

VDM Group Limited Corporate Governance Statement

Introduction

This Corporate Governance Statement outlines the key components of VDM Group's governance framework in place during the year ended 30 June 2016, by reference to the Australian Securities Exchange Corporate Governance Council Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations, Third Edition (CGPR). The Board is conscious that best practice in the area of corporate governance is continuously evolving, and will therefore continue to place genuine efforts to comply with existing principals while implementing structures and practices that suit the Group's strategic objectives.

The information provided in this Corporate Governance Statement is current at 26 October 2016 and a checklist summarising the Groups compliance with the CGPR is included at the end of this Statement.

Various documents referred to in this Statement have been posted in the Corporate Governance section of the VDM website at www.vdmgroup.com.au .

Foundations for Management and Oversight

The Company has established a Board Charter, which sets out the role, composition and responsibilities of the Board within the governance structure of VDM. The Board Charter sets out the following key responsibilities and functions of the Board:

- to develop, review and monitor VDM's long-term business strategies and provide strategic direction to senior executives
- to ensure policies and procedures are in place to safeguard VDM's assets and business and to enable VDM to act ethically and prudently
- to develop and promote a system of corporate governance which ensures VDM is properly managed and controlled
- to identify VDM's principal risks and ensure that it has in place appropriate systems of risk
 management, internal control, reporting and compliance and that management is taking
 appropriate action to minimise those risks
- to review and approve VDM's financial statements
- to monitor management's performance and VDM's consolidated financial results on a regular basis
- to appoint, appraise and determine the remuneration and benefits of the chief executive officer (CEO)
- to delegate powers to the CEO as necessary to enable the day-to-day business of VDM to be carried on, and to regularly review those delegations
- to ensure that VDM has in place appropriate systems to comply with relevant legal and regulatory requirements that impact on its operations
- to determine the appropriate capital management for VDM including share and loan capital and dividend payments
- to determine and regularly review an appropriate remuneration policy for employees of VDM

The Board has developed and reviews a formal instrument of delegation to the CEO. The instrument contains all necessary powers to enable the CEO to conduct business of VDM on a day-to-day basis. The Board requires the CEO to report at least every 12 months on the exercise of certain delegated

powers, in particular sub-delegated authorities, to other senior executives, which did occur during the financial year.

The responsibility for the operation and administration of the consolidated entity, in accordance with the direction of the Board, is delegated by the Board to the CEO and the executive team. The Board ensures that this team is appropriately qualified and experienced to carry out their responsibilities and has in place procedures to assess the performance of the CEO and the executive team. In delegating this power, the Board must also be satisfied that the CEO and senior executives will exercise their powers reliably and competently, and in accordance with the requirements of the Board.

The matters and functions delegated by the Board to senior executives include:

- formulating with the Board, the vision, strategies, business plans and budgets of the Company and, to the extent approved by the Board, implementing these strategies, business plans and budgets;
- operating the Company's business within the parameters and having regard to the policies set by the Board from time to time, and keeping the Board informed of material developments in relation to that business;
- identifying material business risks, formulating strategies in conjunction with the Board or the Audit and Risk Management Committee to manage the risks, and monitoring effectiveness of the risk management process and reporting to the Board and Audit and Risk Management Committee;
- implementing and monitoring compliance with the policies, processes and codes of conduct approved by the Board; and
- providing strong leadership to, and effective management of, the Company.

A full copy of the Board Charter can be found at http://www.vdmgroup.com.au/Board Charter

As an ongoing effort to execute its responsibilities in a practical manner, the Board has established the following committees to streamline the discharge of its responsibilities:

Audit and Risk Committee

Due to the decreased size of the company, VDM ceased to have a separate Nominations and Remuneration Committee during the 2015 financial year and the full Board performs the functions that were previously held by that committee.

Appointment of directors is made by the full Board. Group guidelines for the appointment of Directors can be found in the Group's website here: http://www.vdmgroup.com.au/Guidelines for Appointment and Selection of Directors

The responsibility for the appropriate pre appointment checks is the responsibility of the Board and the relevant disclosures made to the shareholders in line with the Groups shareholder communications policy which can be found on the Group's website here: http://www.vdmgroup.com.au/Communications Policy

Each new non-executive director is required to sign and return a letter of appointment which sets out the key terms of the director's appointment. The content of the letters of appointment for new non-executive directors is consistent with the ASX principles.

VDM has formal employment contracts with the CEO and chief financial officer / company secretary which describe, amongst other things, their term of office, duties and accountabilities to the board, rights, and entitlements on termination.

The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board. All Directors have unfettered access to the Company Secretary. In addition, Directors are entitled, in furtherance of their duties, to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

Performance Evaluation

Each year the Board undertakes, for the previous financial year, a self-assessment of its collective performance and the assistance provided to it by its various Board committees. A self-assessment evaluation of the board performance took place in the reporting period.

Senior executives and executive directors are assessed against previously agreed key performance indicators by the CEO and the findings communicated to the independent directors. The performance of the CEO is reviewed by the Board.

Evaluation of senior executives and the CEO took place in accordance with above guidelines in the reporting period.

Diversity

The Board recognises the value contributed to the organisation by employing people with varying skills, cultural backgrounds, ethnicity and experience. VDM believes its diverse workforce is the key to its continued growth, improved productivity and performance and as such has adopted a diversity policy that can be found on the group's website here: http://www.vdmgroup.com.au/Diversity Policy

The Company actively values and embraces the diversity of our employees and are committed to creating an inclusive workplace where everyone is treated equally and fairly, and where discrimination, harassment and inequity are not tolerated. VDM is committed to fostering diversity at all levels.

Due to the reduced size of the organisation, implementation of specific measurable objectives has been suspended. Whilst the Board of the Company strongly endorses the concept of gender diversity, until the Company's human resource base has grown to a level where fully implementing specific measurable objectives will become more meaningful, the Company will, in accordance with its Diversity Policy, continue to recruit the best person for each role, regardless of gender, ethnicity, age, relationship status or any other irrelevant factor not applicable to the position.

The proportion of women at the end of the financial year:

employees at VDM: 33% (2015: 38%)

• in senior executive positions: 25% (2015: 28%)

• on the Board: 0% (2015: 0%)

For purpose of Diversity reporting, the Company defines "senior executives" as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, during the financial year.

Board Structure

Due to the reduced size of the organisation, the responsibilities and functions of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are performed by the full board, which includes matters relating to the appointment and remuneration of directors, the CEO and other senior executives and employees of VDM.

The responsibilities of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee carried out by the board include:

- review the size and composition of the Board
- review the range of skills available on the Board and appropriate balance of skills for future Board membership
- review and consider succession planning for the CEO, the chairperson and other directors and key executives
- develop criteria and procedures for the identification of candidates for appointment as directors, with the criteria including a consideration of the candidate's:
- skills, experience, expertise and personal qualities
- capability to devote the necessary time and commitment to the role
- potential conflicts of interest and independence
- apply the criteria and procedures to identify prospective candidates for appointment as a director
- decide whether any directors who should not continue in office, having regard to the results
 of a formal performance appraisal of directors and/or consideration of the appropriate
 composition of the Board
- nominate external experts (where appropriate) to advise on the matters listed above
- review the time required from a non-executive director and whether directors are meeting this requirement
- evaluate management's recommendations on the appointment of key executives
- develop a plan for identifying, assessing and enhancing director competencies
- ensure that there is an appropriate induction program for new directors and reviewing its effectiveness.

A full copy of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter can be found at: http://www.vdmgroup.com.au/Nominations and Remuneration

Assessment of Directors Independence

The Board is comprised of both executive and non-executive directors with a majority of non-executive directors. Non-executive directors bring a fresh perspective to the Board's consideration of strategic, risk and performance matters and are best placed to exercise independent judgment and review and constructively challenge the performance of management.

The Board Charter states that an independent director:

- is not a substantial shareholder of the Company or an officer of, or otherwise associated directly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company
- within the last three years has not been employed in an executive capacity by VDM, or been a director after ceasing to hold any such employment
- within the last three years has not been a principal of a material professional advisor or a material consultant to VDM or an employee materially associated with the service provided
- is not a material supplier or customer of VDM or an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a material supplier or customer, has no material contractual relationship with VDM other than as a director of the Company
- has not served on the Board for a period, which could or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company
- is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the directors' ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

The independent directors of the Company are:

• Mr M Fry (Chairperson of the Audit and Risk Committee) – Appointed to the Board 3 June 2011

The directors who are not independent are:

- Mr H Luk (Non-executive Board Chairman) Appointed to the Board 21 March 2014
- Dr D Hua (Executive Director of Mining) Appointed to the Board 28 August 2013

The following table summarises the skills, attributes and experience of the directors serving on the Board at 30 June 2016.

Board Experience, Skills and Attributes Matrix

Experience, skills and attributes		Audit & Risk			
	Board	Committee			
Experience					
Corporate leadership	3	3			
Construction industry experience	1	1			
Equipment sales and service experience	2	2			
Mining industry experience	3	3			
International trading experience	1	1			
Other board experience	3	3			
Knowledge and skills					
Strategy	3	3			
Governance	3	3			
Risk and compliance	3	3			
Tertiary qualifications					
Economics, law, commerce and/or business	1	1			
Accounting	1	1			
Engineering	1	1			

Due to the small size of the organisation, VDM does not have formal induction or professional development programmes for directors.

The number of meetings of directors (including meetings of committees of directors) held during the 2016 financial year, and the number of meetings attended by each director serving on the board at 30 June 2016, were as follows:

	Board of Directors' meetings	Audit & Risk Committee meetings
Number of meetings held:	6	2
Number of meetings attended:		
Mr Luk	6	2
Dr Hua	6	2
Mr Fry	6	2

Ethics

VDM has a Code of Conduct ("Code") which is endorsed by the Board and applies to all directors and employees. The Code is regularly reviewed and updated as necessary to ensure it reflects the highest standards of behaviour and professionalism and the practices necessary to maintain confidence in VDM's integrity.

The objective of the Code is to:

- provide a benchmark for professional behaviour throughout the Group
- support VDM's business reputation and corporate image within the community
- make employees aware of the consequences if they breach the Code.

In summary, the Code requires that at all times VDM personnel act with the utmost integrity, objectivity and in compliance with the letter and the spirit of the law and VDM's policies.

The Code contains statements of commitments to employees, clients, shareholders, governments and communities. In addition, the Code deals with compliance with and respect for the law, fair dealing, equal opportunity and anti-discrimination, occupational health and safety, disclosure of VDM's information and securities dealing, conflicts of interest, gifts, prizes and entertainment, improper use or theft of property or assets.

The Code of Conduct is available on the Group's website here: http://www.vdmgroup.com.au/Code of Conduct

Integrity in Corporate Reporting

The Audit and Risk Committee's primary responsibilities are to assist the Board in:

- fulfilling its overview of the audit process
- overviewing financial reporting

- fulfilling its overview of the systems of internal control which the Board and management have established
- its processes of risk management and in monitoring compliance with corporate policies, the code of conduct and corporate governance and risk management policies generally.

The charter of the Audit and Risk Committee provides for at least three directors to comprise the committee, but recognises that this may not be practicable at all times given its size and composition. The chairperson of the committee is appointed by the Board. The committee chairperson is an independent non-executive director. The chief financial officer and any other individual may attend meetings at the invitation of the chairperson of the committee, but are not members of the committee.

The current Audit and Risk Committee comprises:

- Mr M Fry, Chairperson (Non-executive Director, independent)
- Dr D Hua (Executive Director of Mining)
- Mr H Luk (Non-executive Board Chairman)

Due to size of the board and the qualifications of the directors, the committee does not have a majority of independent directors nor are all non-executives. The qualifications and experience of the committee members are disclosed in VDM's 2016 Annual Report and summarised above in the Board Experience, Skills and Attributes Matrix.

The charter of the Audit and Risk Committee sets out the committee's purpose, membership role, responsibilities and functions relating to financial reporting, auditors and risk, as well as committee administrative procedures.

Under section 295A of the Corporations Act, the CEO and the Chief Financial Officer are each required to provide a written statement to the Board that the Company's annual financial report presents a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the Company's financial condition and operational results and that it is in accordance with the relevant accounting standards. Recommendation 4.2 extends this requirement such that it applies to financial statements for any financial period and that the CEO and the Chief Financial Officer function must also confirm that this statement is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance which implements the policies adopted by the board and that the Company's risk management and internal compliance and control system is operating effectively in all material respects. The Board confirms that it has received written statements to this effect from the CEO and the Chief Financial Officer for the 30 June 2016 annual financial report.

The charter of the Audit and Risk Committee is available on VDM's website here: http://www.vdmgroup.com.au/Audit and Risk Committee Charter

Disclosure

The Group has a market disclosure policy which can be found on the Group's website here: http://www.vdmgroup.com.au/Market Disclosure Policy

The purpose of the Market Disclosure Policy is to establish procedures for:

- identifying material price-sensitive information
- reporting such information to the reporting officer for review
- ensuring the Company achieves best practice in complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules

• ensuring VDM, the Board, and key senior management do not contravene the Corporations Act or ASX Listing Rules.

The rules set out in the policy are designed to ensure that announcements made by the Company are:

- made in a timely manner
- factual
- do not omit material information
- are expressed in concise and clear language that allows shareholders and the market to assess the impact of the information when making investment decisions.

This policy applies to directors, executive officers and members of senior management who are most likely to be in possession of, or become aware of, the relevant information. All staff have been made aware of the existence of the policy so that they can assist with reporting of potentially sensitive information to the appropriate persons within VDM.

Shareholder Engagement

VDM is committed to ensuring that shareholders are kept fully and regularly informed of information and major developments concerning the Company. To achieve this, the Group has a developed and implemented a Shareholder communications policy designed to provide an effective framework to manage two way communication with its shareholders. A copy of the Policy can be found on the Group's website here: http://www.vdmgroup.com.au/Communications Policy

The external auditors attend, and are available to answer queries on the preparation and content of the independent Audit Report, the accounting policies adopted by the Company in relation to the preparation of accounts and the independence of the Auditor in relation to the conduct of the audit at the Company's annual general meetings.

The Communications Policy is based on compliance with VDM's disclosure obligations and aims at all times to achieve best practice. The Communications Policy commits VDM to facilitating shareholder participation in the member meetings and to dealing promptly with shareholder enquiries. VDM believes that communicating with shareholders by electronic means is an efficient way of distributing information in a timely and convenient manner and encourages its shareholders to adopt this approach.

A significant deployment of this policy is the Group's website, where the Group provides shareholders with both information required at a statutory compliance level including its corporate governance, as well as news updates and general company information.

The Group's website address is www.vdmgroup.com.au, and shareholders can communicate electronically with the company by emailing: enquiries@vdmgroup.com.au or via the following section of the VDM website: http://www.vdmgroup.com.au/contact.html

Risk Management

Risk management is regarded as an integral part of the Company's strategic planning, business planning and project execution processes. The focus of risk management is the identification and treatment of risks with the objective to add maximum sustainable value to the activities of the organisation.

The Board of VDM group is ultimately responsible for VDM's risk management and internal control framework however to streamline the process the Board has delegated some of its responsibilities to the Audit and Risk Committee

The current Audit and Risk Committee comprises:

- Mr M Fry, Chairperson (Non-executive Director, independent)
- Dr D Hua (Executive Director of Mining)
- Mr H Luk (Non-executive Director)

Due to size of the board and the qualifications of the directors, the committee does not have a majority of independent directors. The qualifications and experience if the committee members are included in VDM's 2016 Annual Report.

To assist in the direction of the committee and ensure the development of organisational capabilities in risk management for internal control purposes, the Board of VDM has adopted a Risk Management Policy. A copy of the Policy is available on the Group's website here: http://www.vdmgroup.com.au/Risk Management Policy

The Board requires management to design and implement the risk management and internal control system to manage VDM's material business risks and report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively.

The Risk Management Policy sets out the following rules and responsibilities:

- the Board shall regularly review the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control framework
- the Board will review and discuss strategic risks and opportunities arising from changes in VDM's business environment regularly and on an as-needs basis
- the responsibility for undertaking and assessing risk management and internal control
 effectiveness is delegated to management. Management is required to report back to the
 Board through the Audit and Risk Committee on the efficiency and effectiveness of risk
 management.

The Board undertook a review of the Group's risk management framework during the 2016 financial year and satisfied itself that it continues to be sound. In addition, regularly scheduled board meetings are held approximately every 2-months and the meeting agendas and board reporting framework have been designed to provide information necessary for the board to effectively monitor both opportunities and threats and be informed of key individual risk matters. Management is required to report to the board on those risks which could have a material impact on the Company's business.

VDM has material exposure to economic risks including exchange rates, and the economic growth of certain sectors of the Australia economy because of their effect on the Group's target markets and customers. VDM manages these risks through implementation of business strategies aimed at improving the competitive advantages of the Group's products and services. The Board has formed a view that the Company does not currently have any material exposure to environmental and social sustainability risks.

Due to the size of the Company and its current level of activity and operations, the Company does not have a formal internal audit function. Periodically, internal reviews of the Company's financial systems, documents and processes are undertaken and any recommendation for improvement are reported to the Board as part of the Company's risk management processes.

Remuneration

Nomination and Remuneration committee

Due to the reduced size of the organisation, the responsibilities and functions of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are performed by the full board, which includes matters relating to the appointment and remuneration of directors, the CEO and other senior executives and employees of VDM.

The responsibilities of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee carried out by the board include:

- determine remuneration policies and remuneration of directors
- determine remuneration and incentive policies and packages of key executives
- determine VDM's recruitment, retention and termination policies and procedures for senior management
- determine and review incentive plans and require that equity-based incentive plans involving the issue of new securities to executives, other than directors, be approved by shareholders where required, prior to implementation
- ensure that equity-based incentive plans prohibit hedging of unvested options or performance rights
- determine and review superannuation arrangements of VDM
- determine and review professional indemnity and liability insurance for directors and senior management.

Each member of the executive team signs a formal employment contract at the time of their appointment covering a range of matters including duties, rights, responsibilities and entitlements on termination. The current remuneration of the directors and selected senior executives is published in the 2016 Annual Report, Directors' Report. The Directors' Report also describes the Company's remuneration principles and policies.

The non-executive directors of the Company are entitled to a fee that is determined by the Nominations and Remuneration Committee. The fee may include superannuation contributions. Additional fees are periodically payable for participation on Board committees. Non-executive directors do not participate in equity plans of the Company and do not receive retirement benefits other than statutory entitlements.

The Nominations and Remuneration Committee Charter sets out the committee's purpose, membership (including procedures for attendance by non-members), role, and administrative procedures. The Nominations and Remuneration Committee Charter is available on the Company's website here:

http://www.vdmgroup.com.au/Nominations and Remuneration Charter

Although VDM does not have an equity-based remuneration scheme, during the 2016 reporting period the Board approved a once-off grant of options for the CEO and the Executive Director of Mining as part of their remuneration packages. Details and purpose of their options are disclosed in the 2016 Annual Report, Remuneration Report.

The following table provides a checklist summarising the Groups compliance with the CGPR.

Corpo	orate Go	overnance Council recommendation	Comply Yes/No/Partly	Reference Page
1.1	A list	ed entity should disclose:		
	(a)	the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and	Yes	2,3,&4
	(b)	those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Yes	
1.2	A list	ed entity should:		
	(a)	undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and	Yes	3
	(b)	provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	Yes	3
1.3		ed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior utive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes	3
1.4		company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the d, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the d.	Yes	4
1.5	A list	ed entity should:		
	(a)	have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;	Yes	4
	(b)	disclose that policy or a summary of it; and	Yes	4
	(c)	disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either:	No	4
		(1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or	Yes	4
		(2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.	Not applicable	
1.6	A list	ed entity should:		
	(a)	have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and	Yes '	4
	(b)	disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Yes	4
1.7	A list	ed entity should:		
	(a)	have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and	Yes	4
	(b)	disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Yes	4
2.1	The I	poard of a listed entity should:		
	(a)	have a nomination committee which:	No	4&5
		 has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 	Not applicable	
		(2) is chaired by an independent director,	Not applicable	
		and disclose:		
		(3) the charter of the committee;	Yes	5
		(4) the members of the committee; and	Not applicable	
		(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or	Not applicable	

Corpo	orate Go	overnance Council recommendation	Comply Yes/No/Partly	Reference Page
	(b)	if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	Yes	4&5
2.2	skills	ted entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of s and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its obership.	Yes	6
2.3	A list	ted entity should disclose:		
	(a)	the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;	Yes	6
	(b)	if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and	Not applicable	
	(c)	the length of service of each director.	Yes	6
2.4	A ma	ajority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	No	6
2.5		chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in cular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	No	6
2.6	appr main	ted entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide opriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and stain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors citively.	No	6
3.1	A list	ted entity should:		
	(a)	have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and	Yes	7
	(b)	disclose that code or a summary of it.	Yes	7
4.1	The	board of a listed entity should:		
	(a)	have an audit committee which:	Yes	7&8
		 has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and 	No	8
		(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:	Yes	8
		(3) the charter of the committee;	Yes	8
		 the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and 	Yes	8
		(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or	Yes	7
	(b)	if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	Not applicable	
4.2	state in the and and and	board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial ements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, eir opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk agement and internal control which is operating effectively.	Yes	8
4.3		ted entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its I and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the t.	Yes	9

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Comply Yes/No/Partly	Reference Page
5.1	A listed entity should:		
•	(a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and	Yes	9
	(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Yes	9
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Yes	9
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes	9
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	Yes	9
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes	9
7.1	The board of a listed entity should:		
	(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:	Yes	9&10
	(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and	No	10
	(2) is chaired by an independent director,	Yes	10
	and disclose:		
	(3) the charter of the committee;	Yes	10
	(4) the members of the committee; and	Yes	10
	(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or	Yes	7
	(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	Not applicable	
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should:		
	(a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and	Yes	10
	(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	Yes	10
7.3	A listed entity should disclose:		
	(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or	Not applicable	
	(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	Yes	10
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Yes	10
8.1	The board of a listed entity should:		
	(a) have a remuneration committee which:	No	11
	(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and	Not applicable	11
	(2) is chaired by an independent director,	Not applicable	11
	and disclose:		
	(3) the charter of the committee;	Yes	11
	(4) the members of the committee; and	Not applicable	11
	(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or	Not applicable	11

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Comply Yes/No/Partly	Reference Page
	(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	Yes	11
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Yes	11
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Not applicable	11

End