

### Corporate Governance Statement - 30 June 2019

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing the corporate governance framework of the Company and its related bodies corporate. In establishing this framework, the Board has considered and reports against the Principles of Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition) as published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council ("ASX Corporate Governance Principles").

This Corporate Governance Statement has been approved by the Board and summarises the corporate governance practices and procedures incorporated in the Corporate Governance Plan from 1 July 2018 and to the date of this statement. In addition to the information contained in this statement, the Company's website contains a copy of its Corporate Governance Plan.

The ASX Listing Rules require listed companies to include in their Annual Report or website a statement disclosing the extent to which they have complied with the ASX Corporate Governance Principles in the reporting period. The recommendations are not prescriptive and if a company considers that a recommendation is inappropriate having regard to its particular circumstances, the company has the flexibility not to adopt it. Where the Company considered it was not appropriate to presently comply with a particular recommendation, the reasons are set out in the relevant section of this Corporate Governance Statement.

With the exception of the departures detailed in this Corporate Governance Statement, the corporate governance practices of the Company from 1 July 2018 were compliant with the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.

The table below provides a summary of the Company's compliance with each of the eight ASX Corporate Governance Principles:

	Recommendation	Comply Yes/No/ Partly
Princ	iple 1 - Lay solid foundations for management and oversight	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose:  (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and  (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Yes Yes
1.2	A listed entity should:  (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and  (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to re-elect a director.	Yes Yes
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment	Yes
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Yes
1.5	A listed entity should:  (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;	Yes
	<ul> <li>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and</li> <li>(c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either:</li> </ul>	Yes No
	<ul> <li>(1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); and</li> <li>(2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined and published under that Act.</li> </ul>	Yes Not applicable

	Recommendation	Comply Yes/No/ Partly
1.6	A listed entity should:	
	(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the	Yes
	performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and	Yes
	(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with	162
	that process.	
1.7	A listed entity should:	
,	(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the	Yes
	performance of its senior executives; and	
	(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance	Yes
	evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with	
	that process.	
	iple 2 - Structure the board to add value	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should:	M-
	<ul><li>(a) have a nomination committee which:</li><li>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent</li></ul>	No
	directors; and	
	(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose	
	(3) the charter of that committee; and	
	(4) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the	
	committee met throughout the period and the individual	
	attendances of members at those meetings; or	
	(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the	Yes
	processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure	
	that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge,	
	experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix	Yes
	of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its	103
	membership.	
2.3	A listed entity should disclose:	
	(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent	Yes
	directors;	.,
	(b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the	Yes
	type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Recommendations, but the board is of the opinion it does not compromise the independence of the	
	director, the nature of the interest, position, association or	
	relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that	
	opinion; and	Yes
	(c) the length of service of each director.	
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	Yes
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and,	Yes
	in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide	Yes
	appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop	
	and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors	
Dring	effectively.  iple 3 - Act ethically and responsibly	
3.1	A listed entity should:	
3.1	(a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and	Yes
	employees; and	
	(b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	Yes
Princ	iple 4 - Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting	
4.1	The Board of a listed entity should:	
	(a) have an audit committee which:	No
	(1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive	
	directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and	
1	(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:	
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	(3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the	

Recommendation	Comply Yes/No/ Partly
<ul> <li>(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</li> <li>(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.</li> </ul>	ne Yes ne ne ne ne ne
4.2 The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	on ly te ad of ng
4.3 A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attendits AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant the audit.	
Principle 5 - Make timely and balanced disclosure  5.1 A listed entity should:	
(a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosur obligations under the Listing Rules; and	
(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.  Principle 6 - Respect the rights of security holders	Yes
6.1 A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance t investors via its website.	
6.2 A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program t facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	
6.3 A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place t facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	
6.4 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communication from, and send communication to, the entity and its security registrelectronically.	
Principle 7 - Recognise and manage risk	
7.1 The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independer directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director; and disclose	No No
<ul> <li>(3) the charter of the committee;</li> <li>(4) the members of the committee; and</li> <li>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual</li> </ul>	
attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	
7.2 The board or a committee of the board should:  (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually t satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and	to Yes
<ul><li>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review hat taken place.</li></ul>	as Yes
7.3 A listed entity should disclose:  (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured an what role it performs; or	nd No
<ul> <li>(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluation and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.</li> </ul>	
7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic environmental and social sustainability risk and, if it does, how it manages contends to manage those risks.	

	Comply Yes/No/ Partly	
Princi	iple 8 - Remunerate fairly and responsibly	
8.1	The Board of a listed entity should:	
	(a) have a remuneration committee which:	No
	(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent	
	directors; and	
	(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose	
	(3) the charter of the committee;	
	(4) the members of the committee; and	
	(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the	
	committee met throughout the period and the individual	
	attendances of the members at those meetings; or	
	(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and	Yes
	the processes it employees for setting the level and composition of	
	remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that	
	such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	.,
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the	Yes
	remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive	
	directors and other senior executives.	
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:	.,
	(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into	Yes
	transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise)	
	which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and	.,
	(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Yes

### **Board Responsibilities**

The Company has established the functions that are reserved to the Board. The Board acts on behalf of the shareholders and is therefore accountable to the shareholders. It also has other obligations of a regulatory or ethical nature. In addition, the Board is responsible for identifying areas of significant business risk and ensuring arrangements are in place to appropriately manage those risks.

The Board's role is to provide overall strategic guidance and effective oversight of management. Without limiting the generality of that stated role, the key matters reserved specifically for the Board include:

- Driving the strategic direction of the Company, ensuring appropriate resources are available to meet objectives and monitoring management's performance.
- Appointment, and where necessary, the replacement, of the Chief Executive Officer/Managing Director
  and other senior executives and the determination of their terms and conditions including remuneration
  and termination.
- Approving the Company's remuneration framework.
- Monitoring the timeliness and effectiveness of reporting to Shareholders.
- Reviewing and ratifying systems of audit, risk management and internal compliance and control, codes
  of conduct and legal compliance to minimise the possibility of the Company operating beyond acceptable
  risk parameters.
- Approving and monitoring the progress of major capital expenditure, capital management and significant acquisitions and divestitures.
- Approving and monitoring the budget and the adequacy and integrity of financial and other reporting such that the financial performance of the company has sufficient clarity to be actively monitored.
- Approving the annual, half yearly and quarterly accounts.
- Approving significant changes to the organisational structure.
- Approving decisions affecting the Company's capital, including determining the Company's dividend policy and declaring dividends.
- Recommending to shareholders the appointment of the external auditor as and when their appointment or re-appointment is required to be approved by them (in accordance with the ASX Listing Rules if applicable).
- Ensuring a high standard of corporate governance practice and regulatory compliance and promoting ethical and responsible decision making
- Procuring appropriate professional development opportunities for Directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as Directors effectively.

For a complete list of the functions reserved to the Board and a copy of the Board's charter, please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website.

Due to the size of the Board and the stage of the Company's operations, the Board has opted not to establish an Audit and Risk Committee or a Remuneration or Nomination Committee. These duties and responsibilities are discharged by the full Board, in accordance with the Audit and Risk Committee and Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charters that have been adopted by the Board.

Refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website for a copy of the Committee charters.

## **Responsibilities of Senior Executives**

The responsibility for the day to day operation and administration of the Company, in accordance with the direction of the Board, is delegated by the Board to the CEO and the executive team. The Board ensures that this team is appropriately qualified and experienced to carry out their responsibilities and has in place procedures to assess the performance of the CEO and the executive team.

### Performance evaluation of Board and Senior Executives

The Board has adopted a policy for evaluating the performance of the Board and Directors, a copy of which is available on its website. The Board conducted an informal evaluation of the Board, its Directors and senior management in the reporting period.

The Board is responsible for an annual evaluation of the CEO, to be coordinated by the Chairman. The CEO's performance objectives will be equivalent to the Company's performance objectives and will be set by the Board based on qualitative and quantitative measures. The CEO's performance against these objectives will then be reviewed annually by the Board and reflected in the CEO's remuneration structure.

For further information regarding the Company's Performance Evaluation Policy please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website.

### Structure of the Board and Skills Matrix

To ensure the Board is well equipped to discharge its responsibilities it has established guidelines for the nomination, selection, induction and ongoing professional development of Directors. These guidelines include a requirement to undertake appropriate background checks prior to the appointment of a person as a Director, including but not limited to undertaking police and solvency checks, a formal induction program to enable new Directors to build their knowledge and make an effective contribution in a timely manner, and the provision of appropriate professional development opportunities for Directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their roles as Directors effectively.

The Directors in office and the term of their appointment at the date of this Corporate Governance Statement are:

Name	Position	Date of Appointment	
C. Wallace	Executive Director	9 November 2016	
P. Lloyd	Non-executive Director	10 April 2018	
J. Murray	Non-executive Director and Chair	Appointed 27 August 2018	
		(effective as at 1 October 2018)	

The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of Director held by each Director at the date of this Statement are included in the Annual Report.

<b>✓</b>	Catriona Wallace	Peter Lloyd	John Murray
Operational Management	✓	-	✓
Corporate Law	-	✓	✓
Al Technology Expertise	✓	_	-
Product Development and Management	<b>√</b>	✓	-
Listed Companies	✓	✓	✓
Accounting & Finance	-	✓	✓
Equity Markets	-	-	✓

The composition of the Board will be reviewed regularly by the Board to ensure that the Directors between them bring the range of skills, knowledge and experience necessary to direct the Company's operations. The Board has developed a skills matrix considered suitable for the Company at its current stage and into the future, taking into account its current strategy, operations and expectations for changes in the nature and scope of its activities. The Board skills matrix identifies a mix of areas the Board should collectively hold across its membership, including experience in the financial services and insurance industry, legal industry, software and other technology, finance and executive management. The Board is satisfied that the identified skills are well represented in the current Board.

The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board. All Directors have unfettered access to the Company Secretary. In addition, Directors are entitled, in furtherance of their duties, to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

# Independence

Recommendation 2.4 requires a majority of the Board to be independent Directors. The ASX guidance on factors relevant to an assessment of independence includes interests, positions, associations or relationships which might interfere with, or reasonably be seen to interfere with, a director's capacity to bring independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the entity and its security holders generally. In accordance with this guidance, and for the reasons set out below, two directors are considered to be independent.

Ms Catriona Wallace, is a director of the Company and a substantial shareholder. The Board is of the opinion that Ms Wallace's association with these entities compromises her independence. However, the Board is of the view that she can and does make independent decisions in the best interests of the Company and its security holders.

Mr Peter Lloyd, Non-Executive Director, was appointed on 10 April 2018 and the Board considers Mr Lloyd to be an independent director who is able to make independent decisions in the best interests of the Company and its security holders.

Mr John Murray, Non-executive Director and Chair, was appointed on 1 October 2018 and the Board considers that Mr Murray to be an independent director who is able to make independent decisions in the best interests of the Company and its security holders.

### **Nomination and Remuneration Committee**

The Board has adopted a Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter however at this stage has not established a Nomination or Remuneration Committee and the full Board currently undertakes the responsibilities for determining and reviewing compensation arrangements for the Directors and senior executives and ensuring that the Board continues to operate within the established guidelines, including when necessary, selecting candidates for the position of Director. For further details regarding the procedure for the nomination, selection and appointment of new Directors and re-election of incumbents, as well as a copy of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter, please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website.

For further details on the remuneration policy of the Company, including a description of the structure of Non-executive Directors' remuneration and CEO/Director and senior executives' remuneration, see the Directors' Report of this Annual Report.

The Company has established a Performance Rights Plan pursuant to which the Company may offer long term equity incentive rights to Directors and employees. The rights are usually issued for nil consideration and typically only vest under certain conditions. The performance rights cannot be transferred without the approval of the Company's Board and are not quoted on the ASX. Holders may not enter into any transaction designed to remove the "at risk" aspect of a performance right before it is exercised.

The Company acknowledges that the guidelines to ASX Principle 8.2 recommend that Non-executive Directors do not receive equity incentives with performance hurdles attached. However, in the Company's current circumstances, the Directors consider rights to be a cost effective and efficient means for the Company to provide a reward and incentive, as opposed to alternative forms of incentive, such as the payment of additional cash consideration that would be necessary for someone with the experience of the Directors, and may from time to time resolve to issue performance rights to Non-executive Directors, including with performance hurdles, subject to regulatory and shareholder approval.

There is no scheme to provide retirement benefits (other than superannuation) for Non-executive Directors.

For additional details please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website.

#### **Audit Committee**

The Board has adopted an Audit Committee Charter however given the current size of the Board, a separate Audit Committee has not been established and the full Board currently undertakes the responsibility to ensure that an effective internal control framework exists within the entity. This includes internal controls to deal with both the effectiveness and efficiency of significant business processes such as the safeguarding of assets, the maintenance of proper accounting records and the reliability of financial information, as well as non-financial considerations including the benchmarking of operational key performance indicators. The Board is also responsible for the nomination of the external auditor and reviewing the adequacy of the scope and quality of the annual statutory audit and half year audit review.

For further details regarding the procedures for selection, appointment and rotation of external audit partners, as well as a copy of the Audit Committee's Charter, please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website.

### Communication with Shareholders

Pursuant to Principle 6, the Board aims to ensure that the shareholders are provided with full and timely information about the Company's activities. To promote effective communication with shareholders, the Company has designed a Shareholder Communication Strategy. Information is communicated to the shareholders through, among other ways:

- the Annual Report which is made available to all shareholders;
- announcements made through the ASX companies announcements platform;
- the Company's website which has a dedicated Announcements section for the purpose of publishing all important Company information and relevant announcements made to the market; and
- the annual general meeting and any other meetings called to obtain approval for Board action as appropriate.

In addition, shareholders are encouraged to make their views known or to seek clarification on information available in the public arena by contacting the Company (including the Company's share registry, which facilitates electronic correspondence) or attending the annual general meeting. The external auditors also attend, and are available to answer queries on the preparation and content of the independent Audit Report, the accounting policies adopted by the Company in relation to the preparation of accounts and the independence of the Auditor in relation to the conduct of the audit at the Company's annual general meetings.

For further information regarding the Company's Shareholder Communication Policy please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website.

### **Diversity Policy**

The Board is committed to promoting equality and diversity in the workplace and aims to be an organisation where diversity is valued, respected and celebrated. All decisions relating to employees will be based strictly on merit, without regard to gender, ethnicity, age, relationship status or any other irrelevant factor not applicable to the position.

Pursuant to Recommendation 1.5, the Company has established a Diversity Policy. However due to the small size of the organisation and its current stage of operations, the introduction of specific measurable objectives at this stage has not been implemented. The Company currently has 17 employees of which 6 are women (35%), with one woman in senior executive position and one woman on the Board of Directors out of a total of three.

Whilst the Board strongly endorses the concept of gender diversity, until the Company's human resource base has grown to a point where fully implementing specific measurable objectives will become more meaningful, the Company will, in accordance with its Diversity Policy, continue to recruit the best person for each role, regardless of gender, ethnicity, age, relationship status or any other irrelevant factor not applicable to the position.

### **Share Trading**

The Constitution of the Company permits Directors and officers to acquire shares in the Company.

In accordance with the provisions of the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules, Directors must advise the Company and the ASX of any transactions they conduct in securities of the Company.

The Company has established a Securities Trading Policy concerning trading in the Company's securities by Directors and employees. This policy provides a brief summary of the law on insider trading and other relevant laws, sets out the restrictions on dealing in securities by people who work for or who are associated with the Company, and is intended to assist in maintaining market confidence in the integrity of dealings in the Company's securities.

The policy stipulates that the only appropriate time for a Director or employee to deal in the Company's securities is when he or she is not in possession of 'price sensitive information' that is not generally available to the share market. A Director wishing to deal in the Company's securities may only do so after first having received approval from the Chairman. All staff wishing to deal must obtain approval from the Managing Director.

Trading in the Company's securities is also subject to specified blackout periods, which are set out in the Company's Trading Policy or as otherwise determined by the Board from time to time.

The Company prohibits Directors and employees from entering into transactions in associated products which limit the economic risk of participating in unvested entitlements under any equity-based remuneration schemes.

A copy of the Company's Trading Policy is available in the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website.

# Integrity of Financial Reporting and Risk Management Policies

The Board has primary responsibility to ensure that the Company presents and publishes accounts which present a true and fair view of its results and financial position and that the accounting methods adopted are appropriate to the Company and consistently applied in accordance with relevant accounting standards and the applicable laws.

Under section 295A of the *Corporations* Act, the Managing Director/CEO and the person who performs the Chief Financial Officer function are each required to provide a written statement to the Board that the Company's annual financial report presents a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the Company's financial condition and operational results and that it is in accordance with the relevant accounting standards. Recommendation 4.2 extends this requirement such that it applies to financial statements for any financial period and that the Managing Director and the person who performs the Chief Financial Officer function must also confirm that this statement is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance which implements the policies adopted by the Board and that the Company's risk management and internal compliance and control system is operating effectively in all material respects. The company has received the aforementioned written statement from the CEO and CFO for the reporting period.

Due to the size of the Company and its current level of activity and operations, the Company does not have a formal internal audit function. Periodically, internal reviews of the Company's financial systems, documents and processes will be undertaken and any recommendation for improvement reported to the Board.

The new Board is committed to the management of risks throughout its operations to protect all of its stakeholders. Risk management is carried out through the full Board as mentioned above.

The Company's Risk Management Policy deals with the management and oversight of material business risks and provides the guiding principle for management in the identification of risks across the organisation as a whole, and within individual business units. The Company reviews the its risk management framework on an ongoing basis and is satisfied that it continues to be sound with the Company operating within the risk appetite set by the Board.

The Board has formed the view that the Company does not currently have any material exposure to economic, environmental or social sustainability risks.

For a summary of the Company's Risk Management Policy, please refer to the Corporate Policies section of the Company's website.

# Code of Conduct and Continuous Disclosure Policy

The Company has a Code of Conduct and Continuous Disclosure Policy, which can be found in the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website. The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy facilitates compliance with the ASX continuous disclosure requirements.