East Asia Sentinel Limited

衛亞會計師事務所有限公司

Certified Public Accountants

MADER INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

AND

AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018



MADER INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

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MADER INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of Mader International Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively as "the Group") for the year ended 30 June 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are providing the mine maintenance service in overseas countries and investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND FINANCIAL POSITION

The results for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 8.

The state of affairs of the Group and the Company at 30 June 2018 are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position page 9 and note 22 respectively.

SHARES ISSUED DURING THE YEAR

Details of shares issued in the year ended 30 June 2018 are set out in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year (2017: Nil).

DIRECTORS

(a) Directors of the Company

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Neto Crystal Worldwide Company Limited Luke Benjamin MADER

In accordance with Article 111 of the Company's Articles of Association, both directors retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

DIRECTORS (continued)

(b) Directors of the Company's subsidiaries

During the year and up to the date of this report, Luke Benjamin MADER is also the director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Other directors of the Group's subsidiaries during the year and up to the date of this report include:

Lim Seng Huat Harrison BANDA Naiken Veerasamy Patrick Laurence Conway Sawkut Oomarally Bundhoo Marie Chantale Wan Min Kee

(resigned on 16 April 2018)

Marie Chantale Wan Min Kee resigned a+s director of a subsidiary on 16 April 2018. Marie Chantale Wan Min Kee has confirmed that she has no disagreement with the Board and nothing relating to the affairs of the Company needed to be brought to the attention of the shareholders of the Company.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

Save as disclosed in notes 12 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements, there was no other transactions, arrangements and contract of significance to which the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, or its related company was a party and in which any directors had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY SPECIFIED UNDERTAKING OF THE COMPANY

At no time during the year was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, or its related company a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the to hold any interests in the shares or debentures of, the Company or its specified undertakings or any other body corporate.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Company is a private company that does not fall within the reporting exemption for the financial year, however, a special resolution has been passed by the Company's members to the effect that the Company is not to prepare a business review required by Schedule 5 of the New Companies Ordinance for the financial year. Accordingly, the Company is exempted from preparing a business review.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

In accordance with Article 161 of the Company's Articles of Association, there is a permitted indemnity provision in force for the benefit of one or more directors of the Company.

AUDTIORS

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by East Asia Sentinel Limited, a corporation of Certified Public Accountants, who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board

Luke Benjamin MADER

Director

Hong Kong

Date: 14 December 2018



East Asia Sentinel Limited

衛亞會計師事務所有限公司 Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MADER INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Mader International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") set out on pages 8 to 30, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 30 June 2018, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended 30 June 2018, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2018, and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard for Private Entities issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKASs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the report of the directors set out on pages 1 to 3, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



East Asia Sentinel Limited

衛亞會計師事務所有限公司 Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MADER INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard for Private Entities issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other persons for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MADER INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



East Asia Sentinel Limited

衛亞會計師事務所有限公司 Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF
MADER INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

East Asia Sentinel Limited

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Ar

Yim Wing Yee

Director

Practising Certificate No. P05906

Hong Kong

Date: 14 December 2018



MADER INTERNATIONAL LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	NOTE	2018 US\$	2017 US\$ (Restated)
TURNOVER	5	21,250,355	15,409,155
COST OF SERVICES RENDERED		(14,723,978)	(11,529,921)
GROSS PROFIT		6,526,377	3,879,234
OTHER REVENUES	6	215,070	96,179
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		(2,359,811)	(1,733,315)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	7	4,381,636	2,242,098
TAXATION	8	(947,598)	(182,340)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		3,434,038	2,059,758
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS <u>Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</u> Currency translation differences		<u>(72,245)</u>	(455,890)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		3,361,793	1,603,868

The notes on pages 12 to 30 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MADER INTERNATIONAL LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	NOTE	2018 US\$	2017 US\$ (Restated)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Loan to a related company – non-current portion	10 12	149,841 <u>2,403,148</u> 2,552,989	141,703 1,962,460 2,104,163
CURRENT ASSETS Trade receivables Deposits, prepayments and other receivables Loan to a related company – current portion Amount due from holding company Amount due from a related company Work in progress Cash and cash equivalents	13 13 12 14 15	3,998,497 235,760 1,663,543 5,286 408 31,224 3,706,513 9,641,231	3,432,203 201,381 145,244 1,650 - 15,623 2,694,055 6,490,156
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accruals and other payables Tax payables NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,368,973 97,811 1,466,784 	1,116,691 114,073 1,230,764
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		10,727,436	7,363,555
NON-CURRENT LIABILITY Deferred tax liabilities NET ASSETS	18	7,720 10,719,716	5,632 7,357,923
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Exchange reserve Retained profits TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	19 20	1,286 (731,234) 	1,286 (658,989) 8,015,626 7,357,923
Neto Crystal Worldwide Company Limited Director	 Luke Direc	Mach. Benjamin MADER	

The notes on pages 12 to 30 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Director

Director

MADER INTERNATIONAL LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Share capital US\$	Exchange reserve US\$	Retained profits US\$ (Restated)	Total US\$
YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017				
At 1 July 2016	1,286	(203,099)	5,955,868	5,754,055
Comprehensive income Profit for the year (restated)	-	-	2,059,758	2,059,758
Other comprehensive loss Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Currency translation differences		(455,890)		(455,890)
Total comprehensive income	-	(455,890) 	2,059,758	1,603,868
At 30 June 2017 (restated)	1,286	(658,989)	8,015,626	<u>7,357,923</u>
YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018				
At 1 July 2017 (as original restated)	1,286	(658,989)	8,102,736	7,445,033
Prior year adjustment (note 26)	1,286	(658,989)	<u>(87,110)</u> 8,015,626	(87,110) 7,357,923
Comprehensive income Profit for the year	-	-	3,434,038	3,434,038
Other comprehensive loss Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Currency translation differences		(72,245)		(72,245)
Total comprehensive income	-	(72,245)	3,434,038	3,361,793
At 30 June 2018	1,286	(731,234)	11,449,664	10,719,716

The notes on pages 12 to 30 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MADER INTERNATIONAL LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	2018 US\$	2017 US\$ (Restated)
CASH FLOWS FORM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before taxation	4,381,636	2,242,098
Adjustments for: Depreciation (Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Interest income	43,469 (9,477) (205,593)	27,559 168 (93,052)
Operating profit before changes in working capital (Increase)/decrease in trade receivables Increase in deposits, prepayments and other receivables Increase in amount due from holding company Increase in amount due from a related company Increase in work in progress Increase in accruals and other payables	4,210,035 (566,294) (34,379) (3,636) (408) (15,601) 252,282	2,176,773 244,826 (2,664) (1,650) - (15,623) 534,609
Cash generated from operations Tax paid	3,841,999 (961,772)	2,936,271 (2,490)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2,880,227	2,933,781
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment Proceed on disposal of property, plant and equipment Interest received Increase in loan to a related company NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(88,491) 46,361 205,593 (1,958,987) (1,795,524)	(104,406) - 8,795 (575,000) (670,611)
net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,084,703	2,263,170
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	2,694,055	886,775
EFFECT FOR FOREIGN EXCHANGE	(72,245)	(455,890)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	3,706,513	2,694,055
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances Short term deposit	3,685,883 20,630 3,706,513	2,673,447 20,608 2,694,055

The notes on pages 12 to 30 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Mader International Limited ("the Company") is a private limited company incorporated in Hong Kong under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The address of its registered office is 22nd Floor, Tai Yau Building, 181 Johnston Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. Its holding company is Neto Crystal Worldwide Company Limited, a private company incorporated in British Virgin Islands.

The principal activities of the Company are providing the mine maintenance services in overseas countries and investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") have been prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard for Private Entities ("HKFRS for Private Entities") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars, unless otherwise stated.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS for Private Entities requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 30 June.

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Consolidation (continued)

All intragroup transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. There is no difference in the reporting date of the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

In the Company's statement of financial position, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

(b) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The functional currency of the Company is United States dollars and its subsidiaries are United States dollars and Mongolian Tugriks ("MNT"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars, which is the Company's functional currency and the Group's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(iii) Group entities

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

assets and liabilities for each reporting period presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that reporting period;

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (b) Foreign currency translation (continued)
 - (iii) Group entities (continued)
 - income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income presented are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
 - all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate at each reporting date.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

The Group adds to the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment the cost of replacing parts of such an item when that cost is incurred if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the Group. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost or revalued amounts less their residual values over the estimated useful lives. The principal useful lives and depreciation rates are as follows:

On straight-line basis

Leasehold improvement	Over the lease term
Computer equipment	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	3 - 4 years
Office equipment	4 years
Machinery	4 years

On diminishing balance basis

Motor vehicle 25%

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in the depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of an asset, the depreciation of that asset is revised prospectively to reflect the new expectations.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within other income and gains in the statement of comprehensive income.

(d) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset (or group of related assets) is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related assets) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount (selling price less costs to complete and sell, in the case of inventories), but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (group of related assets) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(e) Receivables

Receivables, including amount due from holding company and a related company, are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amounts of receivables are reviewed to determine whether there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. If so, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(g) Payables

Payables are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at the transaction price (that is, the present value of cash payable to the bank, including transaction costs). Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in finance costs in the period in which they are incurred.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period end.

(i) Provision

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation where, as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

(i) Income tax

Income tax expense for the year comprises current income tax and deferred income tax.

Tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Income tax (continued)

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases using in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

(k) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised in statement of comprehensive income provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, as follows:

Services fee income is recognised when service is rendered.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(1) Operating leases (As a lessee)

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

(m) Employee benefit

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

(n) Employee benefit obligations

The Group contributes to a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("the MPF scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinances for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordnance and not previously covered by the defined benefit retirement plan. The MPF scheme is defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income which was HK\$30,000. Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

In accordance with the Mongolia regulations, the Group is required to pay social security contributions for its Mongolia staff based on certain percentage of their salaries to the social security plan organised by related governmental bodies ("Mongolia plan").

In accordance with the Republic of Zambia ("Zambia") regulations, the Group is required to pay contribution for its Zambia staff under National Pension Scheme Authority. Under the scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income subject to a cap of monthly income which was in Zambian Kwacha ZMW16,880 ("Zambia scheme").

The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid to the MPF schemes, Mongolia plan and Zambia scheme. The Group's contributions to these MPF schemes, Mongolia plan and Zambia scheme are recognised as employee benefit expense in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when they are due.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(o) Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group if:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of the parent of the Group.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of the parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

5. TURNOVER

The Group's turnover which represents the services fee income is as follows:

		2018 US\$	2017 US\$
	Services fee income	21,250,355	<u>15,409,155</u>
6.	OTHER REVENUES		
		2018 US\$	2017 US\$
	Bank interest income Exchange gain, net Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Loan interest income	12,626 9,477 	8,795 3,127 - 84,257 - 96,179

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

The Group's profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting) the following:

(creding) the id	,10,1116,
2018	2017
US\$	US\$
21,000	18,000
14,723,978	11,529,921
43,469	27,559
4,040	-
95,572	74,476
(9,477)	168
83,037	88,419
14,502,179	11,138,343
69,530	22,852
<u>583,684</u>	506,869
\$13,554,227 (201	7: US\$10,548,620)
2018 US\$	2017 US\$
	2018 US\$ 21,000 14,723,978 43,469 4,040 95,572 (9,477) 83,037 14,502,179 69,530 583,684 \$13,554,227 (2017)

8.

TAXATION	2018 US\$	2017 US\$
Current tax - Hong Kong Profits Tax - Provision for the year (Note a)	-	-
Current tax – Zambia Income Tax - Provision for the year (Note b)	867,718	72,408
Current tax - Mongolia Corporation Income Tax - Provision for the year (Note c)	76,224	100,247
Current tax – Mauritius Income Tax - Provision for the year (Note d) Deferred tax (Note 18)	1,568 945,510 2,088 947,598	8,034 180,689 1,651 182,340
	<u> </u>	104,340

8. TAXATION (continued)

- (a) No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in these consolidated financial statements for the year as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year (2017: Nil).
- (b) Provision for Zambia Income Tax has been made for the year at the rate of 35% on the estimate assessable profits for the year (2017: 35%).
- (c) Provision for Mongolia Corporation Income Tax has been made for the year at the rate between 10% and 25% on the estimated assessable profits for the year (2017: between 10% and 25%).
- (d) Provision for Mauritius Corporate Income Tax has been made for the year at the rate of 15%. It is, however, entitled to a tax credit equivalent to the higher of the foreign taxes paid 80% of the Mauritius tax on its foreign source income, have reducing it to an effective tax rate of 3%.

Reconciliation between of the tax expenses and accounting profit at applicable tax rates is as follows:

TOHOWS.	2018 US\$	2017 US\$
Profit before taxation	<u>4,381,636</u>	2,242,098
Tax at applicable rates Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Tax effect of non-taxable income Tax effect of temporary difference not recognised	1,102,019 258,701 (445,282) 32,161 947,598	1,117,084 6,566 (952,370) 11,060 182,340

- 9. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SECTION 383 OF THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CAP. 622)) AND COMPANIES (DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ABOUT BENEFITS OF DIRECTORS) REGULATION (CAP. 622G)
 - (a) Directors' remuneration

The directors do not receive and will not receive any fees or emoluments in respect of their services to the Company for the year (2017: Nil).

(b) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed in notes 12 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements, there was no other transactions, arrangements and contracts of significant to which the Company, or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which any director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

				Furniture				
		Leasehold	Computer	and	Office	Motor		
		improvement	equipment	fixtures	equipment		Machinery	Total
		US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US	US\$	US\$
	COST						0.710	007.335
	At 1 July 2017	6,995	21,463	22,589	8,352	144,217	2,719	206,335
	Additions	-	37,207	2,412	1,241	38,286	9,345	88,491
	Disposal					<u>(46,361)</u>	10.074	(46,361) 248,465
	At 30 June 2018	6,995	58,670	25,001	9,593	136,142	12,064	240,403

		_						
	ACCUMULATEI							
	DEPRECIATIO			4 4 9 77 9	7.057	01.007	122	64 622
	At 1 July 2017	6,995	11,780	16,372	7,056	21,996	433	64,632
	Charge for the year	ar -	5,214	3,293	946	32,254	1,762	43,469
	Written off					(9,477)		(9,477)
	At 30 June 2018	6,995	16,994	19,665	8,002	44,773	2,195	98,624
	J							
	NET BOOK VA	LUE						
	At 30 June 2018	_	41,676	5,336	1,591	91,369	9,869	149,841
	At 30 Julie 2010					-		
	A . 40 T		9,683	6,217	1,296	122,221	2,286	<u> 141,703</u>
	At 30 June 2017		2,003	0,217		100,001	2,200	
11.	Depreciation administrative INVESTMEN	expenses.	`	US\$27,559	∂) has be	en charge	d in ge	neral and
11.	IIAAES IMEI	410114 0006						
						201	18	2017
						U		US\$
						_	- 11	•
	Unlisted inves	tments at co	et			1,18	83	1,183
	Olmsica mives	differits, at co						
	Classification o	of amounts d	hie from sub	sidiaries:				
	Giassification	or arriourno a						
						20	18	2017
						\mathbf{U}	S\$	US\$
	Current portion	on				427,9	41	1,805,554
	Non-current							<u> 15,431</u>
	1 ton carrone l	3014011				427,9	<u>41</u>	1,820,985
						20	18	2017
						U	S\$	US\$
	Current accou	ints				238,5	68	5,557
	Loan A	· ···· 				189,3		1,714,906
	Loan B					·		85,091
	Loan C						<u> </u>	<u> 15,431</u>
						427,9	<u> </u>	1,820,985

11. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Current accounts: The amounts due are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Loan A: The amount due is unsecured, interest bearing at 11.5% (2017: 7%) per annum which is based on the Benchmark Interest Rate from the Zambian Inter Bank Lending Rate plus a margin of 50 basis points and

repayable on demand.

Loan B and Loan C: The amounts were fully repaid during the year.

Particulars of the subsidiaries are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	Country of incorporation	Issued and fully paid up capital	Percentage of capital held	Principal activities
Mader Gobi LLC*	Mongolia	2018: US\$100,000 (2017: US\$100,000)	Indirectly held 100% (2017: directly held 100%)	Providing foreign trade services and management consultancy
Mader Mechanical Ltd*	Zambia	ZMW10,000	Directly held 100% (2017: 100%)	Providing foreign trade services and management consultancy
Global Maintenance Solutions Pte Ltd*	Singapore	US\$1	Directly held 100% (2017: 100%) c	Providing mine maintenance and management onsultancy services
MI Mechanical Ltd*	Mauritius	US\$1	Directly held 100% (2017: Nil)	Providing foreign trade services and management consultancy

^{*} Company not audited by East Asia Sentinel Limited.

12. LOAN TO A RELATED COMPANY

	2018 US\$	2017 US\$
Mader Contracting Pty Ltd	004	COW
Loan A		
- Principal	578,238	594,096
- Interest	61,319	<u>88,913</u>
	639,557	683,009
Loan B		
- Principal	800,000	800,000
- Interest	97,142	49,610
	897,142	849,610
Loan C	4.450.000	.a. 000
- Principal	1,150,000	575,000
- Interest	63,623	<u>85</u>
	1,213,623	575,085
Loan D		
- Principal	1,280,000	-
- Interest	<u>36,369</u>	-
	1,316,369	-
	4.066.601	2,107,704
	<u>4,066,691</u>	2,107,704
	2018	2017
	US\$	US\$
Within one year	1,663,543	145,244
Over one year	2,403,148	<u>1,962,460</u>
•	4,066,691	<u>2,107,704</u>

The Loan A and B is unsecured, interest bearing at 5.45% (2017: 5.45%) per annum which is based on the Benchmark Interest Rate from the Australian Taxation Office, and repayable by monthly installment over 10 years.

The Loan C is unsecured, interest bearing at 5.40% (2017: 5.40%) per annum which is based on the Benchmark Interest Rate from the Australian Taxation Office, and repayable on demand.

The Loan D is unsecured, interest bearing at 5.45% (2017: Nil) per annum which is based on the Benchmark Interest Rate from the Australian Taxation Office, and repayable by monthly installment over 10 years.

The Company's director, Mr Luke Benjamin MADER, is also the director of Mader Contracting Pty Ltd.

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2018 US\$	2017 US\$
Trade receivables	3,998,497	3,432,203
Deposits Prepayments and other receivables	5,522 230,238 235,760	9,368 <u>192,013</u> 201,381
	4,234,257	3,633,584

14. AMOUNT DUE FROM HOLDING COMPANY

The amount due is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

15. AMOUNT DUE FROM A RELATED COMPANY

	2018 US\$	2017 US\$
Mader USA	408	-

The amount due is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

The director, Mr. Luke Bejamin MADER is also the director of the above related company.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2018 US\$	2017 US\$
Cash at bank and on hand Short-term deposit	3,685,883 20,630 3,706,513	2,673,447 20,608 2,694,055

17. LOAN FROM A SUBSIDIARY

The amount due was unsecured, interest bearing which is based on the Benchmark Interest Rate from the USD LIBOR at each month plus a margin of 50 basis points (2017: 7%), and repayable on demand.

18. DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred income tax liabilities are calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using a Zambia corporation taxation rate of 35% (2017: 35%).

Details of the deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements during the current and prior years are as follows:

		2018 US\$	2017 US\$
	At the beginning of the year Recognised in statement of comprehensive	5,632	3,981
	income (note 8) At the end of the year	2,088 7,720	1,651 5,632
19.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2018	2017
		US\$	US\$
	Issued and fully paid: 10,000 ordinary shares	1,286	1,286

20. EXCHANGE RESERVE

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies note 3(b) set out in the consolidated financial statements.

21. BANKING FACILITY

The Company's business card facility of HK\$160,000 (2017: HK\$160,000), approximately equivalent to US\$21,000 (2017: US21,000) is secured by personal guarantee of HK\$150,000 (2017: HK\$150,000), approximately equivalent to US\$19,000 (2017: US\$19,000) given by a director.

22. COMPANY'S STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	NOTE	2018 US\$	2017 US\$
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Investments in a subsidiaries Amounts due from subsidiaries Loan to a related company – non-current portion	11 11 n 12	86,158 1,183 - 2,403,148 2,490,489	87,933 1,183 15,431 1,962,460 2,067,007
CURRENT ASSETS Trade receivables Deposits and prepayments Amounts due from subsidiaries Amount due from holding company Amount due from a related company Loan to a related company – current portion Work in progress Cash and cash equivalents	11 14 15 12	749,125 147,701 427,941 5,286 408 1,663,543 31,224 2,215,547 5,240,775	1,079,274 50,949 1,805,554 1,650 145,244 15,623 1,741,527 4,839,821
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accruals and other payables Loan from a subsidiary Amount due to a subsidiary NET CURRENT ASSETS	17	656,684 206,667 202,658 1,066,009 	374,240 205,364 1,365,149 1,944,753
NET ASSETS CAPITAL AND RESERVE		<u>6,665,255</u>	<u>4,962,075</u>
Share capital Retained profits	19	1,286 6,663,969 6,665,255	1,286 4,960,789 4,962,075
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		<u> </u>	<u></u>

Meto Crystal Worldwide Company Limited
Director

Luke Benjamin MADER

Director

23. COMPANY'S STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY

		Share capital US\$	Retained profits US\$	Total US\$
	YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017			
	At 1 July 2016	1,286	1,809,605	1,810,891
	Comprehensive income Profit for the year	_	3,151,184	3,151,184
	At 30 June 2017	1,286	4,960,789	4,962,075
	YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018			
	At 1 July 2017	1,286	4,960,789	4,962,075
	Comprehensive income Profit for the year		1,703,180	1,703,180
	At 30 June 2018	1,286	6,663,969	6,665,255
24.	OPERATING LEASE COMMITMEN At 30 June, the Group had future aggre operating leases with respect to office property.	gate minimum lea	ase payments under uarter as follows:	: non-cancellable
	operacing reason man respect to the pro-		2018 US\$	2017 US\$
	Not later than one year		7,213	7,014
25.	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	5		
	In addition to the transactions and balar statements, the Group had the following			olidated financial
			2018 US\$	2017 US\$
	Loan interest received from a related co	mpany	184,257	84,257

26. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

The value-added tax ("VAT") should be recognised as cost of service when the relevant services were rendered. During the year, the management identified the VAT totalling US\$87,110 relating to the service rendered in prior year, resulting the VAT payable as at 30 June 2017 has been understated.

The effects of the resulting changes on the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017 and consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2017 are summarised below:

Effect on statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017:

	As at 30 June 2017 as previously reported US\$	Adjustment US\$	As at 30 June 2017 as restated US\$
Accruals and other payables	1,029,581	87,110	1,116,691
Retained earnings	<u>8,102,736</u>	(87,110)	8,015,626

Effect on statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2017:

	For the year ended 30 June 2017 as previously reported US\$	Fo. Adjustment US\$	r the year ended 30 June 2017 as restated US\$
Cost of services rendered	11,442,811	87,110	11,529,921
Profit for the year	2,146,868	(87,110)	<u>2,059,758</u>

27. APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 14 December 2018.