

Important Information & Disclaimer



FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The information in this presentation includes "forward looking statements". All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Presentation regarding the business strategy, plans, goals and objectives are forward looking statements. When used in this Presentation, the words "believe", "project", "expect", "anticipate", "estimate", "intend", "budget", "target", "aim", "strategy", "estimate", "plan", "guidance", "outlook", "intend", "may", "should", "could", "will", "would", "will be", "will continue", "will likely result" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward looking statements, although not all forward looking statements contain such identifying words. These forward looking statements are based on Osmond's current expectations and assumptions about future events and are based on currently available information as to the outcome and timing of future events. The reader is cautioned that these forward looking statements are subject to all of the risks and uncertainties, most of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond the Company's control, incident to the extraction of the critical materials the Company intends to produce. These risks include, but are not limited to: limited operating history in the critical minerals' extraction industry and no revenue from the proposed extraction operations; the need for substantial additional financing to execute the business plan and the Company's sallity to access capital and the risks. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties occur, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, the actual results and plans could differ materially from those expressed in any opinions contained herein, and no liability whatsoever is accepted as to any errors, omissions or misstatements contained herein.

The reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Presentation. Except as otherwise required by applicable law, the Company disclaims any duty to update and do not intend to update any forward looking statements, all of which are expressly qualified by the statements in this section, to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Presentation.

MARKET AND INDUSTRY DATA

This Presentation has been prepared by Osmond and includes market data and other statistical information from third party sources, including independent industry publications, government publications or other published independent sources. Although Osmond believes these third party sources are reliable as of their respective dates for the purposes used herein, neither the Company nor any of its affiliates, directors, officers, employees, members, partners, shareholders or agents makes any representation or warranty with respect to the accuracy or completeness of such information. Although the Company believes the sources are reliable, it has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of data from such sources. Some data is also based on Osmond's good faith estimates, which are derived from its review of internal sources as well as the third party sources described above. Additionally, descriptions herein of market conditions and opportunities are presented for informational purposes only there can be no assurance that such conditions will actually occur or result in positive returns.

COMPETENT PERSON STATEMENT

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Mr Fernando Palero, a Competent Person who is a Member of the European Federation of Geologists. Mr Palero is an independent geological consultant. Mr Palero has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Palero consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Introduction



Osmond Resources (ASX.OSM) is focused on developing critical minerals' mines important to the EU.

| Potential for: | |
|----------------------|--|
| High Grade | Outcrop samples containing over 45% Total Heavy Minerals (THM) Exceptionally high grades of rutile (titanium), zircon, hafnium and rare earth elements |
| High Value | Titanium is predominantly high-value rutile High-grade zircon and hafnium THM assemblage compares favourably to existing producers |
| High Tonnage | Two interpreted pervasive seams Mineralised outcrops over 12km apart within Orión permit area 228km² permit area |
| EU Critical Minerals | EU Critical Raw Materials Act 2024 Three of 17 Strategic Critical Materials Five of 34 Critical Materials Spanish Mineral Raw Materials Plan – 2025 to 2029 |

Table of Contents

- 1 Corporate Overview
- 2 Orión EU Critical Minerals Project
- 3 High-Grade Potential
- 4 High-Value Potential
- 5 High-Tonnage Potential
- 6 EU Critical Minerals
- 7 Orión Investigation Permit
- 8 Future Facing Technologies
- 9 EU Critical Minerals
- 10 Milestones
- 11 Iberian One & Yumbara Project
- 12 Summary
- 13 Appendix 1 EU Support
- 14 Appendix 2 Chinese MREOs



1. Corporate Overview

| Capital structure | | ASX: OSM |
|--|---------|----------|
| Ordinary Shares | 123.8m | |
| Undiluted Share Capital | | 123.8m |
| Orion Acquisition Milestone Shares | | |
| (refer ASX Release dated 29 July 2025) | | |
| Stage 2 – Mineral Resource Estimate | 42.5m | |
| Stage 3 – Scoping Study | 42.5m | |
| Total | | 85.0m |
| Options | | 44.5m |
| Fully Diluted | | 253.3m |
| Share Price 5 August 2025 | \$0.89 | |
| Undiluted Market Cap | | \$110m |
| Fully Diluted Market Cap | | \$225m |
| Cash in the Bank at 30 June 2025 | \$4.29m | |





Key Managment

Anthony Hall

Managing Director & CEO

Over 25 years commercial experience in strategy, venture capital, risk management and compliance. Successfully transitioned two natural resources IPOs to ASX300 companies as MD and CEO.

LLB (Hons), BBus, GradDipAppFin, AGIA

Lachlan Rutherford

Executive Director

25 years exploration and commercial experience in business strategy and project management. Managed two EU critical minerals projects in Spain and Sweden.

PhD, MBA, BSc (Hons) (Geology).

Fernando Palero

Chief Geologist

Spanish national with over 43 years experience in mining exploration and mining operation in Spain, Africa and South America as a Chief Geologist through to consultant and researcher.

PhD in Geological Sciences.

Gonzalo Mayoral

In-Country Manager

Spanish national with over 25 years experience in construction and mining projects management. Successfully delivered Feasibility Studies for ASX listed Spanish mining developer.

Mining Engineer, Masters level Environmental and Safety Studies.

Javier Pontvianne

Process Engineering Manager

Spanish national with over 10 years experience in concentration and metallurgy within mining projects in Spain and Australia.

Mining Engineer – metallurgy specialty.

Pedro Rodriguez

Advisor

Spanish national with over 45 years of experience in the mining industry, including seven international mining companies whilst based in Spain.

Qualifications in Geology.

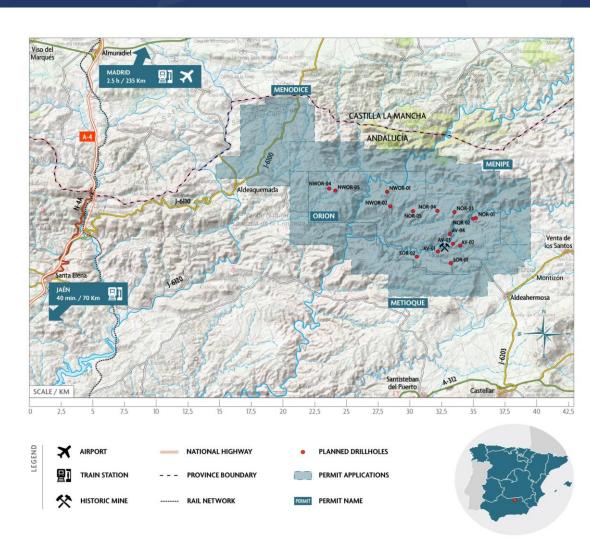
ASX CODE: OSM

2. Orión EU Critical Minerals Project



Overview

- Project located in Jaén Province, Andalucía, Southern Spain
- 756 "cuadrículas mineras" covering an area of ~228km²
- A lithified placer sand geological system with various layers rich in three future facing / critical minerals with high grade potential:
 - Rutile (titanium), Zircon / Hafnium, Silicon metal and Rare Earths (Monazite hosted)
- Unsuccessfully explored for uranium and thorium in the 1950's and 1960's
- Initial target areas are within Orión Permit
- Three target areas identified over a distance of 12km
- Historic galena (lead) mine in permit area located directly below mineralised outcrops
- Geological mapping has confirmed two primary seams that appear to be pervasive across the Orión Permit
- Staged acquisition; upon Scoping Study OSM will own 80% of Company owning 95% of the Project*



Map showing Orión EU Critical Minerals Project location highlighting planned drillholes

*Refer ASX Release dated 29 July 2025 ASX CODE: OSM

2. Orión EU Critical Minerals Project



Location Pictures



Photo on location at the outlook of Zone Three



Mineralised Seam Outcrops from Zone Three



Photo showing selected outcrops and geological interpretation of potential mineralised sequence in Zone One



Photo on location at the outlook of Zone Three



Showing remnants of historic Galena mine in the permit area

3. High-Grade Potential



Exceptionally high-grade results from rock chip sampling program

High-grade potential with some samples delivering over 45% Total Heavy Minerals (THM).

Rich in rutile, zircon, hafnium and rare earth elements.

Magnetic rare earth oxides (Neodymium, Praseodymium, Terbium and Dysprosium).

Table showing all assay results from 2020 rock chip sampling*

| Sample | TiO ₂ | ZrO ₂ | HfO ₂ | Nd ₂ O ₃ | Pr ₂ O ₃ | Tb ₄ O ₇ | Dy ₂ O ₃ |
|--------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code | % | % | ppm | ppm | ppm | ppm | ppm |
| AV-1 | 19.00 | 6.57 | 1,539 | 2,193 | 616 | 31 | 149 |
| AV-2 | 19.05 | 6.54 | 1,403 | 1,971 | 506 | 27 | 135 |
| AV-3 | 15.15 | 6.10 | 1,327 | 2,059 | 547 | 30 | 144 |
| AV-4 | 13.85 | 5.05 | 1,123 | 1,697 | 432 | 23 | 108 |
| AV-5 | 11.95 | 3.67 | 787 | 1,201 | 315 | 16 | 78 |
| AV-6 | 12.20 | 4.34 | 894 | 1,277 | 328 | 19 | 93 |
| AV-7 | 18.25 | 5.42 | 1,144 | 1,371 | 350 | 20 | 98 |
| AV-8 | 24.40 | 9.70 | 2,353 | 3,383 | 868 | 41 | 195 |
| AV-9 | 19.10 | 7.50 | 1,598 | 2,531 | 697 | 33 | 162 |
| AV-10 | >30.0 | 10.90 | 2,618 | 2,683 | 769 | 36 | 173 |
| AV-11 | 15.30 | 4.11 | 938 | 1,283 | 318 | 20 | 98 |
| AV-12 | 14.55 | 4.08 | 954 | 1,266 | 327 | 19 | 95 |
| AV-13 | 14.45 | 6.24 | 1,362 | 2,164 | 607 | 31 | 149 |
| AV-14 | 13.85 | 3.88 | 834 | 1,201 | 309 | 17 | 88 |
| AV-N1 | 9.11 | 3.28 | 735 | 924 | 240 | 12 | 61 |
| AV-N2 | 11.45 | 4.76 | 1,041 | 1,540 | 394 | 23 | 107 |

AV-9 SAMPLE



Photo showing AV-9 sample area

*Refer ASX Release dated 6 September 2024 ASX CODE: OSM

4. High-Value Potential



Mineral species shows high-value rutile, zircon, hafnium and magnet rare earths

| Select Modals and Oxides from Bulk Sample Results* | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|------|----------|----------|----------|--|--|--|
| Element | Mineral | Unit | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | | | |
| Titouisse | Rutile | % | 13.26 | 13.16 | 15.22 | | | |
| Titanium | Ilmenite | % | 6.02 | 4.69 | 5.05 | | | |
| Zirconium | Zircon | % | 9.28 | 8.44 | 9.37 | | | |
| | Monazite | % | 1.54 | 1.50 | 1.72 | | | |
| Rare Earths | Allanite | % | 0.30 | 0.02 | 0.03 | | | |
| Rare Earths | Xenotime | % | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | | | |
| | TREO** | ppm | 11,817 | 10,732 | 11,710 | | | |
| Element | Oxides | Unit | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | | | |
| Hafnium | HfO ₂ | ppm | 1,204 | 1,178 | 1,295 | | | |
| Neodymium | Nd ₂ O ₃ | ppm | 2,049 | 1,858 | 2,039 | | | |
| Praseodymium | Pr ₆ O ₁₁ | ppm | 575 | 520 | 568 | | | |
| Samarium | Sm ₂ O ₃ | ppm | 366 | 331 | 364 | | | |
| Gadolinium | Gd ₂ O ₃ | ppm | 259 | 232 | 256 | | | |
| Terbium | Tb ₄ O ₇ | ppm | 33 | 30 | 33 | | | |
| Dysprosium | Dy ₂ O ₃ | ppm | 155 | 142 | 154 | | | |
| Lutetium | Lu ₂ O ₃ | ppm | 13 | 12 | 13 | | | |
| Yttrium | Y ₂ O ₃ | ppm | 689 | 628 | 684 | | | |

- Rutile is the most valuable titanium mineral with the highest TiO₂ content of over 95% TiO₂.
- Pricing data from the USGS Mineral Commodity Summaries 2025 for 2024 shows Rutile trades at a 380% premium over Ilmenite (US\$1,310 vs. US\$340). https://pubs.usgs.gov/publication/mcs2025
- Strategically important magnet rare earth including six of seven recently banned for export by China as highlighted.

^{*}Refer ASX Release dated 23 April 2025

4. High-Value Potential



150kg Bulk Sample results show exceptionally high-value THM assemblage

Select Modals and Oxides from 150kg Bulk Sample Results*

| | | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 |
|-------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|----------|
| | Style | Hard rock (li | thified min. sa | nds) |
| | Insitu grade | | | |
| | Rutile | 13.26% | 13.16% | 15.22% |
| | Leucoxene | - | - | - |
| | Ilmenite | 6.02% | 4.69% | 5.05% |
| | Zircon | 9.28% | 8.44% | 9.37% |
| | Mz+Xn | 1.57% | 1.53% | 1.75% |
| | Total Heavy Mi | ineral (THM) | | |
| | THM | 30.4% | 27.8% | 31.4% |
| | THM Assembla | age | | |
| 11611 | Rutile | 43.6% | 47.3% | 48.5% |
| IIGH | Leucoxene | - | - | - |
| ALUE | Ilmenite | 19.8% | 16.9% | 16.1% |
| | Zircon | 30.5% | 30.4% | 29.8% |
| | Mz+Xn | 5.2% | 5.5% | 5.6% |

Select Mineral Sand Producers Showing Insitu Grade and Heavy Mineral Assemblage

| Company | Ilu | Iluka | | Eramet ⁴ | Sierra Rutile⁵ | | Kenmare ⁶ |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Location Category | Balranald ¹ Resource | Global ² Reserve | Global Reserve | Grande Côte Reserve | Area 1 Reserve | Sembehun Reserve | |
| Style | Min. sand | Min. sand | Min. sand | Min. sand | Min. sand | Min. sand | Min. sand |
| Insitu grade | | | | | | | |
| Rutile | 4.0% | 0.3% | 0.50/ | 0.04% | 1.34% | 1.46% | 0.06% |
| Leucoxene | 2.0% | - | 0.5% | 0.05% | | | |
| Ilmenite | 21.6% | 2.2% | 2.6% | 1.03% | 0.75% | 0.91% | 2.67% |
| Zircon | 3.7% | 0.9% | 0.5% | 0.15% | 0.13% | 0.11% | 0.17% |
| Mz+Xn | 0.3% | 0.2% | - | - | | | |
| Total Heavy Min | eral (THM) | | | | | | |
| THM | 33.7% | 5.6% | 4.9% | 1.43% | 4.36% | 3.08% | 3.2% |
| THM Assemblag | ge | | | | | | |
| Rutile | 12.0% | 5.0% | 0.00/ | 2.5% | 30.7% | 47.4% | 1.9% |
| Leucoxene | 6.0% | - | 9.8% | 3.2% | - | - | |
| Ilmenite | 64.0% | 40.0% | 53.5% | 72.0% | 17.2% | 29.5% | 83.3% |
| Zircon | 11.0% | 16.0% | 10.3% | 10.7% | 3.0% | 3.6% | 5.3% |
| Mz+Xn ⁷ | 0.9% | 2.7% | - | - | - | - | |

¹ ILU ASX release dated 21 Feb 2023

*Refer ASX Release dated 23 April 2025 ASX CODE: OSM

² ILU asx release dated 19 Feb 2025

³ TROX NYSE release dated 12 Feb 2025

⁴ ERA 2023 Annual Finanical Report, release dated 9 Apr 2024; Assumed THM assemblage from MDL MRE update dated 19 Feb 2018

⁵ SRX ASX release dated 24 Mar 2023

⁶ KMR 2023 Annual Report dated 4 Apr 2024

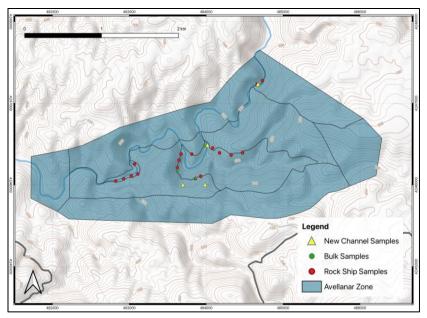
⁷ Mx+Xn = monazite + xenotime

5. High-Tonnage Potential

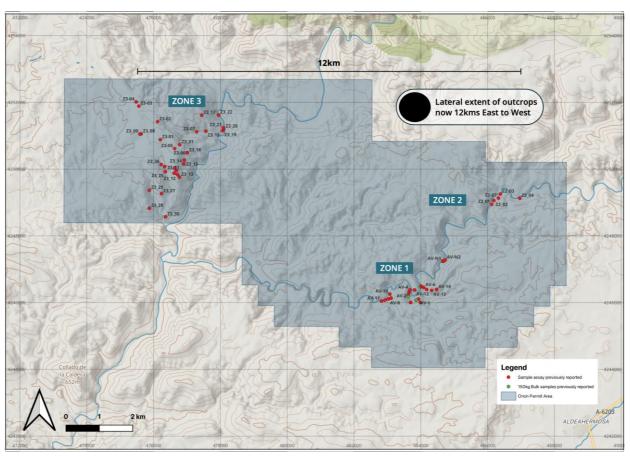


Three target zones with outcropping over large distance

- Permit area 228km²
- Three target zones within Orión permit
- Mineralised outcrops over 12km distance
- Two interpreted pervasive seams



Map showing chip sampling and channel bulk sample locations within Zone 1



Map showing sample locations in Zone 3 and distance from Zone 2

6. EU Critical Minerals



EU Critical Raw Materials focus likely to fast-track development, financing and production

| | Strategic Raw Materials |
|----|--|
| 1 | bauxite/alumina/aluminium |
| 2 | bismuth |
| 3 | boron - metallurgy grade |
| 4 | cobalt |
| 5 | copper |
| 6 | gallium |
| 7 | germanium |
| 8 | lithium - battery grade |
| 9 | magnesium metal |
| 10 | manganese - battery grade |
| 11 | graphite - battery grade |
| 12 | nickel - battery grade |
| 13 | platinum group metals |
| 14 | rare earth elements for permanent magnets (Nd, Pr, Tb, Dy, Cd, Sm and Ce) |
| 15 | silicon metals |
| 16 | titanium metal |
| 17 | tungsten |

| | Critical Raw Materials | | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------------|----|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | antimony | 18 | light rare earth elements | | | | |
| 2 | arsenic | 19 | lithium | | | | |
| 3 | bauxite/alumina/alu minium | 20 | magnesium | | | | |
| 4 | baryte | 21 | manganese | | | | |
| 5 | beryllium | 22 | graphite | | | | |
| 6 | bismuth | 23 | nickel - battery grade | | | | |
| 7 | boron | 24 | niobium | | | | |
| 8 | cobalt | 25 | phosphate rock | | | | |
| 9 | coking coal | 26 | phosphorus | | | | |
| 10 | copper | 27 | platinum group metals | | | | |
| 11 | feldspar | 28 | scandium | | | | |
| 12 | fluorspar | 29 | silicon metal | | | | |
| 13 | gallium | 30 | strontium | | | | |
| 14 | germanium | 31 | tantalum | | | | |
| 15 | hafnium | 32 | titanium metal | | | | |
| 16 | helium | 33 | tungsten | | | | |
| 17 | heavy rare earth elements | 34 | vanadium | | | | |

EU Critical Raw Materials Act

- Aim is to reduce dependence on countries outside of the EU for critical materials / minerals.
- 2. Objective by 2030
 - a) EU Extraction: **At least 10%** of EU annual consumption from EU
 - b) EU Processing: At least 40% of EU annual consumption from EU
 - c) EU Recycling: **At least 25%** of the EU's annual consumption from domestic recycling
 - d) External Sources: **not more than 65%** of the EU's annual consumption of each strategic raw material at any relevant stage of processing from a single third country.
- 3. Maximum of 27 months permitting timetable for Strategic Projects involving extraction.
- 4. Single point of contact for all things permitting.

Source: EUR-LEX - Document 32024R1252

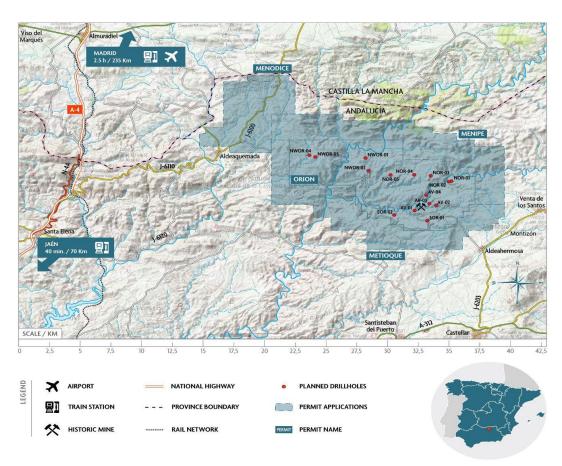
Regulation (EU) 2024/1252 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 April 2024 establishing a framework for ensuring a secure and sustainable supply of critical raw materials and amending Regulations (EU) No 168/2013, (EU) 2018/858, (EU) 2018/1724 and (EU) 2019/1020. Text with EEA relevance.

7. Orión Investigation Permit



Broad drilling activities to commence in Q3, CY2025

- The permit covers 86km² of the 228km² Orión EU Critical Minerals Project
- Broad initial drill program planned consisting of fifteen drill holes across the entire Orión Permit area (refer red dots in map)
- Planned drill holes to confirm continuity and grade
- Outer drill holes extending 12 km from west to east, highlighting significant large-scale tonnage potential
- Program to commence in Q3 CY2025



Map showing Orión permit planned drillholes

8. Future Facing Technologies



Future facing technology demand drivers

| | Space Tech | Drones | Robotics | 3D Printing | Aerospace | Computing Chips |
|--|------------|------------|----------|-------------|-----------|-----------------|
| 47.867 [Ar]3d2462 Li Multing point 368/C Bolling point 368/C TITANIUM | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 91.224 40 [Kr]4d²5s² Zr Multing point 85%C Belling point 4577C ZIRCONIUM | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 72 [Xe]4f ¹⁴⁵ 5d ² 5s ² | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 |
| 28.0855 14 Signature Signa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| REE 60 Nd 59 Pr 62 Sm 64 Gd 65 Tb 66 Dy 71 Lu 39 Y | 0 | \bigcirc | 0 | | 0 | 0 |

Electric Mobility

Rare earths (Nd, Pr, Dy, Tb) enable
 high-performance EV motors

Renewable Energy

Rare earth magnets drive wind turbine generators

High-Tech & Electronics

 Hafnium and rare earths are vital for semiconductors and advanced computing

Defence & Aerospace

 Titanium, zirconium, and rare earths provide strength, heat resistance, and precision for aircraft, satellites, and defence systems

9. EU Critical Minerals



Critical future facing minerals with major EU supply risk

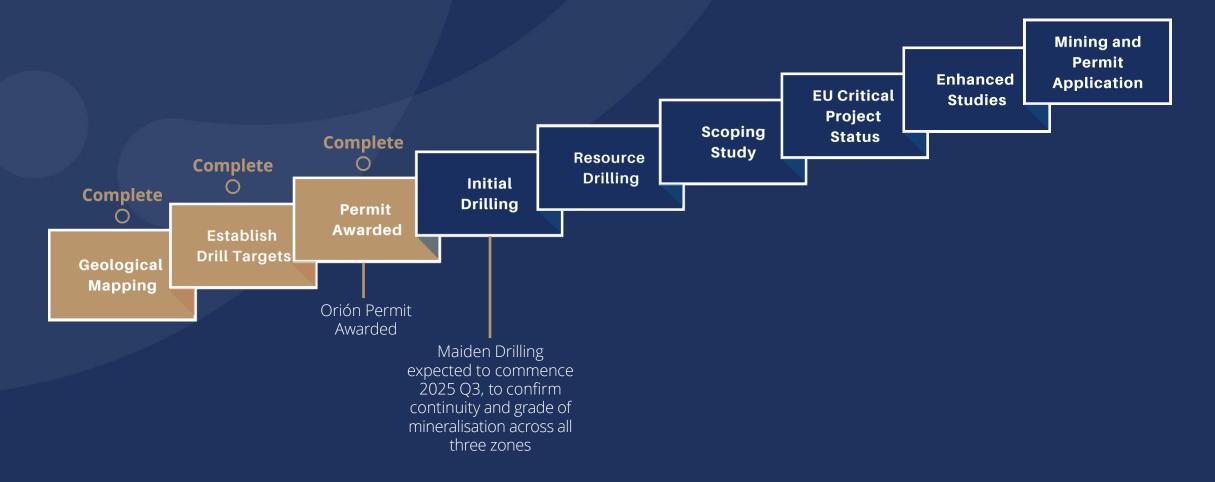
EU Production EU Consumption* **Titanium** Minor European ~547k tpa Extraction $(TiO_2 eq)$ **Rare Earths** Nil or Negligible ~32k tpa **European Extraction** (Nd,Pr,Tb,Dy) Nil or Negligible ~176k tpa **Zircon European Extraction** Nil or Negligible ~13.6 tpa **Hafnium** European Extraction

Main extraction (mining) sources of Critical Minerals relied on by the EU.



10. Milestones

Achieving Key Milestones



11. Iberian One & Yumbara Project





Iberian One Project Location, Spain, relative to Madrid.

The Iberian One Project is located in a historic kaolin, iron and graphite mining district between the villages of Madriguera and El Negredo in the Segovia Province, Spain.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA Gawler Craton Woomers Coduna Port Augusta Adelaide

Yumbara Project location, South Australia.

The Yumbara Project is

located within the highly prospective Fowler Domain and Nuyts Domain, both within the Gawler Craton in South Australia.

Project Overview

The project consists of the Grafenal Investigation Lease (47.5km²), the Becerril Mining Permit (1.6km²) and the overlapping Paula Mining Permit, together totalling approximately 50km² as the Iberian One Project Area. Osmond is attracted to the Iberian One Project for the potential to produce a range of products with the main target product being alunite mineralisation that can potentially feed into the production of Sulphate of Potash (SOP).

Project Overview

Located in the western Eyre Peninsula region of South Australia the project contains a highly magnetic feature that is interpreted as a layered ultramafic intrusive. Limited historical exploration undertaken on the Tenement, with the focus on exploration for uranium, gold, nickel, copper, and rare earth elements (REE).

12. Summary



Osmond Resources (ASX.OSM) is focused on developing critical minerals' mines important to the EU.

| Potential for: | |
|----------------------|--|
| High Grade | Outcrop samples containing over 45% Total Heavy Minerals (THM) Exceptionally high grades of rutile (titanium), zircon, hafnium and rare earth elements |
| High Value | Titanium is predominantly high-value rutile High-grade zircon and hafnium THM assemblage compares favourably to existing producers |
| High Tonnage | Two interpreted pervasive seams Mineralised outcrops over 12km apart within Orión permit area 228km² permit area |
| EU Critical Minerals | EU Critical Raw Materials Act 2024 Three of 17 Strategic Critical Materials Five of 34 Critical Materials Spanish Mineral Raw Materials Plan – 2025 to 2029 |

13. Appendix 1 – EU Support



SPAIN

ASX ANNOUNCEMENT 13 NOVEMBER 2023 ASX: INF I FRA: 3PM

GOVERNMENT AWARDS €18.8M IN GRANT FUNDING FOR SAN JOSÉ

HIGHLIGHTS

- €18.8 million (A\$31 million) in grant funding for San José awarded by the Spanish Government's Ministry of Industry, Trade and Tourism.
- Government endorsement represents a major milestone for San José and precedent for future grant funding opportunities.
- Government's commitment to San José demonstrated through receipt
 of the largest grant to a lithium mining / processing asset and the 6th
 largest total grant announced under this programme.
- Total of €528.7 million awarded to 26 major projects includes €200 million to Extremadura giga-factory.
- The PERTE VEC II grant funding process has been finalised with 95% of funds committed to Spain's electric vehicle battery chain.
- Further grant funding submissions in Spain have been announced for the beginning of 2024.

European Investment Bank [EIB]



This year's EU Critical Raw Materials Act has already set the necessary policy changes in motion. As European Commission President Ursula von der Leyen noted in her State of the Union address this month, many countries around the world are eager to work together on securing global supply chains.

It is clear that Europe must do more to safeguard access to critical supplies. The European Investment Bank Group — which has already provided €3 billion (\$3.2 billion) for strengthening raw-materials supply chains over the last seven years — is fully on board. But we also recognize that Europe's existing toolbox is insufficient. The Group is already working on a critical raw-materials initiative ≥ to ensure that it will be able to live up to these objectives, and we are encouraging others to do the same — from the level of regulation down to specific, concrete projects.

Access to strategically important raw materials has been a determinant of economic wealth and development throughout history. To secure our future, we must seize the initiative and make safeguarding access to this century's new vital commodities a top priority.

ABOUT THE AUTHOR



Werner Hoyer
Former president of the European Investment Bank

European Bank for Reconstruction & Development EBRD

SGA seals \$5M funding injection from EU bank - PFS "imminent"

An European bank just invested \$5M into Sarytogan Graphite (ASX:SGA).

This was done at 16c - a premium to SGA's last close of 14.5c.

The bank is the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development - EBRD for short

In total, EBRD will end up with a 17.36% stake in the company.

The EBRD operates in over 30 countries and to date has invested more than €200 billion through ~7,000 projects.

Now we can add SGA to that list of projects backed by the EBRD.

SGA has a giant graphite resource in Kazakhstan, central Asia.

The company spent the last few months successfully testing its graphite product for various market use cases, while working on its PFS.

14. Appendix 2 – Chinese MREOs



Geopolitical Impact on Rare Earth Supply Chains

Table Showing Assay Results from 150kg Bulk Sample for Six of Seven Banned MREOs

The New Hork Times

China Halts Critical Exports as Trade **War Intensifies**

Beijing has suspended exports of certain rare earth minerals and magnets that are crucial for the world's car, semiconductor and aerospace industries.

"China has suspended exports of a wide range of critical minerals and magnets, threatening to choke off supplies of components central to automakers, aerospace manufacturers, semiconductor companies and military contractors around the world."

The New York Times, April 13, 2025

| Select Rare Earth Oxide Results from Bulk Samples* | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------|----------|----------|----------|--|--|--|
| Element | Oxides | Unit | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | | | |
| Samarium | Sm ₂ O ₃ | ppm | 366 | 331 | 364 | | | |
| Gadolinium | Gd_2O_3 | ppm | 259 | 232 | 256 | | | |
| Terbium | Tb₄O ₇ | ppm | 33 | 30 | 33 | | | |
| Dysprosium | Dy ₂ O ₃ | ppm | 155 | 142 | 154 | | | |
| Lutetium | Lu ₂ O ₃ | ppm | 13 | 12 | 13 | | | |
| Yttrium | Y ₂ O ₃ | ppm | 689 | 628 | 684 | | | |

ASX CODE: OSI * Refer ASX release dated 6 September 2024 and 23 April 2025

