

ASX ANNOUNCEMENT 25 August 2025

Shallow, Thick, High-Grades at Mangaroon including 8m @ 16.2 g/t Au

HIGHLIGHTS

- Assays have been received from 7 of 37 infill holes at Star of Mangaroon, all 3 of the first ever holes at the Lesgo prospect and 9 holes at and around Popeye.
- The initial infill holes from the northern section of the Star of Mangaroon have returned shallow, thick, high-grade intercepts including:
 - SOMRC062: 8m @ 16.2 g/t Au from 20m, incl: 3m @ 32.2 g/t Au from 20m
 - SOMRC060: 4m @ 15.0 g/t Au from 72m, incl: 2m @ 29.3 g/t Au from 72m
 - SOMRC056: 6m @ 3.8 g/t Au from 8m, incl. Im @ 14.8 g/t Au from 9m
- Assays for the remaining 30 holes at Star of Mangaroon are expected in September 2025.
- The Lesgo structure can be traced in magnetics and mapping for >2.6kms. A surface geochemical survey has commenced after first ever drilling confirmed shallow, high-grade bedrock mineralisation including:
 - LGRC001: Im @ 7.4 g/t Au and 49.9g/t Ag from 22m
- The next RC drilling program at Mangaroon Au will commence in early September 2025.

Dreadnought Resources Ltd ("Dreadnought") is pleased to announce assays from RC drilling at the Mangaroon Gold Project ("Mangaroon"), in the Gascoyne region of WA.

Dreadnought's Managing Director, Dean Tuck, commented: "We are thrilled to have received thick, high-grade results from the most northern line at Star of Mangaroon, including shallow intercepts coming to surface. The infill grade control drilling is holding together exceptionally well, and we look forward to receiving the remainder of the assays over the coming weeks and the updated Resource following. Furthermore, as we head into a discovery focused drill program, it is great to have early, high-grade bedrock mineralisation confirmed at Lesgo. Drilling is set to commence the first week of September 2025 and will test several new prospects as well as follow up on encouraging results from Steve's Reward and Lesgo."



Figure 1: Photo of RC drilling at Star of Mangaroon.

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Infill Drilling - Star of Mangaroon (100%)

(First right to develop with Black Cat Syndicate Ltd.)

This infill program comprises 37 RC holes (2,894m) and 4 diamond holes (308m) and brings drilling to a 10m x 10m spacing within and around the current Resource (ASX 27 November 2024). All holes intersected the target lode horizon.

Assays have been received for the first 7 of the 37 holes and include:

- SOMRC062: 8m @ 16.2 g/t Au from 20m, incl: 3m @ 32.2 g/t Au from 20m
- SOMRC060: 4m @ 15.0 g/t Au from 72m, incl: 2m @ 29.3 g/t Au from 72m
- SOMRC056: 6m @ 3.8 g/t Au from 8m, incl. Im @ 14.8 g/t Au from 9m

These results have extended mineralisation to the north (SOMRC056 and SOMRC60) including in areas previously thought to be mined out (SOMRC062). Importantly, these shallow results are expected to positively impact on the current Resource of 23,300oz (56,600t @ 12.8 g/t Au) and consequently the already robust project economics (ASX 28 January 2025).

Results for the remaining 30 RC holes are expected in September 2025.

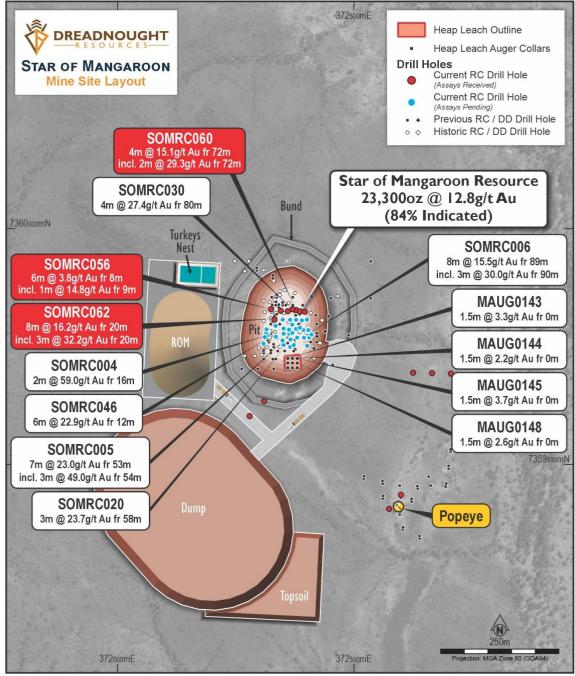


Figure 2: Plan view map showing the location of recently completed drilling (blue dots) at Star of Mangaroon.

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Lesgo prospect (100%)

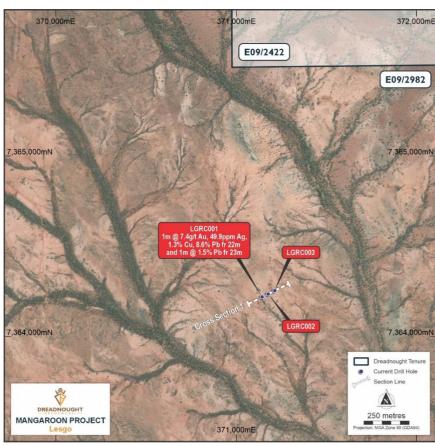
Lesgo is defined by a ~2.6km long shear zone with evidence of mineralisation and alteration that was identified

through mapping. The Lesgo is located on a recently granted tenement and 3 RC holes (246m) were drilled in order to assess bedrock alteration and mineralisation.

These first ever holes intersected a package of sheared and altered chlorite schist and orthogneiss with several quartz veins and a mafic Mineralisation was intersected within a base metal rich vein that was associated with vanadium mica (roscoelite) Au-Ag-Bi-Mo-Sb-Te alteration and pathfinder anomalism. Encouragingly, an intercept of was returned: Im @ 7.4 g/t Au and 49.9g/t Ag from 22m. This drilling was based on mapping alone and not on a geochemical survey which is now underway.

Lesgo has no previous exploration and represents a new structure that can be traced in magnetics and mapping for >2.6kms.

Figure 3: Plan view map of Lesgo showing the location of the 3 recent holes.



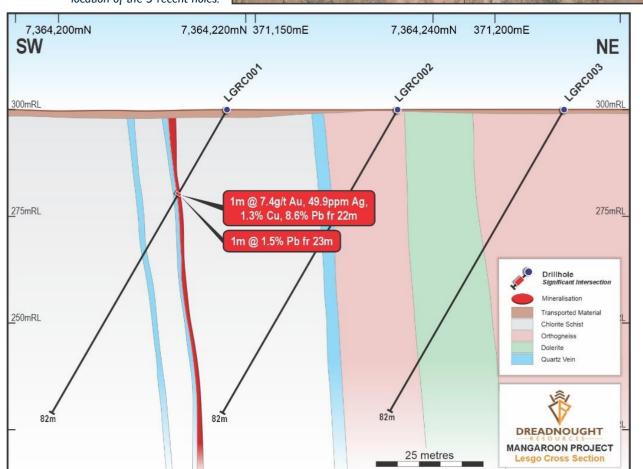


Figure 4: Cross section of the first ever drilling at Lesgo that confirmed shallow, high-grade bedrock mineralisation.

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Popeye

At and around Popeye, 9 RC discovery holes (738m) were drilled testing gold in soil anomalies. No significant mineralisation was intersected and no further drilling is planned for Popeye at this time.

Dreadnought's work plan summary

	Sep 2025 Quarter	Dec 2025 Quarter			
Star of Mangaroon Open Pit	Mining, Haul, Process Agreement	Approvals and Commencement of Production			
Mangaroon Drilling	Star of Mangaroon extensions, Pritchard's, McCarthy Workings, Steve's Reward, Cullens, Midday Moon, Nina, Lightening Ridge, Minga Bar and Edmund.				
Mangaroon Exploration	Bordah, High Range and Minga Bar				
Illaara Drilling (Aircore)		Metzke's, Lawrence, SW BIF Horizon, Black Oak – Homestead			

Upcoming News

- September: Drilling results from Star of Mangaroon
- **September Quarter:** Update on Star of Mangaroon processing agreement
- September: Commencement of discovery drilling at Mangaroon Au
- September: Assay results from deep diamond drilling at Stinger Nb-REE
- **September:** Results from geochemical survey at Lesgo
- October: Presenting at the Australian Gold Conference, Sydney NSW
- October/November: Results from discovery drilling at Mangaroon Au
- October/November: Mineralogy results from diamond drilling at Stinger Nb-REE
- November: Commencement of drilling at Illaara Gold Project

For further information please refer to previous ASX announcements:

•	25 November 2020	Mangaroon Ni-Cu-PGE & Au Project
•	15 March 2021	Exploration Commences at Mangaroon Ni-Cu-PGE & Au Project
•	12 September 2022	Star of Mangaroon Acquisition & Consolidation
•	7 June 2023	Mangaroon Gold Review and Further Consolidation
•	4 September 2023	Outstanding Gold Opportunities Along > 10km Mangaroon Shear Zone
•	11 December 2023	Thick, High-Grade Gold Including 7m @ 23.0g/t Au
•	13 March 2024	Star of Mangaroon Camp Scale Gold Prospect Expands to ~15km x 10km
•	26 July 2024	Consolidation, Growth & Commercialisation
•	I October 2024	Shallow, High-Grades at Star of Mangaroon & Popeye
•	14 October 2024	Exceptional Gold Recoveries from Star of Mangaroon
•	27 November 2024	Shallow, High-Grade, 84% Indicated Au Resource
•	28 January 2025	Robust Scoping Study for Star of Mangaroon
•	30 January 2025	Further Consolidation and High-Grade Gold at Mangaroon
•	18 March 2025	High Grade Gold Lode Extended
•	20 June 2025	Star of Mangaroon Extended
		~Ends~

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This announcement is authorised for release to the ASX by the Board of Dreadnought.

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Snapshot – Mangaroon Gold (100%)

Mangaroon Gold is Large Scale

Mangaroon covers ~5,000kms² with an initial focus on the gold system situated over the Mangaroon Shear Zone between the crustal scale Minga Bar and Edmund Faults with multiple phases of intrusions. Numerous historical workings along the Mangaroon Shear Zone have only seen limited drilling. This area also contains the ~12km x 6km Bordah and ~50km long High Range prospects where limited previous exploration has identified outcropping gold and base metal mineralisation.

Self-Funded Explorer Strategy

Dreadnought's strategy is to transform into a self-funded explorer. This involves a high-grade open pit at the Star
of Mangaroon where funding, development, haulage & processing are outsourced to third parties. This is a
common model in WA given the robust gold price. In this way, there is reduced reliance on market funding and
internal cashflows are aimed at making life-changing discoveries.

Consolidation Provides for First Ever Modern Exploration

All historical workings and known gold occurrences relate to outcropping mineralisation. There has been minimal
historical and modern exploration due to fractured, small-scale ownership with Dreadnought now undertaking
modern exploration for the first time.

Significant, Step-change, Growth Potential

- Five historical mines developed on outcropping mineralisation and dozens of gold occurrences along highly prospective structural corridors.
- Dreadnought is deploying modern geochemical and geophysical techniques to explore for mineralisation under shallow cover. These techniques have already generated new prospects with stronger and larger signatures than the historical mines, including the region's largest high-grade producer at the Star of Mangaroon mine.
- Project-wide stream sediment sampling and geophysical surveys have identified additional camp scale prospects at Bordah and High Range.

Shallow, High-grade Gold

• The initial Resource at Star of Mangaroon contains **shallow**, **high-grade gold** as per Table I below:

Table 1: Resource (2g/t Au cut-off grade) - Numbers may not add up due to rounding.

Туре	Indicated			Inferred			Total		
Турс	Tonnes	Au (g/t)	Au (Oz)	Tonnes	Au (g/t)	Au (Oz)	Tonnes	Au (g/t)	Au (Oz)
Transition	1,900	26.9	1,700	-	-	-	1,900	26.9	1,700
Fresh	42,500	13.0	17,800	12,200	9.8	3,900	54,700	12.3	21,700
Total	44,400	13.6	19,500	12,200	9.8	3,900	56,600	12.8	23,400

Also, Popeye, located < I km from the Star of Mangaroon, contains significant shallow high-grade gold including:

POPRC001: 3m @ 22.8 g/t Au from I3m POPRC002: Im @ I.6 g/t Au, I5.5g/t Ag from IIm

Exceptional Metallurgical Recoveries

 The region is known for its free gold. Accordingly, metallurgical work at Star of Mangaroon produced exceptional recoveries from standard gravity and carbon in leach circuits averaging 96.7% combined recovery including an average 74.4% gravity recovery (ASX 14 Oct 2024).

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Cautionary Statement

This announcement and information, opinions or conclusions expressed in the course of this announcement contains forecasts and forward-looking information. Such forecasts, projections and information are not a guarantee of future performance, involve unknown risks and uncertainties. Actual results and developments will almost certainly differ materially from those expressed or implied. There are a number of risks, both specific to Dreadnought, and of a general nature which may affect the future operating and financial performance of Dreadnought, and the value of an investment in Dreadnought including and not limited to title risk, renewal risk, economic conditions, stock market fluctuations, commodity demand and price movements, timing of access to infrastructure, timing of environmental approvals, regulatory risks, operational risks, reliance on key personnel, reserve estimations, native title risks, cultural heritage risks, foreign currency fluctuations, and mining development, construction and commissioning risk.

Competent Person's Statement – Mineral Resources

The information in this announcement that relates to the Star of Mangaroon Mineral Resource is based on information compiled by Mr. Paul Payne, a Competent Person who is a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr. Payne is a full-time employee of Payne Geological Services Pty Ltd and is a shareholder of Dreadnought Resources Limited. Mr. Payne has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity that is being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Minerals Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr. Payne consents to the inclusion in the announcement of the matters based on his information in the form and context that the information appears.

Competent Person's Statement - Exploration Results

The information in this announcement that relates to geology, exploration results and planning, and exploration targets was compiled by Mr. Dean Tuck, who is a Member of the AIG, Managing Director, and shareholder of the Company. Mr. Tuck has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr. Tuck consents to the inclusion in the announcement of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any further new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements by Dreadnought Resources Limited referenced in this report and in the case of Mineral Resources, Production Targets, forecast financial information and Ore Reserves, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed. To the extent disclosed above, the Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements.

GOLD RESOURCES AT MANGAROON AU

Star of Mangaroon - Indicated and Inferred Resources

Table 2: Resource (2g/t Au cut-off grade) - Numbers may not add up due to rounding

Туре		Indicated			Inferred			Tota	ı
Турс	Tonnes	Au (g/t)	Au (Oz)	Tonnes	Au (g/t)	Au (Oz)	Tonnes	Au (g/t)	Au (Oz)
Transition	1,900	26.9	1,700	-	-	-	1,900	26.9	1,700
Fresh	42,500	13.0	17,800	12,200	9.8	3,900	54,700	12.3	21,700
Total	44,400	13.6	19,500	12,200	9.8	3,900	56,600	12.8	23,400



Table 3: Drill Collar Data (GDA94 MGAz50) and Significant Intercepts (>0.1 g/t Au)

Hole ID	From	То	Interval (m)	Grade (g/t Au)	Prospect
LGRC001	22	23	- 1	7.4	Lesgo
SOMRC056	8	14	6	3.8	
Including	9	10	1	14.8	
SOMRC057	35	38	3	2.0	
SOMRC058	42	43	I	2.2	
SOMRC059	63	64	1	7.7	
And	68	69		1.2	
SOMRC060	72	76	4	15.1	
Including	72	74	2	29.3	
SOMRC061	87	88		2.6	
SOMRC062	20	28	8	16.2	
Including	20	23	3	32.2	
SOMRC063		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC064		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC065		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC066		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC067		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC068		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC069		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC070		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC071		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC072		Assays	Pending		Star of Mangaroon
SOMRC073		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC074		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC075		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC076		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC077		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC078		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC079		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC080		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC081		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC082		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC083		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC084		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC085		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC086		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC087		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC088		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC089		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC090		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC091		Assays	Pending		
SOMRC092		Assays	Pending		



Table 4: Drill Collar Data (GDA94 MGAz50)

		ble 4: Drill C			DAY4 IV			
Hole ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Dip	Azi	EOH	Туре	Prospect
LGRC001	371144	7364218	301	-60	246	82	RC	
LGRC002	371179	7364235	301	-60	244	82	RC	Lesgo
LGRC003	371214	7364254	299	-60	245	82	RC	
POPDD001	372599	7359436	288	-61	168	20	DDH	
POPRC017	372583	7359031	285	-60	189	82	RC	
POPRC018	372543	7359034	286	-60	86	82	RC	
POPRC019	372501	7359035	285	-60	92	82	RC	
POPRC020	372574	7359406	283	-58	69	82	RC	D
POPRC021	372705	7359693	282	-58	97	82	RC	Popeye
POPRC022	372665	7359694	281	-60	90	82	RC	
POPRC023	372625	7359695	282	-60	92	82	RC	
POPRC024	372279	7359603	289	-61	228	82	RC	
POPRC025	372310	7359635	289	-60	225	82	RC	
SOMDD010	372318	7359775	283	-60	304	24	DDH	
SOMDD011	372404	7359784	282	-60	273	110	DDH	
SOMDD012	372364	7359779	282	-59	276	79	DDH	
SOMDD013	372386	7359826	290	-60	271	95	DDH	
SOMRC056	372325	7359830	291	-60	280	28	RC	
SOMRC057	372345	7359827	288	-58	291	70	RC	
SOMRC058	372360	7359826	288	-60	281	82	RC	
SOMRC059	372370	7359830	288	-60	284	88	RC	
SOMRC060	372378	7359829	288	-60	279	88	RC	
SOMRC061		7359826	289	-60	280	112	RC	
SOMRC062	372396 372332	7359809	283	-61	282	46	RC	
SOMRC063			282			58	RC	
	372350	7359809		-60 -60	281	82	RC	
SOMRC064	372365	7359808	284		280			
SOMRC065	372378	7359808	284	-60	283	94	RC	
SOMRC066	372390	7359807	283	-61	282	106	RC	
SOMRC067	372309	7359758	284	-60	311	22	RC	
SOMRC068	372352	7359755	284	-60	283	72	RC	
SOMRC069	372365	7359751	283	-60	284	90	RC	
SOMRC070	372373	7359755	283	-60	283	96	RC	
SOMRC071	372402	7359753	286	-60	282	114	RC	Star of
SOMRC072	372312	7359771	283	-60	307	24	RC	Mangaroon
SOMRC073	372335	7359772	283	-61	286	54	RC	
SOMRC074	372349	7359764	283	-60	283	72	RC	
SOMRC075	372366	7359766	283	-60	283	84	RC	
SOMRC076	372395	7359770	284	-61	282	86	RC	
SOMRC077	372406	7359771	272	-60	283	120	RC	
SOMRC078	372315	7359781	274	-59	309	24	RC	
SOMRC079	372352	7359779	276	-60	282	66	RC	
SOMRC080	372380	7359771	273	-59	281	90	RC	
SOMRC081	372315	7359788	273	-59	283	30	RC	
SOMRC082	372370	7359780	274	-59	279	78	RC	
SOMRC083	372411	7359777	272	-59	280	120	RC	
SOMRC084	372351	7359790	272	-59	280	66	RC	
SOMRC085	372363	7359787	272	-59	279	84	RC	
SOMRC086	372378	7359789	272	-60	279	102	RC	
SOMRC087	372393	7359787	272	-60	280	96	RC	
SOMRC088	372404	7359787	272	-60	281	102	RC	
SOMRC089	372370	7359798	273	-59	278	84	RC	
SOMRC090	372386	7359791	273	-59	281	102	RC	
SOMRC091	372401	7359809	272	-58	287	114	RC	
SOMRC092	372335	7359795	273	-60	285	48	RC	



JORC Code, 2012 Edition - Table I Report Template Section I Sampling Techniques and Data (Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

	(Criteria in this section apply to ai	
Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random	Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling was undertaken to produce
	chips, or specific specialised industry standard	samples for assay.
	measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under	RC Drilling
	investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc.). These examples should	Two sampling techniques were utilised for the RC drilling, Im metre splits directly from the rig sampling system for each
	not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.	metre and 3m composite sampling from spoil piles. Samples
	 Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample 	submitted to the laboratory were determined by the site
	representivity and the appropriate calibration of any	geologist.
	measurement tools or systems used.	Im Splits
	Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.	From every metre drilled a 2-3kg sample (split) was sub- sampled into a calico bag via a Metzke cone splitter from each metre of drilling.
	 In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling 	3m Composites
	was used to obtain I m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling	All remaining spoil from the sampling system was collected in buckets from the sampling system and neatly deposited in rows adjacent to the rig. An aluminium scoop was used to then sub-sample each spoil pile to create a 2-3kg 3m composite sample in a calico bag.
	problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.	A pXRF is used on site to help determine mineralised samples. Mineralised intervals have the Im split collected, while unmineralised samples have 3m composites collected.
		All samples are submitted to ALS Laboratories in Perth for determination of gold by Photon assay from crushed sample (ALS Method Au-PA01).
		Select samples are also submitted for 48 multi-elements via 4 acid digestion with MS/ICP finish (ALS Code ME-MS61) to assist with lithological interpretation.
		QAQC samples consisting of duplicates, blanks and CRM's (OREAS Standards) are inserted through the program at a rate of 1:50 samples.
Drilling techniques	Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer,	RC Drilling
2.ming eccumques	rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc.) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc.).	Drilling was completed by Precision Exploration Drilling (PXD) utilising a KWL 350 truck mounted drill rig with additional air from an auxiliary compressor and booster. Bit size was 53/4".
Drill sample recovery	Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample	RC Drilling
Dilli sumple recovery	recoveries and results assessed. • Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.	Drilling was undertaken using a 'best practice' approach to achieve maximum sample recovery and quality through the mineralised zones.
	Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.	Best practice sampling procedure included: suitable usage of dust suppression, suitable shroud, lifting off bottom between each metre, cleaning of sampling equipment, ensuring a dry sample and suitable supervision by the supervising geologist to ensure good sample quality.
Logging	Whether core and chip samples have been geologically	RC Drilling
	 and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc.) photography. 	RC chips were logged under the supervision of a Senior Geologist with sufficient experience in this geological terrane and relevant styles of mineralisation using an industry standard logging system which could eventually be utilised within a Mineral Resource Estimation.
	The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.	Lithology, mineralisation, alteration, veining, weathering and texture were all recorded digitally.
	incoscedorio roggetti.	Chips were washed each metre and stored in chip trays for preservation and future reference.
		RC pulp material is also analysed on the rig by pXRF to assist with logging and the identification of mineralisation.
		RC logging is qualitative, quantitative or semi-quantitative in nature.
Sub-sampling	If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or	RC Drilling
techniques and sample preparation	all core taken.If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc.	From every metre drilled, a 2-3kg sample (split) was subsampled into a calico bag via a Metzke cone splitter.
		QAQC in the form of duplicates and CRM's (OREAS



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	 and whether sampled wet or dry. For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. 	Standards) were inserted through the ore zones at a rate of 1:50 samples. Additionally, within mineralised zones, a duplicate sample was taken and a blank inserted directly after. 2-3kg samples are submitted to ALS laboratories (Perth), oven dried to 105°C and crushed to >90% passing 3mm to produce a 500g charge for determination of gold by Photon Assay from crushed sample (ALS Method Au-PA01). Additional material is then pulverised to 85% passing 75um to produce a 0.25g charge for determination of 48 multi-elements via 4 acid digestion with MS/ICP finish (ALS Code ME-MS61). Standard laboratory QAQC is undertaken and monitored.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc., the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established.	Laboratory Analysis Photon Assay is considered a total analysis and Method Au-PA01 is appropriate for Au determination. ME-MS61 is considered a near total digest and is appropriate for pathfinder determination. Standard laboratory QAQC is undertaken and monitored by the laboratory and by the company upon assay result receival.
Verification of	The verification of significant intersections by either	Logging and Sampling
sampling and assaying	 independent or alternative company personnel. The use of twinned holes. Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) 	Logging and sampling were recorded directly into a digital logging system, verified and eventually stored in an offsite database. Significant intersections are inspected by senior company personnel.
	protocols. Discuss any adjustment to assay data.	No diamond twinning has been undertaken at this time
	Discuss any adjustment to assay data.	No adjustments to any assay data have been undertaken.
		Additional Im splits have been sent to the lab for the 3m composites that have returned mineralisation.
Location of data points	Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings	Collar position was recorded using a Emlid Reach RS2 RTK GPS system (+/- 0.3m x/y, +/-0.5m z).
	and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. • Specification of the grid system used	GDA94 Z50s is the grid format for all xyz data reported.
	 Specification of the grid system used. Quality and adequacy of topographic control. 	Azimuth and dip of the drill hole was recorded by PXD after the completion of the hole using an Axis Champ Gyro. A reading was undertaken every 20 th metre with an accuracy of +/- 0.75° azimuth and +/-0.15° dip.
Data spacing and	Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.	See table 3 and 4 for hole positions and sampling information.
distribution	 Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied. 	Data spacing at this stage is not suitable for Mineral Resource Estimation.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	 Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. 	Drilling was undertaken at a near perpendicular angle to the interpreted strike and dip of the mineralised lode. No sample bias is known at this time.
Sample security	The measures taken to ensure sample security.	All geochemical samples were collected, bagged, and sealed by Dreadnought staff and were delivered directly to ALS Laboratories Perth by Jarrahbar Contracting or Exmouth Haulage out of Carnarvon or Exmouth.
Audits or reviews	The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.	The program is continuously reviewed by senior company personnel.

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Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results (Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

	(Criteria in this section apply to al	I succeeding sections.)
Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and	Type, reference name/number, location and ownership	The Mangaroon Project consists of 22 granted Exploration
land tenure status	including agreements or material issues with third parties	License (E08/3178, E08/3229, E08/3274, E08/3275,
	such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties,	E08/3439, E09/2195, E09/2290, E09/2359, E09/2370,
	native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national	E09/2384, E09/2405, E09/2422, E09/2433, E09/2448,
	park and environmental settings.	E09/2449, E09/2450, E09/2467, E09/2473, E09/2478,
	The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting	E09/2479, E09/2535, E09/2616), I pending Exploration
	along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence	License (E08/3539) and 6 granted Mining Licenses (M09/63,
	to operate in the area.	M09/91, M09/146, M09/147, M09/174, M09/175).
		All tenements are 100% owned by Dreadnought Resources. E08/3178, E09/2370, E09/2384, E09/2433, E08/3274,
		E08/3275, E09/2433, E09/2448, E09/2449, E09/2450 are subject to a 1% Gross Revenue Royalty held by Beau
		Resources.
		E09/2359 is subject to a 1% Gross Revenue Royalty held by
		Prager Pty Ltd.
		E09/2422, E08/*3229 and E08/3539 are subject to a 1%
		Gross Revenue Royalty held by Redscope Enterprises Pty Ltd.
		E09/2290, M09/146 and M09/147 are subject to a 1% Gross
		Revenue Royalty held by STEHN, Anthony Paterson and BROWN, Michael John Barry.
		E09/2497 is subject to a 1% net smelter royalty held by Nina
		Minerals Pty Ltd.
		M09/174 is subject to a 0.5% Gross Revenue Royalty held by STEHN, Anthony Paterson.
		M09/175 is subject to a 0.5% Gross Revenue Royalty held by
		STEHN, Anthony Paterson and BROWN, Michael John
		Barry. M09/91 is subject to a 1% Gross Royalty held by DOREY,
		Robert Lionel.
		M09/63 and E09/2195 are subject to a 1% Net Smelter
		Royalry held by James Arthur Millar
		The Mangaroon Project covers 4 Native Title
		Determinations including the Budina (WAD131/2004), Thudgari (WAD6212/1998), Gnulli (WAD22/2019) and the
		Combined Thiin-Mah, Warriyangka, Tharrkari and Jiwarli
		(WAD464/2016).
		The Mangaroon Project is located over Lyndon, Mangaroon,
		Gifford Creek, Maroonah, Minnie Creek, Edmund,
		Williambury and Towera Stations.
Exploration done by	Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other	Historical exploration of a sufficiently high standard was
other parties	parties.	carried out by a few parties which have been outlined and
•	purus.	detailed in this ASX announcement including:
		Regional Resources 1986-1988s: WAMEX Reports A23715,
		23713
		Peter Cullen 1986: WAMEX Report A36494
		Carpentaria Exploration Company 1980: WAMEX Report
		A9332
		Newmont 1991: WAMEX Report A32886
		Hallmark Gold 1996: WAMEX Report A49576 Rodney Drage 2011: WAMEX Report A94155
		Sandfire Resources 2005-2012: WAMEX Report A94135
		·
Caalami	Debugger and the second	Helix Resources 1996: WAMEX Report 49943
Geology	Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.	The Mangaroon Project is located within Mangaroon Zone of the Gascoyne Province.
		The Mangaroon Project is prospective for orogenic gold,
		magmatic Ni-Cu-Co-PGE mineralisation and carbonatite hosted REEs.
	A summary of all information material to the	An overview of the drilling program is given within the text
Drill hole information		
Drill hole information		and tables within this document.
Drill hole information	understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill	and tables within this document.
Drill hole information	understanding of the exploration results including a	and tables within this document.
Drill hole information	understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill	and tables within this document.
Drill hole information	understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:	and tables within this document.



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	 dip and azimuth of the hole down hole length and interception depth hole length. If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case. 	
Data aggregation methods	 In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. 	All sample intervals with a minimum length of Im and gold assays greater 0.1g/t Au have been reported. No top cuts have been applied to exploration results. No metal equivalents are reported.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	 These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known'). 	Drilling was undertaken at a near perpendicular angle to the interpreted strike and dip of the mineralised lodes. All reported intercepts are down hole lengths; no true widths have been calculated.
Diagrams	Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.	Refer to figures within this report.
Balanced reporting	Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.	The accompanying document is a balanced report with a suitable cautionary note. Figures within the announcement show the location and results of all soil samples collected within the reported area.
Other substantive exploration data	Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples — size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.	Suitable commentary of the geology encountered are given within the text of this document.
Further work	 The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. 	Detailed mapping and rock chipping Additional soil sampling Additional RC drilling Diamond drilling

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