

Results for announcement to the market

Financial Results	% movement	31 December 2016 \$'000	31 December 2015 \$'000
Revenue from ordinary activities	-30%	457	655
Profit from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	-10%	1,060	1,183
Net profit for the period attributable to members	-10%	1,060	1,183

Dividends	Amount per Ordinary Security	Franked amount per Security
2017 interim dividend*	\$0.005	\$0.0025
2016 interim dividend	\$0.015	\$0.015

Record date for determining entitlements to the 2017 interim	30 January 2017
dividend	

Net Tangible Asset Backing	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
Net tangible asset backing per ordinary security	\$0.86	\$0.90

Other explanatory notes

* $\bf Dividend$ – the company declared a 0.5 cent (\$0.005) 50% franked dividend on 23 January 2017 for the quarterly period ended 31 December 2016

The information required by listing rule 4.2A is contained in both this Appendix 4D and the attached half-year report. This half-yearly reporting information should be read in conjunction with the most recent annual financial report of the company.

Katana Capital Limited ABN 56 116 054 301

Financial statements For the half-year ended 31 December 2016

Katana Capital Limited ABN 56 116 054 301

Financial statements For the half-year ended 31 December 2016

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Directors' report

Your directors present their report with respect to results of Katana Capital Limited (the "Company" or "Katana Capital") and its controlled entities (the "Group") for the half-year ended 31 December 2016 and the state of affairs for the Company at that date.

DIRECTORS

The following persons were directors of Katana Capital Limited during the whole of the half-year and up to the date of this report:

Dalton Leslie Gooding Peter Wallace Giuliano Sala Tenna

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

The profit before tax for the half-year was \$1,438,889 (2015: \$1,475,181) and profit after tax for the half-year was \$1,060,118 (2015: \$1,183,400).

EARNINGS PER SHARE

The basic and diluted earnings per share is 2.38 cents (2015: 2.65 cents).

DIVIDENDS

During the half-year the Company announced dividends payable for the June 2016 quarter of 1.5 cents per ordinary share (2015: 1.5 cents per ordinary share) and for the September 2016 quarter 0.5 cents per ordinary share (2015: 1.5 cents per ordinary share). The total dividends paid to shareholders were \$893,387 (2015: \$1,347,028). These dividends were declared and announced to the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX). The following is the summary of the announcement made and the total dividend paid:

Half year ended 31 December 2016:

Date of ASX announcement	Date of Payment	Dividend Declared	Dividend Amount
9 August 2016	9 September 2016	1.5 cents	\$670,105
18 October 2016	18 November 2016	0.5 cents	\$223,282
		_	\$893,387

Half year ended 31 December 2015:

Date of ASX announcement	Date of Payment	Dividend Declared	Dividend Amount
3 August 2015	3 September 2015	1.5 cents	\$676,546
27 October 2015	2 December 2015	1.5 cents	\$670,482
			\$1,347,028

The Company also announced a dividend payable for the December 2016 quarter of 0.5 cents per ordinary share (2015: 1.5 cents per ordinary share). The dividend was declared and announced to the ASX on 23 January 2017 and will be paid out on 23 February 2017.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity that occurred during the half-year under review.

Directors' report (continued)

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

In the opinion of the directors, it is unlikely that there will be any significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity for the half-year ahead. The company remains committed to a quarterly dividend policy subject to the generation of profits

AUDITOR INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The Directors have obtained an independence declaration from the Company's auditors Ernst & Young as presented on page 16 of this half-year report.

Signed for and on behalf of the Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Board.

Dalton Gooding Chairman

27 February 2017

		Consolidated Half-year ended		
		31 December 2016	31 December 2015	
	Notes	\$	\$	
Revenue Dividend income Distribution income Investment income	3	356,330 36,234 1,638,834	596,397 37,824 1,806,938	
Interest income Total revenue		64,375 2,095,773	20,622 2,461,781	
Expenses Fund manager's fees		(195,170)	(199,050)	
Performance fee to manager		19,130	(354,267)	
Legal and professional		(46,370)	(67,663)	
Directors' fees and other expenses		(123,987)	(73,973)	
Administration		(310,487)	(291,647)	
Total expenses		(656,884)	(986,600)	
Profit before income tax		1,438,889	1,475,181	
Income tax expense		(378,771)	(291,781)	
Profit after income tax		1,060,118	1,183,400	
Net profit for the half-year attributable to members of Katana Cap Limited	oital	1,060,118	1,183,400	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the half-year attributable to the members of Katana Capital Limited		1,060,118	1,183,400	
Earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of company:	the	Cents	Cents	
Basic and diluted earnings per share		2.38	2.65	

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

		Consolidated At		
		31 December 2016	30 June 2016	
ASSETS	Notes	\$	\$	
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Investments - held for trading Income tax receivable Other assets Total current assets	4 5 6	7,465,326 1,364,743 28,634,683 55,732 15,856 37,536,340	12,197,366 791,760 25,681,307 33,892 7,738 38,712,063	
Non-current assets Deferred tax assets Total assets		1,139,704 38,676,044	1,424,732 40,136,795	
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Dividends payable	7	272,463 3,317	1,852,834	
Total current liabilities		275,780	1,856,151	
Total liabilities		275,780	1,856,151	
Net assets		38,400,264	38,280,644	
EQUITY Issued capital Option premium reserve Profit reserve Accumulated losses Total equity	8 9(a) 9(b) 9(c)	44,457,619 101,100 1,569,292 (7,727,747) 38,400,264	44,504,730 101,100 920,226 (7,245,412) 38,280,644	

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated	Notes	Issued capital \$	Option premium reserve	Profit reserve \$	Accumulated losses	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2015 Profit for the half-year Other comprehensive income		44,917,756 - 	101,100 - -	821,538 - -	(5,058,477) 1,183,400	40,781,917 1,183,400
Total comprehensive income for the half- year		-	-	-	1,183,400	1,183,400
Buy-back of shares Dividend reinvestment plan Adjustment on transaction cost from prior	8 8	(1,029,943) 524,250	-	- -	-	(1,029,943) 524,250
year Transfer from retained earnings to profit	8	70,080	-	-	-	70,080
reserve Dividends provided for or paid	8		<u>-</u>	618,859 (1,347,028)	(618,859)	- (1,347,028)
Balance at 31 December 2015		44,482,143	101,100	93,369	(4,493,936)	40,182,676
Balance at 1 July 2016 Profit for the half-year Other comprehensive income		44,504,730 - -	101,100 - -	920,226 - -	(7,245,412) 1,060,118	38,280,644 1,060,118
Total comprehensive income for the half- year		-	-	-	1,060,118	1,060,118
Buy-back of shares Dividend reinvestment plan Transfer from retained earnings to profit	8 8	(387,213) 340,102	-	- -	-	(387,213) 340,102
reserve	8	-	-	1,542,453	(1,542,453)	
Dividends provided for or paid Balance at 31 December 2016		44,457,619	101,100	(893,387) 1,569,292	(7,727,747)	(893,387) 38,400,264

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

		Consolidated Half-year ended		
		31 December 2016	31 December 2015	
	Notes	\$	\$	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Proceeds on sale of financial assets		38,958,880	44,421,545	
Payments for purchases of financial assets		(42,171,153)	(37,666,804)	
Payments to suppliers and employees		(958,215)	(660,332)	
Interest received		64,374	20,604	
Dividends/distributions received		429,768	688,528	
Other revenue		388	4,485	
Tax paid		(115,584)	(264,276)	
Net inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		(3,791,542)	6,543,750	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Dividends paid		(553,285)	(822,778)	
Payments for shares bought back		(387,213)	(1,029,943)	
Net inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		(940,498)	(1,852,721)	
net innow/(outnow) from maneing activities		(340,430)	(1,002,721)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(4,732,040)	4,691,029	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the half-year		12,197,366	3,204,027	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the half-year	4	7,465,326	7,895,056	
-			<u> </u>	

The above consolidated statement of cash flow should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

1 Corporate information

The financial report of Katana Capital Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group" or the "Consolidated Entity") for the half-year ended 31 December 2016 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Katana Capital Limited on 27 February 2017.

Katana Capital Limited was incorporated on 19 September 2005. In July 2006 it incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary - Kapital Investments (WA) Pty Ltd.

Katana Capital Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia and whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Stock Exchange.

The nature of the operations and principle activities are described in the Directors' report. The Company and its subsidiary are for-profit entities.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The general purpose condensed financial report for the half-year ended 31 December 2016 has been prepared in accordance with AASB 134 *Interim Financial reporting* and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The half-year financial report does not include all notes of the type normally within the annual financial report and therefore cannot be expected to provide as full an understanding of the financial performance, financial position and financing and investing activities of the consolidated entity as the full financial report.

It is recommended that the half-year financial report be read in conjunction with the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2016 and considered together with any public announcements made by Katana Capital Limited during the half-year ended 31 December 2016 in accordance with the continuous disclosure obligations of the ASX listing rules.

(b) Changes in accounting policy

The accounting policies and methods of computation are consistent with those of the most recent annual financial report, except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations as of 1 July 2016, noted below.

Reference	Title and Summary
AASB 2015-3	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Withdrawal of AASB 1031 Materiality
	The Standard completes the AASB's project to remove Australian guidance on materiality from Australian Accounting Standards.
AASB 1057	Application of Australian Accounting Standards
	This Standard lists the application paragraphs for each other Standard (and Interpretation), grouped where they are the same. Accordingly, paragraphs 5 and 22 respectively specify the application paragraphs for Standards and Interpretations in general. Differing application paragraphs are set out for individual Standards and Interpretations or grouped where possible.
	The application paragraphs do not affect requirements in other Standards that specify that certain paragraphs apply only to certain types of entities.

AASB 2015-1	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements to Australian Accounting Standards 2012– 2014 Cycle
	AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures:
	 Servicing contracts - clarifies how an entity should apply the guidance in paragraph 42C of AASB 7 to a servicing contract to decide whether a servicing contract is 'continuing involvement' for the purposes of applying the disclosure requirements in paragraphs 42E–42H of AASB 7. Applicability of the amendments to AASB 7 to condensed interim financial statements - clarify that the additional disclosure required by the amendments to AASB 7 <i>Disclosure—Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities</i> is not specifically required for all interim periods. However, the additional disclosure is required to be given in condensed interim financial statements that are prepared in accordance with AASB 134 <i>Interim Financial Reporting</i> when its inclusion would be required by the requirements of AASB 134. AASB 134 <i>Interim Financial Reporting</i>: Disclosure of information 'elsewhere in the interim financial report' - amends AASB 134 to clarify the meaning of disclosure of information 'elsewhere in the interim financial report' and to require the inclusion of a cross-reference from the interim financial statements to the location of this information.
AASB 2015-2	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101 The Standard makes amendments to AASB 101 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i> arising from the IASB's Disclosure Initiative project. The amendments are designed to further encourage companies to apply professional judgment in determining what information to disclose in the financial statements. For example, the amendments make clear that materiality applies to the whole of financial statements and that the inclusion of immaterial information can inhibit the usefulness of financial disclosures. The amendments also clarify that companies should use professional judgment in determining where and in what order information is presented in the financial disclosures.
AASB 2015-5	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception This makes amendments to AASB 10, AASB 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and AASB 128 arising from the IASB's narrow scope amendments associated with Investment Entities.

The adoption of new standards and interpretations has not resulted in a material change to the financial performance or position of the Group.

The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

3 Investment income

	Consolidated Half-year ended		
	31 December 31 Decem 2016 2015		
	\$	\$	
Realised gains/(losses) on investments held for trading Unrealised gains on investments held for trading Other revenue	119,583 1,518,863 388	(947,218) 2,749,671 4,485	
	1,638,834	1,806,938	

4 Current assets - Cash and cash equivalents

	Consolie At	dated
	31 December 2016	30 June 2016
	\$	\$
Cash at bank	7,465,326 7,465,326	12,197,366 12,197,366

5 Current assets - Trade and other receivables

	Consolidated At		
	31 December 2016	30 June 2016	
	\$	\$	
Unsettled trades - listed equities Interest receivable Dividend receivable Distribution receivable	1,329,820 24 20,000 14,899	717,853 23 73,884	
	1,364,743	791,760	

There are no receivables past due or impaired.

Due to the short-term nature of these receivables, their carrying values are assumed to approximate their fair value.

6 Current assets - Investments held for trading

	Consolidated At		
	31 December 2016 \$	30 June 2016 \$	
Equity securities Australian listed trusts Australian unlisted trusts	26,480,165 2,154,518 - - 28,634,683	23,292,498 1,829,186 559,623 25,681,307	

Held for trading investments consist primarily of investments in ordinary shares and therefore have no fixed maturity date or coupon rate.

7 Current liabilities - Trade and other payables

	Consolidated At		
	31 December 2016	30 June 2016	
	\$	\$	
Unsettled trades - listed equities Management fee - Katana Asset Management Ltd Trade creditors	89,071 119,483 18,000	1,376,883 120,945 39,500	
Performance fee payable	-	280,574	
Custody fees payable	35,191	34,808	
Other payables	10,718 272,463	124 1,852,834	

Due to the short-term nature of these payables, their carrying values are assumed to approximate their fair value.

8 Issued capital

•	Consolid At	Consolidated At		dated
	31 December 2016	30 June 2016	31 December 2016	30 June 2016
	Shares	Shares	\$	\$
Ordinary shares fully paid	44,618,582	44,683,578	44,457,619	44,504,730

(a) Movements in ordinary share capital:

		Number of	
Date	Details	shares	\$
1 July 2015	Opening balance	45,342,549	44,917,756
	Adjustment on transaction cost from prior year	-	70,080
	Buy-back of shares	(1,320,435)	(1,029,943)
	Dividend reinvestment plan	642,180	524,250
31 December 201	5 Balance	44,664,294	44,482,143
1 July 2016	Opening balance	44,683,578	44,504,730
	Buy-back of shares	(519,270)	(387,213)
	Dividend reinvestment plan	454,274	340,102
31 December 201	6 Balance	44,618,582	44,457,619

Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the right to dividends.

During the period from 1 July to 31 December 2016, 64,996 shares were bought back on market and were subsequently cancelled. The shares were acquired at an average price of \$0.73 with the price ranging from \$0.72 to \$0.76 per share.

8 Issued capital (continued)

(b) Capital management

When managing capital, management's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management also aims to maintain a capital structure that ensures the lowest cost of capital available to the entity. Management is constantly adjusting the capital structure to take advantage of favourable costs of capital or high returns on assets. The Company defines its capital as the total funds under management, being \$37,194,749 at 31 December 2016 (30 June 2016: \$38,670,433), including equities and cash reserves. The Company does not have any additional externally imposed capital requirements however has as a goal the ability to continue to grow assets under management and maintain a sustainable dividend return to shareholders. To assist with meeting its internal guidelines, Katana Asset Management Ltd holds regular Investment Committee meetings to assess the equity portfolio.

9 Reserves and Accumulated losses

	Consoli At	Consolidated At	
() P	31 December 2016 \$	30 June 2016 \$	
(a) Reserves Option premium reserve	101,100	101,100	
	101,100	101,100	

The option premium reserve is used to record the value of share based payments provided to employees, including KMP, as part of their remuneration.

(b) Profit reserve

The profit reserve is made up of amounts allocated from retained earnings that are preserved for future dividend payments. Movement in profit reserve were as follows:

,	Consolidated At		
	31 December 2016 \$	30 June 2016 \$	
Opening balance Transferred from retained earnings (see 9(c)) Dividends paid	920,226 1,542,453 (893,387) 1,569,292	821,538 2,785,336 (2,686,648) 920,226	

(c) Accumulated losses

Movements in accumulated losses were as follows:

movemente in accumulation lesses were ac lenene.	Consolidated At		
	31 December 2016 \$	30 June 2016 \$	
Balance 1 July Net profit after tax attributable to members of the Company Transferred to profit reserves (see 9(b)) Balance 31 December	(7,245,412) 1,060,118 (1,542,453) (7,727,747)	(5,058,477) 598,401 (2,785,336) (7,245,412)	

10 Related party transactions

(a) Directors

The names of persons who were Directors of Katana Capital Limited at any time during the half-year and of this report are as follows: Mr Dalton Gooding, Mr Giuliano Sala Tenna and Mr Peter Wallace.

(b) Related party transactions

Transactions between the Parent Company and related parties noted above during the year are outlined below:

Dalton Gooding is a partner of Gooding Partners Chartered Accounting firm and as part of providing taxation advisory services, Gooding Partners received \$22,143 (2015: \$38,471) for tax services provided.

The performance fee payable of \$280,574 for the year ended 30 June 2016 to the Fund Manager, Katana Asset Management Ltd, was paid during the period. Mr Giuiliano Sala Tenna has a financial interest in Katana Asset Management Ltd.

All related party transactions are made at arm's length on normal commercial terms and conditions.

Outstanding balances at half-year end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash.

11 Financial Risk Management

(a) Fair value measurements

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The Group uses various methods in estimating the fair value of a financial instrument. The methods comprise:

- (a) Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (b) Level 2 valuation technique for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (c) Level 3 valuation technique for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value movement that is not observable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The following table presents the Company's assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 31 December and 30 June 2016.

Group - as at 31 December 2016	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Assets				
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or				
loss:				
- Equity securities	26,480,165	-	-	26,480,165
- Listed Unit Trust	2,154,518	-	-	2,154,518
- Unlisted Unit Trust	<u> </u>	_		
Total assets	28,634,683	<u>-</u> _		28,634,683
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit				
or loss:				
- Options	<u> </u>			
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-

11 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Fair value measurements (continued)

Group - as at 30 June 2016	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Assets				
Financial assets held at fair value through profit and loss				
- Equity securities	23,292,498	-	-	23,292,498
- Listed Unit Trust	1,829,186	-	-	1,829,186
 Unlisted Unit Trust 	<u> </u>	559,623	-	559,623
Total assets	25,121,684	559,623	-	25,681,307
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss: - Options				
Total liabilities		- -		

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available for sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, unlisted investments) is determined using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used to estimate fair value for long-term debt for disclosure purposes. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments. In determining the fair value of the securities the company holds in unlisted investments, the company refers to the Net Tangible Assets of that investment, recent trading in units of the investment and all other market factors associated with the unlisted investment.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are dependent on the change of input variables used to determine fair value, namely changes in market prices of equity securities. The majority of the investments are invested in shares of companies listed on the Australian Stock Exchange which are valued based on market observable information.

There were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 during the year.

12 Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Group is organised into one main operating segment, which invests in equity securities, debt instruments, and related derivatives. All of the Group's activities are interrelated, and each activity is dependent on the others. Accordingly, all significant operating disclosures are based upon analysis of the Group as one segment. The financial results from this segment are equivalent to the financial statements of the Group as a whole.

The Group operates from one geographic location, being Australia, from where its investing activities are managed.

The Group does not derive revenue of more than 10% from any one of its investments held.

13 Events occurring after reporting date

Other than the 50% franked 0.5 cents dividend per share declared on 23 January 2017, the Directors are not aware of any matter or circumstance that has significantly or may significantly affect the operation of the Company or the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

14 Commitments and contingencies

There are no outstanding contingent liabilities or commitments as at 31 December 2016 (30 June 2016: Nil)

Directors' declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Katana Capital Limited, I state that:

- (a) The financial statements and notes of the consolidated entity set out on pages 3 to 14 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including
 - (i) Giving a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 December 2016 and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date of the consolidated entity.
 - (ii) Complying with Accounting Standard AASB134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2011;
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

On behalf of the Board Katana Capital Limited

Dalton Gooding Chairman

27 February 2017 Chairman



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Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of Katana Capital Limited

As lead auditor for the review of Katana Capital Limited for the half-year ended 31 December 2016, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the review; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

This declaration is in respect of Katana Capital Limited and the entities it controlled during the financial period.

Ernst & Young

G H Meyerowitz Partner 27 February 2017



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To the members of Katana Capital Limited

Report on the half-year financial report

We have reviewed the accompanying half-year financial report of Katana Capital Limited, which comprises the condensed statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, the condensed statement of comprehensive income, the condensed statement of changes in equity and condensed statement of cash flows for the half-year ended on that date, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the half-year end or from time to time during the half-year.

Directors' responsibility for the half year financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the half-year financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal controls as the directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the half-year financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the half-year financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the financial report is not in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including: giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2016 and its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001. As the auditor of Katana Capital Limited and the entities it controlled during the half year, ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of a half-year financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We have given to the directors of the company a written Auditor's Independence Declaration, a copy of which is included in the directors' report.



Conclusion

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the half-year financial report of Katana Capital Limited is not in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2016 and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Ernst & Young

G H Meyerowitz Partner Perth

27 February 2017