Rules 4.7.3 and 4.10.31

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Introduced 01/07/14 Amended 02/11/15

Name of entity		
ALTA ZINC LIMITED		
ABN / ARBN		Financial year ended:
ABN 63 078 510 988		30 June 2019
Our corporate governance statement ² for the al	bove period above can be	e found at:3
☐ These pages of our annual report:		
☐ This URL on our website:	http://www.altazinc.com/	/about-us/corporate-governance
The Corporate Governance Statement is accu approved by the board.	rate and up-to-date as at	24 September 2019 and has been
The annexure includes a key to where our corp	orate governance disclos	sures can be located.
Date:	24 September 2019	
Name of Director or Secretary authorising lodgement:	Din	
	Stephen Hills, Company	Secretary

¹ Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

2 November 2015

² "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

³ Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \ldots^4
PRINCI	PLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVE	RSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement and information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management): at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance (Board Charter)	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

+ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

⁴ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \ldots^4
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.	the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and a copy of our diversity policy or a summary of it: at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance (Diversity Policy) and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2):	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process. A listed entity should:	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance (Process for Performance Evaluations) and the information referred to in paragraph (b): in our Corporate Governance Statement the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance
	 (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process. 	 □ at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance (Process for Performance Evaluations) and the information referred to in paragraph (b):	Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

+ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015 Page 3

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIPI	LE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE		
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance (Nomination Committee Charter) and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	our board skills matrix: in our Corporate Governance Statement	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors: in our Corporate Governance Statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and the length of service of each director: at http://www.altazinc.com/investor-centre/asx-announcements under the Annual Report tab (2019 Annual Report) at page 20	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCI	PLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
3.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	our code of conduct or a summary of it: at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance (Code of Conduct)	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

PRINCIPI	LE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING			
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance (Audit and Risk Committee Charter) and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	\boxtimes	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

PRINCIP	LE 5 - MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it: at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance (Policy on Continuous Disclosure and Summary of Compliance Procedures)	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIP	LE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	information about us and our governance on our website: at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders: At http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance (Shareholder Communication and Investor Relations Policy)	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

PRINCIPI	RINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance (Audit and Risk Committee Charter) and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound: in our Corporate Governance Statement and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G: in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

Appendix 4G Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
		processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes: in our Corporate Governance Statement	
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks: In our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance (Remuneration Committee Charter) and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives: At http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance and in the 2019 Annual Report on pages 20 to 27.	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our policy on this issue or a summary of it: at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance (Securities Trading Policy)	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

Corporate Governance Statement

Approach to Corporate Governance

Alta Zinc Limited ABN 63 078 510 988 (**Company**) has established a corporate governance framework, the key features of which are set out in this statement. In establishing its corporate governance framework, the Company has referred to the recommendations set out in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations 3rd edition (**Principles & Recommendations**). The Company has followed each recommendation where the Board has considered the recommendation to be an appropriate benchmark for its corporate governance practices. Where the Company's corporate governance practices follow a recommendation, the Board has made appropriate statements reporting on the adoption of the recommendation. In compliance with the "if not, why not" reporting regime, where, after due consideration, the Company's corporate governance practices do not follow a recommendation, the Board has explained its reasons for not following the recommendation and disclosed what, if any, alternative practices the Company has adopted instead of those in the recommendation.

The following governance-related documents can be found on the Company's website at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance.

Charters

Board
Audit and Risk Committee
Nomination Committee
Remuneration Committee

Policies and Procedures

Risk Management Policy

Process for Performance Evaluations

Policy and Procedure for the Selection and (Re)Appointment of Directors

Induction Program

Procedure for the Selection, Appointment and Rotation of External Auditor

Diversity Policy

Code of Conduct

Policy on Continuous Disclosure

Summary of Compliance Procedures

Shareholder Communication and Investor Relations Policy

Whistleblower Policy

Securities Trading Policy

Compliance Manual: Anti-bribery and Corruption

The Company reports below on whether it has followed each of the recommendations during the 2018/2019 financial year (**Reporting Period**). The information in this statement is current at 24 September 2019. This statement was approved by a resolution of the Board on 19 September 2019.

Principle 1 - Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Recommendation 1.1

The Company has established the respective roles and responsibilities of its Board and management, and those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management and as documented in its *Board Charter*.

Recommendation 1.2

The Company undertakes appropriate checks before appointing a person or putting forward to shareholders a candidate for election as a director and provides shareholders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.

The checks which are undertaken, and the information provided to shareholders are set out in the Company's *Policy and Procedure for the Selection and (Re)Appointment of Directors*.

The Company provided shareholders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to re-elect Stephen Hills and elect Campbell Olsen at the Company's 2018 Annual General Meeting in the meeting materials for that meeting.

Recommendation 1.3

The Company has a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

The material terms of any employment, service or consultancy agreement the Company, or any of its child entities, has entered into with any of its directors, and any other person or entity who is related party of any of its directors has been disclosed in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 3.16.4 (taking into consideration the exclusions from disclosure outlined in that rule).

Recommendation 1.4

The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board as outlined in the Company's *Board Charter*. The Company's Secretary's role is also outlined in the Executive Service Agreement between the Company Secretary and the Company. On 27 February 2019, the role and responsibility of the Company was adopted by the Finance Director.

Recommendation 1.5

The Company has a *Diversity Policy*, a summary of which is disclosed on the Company's website, but it does not include requirements for the Board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the Company's progress in achieving them. Nor has the Board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity. Due to the Company's current operations, size and number of employees, the Board considers that there is significant difficulty in setting meaningful and realistically achievable measurable objectives for achieving diversity. The Board believes that with such few employees, there is little relevance in trying to achieve proportional diversity targets as they would be extremely difficult to define and maintain at the various levels of hierarchy in the organisation. The Board will review its position and may develop and adopt measurable objectives as the Company develops.

The respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation as at the end of the Reporting Period are set out in the following table. "Senior executive" for these purposes means the persons designated as senior executives by the Board.

	Proportion of women
Whole organisation	3 out of 7 (43%)
(excluding non-executive Board members)	
Senior executive positions	0 out of 2 (0%)
(includes Executive Chair/Chief Executive Officer, Finance Director)	
Board	0 out of 4 (0%)
(includes Executive Chair/Chief Executive Officer, Finance Director)	0 001 01 1 (070)

Recommendation 1.6

The Chair is responsible for evaluation of the Board and, when deemed appropriate, Board committees and individual directors. Evaluations are carried out in accordance with the process disclosed in the Company's *Process for Performance Evaluations*.

The process involves the Chair preparing and circulating a questionnaire. When responses are received the Chair collates, summaries and discusses the outcomes with the Board, its committees and individual directors.

The full Board in its capacity as the Nomination Committee is responsible for evaluating the Chair.

During the Reporting Period, a performance evaluation of the Chair, the Board, its committees and individual directors took place in accordance with the processes disclosed in the Company's *Process for Performance Evaluations*.

Recommendation 1.7

The process of the performance evaluation of senior executives is disclosed in the Company's *Process for Performance Evaluations*.

Senior executives' performance was evaluated during June 2019 by the Chair (fulfilling the duties of the Managing Director, please refer to the disclosure below in relation to Recommendation 2.5) in accordance with the process disclosed in the Company's *Process for Performance Evaluations*.

During the evaluations undertaken, no key performance indicators were reviewed, nor were any set for the period ending 30 June 2019.

Principle 2 – Structure the board to add value

Recommendation 2.1

The Board has not established a separate Nomination Committee. Given the current size and composition of the Board, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate Nomination Committee. Accordingly, the Board performs the role of the Nomination Committee. Although the Board has not established a separate Nomination Committee, it has adopted a *Nomination Committee Charter*, which describes the role, composition, functions and responsibilities of the full Board in its capacity as the Nomination Committee, and is disclosed on the Company's website. When the Board convenes as the Nomination Committee it carries out those functions which are delegated to it in the Company's *Nomination Committee Charter*. Separate meetings of the full Board in its capacity as the Nomination Committee are held, and minutes of those meetings are taken. The Board deals with any conflicts of interest that may occur when convening in the capacity of the Nomination Committee by ensuring that the director with conflicting interests is not party to the relevant discussions.

Details of director attendance at meetings of the full Board, in its capacity as the Nomination Committee, during the Reporting Period, are set out in a table in the Directors' Report on page 18 of the Company's 2019 Annual Report.

Recommendation 2.2

The Company reviewed its Board Skills Matrix during June 2019. The Company's operations are currently focussed on exploration and development. The skills possessed by the Board support the Company while it is at this early stage of operations, and are as follows: professional skills including strategy, risk and compliance oversight, corporate governance, executive management and commercial experience; capital raising and financing experience; mining exploration, development and assessment and public company board experience. The Board determined that an appropriate time in the Company's development to appoint a Managing Director with senior mining and finance experience and professional credentials.

Recommendation 2.3

The Board considers the independence of directors having regard to the relationships listed in Box 2.3 of the *Principles & Recommendations*. Based on an assessment using these relationships, the Board does not consider any of the directors to be independent.

The length of service of each director is set out in the Directors' Report on page 20 of the Company's 2019 Annual Report.

Recommendation 2.4

The Board does not have a majority of directors who are independent. The current structure of the Board, with the skills discussed above in relation to Recommendation 2.2, is considered to be in the best interests of the Company until it reaches the next stage of development because it is a cost effective way to secure skills and expertise that will give the Company the best opportunity to develop.

Recommendation 2.5

The non-independent Chair of the Board is Alexander Burns. For the duration of the Reporting Period Mr Burns has also undertaken the role of Chief Executive Officer. As Executive Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Mr Burns fulfils the duties which would otherwise be the responsibility of a person employed in the role of the Managing Director under the Constitution of the Company. Mr Burns is not independent because he is a substantial shareholder in the Company. Because of his experience and skills, he has taken on this executive role to guide the Company through this stage of its development as a mineral exploration company. This is considered to be in the best interests of the Company as a cost effective way to secure skills and expertise that will give the Company the best opportunity to grow until the appointment of a Managing Director (as noted under Recommendation 2.2).

Recommendation 2.6

The Company has an induction program that it uses when new directors join the Board and when new senior executives are appointed. The goal of the program is to assist new directors to participate fully and actively in Board decision-making at the earliest opportunity and to assist senior executives to participate fully and actively in management decision-making at the earliest opportunity. The Company's *Induction Program* is disclosed on the Company's website.

The full Board in its capacity as the Nomination Committee reviews whether the directors as a group have the skills, knowledge and familiarity with the Company and its operating environment required to fulfil their role on the Board and the Board committees. Where any gaps are identified, the full Board in its capacity as the Nomination Committee considers what training or development could be undertaken to fill those gaps. No training or development of directors was undertaken during the Reporting Period.

Principle 3 - Act ethically and responsibly

Recommendation 3.1

The Company has established a *Code of Conduct* for its directors, senior executives and employees, which is disclosed on the Company's website.

The Company has also adopted a *Whistleblower Policy* to encourage the reporting of violations (or suspected violations) of the Company's *Code of Conduct* and provide effective protection from victimisation or dismissal to those reporting by implementing systems for confidentiality and report handling

The Company has also established a *Compliance Manual: Anti-bribery and Corruption* to establish a governance framework and business practices to mitigate the risk of foreign bribery and corruption which arises as a consequence of conducting business in foreign jurisdictions.

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

Recommendation 4.1

The Board has not established a separate Audit Committee. Given the current size and composition of the Board, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate Audit Committee. Accordingly, the Board performs the role of an Audit and Risk Committee. Although the Board has not established a separate Audit and Risk Committee, it has adopted an *Audit and Risk Committee Charter*, which describes the Audit and Risk Committee's role, composition, functions and responsibilities, and is disclosed on the Company's website. When the Board convenes as the Audit and Risk Committee it carries out those functions which are delegated to it in the Company's *Audit and Risk Committee Charter*. Separate meetings of the full Board in its capacity as the Audit and Risk Committee are held, and minutes of those meetings are taken. The Board deals with any conflicts of interest that may occur when convening in the capacity of the Audit and Risk Committee by ensuring that the director with conflicting interests is not party to the relevant discussions.

The Company has also established a *Procedure for the Selection, Appointment and Rotation of its External Auditor*. The Board is responsible for the initial appointment of the external auditor and the appointment of a new external auditor when any vacancy arises. Candidates for the position of external auditor must demonstrate complete independence from the Company through the engagement period. The Board may otherwise select an external auditor based on criteria relevant to the Company's business and circumstances. The performance of the external auditor is reviewed on an annual basis by the Board.

Details of director attendance at meetings of the full Board, in its capacity as the Audit and Risk Committee, during the Reporting Period, are set out in a table in the Directors' Report on page 18 of the Company's 2019 Annual Report.

Recommendation 4.2

Before the Board approved the financial statements of the Company for the half year ended 31 December 2018 and the full-year ended 30 June 2019, the Company received from the Executive Chairman/Chief Executive Officer and the Finance Director, a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the Company for the relevant financial period have been properly maintained and that the financial statements for the relevant financial period comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company and the consolidated entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively (**Declaration**).

The Board did not receive a Declaration for each of the quarters ending 30 September 2018, 31 December 2018, 31 March 2019 and 30 June 2019 as its quarterly reports are not financial statements.

Recommendation 4.3

Under section 250RA of the *Corporations Act*, the Company's auditor is required to attend the Company's annual general meeting at which the audit report is considered, and must arrange to be represented by a person who is a suitably qualified member of the audit team that conducted the audit and is in a position to answer questions about the audit. Each year, the Company writes to the Company's auditor to inform them of the date of the Company's annual general meeting. In accordance with section 250S of the *Corporations Act*, at the Company's annual general meeting where the Company's auditor or their representative is at the meeting, the Chair allows a reasonable opportunity for the members as a whole at the meeting to ask the auditor (or its representative) questions relevant to the conduct of the audit; the preparation and content of the auditor's report; the accounting policies adopted by the Company in relation to the preparation of the financial statements; and the independence of the auditor in relation to the conduct of the audit. The Chair also allows a reasonable opportunity for the auditor (or their representative) to answer written questions submitted to the auditor under section 250PA of the *Corporations Act*.

A representative of the Company's auditor, Crowe Horwath attended the Company's Annual General meeting held on 30 November 2018.

Principle 5 - Make timely and balanced disclosure

Recommendation 5.1

The Company has established written policies and procedures for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules. A summary of the Company's *Policy on Continuous Disclosure* and *Compliance Procedures* are disclosed on the Company's website.

Principle 6 – Respect the rights of security holders

Recommendation 6.1

The Company provides information about itself and its governance to investors via its website at http://www.altazinc.com/about-us/corporate-governance as set out in its Shareholder Communication and Investor Relations Policy.

Recommendation 6.2

The Company has designed and implemented an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. The program is set out in the Company's *Shareholder Communication and Investor Relations Policy*.

Recommendation 6.3

The Company has in place a *Shareholder Communication and Investor Relations Policy* which outlines the policies and processes that it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of shareholders.

Recommendation 6.4

Shareholders are given the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the Company and its share registry electronically. The Company's share registry, Security Transfer Australia Pty Ltd, encourages shareholders to create an online account and provides them with information about how they may elect to provide email contact details and receive electronic communications.

Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk

Recommendation 7.1

The Board has not established a separate Risk Committee. Given the current size and composition of the Board, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate Risk Committee. Accordingly, the Board performs the role of Risk Committee through its function as the Audit and Risk Committee. Please refer to the disclosure above in relation to Recommendation 4.1.

Recommendation 7.2

During the Reporting Period, the Board reviewed the Company's risk management framework to satisfy itself that it continued to be sound, to determine whether there have been any changes in the material business risks the Company faces and to ensure that the Company is operating within the risk appetite set by the Board. Risk is a standing agenda item at each scheduled Board meeting.

Recommendation 7.3

The Company does not have an internal audit function. The Company has policies in place which contain processes and procedures that facilitate an appropriate level of internal control. These include clear and approved authorisations limits in place for expenditures and payments, dual-approval process in place for payments and review of cashflow forecasts and budgets. To evaluate and continually improve the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control processes, the Board relies on ongoing reporting and discussion of the management of material business risks as outlined in the Company's *Risk Management Policy*.

Recommendation 7.4

The Company has considered its economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and has identified the following economic risks that it has a material exposure to:

Country and Regulatory Risk

The Company's operations are in Australia and Italy, exposing the Company to the regulatory and political systems of both those countries. The Company mitigates its risk of exposure to the regulatory and political systems of those countries by engaging local expertise to assist in understanding the legal and regulatory operating environment and maintaining a regular dialogue with relevant local authorities.

Financial Market Risk

The operating and financial position of the Company is exposed to a variety of financial market risks including global and domestic business conditions, commodity prices and foreign exchange rate fluctuations. The Company monitors global commodity prices to ensure that exploration activities are appropriately targeted. In order to identify the timing of funding requirements the Company undertakes ongoing monitoring of expenditure. The exposure to foreign currency is not subject to a hedging program. Exposure to negative currency fluctuations is partially mitigated through the maintenance of a Euro denominated cash position.

As the Company is not in production, and does not have any major operations at present, the Board has concluded that the Company does not have a material exposure to any environmental and/or social sustainability risks.

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation 8.1

The Board has not established a separate Remuneration Committee. Given the current size and composition of the Company, the Board believes that there would be no efficiencies gained by establishing a separate Remuneration Committee. Accordingly, the Board performs the role of Remuneration Committee. Although the Board has not established a separate Remuneration Committee,

it has adopted a *Remuneration Committee Charter*, which describes the role, composition, functions and responsibilities of the full Board in its capacity as the Remuneration Committee, and which is disclosed on the Company's website. When the Board convenes as the Remuneration Committee it carries out those functions which are delegated to it in the Company's *Remuneration Committee Charter*. Separate meetings of the full Board in its capacity as the Remuneration Committee are held, and minutes of those meetings are taken. The Board deals with any conflicts of interest that may occur when convening in the capacity of the Remuneration Committee by ensuring that the director with conflicting interests is not party to the relevant discussions.

The Board met in its capacity as the Remuneration Committee during the Reporting Period. Details of meetings held during the Reporting Period are set out in a table in the Directors' Report on page 18 of the Company's 2019 Annual Report.

Recommendation 8.2

Details of remuneration, including the Company's policy on remuneration, are contained in the "Remuneration Report" which forms part of the Directors' Report and commences at page 20 of the Company's 2019 Annual Report.

Recommendation 8.3

The Company's *Securities Trading Policy* includes a statement of the Board's policy that participants in the Company's equity-based remuneration schemes are prohibited from entering into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme.