical sampling programs at the Didi Project, reporting multiple high-grade gold results—most notably concentrated within the Didi-1 target area.
 - 24m @ 3.66 g/t Au from 0 m to 24m including 4m @ 10.1g/t Au in trench TBTR001

And surface rock samples

- 35.6 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 21.42 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 13.12 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 12.89 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 12.3 g/t Au from surface quartz vein sample
- 8.87 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 8.40 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 8.09 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 7.78 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 6.84 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 6.31 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 6.28 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 6.26 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 6.16 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 5.95 g/t Au from surface quartz vein sample
- 5.40 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 4.98 g/t Au from surface quartz vein sample
- 4.60 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 4.14 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 3.86 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 3.78 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 3.19 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 2.99 g/t Au from surface gossan sample
- 2.75 g/t Au from surface gossan sample

Didi Project Overview

Traka Resource Limited ('Traka' or 'the Company') is pleased to announce its strategic entry into the Siguiri Basin in Guinea, West Africa, through its entry into an earn-in joint venture in an advanced gold exploration project (**Didi Gold Project**) hosting high-grade gold in drilling, trenching and surface gossan sampling results.

The Siguiri Basin is host to numerous multi-million-ounce gold deposits, including AngloGold Ashanti's long-standing Siguiri Gold Mine, and is widely recognised for its potential to deliver large-scale, high-margin discoveries. Despite this, the Siguiri Basin remains largely underexplored with many existing advanced exploration projects lacking access to capital in order to make significant regional scale discoveries.

The **Didi Gold Project** has seen previous drilling which returned multiple zones of high-grade gold mineralisation over shallow depths, supported by numerous high-grade gold results from trenching, rock chip, soil, and termite mound sampling programs. Additionally, the project area hosts widespread artisanal workings, further underscoring the gold prospectivity.

Highlights from historical exploration include:

Historical diamond drilling

- **3m @ 2.7 g/t Au from 15m in hole TBDD0003**
- **1m @ 6.5 g/t Au from 79m in hole TBDD0006**
- **19m @ 2.7 g/t Au from 31m in hole TBDD0007 including:**
 - **1m @ 17.1 g/t Au from 31m**
- **1m @ 2.45 g/t Au from 58m in hole TBDD0007**
- **2m @ 1.57 g/t Au from 73m in hole TBDD0017**
- **1m @ 1.57 g/t Au from 58m in hole TBDD0018**

Historical RAB drilling

- **1m @ 2.01 g/t Au from 1m in hole TBRB0002**
- **2m @ 1.58 g/t Au from surface in hole TBRB0005**
- **1m @ 4.07 g/t Au from surface in hole TBRB0006**
- **1m @ 7.46 g/t Au from surface in hole TBRB0007**
- **2m @ 3.01 g/t Au from surface in hole TBRB0007A**
- **1m @ 7.15 g/t Au from 1m in hole TBRB0027**
- **1m @ 1.05 g/t Au from 12m in hole TBRB0042**
- **1m @ 3.54 g/t Au from 14m in hole TBRB0061**
- **1m @ 7.63 g/t Au from 6m in hole TBRB0069**
- **2m @ 1.21 g/t Au from 16m in hole TBRB0070**
- **1m @ 3.37 g/t Au from surface in hole TBRB0071**

- 1m @ 7.42 g/t Au from surface in hole TBRB0073
- 1m @ 2.2 g/t Au from 1m in hole TBRB0074
- 1m @ 3.13 g/t Au from 15m in hole TBRB00107
- 1m @ 1.82 g/t Au from 2m in hole TBRB0112
- 1m @ 1.51 g/t Au from 4m in hole TBRB0138
- 1m @ 4.08 g/t Au from 11m in hole TBRB0140

Historical trench sampling

- 24m @ 3.66 g/t Au from 0 m to 24m including 4m @ 10.1g/t Au in trench TBTR001
 - including 1m @ 10.9 g/t Au
 - and including 1m @ 2.86 g/t Au
 - and including 1m @ 1.89 g/t Au
 - and including 1m @ 20.2 g/t Au
 - and including 1m @ 5.58g/t Au
 - and including 1m @ 1.44 g/t Au
 - and including 1m @ 2.04 g/t Au
 - and including 1m @ 18.3 g/t Au
 - and including 1m @ 17.2 g/t Au
 - and including 1m @ 2.89 g/t Au
 - and including 1m @ 5.82 g/t Au

Historical surface sampling

Over 50 gossan and quartz vein rock samples greater than 0.5 g/t Au; including 25 greater than 3.0 g/t Au

- 35.6 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 21.42 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 13.12 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 12.89 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 12.3 g/t Au from quartz vein sample
- 8.87 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 8.40 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 8.09 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 7.78 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 6.84 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 6.31 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 6.28 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 6.26 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 6.16 g/t Au from gossan sample
- 5.95 g/t Au from quartz vein sample

- **5.40 g/t Au from gossan sample**
- **4.98 g/t Au from quartz vein sample**
- **4.60 g/t Au from gossan sample**
- **4.14 g/t Au from gossan sample**
- **3.86 g/t Au from gossan sample**
- **3.78 g/t Au from gossan sample**
- **3.19 g/t Au from gossan sample**
- **2.99 g/t Au from gossan sample**
- **2.75 g/t Au from gossan sample**

These results, together with widespread artisanal workings and strong geochemical anomalies, highlight the tenement's immediate exploration potential.

Traka's entry into Guinea is underpinned by the strong support of a highly experienced in-country team, led by renowned Guinean entrepreneur Sekou "Cheick" Traore. With over 20 years' experience in gold exploration and project development, Mr. Traore is the founder of several mining ventures in Guinea and currently serves as General Manager of Sanu Gold Corporation (CSE: SANU). Sanu is listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange and has a market capitalisation exceeding C\$150 million. Cheick has played a key role in taking multiple companies public on the Canadian Securities Exchange and maintains strong relationships with government and regulatory bodies.

This in-country team will be critical in managing logistics, permitting, and field operations. Initial exploration programs will focus on confirmatory drilling, extension of known mineralised zones, and the identification of new targets within the broader tenement package.

The Siguiri Basin, Guinea

The Siguiri Basin of northeastern Guinea is widely recognised as one of West Africa's most prolific and underexplored gold provinces. Located within the broader Birimian Greenstone Belt, the basin hosts numerous multi-million-ounce gold deposits and active mining operations, including the world-class Siguiri Gold Mine operated by AngloGold Ashanti.

The basin is geologically defined by a complex sequence of folded and faulted metavolcanic and metasedimentary rocks, intruded by later granitoids and cut by major structural corridors that control gold mineralisation. These structures are host to extensive zones of artisanal mining activity and widespread gold-in-soil anomalies, indicating strong potential for further discoveries. Gold is typically found in quartz vein systems, shear zones, and altered granitoids — all hallmarks of significant orogenic gold systems.

Despite its proven endowment, large portions of the Siguiri Basin remain underexplored using modern techniques. Advances in geophysical and geochemical targeting, along with increasing regional geological understanding, have driven a resurgence in exploration activity across the basin. Recent discoveries by junior and mid-tier explorers highlight the ongoing opportunity to delineate high-grade, near-surface gold systems amenable to open-pit development.

In addition to its prospectivity, Guinea offers a supportive mining framework, with established permitting pathways and a growing infrastructure base. The presence of in-country exploration expertise, including technical teams and logistics support, further enhances the basin's attractiveness for early-stage discovery and resource growth.

For companies seeking exposure to high-margin gold opportunities, the Siguiri Basin presents a compelling combination of geology, scale, and accessibility. With the right approach and systematic exploration, the region offers the potential to unlock new standalone deposits in a district known for its world-class gold endowment.

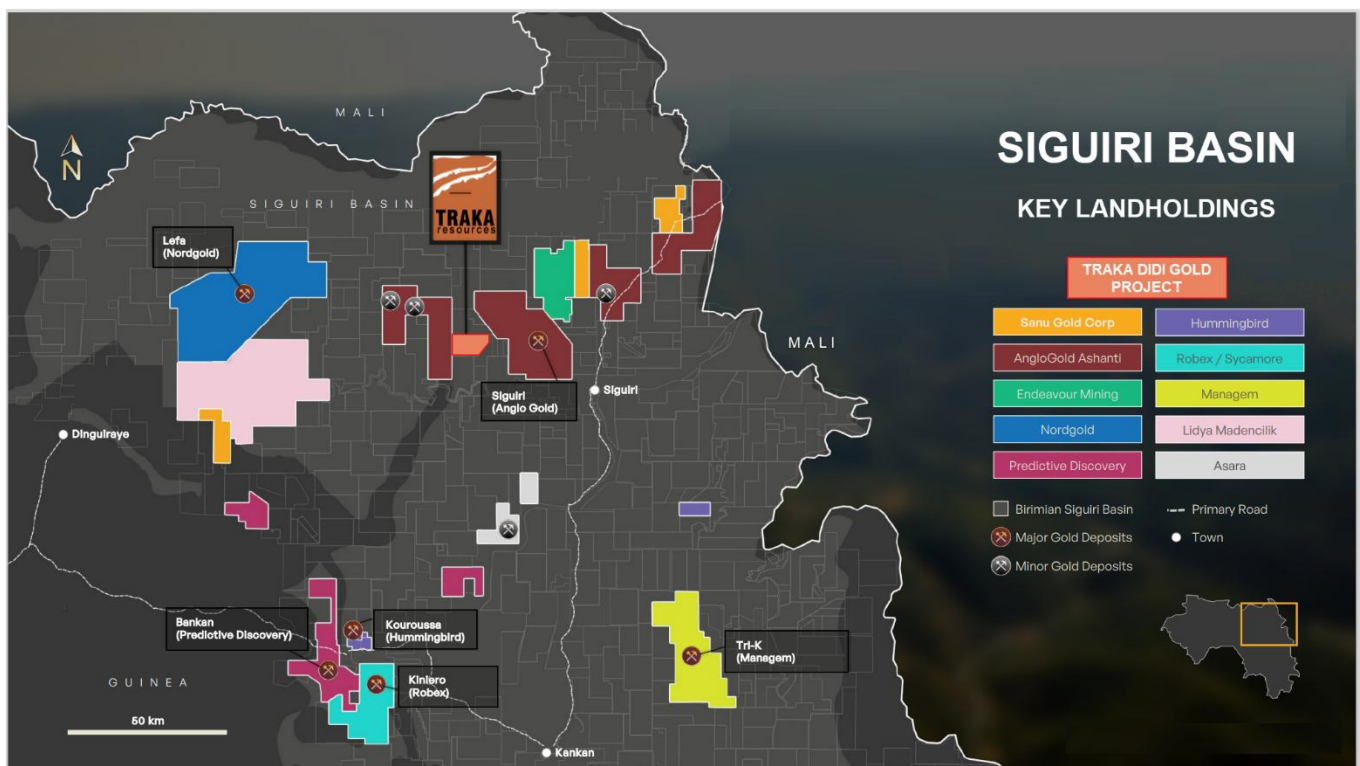


Figure 1. Significant gold mining and explorers in the Siguiri Basin, Guinea. Base map courtesy of Sanu Gold Corporation

The Didi Gold Project

The Didi Gold Project comprises a 75.45 km² exploration licence located in the Siguiri Basin, northeastern Guinea, some 12 km west of the Guinea's largest gold mine, the Siguiri Mine operated by AngloGold Ashanti. The permit was granted to Alamako Corporation International on 12 September 2018 under decree No. A2018/5740/MMG/SGG.

The Didi Gold Project lies in a historically active artisanal mining region, with extensive workings along paleoplacers but no prior commercial production. The earliest modern exploration was between 2007 and 2009 with geochemical soil and termite mound surveys completed over most of the Didi tenure. Three target areas (Didi-1, Didi-2, and Didi-3) were identified from this work, though

only the first two were partially assessed with follow-up geochemical sampling and geological mapping, before the project was abandoned.

In September 2017, Alamako completed a first-pass diamond and RAB drilling program across the 3 target areas within the Didi Gold Project. The most significant results were returned from the Didi-1 North prospect, where drilling intersected high-grade gold mineralisation hosted within NW-trending sinistral brittle-ductile fracture systems. Notable intercepts included trench TBTR0001 with 24 metres at 3.7 g/t gold, including a higher-grade interval of 4 metres at 10.1 g/t, and a separate interval of 19 metres at 2.7 g/t gold in diamond hole TBDD0007.

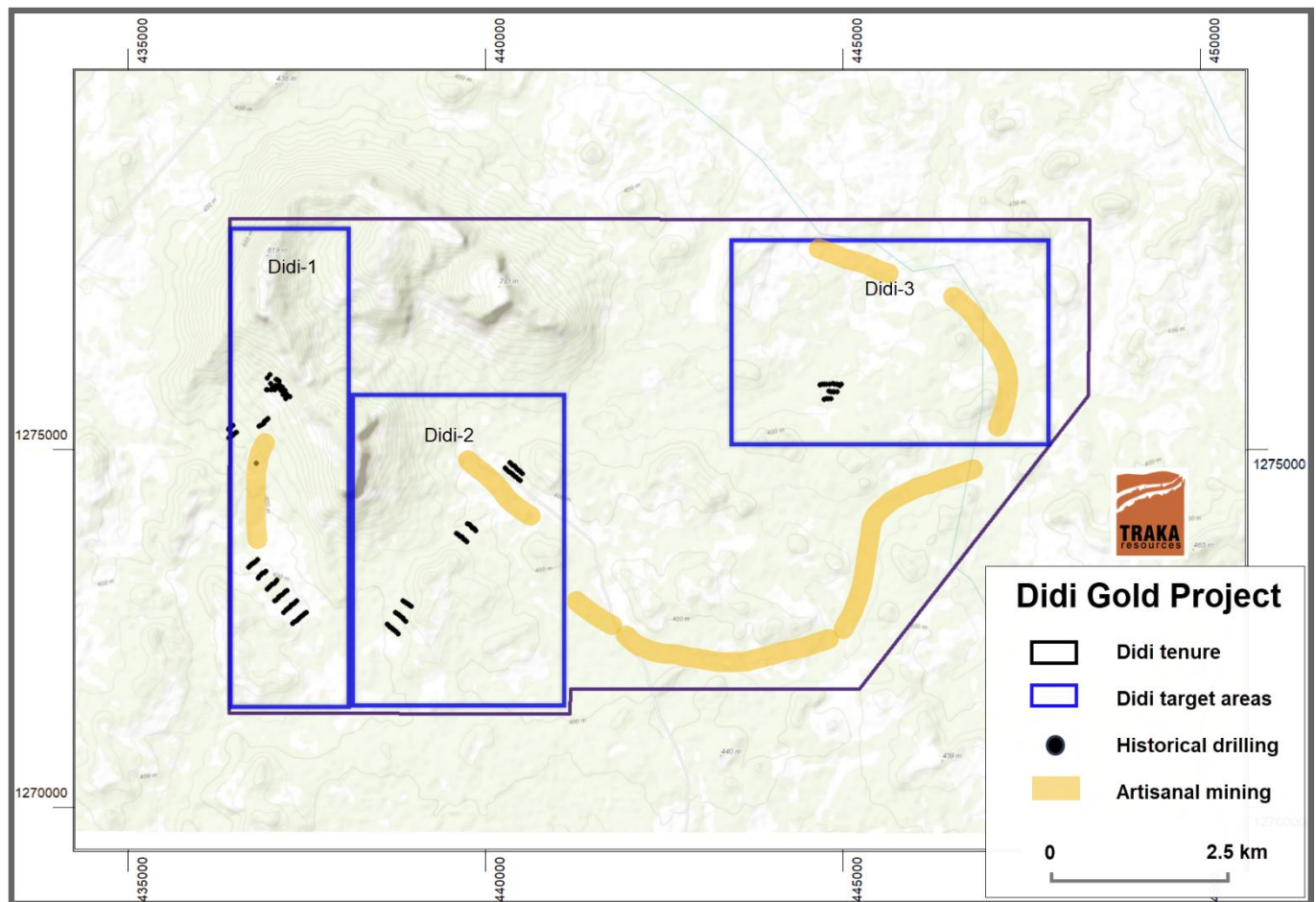


Figure 2. The Didi Gold Project showing the licence area, the 3 target zones, and historical drilling

Follow-up structural logging of drill core from Didi-1, completed in June 2018, confirmed that the mineralisation is structurally controlled and occurs within faulted and sheared contacts between lapilli and ash tuff volcanoclastics. Gold is hosted within a network of NNW-striking, ENE-dipping deformation zones that exhibit intense hydrothermal alteration and extensional fracture systems.

Figure 4. Didi-1 North. Diamond drilling and trench location over interpreted geology. Figure courtesy of Alamako

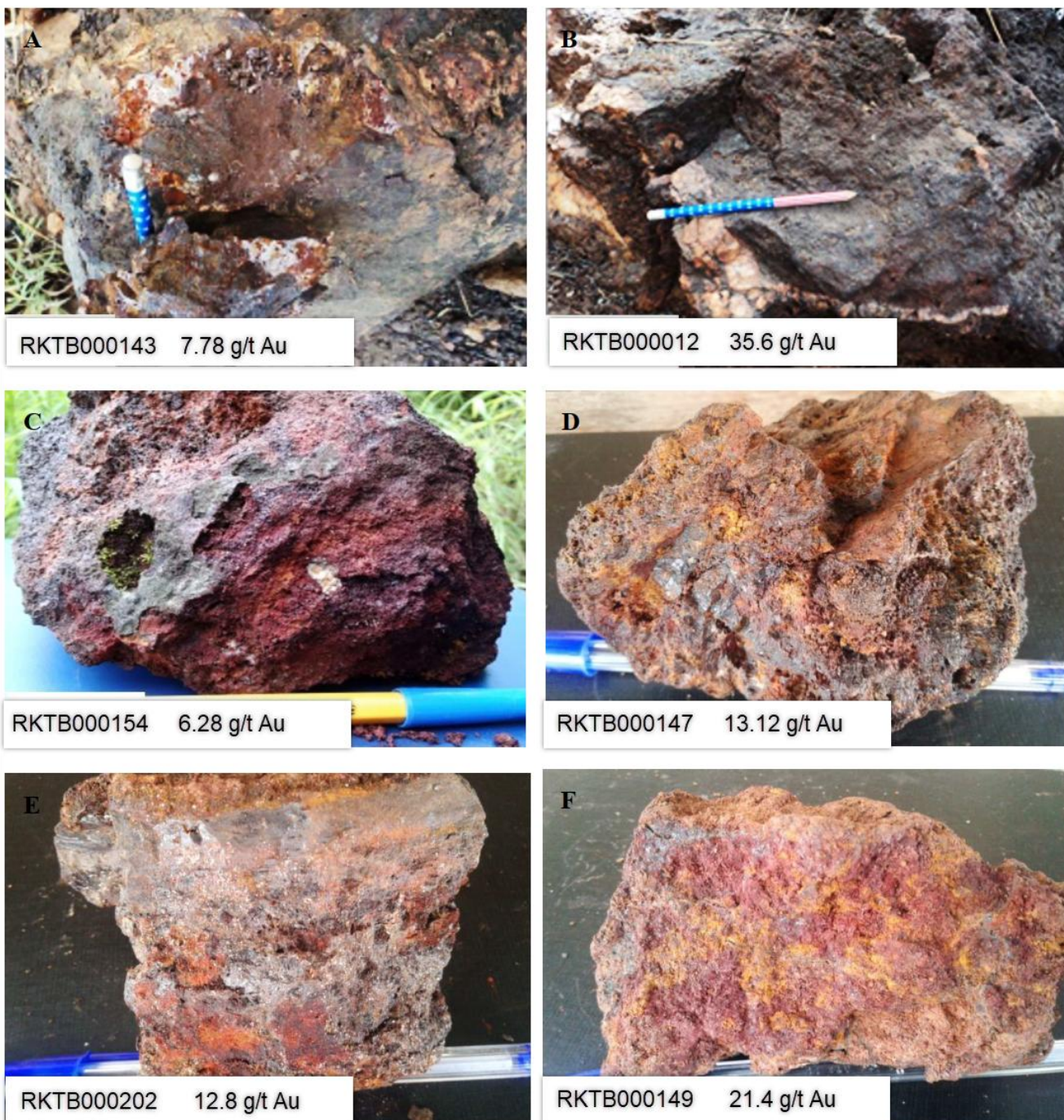


Figure 5. High-grade gold in gossanous surface rock samples from the Didi-1 North prospect.
Photos courtesy of Alamako

Earn-in and Joint Venture Agreement

Traka has entered into a binding Agreement with Alamako Corporation International (**Alamako**) upon which Alamako and Traka agree to form a joint venture in respect of the Didi Gold Project, by which Traka will have the sole and exclusive right to earn an undivided 75% interest in the Didi Gold Project.

Alamako is the legal and beneficial owner of a 100% interest in the gold and associated minerals exploration permit which comprises the Didi Gold Project (No. A2018/5740/MMG/ SGG) located in the Siguiri Basin Region, northeastern Guinea.

Earn-In

- (a) Subject to the satisfaction (or waiver) of the Conditions, Traka will have the right to earn a 75% interest in the Project (Earn-In Interest) by:
- (i) solely funding and undertaking the exploration programme and activities on the Project as detailed in Schedule 2; and
 - (j) making to Alamako the following cash payments:
 - US\$50,000 on the Execution Date;
 - US\$150,000 on the date which is 21 days from the Execution Date;
 - US\$100,000 on the date which is six months from the Execution Date;
 - US\$200,000 on the date which is 12 months from the Execution Date;
 - US\$100,000 on the date which is 18 months from the Execution Date;
 - US\$100,000 on the date which is 24 months from the Execution Date;
 - US\$200,000 on the date which is 30 months from the Execution Date; and
 - US\$100,000 on the date which is 36 months from the Execution Date,

(together, the Earn-In Requirements) within 36 months from the Execution Date (Earn-In Period).

For the avoidance of doubt, at Traka's sole and absolute election any of the cash payments above may be expedited and made prior to the above-mentioned deadlines.

(b) Upon Traka satisfying the Earn-In Requirements, Traka will be deemed to have earned the Earn-In Interest, and Alamako agrees that it shall deliver or cause to be delivered to Traka:

- (i) duly executed countersigned transfers, prepared by Traka, in registrable form for the transfer of a 75% interest in the Project to Traka, except for stamping;
- (ii) all data and information relating to the Project in Alamako's possession or control, or which Traka may reasonably require or request;
- (iii) such other permits, licences and documents held by Alamako as are necessary to enable Traka to exercise its legal and beneficial ownership rights, in proportion to its Earn-In Interest, in relation to the Project; and
- (iv) Alamako shall do all other acts and things as may be reasonably required by Traka to enable Traka to become the registered as the holder of a 75% interest in the Project.

(c) Where Traka satisfies the Earn-In Requirements, the interests of the Parties in the Project will be as follows:

- (i) Alamako – 25%; and (ii) Traka – 75%.

Conditions Precedent

The commencement of the Earn-In is conditional upon the satisfaction (or waiver) of the following conditions precedent (Conditions):

- Alamako Due Diligence: completion of financial, legal and technical due diligence by Alamako on Traka, to the absolute satisfaction of Alamako;
- JV Bank Account: Traka opening a Guinean bank account in the name of both Alamako and Traka into which Traka will transfer funds for exploration under the Joint Venture (defined below) will be paid;
- Financial Capacity: Traka providing Alamako with a bank statement showing its available cash on hand as at the Execution Date, along with a letter of comfort from its banker; and
- Regulatory and other Approvals: Traka and Alamako obtaining all necessary shareholder and regulatory approvals or waivers pursuant to any applicable laws, to allow the Parties to lawfully complete the matters set out in the Agreement.

If the Conditions are not satisfied (or waived by the party with the benefit of the Condition) on or before the expiry of the 30 June 2025 (or such other date as agreed between the Parties), then any party may terminate this Agreement by notice in writing to the other party, in which case the agreement constituted by this Agreement will be at an end and the Parties will be released from their obligations under this Agreement (other than in respect of any breaches that occurred prior to termination).

Obligations of Traka during Option Period and Earn in Period

Traka shall, during the period from the Execution Date until the earlier of termination of the Agreement and the end of the Earn-In Period (Obligation Period):

- (a) solely fund all costs incurred in connection with the activities on the Project, as mutually agreed between the Parties;
- (b) be responsible for the administration and maintenance of the Project;
- (c) comply with all government regulations and any applicable minimum annual expenditure requirements with respect to the Project; and
- (d) conduct all activities on the Project in accordance with good and generally accepted exploration practice, including but not limited to, complying with the terms and conditions of the Project and all applicable laws relevant to the Project.

Formation of Joint Venture

- (a) On and from the date that Traka satisfies the Earn-In Requirements (Commencement Date), the Parties will be deemed to have established an unincorporated joint venture for the purpose of mining on the Project in relation to all minerals permissible to mine (other than alluvial or artisanal gold and otherwise in accordance with the terms of the respective Project grants) on the commercial terms set out in this Agreement (Joint Venture).
- (b) The Parties agree that, if necessary, they will establish and incorporate a new entity (NewCo) for the purposes of establishing an incorporated joint venture over the Project in accordance with the terms set out with this Agreement. The Parties agree that in the event the NewCo is established, each Joint Venturer will transfer its relevant Joint Venture Interest to the NewCo.
- (c) The Parties to the Joint Venture (the Joint Venturers) will be: (i) Traka; and (ii) Alamako.

Other

- On and from the date that Traka satisfies the Earn-In Requirements (Commencement Date), the Parties will be deemed to have established an unincorporated joint venture for the purpose of mining on the Project in relation to all minerals permissible to mine (other than alluvial or artisanal gold and otherwise in accordance with the terms of the respective Project grants) on the commercial terms set out in this Agreement (Joint Venture).
- The Parties agree that, if necessary, they will establish and incorporate a new entity (NewCo) for the purposes of establishing an incorporated joint venture over the Project in accordance with the terms set out with this Agreement. The Parties agree that in the event the NewCo is established, each Joint Venturer (defined below) will transfer its relevant Joint Venture Interest (defined below) to the NewCo.
- The Parties agree that in the event that any new parties to the Joint Venture are appointed, Alamako's Joint Venture Interest may only be diluted to a minimum of 15%
- On and from the Commencement Date, Alamako has 5 Business Days to notify Traka whether it wishes to elect to convert its JV Interest to a 5% net smelter royalty over all minerals extracted from the Project (Royalty) (Conversion Notice) (Conversion) or otherwise contribute to JV Expenditure in accordance with its Joint Venture Interest.
- On and from the Commencement Date, Traka agrees to solely fund a study of the technical, commercial and economic feasibility of developing and mining on the Project and producing minerals in significant commercial quantities which includes all available exploration, geological, engineering and other relevant data and capital and operating cost estimates and (if appropriate) marketing studies in sufficient detail to enable options for optimum development, mining and treatment to be identified in reasonable detail (Definitive Feasibility Study).
- Traka may withdraw from this Agreement by giving 20 Business Days' notice in writing to Alamako. If Traka withdraws from this Agreement, then it must transfer all of its right, title, data, studies and interest in the Joint Venture Property (including for the avoidance of doubt all data and studies undertaken by Traka in respect of the Project) to Alamako for the sum of \$1.00 and leave Alamako with the full benefit of exploration results to date.

Schedule 2 – Project Exploration Programme

Stage 1 - Year 1 - Geophysics, mapping, and initial drilling

The proposed Stage 1 program comprises geophysics, mapping, and initial drilling to test the interpreted structural model of the deposit and expand the gold deposit.

Stage 2 - Year 2 - Geophysics, mapping, and initial drilling

The proposed Stage 2 program comprises geophysics, mapping, and initial drilling to test the interpreted structural model of the deposit and expand the gold deposit.

Stage 3 - Year 3 - Resource modelling and commencement of resource estimation

Work will focus on internal resource modelling in order to commence work on a JORC compliant mineral resource (for the avoidance of doubt a JORC compliant mineral resource need not be released prior to the end of year 3, in order to satisfy this stage, the resource estimation must have just been started). This phase may require additional RC and DD Drilling Programs for resource extension and to convert inferred resources into indicated resources.

Stage 4 - Year 4 – Commencement of a Preliminary Feasibility Study (PFS) and preparation of the Independent Technical Report

Traka must commence (but for the avoidance of doubt need not complete in Year 4) a Preliminary Feasibility Study (PFS) and prepare an Independent Technical Report (JORC compliant). The objective of this task is to culminate in Traka being able to submit an application for an exploitation permit in due course once all other required work is conducted and completed but for the avoidance of doubt need not complete in Year 4. For the avoidance of doubt, each Stage will be completed in combination across the three target areas comprising the Project.

This joint venture structure enables Traka to retain operational control while benefitting from Alamako's in-country expertise and support as the Project progresses toward development.

Traka and Alamako will follow all standard and lawful processes to provide the formal notifications to the relevant departments in Guinea concerning this technical and financial partnership agreement.

Traka CEO Mr Steve Lynn commented on the Agreement:

“The earn and JV on the Didi Gold Project provides TKL shareholders with a highly compelling advanced entry in one of West Africa's most prolific and exciting gold belts currently. With established mineralisation and multiple walk-up drill targets already identified, the Didi Gold Project offers a strong platform for near-term exploration success and future resource growth.”

“Importantly, the deal provides TKL with a very well credentialed partner in-country technical team who have had previous and recent prolific success in Guinea. This will be critical in accelerating our exploration program at Didi and will also significantly assist TKL with identifying additional value

accretive complementary opportunities in Guinea. We are excited to commence systematic exploration in this world-class gold terrain and believe this partnership positions us well to unlock significant value for shareholders and stakeholders.”

Next Steps and News Flow

- Consolidation: - compile existing data sets, establish field-based project team and facilities, source drilling and other geological contractors
- Follow-up sampling to define mineral envelope and assist drill planning on existing target areas
- Drilling to extend known mineralisation at Didi-1 North
- Follow-up and regional drilling at other prospect areas

Competent Person Statement

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Targets, Exploration Results, Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves is based on and fairly represents information compiled and reviewed by Mr Steve Lynn, a Competent Person who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG) and Chief Executive Officer of Traka Resources Limited. Mr Lynn has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he has undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the ‘Australasian Code for the Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves’. Mr Lynn consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this announcement relate to the future, including forward-looking statements relating to the Company and its business (including its projects). Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning Traka Resources Limited planned exploration program(s) and other statements that are not historical facts. When used in this document, the words such as "could," "plan," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may", "potential," "should," and similar expressions are forward looking statements.

These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions, and other important factors that could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such statements. Actual events or results may differ materially from the events or results expressed or implied in any forward-looking statement and deviations are both normal and to be expected. Neither the Company, its officers nor any other person gives any representation, assurance or guarantee that the events or other matters expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements will actually occur. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on those statements.

Table 2. Did Gold Project. Historical diamond drilling

HOLE ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Depth	Azimuth	Dip
TBDD0001A	436844	1274851	410	50.07	50	-50
TBDD0002	436804	1274797	405	98.50	50	-50
TBDD0003	437084	1275965	544	50.82	50	-50
TBDD0004	436993	1276040	543	97.62	50	-50
TBDD0005	436955	1275988	523	134.92	50	-50
TBDD0006	436998	1275910	518	183.05	50	-50
TBDD0007	437122	1275896	526	59.87	50	-50
TBDD0008	437062	1275823	505	30.37	50	-50
TBDD0009	437119	1275941	543	60.38	50	-50
TBDD0010	437162	1275863	541	60.77	50	-50
TBDD0011	437207	1275812	538	63.28	50	-50
TBDD0012	437220	1275770	532	60.38	50	-50
TBDD0013	437266	1275727	538	60.5	50	-50
TBDD0014	437208	1275727	532	121.65	50	-50
TBDD0015	437147	1275812	507	99.83	50	-50
TBDD0016	437170	1275760	520	115.21	50	-50
TBDD0017	437113	1275843	520	119.93	50	-50
TBDD0018	437072	1275887	520	135.19	50	-50
TBDD0019	437212	1275698	528	103.19	50	-50

Note: coordinates in UTM zone 29N

Table 3. Did Gold Project. Historical RAB drilling

HOLE_ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Depth	Azimuth	Dip
TBRB0001	437121	1275955	542	15	320	-50
TBRB0002	437075	1275973	537	14	320	-50
TBRB0003	437004	1275912	512	22	320	-50
TBRB0004	437021	1275845	513	2	320	-50
TBRB0005	437011	1275827	514	2	320	-50
TBRB0006	436940	1275827	495	31	90	-50
TBRB0007	436948	1275825	490	1	320	-50
TBRB0007A	436949	1275827	450	19	320	-50
TBRB0008	436960	1275422	445	2	50	-50
TBRB0009	436942	1275407	445	6	50	-50
TBRB0010	436913	1275386	450	8	50	-50
TBRB0011	436901	1275360	434	13	50	-50
TBRB0012	436875	1275335	434	27	50	-50
TBRB0013	436838	1275317	432	12	50	-50
TBRB0014	436412	1275275	398	1	50	-50
TBRB0014A	436414	1275271	396	3	50	-50
TBRB0015	436428	1275286	396	6	50	-50
TBRB0016	436449	1275305	406	3	50	-50

HOLE_ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Depth	Azimuth	Dip
TBRB0017	436473	1275325	409	7	50	-50
TBRB0018	436419	1275149	409	5	50	-50
TBRB0019	436448	1275173	401	3	50	-50
TBRB0020	436469	1275194	399	5	50	-50
TBRB0021	436494	1275211	403	4	50	-50
TBRB0022	436520	1275229	598	3	50	-50
TBRB0023	437313	1272564	402	30	50	-50
TBRB0024	437332	1272582	402	24	50	-50
TBRB0025	437363	1272603	399	26	50	-50
TBRB0026	437385	1272619	395	26	50	-50
TBRB0027	437405	1272639	394	21	50	-50
TBRB0028	437428	1272659	396	12	50	-50
TBRB0029	437451	1272679	392	30	50	-50
TBRB0030	437472	1272698	392	27	50	-50
TBRB0031	437497	1272719	401	21	50	-50
TBRB0032	437366	1272874	398	18	50	-50
TBRB0033	437344	1272858	399	27	50	-50
TBRB0034	437324	1272841	393	27	50	-50
TBRB0035	437294	1272819	395	31	50	-50
TBRB0036	437277	1272805	395	30	50	-50
TBRB0037	437256	1272782	403	33	50	-50
TBRB0038	437235	1272760	401	36	50	-50
TBRB0039	437210	1272743	397	37	50	-50
TBRB0040	437186	1272719	403	38	50	-50
TBRB0041	437061	1272874	406	37	50	-50
TBRB0042	437078	1272891	398	42	50	-50
TBRB0043	437105	1272914	404	33	50	-50
TBRB0044	437120	1272935	404	16	50	-50
TBRB0045	437144	1272951	404	36	50	-50
TBRB0046	437166	1272969	404	26	50	-50
TBRB0047	437192	1272994	404	30	50	-50
TBRB0048	437216	1273010	404	36	50	-50
TBRB0049	437236	1273027	400	27	50	-50
TBRB0050	437085	1273163	400	24	50	-50
TBRB0051	437064	1273140	400	33	50	-50
TBRB0052	437045	1273122	400	36	50	-50
TBRB0053	437020	1273105	400	39	50	-50
TBRB0054	436995	1273084	400	33	50	-50
TBRB0055	436971	1273065	400	30	50	-50
TBRB0056	436952	1273046	400	36	50	-50
TBRB0057	436825	1273193	400	36	50	-50
TBRB0058	436843	1273212	400	21	50	-50
TBRB0059	436868	1273241	400	36	50	-50

HOLE_ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Depth	Azimuth	Dip
TBRB0060	436891	1273261	400	26	50	-50
TBRB0061	436914	1273277	400	27	50	-50
TBRB0062	436935	1273295	400	27	50	-50
TBRB0063	436818	1273451	400	23	50	-50
TBRB0064	436788	1273426	400	28	50	-50
TBRB0065	436761	1273410	400	30	50	-50
TBRB0066	436735	1273388	400	27	50	-50
TBRB0067	436712	1273369	400	24	50	-50
TBRB0068	436692	1273352	400	36	50	-50
TBRB0069	438968	1272798	428	42	310	-50
TBRB0070	438951	1272810	428	18	310	-50
TBRB0071	438928	1272828	428	44	310	-50
TBRB0072	438909	1272842	420	3	310	-50
TBRB0072A	438908	1272844	413	39	310	-50
TBRB0073	438881	1272864	411	39	310	-50
TBRB0074	438857	1272880	413	33	310	-50
TBRB0075	438891	1272595	428	45	310	-50
TBRB0076	438867	1272617	425	48	310	-50
TBRB0077	438850	1272635	420	26	310	-50
TBRB0078	438826	1272655	425	51	310	-50
TBRB0079	438802	1272673	415	42	310	-50
TBRB0080	438781	1272694	410	31	310	-50
TBRB0081	438753	1272712	410	29	310	-50
TBRB0082	438788	1272422	410	33	310	-50
TBRB0083	438764	1272440	410	30	310	-50
TBRB0084	438747	1272456	400	20	310	-50
TBRB0085	438719	1272475	400	27	310	-50
TBRB0086	438696	1272494	400	12	310	-50
TBRB0087	438673	1272511	400	33	310	-50
TBRB0088	438652	1272533	400	25	310	-50
TBRB0089	438630	1272556	400	24	310	-50
TBRB0090	439755	1273954	410	33	310	-50
TBRB0091	439784	1273943	409	36	310	-50
TBRB0092	439804	1273924	409	41	310	-50
TBRB0093	439827	1273901	400	45	310	-50
TBRB0094	439849	1273882	400	39	310	-50
TBRB0095	439872	1273859	400	25	310	-50
TBRB0096	439746	1273709	400	42	310	-50
TBRB0097	439724	1273725	410	45	310	-50
TBRB0098	439701	1273744	410	51	310	-50
TBRB0099	439677	1273769	410	45	310	-50
TBRB0100	439654	1273784	410	45	310	-50
TBRB0101	439632	1273803	410	42	310	-50

HOLE_ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Depth	Azimuth	Dip
TBRB0102	439607	1273820	410	32	310	-50
TBRB0103	440349	1274804	385	14	310	-50
TBRB0104	440372	1274789	385	22	310	-50
TBRB0105	440393	1274774	390	9	310	-50
TBRB0106	440416	1274758	390	10	310	-50
TBRB0107	440439	1274734	390	33	310	-50
TBRB0108	440462	1274713	390	13	310	-50
TBRB0109	440486	1274696	390	42	310	-50
TBRB0110	440506	1274676	390	42	310	-50
TBRB0111	440529	1274657	400	33	310	-50
TBRB0112	440492	1274558	399	30	310	-50
TBRB0113	440469	1274579	599	19	310	-50
TBRB0114	440282	1274735	390	12	310	-50
TBRB0115	440301	1274717	390	14	310	-50
TBRB0116	440333	1274687	380	18	310	-50
TBRB0117	440352	1274675	385	27	310	-50
TBRB0118	440378	1274656	390	26	310	-50
TBRB0119	440398	1274638	390	36	310	-50
TBRB0120	440420	1274620	390	13	310	-50
TBRB0121	440442	1274602	395	33	310	-50
TBRB0122	444965	1275883	390	53	270	-50
TBRB0123	444927	1275903	390	51	270	-50
TBRB0124	444899	1275906	392	44	270	-50
TBRB0125	444826	1275902	368	40	270	-50
TBRB0126	444895	1275799	385	48	270	-50
TBRB0127	444870	1275798	385	52	270	-50
TBRB0128	444842	1275798	386	62	270	-50
TBRB0129	444812	1275803	383	46	270	-50
TBRB0130	444840	1275700	380	30	270	-50
TBRB0131	444809	1275703	389	27	270	-50
TBRB0132	444778	1275700	379	34	270	-50
TBRB0133	444749	1275695	380	32	270	-50
TBRB0134	444872	1275911	381	40	270	-50
TBRB0135	444990	1275900	400	45	270	-50
TBRB0136	444778	1275903	373	24	270	-50
TBRB0137	444752	1275903	376	24	270	-50
TBRB0138	444719	1275904	376	44	270	-50
TBRB0139	444688	1275897	366	42	270	-50
TBRB0140	444926	1275798	388	37	270	-50

Note: coordinates in UTM zone 29N

Table 4. Did Gold Project. Historical diamond drilling assay results

HOLE_ID	From	To	Interval	Au assay (g/t)
TBDD0001A	38	39	1	0.98
TBDD0002	29	30	1	0.45
TBDD0003	15	18	3	2.7
TBDD0004	0	1	1	0.67
TBDD0005	0	2.36	2.36	0.6
TBDD0006	0	2	2	0.27
TBDD0006	57	59	2	0.35
TBDD0006	79	80	1	6.5
TBDD0006	150	157	7	0.12
TBDD0007	31	50	19	2.7
TBDD0007	58	59	1	2.45
TBDD0008				no significant result
TBDD0009	57	59	2	0.32
TBDD0010	2	3	1	0.85
TBDD0011				no significant result
TBDD0012				no significant result
TBDD0013				no significant result
TBDD0014				no significant result
TBDD0015				no significant result
TBDD0016				no significant result
TBDD0017	73	75	2	1.57
TBDD0018	115	116	1	1.57
TBDD0019				no significant result

Table 5. Did Gold Project. Historical RAB drilling assay results

HOLE_ID	From	To	Interval	Au assay (g/t)
TBRB0001				no significant result
TBRB0002				no significant result
TBRB0002	0	1	1	1
TBRB0002	1	2	1	2.01
TBRB0002	2	3	1	0.29
TBRB0003	3	4	1	0.22
TBRB0004	0	1	1	0.65
TBRB0004	1	2	1	0.66
TBRB0005	0	1	1	2.13
TBRB0005	1	2	1	1.04
TBRB0006	0	1	1	4.07
TBRB0006	1	2	1	0.18
TBRB0007A	0	1	1	5.5
TBRB0007A	1	2	1	0.53

HOLE_ID	From	To	Interval	Au assay (g/t)
TBRB0007	0	1	1	7.46
TBRB0008				no significant result
TBRB0009				no significant result
TBRB0010				no significant result
TBRB0011				no significant result
TBRB0012				no significant result
TBRB0013				no significant result
TBRB0014	0	1	1	0.31
TBRB0014A				no significant result
TBRB0015	0	1	1	0.21
TBRB0016				no significant result
TBRB0017				no significant result
TBRB0018	3	4	1	0.18
TBRB0019				no significant result
TBRB0020				no significant result
TBRB0021				no significant result
TBRB0022				no significant result
TBRB0023				no significant result
TBRB0024				no significant result
TBRB0025	9	10	1	0.38
TBRB0025	10	11	1	0.005
TBRB0025	11	12	1	0.12
TBRB0025	12	13	1	0.49
TBRB0025	13	14	1	0.27
TBRB0025	14	15	1	0.5
TBRB0025	15	16	1	0.28
TBRB0026				no significant result
TBRB0027	1	2	1	7.15
TBRB0028				no significant result
TBRB0029				no significant result
TBRB0030				no significant result
TBRB0031				no significant result
TBRB0032				no significant result
TBRB0033				no significant result
TBRB0034				no significant result
TBRB0035				no significant result
TBRB0036				no significant result
TBRB0037				no significant result
TBRB0038				no significant result
TBRB0039				no significant result
TBRB0040				no significant result
TBRB0041				no significant result
TBRB0042	12	13	1	1.05

HOLE_ID	From	To	Interval	Au assay (g/t)
TBRB0043				no significant result
TBRB0044				no significant result
TBRB0045				no significant result
TBRB0046	10	11	1	0.36
TBRB0047				no significant result
TBRB0048				no significant result
TBRB0049				no significant result
TBRB0050				no significant result
TBRB0051				no significant result
TBRB0052				no significant result
TBRB0053				no significant result
TBRB0054				no significant result
TBRB0055				no significant result
TBRB0056				no significant result
TBRB0057				no significant result
TBRB0058				no significant result
TBRB0059				no significant result
TBRB0060				no significant result
TBRB0061	14	15	1	3.54
TBRB0061	15	16	1	0.33
TBRB0061	16	17	1	0.15
TBRB0061	17	18	1	0.73
TBRB0061	18	19	1	0.15
TBRB0061	19	20	1	0.25
TBRB0061	20	21	1	0.03
TBRB0061	21	22	1	0.88
TBRB0062				no significant result
TBRB0063				no significant result
TBRB0064				no significant result
TBRB0065				no significant result
TBRB0066				no significant result
TBRB0067				no significant result
TBRB0068				no significant result
TBRB0069	3	4	1	0.53
TBRB0069	4	5	1	0.33
TBRB0069	5	6	1	0.78
TBRB0069	6	7	1	7.63
TBRB0069	7	8	1	0.3
TBRB0069	11	12	1	0.35
TBRB0069	12	13	1	0.15
TBRB0069	13	14	1	1.89
TBRB0069	21	22	1	0.81
TBRB0069	22	23	1	0.13

HOLE_ID	From	To	Interval	Au assay (g/t)
TBRB0069	23	24	1	0.16
TBRB0069	24	25	1	0.4
TBRB0069	25	26	1	0.19
TBRB0069	26	27	1	0.13
TBRB0069	27	28	1	0.53
TBRB0069	28	29	1	0.24
TBRB0069	29	30	1	0.54
TBRB0069	30	31	1	3.82
TBRB0069	31	32	1	1.06
TBRB0069	32	33	1	0.64
TBRB0069	33	34	1	0.72
TBRB0069	34	35	1	1.02
TBRB0069	35	36	1	1.43
TBRB0069	36	37	1	0.31
TBRB0069	37	38	1	0.32
TBRB0069	38	39	1	0.2
TBRB0069	39	40	1	0.23
TBRB0069	40	41	1	0.23
TBRB0069	41	42	1	0.66
TBRB0070	0	1	1	0.33
TBRB0070	1	2	1	0.98
TBRB0070	2	3	1	0.81
TBRB0070	3	4	1	0.33
TBRB0070	4	5	1	1.06
TBRB0070	5	6	1	0.31
TBRB0070	6	7	1	0.06
TBRB0070	7	8	1	0.24
TBRB0070	8	9	1	0.38
TBRB0070	9	10	1	0.15
TBRB0070	10	11	1	0.19
TBRB0070	11	12	1	0.19
TBRB0070	12	13	1	0.17
TBRB0070	13	14	1	0.32
TBRB0070	14	15	1	0.31
TBRB0070	15	16	1	0.38
TBRB0070	16	17	1	1.62
TBRB0070	17	18	1	0.81
TBRB0071	0	1	1	3.47
TBRB0071	1	2	1	0.21
TBRB0071	2	3	1	0.15
TBRB0071	3	4	1	0.21
TBRB0071	4	5	1	0.99
TBRB0072	0	1	1	0.22

HOLE_ID	From	To	Interval	Au assay (g/t)
TBRB0072	1	2	1	0.15
TBRB0072A	0	1	1	0.24
TBRB0072A	1	2	1	0.14
TBRB0072A	7	8	1	0.31
TBRB0073	0	1	1	7.42
TBRB0073	1	2	1	0.53
TBRB0073	2	3	1	0.41
TBRB0073	3	4	1	0.23
TBRB0074	0	1	1	0.13
TBRB0074	1	2	1	2.2
TBRB0074	2	3	1	0.46
TBRB0075	38	39	1	0.24
TBRB0076				no significant result
TBRB0077	11	12	1	0.33
TBRB0078				no significant result
TBRB0079				no significant result
TBRB0080				no significant result
TBRB0081	20	21	1	0.21
TBRB0082				no significant result
TBRB0083				no significant result
TBRB0084				no significant result
TBRB0085	12	13	1	0.39
TBRB0085	13	14	1	0.3
TBRB0085	14	15	1	0.28
TBRB0085	15	16	1	0.46
TBRB0085	16	17	1	0.21
TBRB0086				no significant result
TBRB0087	7	8	1	0.6
TBRB0088				no significant result
TBRB0089				no significant result
TBRB0090	0	1	1	0.22
TBRB0090	1	2	1	0.25
TBRB0091				no significant result
TBRB0092				no significant result
TBRB0093	3	4	1	0.55
TBRB0094				no significant result
TBRB0095				no significant result
TBRB0096				no significant result
TBRB0097				no significant result
TBRB0098				no significant result
TBRB0099				no significant result
TBRB0100				no significant result
TBRB0101				no significant result

HOLE_ID	From	To	Interval	Au assay (g/t)
TBRB0102				no significant result
TBRB0103				no significant result
TBRB0104				no significant result
TBRB0105				no significant result
TBRB0106				no significant result
TBRB0107	15	16	1	3.13
TBRB0108				no significant result
TBRB0109				no significant result
TBRB0110				no significant result
TBRB0111	21	22	1	0.33
TBRB0112	2	3	1	1.82
TBRB0113				no significant result
TBRB0114				no significant result
TBRB0115				no significant result
TBRB0116				no significant result
TBRB0117				no significant result
TBRB0118	13	14	1	0.4
TBRB0119				no significant result
TBRB0120				no significant result
TBRB0121				no significant result
TBRB0122				no significant result
TBRB0123	2	3	1	0.34
TBRB0124	38	39	1	0.32
TBRB0125				no significant result
TBRB0126				no significant result
TBRB0127	8	9	1	0.45
TBRB0127	29	30	1	0.7
TBRB0127	30	31	1	0.72
TBRB0127	33	34	1	0.44
TBRB0128				no significant result
TBRB0129				no significant result
TBRB0130				no significant result
TBRB0131				no significant result
TBRB0132				no significant result
TBRB0133				no significant result
TBRB0134				no significant result
TBRB0135	7	8	1	0.53
TBRB0136				no significant result
TBRB0137				no significant result
TBRB0138	4	5	1	1.51
TBRB0139				no significant result
TBRB0140	11	12	1	4.08

Table 6. Did Gold Project. Historical Alamako trench location and results

HOLE_ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Azi	From	To	Interval	Au assay (g/t)	Type
TBTR001	437051	1275983	544	90	0	1	1.00	10.9	TRENCH
TBTR001					1	2	1.00	2.86	TRENCH
TBTR001					2	3	1.00	0.68	TRENCH
TBTR001					3	4	1.00	0.38	TRENCH
TBTR001					4	5	1.00	0.17	TRENCH
TBTR001					5	6	1.00	0.12	TRENCH
TBTR001					6	7	1.00	0.23	TRENCH
TBTR001					7	8	1.00	1.89	TRENCH
TBTR001					8	9	1.00	20.2	TRENCH
TBTR001					9	10	1.00	5.58	TRENCH
TBTR001					10	11	1.00	0.65	TRENCH
TBTR001					11	12	1.00	0.41	TRENCH
TBTR001					12	13	1.00	0.24	TRENCH
TBTR001					13	14	1.00	0.14	TRENCH
TBTR001					14	15	1.00	0.18	TRENCH
TBTR001					15	16	1.00	1.44	TRENCH
TBTR001					16	17	1.00	0.2	TRENCH
TBTR001					17	18	1.00	2.04	TRENCH
TBTR001					18	19	1.00	18.3	TRENCH
TBTR001					19	20	1.00	17.2	TRENCH
TBTR001					20	21	1.00	2.89	TRENCH
TBTR001					21	22	1.00	0.51	TRENCH
TBTR001					22	23	1.00	0.48	TRENCH
TBTR001					23	24	1.00	0.31	TRENCH
TBTR001					31	32	1.00	0.39	TRENCH
TBTR001					32	33	1.00	5.82	TRENCH
TBTR001					33	34	1.00	0.06	TRENCH
TBTR001					34	35	1.00	0.17	TRENCH
TBTR001					35	36	1.00	0.04	TRENCH
TBTR001					36	37	1.00	0.13	TRENCH
TBTR002	437105	1275967	544	90	0	1	1.00	0.005	TRENCH
TBTR002					1	2	1.00	0.005	TRENCH
TBTR002					2	3	1.00	0.03	TRENCH
TBTR002					3	4	1.00	0.005	TRENCH
TBTR002					4	5	1.00	0.005	TRENCH
TBTR002					5	6	1.00	0.005	TRENCH
TBTR002					6	7	1.00	0.005	TRENCH
TBTR002					7	8	1.00	0.02	TRENCH
TBTR002					8	9	1.00	0.03	TRENCH
TBTR002					9	10	1.00	0.02	TRENCH
TBTR002					10	11	1.00	0.005	TRENCH

HOLE_ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Azi	From	To	Interval	Au assay (g/t)	Type
TBTR002					11	12	1.00	0.005	TRENCH
TBTR002					12	13	1.00	0.07	TRENCH
TBTR002					13	14	1.00	0.005	TRENCH
TBTR002					14	15	1.00	0.04	TRENCH

Note: coordinates in UTM zone 29N

Table 7. Didi Gold Project. Historical Alamako rock chip sampling

Sample no.	Easting	Northing	Au ppm	Lithology
RKTB000001	436403	1275403	1.34	Gossan
RKTB000002	436414	1275401	4.98	Quartz vein
RKTB000003	436416	1275404	0.13	Gossan
RKTB000004	436510	1275078	0.16	Quartz vein
RKTB000005	436512	1275083	0.02	Quartz vein
RKTB000006	436419	1275405	0.005	Quartz vein
RKTB000007	436419	1275405	12.3	Quartz vein
RKTB000008	436419	1275405	0.005	Quartz vein
RKTB000009	436422	1275403	0.02	Quartz vein
RKTB000010	436887	1275743	6.16	Gossan
RKTB000011	436920	1275788	1.66	Gossan
RKTB000012	436941	1275810	35.6	Gossan
RKTB000013	436962	1275825	0.18	Quartz vein
RKTB000014	437009	1275917	0.17	Quartz vein
RKTB000015	437011	1275663	0.07	Quartz vein
RKTB000016	437043	1275982	0.09	Quartz vein
RKTB000017	437057	1275975	0.3	Quartz vein
RKTB000018	437065	1275974	0.14	Quartz vein
RKTB000019	437090	1275969	1.71	Quartz vein
RKTB000020	437090	1275969	0.21	Quartz vein
RKTB000021	437108	1275965	0.19	Quartz vein
RKTB000022	437117	1275959	0.02	Quartz vein
RKTB000023	444536	1274900	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000024	444541	1274904	0.005	Quartz vein
RKTB000025	444539	1274953	0.82	Quartz vein
RKTB000026	444539	1274954	0.005	Quartz vein
RKTB000027	444898	1275833	0.06	Quartz vein
RKTB000028	444902	1275835	0.94	Quartz vein
RKTB000029	444982	1275869	0.01	Felsic intrusive
RKTB000030	444989	1275870	0.03	Felsic intrusive
RKTB000031	444996	1275871	0.005	Felsic intrusive
RKTB000032	445017	1275877	0.01	Felsic intrusive
RKTB000033	445033	1275866	0.01	Felsic intrusive

Sample no.	Easting	Northing	Au ppm	Lithology
RKTB000034	445032	1275885	0.005	Felsic intrusive
RKTB000035	445018	1275911	0.01	Felsic intrusive
RKTB000036	444886	1275910	5.95	Quartz vein
RKTB000037	444888	1275909	0.06	Quartz vein
RKTB000038	444891	1275910	0.48	Quartz vein
RKTB000039	444900	1275908	0.4	Quartz vein
RKTB000040	444904	1275910	0.11	Quartz vein
RKTB000041	444911	1275910	0.01	Sedimentary rock
RKTB000042	446067	1276147	0.005	Sedimentary rock
RKTB000043	446248	1276579	0.06	Quartz vein
RKTB000044	446242	1276614	0.03	Quartz vein
RKTB000045	446247	1276608	0.04	Quartz vein
RKTB000046	446130	1276185	0.01	Quartz vein
RKTB000047	446135	1276051	0.02	Quartz vein
RKTB000048	437078	1275998	0.01	Quartz vein
RKTB000049	437078	1275998	0.07	Gossan
RKTB000050	437078	1275998	0.02	Quartz vein
RKTB000051	437078	1275998	0.17	Gossan
RKTB000052	437071	1276004	0.02	Quartz vein
RKTB000053	437071	1276004	0.05	Gossan
RKTB000054	437071	1276004	0.02	Gossan
RKTB000055	437071	1276004	0.09	Gossan
RKTB000056	437074	1276006	0.67	Gossan
RKTB000057	437066	1276014	0.66	Gossan
RKTB000058	437018	1275826	0.02	Gossan
RKTB000059	437274	1275825	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000060	437260	1275802	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000061	437315	1275802	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000062	437325	1275811	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000063	437253	1275778	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000064	437540	1275550	0.02	Gossan
RKTB000065	437585	1275551	0.02	Gossan
RKTB000066	437604	1275517	0.02	Gossan
RKTB000067	437605	1275490	0.06	Gossan
RKTB000068	437545	1275431	0.04	Gossan
RKTB000069	437466	1275451	0.02	Gossan
RKTB000070	437491	1275399	0.02	Gossan
RKTB000071	437515	1275390	0.02	Gossan
RKTB000072	437601	1275301	0.02	Gossan
RKTB000073	437776	1275187	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000074	437838	1275173	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000075	437838	1275148	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000076	437799	1275155	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000077	437759	1275133	0.02	Gossan

Sample no.	Easting	Northing	Au ppm	Lithology
RKTB000078	437734	1275112	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000079	437775	1275079	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000080	437788	1275049	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000081	437836	1275035	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000082	437846	1275001	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000083	437893	1275010	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000084	437944	1275013	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000085	437944	1274967	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000086	437928	1274930	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000087	437940	1274900	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000088	437935	1274857	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000089	437872	1274841	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000090	437864	1274894	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000091	437860	1274787	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000092	437918	1274776	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000093	437939	1274705	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000094	437947	1274627	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000095	437851	1274716	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000096	436717	1276994	0.014	Gossan
RKTB000097	436668	1276995	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000098	436443	1277090	0.004	Gossan
RKTB000099	436495	1277090	0.003	Gossan
RKTB000100	436553	1277093	0.001	Gossan
RKTB000101	436602	1277097	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000102	436663	1277170	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000103	436618	1277180	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000104	436535	1277190	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000105	436511	1277196	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000106	436622	1277288	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000107	436675	1277289	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000108	436699	1277378	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000109	436656	1277378	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000110	436535	1277493	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000111	436666	1277476	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000112	436713	1277486	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000113	436595	1277587	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000114	436647	1277585	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000115	436700	1277583	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000116	436746	1277599	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000117	436750	1277699	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000118	436710	1277690	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000119	436656	1277791	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000120	436748	1277795	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000121	436784	1277786	0.003	Gossan

Sample no.	Easting	Northing	Au ppm	Lithology
RKTB000122	436696	1277913	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000123	436540	1277886	0.001	Gossan
RKTB000124	436730	1277987	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000125	436683	1277983	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000126	436757	1278190	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000127	436800	1278198	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000128	436874	1278198	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000129	436736	1278084	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000130	436916	1278090	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000131	436983	1278080	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000132	437039	1278093	0.008	Gossan
RKTB000133	436934	1278185	0.0005	Gossan
RKTB000134	437068	1275918	3.19	Gossan
RKTB000135	437297	1275858	0.028	Gossan
RKTB000136	437142	1275974	0.763	Gossan
RKTB000137	437140	1275993	3.862	Gossan
RKTB000138	437072	1276005	0.337	Gossan
RKTB000139	436928	1276105	2.99	Gossan
RKTB000140	436903	1276156	1.423	Gossan
RKTB000141	436989	1276202	8.403	Gossan
RKTB000142	436972	1276192	8.872	Gossan
RKTB000143	436937	1276198	7.781	Gossan
RKTB000144	437031	1275966	0.167	Gossan
RKTB000145	437051	1275912	1.34	Gossan
RKTB000146	436902	1276160	2.753	Gossan
RKTB000147	436902	1276160	13.125	Gossan
RKTB000148	436925	1276170	8.088	Gossan
RKTB000149	436994	1276200	21.423	Gossan
RKTB000150	437033	1276069	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000151	436997	1276223	0.54	Gossan
RKTB000152	437017	1276241	0.95	Gossan
RKTB000153	437006	1276240	1.87	Gossan
RKTB000154	436979	1276239	6.28	Gossan
RKTB000155	436999	1276275	3.78	Gossan
RKTB000156	436983	1276283	4.14	Gossan
RKTB000157	436996	1276291	6.84	Gossan
RKTB000158	436981	1276312	0.76	Gossan
RKTB000159	437008	1276308	1.42	Gossan
RKTB000160	436994	1276344	0.06	Gossan
RKTB000161	436994	1276363	0.02	Gossan
RKTB000162	436979	1276422	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000163	436947	1276431	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000164	436936	1276483	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000165	436905	1276453	0.005	Gossan

Sample no.	Easting	Northing	Au ppm	Lithology
RKTB000166	436896	1276481	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000167	436945	1276516	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000168	436949	1276555	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000169	436900	1276548	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000170	436900	1276590	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000171	436865	1276609	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000172	436800	1276643	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000173	436836	1276664	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000174	436797	1276682	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000175	436723	1276693	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000176	436735	1276755	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000177	436790	1276753	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000178	436720	1276791	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000179	436749	1276802	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000180	436732	1276830	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000181	436686	1276865	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000182	437039	1276299	1.37	Gossan
RKTB000183	437044	1276354	0.08	Gossan
RKTB000184	437040	1276390	0.02	Gossan
RKTB000185	437091	1276392	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000186	437042	1276497	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000187	437089	1276497	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000188	437080	1276544	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000189	437129	1276541	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000190	436980	1276589	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000191	437032	1276603	0.005	Gossan
RKTB000192	437079	1275942	0.988	Gossan
RKTB000193	437084	1275939	0.655	Gossan
RKTB000194	437084	1275939	0.759	Gossan
RKTB000195	437073	1275928	0.382	Gossan
RKTB000196	437141	1275991	4.602	Gossan
RKTB000197	437141	1275993	6.31	Gossan
RKTB000198	437141	1275986	1.003	Gossan
RKTB000199	437141	1275979	0.332	Gossan
RKTB000200	437141	1275979	0.934	Gossan
RKTB000201	437132	1275975	1.967	Gossan
RKTB000202	436910	1276101	12.888	Gossan
RKTB000203	437039	1276002	5.404	Gossan
RKTB000204	437039	1276002	6.261	Gossan
RKTB000205	437061	1276017	0.429	Gossan
RKTB000206	437064	1276013	1.346	Gossan
RKTB000207	437070	1276002	0.405	Gossan
RKTB000208	437071	1276002	0.34	Gossan
RKTB000209	437131	1275996	1.076	Gossan

Sample no.	Easting	Northing	Au ppm	Lithology
RKTB000210	437068	1275918	1.427	Gossan

Note: coordinates in UTM zone 29N

JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nature and quality of sampling (e.g., cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g., 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g., submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diamond core drilling in the Didi-1 target area has been used to obtain high quality samples that were logged for lithological, structural, geotechnical and other attributes. The diamond core was cut in half along the orientation line with consistent same side half core sampled. The samples lengths ranged from 0.05m to 2.0m, with the average length close to 1.0m. All core was boxed in standard trays and transported to the Alamako onsite exploration yard located on the Didi licence area, for sampling and geological logging RAB drill holes have been sampled at 1 metre intervals over their total length. Sampling is via a rig mounted cyclone splitter to generate samples of approximately 5kg weight. Trench samples were collected over 1 metre intervals from the same side of the cut channel. Sample size is approximately 3-5 kg. Soil, termite and rock samples: no information is available on sample methodology Alamako samples underwent sample preparation at accredited SGS labs. Samples were weighed and dried, crushed to 75% passing 2 mm, and pulverized to 85% passing -75 µm. samples were analysed via 50 g of material using a standard fire assay / atomic absorption for gold (detection range of 0.005–10 g/t Au) Gold samples were assayed by fire assay with an atomic absorption finish. Gold samples returning assay values >10 g/t Au were re-assayed by fire assay with gravimetric finish (detection range of 0.05–10,000 g/t Au). Sampling was carried out under industry and QAQC best practice
Drilling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drill type (e.g., core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (e.g., core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc). 	<p>Drilling program as follows</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2017-18 Alamako 19 diamond holes for 1,705.53m. Drill size is nominally HQ diameter for oxide material and HTW (56mm) for fresh rock. Core is oriented via a Reflex spear at each core run 2017-18 Alamako 143 RAB holes for 4002m. nominally drilled to blade refusal
Drill sample recovery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Core recoveries from the diamond drill program were generally excellent, with the majority of core runs achieving close to 100%. Recoveries were occasionally poor from regolith and soil zones in some holes. Recovery from the RAB drilling

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<i>sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</i>	
Logging	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</i> <i>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</i> <i>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Qualitative logging of DD core included lithology, mineralogy, mineralisation, structural, weathering, colour and other features of the samples. All DD core has been photographed Representative samples of all RAB holes have been stored in chip trays The total lengths of all drill holes have been logged.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</i> <i>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.</i> <i>For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</i> <i>Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</i> <i>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</i> <i>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The diamond core was cut in half along the orientation line with consistent same side half core sampled. The samples lengths ranged from 0.05m to 2.0m, with the average length close to 1.0m. The sample preparation of DD core involved oven drying, coarse crushing in a jaw-crusher to 75% passing <2mm, then pulverisation of the entire crushed sample to a particle size distribution of 85% passing 75 microns and collection of pulp for analysis. RAB samples were rotary split on a rig mounted cyclone every metre. Samples were monitored for weight/size distribution, and are considered of appropriate quality for this drilling method QC procedures involve insertion of certified reference materials (CRM's), blanks and duplicated. These were inserted at 1:20 sample ration. Thus, field duplicate samples are inserted every 60 samples approximately. Sample sizes are appropriate for the host lithology and mineralisation style
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</i> <i>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</i> <i>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g., standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e., lack of bias) and precision have been established.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diamond drill samples were sent to SGS laboratory in Bamako for Fire Assay for Au. This technique is considered a total digest. RAB drill samples were sent to SGS laboratory in Bamako for both Fire Assay for Au (this technique is considered a total digest) and Aqua Regia digest/AAS for Au (this is considered a partial digest/extraction technique). Soil, rockchip and termite mound samples collected by Alamako Are sent to SGS laboratory in Bamako for both Fire Assay for Au or SGS laboratory in Ouagadougou for accelerated cyanide leach/solvent extraction for Au. This is considered a partial digest. No geophysical tools were used to determine any element concentrations. Both SGS laboratories used are quality accredited. The laboratories check for particle size distribution compliance as part of routine internal quality procedures during sample preparation. This will ensure the target particle size distribution of 85% passing 75 microns is achieved in the pulverisation stage. Commercial CRMs, blanks and duplicate samples are inserted routinely at a rate of 1:20 samples (alternating). Laboratory quality control processes include the use of internal lab standards using certified reference materials (CRMs), blanks, and duplicates. CRMs used to monitor accuracy have expected values ranging

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<p>from low to high grade, and the CRMs were inserted randomly into the routine sample stream to the laboratory.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diamond drilling: A total of 284 check samples were analyzed with Fire Assays by SGS Lab in Mali. Three sets of QA/QC determined; Standard: 93 samples, Duplicates: 98 samples and Blanks: 93 samples • RAB drilling: A total of 675 check samples were analyzed with Aqua Regia by SGS Lab in Mali. Three sets of QA/QC analysed; Standard: 225 samples, Duplicates: 225 samples and Blanks: 225 samples. • Trench: 8 check samples analysed by fire assay • Termite/soil: 22 blank samples analysed by Leach Well in SGS Lab in Ouagadougou • The results of the CRMs confirm that the laboratory sample assay values have good accuracy and results of blank assays indicate that any potential sample cross contamination has been minimised.
Verification of sampling and assaying	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</i> • <i>The use of twinned holes.</i> • <i>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</i> • <i>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Significant drill intersections were checked by the Competent Person. • No twinned holes were completed. • Field data (drilling, trench and surface sampling and geotechnical data) are captured by experienced and qualified company geologists. Field data has been validated by onsite senior geology staff and compiled onto electronic files. • Assay data are imported directly from digital assay files and are merged with the electronic sample information. In addition, paper data (sample submissions, daily drilling reports etc.) are stored in the field offices • No geophysical or XRF results are used in exploration results reported. • There has been no adjustment to the assay data.
Location of data points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</i> • <i>Specification of the grid system used.</i> • <i>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Topographic coordinates for all hole collars, trench and surface samples were recorded using hand-held GPS. Accuracy is expected to be better than 3-5 metres for both easting and northings, and 10-30 metres for RL height data. • The azimuth of the drill collars was determined with field compass at the drill rig. A clinometer was used to check the dip of the hole at the collar. • The azimuth and dip for all drill holes were recorded on the drill logs retained by Alamako. These data are field checked by the supervising geologist as holes are drilled. • The grid system is UTM WSG84 (zone 29N)
Data spacing and distribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</i> • <i>Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</i> • <i>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The diamond drill program has been designed to intersect mineralisation within targeted zones that vary across the mineral systems drilled. A nominal along strike spacing of 100 m with infill to 50 m was employed. • Samples have been selected from lengths of core as considered geologically necessary but within geological units. • RAB drill was conducted on a nominal 200 x 30 metre drill spacing with limited infill were warranted • All Alamako samples are collected over the intervals designated. No composite samples are used in any of diamond, RAB, trench or surface geochemical sampling • Insufficient information is available on historical sampling prior to Alamako's programs to assess these parameters
Orientation of data in relation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diamond drilling is approximately perpendicular to the strike of structures and lithology contacts were observed.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
to geological structure	<p>structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Generally drilling is initial first-pass exploration. There is not enough drilling data to determine mineralisation orientation.
Sample security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The measures taken to ensure sample security. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Alamako samples are bagged, numbered, recorded in digital files, collected and then securely stored at the on-site exploration yard until dispatch to the lab. The company transports and delivers the samples either of 2 SGS laboratories in Bamako or Ouagadougou for sample preparation. A sample reconciliation advice is sent by the laboratories to the company on receipt of the samples. The above conform to standard chain of custody procedure. There is no information on sampling data for work prior to the Alamako program
Audits or reviews	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> QP review in 2019 as part of the NI 43-101 technical report preparation. Drilling database audit - No discrepancies were found

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Alamako Corporation International is the legal and beneficial owner of a 100% interest in the gold and associated minerals exploration permit which comprises the DIDI Gold Project (No. A2018/5740/MMG/ SGG) The tenements are currently in good standing. No Third-party agreements or royalties are payable on the concession Alamako holds a smaller wholly contained permit of 4.462 km² within the greater Didi licence area. This semi-industrial exploitation permit (DECRET D/2020/265/PRG/SGG) grants alluvial gold mining above 15 m depth. This alluvial gold right within this lease area are excluded and are retained by Alamako
Exploration done by other parties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Local artisanal miners have exploited alluvial gold in recent historical times prior to the modern exploration program listed below Wega Mining Sarl completed surface geochemical sampling between 2007 -2009. They identified the 3 target areas called Didi -1, Didi-2, Didi-3 HKD completed a structural analysis from field mapping in 2012
Geology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The DIDI Gold Project is located in the North-eastern area of the Republic of Guinea, geographically known as the Siguiri Basin, and immediately west of the Siguiri Gold Mine operated by AngloGold-Ashanti. The Siguiri Basin represents a paleo-marine environment filled with turbidite sediments, pelites, sandstones, and subordinate black, argillaceous schists. The top of the sequence comprises dolomitic limestone and acidic volcanic. Whereas the base of the volcano-sedimentary sequence, particularly along the southern rim of the Siguiri Basin, is characterized by more altered and migmatized units

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gold mineralization in the DIDI Property is structurally controlled and is hosted in faulted and sheared contact between volcano-clastic successions of lapilli and ash tuffs and in coarse-grained sandstone of the sedimentary sequence Alluvial gold deposits along paleo-river of Tertiary age are widespread in the Siguiri area and resulted from the destabilization, transport and deposition of the primary gold mineralization. These Paleo-placers are extensively mined by local population in the DIDI Property
Drill hole Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> easting and northing of the drill hole collar elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar dip and azimuth of the hole down hole length and interception depth hole length. If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to drill results Table/s and the Notes attached thereto.
Data aggregation methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g., cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No data aggregation techniques have been applied No metal equivalents have been applied
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g., ‘down hole length, true width not known’). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There is insufficient drilling to determine mineralisation orientation or trends All drill assay interval are downhole width and true widths are unknown

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Diagrams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to Figures and Table in the announcement.
Balanced reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unmineralised holes are reported. Unmineralised surface samples are reported
Other substantive exploration data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to announcement, figures and tables as required
Further work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g., tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Further work, including surface sampling and mapping, as well as diamond, RC and AC drilling is justified to infill known mineralisation and to locate extensions to mineralisation both at depth and along strike.