Australian Critical Minerals Delegation to Washington DC, United States

led by Federal Minister of Mines Matthew Canavan





November 2019

Presented by

George Bauk

MANAGING DIRECTOR / CEO

Disclaimer



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Compliance Statement

The information in this document that relates to the Mineral Resource Estimates of the Wolverine, Gambit, Gambit West, Area 5, Cyclops, Banshee deposits and Pilot Plant Stockpiles is extracted from the Company's ASX Announcement dated 28 September 2018 entitled "Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve Update – Post Trial Mining Operations at June 30 2018" available to view on the Company's website (www.asx.com.au, and was completed in accordance with the guidelines of the JORC Code (2012). The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Mineral Resource Estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially modified from the original market announcement.

The information in this document that relates to the Mineral Resource Estimate for the Dazzler deposit is extracted from the Company's ASX Announcement dated 6 March 2019 entitled "Dazzler shines with high-grade Maiden Mineral Resource" available to view on the Company's website (www.asx.com.au, and was completed in accordance with the guidelines of the JORC Code (2012). The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Mineral Resource Estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

The information in this document that relates to Ore Reserves is extracted from the Company's ASX Announcement dated 28 September 2018 entitled "Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve Update – Post Trial Mining Operations at June 30 2018" available to view on the Company's website (www.asx.com.au, and was completed in accordance with the guidelines of the JORC Code (2012). The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Ore Reserves Estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

The information in this document that relates to the Exploration Results from the Iceman deposit is extracted from the Company's ASX Announcement dated 11 September 2018 entitled "Assay results confirm Dazzler and Iceman discoveries" available to view on the Company's website (www.asx.com.au, and was completed in accordance with the guidelines of the JORC Code (2012). The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Exploration Results in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

The information in this document that relates to production targets and forecast financial information derived from a production target is extracted from the Company's ASX Announcement dated 2 March 2015 entitled "DFS positions Browns Range Project as next dysprosium supplier" available to view on the Company's website (www.northernminerals.com.au) and www.northernminerals.com.au) and www.asx.com.au. The Company confirms that all material assumptions underpinning the production targets and forecast financial information in the announcement released on 2 March 2015 continue to apply and have not materially changed.

TREO = Total Rare Earth Oxides – La2O3, CeO2, Pr6O11, Nd2O3, Sm2O3, Eu2O3, Gd2O3, Tb4O7, Dy2O3, Ho2O3, Er2O3, Tm2O3, Yb2O3, Lu2O3, Y2O3 HREO = Heavy Rare Earth Oxides – Total of Sm2O3, Eu2O3, Gd2O3, Tb4O7, Dy2O3, Ho2O3, Er2O3, Tm2O3, Yb2O3, Lu2O3, Y2O3

Rare Earths news coverage



New financing measures to help build critical minerals sector

14 November 2019

Joint media release with Minister for Trade, Tourism and Investment, Simon Birmingham MP, and Minister for Defence, Senator Linda Reynolds

Australia has world-leading deposits of rare earth and critical minerals representing a substantial commercial opportunity. The Australian Government will secure the future of rare earth and critical mineral projects, including those strategically important to defence end-use, with new financial options and a dedicated project facilitation office within the Department of Industry.

Projects which boost our ability to extract and process critical minerals in Australia will be eligible for financial support through Export Finance Australia (EFA) including the Defence Export Facility. Changes will also be made to allow projects to access dual funding through the EFA as well as the Northern Australia Infrastructure Facility (NAIF).

Minister for Resources and Northern Australia Matt Canavan said the new arrangements meant Australian companies would be able to maximise their access to existing government support to expedite new rare earth and critical mineral processing activities in Australia.

"We are determined to develop our rare earth and critical mineral assets for the benefit of Australia and our technology-driven industries. By allowing proponents to secure financing through both EFA and the NAIF, we are enhancing opportunities for our critical mineral sector. This opens up new opportunities in trade and manufacturing, creating jobs of the future for thousands of Australians.

Rare earths scramble

Exclusive | The Morrison government is pulling out all stops to make cheap money available for rare earths and other critical minerals projects as it works with the US to reduce China's near stranglehold on supply. It will set up an office specifically to secure critical minerals projects strategically important in defence.

News

Thursday 14 November 2019 AFR
The Australian Financial Review | www.afr.com

Canberra splashes cash for rare earths

Exclusive

Brad Thompson

The Morrison government is pulling out all stops to make cheap money available for rare earths and other critical minerals projects as it works with the United States on ways to reduce China's near stranglehold on supply.

The government will set up a dedicated office within the Department of Industry as it looks to secure critical minerals projects in Australia with an emphasis on those strategically important in defence.

Defence Minister Linda Reynolds said the government's moves would "help deliver the capability that keeps Australia safe".

The government will make projects that boost mining and processing of

Key points

Dedicated office to be set up to secure critical minerals projects used in defence. Strategic goal to reduce

Australian and US reliance on Chinese resources.

rare earths and other key ingredients in military technology eligible for financial support through Export Finance Australia, including the Defence Export Facility.

The government is also tweaking rules around the much-maligned \$5 billion Northern Australian Infrastructure Facility so the granting of its low-interest loans does not exclude projects from additional taxpayerfunded support.

The critical minerals push comes as Resources Minister Matt Canavan and US Commerce Secretary Wilbur Ross prepare to co-chair a meeting of the US-Australia Critical Minerals Dialogue in Washineton on Tuesday.

Australia and the US have made it clear they are worried about rare earths supply in particular because the resources are needed in leading-edge technology, including guided missile systems and other defence equipment

China's President Xi Jinping raised fears of cutting off supply in May when he made a pointed visit to a rare earths plant in a flashpoint in his trade battles with US President Donald Trump.

The plant he visited has separated heavy rare earths supplied by ASXlisted Lynas Corporation, the world's

biggest non-China producer. Senator Canavan said Australian firms could maximise access to government support to expedite new on-shore rare earths and critical minerals processing. "We are determined to develop our

rare earths and critical minerals assets for the benefit of Australia and our technology-driven industries," he said. The dedicated office with the Depart-

ment of Industry will be tasked with helping industry players with investment, financing and market access. Senator Canavan said Australia should become a global powerbuses in

should become a global powerhouse in critical minerals needed in electric vehicles, smartphones and renewable energy as well as the military.

Senator Reynolds, who in August welcomed a move by emerging heavy rare earths supplier Northern Minerals to sign a 100 per cent off-take agreement with a non-Chinese customer in Thyssenkrupp, said critical minerals were inputs to defence capability.

"These measures will play a vital role in supporting a secure, ethical and sustainable supply of critical minerals, and in doing that help deliver the capability that keeps Australians safe," she said.

It is understood the US military has welcomed moves by Lynas to develop rare earths processing capacity in Texas under a joint venture with Blue Line Corporation that would produce high-yalue dysprosium and terbium

Lynas sends rare earths mined at Mount Weld in WA to its plant in Malaysia, where it produces neodymium and praseodymium but cannot separate dysprosium and terbium.

Malaysian authorities have given Lynas a deadline to build a new firststage processing plant in Australia.

PAUL GARVEY

secure

defence

funding

A \$4.4bn fund for defence exports will be thrown open to potential rare earths miners as part of the federal government's latest efforts to stimulate a new wave of mining projects.

Miners to

Federal Resources Minister Matt Canavan will today announce that would-be rare earths miners will be able to apply for support from Export Finance Australia's defence export facility, opening a new avenue of government funding for the industry.

Mr Canavan, who will fly to the US on Thursday for a series of meetings with senior US government officials in Washington next week, said the government would also open a new facilitation office to support companies looking to secure investment and finance for their so-called "critical mineral" projects.

Canavan heads to US to punt critical minerals

15TH NOVEMBER 2019 BY: ESMARIE IANNUCCI - CREAMER MEDIA SENIOR DEPUTY EDITOR: AUSTRALASIA



 $ERTH \ (mining weekly.com) - Federal \ Resources \ Minister \ \textbf{Matt} \ \textbf{Canavan} \ on \ Friday \ said \ that \ he would \ use \ high-level \ talks \ in \ the \ US \ over \ the \ coming \ week \ to \ promote \ Australia \ as \ an \ emerging \ producer \ of \ critical \ minerals \ and \ a \ reliable \ global \ supplier \ of \ resources \ and \ emergy.$

Canavan is travelling to the US for talks with senior members of the US government and to meet executives of major mining, manufacturing and resources companies.

 $He will meet Commerce Secretary {\bf Wilbur Ross} \ and \ US Secretary of the Interior {\bf David Bernhardt} \ to \ promote \ Australia's emerging critical minerals sector and to push for international cooperation to help boost the global trade and diversified supply of critical minerals.$

"Critical minerals and rare earths are crucial to the high-technology industries of the future and are essential components of batteries, wind turbines, LCD screens, solar panels, microchips and even mobile phones," Canavan said.

"The US has a need for critical minerals and Australia's abundant supplies makes us a reliable and secure international supplier of a wide range of those including rare earth elements.

"Mining and resources have underpinned Australia's economic growth and prosperity for more than 100 years, and the critical minerals sector provides an exciting opportunity to build on that foundation as a safe and reliable supplier to the world."

The visit builds on the September agreement between Prime Minister **Scott Morrison** and President **Donald Trump** to develop a US-Australia Action Plan for Critical Minerals Cooperation to support investment, research and development, and diversity in critical minerals supply chains.



Dysprosium – critical to the future



Chinese dominance

State controlled production from largely dirty in situ leach deposits





US critical alert

Trump Government identified rare earths as critical to US economic growth





Defence reliance

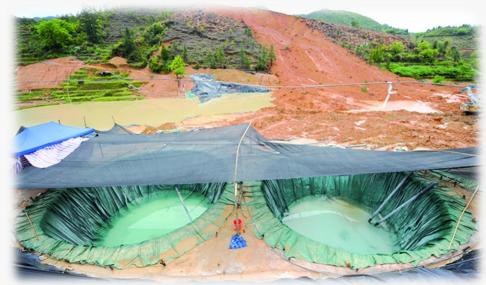
98% of dysprosium production currently from China



With each electric vehicle using just over 100g of dysprosium, the company understands that demand may increase to over 3,500tpa by 2030. With over 98% of Dy production from China, there is strong interest in the US and globally for new, sustainable sources of supply.



The competition is unethical







Northern Minerals Browns Range Pilot Plant

- 98% of world's heavy rare earths are produced by China;
- Many operations are in situ leach operations, which are dirty and environmentally dangerous;
- Leaching affects the groundwater and water table, making it unsafe for residents;
- Chinese Government has clamped down on illegal operators, either by shutting down or 'legalising' through assimilation into current operators;

Mining and processing methods largely due to low grade ore, 20 - 40 ppm Dy versus Browns Range 600 – 800 ppm Dy.

China dominates global supply including unethical supply, not green not clean.



NORTHERN MINERALS Dysprosium price is up 27% since the start of 2019



Source: Asian Metals



Value proposition



Globally significant

Browns Range is one of a few non-Chinese producers of dysprosium



Initiatives

Several projects underway, including ore sorting and separation, to increase value



EV growth & military use

A key ingredient in permanent magnets used in EVs and military use



Exploration upside

New Dazzler Mineral Resource points to improved economics



Pilot plant production

Commissioning has commenced and mixed rare earth carbonate produced



Stable investment jurisdiction

First world economy, infrastructure, environmental and work practices



Browns Range East Kimberley, WA



| | and the second s | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|-------|----------------|--------|------|----------|--------|------------|------|
| DISCOVERY | EXPLORATION | EVALU | ATION AND APPE | ROVALS | DFS | NEW PLAN | DEVELO | PRODUCTION | |
| 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |

Our Aspiration









Downstream Potential

Product separation Satellite deposits New RE revenue streams



Accelerate Exploration

Goals include:

Increased mine life
Improve head grade
Targeting 20+ year mine life

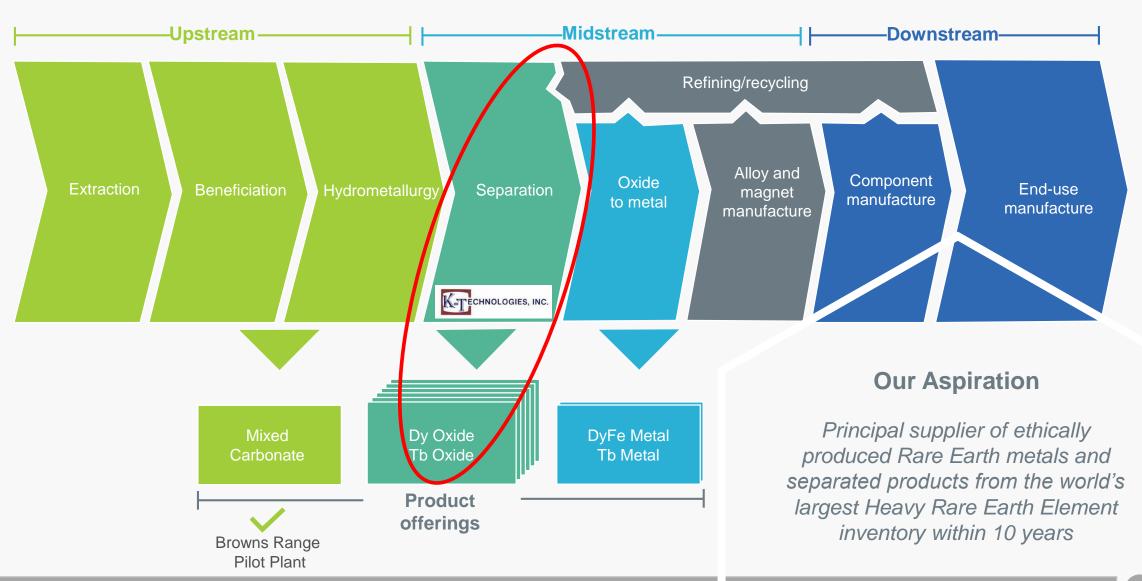
Principal supplier of ethically produced rare earth metals and separated products from the world's largest heavy rare earth element inventory within 10 years



=> Decision point on whether to proceed to next stage

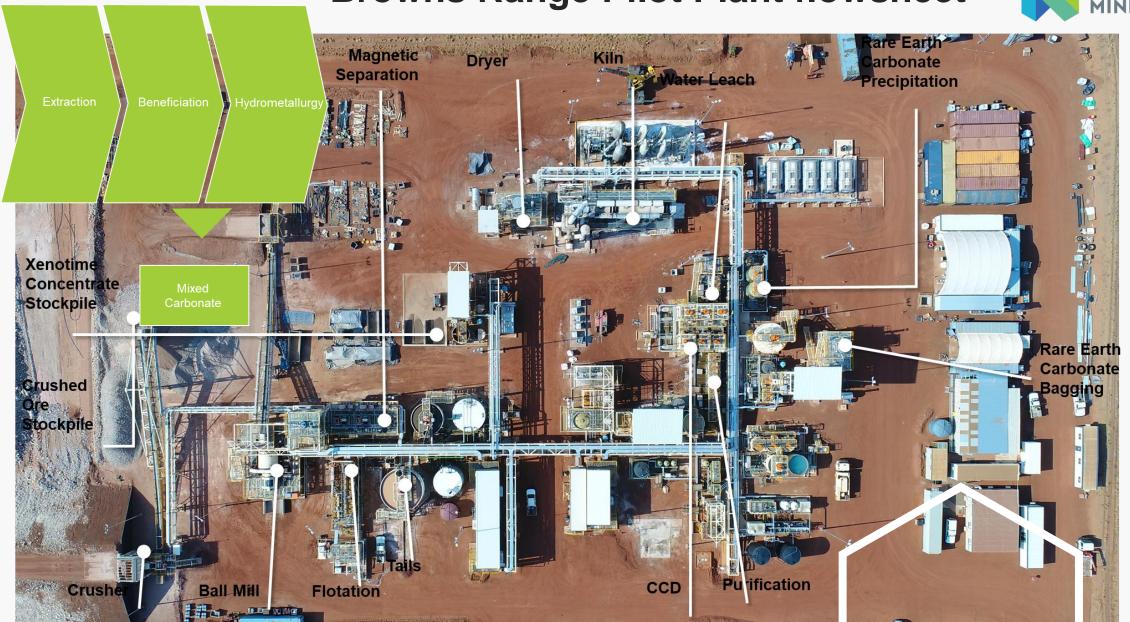


Rare earth magnet supply chain



Browns Range Pilot Plant flowsheet







Quality offtake partner - thyssenkrupp

Northern Minerals has entered into an offtake agreement with thyssenkrupp Materials Trading GmbH (thyssenkrupp) for all mixed heavy rare earth carbonate from the Browns Range Pilot Plant Project, including all stockpiled product.

The agreement also includes an option for thyssenkrupp to participate in the potential full-scale project.









Rare earth separation scoping study underway



 Scoping study commenced to investigate downstream processing of mixed rare earths into separated rare earth oxides;

K-TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Dy Oxide Tb Oxide

- U.S.A based K-Technologies Inc selected to undertake bench scale testwork and Scoping Study;
- Samples dispatched to the U.S.A and testwork commenced in September 2019;
- Preliminary results positive Continuous Ion Exchange and Continuous Ion Chromatography testwork;
- If successful, the addition of separation technologies will allow the Company to value-add and increase the range of potential customers.





Further exploration underway

The Browns Range dome is a massive geological feature covering 1,500km² and stretching 60km x 30km most of which hasn't been effectively explored



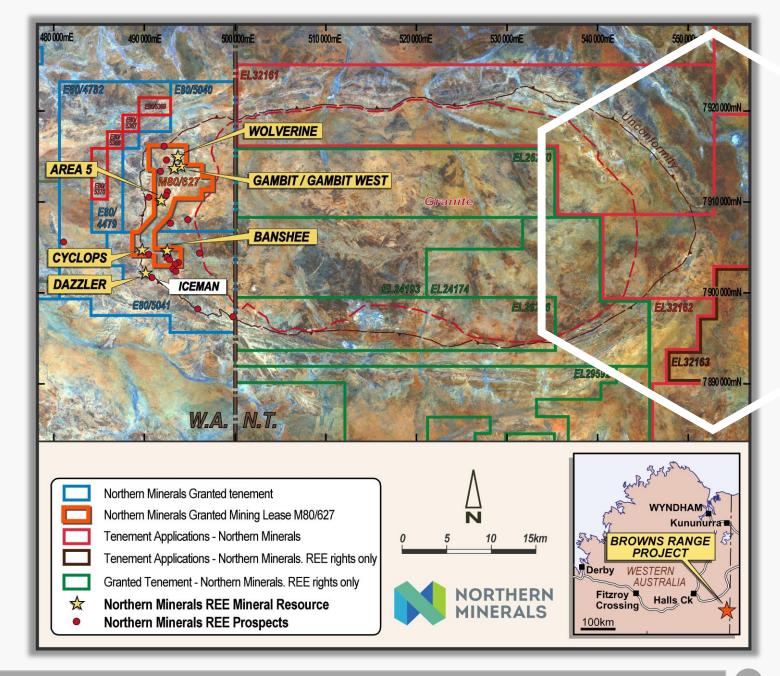
Current 11-year mine life

Based on 3000t TREO annual production (reported in accordance with reporting criteria of the 2012 JORC code as per ASX announcement on 23 March 2016)



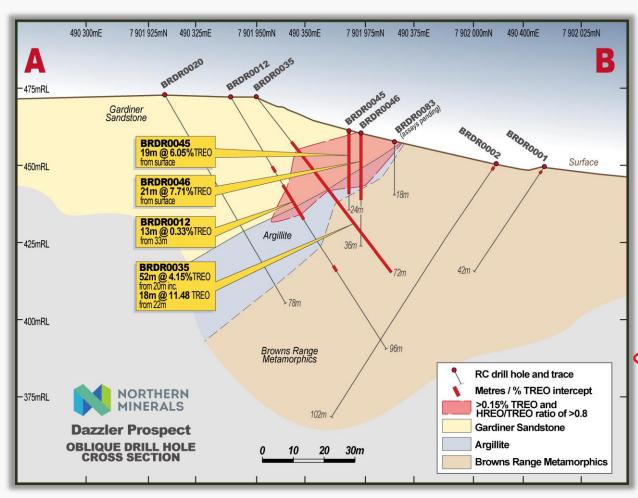
20+ year life target

Focus on growing mine life from 11 years to +20 through high grade discoveries such as Dazzler in 2018.





Dazzler Mineral Resource



| Category | Mt | TREO | Dy ₂ O ₃ | Y ₂ O ₃ | Tb ₄ O ₇ | HREO | TREO |
|-----------|------|------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|-----------|
| Category | IVIC | % | kg/t | kg/t | kg/t | % | kg |
| Indicated | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Inferred | 0.14 | 2.23 | 2.08 | 12.79 | 0.27 | 93 | 3,200,000 |
| Total | 0.14 | 2.23 | 2.08 | 12.79 | 0.27 | 93 | 3,200,000 |

| REO | % of Total REO |
|---------------------------------|----------------|
| La ₂ O ₃ | 1.20 |
| CeO ₂ | 3.44 |
| Pr ₆ O ₁₁ | 0.48 |
| Nd ₂ O ₃ | 2.21 |
| Sm ₂ O ₃ | 1.40 |
| Eu ₂ O ₃ | 0.46 |
| Gd ₂ O ₃ | 4.88 |
| Tb ₄ O ₇ | 1.21 |
| Dy ₂ O ₃ | 9.32 |
| Ho ₂ O ₃ | 2.13 |
| Er ₂ O ₃ | 6.89 |
| Tm ₂ O ₃ | 1.09 |
| Yb ₂ O ₃ | 7.05 |
| Y ₂ O ₃ | 57.30 |
| Lu ₂ O ₃ | 0.95 |





Strengthening our balance sheet



In the year 2019 to date we have:

- Raised and banked A\$73m;
- Repaid A\$27m to close out Brevet R&D loan;
- Repaid the Lind facility;
- A\$20m subscription announced subject to FIRB / Shareholder Approval;
- 1st Payment made to Sinosteel of A\$2.1m in Oct 19.

The key focus for the remainder of the year is:

- R&D appeal process is underway with AusIndustry as we repay ATO total of \$14.5m (A\$11.4m remaining - 24 month payment plan);
- Continue to repay debt:
 - Continue to pay monthly ATO debt;
 - Repay JHY convertible note of A\$4m (Dec 19) with cash or shares at the election of JHY.

NTU Board





Colin McCavana
Non-executive Chairman
appointed 2006

Mr McCavana has more than 35 years of management experience worldwide in the earthworks, construction and mining industries.



George Bauk
Managing Director / CEO
appointed 2010

Mr Bauk is an experienced executive, with 30 years' experience in the resources industry. Mr Bauk is Chairman of Lithium Australia and Non-executive Director of BlackEarth Minerals.



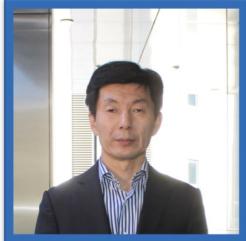
Adrian Griffin
Non-executive Director
appointed 2006

An Australian trained mining professional with exposure to metal mining and processing throughout the world, Mr Griffin has been involved in the development of extraction technology for platinum group metals and agricultural commodities.



Ming Lu Non-executive Director appointed 2018

Mr Lu is a CPA qualified senior finance leader with over a decade of commercial experience in successful multinational businesses worldwide.



Bin Cai*
Alternate Non-executive Director
Appointed 2013

Yanchung Wang Non-executive Director (appointed 2013) (not in photo)

Ms Wang acts as a strategic investor for a number of Chinese based companies.

*Mr Cai is the MD of Conglin International Investment Group Pty Ltd based in Brisbane.



Corporate overview

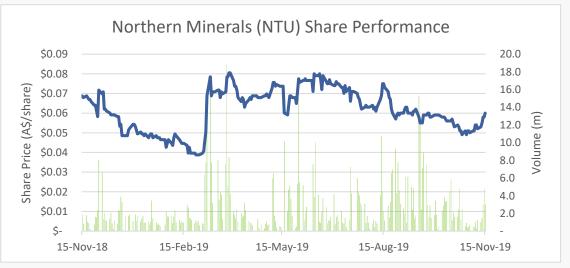


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|-----------------------|--|-----------------|
| Major shareholders | ; | 31 October 2019 |
| Citicorp Nominees | | 16.3% |
| ACIIG | | 8.3% |
| Huatai Mining Pty Ltd | | 7.2% |
| Congyan Xue | | 5.5% |
| Remaining Top 20 | | 23.6% |
| Other | | 39.1% |
| | | |

Source: Iress

| Ordinary Shares as at 15 November 2019 | 2,555M |
|---|------------------------------|
| Options and Performance Rights as at 15 November 2019 | 115M |
| Market Capitalisation as at 15 November 2019 | \$153M |
| Cash (30 September 2019) | \$18.8M |
| Debt (as at 31 October 2019): ATO (under appeal with AusIndustry) Sinosteel Convertible Notes (unsecured) | \$11.4M \$8.3M \$11.5M |
| Plant book value | \$70M |
| 12 month low - high | \$0.0388 -\$0.0805 |
| Average daily volume (12 month avg) | 2,685M |

All amounts in AUD



Source: Iress

In 2020 we will

- accelerate exploration aiming to expand the resource base;
- implement ore sorting;
- reach nameplate capacity of the pilot plant;
- complete separation scoping study;
- continue to test the economic and technical viability of the pilot plant.



Why invest in Northern Minerals?



US and Australian Governments have identified a crisis in the supply chain for rare earths, in particular for dysprosium and terbium products.

US and Australian Governments have taken action to facilitate the development of alternative and ethical rare earths supply chains.

Northern Minerals is a producer of rare earths in Australia.

Northern Minerals aspires to be the principal supplier of ethically produced rare earth metals and separated products from the world's largest heavy rare earth element inventory within 10 years.





Thank you

Contacts

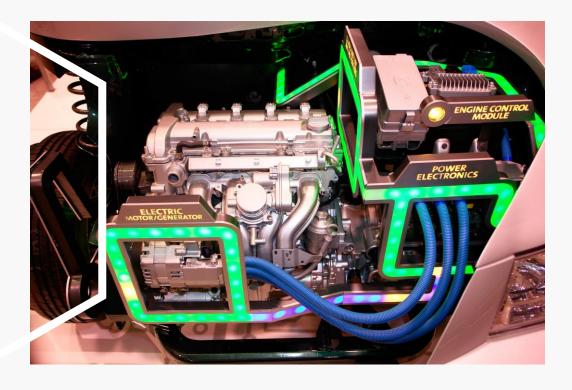
George Bauk, Managing Director & CEO gbauk@northernminerals.com.au

Mark Tory, Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary mtory@northernminerals.com.au

Andrew Rowell, Investor Relations Director, Cannings Purple arowell@canningspurple.com.au

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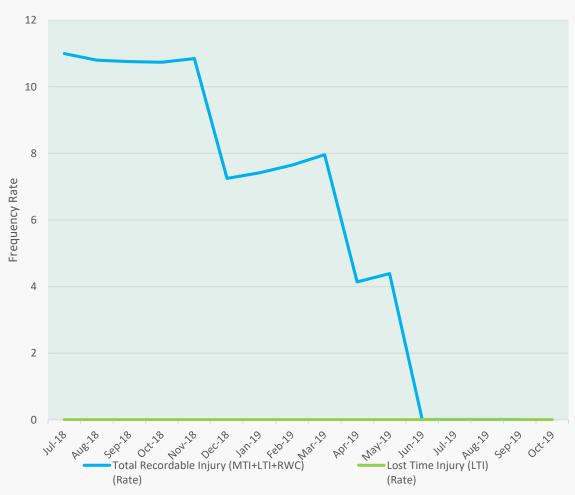


APPENDICES



Health and Safety

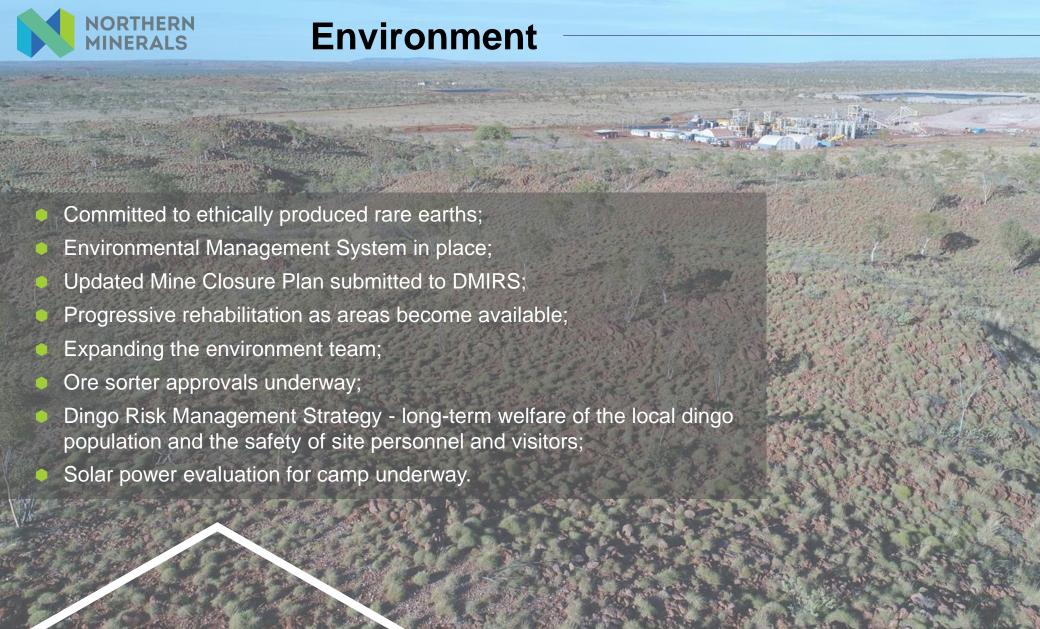
ANNUAL INJURY PERFORMANCE



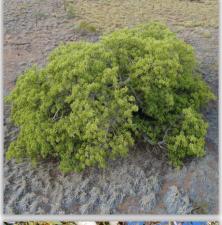
- No LTI at the operation for 2 years;
- TRIFR reached zero in June 2019;
- Emergency Response training e.g. confined space rescue;
- Improvement in Safety Culture;
- Enhancing safety team;
- Crisis Management Training.



[•]Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate calculations measure the total number of recordable injuries (MTI+LTI+RWC, excluding First Aid) per million hours worked, where MTI = Medical Treatment Injury, LTI = Lost Time Injury, RWC = Restricted Work Case













Corporate leadership

Our people embody the Northern Minerals SPIRIT, a culture of continually striving to deliver exceptional outcomes, leadership and improvements.

EO

HR

Mark Tory

CFO and **Company Secretary**

Specialist in innovative finance and capital management

Robin Wilson

Geology and Exploration Manager

Original Browns Range discoverer, on the hunt for new resources

Bin Cai

Executive Officer

Bin has a record of successful strategic investments in emerging Australian resources companies.

Hayley Patton

Human Resources Manager

Experienced HR Professional with broad industry experience





Operational leadership

Our team of operational specialists have years of experience in the production of rare earths. Having experts in their fields allows us to maximise value for shareholders.



Robin Jones

Chief Operating Officer

Driven Browns Range pilot plant to be the newest dysprosium producer



GM

General Manager Operations

Experienced rare earths operator, focused on delivering results



Eben Van Rooyen

Engineering Manager

Charged with building Browns Range as a new greenfields site



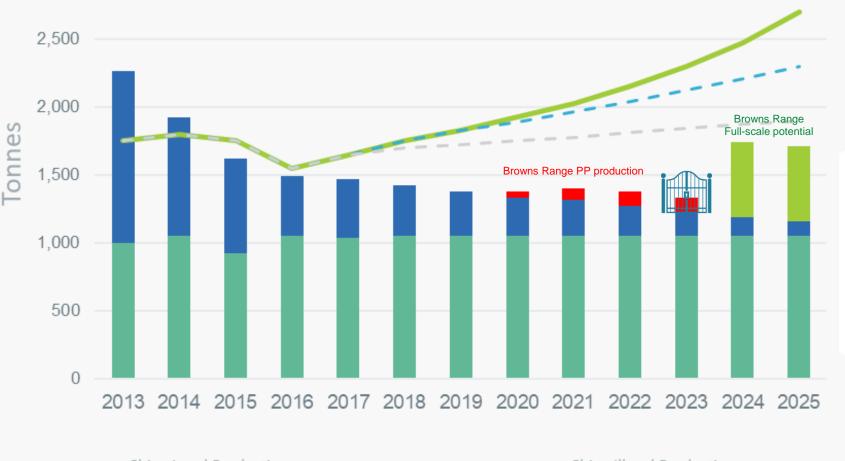
Louis de Klerk

Research and Development Manager

Focus on R&D, continuous improvement & assessment against benchmarks

Filling the supply gap





Chinese illegal production is expected to continue falling as the Government cracks down. Even with efficiencies in electric motors, the supply/demand gap is expected to continue widening.

China Legal Production

Browns Range PP Production

Global Demand

Additional 30% Dy Thrifting

China Illegal Production

Browns Range Full-scale potential

Additional 15% Dy Thrifting

> Decision point on whether to proceed to next stage

Source: Adamas Intelligence Resource

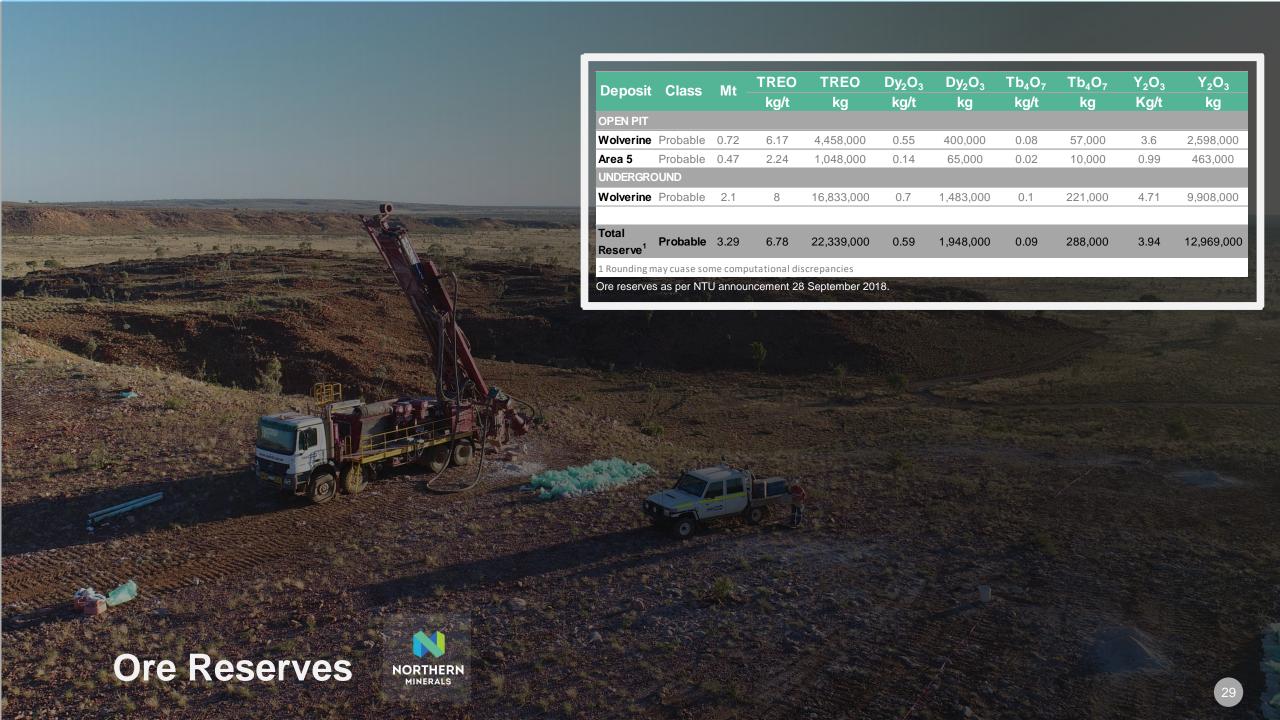
3,000



| Deposit | Classification | Mt | TREO | Dy ₂ O ₃ | Y ₂ O ₃ | Tb ₄ O ₇ | HREO | TREO |
|--|--------------------|------|------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|------------|
| | | | % | kg/t | kg/t | kg/t | % | kg |
| Wolverine | Indicated | 2.88 | 0.84 | 0.74 | 4.89 | 0.11 | 89 | 24,195,000 |
| | Inferred | 1.97 | 0.89 | 0.76 | 5.15 | 0.11 | 88 | 17,588,000 |
| | Total ¹ | 4.85 | 0.86 | 0.75 | 4.99 | 0.11 | 89 | 41,786,000 |
| Gambit West | Indicated | 0.12 | 1.8 | 1.62 | 10.98 | 0.22 | 94 | 2,107,000 |
| | Inferred | 0.13 | 0.51 | 0.4 | 2.67 | 0.05 | 81 | 674,000 |
| | Total ¹ | 0.25 | 1.11 | 0.97 | 6.56 | 0.13 | 91 | 2,781,000 |
| Pilot Plant | Indicated | 0.2 | 0.99 | 0.86 | 5.73 | 0.12 | 89 | 1,934,000 |
| Stockpiles | Inferred | 0.03 | 0.26 | 0.2 | 1.35 | 0.03 | 79 | 89,000 |
| | Total ¹ | 0.23 | 0.88 | 0.76 | 5.08 | 0.11 | 89 | 2,022,000 |
| Gambit | Indicated | | | | | | | |
| | Inferred | 0.21 | 0.89 | 0.83 | 5.62 | 0.11 | 96 | 1,878,000 |
| | Total ¹ | 0.21 | 0.89 | 0.83 | 5.62 | 0.11 | 96 | 1,878,000 |
| Area 5 | Indicated | 1.38 | 0.29 | 0.18 | 1.27 | 0.03 | 69 | 3,953,000 |
| | Inferred | 0.14 | 0.27 | 0.17 | 1.17 | 0.03 | 70 | 394,000 |
| | Total ¹ | 1.52 | 0.29 | 0.18 | 1.26 | 0.03 | 69 | 4,347,000 |
| Cyclops | Indicated | | | | | | | |
| | Inferred | 0.33 | 0.27 | 0.18 | 1.24 | 0.03 | 70 | 891,000 |
| | Total ¹ | 0.33 | 0.27 | 0.18 | 1.24 | 0.03 | 70 | 891,000 |
| Banshee | Indicated | | | | | | | |
| | Inferred | 1.66 | 0.21 | 0.16 | 1.17 | 0.02 | 87 | 3,484,000 |
| | Total ¹ | 1.66 | 0.21 | 0.16 | 1.17 | 0.02 | 87 | 3,484,000 |
| Dazzler | Indicated | | | | | | | |
| | Inferred | 0.14 | 2.23 | 2.08 | 12.79 | 0.27 | 93 | 3,200,000 |
| | Total ¹ | 0.14 | 2.23 | 2.08 | 12.79 | 0.27 | 93 | 3,200,000 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Total ¹ | Indicated | 4.58 | 0.71 | 0.6 | 4 | 0.09 | 86 | 32,189,000 |
| | Inferred | 4.61 | 0.61 | 0.51 | 3.47 | 0.07 | 87 | 28,198,000 |
| | Total ¹ | 9.19 | 0.66 | 0.56 | 3.73 | 0.08 | 86 | 60,389,000 |
| W. W | | | | | | | | |

¹ – Rounding may cause some computational discrepancies (TREO (metal) tonnes estimated from Mt x TREO%)

Mineral Resources as per NTU 2019 Annual Report Statement of Ore Reserve and Mineral Resources dated 11calc October 2019





| REO contained in mixed RE carbonate | Targeted Annual production (000s kg) |
|--|---|
| Lanthanum | 5.8 |
| Cerium | 15.2 |
| Praseodymium | 2.8 |
| Neodymium | 10.6 |
| Samarium | 11.4 |
| Europium | 2.4 |
| Gadolinium | 34.8 |
| Terbium | 6.7 |
| Dysprosium | 49.4 |
| Holmium | 13.5 |
| Erbium | 39.3 |
| Thulium | 5.6 |
| Ytterbium | 33.1 |
| Lutetium | 4.5 |
| Yttrium | 337.6 |
| Total TREO produced | 573 |
| Total carbonate produced | 1,100 |

Figures may not add due to rounding
TREO = Total Rare Earth Oxides-Total of Dy₂O₃, La₂O₃, CeO₂, Pr₆O₁₁, Nd₂O
Sm₂O₃, Eu₂O₃, Gd₂O₃, Tb₂O₃, Ho₂O₃, Er₂O₃, Tm₂O₃, Yb₂O₃, Lu₂O₃, Y₂O₃

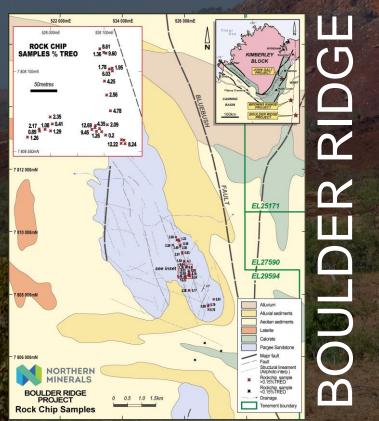
Production table from ASX announcement dated 4 February 2016 in relation to nev business plan for Browns Range and presentation of the business plan and ASX announcement dated 2 March 2015 in relation to DES

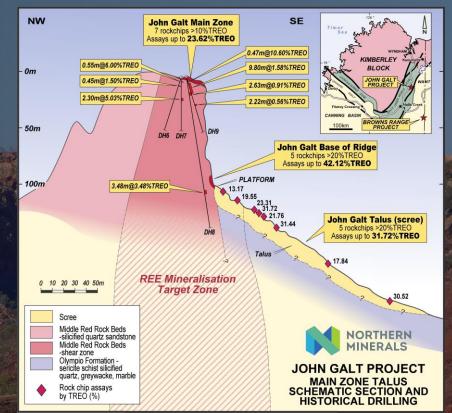


Beyond Browns Range

- Rock chip samples from the Boulder Ridge project confirm high-grade Heavy Rare Earths (HRE)
- Best results exceed 12% TREO, including up to 1.15% Dysprosium, with a dominance of HRE – up to 99%

Reinforces significant growth potential in Browns Range and Tanami regions





- Rock chip samples up to 42% TREO with approximately 95% Heavy REO
- Preliminary metallurgical tests indicate excellent recovery rates (>90%)
- Potential for concentrate grades >40%
 - High grade mineralisation in talus (scree) material
- Hard-rock source of scree is the primary target

JOHN GALT

What are Rare Earths?



| hydrogen 1 H 1.0079 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Helium 2 He 4.0026 |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| lithium 3 | beryllium 4 | | | | | | | | | LRI | = | boron 5 | carbon 6 | nitrogen 7 | oxygen 8 | fluorine 9 | neon 10 |
| 1 : | Be | | | | | | | | | LIXI | | В | Ċ | Ń | Ô | F | Ne |
| 6.941 | 9.0122 | | | | | | | | | ΗП | _ | 10.811 | 12.011 | 14.007 | 15.999 | 18.998 | 20.180 |
| sodium | magnesium | | | | | | | | | HR | | aluminium | silicon | phosphorus | sulfur | chlorine | argon |
| 11 | 12 | | | | | | | | | | | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| Na | Mg | | | | | | | | | | | AI | Si | P | S | CI | Ar |
| 22.990 | 24.305 | | | | | | | | | | | 26.982 | 28.086 | 30.974 | 32.065 | 35.453 | 39.948 |
| potassium 19 | calcium 20 | scandium 21 | titanium 22 | vanadium 23 | chromium 24 | manganese 25 | iron 26 | cobalt 27 | nickel 28 | copper 29 | zinc 30 | gallium 31 | germanium 32 | arsenic 33 | selenium 34 | bromine 35 | krypton 36 |
| K | Ca | Sc | Ti | V | Cr | Mn | Fe | Co | Ni | Cu | Zn | Ga | Ge | As | Se | Br | Kr |
| 39.098 | 40.078 | 44.956 | 47.867 | 50.942 | 51.996 | 54.938 | 55.845 | 58.933 | 58.693 | 63.546 | 65.38 | 69.723 | 72.64 | 74.922 | 78.96 | 79.904 | 83.798 |
| rubidium 37 | strontium 38 | yttrium 39 | zirconium 40 | niobium 41 | molybdenum 42 | technetium 43 | ruthenium 44 | rhodium 45 | palladium 46 | silver 47 | cadmium 48 | indium 49 | tin 50 | antimony 51 | tellurium 52 | iodine 53 | xenon 54 |
| Rb | Sr | Y | Zr | Nb | Мо | Tc | Ru | Rh | Pd | Ag | Cd | In | Sn | Sb | Te | Ĩ | Xe |
| 85.468 | | 77 | | | | | 110 | 1 211 | ı G | 79 | Cu | | 911 | JD | 10 | | 710 |
| | 87.62 | 88.906 | 91.224 | 92.906 | 95.96 | [98] | 101.07 | 102.91 | 106.42 | 107.87 | 112.41 | 114.82 | 118.71 | 121.76 | 127.60 | 126.90 | 131.29 |
| caesium | barium | lanthanum | 91.224 hafnium | 92.906 tantalum | 95.96 tungsten | [98] rhenium | 101.07 osmium | 102.91 iridium | 106.42 platinum | 107.87 gold | 112.41 mercury | 114.82 thallium | 118.71 lead | 121.76 bismuth | 127.60 polonium | astatine | 131.29 radon |
| caesium 55 | barium 56 | lanthanum 57 | 91.224 hafnium 72 | 92.906 tantalum 73 | 95.96 tungsten 74 | [98] rhenium 75 | 101.07 osmium 76 | 102.91 iridium 77 | 106.42 platinum 78 | 107.87 gold 79 | 112.41 mercury 80 | 114.82 | 118.71 lead 82 | 121.76 bismuth 83 | 127.60 polonium 84 | astatine 85 | 131.29 radon 86 |
| caesium 55 CS | Ba | lanthanum 57 La | 91.224 hafnium 72 Hf | 92.906 tantalum 73 Ta | 95.96 tungsten 74 | rhenium 75 Re | 101.07 osmium 76 OS | 102.91 iridium 77 | platinum 78 Pt | 107.87 gold 79 | 112.41 mercury 80 | 114.82 thallium 81 | 118.71 lead 82 Pb | bismuth 83 | polonium 84 Po | astatine 85 At | 131.29 radon 86 Rn |
| caesium 55 CS 132.91 | barium 56 Ba 137.33 | lanthanum 57 La 138.91 | 91.224 hafnium 72 Hf 178.49 | 92.906 tantalum 73 Ta 180.95 | 95.96 tungsten 74 W 183.84 | [98] rhenium 75 Re 186.21 | 101.07 osmium 76 OS 190.23 | 102.91 iridium 77 [[] 192.22 | 106.42 platinum 78 Pt 195.08 | 107.87 gold 79 AU 196.97 | 112.41 mercury 80 | 114.82 thallium | 118.71 lead 82 | 121.76 bismuth 83 | 127.60 polonium 84 | astatine 85 | 131.29 radon 86 |
| caesium 55 CS | Ba | lanthanum 57 La | 91.224 hafnium 72 Hf | 92.906 tantalum 73 Ta | 95.96 tungsten 74 | rhenium 75 Re | 101.07 osmium 76 OS | 102.91 iridium 77 | platinum 78 Pt | 107.87 gold 79 | 112.41 mercury 80 | 114.82 thallium 81 | 118.71 lead 82 Pb | bismuth 83 | polonium 84 Po | astatine 85 At | 131.29 radon 86 Rn |
| caesium 55 CS 132.91 francium | barium 56 Ba 137.33 radium | lanthanum 57 La 138.91 actinium | 91.224 hafnium 72 Hf 178.49 rutherfordium | 92.906 tantalum 73 Ta 180.95 dubnium | 95.96 tungsten 74 W 183.84 seaborgium | rhenium 75 Re 186.21 bohrium | osmium 76 OS 190.23 hassium | 102.91 iridium 77 If 192.22 meitnerium | platinum 78 Pt 195.08 darmstadtium | gold 79 Au 196.97 | 112.41 mercury 80 | 114.82 thallium 81 | 118.71 lead 82 Pb | bismuth 83 | polonium 84 Po | astatine 85 At | 131.29 radon 86 Rn |

| cerium 58 | praseodymium 59 | neodymium 60 | promethium 61 | samarium 62 | europium 63 | gadolinium 64 | terbium 65 | dysprosium 66 | holmium 67 | erbium 68 | thulium 69 | ytterbium 70 | lutetium 71 |
|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Ce | Pr | Nd | Pm | Sm | Eu | Gd | Tb | Dy | Но | Er | Tm | Yb | Lu |
| 140.12 | 140.91 | 144.24 | [145] | 150.36 | 151.96 | 157.25 | 158.93 | 162.50 | 164.93 | 167.26 | 168.93 | 173.05 | 174.97 |
| thorium 90 | protactinium 91 | uranium 92 | neptunium 93 | plutonium 94 | americium 95 | curium 96 | berkelium 97 | californium 98 | einsteinium 99 | fermium 100 | mendelevium 101 | nobelium 102 | lawrencium 103 |
| Th | Pa | U | Np | Pu | Am | Cm | Bk | Cf | Es | Fm | Md | No | Lr |
| 232.04 | 231.04 | 238.03 | [237] | [244] | [243] | [247] | [247] | [251] | [252] | [257] | [258] | [259] | [262] |



