

# Corporate Governance Statement

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## Corporate governance

The Board of Directors of Volt Power Group Limited ("Volt" or "the Company") is responsible for the corporate governance framework of the Company and its related bodies corporate. In establishing this framework, the Board has considered and reports against the Principles of Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations (3rd Edition) as published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council ("ASX Corporate Governance Principles") on 1 July 2014.

The ASX Corporate Governance Principles articulate eight core principles of good corporate governance and, for each of those principles, recommendations as to their implementation. Adoption of the recommendations is not compulsory, however under the Listing Rules of ASX Limited ("ASX") a listed entity is required to provide an annual statement disclosing the extent to which it has adopted the recommendations for the reporting period and, if it has not adopted any of the recommendations, to state the reasons for not following the recommendations.

Volt reviews all its corporate governance practices and policies as required and compares its current practices and policies against the ASX Corporate Governance Principles with a view to ensuring its corporate governance practices and policies are up to date and reflect Volt's current scale and complexity of operations.

This statement was approved by the Board on 28 February 2020.

## Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

### Role of the board

The Board of Volt's primary role is the protection and enhancement of long-term shareholder value.

The Board of Volt is responsible for setting the Company's strategic direction and providing effective governance over Volt's affairs in conjunction with the overall supervision of the Company's business with the view of maximising shareholder value. As documented in the Board Charter, the Board's key responsibilities are to:

- (a) chart the direction, strategies and financial objectives for Volt and monitor the implementation of those policies, strategies and financial objectives;
- (b) monitor compliance with regulatory requirements, ethical standards and external commitments;
- (c) appoint, evaluate the performance of, determine the remuneration of, plan for the succession of and, where appropriate, remove the Chief Executive Officer if in place or similar person acting in the executive capacity; and
- (d) ensure that the Board continues to have the mix of skills and experience necessary to conduct Volt's activities, and that appropriate directors are selected and appointed as required.

In accordance with Volt's Constitution, the Board delegates responsibility for the operation and administration of the day-to-day management of Volt to the Chief Executive Officer (subject to any limits of such delegated authority as determined by the Board, from time to time). This includes implementing the strategic objectives of the Company.

The Board ensures that the management team is appropriately qualified and experienced to discharge their delegated responsibilities and has appropriate procedures in place to assess

the performance of the Chief Executive Officer and the executive management team. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for supervising the management of the business as designated by the Board. This ensures the appropriate independent functioning of the Board and management.

Other functions reserved to the Board include:

- Approving and monitoring financial reporting, including the annual and half-yearly financial reports;
- Approving and monitoring major capital expenditure, capital management, and acquisitions and divestitures;
- The identification, assessment, appropriate management and monitoring of risks;
- Monitoring the effectiveness of the Company's governance practices;
- Approving the Company's dividend policy and authorising payment of dividends;
- Oversight of the Company's continuous disclosure process to ensure timely and balanced disclosure of all material information; and
- Reporting to shareholders in a timely manner

## **Role of management**

Management is responsible for designing and implementing the risk management framework for the Company and operating within the risk parameters set by the Board. It is also responsible for providing accurate, timely and clear information to enable the Board to discharge its responsibilities. Management as a whole is charged with reporting to the Board on the performance of the Company. The Board receives detailed financial and operational reports from senior management to enable it to carry out its duties.

Letters of appointment are issued to individuals setting out the key terms and conditions of appointment, including the duties, rights and responsibilities of the individual and the Board.

## **Board appointments**

Prior to appointing a person as a director, the Company ensures appropriate checks are undertaken. These will include checks as to the person's character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history.

For new appointments, the Board, identifies candidates with the appropriate expertise and experience. The Board will appoint the most suitable candidate. Any appointment will be ratified by shareholders at the next annual general meeting of the Company. Shareholders are provided with all material information in the Notice of Annual General Meeting relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.

The key terms, conditions and requirements are set out in a standard letter of appointment. New directors are provided with an informal induction program tailored to the needs of individual appointees. The program includes meetings with major shareholders, one-on-one meetings with the members of the management team and provision of key corporate documents.

Volt's non- executive directors may not hold office for a continuous period in excess of three years or past the third annual general meeting following their appointment, whichever is longer, without submitting for re-election. Directors are elected or re-elected, as the case may be, by shareholders in a general meeting. Directors may offer themselves for re-election. A director appointed by the directors (e.g., to fill a casual vacancy) will hold office only until the

conclusion of the next annual general meeting of Volt but is eligible for re-election at that meeting.

The process for retirement by rotation and re-election of a director is set down in the Company's constitution. If a retiring director nominates for re-election, the Board will assess the performance of that director in their absence, and determine whether the Board will recommend a shareholder vote in favour of the re-election, or otherwise.

Details of each director standing for re-election, including their biographical details, relevant qualifications, experience and the skills, and other material directorships they bring to the Board are provided to shareholders to assess prior to voting on their re-election.

## **Company Secretary**

All directors have unrestricted access to the Company Secretary, all employees of the group, and, subject to the law, access to all Company records and information held by group employees and external advisers.

The Company Secretary is appointed by the Board and is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board. The role of the Company Secretary includes:

- Advising the Board and its committees on governance matters;
- Monitoring that Board and committee policies and procedures are followed;
- Coordinating, in unison with the Company, the timely completion and despatch of board and committee papers;
- Ensuring that the business at board and committee meetings is accurately captured in the minutes; and
- Helping to organise and facilitate the induction and professional development of directors.

## **Diversity policy**

The Company employs a mix of individuals reflecting its philosophy of hiring the best candidate for all positions at all levels based on competence and performance. The Company believes in the principle of equal opportunity in employment for all people, regardless of any personal attributes such as gender, sexual preference, marital status, pregnancy, family responsibilities, ethnicity, political or religious belief, cultural background, disability and age.

In terms of the composition of the Board and Board nominations, the Board will consider the Australian Securities Exchange Corporate Governance Principles as part of the overall Board appointment process of determining the composition of the Board that is the most appropriate for the Group. The Company focuses on attracting, developing and retaining the right people who are highly competent and demonstrate the values of the Company. This will ensure the succession plan for the Company will lead to long term success.

Volt has a Diversity Policy. The objective of the policy is for the Company to embrace the diversity of skills, ideas and experiences of an individual and recognise that a workforce is made up of people with differences in age, gender, sexual orientation, disability, religion or national origin or social origin contributes to Volt's success and organizational strength. It ensures all employees are treated with fairness and respect.

Volt is committed to embedding a corporate culture that embraces diversity through:

- Recruitment on the basis of competence and performance and selection of candidates from a diverse pool of qualified candidates
- Maintaining selection criteria that does not indirectly disadvantage people from certain groups
- Providing equal employment opportunities through performance and working practices
- Maintaining a safe working environment and supportive culture by taking action against inappropriate workplace and business behaviour that is deemed as unlawful (discrimination, harassment, bullying, vilification and victimization)
- Promoting diversity across all levels of the business and integrating this into business and human resources processes and systems
- Regularly surveying our work climate
- The Board of Directors establishing measurable objectives in achieving gender diversity and annually reviewing the progress towards achievement of these objectives

The Company currently employs minimal full time staff with most functions contracted to third parties and as such no measurable objectives have been set. As such, the Company is not considered a “relevant employer” under the Workplace Gender Equality Act and is not required to report against the Gender Equality Indicators as defined by the Act. This is a departure from ASX Corporate Governance Principles 1.5(a) and 1.5(c).

## **Board performance evaluation**

Assessments of the Board’s performance and overall effectiveness are conducted by the Chairman and the directors on an informal basis. This assessment includes an evaluation of the appropriateness of the skills and attributes of the members of the Board against the Company’s requirements.

The Company has not yet completed a performance evaluation on the current Board.

## **Executive performance evaluation**

Given the size of the organisation, the Company defines a “senior executive” as a person who is directly accountable to the Board.

The Chairman is responsible for reviewing the performance of senior executives annually. The Board and Chief Executive Officer may be consulted. Executive performance evaluations evaluate the performance of senior executives against criteria aligned with the Company’s strategies and performance expectations.

Other than the Chief Executive Officer, there are no other senior executives employed by the Company. No executive performance evaluations have been completed in the current year.

## **Principle 2: Structure the Board to add value**

### **Nomination Committee**

The functions with respect to selection, appointment and compensation of directors, Board succession and related matters are handled by the Board, rather than a Nomination Committee. The Board is satisfied that it assumes full responsibility for the efficient handling of such matters. The Board considers the effective handling of such matters is in no way diminished by the absence of a Nomination Committee.

The Board acknowledges that it is in the interests of the shareholders for the company to retain a high quality Board and executive team by ensuring that they are remunerated fairly and appropriately according to relevant employment market conditions.

When looking to appoint a new director, the Board has regard to the following:

- the appropriate skills, knowledge and experience required;
- Board succession planning;
- the current scale and complexity of the Company's current operations; and
- ability of the candidate to assist the Board in creating value for shareholders.

This is a departure from ASX Corporate Governance Principles 2.1(a)(1) to (5).

## Independence

Directors are considered to be independent when their interests are not aligned with the interests of management, substantial shareholders or other relevant stakeholders. The definition of independence and factors set out in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles is taken into account for this purpose. Independence, in this context, is defined to mean a non-executive Director who is free from any interest, position, association or relationship that may influence, or could reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect their capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of Volt and its shareholders.

In the context of director independence, considerations for materiality from the perspective of the Company and individual director must be taken into account from a qualitative and quantitative assessment. An item is presumed to be quantitatively immaterial if it is equal to or less than 5% of the appropriate base amount. It is presumed to be material, unless there is qualitative evidence to the contrary if it is equal to or greater than 10% of the appropriate base amount.

Qualitative factors to consider include whether a relationship is strategically important, the nature of the relationship, the contractual terms and arrangement, the competitive landscape as well other factors that could affect or be perceived to affect the director's independent judgement.

The Board is currently comprised of three directors, consisting of a non-executive chairman, a chief executive officer & managing director and a non-executive director. All directors were appointed at the General Meeting of shareholders held on 28 April 2017. The Chairman is not independent by virtue of his shareholding in the Company. The Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director is not independent. The non-executive director is the only independent member of the Board. This is a departure from ASX Corporate Governance Principle 2.4.

## Composition of the Board

The composition of the Board is determined using the following principles:

- The Board should be comprised of directors with a diverse range of skills, knowledge and experience;
- The Board should be comprised of directors with expertise commensurate of the current and proposed activities of the Company;
- At least one member of the Board should have extensive experience in corporate governance, financial reporting, auditing or risk management of large companies;
- An appropriate balance of independent and non-independent directors;

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- An appropriate number of directors commensurate of the Company's level and complexity of activity; and
- In instances where a Board vacancy does exist or a new appointment is deemed necessary, the Board shall select an appropriate candidate through consultation with external parties, if considered necessary.

The Board is comprised of the following directors:

Director	Executive or Non-Executive	Independent	Date of Appointment
Simon Higgins (Chairman)	Non-Executive	No	28-Apr-17
Adam Boyd (CEO & Managing Director)	Executive	No	28-Apr-17
Peter Torre	Non-Executive	Yes	28-Apr-17

The Board considers that the current directors are best placed to guide the Company through its current state of development. Further consideration is being given to appointments and the timing of such appointments given the current status of development of the Company's projects.

### Board skills and experience

The Board will ensure that it continues to have the mix of skills and experience necessary to conduct Volt's activities, and that appropriate directors are selected and appointed as required. The following Board skills matrix provides an assessment of the skills and experience that the Board currently has:

Skills, experience and expertise	Number of Directors
Governance and Risk	3
Renewable Energy	3
Power Generation (mining and resources)	2
Technology & Innovation	2
Engineering & Construction	2
Strategy	3
Leadership	3
Commercial Experience	3
Financial and Audit	2
ASX Listed Company Experience	2

### Role of the Chairperson

The Chairperson is responsible for the leadership of the Board, for the efficient organisation and conduct of the Board's function and for briefing the directors on issues arising out of Board meetings. The Chairperson is also responsible for overall shareholder communication, chairing shareholder meetings and arranging performance reviews of the Board.

Presently, the roles of Chairperson and Chief Executive Officer are not exercised by the same individual. The present Chairperson of the Company (Mr Simon Higgins) is not an independent director. This is a departure from ASX Corporate Governance Principle 2.5.

The Board considers that at this stage in the development of the Company, an independent Chairperson would not add sufficient expertise to the Board to justify the additional costs that cannot be achieved from obtaining independent external experts.



Under Volt's Constitution, voting requires a simple majority of the Board, with the Chairperson holding the casting vote. The Company has procedures enabling any director or committee of the board to seek external professional advice as considered necessary, at the Company's expense subject to prior consultation with the Chairperson. A copy of any advice sought by a director would be made available to all directors.

## **Induction of directors and ongoing professional development**

The Company's program for the induction of new directors consists of a meeting with the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. The induction program also includes meeting with the Company Secretary and senior executives. The induction involves discussion and analysis of all aspects of the Company's operations so as to ensure that the new directors are able to fulfil their duties and responsibilities.

Existing directors are encouraged to participate in appropriate professional development opportunities to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as a director.

## **Principle 3: Act ethically and responsibly**

### **Code of conduct**

The Company has a Code of Conduct applying to all employees. The Code of Conduct provides the framework of principles for conducting business and dealing with customers, colleagues and other stakeholders. These principles are:

- To act with integrity and professionalism and to be scrupulous in proper use of company information, funds, equipment and facilities;
- To exercise fairness, equity, proper courtesy, consideration and sensitivity in dealing with customers, employees and other stakeholders; and
- To avoid real or apparent conflicts of interest.

### **Conflict of interest**

Employees must avoid any personal, financial or other interest, which may be in conflict with their duties and responsibilities to the Company.

Any interest, which may constitute a conflict of interest, must be promptly disclosed to an appropriate senior executive.

Accepting any external appointment, such as a Board appointment (other than to the Board of a non-trading family company), working for another organisation, or conducting a business, is not permitted without the written permission of the Chief Executive Officer.

### **Securities Trading Policy**

A Securities Trading Policy has been adopted by the Board to set a standard of conduct, which demonstrates Volt's commitment to ensuring awareness of the insider trading laws, and that employees and Directors comply with those laws. The Securities Trading Policy imposes additional share trading restrictions on Directors, the Company Secretary, executives and employees involved in monthly financial accounting processes ("specified persons").

Under the Securities Trading Policy, specified persons are only permitted to buy and sell securities if they do not possess unpublished, price-sensitive information in relation to those securities and trading occurs outside of specified restricted periods. These periods are the periods commencing on the first day of the month before the end of the half-year or full year

period and ending on the next business day after the announcement of the results for that period.

In addition, before a specified person can deal in Volt's securities they must notify and obtain clearance from the appropriate approving officer, confirming that there is no reason why they cannot trade. The notification must state that the proposed purchase or sale is not as a result of access to, or being in possession of, price sensitive information that is not currently publicly available. As required by the ASX Listing Rules, the Company will notify the ASX of any transaction conducted by the Directors in the securities of the Company in a timely manner.

A copy of Volt's Securities Trading Policy is available on the website.

## **Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting**

### **Audit and Risk Management Committee**

The Company does not have an Audit and Risk Management Committee. The Board is responsible for the review and monitoring of financial reporting, audit and financial risk management strategies, systems, policies and processes implemented, and reported on, by management. The Board is satisfied that it assumes full responsibility for the efficient handling of such matters. The Board considers the effective handling of such matters is in no way diminished by the absence of an Audit and Risk Management Committee. This is a departure from ASX Corporate Governance Principles recommendation 4.1(a).

It is envisaged once the Company further develops and enhances its Board composition, an Audit and Risk Management Committee will be formed and will comprise at least three members, the majority of whom are non-executive Directors that have diverse, complementary backgrounds, with a majority independent non-executive Directors. It is the intention that the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee will be an independent non-executive Director.

### **Declarations from the CEO and CFO**

The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer are required to make a declaration in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act that the Company's financial reports present a true and fair value in all material respects of the Company's financial condition and operational results are in accordance with relevant accounting standards, and to provide assurance that the declaration is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control, and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects.

### **External Auditor**

The Board assumes responsibility for the appointment of external auditor; the assessment of the external audit; the independence of the external auditor; and setting the scope of the external audit.

The Group's external auditor attends the Annual General Meeting and is available to answer questions from shareholders relevant to the audit.



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### Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure

The Company is committed to promoting investor confidence and ensuring that shareholders and the market have equal access to information and are provided with timely and balanced disclosure of all material matters concerning the Company as set out in its Continuous Disclosure Policy on the Company website. Additionally, the Company recognises its continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The Company has adopted a formal disclosure policy. The Board and management are aware of their responsibilities in respect of identifying material information and coordinating disclosure of that information where required by the ASX Listing Rules.

### Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders

The Company has designed its governance practices to facilitate an effective two-way communication with investors and protect the rights of shareholders as set out in the Shareholder Communication Policy. This is to ensure clear, unbiased and timely information about the Company and its performance to enable users to make informed decisions. Some of these practices include:

- Supporting shareholder participation at the Annual General Meeting by encouraging shareholders to submit questions prior to the meeting to ensure they get answered as well as providing the opportunity for questions to be asked during the meeting
- Making available the external auditor at the Annual General Meeting so questions can be asked directly by shareholders at the meeting
- Maintaining appropriate and up to date Corporate Governance and Investor Relation information on the Company's website
- Linking ASX announcements to the Company's website for the convenience of shareholders
- Enabling shareholders to submit queries through the Company's website or share registry and ensuring a timely response to these questions.

The Company's shareholders are responsible for voting on the appointment of directors. The Board informs shareholders of all major developments affecting the Company by:

- Preparing half yearly and annual financial reports and making these available to all shareholders.
- Preparing quarterly activity cash flow reports.
- Advising the market of matters requiring disclosure under Australian Securities Exchange Continuous Disclosure Rules.
- Maintaining a record of significant ASX announcements on the Company's website.
- Submitting proposed major changes in the Company's affairs to a vote of shareholders, as required by the Corporation Law.
- Reporting to shareholders at annual general meetings on the Company's activities during the year. All shareholders that are unable to attend these meetings are encouraged to communicate issues or ask questions by writing to the Company. The external auditor attends the AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.
- Shareholders are provided with the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

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## Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

### Risk Management Framework

It is the Board's responsibility for setting the strategic direction of the Company and for creating and maintaining the environment and structures within which risk management practices can operate effectively. The Board set's the Company's risk appetite and risk tolerance.

The Chief Executive Officer has ultimate accountability to the Board for the risk management process. The risk management framework describes the processes and tools available to manage the risks which relate to the achievement of the Company's vision, mission and strategic objectives. Risks need to be identified and rated for relevance to the Company's objectives and need to be assessed in terms of likelihood and magnitude of impact. The Board is responsible for setting the risk tolerance level for each type of risk identified and for communicating this to the management team. The risk management framework provides a benchmark to the Company and encourages continuous improvement through the monitoring and reporting requirements in this process. The risk management framework is reviewed annually.

### Risk Matrix

Risk Type	Description	Identified Risks
Economic risk	Economic sustainability is the ability of a listed entity to continue operating at an effective economic level over the long term. A range of factors can influence the level of Volt's sustainability.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Funding risk: The economic success of the Company is dependent on the Company being able to raise sufficient funds either through debt or equity in order to develop its projects and fund working capital. The Board assesses funding on an ongoing basis and ensures the Company is adequately funded. Funding initiatives are considered by the Board and decisions are made based on the circumstances facing the Company.</li> <li>2. Developing Intellectual Property – the company has a track record of developing conceptual proprietary knowledge, continued development is an important part of the economic sustainability of the company.</li> <li>3. Maintaining ownership of existing Intellectual Property – the company has rights to exploit certain proprietary and non proprietary intellectual property which it maintains by commercial and legal arrangements.</li> <li>4. Obtaining licenses to operate – a part of bringing Volt's planned operations to reality will require certain operating licenses.</li> <li>5. Commercial Agreement/Model – the Company is creating a new contracting</li> </ol>

		model unique to its ATEN technology.
Environmental risk	Environmental sustainability is the ability of a listed entity to continue operating in a manner that does not compromise the health of the ecosystems in which it operates over the long term.	Volt's business model is aimed at assisting its clients to reduce their impact on the environment by reducing their atmospheric emissions from their energy generation. At this time, Volt has no active operations and therefore no impact from operations on the environment.
Social sustainability risk	Social sustainability is the ability of a listed entity to continue operating in a manner that meets accepted social norms and needs over the long term.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. OH&amp;S compliance – the Company's current operations do not involve considerable exposure to OH&amp;S risks, however it has policies in place which will continue to be developed as the company moves into development and operations of its projects.</li> <li>2. Alleged bribery and corruption – the company operates with a culture of zero acceptance of corruption and inappropriate behaviour and activities.</li> </ol>

Management and the Board interact on a day to day basis on the risks faced by the Company on all the business risks identified by the risk management process. The Company will continue to monitor, assess and report its business risks.

## Risk Committee

The Company does not have an Audit and Risk Management Committee. The Chief Executive Officer is accountable to the Board for the implementation of the risk management process and is ultimately responsible for the management of risks in the business. This is a departure from ASX Corporate Governance Principles recommendation 7.1(a).

The Board has adopted a policy on Risk Management, Internal Compliance and Control. A copy of this Policy is available on the Company's website.

## Internal Controls

The Board has specific responsibilities in relation to the Company's internal controls. It is the Board's responsibility to ensure that an effective internal control framework exists within the entity, including internal controls that safeguard the effectiveness and efficiency of significant business processes, the safeguarding of assets, the maintenance of proper accounting records and the reliability of financial and non-financial information. These systems are designed to ensure compliance with laws and regulation, with a view to managing risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

The Board has delegated its responsibility to the Chief Executive Officer which provide assistance to the Board in its review of:

- (a) The Company's financial reporting, internal control structure and risk management framework;
- (b) Policies and procedures in identifying business and financial risk

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- (c) Controlling the financial impact on any significant matters identified by the Board and management team
- (d) Compliance with ethical standards
- (e) the internal and external audit functions; and
- (f) Compliance with legal and regulatory requirements in relation to the above.

The Company does not presently have an internal audit function. This is mitigated by the Board implementing the matters set out below under and having a primary responsibility to ensure that:

- The Company presents and publishes accounts, which present a true and fair view of its results and financial position.
- The accounting methods adopted are appropriate to the Company and consistently applied in accordance with relevant accounting standards and the applicable laws and;
- The appointment and performance of the external auditor according to the External Audit Policy is appropriately monitored to ensure independence and the serving of the interests of shareholders

### Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

#### Remuneration Committee

The Company does not have a Remuneration Committee. In the absence of a Remuneration Committee, the Board is responsible for all remuneration matters. This is a departure from ASX Corporate Governance Principles recommendation 8.1(a).

It is in the interests of the shareholders for the company to retain a high quality Board and executive team by ensuring that they are remunerated fairly and appropriately according to relevant employment market conditions. The key responsibilities of the Board with respect to remuneration are as follows:

- ensure the establishment and maintenance of a formal and transparent procedure for the selection and appointment of new Directors to the Board; and
- establish transparent and coherent remuneration policies and practices, which will enable Volt to attract, retain and motivate executives and Directors who will create value for shareholders and to fairly and responsibly reward executives.

#### Remuneration framework

The Company's remuneration framework is designed to attract and retain high quality individuals to the Board and management team by linking the nature and amount of remuneration to the Company's financial and operational performance, providing incentives for them to assist the Company to succeed and create value for shareholders.

The remuneration policy which sets out the terms and conditions for the Chief Executive Officer and other senior executives is set out in the Remuneration Report included in the Directors Report of the Financial Report. The Remuneration Policy is also disclosed on the Company website.

#### Equity based remuneration scheme

The Company does not currently have an equity-based remuneration scheme.

