

FULL YEAR REPORT

ASX Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report
Directors' Report
Auditors' Independence Declaration
Financial Report
Audit Report

30 June 2017



Orion Equities Limited A.B.N. 77 000 742 843

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Level 2 23 Ventnor Avenue West Perth, Western Australia 6005

T | (08) 9214 9797

F | (08) 9214 9701

E | info@orionequities.com.au

W | www.orionequities.com.au

SHARE REGISTRY:

Advanced Share Registry Services Western Australia – Main Office 110 Stirling Highway Nedlands, Western Australia 6009 PO Box 1156, Nedlands Western Australia 6909

T | (08) 9389 8033

F | (08) 9262 3723

E | admin@advancedshare.com.au

W | www.advancedshare.com.au

New South Wales – Branch Office Suite 8H, 325 Pitt Street

Sydney, New South Wales 2000 PO Box Q1736, Queen Victoria Building New South Wales 1230 T | (02) 8096 3502

T | (03) 9018 7102 Victoria **T** | (07) 3103 3838 Queensland

CONTENTS

ASX Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report & Results for Announcement to the Market	2
Directors' Report	4
Remuneration Report	12
Auditor's Independence Declaration	17
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	18
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	19
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	20
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	21
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	22
Directors' Declaration	48
Independent Audit Report	49
Securities Information	52

Visit www.orionequities.com.au for:

- Market Announcements
- Financial Reports
- Corporate Governance
- NTA Backing History
- Forms
- Email subscription

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

BOARD

Faroog Khan **Executive Chairman** Victor Ho **Executive Director** Yaqoob Khan Non-Executive Director

COMPANY SECRETARY

Victor Ho

PRINCIPAL AND REGISTERED OFFICE

Level 2

23 Ventnor Avenue

West Perth, Western Australia 6005

(08) 9214 9797 Telephone: Facsimile: (08) 9214 9701 Email: info@orionequities.com.au Website: www.orionequities.com.au

AUDITORS

Rothsay Auditing

Chartered Accountants Level 1, Lincoln House 4 Ventnor Avenue

West Perth, Western Australia 6005

Telephone: (08) 9486 7094 www.rothsayresources.com.au Website:

STOCK EXCHANGE

Australian Securities Exchange Perth, Western Australia

ASX CODE

OEQ

SHARE REGISTRY

Advanced Share Registry Services

Main Office

110 Stirling Highway

Nedlands, Western Australia 6009

Telephone: (08) 9389 8033 Facsimile: (08) 9262 3723 Email: admin@advancedshare.com.au Investor Web: www.advancedshare.com.au

Sydney Office

Suite 8H, 325 Pitt Street

Sydney, New South Wales 2000

Telephone: (02) 8096 3502

Victoria: Telephone: (03) 9018 7102 Telephone: (07) 3103 3838 Queensland:

Results for Announcement to the Market

Current Reporting Period: Financial year ended 30 June 2017 Previous Corresponding Period: Financial year ended 30 June 2016

30 June 2017 Balance Date:

Company: Orion Equities Limited (ASX:OEQ) (OEQ) Consolidated Entity: Orion and controlled entities (Orion)

OVERVIEW OF RESULTS FOR ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE MARKET

	2017	2016		Up/
Consolidated Entity	\$	\$	% Change	Down
Total revenues	78,019	51,576	51%	Up
Share of Associate entity's profit/(loss)	(1,245,250)	147,205	946%	Down
Other expenses	(731,690)	(742,734)	1%	Down
Loss before tax	(1,898,921)	(543,953)	249%	Up
Income tax expense	(125,927)	-	N/A	
Loss attributable to members of the Company	(2,024,848)	(543,953)	272%	Up
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share (cents)	(12.94)	(3.47)	273%	Up
Pre-tax NTA backing per share	0.332	0.479	31%	Down
Post-tax NTA backing per share	0.332	0.479	31%	Down

BRIEF EXPLANATION OF RESULTS AND COMMENTARY ON RESULTS AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION

The share of Associate entity's loss of \$1.245 million relates to Orion's investment in Bentley Capital Limited (ASX:BEL) - Orion notes that the 30 June 2017 carrying value of its 20,513,783 shareholding in BEL was 9.8 cents per share (worth \$2 million), which compares with BEL's closing bid price of 11 cents (worth \$2.26 million) and BEL's net tangible asset (NTA) backing of 15.43 cents (worth \$3.165 million) (both as at 30 June 2017).

Orion accounts for BEL as an Associate entity, which means that Orion is required to recognise a share of BEL's net profit or loss in respect of the financial year based on Orion's (26.95% as at 30 June 2017) shareholding interest in BEL (this is known as the equity method of accounting for an associate entity). Accordingly, as BEL incurred a net loss of \$3.679 million for the year, Orion is required to recognise a 26.95% share of this loss (calculated as at each month end through the course of the year), being \$1.245 million, in Orion's own accounts for the year. This share of BEL's net loss is the primary contributor to Orion's net loss for the year, rather than as a consequence of Orion's own direct activities or operations.

In a similar manner, BEL has accounted for its 19.96% shareholding interest in Associate entity, Keybridge Capital Limited (ASX:KBC), under the equity method. This has resulted in BEL recognising \$1.374 million as a share of KBC's overall net loss of \$6.446 million incurred for the year. This share of KBC's net loss is a primary contributor to BEL's net loss for the year.

Thus, KBC's net loss position has a flow on effect up to BEL and in turn, up to Orion, in circumstances which has caused a significant net loss being incurred at the BEL and Orion levels, which is unrelated to BEL's and Orion's direct activities or operations.

Orion notes that KBC has incurred a net loss for the year due largely to a significant provision for impairment made in respect of a legacy loan receivable asset held by KBC. As outlined in KBC's ASX announcement dated 25 August 2017: Update - Private Equity Loan Receivable:

KBC Directors reduced the carrying value of the loan receivable from US\$5.01 million to US\$0.394 million (A\$0.511 million) in light of an assessment of the underlying value of the security provided for the loan, which resulted in KBC recognising a US\$4.611 million (A\$5.996 million) provision for impairment expense for the year;

Results for Announcement to the Market

- The loan receivable relates to a US\$4.3m limited recourse promissory note (Note) secured (via collateral pledged) over a private equity fund which holds investments in US-based manufacturing/distribution businesses (Fund);
- The Note arose out of a restructure in April 2013 where, as part of arrangements to exit legacy aviation investments (made whilst KBC was known as Mariner Bridge Investments Limited in 2006/2007) for US\$29.7 million cash, KBC sold its interest in the Fund for US\$4.3 million fully funded by a KBC loan with recourse only to that asset sold (i.e. the Note) – in both instances, well before the current Board of KBC were appointed as Directors;
- In August 2017, KBC received the Fund's 30 June 2017 Quarterly Report which disclosed a significant reduction in the Fund's gross asset position as well as notice from the Noteholder advising that it is 'highly unlikely that the Note will be satisfied on or before its scheduled maturity' (on 29 December 2017) and proposing a 3-year extension of the Note term or a 'buy-out' (retirement) of the Note for US\$0.394 million;
- In light of these matters, the KBC Board reduced the carrying value of the Note (receivable) to US\$0.394 million pending a review of its position vis a vis the correspondence received and the terms of the Note.

Please refer to the Directors' Report and Financial Report for further information on a review of Orion's operations and the financial position and performance of Orion for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

DIVIDENDS

The Directors have declared payment of a fully-franked special dividend as follows:

Dividend Rate	Record Date	Expected Payment Date	Franking
0.90 cent per share	22 September 2017	29 September 2017	100% franked

ASSOCIATE ENTITY

The Company has accounted for the following share investment at the Balance Date as an investment in an Associate entity (on an equity accounting basis):

26.95% interest (20,513,783 shares) in ASX-listed Bentley Capital Limited (ASX:BEL) (30 June 2016: 27.20%; 20,513,783 shares).

CONTROLLED ENTITIES

The Company did not gain or lose control over any entities during the financial year.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (AGM)

Pursuant to the ASX Listing Rules, the Company gives notice that its 2017 AGM is expected to be held on or about 17 November 2017.

For and on behalf of the Directors,

Executive Director and Company Secretary

Telephone: (08) 9214 9797

Date: 31 August 2017

Email: cosec@orionequities.com.au

The Directors present their report on Orion Equities Limited ABN 77 000 742 843 (OEQ or the Company) and its controlled entities (Orion or the Consolidated Entity) for the financial year ended 30 June 2017 (Balance Date).

Orion Equities Limited is a public company limited by shares that was incorporated in New South Wales and has been listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) since November 1970 (ASX Code: OEQ).

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of Orion during the financial year were the management of its investments, including investments in listed and unlisted securities, real estate held for development and resale and an olive grove operation.

NET TANGIBLE ASSET BACKING (NTA)

Consolidated Entity	2017 \$	2016 \$
Net tangible assets (before tax)	5,202,333	7,502,462
Pre-Tax NTA Backing per share	0.332	0.479
Less deferred tax assets and tax liabilities	-	-
Net tangible assets (after tax)	5,202,333	7,502,462
Post-Tax NTA Backing per share	0.332	0.479
Based on total issued share capital	15,649,228	15,649,228

FINANCIAL POSITION

Consolidated Entity	2017 \$	2016 \$
Cash	207,703	78,788
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	494,357	722,445
Investment in Associate entity (BEL)	2,002,205	3,452,593
Property held for development or resale	1,220,000	1,350,000
Receivables	19,132	20,391
Other assets	1,582,400	2,018,780
Deferred tax asset	61,206	116,782
Total Assets	5,587,003	7,759,779
Other payables and liabilities	(323,466)	(140,535)
Deferred tax liability	(61,206)	(116,782)
Net Assets	5,202,331	7,502,462
Issued capital	18,808,028	18,808,028
Asset Revaluation Reserve	161,360	436,643
Profits Reserve	145,293	13,701
Accumulated losses	(13,912,350)	(11,755,910)
Total Equity	5,202,331	7,502,462

OPERATING RESULTS

	2017	2016
Consolidated Entity	\$	\$
Total revenues	78,019	51,576
Share of Associate entity's profit/(loss)	(1,245,250)	147,205
Other expenses	(731,690)	(742,734)
Loss before tax	(1,898,921)	(543,953)
Income tax expense	(125,927)	_
Loss attributable to members of the Company	(2,024,848)	(543,953)
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share (cents)	(12.94)	(3.47)
Pre-tax NTA backing per share	0.332	0.479
Post-tax NTA backing per share	0.332	0.479

The share of Associate entity's loss of \$1.245 million relates to Orion's investment in Bentley Capital Limited (ASX:BEL) - Orion notes that the 30 June 2017 carrying value of its 20,513,783 shareholding in BEL was 9.8 cents per share (worth \$2 million), which compares with BEL's closing bid price of 11 cents (worth \$2.26 million) and BEL's net tangible asset (NTA) backing of 15.43 cents (worth \$3.165 million) (both as at 30 June 2017).

Orion accounts for BEL as an Associate entity, which means that Orion is required to recognise a share of BEL's net profit or loss in respect of the financial year based on Orion's (26.95% as at 30 June 2017) shareholding interest in BEL (this is known as the equity method of accounting for an associate entity). Accordingly, as BEL incurred a net loss of \$3.679 million incurred for the year, Orion is required to recognise a 26.95% share of this loss (calculated as at each month end through the course of the year), being \$1.245 million, in Orion's own accounts for the year. This share of BEL's net loss is the primary contributor to Orion's net loss for the year, rather than as a consequence of Orion's own direct activities or operations.

In a similar manner, BEL has accounted for its 19.96% shareholding interest in Associate entity, Keybridge Capital Limited (ASX:KBC), under the equity method. This has resulted in BEL recognising \$1.374 million as a share of KBC's overall net loss of \$6.446 million incurred for the year. This share of KBC's net loss is a primary contributor to BEL's net loss for the year.

Thus, KBC's net loss position has a flow on effect up to BEL and in turn, up to Orion, in circumstances which has caused a significant net loss being incurred at the BEL and Orion levels, which is unrelated to BEL's and Orion's direct activities or operations.

Orion notes that KBC has incurred a net loss for the year due largely to a significant provision for impairment made in respect of a legacy loan receivable asset held by KBC. As outlined in KBC's ASX announcement dated 25 August 2017: Update - Private Equity Loan Receivable:

- KBC Directors reduced the carrying value of the loan receivable from US\$5.01 million to US\$0.394 million (A\$0.511 million) in light of an assessment of the underlying value of the security provided for the loan, which resulted in KBC recognising a US\$4.611 million (A\$5.996 million) provision for impairment expense for the year;
- The loan receivable relates to a US\$4.3m limited recourse promissory note (Note) secured (via collateral pledged) over a private equity fund which holds investments in US-based manufacturing/distribution businesses (Fund);
- The Note arose out of a restructure in April 2013 where, as part of arrangements to exit legacy aviation investments (made whilst KBC was known as Mariner Bridge Investments Limited in 2006/2007) for US\$29.7 million cash, KBC sold its interest in the Fund for US\$4.3 million fully funded by a KBC loan with recourse only to that asset sold (i.e. the Note) – in both instances, well before the current Board of KBC were appointed as Directors;

- In August 2017, KBC received the Fund's 30 June 2017 Quarterly Report which disclosed a significant reduction in the Fund's gross asset position as well as notice from the Noteholder advising that it is 'highly unlikely that the Note will be satisfied on or before its scheduled maturity' (on 29 December 2017) and proposing a 3-year extension of the Note term or a 'buy-out' (retirement) of the Note for US\$0.394 million;
- In light of these matters, the KBC Board reduced the carrying value of the Note (receivable) to US\$0.394 million pending a review of its position vis a vis the correspondence received and the terms of the Note.

LOSS PER SHARE

Consolidated Entity	2017	2016
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents)	(12.94)	(3.47)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share	15,649,228	15,649,228

DIVIDENDS

The Directors have declared payment of a fully-franked special dividend as follows:

Dividend Rate	Record Date	Expected Payment Date	Franking
0.90 cent per share	22 September 2017	29 September 2017	100% franked

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Securities on Issue (a)

At the Balance Date, the Company had 15,649,228 shares on issue (2016: 15,649,228). All such shares are listed on ASX. The Company does not have other securities on issue.

(b) 'Small Holding' (Unmarketable Parcel) Share Sale Facility

On 6 September 2016, the Company initiated a 'Small Holding Share Sale Facility' in respect of small parcel shareholdings (unmarketable parcels) valued at \$500 or less.

On 29 December 2016, the aggregated small parcel shareholdings totalling 147,153 shares were sold by the Company on behalf of the 92 affected shareholders on-market at a price of \$0.16 per share under this facility. The proceeds of sale were distributed to these shareholders on 31 December 2016.

The Company refers to its ASX market announcement entitled "Small Holding Share Sale Facility" dated 6 September 2016 for further details in relation to this capital management initiative.

Refer Orion's ASX announcement: Small Holding Share Sale Facility dated 6 September 2016

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Portfolio Details as at 30 June 2017

Asset Weighting

Consolidated Entity		% of Net	Net Assets	
		2017	2016	
Australian equities		48%	55%	
Agribusiness ²		30%	27%	
Property held for development and resale		24%	18%	
Net tax liabilities (current year and deferred tax assets/liabilities)		-	-	
Net cash/other assets and provisions		(2)%	<1%	
	TOTAL	100%	100%	

Major Holdings in Securities Portfolio

Equities	Fair Value \$'m	% Net Assets	ASX Code	Industry Sector Exposures
Bentley Capital Limited	2.26	43.38%	<u>BEL</u>	Diversified
Strike Resources Limited	0.42	8.07%	<u>SRK</u>	Materials
CBG Australian Equities Fund (Wholesale (CBG Fund)	0.07	1.43%	N/A	Diversified
TOTAL	2.75	52.88%		

(b) <u>Bentley Capital</u> Limited (ASX: <u>BEL</u>)

Bentley Capital Limited (Bentley) is a listed investment company with a current exposure to Australian equities.

Orion holds 26.95% (20,513,783 shares) of Bentley's issued ordinary share capital with Queste Communications Ltd (the controlling company of Orion) holding 1.72% (1,300,000 shares) shares of Bentley's issued ordinary share capital (2016: Orion held 20,513,783 shares (27.20%) and Queste held 1,300,000 shares (1.72%)).

Bentley's asset weighting as at 30 June 2017 was 93.5% Australian equities (2016: 89%), 1.7% intangible assets (2016: 3.7%) and 4.8% net cash/other assets (2016: 7.2%).

Bentley had net assets of \$11.95 million as at 30 June 2017 (2016: \$16.29 million) and incurred an after-tax net loss of \$3.679 million for the financial year (2016: after-tax net profit of \$0.526 million).

Bentley paid two 0.50 cent fully franked dividends that were distributed in September 2016 and March 2017 at a total cost of \$0.756 million (2016 distributions: two 0.50 cent fully franked dividends, totalling \$0.749 million).

Orion received \$0.205 million distributions from Bentley during the financial year (2016: \$0.205 million).

Subsequent to 30 June 2017, Bentley announced its intention to pay a fully-franked dividend of 0.5 cent per share. Orion's entitlement to such dividend is expected to be \$102,569.

² Agribusiness net assets include olive grove land, olive trees, water licence, buildings, plant and equipment

Bentley has a long distribution track record, as illustrated below:

Rate per share	Nature	Orion's Entitlement	Payment Date
0.50 cent	Dividend	\$102,569	31 August 2017
0.50 cent	Dividend	\$102,569	24 March 2017
0.50 cent	Dividend	\$102,569	29 September 2016
0.50 cent	Dividend	\$102,569	18 March 2016
0.50 cent	Dividend	\$102,569	25 September 2015
0.55 cent	Dividend	\$112,826	20 March 2015
0.95 cent	Dividend	\$194,881	26 September 2014
One cent	Dividend	\$205,138	21 March 2014
One cent	Return of capital	\$205,138	12 December 2013
One cent	Return of capital	\$205,138	18 April 2013
One cent	Return of capital	\$205,138	30 November 2012
One cent	Return of capital	\$205,138	19 April 2012
5.0 cents	Return of capital	\$1,025,689	14 October 2011
2.4 cents	Dividend (Special)	\$492,331	26 September 2011
One cent	Dividend	\$205,138	26 September 2011

Note: Bentley has paid a distribution to shareholders every year (save on 4 occasions in its 31 year history) since its admission to ASX in 1986. Refer to Bentley's website for full distribution history

Shareholders are advised to refer to the 30 June 2017 Full Year Report and monthly NTA disclosures lodged by Bentley for further information about the status and affairs of the company.

Information concerning Bentley may be viewed from its website: www.bel.com.au

Bentley's market announcements may also be viewed from the ASX website (www.asx.com.au) under ASX code "BEL".

(c) Strike Resources Limited (ASX:SRK)

Strike owns the high grade Apurimac Magnetite Iron Ore Project and Cusco Magnetite Iron Ore Project in Peru and is currently developing its Burke Graphite Project in Queensland and lithium exploration tenements in Western Australia; Strike also retains relatively strong cash reserves of \sim \$5.3 million (as at 30 June 2017)3.

During the year, SRK shares traded on ASX within a range of 4 to 7.8 cents with a closing price of 4.1 cents (and \$5.96 million market capitalisation) as at 30 June 2017 and a current closing price of 4 cents (as at 30 August 2017).

Orion holds 10,000,000 Strike shares (6.88%) (30 June 2016: 10,000,000 shares (6.88%)) while Bentley holds 52,553,493 Strike shares (36.16%). Therefore Orion has a deemed relevant interest in 62,553,493 Strike shares (43.041%⁴).

Information concerning Strike may be viewed from its website: www.strikeresources.com.au.

Strike's market announcements may also be viewed from the ASX website (www.asx.com.au) under ASX: "SRK".

Refer SRK's ASX Announcement dated 28 July 2017: June 2017 Quarterly Report

Refer Orion's <u>Change in Substantial Holding Notice</u> dated 4 September 2016

(d) Other Assets

Orion also owns:

- a 143 hectare commercial olive grove operation (currently on care and maintenance) with approximately 64,500, 18 year old olive tree plantings located in Gingin, Western Australian;
- a property held for redevelopment or sale but currently rented out located in Mandurah, Western Australia.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of Orion that occurred during the financial year not otherwise disclosed in this Directors' Report or the financial statements.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Orion intends to continue its investment activities in future years. The results of these investment activities depend upon the performance of the underlying companies and securities in which Orion invests. The investments' performances depend on many economic factors and also industry and company specific issues. In the opinion of the Directors, it is not possible or appropriate to make a prediction on the future course of markets, the performance of Orion's investments or the forecast of the likely results of Orion's activities.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

Orion is not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State legislation.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Information concerning Directors in office during or since the financial year:

Farooq Khan	Executive Chairman	
Appointed	23 October 2006	
Qualifications	BJuris, LLB (Western Australia)	
Experience	Mr Khan is a qualified lawyer having previously practised principally in the field of corporate law. Mr Khan has extensive experience in the securities industry, capital markets and the executive management of ASX-listed companies. In particular, Mr Khan has guided the establishment and growth of a number of public listed companies in the investment, mining and financial services sectors. He has considerable experience in the fields of capital raisings, mergers and acquisitions and investments.	
Relevant interest in shares	2,000 shares − directly ⁵	
Special Responsibilities	Chairman of the Board and the Investment Committee	
Other current directorships in listed entities	(1) Executive Chairman and Managing Director of Queste Communications Ltd (ASX:QUE) (since 10 March 1998)	
	(2) Executive Chairman of <u>Bentley Capital</u> Limited (ASX: <u>BEL</u>) (director since December 2003)	
	(3) Chairman (appointed 18 December 2015) of <u>Strike Resources</u> Limited (ASX: <u>SRK</u> (Director since 1 October 2015)	
Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years	None	

Victor P. H. Ho	Executive Director and Company Secretary
Appointed	Executive Director since 4 July 2003; Company Secretary since 2 August 2000
Qualifications	BCom, LLB (Western Australia), CTA
Experience	Mr Ho has been in Executive roles with a number of ASX listed companies across the investments, resources and technology sectors over the past 17+ years. Mr Ho is a Chartered Tax Adviser (CTA) and previously had 9 years' experience in the taxation profession with the Australian Tax Office (ATO) and in a specialist tax law firm. Mr Ho has been actively involved in the investment management of listed investment companies (as an Executive Director and or a member of the Investment Committee), the structuring and execution of a number of corporate, M&A and international joint venture (in South America, Indonesia and the Middle East) transactions, capital raisings and capital management initiatives and has extensive experience in public company administration, corporations' law and stock exchange compliance and investor/shareholder relations.
Relevant interest in shares	None
Special Responsibilities	Member of the Investment Committee and Secretary of the Audit and Remuneration Committees
Other positions held in listed entities	(1) Executive Director and Company Secretary of Queste Communications Ltd (ASX:QUE) (Director since 3 April 2013; Company Secretary since 30 August 2000)
	(2) Company Secretary of <u>Bentley Capital</u> Limited (ASX: <u>BEL</u>) (since 5 February 2004)
	(3) Director and Company Secretary of <u>Strike Resources</u> Limited (ASX: <u>SRK</u>) (Director since 24 January 2014 and Company Secretary since 1 October 2015)
	(4) Company Secretary of <u>Keybridge Capital Limited</u> (ASX: <u>KBC</u>) (since 13 October 2016)
Former positions in other listed entities in past 3 years	Company Secretary of Alara Resources Limited (ASX: <u>AUQ</u>) (4 April 2007 to 31 August 2015)

⁵ Refer to Orion's ASX announcement dated <u>20 November 2014: Change in Directors Interest Notice</u>

Yaqoob Khan	Non-Executive Director
Appointed	5 November 1999
Qualifications	BCom (Western Australia), Master of Science in Industrial Administration (Carnegie Mellon)
Experience	Mr Khan holds a Masters degree in Business and has worked as a senior executive responsible for product marketing, costing systems and production management. Mr Khan has been involved in the structuring and ASX listing of a number of public companies and in subsequent executive management. Mr Khan brings considerable international experience in corporate finance and the strategic analysis of listed investments.
Relevant interest in shares	None
Special Responsibilities	None
Other current directorships in listed entities	Non-Executive Director of Queste Communications Ltd (ASX:QUE) (since 10 March 1998)
Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years	None

At the Company's 2016 AGM6:

Farooq Khan retired as a Director (by rotation) pursuant to the Company's Constitution and was re-elected a Director at that AGM.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The following table sets out the numbers of meetings of the Company's Directors held during the financial year (including Directors' circulatory resolutions), and the numbers of meetings attended by each Director of the Company:

Name of Director	Meetings Attended	Maximum Possible Meetings
Farooq Khan	7	7
Victor Ho	7	7
Yaqoob Khan	7	7

Board Committees

During the financial year and as at the date of this Directors' Report, the Company did not have separate designated Audit or Remuneration Committees. In the opinion of the Directors, in view of the size of the Board and nature and scale of Orion's activities, matters typically dealt with by an Audit or Remuneration Committee are dealt with by the full Board.

⁶ Refer Orion's ASX announcement dated 24 November 2016; Results of 2016 Annual General Meeting

REMUNERATION REPORT

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each Director and Company Executive (being a company secretary or senior manager) (Key Management Personnel) of Orion.

The information provided under headings (1) to (4) below has been audited for compliance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) as required under section 308(3C).

(1) **Remuneration Policy**

The Board determines the remuneration structure of all Key Management Personnel having regard to the Company's strategic objectives, scale and scope of operations and other relevant factors, including experience and qualifications, length of service, the duties and accountability of Key Management Personnel, the frequency of Board meetings, market practice (including available data concerning remuneration paid by other listed companies and in particular, companies of comparable size and nature) and the objective of maintaining a balanced Board which has appropriate expertise and experience, at a reasonable cost to the Company.

Corporate Governance Principles: The Company's Corporate Governance Statement (CGS) also addresses matters pertaining to the Board, Senior Management and Remuneration. The latest the CGS may be downloaded from the Company's website: http://www.orionequities.com.au/corporate-governance

Fixed Cash Short-Term Employment Benefits: The Key Management Personnel of the Company are paid a fixed amount per annum plus applicable employer superannuation contributions. The Non-Executive Directors of the Company are paid a maximum aggregate base remuneration per annum inclusive of employer superannuation contributions where applicable, to be divided as the Board determines appropriate.

The Board has determined the following fixed cash remuneration for current Key Management Personnel during the year as follows:

Executive Directors

- Mr Faroog Khan (Executive Chairman) a base salary of \$220,369 per annum inclusive of employer superannuation contributions (9.50% of base salary during the financial year);
- Mr Victor Ho (Executive Director and Company Secretary) a base salary of \$106,762 per (2)annum inclusive of employer superannuation contributions.

Non - Executive Director

Mr Yaqoob Khan (Non-Executive Director) - a base fee of \$25,000 per annum.

Key Management Personnel can also opt to "salary sacrifice" their cash fees/salary and have them paid wholly or partly as further employer superannuation contributions or benefits exempt from fringe benefits tax.

Special Exertions and Reimbursements: Pursuant to the Company's Constitution, each Director is entitled to receive:

- Payment for reimbursement of all travelling, hotel and other expenses reasonably incurred by a Director for the purpose of attending meetings of the Board or otherwise in and about the business of the Company; and
- (b) In respect of Non-Executive Directors, payment for the performance of extra services or the making of special exertions for the benefit of the Company (at the request of and with the concurrence of the Board).

Short-Term Benefits: The Company does not have any short-term incentive (STI) cash bonus schemes (or equivalent) in place for Key Management Personnel.

REMUNERATION REPORT

Long Term Benefits: The Company does not have any long-term incentive (LTI) cash bonus schemes (or equivalent) in place for Key Management Personnel.

Equity Based Benefits: The Company does not presently have any equity (shares or options) based remuneration arrangements for any personnel pursuant to any executive or employee share or option plan or otherwise.

Post-Employment Benefits: The Company does not presently provide retirement benefits to Key Management Personnel. Other than early termination benefits disclosed in 'Employment Agreement' below, Key Management Personnel also have no right to termination payments save for payment of accrued unused annual and long service leave (where applicable) (these accrued employee entitlements are not applicable in respect of Non-Executive Directors). The Company notes that shareholder approval is required where a Company proposes to make a "termination payment" (for example, a payment in lieu of notice, a payment for a post-employment restraint and payments made as a result of the automatic or accelerated vesting of share based payments) in excess of one year's "base salary" (defined as the average base salary over the previous 3 years) to a director or any person who holds a managerial or executive office.

Service Agreements: The Company does not presently have formal service agreements or employment agreements with any Key Management Personnel.

Performance-Related Benefits and Financial Performance of Company: The Company does not presently provide short- or long-term incentive/performance based benefits related to the Company's performance to Key Management Personnel, including payment of cash bonuses. The current remuneration of Key Management Personnel is fixed, is not dependent on the satisfaction of a performance condition and is unrelated to the Company's performance.

The Board does not believe that it is appropriate at this time to implement an equity-based benefit scheme or a performance related/variable component to Key Management Personnel remuneration or remuneration generally linked to the Company's performance but reserves the right to implement these remuneration measures if appropriate in the future (subject to prior shareholder approval where applicable).

In considering the Company's performance and its effects on shareholder wealth, Directors have had regard to the data set out below for the latest financial year and the previous four financial years.

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Loss before income tax (\$)	(1,898,921)	(543,953)	(670,390)	(790,168)	(3,055,135)
Basic loss per share (cents)	(12.94)	(3.47)	(4.22)	(4.67)	(17.47)
Dividends paid (\$)	-	-	-	-	-
VWAP share price on ASX for financial year (\$)	0.17	0.198	0.165	0.255	0.207
Closing bid share price as at 30 June 2017 (\$)	0.15	0.16	0.213	0.26	0.19

(2) **Details of Remuneration of Key Management Personnel**

Details of the nature and amount of each element of remuneration of each Key Management Personnel paid or payable by the Company during the financial year are as follows:

2017		Short-term	Benefits	Post-Employment Benefits	Other Long- term Benefits	Equity Based	
Key Management	Performance related	Cash, salary and commissions	Non-cash benefit	Superannuation	Long service leave	Shares and Options	Total
	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Executive Directo	rs:						
Farooq Khan	-	186,834	-	17,749	-	-	204,583
Victor Ho	-	97,499	-	9,262	-	-	106,761
Non-Executive Di	rector:						
Yaqoob Khan	-	25,000	-	-	-	-	25,000

REMUNERATION REPORT

2016		Short-term	Benefits	Post-Employment Benefits	Other Long- term Benefits	Equity Based	
Key Management Personnel	Performance related	Cash, salary and commissions	Non-cash benefit	Superannuation	Long service leave	Shares and Options	Total
	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Executive Directo	ors:						
Farooq Khan	-	206,618	-	19,629	-	-	226,247
Victor Ho	-	78,562	-	7,481	-	-	86,043
Non-Executive Di	rector:						
Yaqoob Khan	-	25,000	-	-	=	-	25,000

Victor Ho is also Company Secretary of the Company.

(3) Other Benefits Provided to Key Management Personnel

No Key Management Personnel has during or since the end of the 30 June 2017 financial year, received or become entitled to receive a benefit, other than a remuneration benefit as disclosed above, by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related entity with the Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a Company in which he has a substantial interest.

Engagement of Remuneration Consultants (4)

The Company has not engaged any remuneration consultants to provide remuneration recommendations in relation to Key Management Personnel during the year. The Board has established a policy for engaging external Key Management Personnel remuneration consultants which includes, inter alia, that the Non-Executive Directors on the Remuneration Committee be responsible for approving all engagements of and executing contracts to engage remuneration consultants and for receiving remuneration recommendations from remuneration consultants regarding Key Management Personnel. Furthermore, the Company has a policy that remuneration advice provided by remuneration consultants be quarantined from Management where applicable.

Shares held by Key Management Personnel

The number of ordinary shares in the Company during the 2016 reporting period held by Key Management Personnel, including their related parties are set below:

Key Management Personnel	Balance at 30 June 2016	Additions	Received as part of remuneration	Disposals	Balance at 30 June 2017
Executive Directors:					
Farooq Khan	2,000	-	-	-	2,000
Victor Ho	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Executive Director:					
Yaqoob Khan	-	-	-	-	-

Note: The disclosures of shareholdings above are in accordance with the accounting standards which require disclosure of shares held directly, indirectly or beneficially by each key management person, a close member of the family of that person, or an entity over which either of these persons have, directly or indirectly, control, joint control or significant influence (as defined under Accounting Standard AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures).

(6) Voting and Comments on Remuneration Report at 2016 AGM

At the Company's most recent (2016) AGM, a resolution to adopt the prior year (2016) Remuneration Report was put to the vote and passed unanimously on a show of hands with the proxies received also indicating majority (93.6%) support in favour of adopting the Remuneration Report.⁷ No comments were made on the Remuneration Report that was considered at the AGM.

This concludes the audited Remuneration Report.

⁷ Refer Orion's ASX announcement dated 24 November 2016: Results of 2016 Annual General Meeting

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' INSURANCE

The Company insures Directors and Officers against liability they may incur in respect of any wrongful acts or omissions made by them in such capacity (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)) (D&O Policy). Details of the amount of the premium paid in respect of the insurance policies are not disclosed as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

DIRECTORS' DEEDS

In addition to the rights of indemnity provided under the Company's Constitution (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act), the Company has also entered into a deed with each of the Directors to regulate certain matters between the Company and each Director, both during the time the Director holds office and after the Director ceases to be an officer of the Company, including the following matters:

- (a) The Company's obligation to indemnify a Director for liabilities or legal costs incurred as an officer of the Company (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act); and
- Subject to the terms of the deed and the Corporations Act, the Company may advance monies (b) to the Director to meet any costs or expenses of the Director incurred in circumstances relating to the indemnities provided under the deed and prior to the outcome of any legal proceedings brought against the Director.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF CONSOLIDATED ENTITY

No person has applied for leave of a court to bring proceedings on behalf of Orion or intervene in any proceedings to which Orion is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of Orion for all or any part of such proceedings. Orion was not a party to any such proceedings during and since the financial year.

AUDITORS

Details of the amounts paid or payable by the Company to the Auditors for audit and non-audit (tax services) services provided during the financial year are set out below:

Auditor	Audit & Review Fees	Non-Audit Services	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Rothsay Auditing	22,000	-	22,000

The Board is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth). The Board is satisfied that the nature of the non-audit services disclosed above did not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Rothsay Auditing continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) forms part of this Directors Report and is set out on page 17. This relates to the Audit Report, where the Auditors state that they have issued an independence declaration.

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

The Directors are not aware of any matters or circumstances at the date of this Directors' Report, other than those referred to in this Directors' Report (in particular, in the Review of Operations) or the financial statements or notes thereto (in particular Note 26), that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations, the results of operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

Signed for and on behalf of the Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Board,

Faroog Khan Chairman

31 August 2017

Company Secretary



Level 1, Lincoln House, 4 Ventnor Avenue, West Perth WA 6005 P.O. Box 8716, Perth Business Centre WA 6849 Phone (08) 9486 7094 www.rothsayresources.com.au

The Directors
Orion Equities Limited
Level 2 23 Ventnor Ave
West Perth WA 6005

Dear Sirs

In accordance with Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 (the "Act") I hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Act in relation to the audit of the 30 June 2017 financial statements; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

Graham Swan FCA (Lead auditor)

Rothsay Auditing

Dated 31 August 2017

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 30 June 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue	2	47,884	50,477
Other			
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		29,852	-
Share of net profit of Associate entity		-	147,205
Other income		283	1,099
TOTAL REVENUE AND INCOME		78,019	198,781
EXPENSES	3		
Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	(37,868)
Share of net loss of Associate entity		(1,245,250)	-
Olive grove operation expenses		(37,913)	(60,763)
Land operation expenses		(33,993)	(15,156)
Impairment loss on property held for development or resale		(130,000)	-
Personnel expenses		(437,489)	(484,190)
Occupancy expenses		(23,547)	(27,845)
Corporate expenses		(28,680)	(26,022)
Communication expenses		(4,887)	(4,690)
Finance expenses		(2,588)	(2,762)
Administration expenses		(32,593)	(83,438)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX		(1,898,921)	(543,953)
Income tax expense	5	(125,927)	-
LOSS FOR THE YEAR		(2,024,848)	(543,953)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Revaluation of assets, net of tax	18	(275,283)	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		(2,300,131)	(543,953)
LOSS PER SHARE FOR LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY			
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents)	6	(12.94)	(3.47)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 30 June 2017

OURDENIT ASSETS	Note	2017	2016
CURRENT ASSETS	7	\$	\$ 70.700
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8	207,703 494,357	78,788 722,445
Receivables	11	19,132	20,391
Other current assets	••	4,166	4,785
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	,	725,358	826,409
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Investment in Associate entity	22	2,002,205	3,452,593
Property held for development or resale	12	1,220,000	1,350,000
Property, plant and equipment	13	1,512,734	1,948,495
Olive trees	14	65,500	65,500
Deferred tax asset	5	61,206	116,782
TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS		4,861,645	6,933,370
TOTAL ASSETS	,	5,587,003	7,759,779
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables	15	257,302	93,026
Provisions	16	66,164	47,509
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		323,466	140,535
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liability	5	61,206	116,782
TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		61,206	116,782
TOTAL LIABILITIES		384,672	257,317
NET ASSETS		5,202,331	7,502,462
EQUITY			
Issued capital	17	18,808,028	18,808,028
Reserves	18	306,653	450,344
Accumulated losses		(13,912,350)	(11,755,910)
TOTAL EQUITY		5,202,331	7,502,462
	;	· '	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 30 June 2017

	Note	Issued Capital	Reserves \$	Accumulated Losses	Total \$
BALANCE AT 1 JULY 2015		18,854,714	436,643	(11,198,256)	8,093,101
Loss for the year		-	-	(543,953)	(543,953)
Profits reserve transfer		-	13,701	(13,701)	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	13,701	(557,654)	(543,953)
Transactions with owners in their capacity Share buy-back	as owne	ers: (46,686)	_		(46,686)
Share buy buck		(10,000)			(10,000)
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2016	_	18,808,028	450,344	(11,755,910)	7,502,462
BALANCE AT 1 JULY 2016		18,808,028	450,344	(11,755,910)	7,502,462
Loss for the year		-	-	(2,024,848)	(2,024,848)
Profits reserve transfer	18	-	131,592	(131,592)	- -
Other comprehensive income	18	-	(275,283)	-	(275,283)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	(143,691)	(2,156,440)	(2,300,131)
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2017	_	18,808,028	306,653	(13,912,350)	5,202,331

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 30 June 2017

	Note	2017 \$	2016 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Þ	Ф
Receipts from customers		44,200	44,200
Dividends received		207,440	208,269
Interest received		1,382	3,145
Other income received		283	1,099
Payments to suppliers and employees		(382,143)	(672,718)
Interest paid		(64)	(27)
Sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		263,693	504,111
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(5,753)	(102,305)
NET CASH (USED IN)/PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	7	129,038	(14,226)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of plant and equipment	13	(123)	(1,107)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(123)	(1,107)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Share buy-back		-	(46,686)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u> </u>	-	(46,686)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		128,915	(62,019)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		78,788	140,807
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF FINANCIAL YEAR	7	207,703	78,788

for the year ended 30 June 2017

1. **ABOUT THIS REPORT**

1.1 Background

This financial report covers the consolidated financial statement of the consolidated entity consisting of Orion Equities Limited (the Company), its subsidiaries and investments in associates (the Consolidated Entity or **Orion**). The financial report is presented in the Australian currency.

Orion Equities Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated in New South Wales, Australia and whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX).

These financial statements have been prepared on a streamlined basis where key information is grouped together for ease of understanding and readability. The notes include information which is required to understand the financial statements and is material and relevant to the operations, financial position and performance of the Consolidated Entity.

Information is considered material and relevant if, for example:

- the amount in question is significant because of its (a) size or nature:
- it is important for understanding the results of the (b) Consolidated Entity;
- it helps to explain the impact of significant changes in the Consolidated Entity's business – for example, acquisitions; or
- (d) it relates to an aspect of the Consolidated Entity's operations that is important to its future performance.

The notes are organised into the following sections:

Key Performance: Provides a breakdown of the (a) key individual line items in the statement of comprehensive income that the Directors consider most relevant to understanding performance and shareholder returns for the year:

Notes

- 2 Revenue
- 3 **Expenses**
- 4 Segment information
- 5 Tax
- Loss per share
- Financial Risk Management: Provides information (b) about the Consolidated Entity's exposure and management of various financial risks and explains how these affect the Consolidated Entity's financial position and performance:

- Cash and cash equivalents 7
- Financial assets at fair value through 8
- profit or loss
- 9 Financial risk management
- Fair value measurement of financial 10 instruments

(c) Other Assets and Liabilities: Provides information on other balance sheet assets and liabilities that do not materially affect performance or give rise to material financial risk:

Notes

- Receivables 11
- 12 Property held for resale
- 13 Property, plant and equipment
- Olive trees 14
- 15 **Payables**
- 16
- Capital Structure: This section outlines how the Consolidated Entity manages its capital structure and related financing costs, as well as capital adequacy and reserves. It also provides details on the dividends paid by the Company:

Notes

- Issued capital 17
- 18 Reserves
- Capital risk management 19
- Consolidated Entity Structure: Provides details and disclosures relating to the parent entity of the Consolidated Entity, controlled investments in associates and any acquisitions and/or disposals of businesses in the year. Disclosure on related parties is also provided in the

Notes

- 20 Parent entity information
- 21 Investment in controlled entities
- 22 Investment in associate entity Related party transactions
- (f) Other: Provides information on items which require disclosure to comply with Australian Accounting Standards and other regulatory pronouncements however, are not considered significant in understanding the financial performance or position of the Consolidated Entity:

Notes

- 24 Auditors' remuneration
- 25 Contingencies
- Events occurring after the reporting

Significant and other accounting policies that summarise the measurement basis used and presentation policies and are relevant to an understanding of the financial statements are provided throughout the notes to the financial statements.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

1.2. **Basis of preparation**

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Australia Accounting Interpretations and the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), as appropriate for for-profit entities.

Compliance with IFRS

consolidated financial statements of the Consolidated Entity also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Reporting Basis and Conventions

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected non-current assets, and financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

1.3. **Principles of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries of Orion Equities Limited as at 30 June 2017 and the results of its subsidiaries for the year then ended. Orion Equities Limited and its subsidiaries are referred to in this financial report as the Consolidated Entity.

All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the Consolidated Entity, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation.

1.4. **Comparative Figures**

Certain comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the Statement of Financial Position are shown inclusive of GST. Cash flows are presented in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

1.6. Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Entity reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the profit or loss. Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Consolidated Entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Dividends Policy

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared; being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at the Balance Date.

New, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Consolidated Entity has adopted all of the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not mandatory have not been early adopted.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

1.9. Summary of Accounting Standards Issued but not yet Effective

The following new Accounting Standards and Interpretations (which have been released but not yet adopted) have been considered and is expected to have limited material impact on the Consolidated Entity's financial statements or the associated notes therein.

	Title and		
AASB reference	Affected Standard(s)	Nature of Change	Application date
AASB 9, and relevant	Instruments	AASB 9 replaces AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.	Annual reporting
amending standards		Except for certain trade receivables, an entity initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.	periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
		Debt instruments are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), amortised cost, or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI), on the basis of their contractual cash flows and the business model under which the debt instruments are held.	
		There is a fair value option (FVO) that allows financial assets on initial recognition to be designated as FVTPL if that eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.	
		Equity instruments are generally measured at FVTPL. However, entities have an irrevocable option on an instrument-by-instrument basis to present changes in the fair value of non-trading instruments in other comprehensive income (OCI) without subsequent reclassification to profit or loss.	
		For financial liabilities designated as FVTPL using the FVO, the amount of change in the fair value of such financial liabilities that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in OCI. The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation in OCI of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss.	
		All other AASB 139 classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities have been carried forward into AASB 9, including the embedded derivative separation rules and the criteria for using the FVO.	
		The incurred credit loss model in AASB 139 has been replaced with an expected credit loss model in AASB 9.	
		The requirements for hedge accounting have been amended to more closely align hedge accounting with risk management, establish a more principle-based approach to hedge accounting and address inconsistencies in the hedge accounting model in AASB 139.	
AASB 2014-10	Amendments to Australian Accounting	The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in AASB 3 Business Combinations.	Annual reporting periods
	Standards – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an	Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.	beginning on or after 1 January 2018
	Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	AASB 2015-10 defers the mandatory effective date (application date) of AASB 2014-10 so that the amendments are required to be applied for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 instead of 1 January 2016.	

for the year ended 30 June 2017

1.9 Summary of Accounting Standards Issued but not yet Effective (continued)

AASB	Title and Affected		Application
reference	Standard(s)	Nature of Change	date
AASB 2016-5	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification and Measurement of Share- based Payment Transactions	 This Standard amends AASB 2 Share-based Payment, clarifying how to account for certain types of share-based payment transactions. The amendments provide requirements on the accounting for: The effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments Share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations A modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity-settled. 	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
AASB 15, and relevant amending standards	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	AASB 15 replaces all existing revenue requirements in Australian Accounting Standards (AASB 111 Construction Contracts, AASB 118 Revenue, AASB Interpretation 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes, AASB Interpretation 15 Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, AASB Interpretation 18 Transfers of Assets from Customers and AASB Interpretation 131 Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services) and applies to all revenue arising from contracts with customers, unless the contracts are in the scope of other standards, such as AASB 117 (or AASB 16 Leases, once applied).	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
		The core principle of AASB 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognises revenue in accordance with the core principle by applying the following steps:	
		Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer	
		Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract	
		Step 3: Determine the transaction price	
		Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract	
		Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation	
AASB 2017-1	Amendments	The amendments clarify certain requirements in:	Annual
	to Australian Accounting Standards – Transfers of Investments	 AASB 1 First-time Adoption of Australian Accounting Standards –deletion of exemptions for first-time adopters and addition of an exemption arising from AASB Interpretation 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration 	reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
	Property, Annual Improvements	AASB 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities – clarification of scope	
	2014-2016 Cycle and Other	AASB 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – measuring an associate or joint venture at fair value	
	Amendments	AASB 140 Investment Property – change in use.	

for the year ended 30 June 2017

1.9 Summary of Accounting Standards Issued but not yet Effective (continued)

AASB reference	Title and Affected Standard(s)	Nature of Change	Application date
AASB Interpretation 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration	The Interpretation clarifies that in determining the spot exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to advance consideration, the date of the transaction is the date on which an entity initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, then the entity must determine a date of the transactions for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
AASB 16	Leases	AASB 16 requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model in a similar way to finance leases under AASB 117 Leases. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees – leases of 'low-value' assets (e.g., personal computers) and short-term leases (i.e. leases with a lease term of 12 months or less). At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognise a liability to make lease payments (i.e. the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e. the right-of-use asset).	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019
		Lessees will be required to separately recognise the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset.	
		Lessees will be required to re-measure the lease liability upon the occurrence of certain events (e.g. a change in the lease term, a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payments). The lessee will generally recognise the amount of the re-measurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.	
		Lessor accounting is substantially unchanged from today's accounting under AASB 117. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification principle as in AASB 117 and distinguish between two types of leases: operating and finance leases.	

for the year ended 30 June 2017

2. REVENUE

	2017	2016
The consolidated loss before income tax includes the following items of revenue:	\$	\$
Revenue		
Rental revenue	44,200	44,200
Dividend revenue	2,302	3,132
Interest revenue	1,382	3,145
_	47,884	50,477
Other		
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	29,852	-
Share of net profit of Associate entity	-	147,205
Other income	283	1,099
	78,019	198,781

Accounting policy

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Consolidated Entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST) except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

(a) Sale of financial assets, goods and other assets

Revenue from the sale of financial assets, goods or other assets is recognised when the Consolidated Entity has passed control of the financial assets, goods or other assets to the buyer.

(b) Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

(c) Dividend revenue

Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established. The Consolidated Entity brings dividend revenue to account on the applicable ex-dividend entitlement date.

(d) Other revenues

Other revenues are recognised on a receipts basis.

EXPENSES

	2017	2016
The consolidated loss before income tax includes the following items of expenses:	\$	\$
Net loss on financial assets at fair value thorugh profit or loss	-	37,868
Share of net loss of Associate entity	1,245,250	-
Olive grove operations		
Depreciation of olive grove assets	32,863	41,071
Other expenses	5,050	19,692
Land operations		
Impairment loss on property held for development or resale	130,000	-
Other expenses	33,993	15,156
Salaries, fees and employee benefits	437,489	484,190

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Occupancy expenses 23,547 27,845 Finance expenses 23,548 2,762 Communication expenses 4,887 4,690 Corporate expenses 8,959 7,281 ASX fees 16,993 15,894 Share registry 8,959 7,281 Other corporate expenses 2,728 2,847 Administration expenses 12,280 32,387 Perpreciation 1,812 2,157 Other administration expenses 1,812 2,157 Other administration expenses 1,815,001 48,894 2,175 1,815,001 48,894 1,976,940 742,734 742,734 4. SEGMENT INFORMATION Investments Olive grove Corporate Total Revenue 46,785 - - 46,785 Segment revenues 76,637 - 1,382 78,019 Personnel expenses - (10,915) 437,489 426,574 Finance expenses 704 190 2,094 49,71	3.	EXPENSES (continued)			2017	2016
Finance expenses 2,588 2,762 Cornmunication expenses 4,887 4,690 Corporate expenses - 16,993 15,894 ASX fees 8,959 7,281 Other corporate expenses - 2,728 2,847 Administration expenses - 12,280 32,387 Poperciation - 1,812 2,157 Other administration expenses 1,8501 48,894 Depreciation - 1,8501 48,894 Professional and legal fees - 1,8501 48,894 Depreciation - 1,8501 48,894 Poter administration expenses - 1,976,940 742,734 Negenstrate demander - 1,976,940 742,734 Segment revenues - - Corporate Total Segment revenues 46,785 - - 46,785 Other 29,852 - 1,382 31,234 Total segment revenues - (10,915 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>\$</th><th>\$</th></td<>					\$	\$
Communication expenses 4,887 4,690 Corporate expenses 16,993 15,894 ASX fees 8,959 7,281 Other corporate expenses 2,728 2,847 Administration expenses 2,128 2,847 Administration expenses 12,280 32,387 Depreciation 1,812 2,157 Other administration expenses 18,501 48,894 1,976,940 742,734 4. SEGMENT INFORMATION Investments Olive grove Corporate Total 2017 \$ \$ \$ \$ Revenue 46,785 1 32,325 Revenue 46,785 1 32,324 Other 29,852 1 3,32 31,324 Total segment revenues 76,637 1 3,32 36,00 Personnel expenses 1 (10,915) 437,489 426,574 Finance expenses 7 (10,915) 437,489 426,574 Finance expenses		Occupancy expenses			23,547	27,845
Corporate expenses ASX fees 16,993 15,894 Share registry 2,728 2,728 2,847 Other corporate expenses 2,284 2,847 Administration expenses 12,280 32,387 Porfessional and legal fees 1,812 2,157 Other administration expenses 1,8501 48,894 Porfessional and legal fees 1,976,940 742,734 Other administration expenses Very figure (1,976,940) 742,734 Pother administration expenses Note figure (1,976,940) 742,734 Pother administration expenses Very figure (1,976,940) 742,734 Pother administration expenses Note figure (1,976,940) 742,734 Pother administration expenses Note figure (1,976,940) 742,734 Revenue 46,785 1 Corporate 75 Revenue 46,785 1 3 31,232 31,234 Total segment revenues 76,637 1 46,785 3 78,019 446,785 46,785 49,781 49,781		Finance expenses			2,588	2,762
ASX fees		Communication expenses			4,887	4,690
Share registry Other corporate expenses 8,959 (7,281) Administration expenses 2,728 (2,847) Professional and legal fees Depreciation Other administration expenses 1,2280 (2,157) Other administration expenses 1,812 (2,157) Other administration expenses 1,850 (2,157) SEGMENT INFORMATION Investments Olive grove Segment revenues Corporate Segment revenues Revenue 46,785 (2,158) 1,822 (2,158) Other 29,852 (2,158) 1,382 (3,123) Total segment revenues 76,637 (1,0915) 437,489 (42,574) Personnel expenses - (10,915) (437,489 (42,574) 426,574 Finance expenses 704 (10,915) (437,489 (42,674) 426,574 Finance expenses 704 (10,915) (437,489 (42,674) 426,574 Revaluation/Depreciation expenses 968 (5,139 (43,612) (49,719) 43,612 (49,719) Revaluation/Depreciation expenses 1,300 (32,861) (53,741) (551,427) (1,898,922) Other expenses 1,254,546 (10,637) (551,427) (1,898,922) Total segment loss (1,309,581) (37,91) (551,427) (1,898,922) Segment assets 2 (2,002,006) (49,906) (49,906) (49,906) (49,906) (49,906) (49,906) (49,906) (49		Corporate expenses				
Other corporate expenses 2,728 2,848 Administration expenses Professional and legal fees 12,280 32,387 Depreciation 1,8501 48,894 Other administration expenses 18,501 48,894 1,976,940 742,734 4. SEGMENT INFORMATION Investments Olive grove Corporate Total 2017 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Segment revenues 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 1,382 31,234 - 76,815 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 46,785 - 44,785 - 46,785 - 47,815 - 47,		ASX fees			16,993	15,894
Administration expenses Professional and legal fees 12,280 32,387 Depreciation 1,812 2,157 Other administration expenses 18,501 48,894 1,976,940 742,734 SEGMENT INFORMATION Investments Olive grove Corporate Total 2017 Segment revenues 8 5 \$		Share registry			8,959	7,281
Professional and legal fees Depreciation 12,280 32,387 Other administration expenses 1,812 2,157 48,894 18,501 48,894 1,976,940 742,734 SEGMENT INFORMATION Investments Olive grove Corporate Total 2017 \$		Other corporate expenses			2,728	2,847
Depreciation Other administration expenses 1,815 1,850 48,894 1,976,940 742,734 74		Administration expenses				
Other administration expenses Investments Olive grove Corporate Total 2017 s \$ \$ \$ \$ Segment revenues 29,852 \$		Professional and legal fees			12,280	32,387
4. SEGMENT INFORMATION Investments Olive grove Corporate Total 2017 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		Depreciation			1,812	2,157
4. SEGMENT INFORMATION Investments Olive grove Corporate Total 2017 \$		Other administration expenses			18,501	48,894
2017 \$ \$ \$ \$ Segment revenues Revenue 46,785 - - 46,785 Other 29,852 - 1,382 31,234 Total segment revenues 76,637 - 1,382 78,019 Personnel expenses - (10,915) 437,489 426,574 Finance expenses 704 190 2,090 2,984 Administration expenses 968 5,139 43,612 49,719 Revaluation/Depreciation expense 130,000 32,863 1,812 164,675 Other expenses 1,254,546 10,637 67,806 1,332,989 Total segment loss (1,309,581) (37,914) (551,427) (1,898,922) Segment assets 2 2 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - 2 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - 2 200,206 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>=</th> <th>1,976,940</th> <th>742,734</th>				=	1,976,940	742,734
2017 \$ \$ \$ \$ Segment revenues Revenue 46,785 - - 46,785 Other 29,852 - 1,382 31,234 Total segment revenues 76,637 - 1,382 78,019 Personnel expenses - (10,915) 437,489 426,574 Finance expenses 704 190 2,090 2,984 Administration expenses 968 5,139 43,612 49,719 Revaluation/Depreciation expense 130,000 32,863 1,812 164,675 Other expenses 1,254,546 10,637 67,806 1,332,989 Total segment loss (1,309,581) (37,914) (551,427) (1,898,922) Segment assets 2 2 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - 2 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - 2 200,206 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - </td <td>4.</td> <td>SEGMENT INFORMATION</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	4.	SEGMENT INFORMATION				
Segment revenues Revenue 46,785 - - 46,785 Other 29,852 - 1,382 31,234 Total segment revenues 76,637 - 1,382 78,019 Personnel expenses - (10,915) 437,489 426,574 Finance expenses 704 190 2,090 2,984 Administration expenses 968 5,139 43,612 49,719 Revaluation/Depreciation expense 130,000 32,863 1,812 164,675 Other expenses 1,254,546 10,637 67,806 1,332,989 Total segment loss (1,309,581) (37,914) (551,427) (1,898,922) Segment assets Cash and cash equivalents - - 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - -			Investments	Olive grove	Corporate	Total
Revenue 46,785 - - 46,785 Other 29,852 - 1,382 31,234 Total segment revenues 76,637 - 1,382 78,019 Personnel expenses - (10,915) 437,489 426,574 Finance expenses 704 190 2,090 2,984 Administration expenses 968 5,139 43,612 49,719 Revaluation/Depreciation expense 130,000 32,863 1,812 164,675 Other expenses 1,254,546 10,637 67,806 1,332,989 Total segment loss (1,309,581) (37,914) (551,427) (1,898,922) Segment assets Cash and cash equivalents - - 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property,		2017	\$	\$	\$	\$
Other 29,852 - 1,382 31,234 Total segment revenues 76,637 - 1,382 78,019 Personnel expenses - (10,915) 437,489 426,574 Finance expenses 704 190 2,090 2,984 Administration expenses 968 5,139 43,612 49,719 Revaluation/Depreciation expense 130,000 32,863 1,812 164,675 Other expenses 1,254,546 10,637 67,806 1,332,989 Total segment loss (1,309,581) (37,914) (551,427) (1,898,922) Segment assets Cash and cash equivalents - - 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734		Segment revenues				
Total segment revenues 76,637 - 1,382 78,019 Personnel expenses - (10,915) 437,489 426,574 Finance expenses 704 190 2,090 2,984 Administration expenses 968 5,139 43,612 49,719 Revaluation/Depreciation expense 130,000 32,863 1,812 164,675 Other expenses 1,254,546 10,637 67,806 1,332,989 Total segment loss (1,309,581) (37,914) (551,427) (1,898,922) Segment assets Cash and cash equivalents - - 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005 </td <td></td> <td>Revenue</td> <td>46,785</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>46,785</td>		Revenue	46,785	-	-	46,785
Personnel expenses - (10,915) 437,489 426,574 Finance expenses 704 190 2,090 2,984 Administration expenses 968 5,139 43,612 49,719 Revaluation/Depreciation expense 130,000 32,863 1,812 164,675 Other expenses 1,254,546 10,637 67,806 1,332,989 Total segment loss (1,309,581) (37,914) (551,427) (1,898,922) Segment assets Cash and cash equivalents 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005		Other	29,852	-	1,382	31,234
Finance expenses 704 190 2,090 2,984 Administration expenses 968 5,139 43,612 49,719 Revaluation/Depreciation expense 130,000 32,863 1,812 164,675 Other expenses 1,254,546 10,637 67,806 1,332,989 Total segment loss (1,309,581) (37,914) (551,427) (1,898,922) Segment assets - - - 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005		Total segment revenues	76,637	-	1,382	78,019
Administration expenses 968 5,139 43,612 49,719 Revaluation/Depreciation expense 130,000 32,863 1,812 164,675 Other expenses 1,254,546 10,637 67,806 1,332,989 Total segment loss (1,309,581) (37,914) (551,427) (1,898,922) Segment assets Cash and cash equivalents - - 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005		Personnel expenses	-	(10,915)	437,489	426,574
Revaluation/Depreciation expense 130,000 32,863 1,812 164,675 Other expenses 1,254,546 10,637 67,806 1,332,989 Total segment loss (1,309,581) (37,914) (551,427) (1,898,922) Segment assets 207,703 207,703 207,703 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005		Finance expenses	704	190	2,090	2,984
Other expenses 1,254,546 10,637 67,806 1,332,989 Total segment loss (1,309,581) (37,914) (551,427) (1,898,922) Segment assets Cash and cash equivalents - - 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005		Administration expenses	968	5,139	43,612	49,719
Segment assets - - 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005		Revaluation/Depreciation expense	130,000	32,863	1,812	164,675
Segment assets Cash and cash equivalents - - 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005		Other expenses	1,254,546	10,637	67,806	1,332,989
Cash and cash equivalents - - 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005		Total segment loss	(1,309,581)	(37,914)	(551,427)	(1,898,922)
Cash and cash equivalents - - 207,703 207,703 Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005		Seament assets				
Financial assets 494,357 - - 494,357 Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005		_	-	-	207,703	207,703
Property held for development or resale 1,220,000 - - 1,220,000 Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005		·	494,357	-	-	
Investment in Associate 2,002,206 - - 2,002,206 Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005				-	-	
Property, plant and equipment - 1,507,287 5,447 1,512,734 Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005				-	-	
Other assets - 66,779 83,226 150,005			-	1,507,287	5,447	
			-			
			3,716,563			

for the year ended 30 June 2017

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

2016	Investments	Olive grove	Corporate	Total
Segment revenues	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	50,477	-	-	50,477
Other	147,205	-	1,099	148,304
Total segment revenues	197,682	-	1,099	198,781
			10.1.100	101 100
Personnel expenses	-	-	484,190	484,190
Finance expenses	-	(86)	2,942	2,856
Administration expenses	-	8,075	77,277	85,352
Depreciation expense	-	41,071	2,157	43,228
Other expenses	50,484	11,703	64,921	127,108
Total segment profit/(loss)	147,198	(60,763)	(630,388)	(543,953)
2247				
2016				
Segment assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	78,788	78,788
Financial assets	722,445	-	-	722,445
Property held for development or resale	1,350,000	-	-	1,350,000
Investment in Associate	3,452,593	-	-	3,452,593
Property, plant and equipment	-	1,941,359	7,136	1,948,495
Other assets	-	66,765	140,693	207,458
Total segment assets	5,525,038	2,008,124	226,617	7,759,779

Accounting policy

The operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the "Chief Operating Decision Maker" (CODM). The Consolidated Entity's CODM is the Board of Directors who are responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

The Board has considered the business and geographical perspectives of the operating results and determined that the Consolidated Entity operates only within Australia, with the main segments being Investments and Olive Grove. Corporate items are mainly comprised of corporate assets, office expenses and income tax assets and liabilities.

Description of segments

- (a) Investments comprise of equity investments of companies listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) and liquid financial assets;
- (b) Olive grove is in relation to the olive grove farm in Gingin;
- (c) Corporate items are mainly comprised of corporate assets, office expenses and income tax assets and liabilities.

Liabilities

Liabilities are not reported to the CODM by segment. All liabilities are assessed at a consolidated entity level.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

TAX			2017	2016
The	components of tax expense/(benefit) comprise:		\$	\$
	rent tax		125,927	-
Def	erred tax		-	-
		<u> </u>	125,927	-
(a)	The prima facie tax on operating loss before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows:			
	Prima facie tax payable on operating loss before income tax at 27.5% (2016: 28.5%)		(556,834)	(155,026)
	Adjust tax effect of:			
	Other assessable income		80,861	84,959
	Non-deductible expenses		1,517	7,112
	Share of net loss of Associate		342,444	(41,953)
	Current year tax losses not brought to account		132,012	104,908
	Prior year's deferred tax assets recognition reversal		125,927	-
	Income tax attributable to entity	_	125,927	-
(b)	Deferred tax assets			
• •	Employee benefits and accruals		-	22,220
	Fair value losses		61,206	94,562
			61,206	116,782
	Deferred tax liabilities	_		
	Fair value gains		61,206	116,782
	-	_	61,206	116,782
		Employee benefits	Fair value	Total
/i)	Movements - deferred tax assets			
(i)		\$	\$	170.424
	At 1 July 2015	22,916	156,508	179,424
	(Credited)/charged to income statement At 30 June 2016	(696) 22,220	(61,946) 94,562	(62,642) 116,782
	At 50 Julie 2010 =	22,220	74,302	110,762
	At 1 July 2016	22,220	94,562	116,782
	(Credited)/charged to income statement	22,220 (22,220)	(33,356)	(55,576)
(ii)	(Credited)/charged to income statement		(33,356)	(55,576)
(ii)	(Credited)/charged to income statement At 30 June 2017		(33,356)	(55,576)
(ii)	(Credited)/charged to income statement At 30 June 2017 Movements - Deferred tax liabilities		(33,356) 61,206	(55,576) 61,206
(ii)	(Credited)/charged to income statement At 30 June 2017 Movements - Deferred tax liabilities At 1 July 2015		(33,356) 61,206	(55,576) 61,206 179,424
(ii)	(Credited)/charged to income statement At 30 June 2017 Movements - Deferred tax liabilities At 1 July 2015 Credited/(charged) to income statement		(33,356) 61,206 179,424 (62,642)	(55,576) 61,206 179,424 (62,642)
(ii)	(Credited)/charged to income statement At 30 June 2017 Movements - Deferred tax liabilities At 1 July 2015 Credited/(charged) to income statement At 30 June 2016		(33,356) 61,206 179,424 (62,642) 116,782	(55,576) 61,206 179,424 (62,642) 116,782

for the year ended 30 June 2017

5. TAX (continued)

	2017	2016
(iii) Deferred tax recognised directly in other comprehensive income	\$	\$
Revaluations of land and intangible assets	125,926	-
Unrecognised deferred tax balances		
Unrecognised deferred tax asset - revenue losses	2,708,242	2,742,068
Unrecognised deferred tax asset - capital losses	254,768	28,388
	2,963,010	2,770,456

Critical accounting judgement and estimate

The above deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the above items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Consolidated Entity can utilise the benefits. Revenue and capital tax losses are subject to relevant statutory tests.

Tax Consolidation

The head entity, Orion Equities Limited and its controlled entities have formed a tax consolidated group with effect from 29 June 2004. The members of the tax consolidation group continue to account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. These tax amounts are measured as if each entity in the tax consolidated group continues to be a stand-alone taxpayer in its own right.

In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, the Company also recognises the current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets (as appropriate) arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from controlled entities in the tax consolidated group.

Assets or liabilities arising under tax funding agreements within the tax consolidated entities are recognised as amounts receivable from or payable to other entities in the group.

Any differences between the amounts assumed and amounts receivable or payable under the tax funding agreement are recognised as a contribution to (or distribution from) wholly-owned tax consolidated entities.

Accounting policy

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the notional income tax rate for each taxing jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses (if applicable).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each taxing jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

ORION EQUITIES LIMITED A.B.N. 77 000 742 843

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2017

5. TAX (continued)

Accounting policy (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. The amount of deferred tax assets benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future, is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the Consolidated Entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in other comprehensive income or equity are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income or equity.

LOSS PER SHARE 2017 2016

Basic and diluted loss per share (cents)

(12.94)(3.47)

The following represents the loss and weighted average number of shares used in the loss per share calculations:

Net loss after income tax (\$)

(2,024,848)

(543,953)

Number of Shares

Weighted average number of ordinary shares

15.649.228

15,694,799

The Consolidated Entity has no securities outstanding which have the potential to convert to ordinary shares and dilute the basic loss per share.

Accounting policy

Basic loss per share is determined by dividing the operating result after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares on issue during the financial period.

Diluted loss per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic loss per share by taking into account amounts unpaid on ordinary shares and any reduction in loss per share that will probably arise from the exercise of options outstanding during the financial period.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

2017

2016

Cash at bank

207,703 78,788

for the year ended 30 June 2017

7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

Accounting policy

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts (if any) are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

Reconciliation of operating loss after income tax to net cash used	in 2017	2016
operating activities	\$	\$
Loss after income tax	(2,024,848)	(543,953)
Add non-cash items:		
Depreciation	34,675	43,228
Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(23,303)	37,868
Impairment loss on property held for development or resale	130,000	-
Share of net (profit)/loss of Associate	1,245,250	(147,205)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	251,391	401,805
Receivables	1,258	4,176
Other current assets	619	43
Investment in Associate entity	205,138	205,138
Payables	164,277	(26,264)
Provisions	18,654	10,938
Deferred tax	125,927	-
	129,038	(14,226)
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Listed securities at fair value	420,001	456,195
Unlisted managed fund at fair value	74,356	266,250
	494,357	722,445
Accounting policy		

Accounting policy

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit and loss acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management and within the requirements of AASB 139: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments will recognise its realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets are included in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date which is the current bid price. The fair value of the unlisted managed fund is determined from unit price information provided by investment manager. The Consolidated Entity's investment portfolio is accounted for as a "financial assets at fair value through profit and loss" and is carried at fair value.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Consolidated Entity's financial instruments consist of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and payable, investments in listed securities, and other unlisted securities. The principal activity of the Consolidated Entity is the management of its investments (Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss) (refer Note 8). The Consolidated Entity's investments are subject to market (which includes interest rate and price risk), credit and liquidity risks.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the overall internal control framework (which includes risk management) but no cost-effective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. The system is based, in part, on the appointment of suitably qualified management personnel. The effectiveness of the system is continually reviewed by management and at least annually by the Board.

The financial receivables and payables of the Consolidated Entity in the table below are due or payable within 30 days. The financial investments are held for trading and are realised at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

The Consolidated Entity holds the following financial assets and liabilities:

		2017	2016
	Note	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	7	207,703	78,788
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8	494,357	722,445
Receivables	11	19,132	20,391
		721,192	821,624
Payables	15	(257,302)	(93,026)
Net financial assets	·	463,890	728,598

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value and/or future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market factors. Market risk comprises of price risk from fluctuations in the fair value of equities and interest rate risk from fluctuations in market interest rates.

The Consolidated Entity is exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises from investments held by the Consolidated Entity and classified in the Statement of Financial Position at fair value through profit or loss. The Consolidated Entity is not exposed to commodity price risk, save where this has an indirect impact via market risk and equity securities price risk.

The value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all instruments in the market. By its nature as an investment company, the Consolidated Entity will always be subject to market risk as it invests its capital in securities that are not risk free the market price of these securities can and will fluctuate. The Consolidated Entity does not manage this risk through entering into derivative contracts, futures, options or swaps.

Equity price risk is minimised through ensuring that investment activities are undertaken in accordance with Board established mandate limits and investment strategies.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(i) Price risk (continued)

The Consolidated Entity has performed a sensitivity analysis on its exposure to market price risk at balance date. The analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in these risks. The ASX All Ordinaries Accumulation Index was utilised as the benchmark for the unlisted and listed share investments which are financial assets availablefor-sale or at fair value through profit or loss.

			Impact on	other
	Impact on post	-tax profit	components of	of equity
ASX All Ordinaries Accumulation	2017	2016	2017	2016
Index	\$	\$	\$	\$
Increase 15%	(4,312)	10,905	(4,312)	10,905
Decrease 15%	4,312	(10,905)	4,312	(10,905)

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Consolidated Entity's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relate primarily to investments held in interest bearing instruments. The weighted average interest rate for the year for the table below is 1.35% (2016: 1.35%). The revenue exposure is immaterial in terms of the possible impact on profit or loss or total equity.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Cash at bank	207,703	78,788

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty under a financial instrument will default (in whole or in part) on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Consolidated Entity. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions. Concentrations of credit risk are minimised primarily by undertaking appropriate due diligence on potential investments, carrying out all market transactions through approved brokers, settling non-market transactions with the involvement of suitably qualified legal and accounting personnel (both internal and external), and obtaining sufficient collateral or other security (where appropriate) as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Consolidated Entity's business activities do not necessitate the requirement for collateral as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

The credit quality of the financial assets are neither past due nor impaired and can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available with Standard & Poor's) or to historical information about counterparty default rates. The maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets as summarised below:

2016

2017

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2017

9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

	2017	2010
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	\$
AA-	206,808	40,121
A-	-	37,773
	206,808	77,894
Receivables (due within 30 days)		
No external credit rating available	19,132	20,391

The Consolidated Entity measures credit risk on a fair value basis. The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net any provision for losses, represents the Consolidated Entity's maximum exposure to credit risk.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Consolidated Entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Consolidated Entity has no borrowings. The Consolidated Entity's non-cash investments can be realised to meet trade and other payables arising in the normal course of business. The financial liabilities disclosed in the above table have a maturity obligation of not more than 30 days.

10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13 (Fair Value Measurement) requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- (i) Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- (ii) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- (iii) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
2017	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Listed securities at fair value	420,001	-	-	420,001
Unlisted managed fund at fair value	-	74,356	-	74,356
Land at independent valuation	-	-	1,340,455	1,340,455
Olive trees	-	-	65,500	65,500
Total	420,001	74,356	1,405,955	1,900,312
				
2016				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Listed securities at fair value	456,195	-	-	456,195
Unlisted managed fund at fair value	-	266,250	-	266,250
Land at independent valuation	-	-	1,741,664	1,741,664
Olive trees	-	-	65,500	65,500
Total	456,195	266,250	1,807,164	2,529,609

for the year ended 30 June 2017

10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

There have been no transfers between the levels of the fair value hierarchy during the financial year.

(a) Valuation techniques

The fair value of the listed securities traded in active markets is based on closing bid prices at the end of the reporting period. These investments are included in Level 1.

The fair value of any assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using certain valuation techniques. The valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available, or independent valuation and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

The fair value of the unlisted managed fund invested is valued at the audited unit price published by the investment manager and as such this financial instrument is included in Level 2.

At Level 3, the land was valued by an independent qualified valuer (a Certified Practising Valuer and Associate Member of the Australian Property Institute) as at 15 June 2017. These assets have been valued based on similar assets, location and market conditions or Direct Comparison or Comparative Sales Approach. The land value per hectare based on rural land sold in the general location provided a rate which included ground water licence. A 4% change would increase or decrease the land's fair value by approximately \$54,000. There has been no unusual circumstances that may affect the value of the trees.

At Level 3 the olive trees' value was assessed as at 30 June 2017 by the Directors. The fair value of the trees is at the Directors' valuation having regard to, amongst other matters, replacement cost and the trees commercial production qualities. The significant unobservable input is the replacement cost of 18 year old fruiting trees. There are no age limits to the commercial viability of an olive grove. A 1% change in the (replacement) cost would result in an increase or decrease by \$3,500. There has been no unusual circumstances that may affect the value of the property.

(b) Level 3 assets	Land	Olive trees	Total
	\$	\$	\$
At 1 July 2016	1,741,664	65,500	1,807,164
Revaluation	(401,209)	-	(401,209)
At 30 June 2017	1,340,455	65,500	1,405,955
(c) Fair values of other financial assets and liabilities		2017	2016
		\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents		207,703	78,788
Receivables		19,132	20,391
	_	226,835	99,179
Payables		(257,302)	(93,026)
	_	(30,467)	6,153

Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amounts of cash, current receivables and current payables is assumed to approximate their fair value.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

11. RECEIVABLES	2017	2016
	\$	\$
GST receivable	2,069	2,363
Other receivables	3,313	4,278
Deposits	13,750	13,750
	19,132	20,391

Accounting policy

Receivables are recorded at amounts due less any provision for doubtful debts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when considered non-recoverable.

Risk Exposure

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to credit and interest rate risks is discussed in Note 9.

Impaired Trade Receivables

None of the Consolidated Entity's receivables are impaired or past due.

12. PROPERTY HELD FOR RESALE	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Property held for resale	3,797,339	3,797,339
Impairment of property	(2,577,339)	(2,447,339)
	1,220,000	1,350,000

Critical accounting judgement and estimate

Property held for development or resale was last valued by an independent qualified valuer (a Certified Practising Valuer and Associate Member of the Australian Property Institute) as at 9 June 2017. The revaluation impairment of \$130,000 has been recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Accounting policy

Property held for resale is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development, borrowing costs and holding costs until completion of development. Finance costs and holding charges incurred after development are expensed. Profits are brought to account on the signing of an unconditional contract of sale.

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Freehold land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Total
\$	\$	\$	\$
1,117,889	124,867	1,314,753	2,557,509
222,566	-	-	222,566
-	(65,779)	(1,201,562)	(1,267,341)
1,340,455	59,088	113,191	1,512,734
1,117,889	124,867	1,314,630	2,557,386
623,775	-	-	623,775
-	(60,988)	(1,171,678)	(1,232,666)
1,741,664	63,879	142,952	1,948,495
	\$ 1,117,889 222,566 - 1,340,455 1,117,889 623,775 -	\$ \$ 1,117,889 124,867 222,566 - (65,779) 1,340,455 59,088 1,117,889 124,867 623,775 - (60,988)	Freehold land

for the year ended 30 June 2017

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

	Freehold land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Total
Movements in Carrying Amounts	\$	\$	\$	\$
As at 1 July 2015	1,741,664	69,059	179,893	1,990,616
Revaluation/Additions	-	-	1,107	1,107
Depreciation expense	-	(5,180)	(38,048)	(43,228)
As at 30 June 2016	1,741,664	63,879	142,952	1,948,495
As at 1 July 2016	1,741,664	63,879	142,952	1,948,495
Revaluation/Additions	(401,209)	-	123	(401,086)
Depreciation expense	-	(4,791)	(29,884)	(34,675)
As at 30 June 2017	1,340,455	59,088	113,191	1,512,734

Critical accounting judgement and estimate

Land was valued by an independent qualified valuer (a Certified Practising Valuer and Associate Member of the Australian Property Institute) as at 15 June 2017. The revaluation impairment of \$401,209 has been recognised in the Asset Revaluation Reserve (refer to Note 18).

In assessing the recoverable amount of the groups farm property, plant and equipment, management monitors the worldwide olive oil prices annually in determining if the Gingin olives should be harvested. As such the property, plant and equipment is carried at its written down value and continues to be depreciated as it is in a condition to be used to generate economic benefits to the group at such time as required and the assets are maintained in fair condition and therefore their recoverable amount has been assessed to be in excess of their carrying values at reporting date.

Accounting policy

All plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Freehold land is not depreciated. Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of land are recognised, net of tax, in other comprehensive income and accumulated in reserves in equity. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognised in profit or loss, the increase is first recognised in profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. It is shown at fair value, based on periodic valuations by external, independent valuers.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by Directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present value in determining the recoverable amount.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Consolidated Entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each Balance Date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

Class of Fixed Asset	Rate	Method
Buildings	7.50%	Diminishing Value
Plant and Equipment	5-75%	Diminishing Value

14. OLIVE TREES	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Olive Trees - at cost	300,000	300,000
Revaluation	(234,500)	(234,500)
	65,500	65,500

Critical accounting judgement and estimate

There are approximately 64,500 18 year old olive trees on the 143 hectare Olive Grove located in Gingin, Western Australia. The fair value of the trees is at the Directors' valuation having regard to, amongst other matters, replacement cost and the trees commercial production qualities.

Accounting policy

Biological assets are initially, and subsequent to initial recognition, measured at their fair value less any estimated point-of-sale costs. Gains or losses arising on initial or subsequent recognition are accounted for via the profit or loss for the period in which the gain or loss arises. Agricultural produce harvested from the biological assets is measured at its fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs at the point of harvest.

15. PAYABLES	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Trade payables	6	28,275
Other payables and accrued expenses	53,809	64,751
Accrued Directors' fees and entitlements	203,487	-
	257,302	93,026

Accounting policy

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Consolidated Entity prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Risk exposure

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to risks arising from current payables is set out in Note 9.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

16.	PROVISIONS	2017	2016
		\$	\$
	Employee benefits - annual leave	3,035	4,059
	Employee benefits - long service leave	63,129	43,450
		66,164	47,509

Accounting policy

Short-term obligations

Provision is made for the Consolidated Entity's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the Balance Date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related oncosts. Employee benefits payable later than one year from the Balance Date have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. Employer superannuation contributions are made by the Consolidated Entity in accordance with statutory obligations and are charged as an expense when incurred.

Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liability for long-service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service.

(a) Amounts not expected to be settled within 12 months

The provision for annual leave and long service leave is presented as current since the Consolidated Entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for any of these employee benefits. Long service leave covers all unconditional entitlements where employees have completed the required period of service and also where employees are entitled to pro-rata payments in certain circumstances.

Based on past experience, the employees have never taken the full amount of long service leave or require payment within the next 12 months. The following amounts reflect leave that is not expected to be taken or paid within the next 12 months:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Leave obligations expected to be settled after 12 months	63,129	27,885

17. ISSUED CAPITAL

15,649,228 Fully paid ordinary shares (2016: 15,649,228) 18,808,028 18.808.028

Accounting policy

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and the right to dividends.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options for the acquisition of a business, are included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

17. ISSUED CAPITAL (continued)

		Number	
Movement in Ordinary shares	Date of Issue	of Shares	\$
At 1 July 2015		15,860,528	18,854,714
Share buy-back	Jun-Sep 15	(211,300)	(46,686)
At 30 June 2016		15,649,228	18,808,028

No movement in issued capital in the current financial year.

Share Buy-Back

Pursuant to an on-market share buy-back announced on 5 June 2015, the Company bought back 211,300 shares at a total cost of \$46,686 and at an average buy-back cost (including brokerage) of \$0.221 per share during the financial year ended 30 June 2016.

18.	RESERVES	2017	2016
		\$	\$
	Asset Revaluation Reserve		
	Revaluations of freehold land	222,566	623,775
	Deferred tax on revaluations	(61,206)	(187,132)
		161,360	436,643
	Profit reserve	145,293	13,701
		306,653	450,344

Asset Revaluation Reserve

The movement in the Asset Revaluation Reserve relates to the revaluation of the olive grove land from \$1,741,664 to \$1,340,455 (Note 13), as assessed by an independent qualified valuer (a Certified Practising Valuer and Associate Member of the Australian Property Institute) as at 15 June 2017.

Profits reserve

An increase in the Profits Reserve will arise when the Company or its subsidiaries generates a net profit (after tax) for a relevant financial period (i.e. half year or full year) which the Board determines to credit to the company's Profits Reserve. Dividends may be paid out of (and debited from) the company's Profits Reserve, from time to time.

19. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing its capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a capital structure balancing the interests of all shareholders.

The Board will consider capital management initiatives as is appropriate and in the best interests of the Company and shareholders from time to time, including undertaking capital raisings, share buy-backs, capital reductions and the payment of dividends.

The Consolidated Entity has no external borrowings. The Consolidated Entity's non-cash investments can be realised to meet accounts payable arising in the normal course of business.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

20. PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

The following information provided relates to the Company, Orion Equities Limited, as at 30 June 2017.

		2017	2016
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income		\$	\$
Loss for the year		(4,039,230)	(383,450)
Other comprehensive income	_	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year	_	(4,039,230)	(383,450)
	_		
Statement of financial position			
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		185,919	75,326
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		494,357	718,095
Investment in controlled entities (at cost)		100	300
Investment in associate entity (market value)		2,153,947	2,769,361
Loans to controlled entities	6,593,133		
Provision for impairment	(5,935,533)		
Net loans to controlled entities		657,600	3,754,801
Other asset		23,719	3,784,990
Total assets	_	3,515,642	7,348,072
Liabilities		057.005	44/ /70
Current liabilities		257,095	116,672
Non current liabilities	_	676,778	610,401
Total liabilities	_	933,873	727,073
Net assets	=	2,581,769	6,620,999
Issued capital		18,808,028	18,808,028
Accumulated losses		(16,311,296)	(12,187,029)
Profit Reserve		85,037	-
Equity	_	2,581,769	6,620,999
	_		

Loans to controlled entities are in relation to amounts owed by subsidiary companies, Silver Sands Developments Pty Ltd, Koorian Olives Pty Ltd and CXM Pty Ltd, at the reporting date. A provision for impairment has been recognised where the balance of the loan exceeds the net assets of the relevant subsidiary company. No interest is charged on outstanding balances.

21. INVESTMENT IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES Ownership Interest 2017 2016 **Subsidiaries** Incorporated Silver Sands Developments Pty Ltd Australia 100 100 Koorian Olives Pty Ltd Australia 100 100 CXM Pty Ltd Australia 100 100 Margaret River Wine Corporation Pty Ltd Australia 100 100 Margaret River Olive Oil Company Pty Ltd 100 100 Australia

for the year ended 30 June 2017

21. INVESTMENT IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES (continued)

Accounting policy

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Consolidated Entity has control. The Consolidated Entity controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Consolidated Entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

All controlled entities have a June financial year-end. All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the Consolidated Entity, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation.

Changes in Ownership Interests

When the Consolidated Entity ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Consolidated Entity has directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

22. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE ENTITY	Ownership Interest		2017	2016
	2017	2016	\$	\$
Bentley Capital Limited (ASX:BEL)	27.07%	27.20%	2,002,205	3,452,593

Accounting policy

Associates are all entities over which the Consolidated Entity has significant influence but not control or joint control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates in the consolidated financial statements are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. On initial recognition investment in associates are recognised at cost, for investments which were classified as fair value through profit or loss, any gains or losses previously recognised are reversed through profit or loss. Under this method, the Consolidated Entity's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of associates are recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in other comprehensive income. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment.

Dividends receivable from associates are recognised in the Company's Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, while in the Statement of Financial Position they reduce the carrying amount of the investment. When the Consolidated Entity's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Consolidated Entity does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

22. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE ENTITY (continued)

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Consolidated Entity and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Consolidated Entity's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Consolidated Entity. All associated entities have a June financial year-end.

	2017	2016
Movements in carrying amounts	\$	\$
Opening balance	3,452,593	3,510,526
Share of net profit/(loss) after tax	(1,245,250)	147,205
Dividend received	(205,138)	(205,138)
Closing balance	2,002,205	3,452,593
·		
Fair value of listed investment in Associate	2,256,516	2,769,361
Net asset value of investment	3,235,743	4,430,471
Summarised statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	100 101	0.050.407
Revenue	190,401	3,258,497
Expenses	(3,868,917)	(2,732,417)
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	(3,678,516)	526,080
Income tax expense	-	-
Profit/(Loss) after income tax	(3,678,516)	526,080
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	(3,678,516)	526,080
Summarised statement of financial position		
Current assets	8,107,288	13,159,280
Non-current assets	4,063,419	3,430,001
Total assets	12,170,707	16,589,281
•		
Current liabilities	209,628	291,725
Non-current liabilities	9,015	9,835
Total liabilities	218,643	301,560
Net assets	11,952,064	16,287,721

23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Ultimate Parent Company

ASX listed entity Queste Communications Ltd (ASX: QUE) is deemed to have control of the Consolidated Entity as it holds 59.86% (9,367,653 shares) (2016: 59.86% and 9,367,653 shares) of the Company's total issued share capital.

for the year ended 30 June 2017

23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) Transactions with Related Parties

During the financial year there were transactions between the Company, QUE and Associate Entity, Bentley Capital Limited (ASX:BEL), pursuant to shared office and administration arrangements. There were no outstanding amounts at the reporting date. The following related party transactions also occurred during the financial year:

	2017	2016
Bentley Capital Limited	\$	\$
Dividend Received	205,138	205,138

(c) Transactions with key management personnel

Refer to the Remuneration Report contained in the Directors' Report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the Consolidated Entity's KMP for the year ended 30 June 2017. The total remuneration paid to KMP of the Consolidated Entity during the year is as follows:

	2017	2016
Directors	\$	\$
Short-term employment benefits	309,333	310,180
Post employment benefits	27,011	27,110
	336,344	337,290

During the year, the Consolidated Entity generated \$44,200 rental income from a KMP/close family member of a KMP (the KMP being Director, Faroog Khan), pursuant to a standard form residential tenancy agreement in respect of the Property Held for Resale (2016: \$44,200).

24. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year the following fees were paid for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity:

	2017	2016
Rothsay Auditing	\$	\$
Audit and Review of Financial Statements	22,000	22,000
BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd		
Audit and Review of Financial Statements	-	550
Taxation Services	-	2,901
	22,000	25,451

for the year ended 30 June 2017

25. CONTINGENCIES

(a) Directors' Deeds

The Company has entered into Deeds of Indemnity with each of its Directors indemnifying them against liability incurred in discharging their duties as Directors/Officers of the Consolidated Entity. At the end of the financial period, no claims have been made under any such indemnities and accordingly, it is not possible to quantify the potential financial obligation of the Consolidated Entity under these indemnities.

(b) Tenement Royalties

The Consolidated Entity is entitled to receive a royalty of 2% of gross revenues (exclusive of GST) from any commercial exploitation of any minerals from the Paulsens East (Iron Ore) Project tenement (currently a Retention Licence RL 47/7) in Western Australia currently held by Strike Resources Limited (ASX:SRK).

26. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

- (a) Associate entity, Bentley Capital Limited (ASX:BEL), announced its intention to pay a fully-franked dividend of 0.50 cent per share on 31 August 2017. The Company's entitlement to such dividend would be \$102,569.
- (b) The Directors have declared payment of a 0.90 cent per share full-franked special dividend. The record date for determining entitlements is 22 September 2017 with payment expected to be made on or about 29 September 2017.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial year that significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Consolidated Entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity in future financial years.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- The financial statements, Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive (1) Income, Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, and accompanying notes as set out on pages 18 to 47 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) and:
 - comply with Australian Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting; and
 - give a true and fair view of the Consolidated Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and (b) of their performance for the year ended on that date;
- (2)In the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (3)The Directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) by the Executive Chairman (the person who, in the opinion of the Directors, performs the Chief Executive Officer function) and Company Secretary (the person who, in the opinion of the Directors, performs the Chief Financial Officer function); and
- (4) The Company has included in the notes to the Financial Statements an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors made pursuant to section 295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).

Farooq Khan Chairman

31 August 2017

Company Secretary



Level 1, Lincoln House, 4 Ventnor Avenue, West Perth WA 6005 P.O. Box 8716, Perth Business Centre WA 6849 Phone (08) 9486 7094 www.rothsayresources.com.au

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ORION EQUITIES LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Orion Equities Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (the Group) which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended on that date and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the directors' declaration of the Company.

In our opinion the financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of this report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter

Investment in Associate entity

The Group's investment in associate entities is a key audit matter. We do not consider the carrying value of the investment in associate entities to be at a high risk of significant misstatement or to be subject to a significant level of judgement. However due to the materiality and complexity of the investment in





associated entities in the context of the financial statements as a whole, they are considered to be the area which had the greatest effect on our overall strategy and allocation of resources in planning and completing our audit.

Our procedures over the existence, completeness and valuation of the Group's investment in associated entities included but were not limited to:

- > Documenting and assessing the processes and controls in place to record transactions and to value the assets;
- > Agreeing the holding in the investment in the associate to independent third party documentation;
- Agreeing the calculation of the investment in associates share of the net loss after tax to the audited accounts of the associate; and
- Ensuring compliance with AASB 128.

We have also assessed the appropriateness of the disclosures included in Notes 2, 3 and 22 to the financial report.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2017, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If based on the work we have performed we conclude there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.





Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatementt, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx

We communicate with the directors regarding, amongst other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe those matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communications.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the remuneration report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2017.

In our opinion the remuneration report of Orion Equities Limited for the year ended 30 June 2017 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Rothsay Auditing Dated 31st August 2017

Rothsay

Graham Swan FCA Partner



SECURITIES INFORMATION as at 30 June 2017

DISTRIBUTION OF FULLY PAID ORDINARY SHARES

Spread	of	Holdings	Number of Holders	Number of Shares	% of Total Issued Capital
1	-	1,000	24	10,649	0.068%
1,001	-	5,000	62	216,230	1.382%
5,001	-	10,000	44	332,721	2.126%
10,001	-	100,000	67	2,145,590	13.711%
100,001	-	and over	16	12,944,038	82.714%
Total			213	15,649,228	100.00%

UNMARKETABLE PARCELS

Spread	of	Holdings	Number of Holders	Number of Shares	% of Total Issued Capital
1	-	2,941	40	35,708	0.228%
2,942	-	over	173	15,613,520	99.772%_
TOTAL			213	15,649,228	100.00%

An unmarketable parcel is considered, for the purposes of the above table, to be a shareholding of 2,942 shares or less, being a value of \$500 or less in total, based upon the Company's last sale price on ASX as at 30 June 2017 of \$0.17 per share.

TOP TWENTY ORDINARY, FULLY PAID SHAREHOLDERS

RANK	SHAREHOLDER		TOTAL SHARES	% ISSUED CAPITAL
1*	QUESTE COMMUNICATIONS LTD		9,367,653	59.86%
2*	CLEOD PTY LTD CELLANTE SECURITIES PTY LIMITED	506,000 417,038		
		Sub-total	923,038	5.90%
3	DR STEVEN RODWELL		525,129	3.36%
4	MR SEAN DENNEHY		466,936	2.98%
5	REDSUMMER PTY LTD		225,000	1.44%
6	MR STEPHEN JAMES LAMBERT & MRS RUTH LYNETTE LAMBERT & MR SIMON LEE LAMBERT		200,000	1.28%
7	MS HOON CHOO TAN		197,538	1.26%
8	MR JOHN STEPHEN CALVERT		196,732	1.26%
9	MRS PENELOPE MARGARET SIEMON		181,355	1.15%
10	MR BRUCE SIEMON		172,351	1.10%
11	VIKAND CONSULTING PTY LTD		144,798	0.93%
12	THUNDERDOME PTY LTD		128,782	0.82%
13	MR ANTHONY NEALE KILLER & MRS SANDRA MARIE KILLER		120,000	0.77%
14	MR JOHN CHENG-HSIANG YANG & MS PEGA PING PING MOK		103,726	0.66%
15	MRS CAROLINE ANN PICKERING		100,000	0.64%
16	MS MORAG HELEN BARRETT		94,013	0.60%
17	JIT INVESTMENTS PYT LTD		90,000	0.57%
18	MR DAMIAN GERARD BOWDLER & MRS MARGARET CLARE BOWDLER		85,900	0.55%
19	MR KEVIN LEDGER & MRS ROBYN LEDGER		85,000	0.54%
20	GIBSON KILLER PTY LTD		80,000	0.51%
	TOTAL		13,487,951	86.18%

Substantial shareholders of the Company