# QUARTERLY ACTIVITIES REPORT 

For the Quarter ended 30 June 2017

## Liantown

New lithium targets identified at Bynoe ahead of further drilling as Liontown maintains its Australian battery metals focus by securing new vanadium project in Queensland

## HIGHLIGHTS

## Bynoe Lithium Project (Northern Territory)

- New, large, high-priority lithium targets defined by geochemical and geophysical surveys including:
- Litchfield - a 1km long lithium-in-soil anomaly located on the high-grade Grants trend; and
- Sandras South - a 700m long magnetic anomaly located south of the mineralized Sandras pegmatite which is coincident with a similar, albeit shorter length feature
- Partially completed RC drilling program intersects plus $1 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, spodumene related mineralisation at a further two prospects, confirming the potential of the Bynoe field to host significant lithium mineralisation.
- Better drill results during the Quarter came from the Carlton prospect and included:

3 m @ $1.4 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ from 70 m and 2 m @ $1.8 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ from 78 m , within a broader zone of 16 m at $0.8 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ from 70 m

## RJC Vanadium Project (Queensland)

- Recently granted tenements ( $100 \%$-owned) prospective for vanadium and other metals covering $1,040 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ in NW Queensland.
- Significant potential for vanadium, a commodity that is part of the batterymetal suite, critical to the future of energy storage.
- Project includes part of a previously estimated vanadium resource reported in 2010.
- Mineralisation is shallow (<10m deep), flat-lying and amenable to free digging.
- Located close to modern infrastructure including the Flinders Highway and the Great Northern Railway that connect with major port facilities in Townsville.


INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS

- New lithium province discovered at Bynoe in the Northern Territory
- Extensive, high grade
lithium mineralized pegmatites ready to be drilled at Kathleen Valley in WA once permits to access are granted.
- Significant vanadium resource acquired at the RJC Vanadium Project in NW Queensland



## For further information, please contact:

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## AUSTRALIAN PROJECTS

## 1. Bynoe Lithium Project, Northern Territory (Liontown 100\%)

The Bynoe Project is located in the Northern Territory approximately 35 km SSW of Darwin (see Figure 1), where it covers a large part of the Bynoe Pegmatite Field which has been mined historically for tin and tantalum. Liontown has secured a number of tenements which cover a total area of $88 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ and include more than 60 rare metal pegmatites documented by the NT Geological Survey. The pegmatites are similar to those that host economic lithium mineralisation elsewhere in Australia. Exploration drilling by Liontown has confirmed the potential for spodumene-related lithium mineralisation.


Figure 1: Bynoe Project - Location and Tenure Plan

Exploration work undertaken during the Quarter included in-fill soil sampling, interpretation of low-level airborne aeromagnetic data and reverse circulation drilling ( 20 holes $/ 2,222 \mathrm{~m}$ ). The drilling completed represents only part of the overall exploration program planned for 2017, which is designed to follow up on encouraging lithium intersections reported last year and new targets defined by the recent geochemical and geophysical surveys.

The in-fill (200x50m) soil sampling confirmed and enhanced lithium anomalies indicated by wide-spaced ( $400 \times 100 \mathrm{~m}$ ) sampling completed late last year. Strong soil anomalies were defined at a number of locations including the Litchfield prospect (Figure 2), which is located on the southern strike extension of the trend that includes Core Exploration's high-grade Grant resource (see CXO release dated $8^{\text {th }}$ May 2017).


Figure 2: Bynoe Project - EL30015/Lithium in soil image (Note: Reference to results from BP33 and Grants in the above figure relate to results from the adjoining tenements owned by Core Exploration Ltd (ASX: CXO))

Processing and interpretation of the aeromagnetic data defined a number of magnetic lows which are coincident with mineralised pegmatites including the Sandras prospect. Drilling at Sandras in 2016 recorded multiple thick $>1 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ intersections (up to 42 m @ $1 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ from 93 m ), hosted by a pegmatite which is coincident with a 250 m long magnetic low. A similar, larger ( $\sim 700 \mathrm{~m}$ long) magnetic feature is located 200 m south of Sandras (Figure 3), obscured by transported cover.


Figure 3: Bynoe Project - Magnetic image (RTP_F1p5VD_H_Wet) of Sandras area
The drilling completed during the Quarter is part of larger 4,000-5,000m program designed to test approximately 20 targets. Due to boggy ground conditions following a record wet season only seven targets were able to be tested, excluding Litchfield and Sandras South.

Significant pegmatites ( $>10 \mathrm{~m}$ thick) were intersected at most of the seven prospects drilled and $>1 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ values were recorded at Carlton and Hang Gong West (see Appendix 1 for drill-hole statistics).

Better results included:

- Hang Gong W. LBRC056

81-84m 3m @ $1.5 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ including 1 m @ $2.1 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ from 82 m

- Carlton LBRC071
$70-86 \mathrm{~m} 16 \mathrm{~m} 0.8 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ including 3 m @ $1.4 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ from 70 m and 2 m @ $1.8 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ from 78 m

The Carlton prospect comprises a >200m long, >20m thick, east-dipping pegmatite which has only been effectively tested by a single drill hole (LBRC071).

The latest drilling results confirm that primary, ore grade lithium mineralisation is widespread at Bynoe, highlighting the prospectivity of the Project with numerous pegmatites remaining to be drill tested.

The Company plans to undertake further drilling at Bynoe after testing of outcropping, spodumene-bearing pegmatite targets at Kathleen Valley is completed.

## 2. Kathleen Valley Lithium-Tantalum Project, WA (Liontown 100\%)

The Kathleen Valley Project is located in Western Australia approximately 680km north-east of Perth within the Eastern Goldfields of the Archaean Yilgarn Craton. Historical exploration had defined a large swarm of spodumene-bearing pegmatites which had not been drill tested. Liontown owns $100 \%$ of the pegmatite-hosted rare metal rights for a contiguous project area totalling $77 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$.

Drilling results from last the Quarter confirmed the potential of the pegmatite swarms at Kathleen Valley to host significant widths of high grade lithium and tantalum mineralisation (see Appendix 3 for a full listing of drill statistics).

Better intersections included:

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○ 58m @ 1.2% Li2O and 156ppm Ta }\mp@subsup{\textrm{O}}{2}{}\mp@subsup{\textrm{O}}{5}{}\mathrm{ from 135m (KVRC0015), including:
    - 9m @ 1.8% Li, O and 220ppm Ta, O
    \bullet 13m @ 2.0% Li_2 O and 138ppm Ta (O) from 167m
\circ
24m @ 1.3% Li2O and 139ppm Ta, O5 from 206m (KVRC0015), including:
- 3 m @ 1.6\% \(\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}\) and \(105 \mathrm{ppm} \mathrm{Ta}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}\) from 208m; and
- \(2 m @ 2.6 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}\) and 271ppm \(\mathrm{Ta}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}\) from 217m; and
- \(4 \mathrm{~m} @ 1.6 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}\) and \(145 \mathrm{ppm} \mathrm{Ta}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}\) from 226 m
13m @ 1.6\% \(\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}\) and 114ppm \(\mathrm{Ta}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}\) from Om (KVRCOOO2), including:
- 9 m @ 1.9\% \(\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}\) and 107ppm \(\mathrm{Ta}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}\) from 2m;
\(13 \mathrm{~m} @ 1.6 \% \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}\) and \(111 \mathrm{ppm} \mathrm{Ta}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}\) from 83m (KVRCO002), including:
- 6m @ 2.0\% \(\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}\) and 113ppm \(\mathrm{Ta}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}\) from 88m;
14m @ 1.7\% \(\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}\) and 163ppm \(\mathrm{Ta}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}\) from 91m (KVRCOO03), including:
- 8m @ 2.0\% \(\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{O}\) and 130ppm \(\mathrm{Ta}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}\) from 97m;
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All the results listed above (and in Appendix 3) come from the area where Liontown had obtained heritage approvals to drill and is located immediately along strike and north of the main targets, the Mt Mann trend and Kathleen's Corner (Figure 4). While initially a lower priority, the Company elected to test these northern areas to determine whether the Mt Mann Trend and Kathleen's Corner warranted drilling.

The drilling results confirm and upgrade the potential of the covered northern areas and enhance the prospectivity of the main targets.

The Company has now requested access from the Traditional Owners to test the main targets, where the pegmatites are interpreted to be the thickest and where high grade lithium and tantalum results have been recorded by historical rock chip sampling.

Liontown has also lodged a Section 18 application with the state government seeking statutory clearance to access the target areas.

Further drilling will commence once access permits are granted.


Figure 4: Kathleen Valley Project -Geology and drill hole plan showing better intersections along strike of main target zones

## 3. RJC Vanadium Project, Qld (Liontown 100\%)

The RJC Vanadium Project is located in NW Queensland approximately 440km west of Townsville in a region which hosts a number of large vanadium resources defined as part of previous exploration for hydrocarbons in oil shale. Liontown has secured 5 tenements which adjoin and partially incorporate existing resources. The Project represents a low cost entry into vanadium, a commodity that is part of the battery metal suite, critical to the future of energy storage.

The Company has 5 EPMs covering a combined area of $1,040 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ located approximately 440 km west of Townsville in NW Queensland (Figure 5).


Figure 5: RJC Vanadium Project - Location, regional geology and tenure
The Project is strategically located close to major infrastructure corridors including the Flinders Highway and the Great Northern Railway, which connect to industrial-scale port facilities in Townsville.

The acquisition of the RJC Vanadium Project (RJCVP) is consistent with the Company's strategy of exploring for battery-related metals that are needed for the future storage of energy on small and large scales.

Liontown's RJCVP tenements adjoin and partially incorporate very large (>3 billion tonnes) vanadium resources previously defined by Intermin Resources Limited (see Intermin ASX releases dated $5^{\text {th }}$ February 2007 and $12^{\text {th }}$ March 2010). Significantly, Liontown's tenure overlays a substantial portion of Intermin's higher grade Lilyvale resource area (Figure 5).

There is good potential to increase the resources, which are near-surface and appear largely drill constrained.

Liontown is compiling available historical data prior to planning the first phase of work.

## Geology and Mineralisation

Liontown's tenure includes large areas of outcropping Toolebuc Formation, the main host unit to the vanadium mineralisation. The Toolebuc Formation is a Cretaceous-aged ( $\sim 100$ million years old), flat-lying sediment consisting of black carbonaceous and bituminous shale and minor siltstone with lenses of limestone and coquinite.

Locally, the Formation is draped over an interpreted basement high and has been structurally uplifted to the surface.

Previous exploration has focused on the potential of the Toolebuc Formation to host economic quantities of hydrocarbons. The resources previously estimated by Intermin are reportedly related to near-surface mineralisation derived from the oxidation of the oil shale horizon.

At Lilyvale, Intermin reported that the mineralisation is contained in a continuous block up to 4 km wide and $10-12 \mathrm{~m}$ in thickness beneath $5-6 \mathrm{~m}$ of overburden. The mineralisation is soft and would likely be suitable for free-digging.

Further work is required to determine the metallurgy of the mineralisation; however, preliminary studies are well advanced by other companies working in the area.

## About Vanadium

Vanadium is an important metal for the steel strengthening and alloys market and, importantly, for use in vanadium redox flow batteries (VRFB) for large-scale energy storage.

Energy storage is a fast-evolving market sector, set to grow significantly over the coming years as the world seeks to control carbon emissions and advance toward mandated renewable energy targets.

Vanadium redox flow batteries (VRFB), which can be charged and discharged at the same time, are recognised as potentially important contributors to the storage of renewable energy. In addition lithium-vanadium-phosphate batteries are seen as one of the more promising solutions for increasing the range of electric vehicles.

An uplift in demand due to the increasing use of VRFBs could see an increase in the price of the commodity which has been on a steady uptrend for the last year.

## 4. Lake Percy Lithium Project, WA (Liontown right to 70\%)

Liontown has elected to with withdraw from the Lake Percy Joint Venture with White Cliff Minerals (ASX: WCN). This decision was made subsequent to the end of the Quarter.

## TANZANIAN PROJECTS

## Tanzania - New Natural Resources Legislation

Liontown has previously advised the ASX of legislation which amends the legal framework governing the natural resources sector in Tanzania.

The full impact of the new legislation on Liontown's activities in Tanzania has still yet to be fully determined; however, it does appear to increase risk and uncertainty of the Company's tenure over the Simba and Panapendesa gold resources at the Jubilee Reef Project.

Prior to the passing of the recent amendments, The Tanzanian Mining Act (2010) provided companies with the right to apply for a Retention Licences (RL) over resources that were uneconomic at prevailing prices but that may be mineable within the foreseeable future.

In accordance with applicable law at the time, Liontown lodged a RL application over the Simba and Panapendesa gold resources in April 2017. The new legislation has repealed the right to apply for RLs; however, it is currently unclear as to how existing RL applications will be treated in the absence of a savings provision and new mining act regulations.

The Company has closed its Tanzanian office and retrenched all professional staff but will retain a senior consultant in the country to administer its current tenement portfolio until the practical effects of changed legislation are understood.

Further updates on the effects of the legislative changes to the Company's Tanzanian projects will be provided when known.

## 5. Jubilee Reef Project/Northern Tanzania (Liontown 100\%)

The Jubilee Reef Project is located approximately 850 km northwest of Dar es Salaam within the Lake Victoria Goldfield of northern Tanzania. This Archaean greenstone-granite terrain hosts several multimillion ounce gold deposits including Acacia Mining's Bulyanhulu deposit and AngloGold Ashanti's Geita deposit. Liontown has defined an Inferred Mineral Resource estimate of approximately 8.5Mt @ $1.4 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{t}$ gold (~390,000 ounces) for the Jubilee Reef Gold Project.

No work was completed on this project.

## 6. Mohanga Lithium-Tantalum Project/Central Tanzania (Liontown 100\%)

The Mohanga Project is located in central Tanzania approximately 40km NNE of the capital Dodoma and 400 km WNW of Dar es Salaam within the south eastern part of the Tanzanian Craton. The regional geological setting is similar to the world class Greenbushes lithium deposit located in southwest Western Australia. Liontown has secured a $212 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ area where historic mapping has recorded a number of pegmatite-hosted lithium occurrences.

Following the discovery last Quarter of high-grade spodumene related-lithium mineralisation at the Tresor prospect (Figure 6), Liontown completed trenching across the mineralised pegmatite and soil sampling over the remaining project area.


Figure 6: Mohanga Project - Tresor prospect showing local geology and better lithium in rock chip results

Assays have not yet been received due to the ban on the export of unrefined mineral products which includes sample pulps.

Due to Liontown's focus on lithium and the Project's location close to existing infrastructure, a low-cost exploration effort will be maintained at Mohanga subject to a further review of the recently enacted natural resources legislation in Tanzania.

## 7. Tenement schedules and expenditures

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 5.3, please refer to Appendix 4 for listing of tenements. In addition, during the Quarter the Company has spent $\$ 815,237$ on exploration and evaluation activities (YTD: $\$ 2,490,220$ ) and $\$ 183,091$ on administration costs (YTD: $\$ 554,799$ ).

## 8. Corporate

At the end of the Quarter, Liontown's cash balance was approximately \$1,415,000.


DAVID RICHARDS
Managing Director

## 27 July 2017

The Information in this report that relates to the Exploration Results for the Kathleen Valley Project is extracted from the ASX announcement entitled "Liontown intersects strong lithium and tantalum mineralisation in maiden drill program at Kathleen Valley, WA" released on the $20^{\text {th }}$ March 2017 which is available on www.Itresources.com.au.

The Information in this report that relates to Exploration Results for the Bynoe Project is extracted from the ASX announcements entitled "Initial Assays from Second Phase of Drilling at Bynoe Lithium Project Confirm Extensions to Sandras Prospect", "New Drill Targets Outlined at Bynoe Lithium Project Following Successful Soil Sampling Program", "Joint Airborne Geophysical Survey Commences across Bynoe/Finniss Pegmatite-Lithium Field, NT", "Large new pegmatite target identified at Bynoe" and "Bynoe Lithium Project, NT - Drilling Update" released on the $2^{\text {nd }}$ November 2016, $6^{\text {th }}$ December 2016, 10 $0^{\text {th }}$ January 2017, $13^{\text {th }}$ February 2017 and $28^{\text {th }}$ June 2017 respectively all of which are available on www.Itresources.com.au .

The information in this report which relates to Mineral Resources for the Jubilee Reef Project is is extracted from the ASX announcement entitled"Liontown Announces Maiden 390,000oz Mineral Resource for the Jubilee Reef Gold Project in Tanzania, East Africa" released on 30 November 2015 and which is available on www.Itresources.com.au.

The information in this report which relates to Exploration Results for the Jubilee Reef Project is extracted from the ASX announcement entitled "Quarterly activities report for the Quarter ending 30 th September 2016" released on the $12^{\text {th }}$ October 2016 which is available on www.Itresources.com.au.

The information in this report which relates to Exploration Results for the Mohanga Project is extracted from the ASX announcement entitled 'New High-Grade Lithium Discovery in Tanzania" released on the 5 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ April 2017 which is available on www.Itresources.com.au.

The company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

The Information in this report that relates to Exploration Results for the RJC Vanadium Project is based on and fairly represents information and supporting documentation prepared by Mr David Richards, who is a Competent Person and a member of the Australasian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG). Mr Richards is a full-time employee of the Company and has sufficient experience in the field of activity being reported to qualify as a Competent person as defined in 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Minerals Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Richards consents to the release of information in the form and context in which it appears here.

This announcement contains forward-looking statements which involve a number of risks and uncertainties. These forward looking statements are expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis. These statements reflect current expectations, intentions or strategies regarding the future and assumptions based on currently available information. Should one or more of the risks or uncertainties materialise, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary from the expectations, intentions and strategies described in this announcement. No obligation is assumed to update forward looking statements if these beliefs, opinions and estimates should change or to reflect other future developments.

APPENDIX 1 - BYNOE PROJECT - 2017 Drill hole statistics

| Hole ID | Prospect | East | North | RL |  | Azimuth | pth (m) | Sign | ficant (>0 | \%) Lithium Re | ults |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hole ID | Prospect |  | North | RL | Dip | Azimuth | Depth (m) | From (m) | To (m) | Interval (m) | Grade (\%) |
| LBRC056 | Hang Gong | 694550 | 8598806 | 27 | -65 | 260 | 97 | 81 | 84 | 3 | 1.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 1m @ 2.1\% from 82m |  |  |  |
| LBRC057 | Hang Gong | 694534 | 8598781 | 28 | -60 | 260 | 75 | No significant assays |  |  |  |
| LBRC058 | Hang Gong | 694589 | 8598791 | 27 | -75 | 260 | 120 | 74 | 79 | 5 | 0.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 1m @ 1.7\% from 76m |  |  |  |
| LBRC059 | Carlton | 693760 | 8597980 | 33 | -66 | 90 | 130 | No significant assays |  |  |  |
| LBRC060 | Carlton | 693730 | 8597927 | 35 | -60 | 90 | 132 |  |  |  |  |
| LBRC061 | Rubix | 693764 | 8597356 | 36 | -65 | 135 | 64 |  |  |  |  |
| LBRC062 | Roadside | 691545 | 8594745 | 29 | -65 | 120 | 146 |  |  |  |  |
| LBRC063 | Bells Mona | 691157 | 8594165 | 35 | -70 | 110 | 122 |  |  |  |  |
| LBRC064 | Hang Gong | 694591 | 8598701 | 28 | -67 | 260 | 93 | 55 |  | 2 | 1.4 |
| LBRC065 | Hang Gong | 694251 | 8598702 | 30 | -65 | 115 | 108 | No significant assays |  |  |  |
| LBRC066 | Hang Gong | 694350 | 8598651 | 30 | -65 | 295 | 109 |  |  |  |  |
| LBRC067 | Hang Gong | 694351 | 8598650 | 30 | -65 | 115 | 109 |  |  |  |  |
| LBRC068 | Hang Gong | 694443 | 8598604 | 30 | -65 | 295 | 109 |  |  |  |  |
| LBRC069 | Hang Gong | 694449 | 8598601 | 30 | -65 | 115 | 150 |  |  |  |  |
| LBRC070 | Johnstones | 693730 | 8598940 | 24 | -65 | 125 | 109 |  |  |  |  |
| LBRC071 | Carlton | 693845 | 8597930 | 33 | -60 | 270 | 115 | 70 | 86 | 16 | 0.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 3m @ | 4\% from 70 m |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2m@ | \% from 78m |  |
| LBRC072 | Hordens | 693027 | 8596695 | 33 | -70 | 235 | 83 | No significant assays |  |  |  |
| LBRC073 | Roadside | 691655 | 8594683 | 30 | -60 | 300 | 93 |  |  |  |  |
| LBRC074 | Bells Mona | 691241 | 8594124 | 35 | -70 | 290 | 108 |  |  |  |  |
| LBRC075 | Hang Gong | 694601 | 8598534 | 30 | -60 | 270 | 150 |  |  |  |  |

True widths - 75\% of down hole widths

## APPENDIX 2 - BYNOE PROJECT - Sandras Drill hole statistics

| Hole ID | Prospect | East | North | RL | Dip | Azimuth | Depth (m) | Significant (>0.5\%) Lithium Results |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | From (m) | To (m) | Interval (m) | Grade (\%) |
| LBRC012 | Sandras | 693222 | 8576799 | 55 | -65 | 290 | 102 | No significant assays |  |  |  |
| LBRC013 |  | 693252 | 8576866 | 52 | -65 | 297 | 96 | 65 | 73 | 8 | 0.8 |
| LBRC014 |  | 693253 | 8576866 | 52 | -80 | 297 | 162 | 93 | 135 | 42 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 4 m @ 2.6\% from 94m and |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 3m @ 1.5\% from 132m |  |  |  |
| LBRC015 |  | 693307 | 8576976 | 53 | -65 | 300 | 114 | 70 | 94 | 24 | 1.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 1m @ 2.4\% from 70m and |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4m @ 1.5\% from 83m |  |  |  |
| LBRC022 |  | 693270 | 8576903 | 52 | -80 | 295 | 163 | 94 | 121 | 27 | 1.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 3m @ 1.6\% from 108m and |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2m @ 1.8\% from 119m |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 130 | 140 | 10 | 0.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 1m @ 1.8\% from 131m |  |  |  |
| LBRC023 |  | 693269 | 8776903 | 52 | -65 | 295 | 120 | 52 | 81 | 29 | 0.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 4m @ 1.5\% from 69m |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | and 2m @ 2.3\% from 78m |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 96 | 99 | 3 | 1.1 |
| LBRC024 |  | 693235 | 8676830 | 52 | -65 | 295 | 103 | No significant assays |  |  |  |
| LBRC025 |  | 693256 | 8576830 | 52 | -80 | 295 | 169 | 109 | 110 | 1 | 1.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 136 | 152 | 16 | 1.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 6m @ 1.7\% from 139m |  |  |  |
| LBRC026 |  | 693235 | 8576874 | 52 | -60 | 295 | 85 | 61 | 66 | 5 | 0.6 |
| LBRC027 |  | 693286 | 8576939 | 52 | -65 | 295 | 120 | 65 | 71 | 6 | 1.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 2m @ 2.3\% from 66m |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 77 | 105 | 28 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 2 m @ 1.6\% from 79m and |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 m @ 1.5\% from 87 m and |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3m @ 1.5\% from 98m |  |  |  |
| LBRC028 |  | 693287 | 8576939 | 52 | -80 | 295 | 168 | 116 | 136 | 20 | 0.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 2m @ 1.8\% from 122m |  |  |  |
| LBRC029 |  | 693202 | 8576757 | 52 | -73 | 295 | 127 | No significant assays |  |  |  |
| LBRC030 |  | 693338 | 8577047 | 52 | -65 | 295 | 127 |  |  |  |  |

True widths $\sim 50 \%$ of down hole widths

## APPENDIX 3 - Kathleen Valley - Drill Hole Statistics

| Hole_ID | East | North | RL | Dip | Azimuth | Depth (m) | Significant Li2O (>0.5\%) and Ta2O5 (>50ppm) results |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | From(m) | To(m) | Interval(m) | Li20 (\%) | Ta2O5 (ppm) |
| KVRC0001 | 258306 | 6958744 | 500 | -60 | 45 | 65 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 122 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 11 | 1 | 1.1 | 85 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 | 17 | 1 | 1.1 | 94 |
| KVRC0002 | 258379 | 6958675 | 500 | -60 | 225 | 109 | 0 | 13 | 13 | 1.6 | 114 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 9m @ 1.9\% Li2O and 107ppm Ta2O5 from 2m |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 | 29 | 3 | 1.3 | 101 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35 | 36 | 1 | 1.6 | 127 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 83 | 96 | 13 | 1.6 | 111 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 6m@ 2\% Li2O and 113ppm Ta2O5 from 88m |  |  |  |  |
| KVRC0003 | 258395 | 6958690 | 500 | -59 | 225 | 155 | 91 | 105 | 14 | 1.7 | 163 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 8m @ 2\% Li2O and 130ppm Ta2O5 from 92m |  |  |  |  |
| KVRC0004 | 258348 | 6958645 | 500 | -50 | 45 | 89 | 36 | 38 | 2 | 1 | 99 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45 | 56 | 11 | 1.2 | 100 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 3m @ 1.8\% Li2O and 106ppm Ta2O5 from 45m |  |  |  |  |
| KVRC0005 | 258276 | 6958707 | 500 | -53 | 40 | 89 | 32 | 34 | 2 | 1.3 | 112 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 39 | 40 | 1 | 1.5 | 132 |
| KVRC0006 | 258433 | 6958654 | 500 | -49.5 | 227.5 | 80 | 37 | 43 | 6 | 1.1 | 153 |
| KVRC0007 | 258452 | 6959426 | 500 | -47 | 45 | 132 | 29 | 35 | 6 | 1.4 | 170 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 3m @ 1.9\% Li2O and 166ppm Ta2O5 from 30m |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 39 | 40 | 1 | 1.1 | 198 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 124 | 125 | 1 | 2.4 | 302 |
| KVRC0008 | 258512 | 6959469 | 500 | -50 | 55 | 130 | 81 | 82 | 1 | 1.2 | 310 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 95 | 96 | 1 | 1 | 124 |
| KVRC0009 | 258590 | 6959528 | 500 | -50 | 45 | 113 | 57 | 59 | 2 | 0.7 | 248 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 70 | 71 | 1 | 0.6 | 266 |
| KVRC0010 | 258593 | 6959527 | 500 | -50 | 225 | 130 | 83 | 85 | 2 | 1.1 | 211 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 91 | 92 | 1 | 1.4 | 239 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 100 | 106 | 6 | 1.2 | 284 |
| KVRC0011 | 258208 | 6958788 | 500 | -50 | 45 | 89 | 24 | 25 | 1 | 1 | 112 |
| KVRC0012 | 258154 | 6958729 | 500 | -55 | 45 | 65 | No significant assays |  |  |  |  |
| KVRC0013 | 258205 | 6958930 | 500 | -50 | 45 | 108 |  |  |  |  |  |
| KVRC0014 | 258157 | 6958881 | 500 | -50 | 45 | 113 | 12 | 17 | 5 | 0 | 240 |
| KVRC0015 | 258443 | 6958652 | 500 | -50 | 180 | 241 | 135 | 193 | 58 | 1.2 | 156 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 9m @ 1.8\% Li2O and 220ppm Ta2O5 from 141m and |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13m @ 2.0\% Li2O and 138ppm Ta2O5 from 167m and |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 206 | 230 | 24 | 1.3 | 139 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | incl. 3m @ 1.6\% Li2O and 105ppm Ta205 from 208m and |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2m @ 2.6\% Li2O and 271ppm Ta2O5 from 217m and |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4m @ 1.6\% Li2O and 145ppm Ta2O5 from 226m and |  |  |  |  |
| KVRC0016 | 258331 | 6958764 | 500 | -50 | 45 | 40 | No significant assays |  |  |  |  |
| KVRC0017 | 257899 | 6958809 | 500 | -50 | 45 | 119 | 63 | 65 | 2 | 1.3 | 212 |
| KVRC0018 | 257951 | 6958853 | 500 | -50 | 45 | 101 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1.4 | 93 |
| KVRC0019 | 258252 | 6958969 | 500 | -50 | 45 | 89 | No significant assays |  |  |  |  |

* True widths estimated as follows:

Holes drilled towards NE (040-055), true widths 70-80\% of downhole width Holes drilled towards SW (040-055), true widths 30-50\% of downhole width KVRC0015 true widths ~30\% of downhole width

## APPENDIX 4

The following information is provided in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 5.3 for the quarter ended 30 June 2017:

## 1. Listing of tenements held (directly or beneficially):

| Country | Project | Tenement No. | Registered Holder | Nature of interests |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Australia | Mt Windsor | EPM16920 | Liontown Resources Limited | 100\% |
|  |  | EPM16227 |  |  |
|  | Bynoe | EL30012 | Orema Pty Ltd | $0 \%$ - Subject to option agreement with Liontown Resources Limited |
|  |  | EL30015 |  |  |
|  |  | MLN16 | LRL (Aust) Pty Ltd (a wholly owned subsidiary of Liontown Resources Limited | 100\% |
|  |  | EMP28651 |  |  |
|  |  | EL29699 |  |  |
|  | Lake Percy | EL63/1221-I | White Cliff Minerals Ltd | 0\% - Liontown withdrew from JV Agreement subsequent to end of Quarter. |
|  | Kathleen Valley | M36/162 | LRL (Aust) Pty Ltd (wholly owned subsidiary of Liontown Resources Limited). | 100\% - gold and nickel rights retained by other parties |
|  |  | M36/176 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/264 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/265 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/266 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/328 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/342 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/365 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/375 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/376 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/441 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/459 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/460 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/603 |  |  |
|  |  | M36/660 |  |  |
|  |  | E36/879 | Liontown Resources Limited | 0\% - Application |
|  | RJC Vanadium | EPM26490 | Liontown Resources Limited | 100\% |
|  |  | EPM26491 |  | $0 \%$ - grant offered and accepted |
|  |  | EPM26492 |  | 100\% |
|  |  | EPM26494 |  | 100\% |
|  |  | EPM26495 |  | 0\% - Application |
| Tanzania | Jubilee Reef | RL/00040/2017 | Liontown Resources (Tanzania) Limited | 0\% - replaces PL4495/2007 |
|  |  | PL6168/2009 |  | 100\% |
|  |  | PL8125/2012 |  | 100\% |
|  |  | PL8304/2012 |  | 100\% |
|  |  | PL9711/2014 | Currie Rose Resources (T) Limited | 100\% - pending transfer |
|  |  | PL9973/2014 | Liontown Resources (Tanzania) Limited | 100\% |
|  |  | PL10222/2014 | Currie Rose Resources (T) Limited | 100\% - pending transfer |


| Country | Project | Tenement No. | Registered Holder | Nature of interests |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Liontown Resources (Tanzania) <br> Limited | $100 \%$ |  |

2. Listing of tenements acquired (directly or beneficially) during the quarter:

| Location | Project | Tenement No. | Nature of interests |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tanzania | Jubilee Reef | PL11134/2017 | $100 \%$ |

3. Tenements relinquished, reduced or lapsed (directly or beneficially) during the quarter:

| Location | Project | Tenement No. | Nature of interests |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tanzania | Jubilee Reef | PL4495/2007 | $0 \%$ |

4. Listing of tenements applied for (directly or beneficially) during the quarter:

| Location | Project | Tenement No. | Nature of interests |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tanzania | Jubilee Reef | RL/00040/2017 | $0 \%$ - Retention License Application - <br> replacing PL4495/2007 |

## Appendix 5B

## Mining exploration entity and oil and gas exploration entity quarterly report

Introduced 01/07/96 Origin Appendix 8 Amended 01/07/97, 01/07/98, 30/09/01, 01/06/10, 17/12/10, 01/05/13, 01/09/16

Name of entity
Liontown Resources Ltd
ABN
39118153825

Quarter ended ("current quarter")
30 June 2017

2. Cash flows from investing activities
2.1 Payments to acquire:
(a) property, plant and equipment
(b) tenements (see item 10)
(c) investments
(d) other non-current assets

[^0]

| 3. | Cash flows from financing activities |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.1 | Proceeds from issues of shares | - | 3,918,902 |
| 3.2 | Proceeds from issue of convertible notes | - |  |
| 3.3 | Proceeds from exercise of share options | - | - |
| 3.4 | Transaction costs related to issues of shares, convertible notes or options | - | $(239,849)$ |
| 3.5 | Proceeds from borrowings | - |  |
| 3.6 | Repayment of borrowings | - |  |
| 3.7 | Transaction costs related to loans and borrowings | - |  |
| 3.8 | Dividends paid | - | - |
| 3.9 | (1) Share Application monies held on trust (see notes to cash flow below) | - |  |
|  | (2) Bank Guarantee | - | $(25,000)$ |
| 3.10 | Net cash from / (used in) financing activities | - | 3,654,053 |

4. Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period
4.1 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period

2,411,585
800,948
4.2 Net cash from / (used in) operating activities (item 1.9 above)
4.3 Net cash from / (used in) investing activities
4.4 Net cash from / (used in) financing activities 3,654,053

[^1]| Consolidated statement of cash flows | Current quarter <br> $\$ A$ | Year to date <br> (12 months) <br> $\$ A$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.6 | Effect of movement in exchange rates on <br> cash held <br> Cash and cash equivalents at end of <br> period | $1,415,600$ | $1,294)$ |


| 5. | Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents <br> at the end of the quarter (as shown in the consolidated statement of cash flows) to the related items in the accounts | Current quarter \$A | Previous quarter \$A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.1 | Bank balances | 1,415,600 | 2,411,585 |
| 5.2 | Call deposits | - |  |
| 5.3 | Bank overdrafts | - |  |
| 5.4 | Other | - |  |
| 5.5 | Cash and cash equivalents at end of quarter (should equal item 4.6 above) | 1,415,600 | 2,411,585 |
| Notes to cash flow |  |  |  |
| 6. | Payments to directors of the entity and their associates |  | Current quarter \$A |
| 6.1 | Aggregate amount of payments to these parties included in item 1.2 |  | 102,768 |
| 6.2 | Aggregate amount of cash flow from loans to these parties included in item 2.3 |  | - |

6.3 Include below any explanation necessary to understand the transactions included in items 6.1 and 6.2

Item 6.1 consists of the salary and superannuation paid to the Managing Director (\$54,230), Directors fees, PAYG and superannuation for non-executive directors for the current quarter $(\$ 17,580)$, and the settlement of accrued non-executive directors' fees for the period from 1 July 2016 to 28 February 2017 (\$30,958).

## 7. Payments to related entities of the entity and their associates


7.3 Include below any explanation necessary to understand the transactions included in items 7.1 and 7.2

Item 7.1 represents service charges paid to Chalice Gold Mines Ltd (a director related entity) for the provision of corporate services, office rent and technical personnel.

[^2]8. Financing facilities available

Add notes as necessary for an understanding of the position
8.1 Loan facilities
8.2 Credit standby arrangements
8.3 Other (please specify)

8.4 Include below a description of each facility above, including the lender, interest rate and whether it is secured or unsecured. If any additional facilities have been entered into or are proposed to be entered into after quarter end, include details of those facilities as well.

| 9. | Estimated cash outflows for next quarter | \$A |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 9.1 | Exploration and evaluation | 430,000 |
| 9.2 | Development | - |
| 9.3 | Production | - |
| 9.4 | Staff costs | 30,000 |
| 9.5 | Administration and corporate costs | 110,000 |
| 9.6 | Other (provide details if material) |  |
| 9.7 | Total estimated cash outflows |  |


| 10. | Changes in tenements (items 2.1(b) and 2.2(b) above) | Tenement reference and location | Nature of interest | Interest at beginning of quarter | Interest at end of quarter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $10.1$ | Interests in mining tenements and petroleum tenements lapsed, relinquished or reduced | Jubilee Reef PL4495/2007 | Expired | 100\% | 0\% |
| 10.2 | Interests in mining tenements and petroleum tenements acquired or increased | RJC Vanadium <br> EPM26490 <br> EMP26492 <br> EMP26494 <br> Jubilee Reef <br> PL11134/2017 <br> RL/00040/2017 | Application granted <br> Application granted <br> Application granted <br> Granted <br> Retention License <br> Application - replacing <br> PL4495/2007 | 0\% <br> 0\% <br> 0\% <br> 0\% <br> $0 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \% \\ & 100 \% \\ & 100 \% \\ & \\ & 100 \% \\ & 0 \% \end{aligned}$ |

## Compliance statement

1 This statement has been prepared in accordance with accounting standards and policies which comply with Listing Rule 19.11A.
2 This statement gives a true and fair view of the matters disclosed.

Sign here:


Date: 27 July 2017

Company secretary
Print name: Leanne Stevens

## Notes

1. The quarterly report provides a basis for informing the market how the entity's activities have been financed for the past quarter and the effect on its cash position. An entity that wishes to disclose additional information is encouraged to do so, in a note or notes included in or attached to this report.
2. If this quarterly report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the definitions in, and provisions of, AASB 6: Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources and AASB 107: Statement of Cash Flows apply to this report. If this quarterly report has been prepared in accordance with other accounting standards agreed by ASX pursuant to Listing Rule 19.11A, the corresponding equivalent standards apply to this report.
3. Dividends received may be classified either as cash flows from operating activities or cash flows from investing activities, depending on the accounting policy of the entity.

[^0]:    + See chapter 19 for defined terms
    1 September 2016

[^1]:    + See chapter 19 for defined terms
    1 September 2016

[^2]:    + See chapter 19 for defined terms
    1 September 2016

