

Actinogen Medical attending BIO 2017

- Actinogen Medical presenting at BIO International Convention, the world's largest and most prestigious biotechnology convention in San Diego, this month.
- BIO International attracts the global biotech industry to network on new opportunities and partnerships.
- Ideal forum to showcase Actinogen Medical and Xanamem, including the successful initiation of our XanADu Alzheimer's Disease trial and plans to initiate a second Phase II trial of Xanamem in Diabetes Cognitive Impairment.

Sydney 19 June 2017. Actinogen Medical (ASX: ACW) is pleased to announce that the Company's CEO, Dr. Bill Ketelbey, is leading the Actinogen team and presenting at the BIO International Convention in San Diego in June 2017. This follows the successful initiation of XanADu, its Phase II trial of Xanamem in Alzheimer's Disease, and the progress made towards the commencement of a second Phase II trial of Xanamem in Diabetes Cognitive Impairment.

The BIO International Convention, hosted by the Biotechnology Innovation Organisation (BIO), is the largest global convention for the biotechnology industry and attracts the biggest and best organisations in biotech to network on new opportunities and potential partnerships. Participation at BIO offers Actinogen Medical unparalleled networking opportunities to showcase Xanamem and the quality research that supports its development.

The BIO presentation is attached.

ENDS

Actinogen Medical

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About Actinogen Medical

Actinogen Medical (ASX: ACW) is an ASX-listed biotech company focused on innovative approaches to treating cognitive decline that occurs in chronic neurodegenerative and metabolic diseases. Actinogen Medical is developing Xanamem a promising new therapy for Alzheimer's Disease, a condition with a multibillion dollar market potential. In the US alone, the cost of managing Alzheimer's Disease is estimated to be US\$250bn, and is set to increase to US\$2 trillion by 2050, outstripping the treatment costs of all other diseases. Alzheimer's Disease is now the leading cause of death in the UK and second only to ischaemic heart disease in Australia.

About Xanamem™

Xanamem's novel mechanism of action sets it apart from other Alzheimer's treatments. It works by blocking the excess production of cortisol - the stress hormone – through the inhibition of the 11β -HSD1 enzyme in the brain. This enzyme is highly concentrated in the hippocampus and frontal cortex, the areas of the brain most affected by Alzheimer's Disease. There is a strong association between chronic stress and excess cortisol that leads to changes in the brain affecting memory, and to the development of amyloid plaques and neural death – all hallmarks of Alzheimer's Disease.

About XanADu

XanADu is a Phase II double-blind, 12-week, randomised, placebo-controlled study to assess the safety, tolerability and efficacy of Xanamem, in subjects with mild dementia due to Alzheimer's Disease. XanADu, will enrol 174 patients at 20 research sites across Australia, the UK and the USA. The trial is registered on www.clinicaltrials.gov with the identifier: NCT02727699.





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ACTINOGEN MEDICAL

- Headquartered in Sydney, Australia
- Globally focused development and commercial strategy
- Dedicated board and management; expert scientific advisory board
- Targeting Alzheimer's disease (AD) and cognitive impairment in chronic neurodegenerative diseases
- Xanamem™, a first in class, brain penetrant 11βHSD1 inhibitor:
 - ➤ for AD, diabetes cognitive impairment (DCI) and other indications associated with cognitive decline



ASX CODE	A C W
Market Capitalisation	\$49.6m
Enterprise Value	\$44.4m
52-week High/Low	\$0.04-\$0.10
Top 20 Shareholdings	55%



COMMERCIALLY EXPERIENCED, GLOBALLY RECOGNISED

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Dr. Geoff Brooke Chairman





Dr. Bill Ketelbey CEO & MD





Dr. Jason Loveridge
Non-Executive Director



GENABLE





Dr. Anton UvarovNon-Executive Director



XANAMEM™ CLINICAL ADVISORY BOARD



Professor Craig RitchieChair





Professor Colin Masters









Professor Jeffrey Cummings



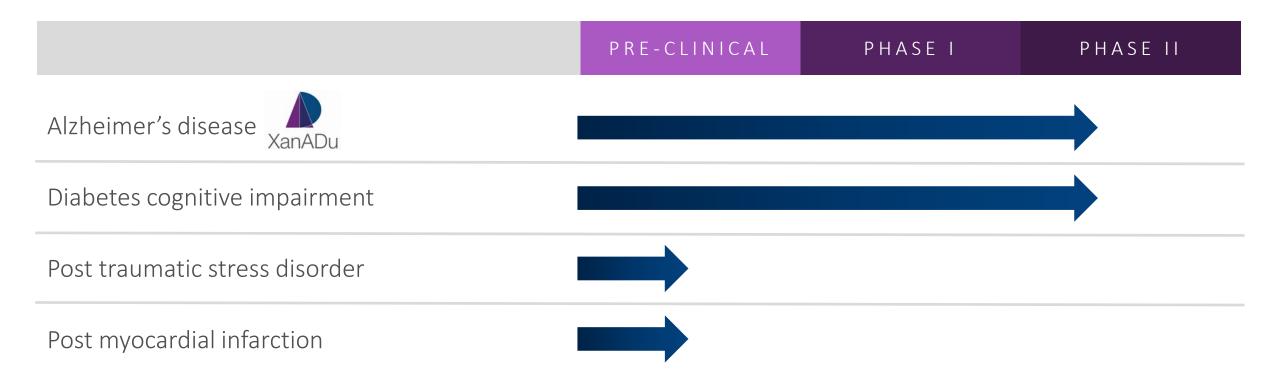


XANAMEMTM

- A novel, first in class, potent, orally bioavailable, brain-penetrant, 11βHSD1 inhibitor
- Differentiated mechanism of action: blocking cortisol production in the brain
- Symptomatic and disease modifying effects *in vivo*
- Well-tolerated: acceptable clinical safety, toxicity and PK/PD profile
- Efficacious human brain concentrations
- Compelling data package: clinical safety, in vitro and in vivo mechanistic and efficacy data
- XanADu phase II clinical study underway, dosing subjects with mild AD dementia in USA, UK, AU
- Phase II study commencing soon in **Diabetes Cognitive Impairment**
- Composition of matter IP coverage ≥ 2031



XANAMEMTM DEVELOPMENT INDICATIONS



CORTISOL: A VALIDATED BIOMARKER AND TARGET FOR AD

Elevated plasma cortisol levels are associated with:

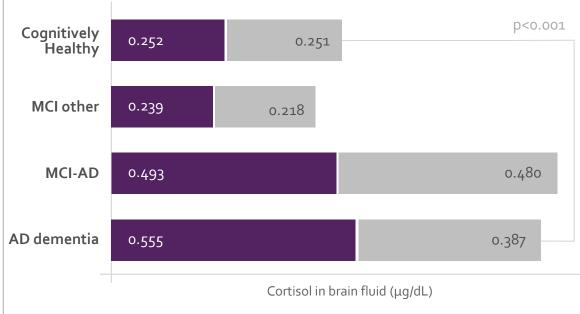
- Greater decline in global cognition
- Accelerated effect of $A\beta$ + on decline in global cognition, episodic memory, and attention

(>1100 healthy elderly subjects prospectively followed for 54 months 1)



- Cognitive impairment in patients with neuroendocrine dysfunction ²⁻⁵
- Accelerated disease progression in AD patients ⁶

Brain cortisol and Alzheimer's disease ⁶

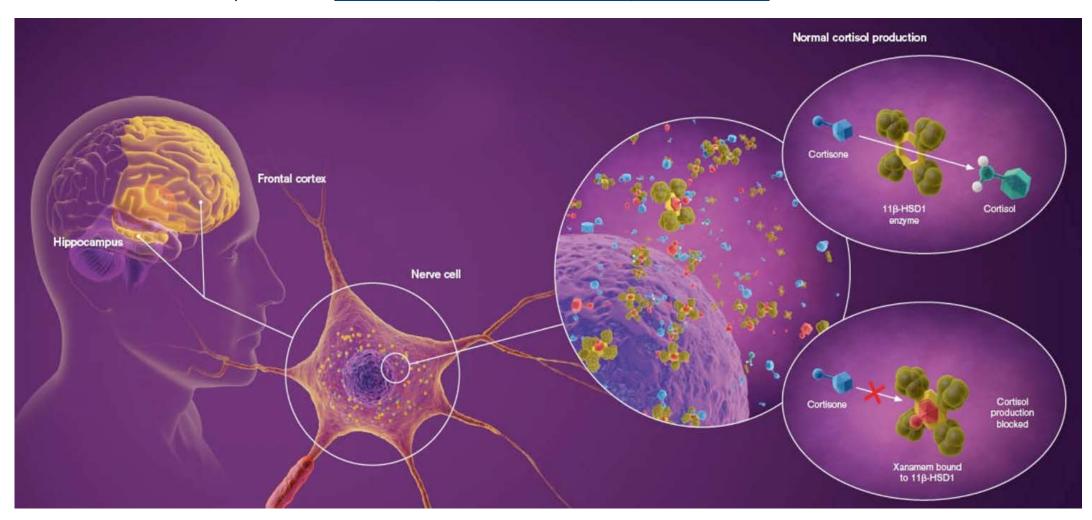


MCI-AD = MCI of Alzheimer's type MCI-Oother = MCI of other type



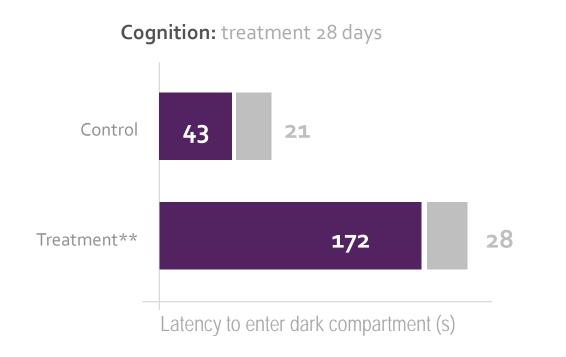
MECHANISM OF ACTION

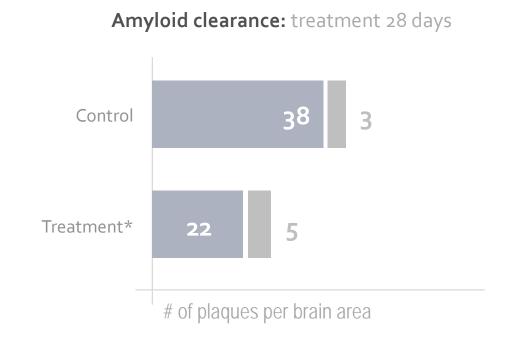
Xanamem[™] binds to 11βHSD1, <u>reducing brain cortisol production</u>



XANAMEM™

Symptomatic <u>and</u> disease modifying effects in mouse models







Significant improvement in cognition after only 28 days treatment, continuing out to 41 weeks

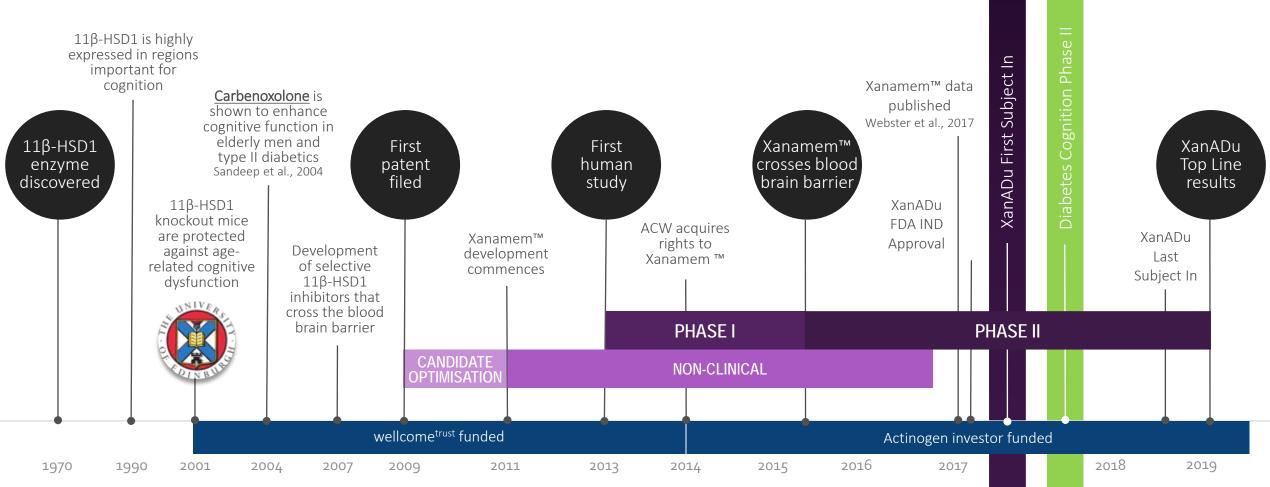






XANAMEM™ JOURNEY OF DISCOVERY







XANAMEM™ COMPLETED CLINICAL STUDIES

(Building on extensive historic 11β HSD1 class safety data from metabolic disease focus)

- A phase I <u>single ascending dose</u> (SAD) study¹
 - Surrogate peripheral pharmacodynamic markers support potent target engagement (48 healthy males and females)
 - Low number of clinically insignificant treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs)
- A phase I <u>multiple ascending dose</u> (MAD) study¹
 - TEAEs mild to moderate in intensity (24 healthy males)
- A phase I single-dose fed-fasted crossover study
 - TEAEs mild to moderate in intensity (12 healthy males)
- A phase I <u>CSF/plasma pharmacokinetic study</u>¹
 - Xanamem <u>readily achieves CSF concentrations higher than its IC₅₀ (4 healthy males)</u>
 - TEAEs mild to moderate in intensity.



XANADU PHASE II TRIAL



Phase II double blind, randomised, placebo-controlled study to assess the efficacy and safety of Xanamem™ in participants with mild Alzheimer's disease*

- First patient in 15th May 2017, recruitment ongoing to plan
- Top line results 2019



Primary and secondary endpoints are standard and experimental cognitive outcome measures used in Alzheimer's research:

ADASCog14, ADCOMs, CDR-SOB, MMSE, RAVLT, NTB-ED



XANAMEM SECONDARY INDICATION – DCI

DIABETES-RELATED MILD COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT

- Several potential secondary indications considered
- DCI selected due to a strategic mix of scientific, clinical, and commercial factors
 - o Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus (T2DM) is a significant risk factor for cognitive impairment and dementia 1-4
 - o T2DM patients are more likely to show abnormalities in hypothalamic—pituitary adrenal (HPA) axis regulation ⁵
 - o Non-selective 11βHSD1 inhibitor carbenoxolone demonstrated cognitive improvements in cognitively normal patients with T2DM ⁶
 - o Large potential patient population, >15M diabetes patients with dementia
 - o Expert clinical development partner (University of Edinburgh, UK)
 - o Planning on track for commencement in 2017







VALUE PROPOSITION

- Strong therapeutic rationale, differentiated mechanism of action
- Complementary to anti-Aβ, anti-Tau and other AD therapeutic strategies
- Solid non-clinical and clinical data set
- First in class compound, designed for brain penetration
- 11βHSD1 class safety data
- Positive dialogue with regulatory agencies
- Significant opportunities in AD and DCI; positive outcomes to broaden indications
- Deep commercial, scientific and clinical expertise
- Strong commercial and clinical interest



INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

- Broad suite of intellectual property
- 7 granted and pending composition of matter patent families
- Global coverage to at least 2031
- Opportunities for new chemical entity market and data regulatory exclusivities
- Granted Xanamem[™] trademark



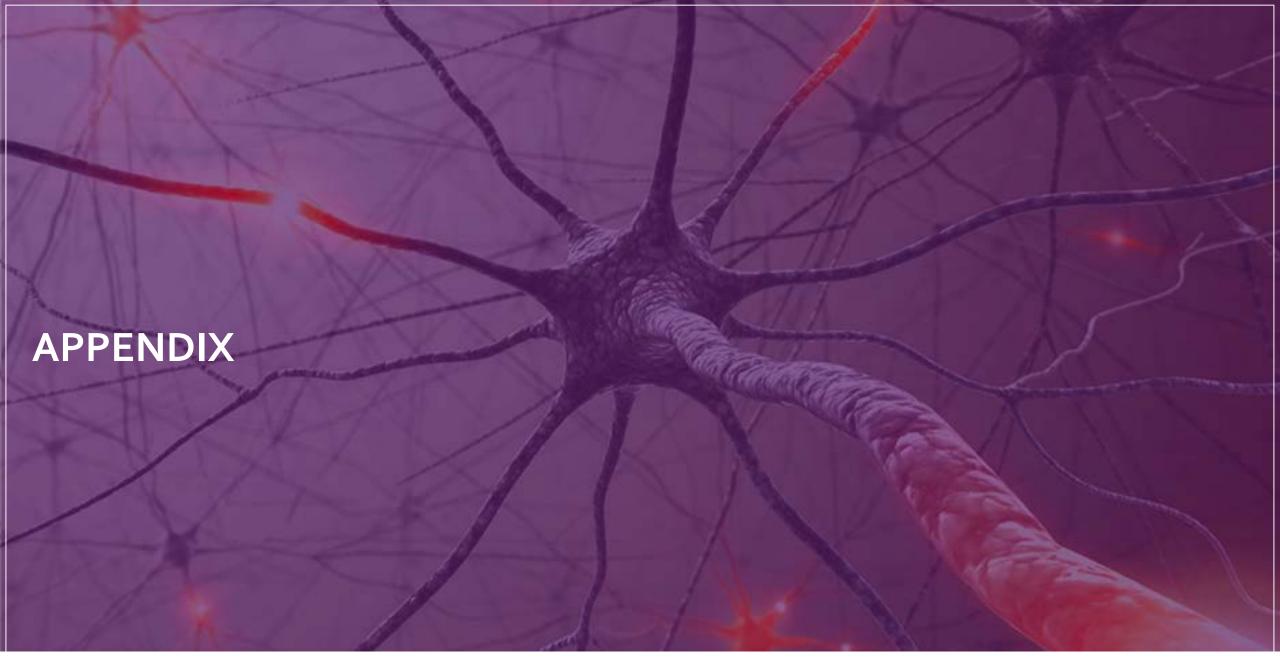
COMMERCIAL STRATEGY

- Adding value through proof of concept XanADu and DCI trials
- Pursuing partnering for post phase II development and commercialisation
- Opportunistic on deal structures











XANAMEM™ BRAIN PENETRANCE

- Substantial data package supporting brain penetrance ¹
- In the Phase I studies, CNS access was assessed by determining plasma Cmax in the CSF
- CSF concentrations ranged from 7.46 to 11.9% of total plasma levels and 25 to 40% of free plasma levels, indicating moderate brain penetration
- Data were consistent with rat preclinical studies where UE2316 (Xanamem analog) levels in brain were 43% of the free plasma concentration
- 10mg daily dosing CSF concentrations expected to be safe and efficacious
- Sub-maximal inhibition of 11β -HSD1 in the brain in rodent studies is sufficient to reverse memory impairments in aging and Alzheimer's disease 2,3



A SIMPLE BUT COMPELLING STORY

1

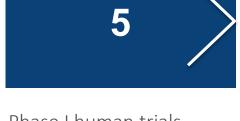
Xanamem™ - a novel therapy for Alzheimer's disease that reduces cortisol (stress hormone) production in the brain. 2

Independent research shows a strong association between excess cortisol in the brain and Alzheimer's disease. 3

Human trial of cortisol inhibition in the brain demonstrates cognitive improvement in the elderly.¹



Xanamem[™]
demonstrated a
significant improvement
in cognition in a mouse
model of AD after only 28
days treatment, which
continued out to 41
weeks.²



Phase I human trials confirm that Xanamem[™] successfully crosses the blood-brain barrier and is safe for use in humans.³



VALIDATION

CORTISOL and ALZHEIMER'S:

 Recent Independent studies support the association between cortisol and the development and progression of Alzheimer's disease.¹⁻⁵

- Compelling evidence provided by the Australian Imaging, Biomarker & Lifestyle Study of Ageing (AIBL) study (2017).
 - Followed 416 healthy elderly Australians over nearly six years.
 - Conclusions: subjects with higher blood cortisol have much greater chance of developing AD. ⁵

XANAMEMTM:

Archival Report



Plasma Cortisol, Brain Amyloid-β, and Cognitive Decline in Preclinical Alzheimer's Disease: A 6-Year Prospective Cohort Study

Robert H. Pietrzak, Simon M. Laws, Yen Ying Lim, Sophie J. Bender, Tenielle Porter, James Doecke, David Ames, Christopher Fowler, Colin L. Masters, Lidija Milicic, Stephanie Rainey-Smith, Victor L. Villemagne, Christopher C. Rowe, Ralph N. Martins, and Paul Maruff, for the Australian Imaging, Biomarkers and Lifestyle Research Group

ABSTRACT

BACKGROUND: Hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis dysregulation, which is typically assessed by measuring cortisol levels, is associated with cognitive dysfunction, hippocampal atrophy, and increased risk for mild cognitive impairment and Alzheimer's disease (AD). However, little is known about the role of hypothalamic-pituitary-adrena axis dysregulation in moderating the effect of high levels of amyloid-ly (A)+1) on cognitive decline in the preclinical phase of AD, which is often protracted, and thus offers opportunities for prevention and early intervention.



British Journal of Pharmacology (2017) •• ••--• 1

RESEARCH PAPER

Selection and early clinical evaluation of the brain-penetrant 11β-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type 1 (11β-HSD1) inhibitor UE2343 (Xanamem[™])

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Little France Crescent, Edinburgh EH16 4TI, UK, E-mail: scott.webster@ed.ac.uk

Received 23 August 2016; Revised 21 November 2016; Accepted 15 December 2016

Scott P Webster¹, Andrew McBride¹, Margaret Binnie¹, Karen Sooy¹, Jonathan R Seckl¹, Ruth Andrew¹, T David Pallin², Hazel J Hunt³, Trevor R Perrior⁴, Vincent S Ruffles⁵, J William Ketelbey⁵, Alan Boyd⁶ and Brian R Walker¹

¹Centre for Cardiovascular Science Lini Edinburgh, Queen's Medical Research

²Corcept These Domaines Limited, C

UK, ²Charles River Laboratories, Ho

- Data presented at four major international medical congresses in 2016 AAIC Toronto; CTAD San Diego; ICE Beijing; MMC Lisbon.
- Pre-clinical and Phase I data published.^{6,7}

[7] Webster et al., 2017, British J Pharmacol 174:396-408.



INVESTMENT SUMMARY







Novel approach: The association between cortisol and Alzheimer's disease is strongly supported by numerous studies, including the leading AIBL study funded by the CSIRO and various leading research institutes and universities.



Multiple Potential Indications: Actinogen has identified a number of potential indications for XanamemTM that substantially increases the scope of the Company's development pipeline.



XanamemTM has a long patent life:

Xanamem has composition-of-matter patent protection through to 2031 giving Actinogen a substantial window to benefit from a

commercialisation.

successful



management team:
Board and management
have invaluable expertise
in drug development,
commercialisation and
clinical research

Highly experienced

Board and

.

