

ASX Announcement | 24 June 2025

Flagship Concludes Lithium Option Review - Focus Shifts to Gold

Flagship Minerals Limited (ASX: FLG) ("Flagship", "FLG" or "Company") advises that it will not proceed with the Option Agreements associated with its early-stage Tama Atacama Lithium Project (TALP) in Chile.

The decision follows a strategic review of the Company's lithium holdings in light of current market conditions and portfolio priorities.

TALP comprises two Option Agreements and a Memorandum of Understanding covering approximately 1,200km² of prospective lithium brine terrain in northern Chile. Exploration to date has been limited to surface geochemical sampling. However, with the global lithium market in oversupply - and large, feasibility-stage projects ready to meet future demand - the Company sees limited short and medium term value in continuing to pursue the project.

Importantly, the TALP options highlight Flagship's disciplined approach to capital management. By favouring back-ended option agreements over upfront acquisition transactions, TALP leveraged the Company for the potential of strong upside, had momentum continued in the lithium market, whilst allowing for a clean exit if market conditions deteriorated.

Approaching transactions in this disciplined manner is why Flagship's capital structure is in healthy condition, despite very poor market conditions for the last 18-24 months, where the capital structures of many ASX explorers and developers have blown out due to front ended deal structures.

Resources previously allocated to TALP, including annual option and concession fees, will be directed into Flagship's Pantanillo Gold Project, where the Company is focused on converting and expanding the current 47.4Mt @ 0.69g/t Au for 1.05Moz Au QFE^{1,2} of mineralisation (NI 43-101, 99.4% Measured and Indicated) to a JORC Mineral Resource Estimate.

Flagship continues to review its lithium holdings in Southeast Asia, with an update expected by September 30. There are no pending license renewals or exploration expenditure commitments for these holdings.

Flagship Minerals Limited

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¹ The qualifying foreign estimates (QFE) are not reported in accordance with the JORC Code (2012). The Competent Person has not done sufficient work to classify the qualifying foreign estimates in accordance with the JORC Code (2012) and it is uncertain that following evaluation and/or further exploration work that the foreign estimates will be able to be reported as Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves in accordance with the JORC Code. The QFE was first reported in ASX announcement dated 14 April 2025 and titled "Pantanillo Gold Project - Advanced Large Scale Oxide Gold Project - Maricunga Gold Belt, Chile - Binding Option Agreement to Purchase 100%".

² The Company is not in possession of any new information or data relating to the QFE that materially impacts on the reliability of the QFE or Flagship's ability to verify the QFE as Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves in accordance with Appendix 5 (JORC Code). Flagship also confirms that the supporting information provided in the initial market announcement in accordance with Listing Rule 5.12 continues to apply and has not materially changed



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Authorised by the Board of Directors.

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Competent Persons Statement - General

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Targets and Exploration Results, is based on information compiled by Mr. David Hobby, who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr. Hobby is a fulltime employee, Director and Shareholder of Flagship Minerals Limited. Mr. Hobby has sufficient experience, relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity that he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code). Mr. Hobby consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Forward Looking Statements

Various statements in this document constitute statements relating to intentions, future acts and events which are generally classified as "forward looking statements". These forward looking statements are not guarantees or predictions of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors (many of which are beyond the Company's control) that could cause those future acts, events and circumstances to differ materially from what is presented or implicitly portrayed in this document. For example, future reserves or resources or exploration targets described in this document may be based, in part, on market prices that may vary significantly from current levels. These variations may materially affect the timing or feasibility of particular developments. Words such as "anticipates", "expects", "intends", "plans", "believes", "seeks", "estimates", "potential" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Flagship Minerals Limited cautions security holders and prospective security holders to not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect the view of Flagship Minerals Limited only as of the date of this document. The forward-looking statements made in this document relate only to events as of the date on which the statements are made. Except as required by applicable regulations or by law, Flagship Minerals Limited does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or review any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information or future events. Past performance cannot be relied on as a guide to future performance.

Important

To the extent permitted by law, Flagship Minerals Limited and its officers, employees, related bodies corporate and agents (Agents) disclaim all liability, direct, indirect or consequential (and whether or not arising out of the negligence, default or lack of care of Flagship Minerals Limited and/or any of its Agents) for any loss or damage suffered by a Recipient or other persons arising out of, or in connection with, any use or reliance on this document or information.



APPENDIX 1 - ASX LISTING RULE CHAPTER 5. CLAUSES 5.10 TO 5.12.10 AND 5.22 (B) AND (C)

The estimates of Mineral Resources for the Pantanillo Norte deposit are considered qualifying foreign estimates under relevant ASX Listing Rules. The qualifying foreign estimates were reported in accordance with Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM) standards and the National Instrument 43-101 (NI 43-101) by Orosur Mining Inc. (TSXV:OMI) on October 15, 2010 and filed on SEDAR. The qualifying foreign estimates were re-stated by Orosur in a NI 43-101 Technical report in support of a Preliminary Economic Assessment on October 15, 2012.

The categories of Mineral Resource classification used under the NI 43-101 and CIM Standards are 'qualifying foreign estimates' in accordance with Chapter 19, ASX Listing Rules and as per Chapter 5, ASX Listing Rule 5.12.2, have the same categories of Mineral Resource classification as the JORC Code (2012) (Appendix 5A, ASX Listing Rules), which are Measured, Indicated and Inferred categories.

Flagship deems these estimates to be both material and relevant given that Pantanillo demonstrates potential to be a material mining project to Flagship.

In accordance with CIM and NI 43-101 Standards, Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. There is no certainty that all or any part of the Mineral Resources will be converted to Ore Reserves. Additional drilling and associated work will be required to verify geology and mineralisation.

The procedures used in the preparation of the qualifying foreign estimates are considered to be reliable. The NI 43-101 and CIM (2010) Standards have very similar reporting criteria to those required in Sections 1, 2 and 3 of the JORC Code 2012 Table 1.

Key criteria, as defined in Table 1 of the JORC Code (2012) has been reviewed by Flagship.

The qualifying foreign estimate has been prepared and reviewed by persons defined as qualified persons as defined in the Canadian NI 43-101 standard. The qualified persons confirm that the estimates have been prepared in accordance with Canadian NI 43-101.

Modern exploration commenced in 1983 and has been conducted by Anglo American, Kinross Gold Corp. (Kinross), and Orosur. Work completed in the period to 2011 has included geological mapping, soil and rock geochemical surveys, trenching, reverse circulation (RC) and diamond core drilling, metallurgical testwork leading to Mineral Resource estimation.

From 1988 to 2010, approximately 20,531m in 78 holes were drilled on the property. These holes were used for the resource estimation. Programs were completed by Anglo American, Kinross and Orosur. Of these, 37 holes (10,909 m) were core holes, 48 holes (10,471 m) were RC, and one hole (700 m) was pre-collared using RC drilling, then drilled to final depth with diamond drilling (see Table 1)



Table 1. Drilling used in the foreign estimate of minerlaisation.

Company	Year	Total Holes	Total (m)	Hole Type
Anglo American	1988	5	1,138	DD
EMMB*	1997-98	22	4,825	RC
Kinross	2006-08	12	5,955	DD
Kinross	2006	9	2,974	RC
Orosur	2010	19	3,785	DD
Orosur	2010	11	1,854	RC
Total		78	20,531	

Assumptions including mining and processing parameters are provided in the referenced NI 43 -101 report. These are summarised below.

Mineral resources (see Table 2) are reported within a Lerchs-Grossman (LG)-optimized pit shell using Whittle® software with the following assumptions: a gold price of US\$ 1,035/oz; mining cost of US\$ 1.65/t; processing cost of US\$ 4.00/t; general and administration cost of US\$ 1.00 US/t. Based upon historical testwork, gold recoveries of 75% for oxide material, 65% for mixed (oxide/sulphide) material, and 50% for sulphide material.

Table 2. Foreign estimate of mineralisation

Туре	Measured ³ (Mt)	Au (g/t)	Indicated ³ (Mt)	Au (g/t)	Inferred ³ (Mt)	Au (g/t)	Total (Mt)	Au (g/t)	Au (koz)
Oxide	19.81	0.72	1.75	0.55	0.10	0.39	21.66	0.70	487.5
Mixed	16.01	0.70	8.34	0.65	0.20	0.62	24.55	0.68	536.7
Sulphide	0.75	0.72	0.44	0.68	0	0	1.19	0.69	26.4
Total	36.57	0.71	10.53	0.64	0.30	0.53	47.40	0.69	1,050.6

Mining of the mineralised material is proposed by standard open pit mining methods of drill and blast, excavate, load and haul with final pit wall slopes averaging 45 degrees. The assumed model for development anticipates heap leach circuit recovery for all materials mined. Approximately 98% of the material mined and treated is classified as oxide (46%) or mixed (52%). The balance being sulphides.

The proposed plant would use conventional, tested technology and consist of the following unit operations: – Primary crushing to product size at P80 -25 mm, Transport by conveyor to secondary crushing, Transport by

³ These terms are used in the qualifying foreign estimate of mineralisation and are reported in accordance with the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM) standards and the National Instrument 43-101 (NI 43-101) by Orosur Mining Inc. (TSXV:OMI) on October 15, 2010, which are discussed further in Appendix 4, with specific reference to relevant sections of ASX Listing Rules Chapter 5.



conveyor to load out bin and reagent addition (lime), Transport and heap loading with trucks, Heap leaching with cyanide/solution recovery, Adsorption, desorption and recovery (ADR) and electrowinning (EW) plant.

Other assumptions made include: approvals of necessary permitting and environmental requirements will proceed without concern, water rights are sufficient for the operation. Locations for dumps, leach pads, processing and associated infrastructure are assumed base upon site topography and pit location.

Average density values for each mineralization unit were estimated from the density database provided by Orosur. Some determinations were excluded from the calculations due to apparent inconsistencies (anomalously low values, confusing classification, etc.).

Gold was estimated by using ordinary kriging (OK) estimation within modelled domains based on assay results and geological model. The grade estimation was completed in three passes. Hard contacts were assumed, so that samples were not shared across boundaries. Variograms defined a single-search orientation for all domains of the mineralized body, striking approximately 125° azimuth and dipping 60° southwest. The block model consists of regular blocks ($10 \text{ m} \times 10 \text{ m} \times 10 \text{ m}$) and is rotated at 11.12 degrees azimuth. Gold grade inside and outside the 0.3 g/t Au grade shell were selected according to their position with respect to the grade-shell, lithology and mineralization units. The lithological, mineralization and grade-shell solids provided the support for the estimation domains. The three-dimensional block model was coded for lithology, mineralization and grade shell using the solids for each. Higher grades were given more restricted interpolation parameters to avoid grade smearing and potential overestimation.

Classification of Measured, Indicated and Inferred Mineral Resource to CIM definition standards is based on estimation passes within drill spacing parameters (see Table 3)

Table 3. Classification for foreign estimate of mineralisation

Category	No. of drillholes	Distance to closest sample (m)	Average weighted distance (m)
Measured	At least two	0-50	0-75
Indicated	At least two	50-100	75 to 100
Inferred	No restriction	No restriction	No restriction

There are no more recent estimates of the mineralisation for the Project.

In accordance with Chapter 5, ASX Listing Rule 5.12.7, key activities proposed to ensure the qualifying foreign estimate complies with the JORC Code (2012 Edition) will include: Detailed verification and validation of information contained in the NI 43-101 report, particularly information relating to the drillhole database including sampling and assaying QA/QC, verification re-sampling and assaying of available ½ drill-core and sample pulps, verification of location/survey data, improving the geological model relevant to the mineralisation, verification of density measurements applied to the different styles of mineralisation as well modelling of the oxide, mixed and fresh rock components of the mineralisation

The completion of additional diamond core drilling will be required to assist in validating the historical drill data that will be applied to a new Mineral Resource estimate. The application of updated modifying factors, such as metallurgical testwork on new drill core will assist in determining cut-off parameters. Pit optimisations may also be conducted on the new Mineral Resource leading to further technical studies to potentially define Ore Reserves. Assessments of environmental factors relevant to the project are also planned.



In accordance with Chapter 5, ASX Listing Rule 5.12.8, the work outlined above is anticipated to take approximately 2 years to complete. To fund the initial phase of this work Flagship is in discussions with relevant parties to complete an equity placement in April. Subject to commercial terms the Company intends to raise \$3 million.

Competent Person Statement

The Exploration Results and information in this announcement reported under Listing Rule 5.12 that relates to foreign estimates of mineralisation at the Pantanillos Project is based on and fairly represents information compiled by Mr David Hobby, and is an accurate representation of the available data and studies for the Project. Mr Hobby is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and is an employee and Executive Director of Flagship Minerals Limited. Mr Hobby has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for the Reporting of Exploration Results and Mineral Resources, and Ore Reserves. Mr Hobby consents to the inclusion in the announcement of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

References

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