

MetalsTech Targets High Grade Gold Zone

Highlights

- Planning for Stage I diamond drilling program finalised at Sturec Gold Mine
- Proposed drill holes to focus on high grade mineralisation down dip / plunge of the existing high grade zones
- Target zone will test area adjacent to drill hole STOR 3.11 which intersected:
 - 89.0m @ 6.9g/t Au and 23.6g/t Ag from 114m to 203m down hole using a 3g/t Au cut-off
 - within a broader intersection of
 - 137.3m @ 4.6g/t Au and 16.5g/t Ag from 67.7m to 205m down hole using a 0.3g/t Au cut-off
- STOR 3.11 is included within the recently announced JORC 2012 Mineral Resource Estimate for the Sturec Gold Mine and is situated 70 metres from the boundary extent of the resource (refer *Refer to ASX Announcement dated 8 April 2020 and titled “JORC 2012 Mineral Resource Estimate for Sturec Gold Mine”*).

Commenting on the drilling strategy and target zone, MetalsTech Technical Advisor, Dr Quinton Hills stated:

“Chasing the potential for high grade mineralisation down plunge of drill hole STOR 3.11 is currently our best chance of expanding the existing resource at Sturec. This drill hole demonstrates outstanding exploration potential and has led us to a target zone that has not been previously been drilled nor has it been the subject of historical mining.

MetalsTech Limited (ASX: MTC) (the Company or MTC) is pleased to announce it has finalised the planning and design of its Stage I diamond drilling program for the Sturec Gold Mine located in Slovakia. The exploration strategy is expected to consist of an initial drill program of approximately 3,000m and will test a previously unexplored area adjacent and down dip / plunge of the existing mineral resource at Sturec. At the core of the geological thesis is the potential relevance of drill hole STOR 3.11, which intersected high grade mineralisation across a significant width.

STOR 3.11

STOR 3.11 was drilled by ARC Minerals Ltd in 2011 and intersected 89.0m @ 6.9g/t Au and 23.6g/t Ag from 114m to 203m down hole using a 3g/t Au cut-off within a broader intersection of 137.3m @ 4.6g/t Au and 16.5g/t Ag from 67.7m to 205m down hole using a 0.3g/t Au cut-off (See Table 1 and Figure 1 for drill hole details).

STOR 3.11 was the last hole drilled on the project by the previous owners and even though the results confirmed that the high-grade zone within the Sturec Mineral Resource area continued to plunge towards the south, it was never followed up. STOR 3.11 is included within the recently announced JORC 2012 Mineral Resource Estimate for Sturec Gold Mine.

Refer to ASX Announcement dated 8 April 2020 and titled “JORC 2012 Mineral Resource Estimate for Sturec Gold Mine”.

Note: This announcement is authorised by the executive board on behalf of the Company.

Table 1: STOR 3.11 Drill hole details

Drill Hole	Easting (m)	Northing (m)	RL (m)	Datum	Azi (°TN)	Dip (°)	End of hole (m)	Mineralisation details						
								From (m)	To (m)	Down hole Length (m)	Estimated true thickness (m)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Au g/t cut-off
STOR 3.11	-435728	-1229983	686.7	S-JTSK/Krovak	240	53	266	67.7	205	137.3	~110	4.6	16.5	0.3
								including						
								114	203	89	~71	6.9	23.6	3

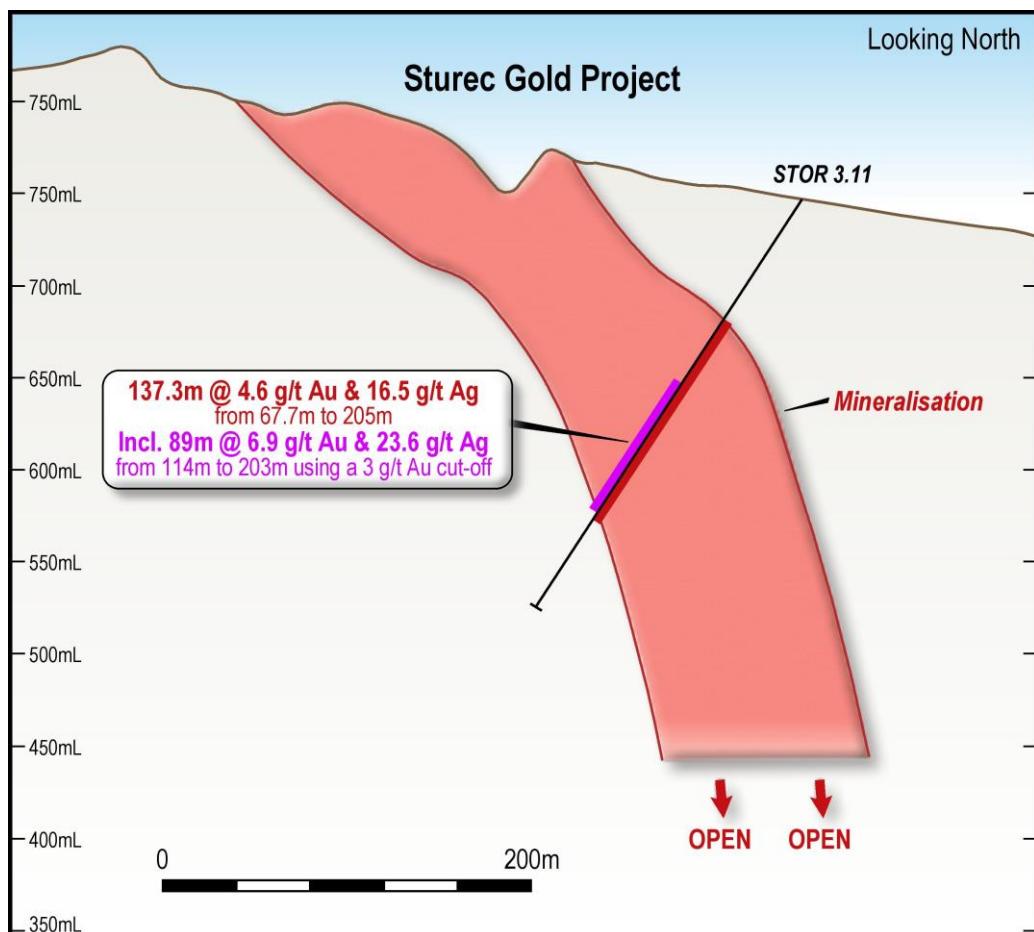


Figure 1: Section 1,230,050N through the Sturec Mineral Resource, showing STOR 3.11.

Drill Target Zone

While STOR 3.11 is included within the recently announced JORC 2012 Mineral Resource Estimate for Sturec Gold Mine, its close proximity to the boundary extent of the resource (70m) is interpreted to indicate there is excellent potential along plunge of this drill hole to locate further high-grade mineralisation outside the current Sturec Mineral Resource.

Figure 2 below shows the mineralisation within the Sturec Mineral Resource displayed as iso-surfaces at greater than 0.5g/t Au in orange and greater than 3g/t Au in red (shown with transparency, so that the down hole assay results can be observed). Figure 2 also shows the location of STOR 3.11 relative to the boundary extent of the Sturec Mineral Resource. In this diagram the plunge of the greater than 3g/t Au mineralisation (high-grade core) within the Sturec Mineral Resource (red surface) clearly shows the high-grade plunging zone extends toward the south and possibly down dip. Drill holes to test this interpretation have been planned and the Company is currently preparing the required documentation for the drill permit applications.

Re-commencement of Mining at Andrej Adit

A metallurgical sampling program for thiosulphate-based gold extraction technology test work is due to commence shortly using ore from the current mining operation at the Andrej Adit at Sturec.

Refer to ASX Announcement dated 2 April 2020 and titled “MetalsTech Awarded Extension to Underground Mining Permit”.

The Company is currently engaged in discussions with a nearby gold producer to determine potential interim processing solutions, including toll treatment options for the production of a gold concentrate which could present a near term source of cash flow.

We look forward to updating stakeholders on both the mining activities at the Andrej Adit, metallurgical test work and receipt of the necessary drill permits in the near term.

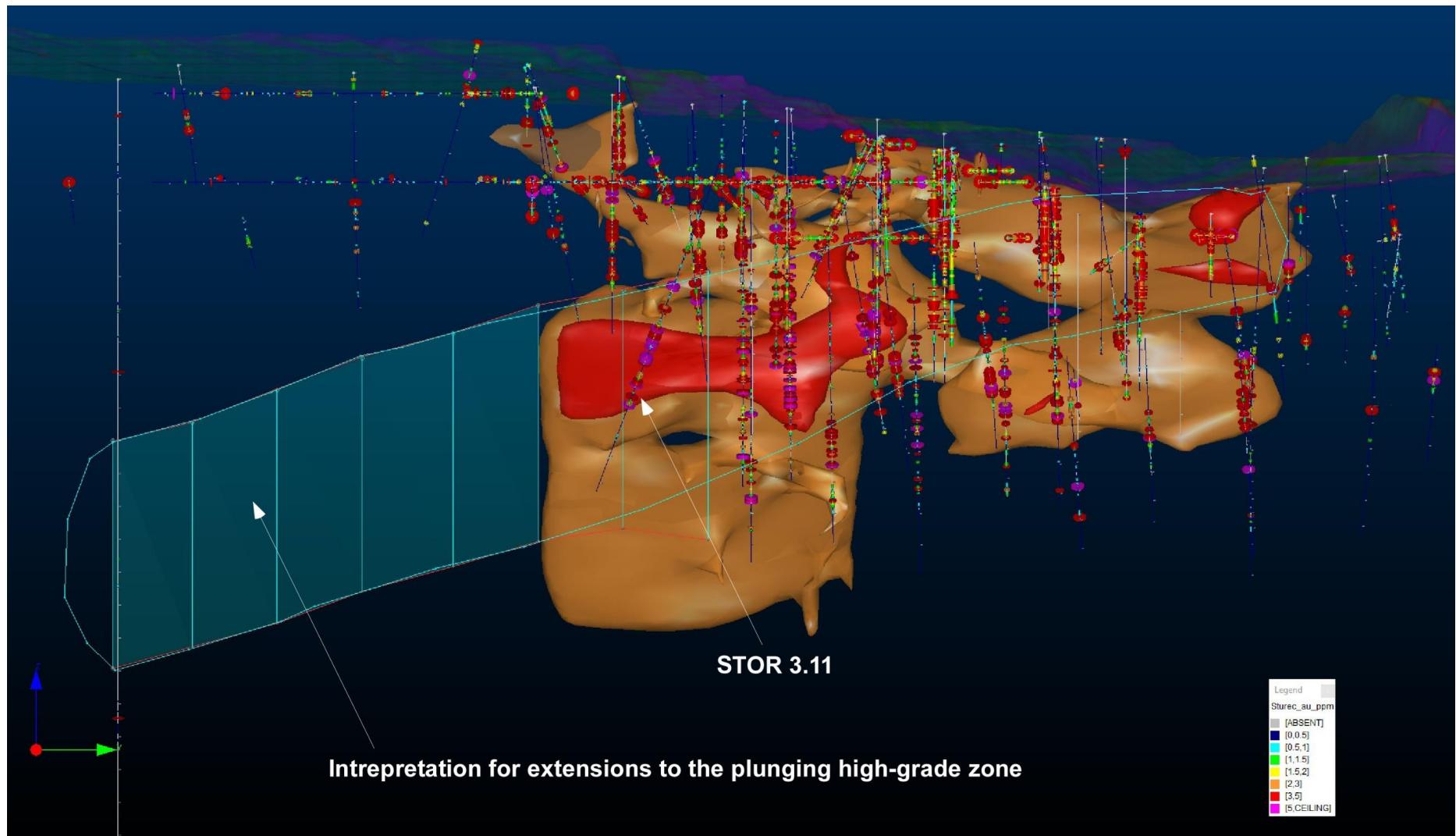


Figure 2: 3D visualisation of the mineralisation within the Sturec Mineral Resource displayed as iso-surfaces at greater than 0.5g/t Au in orange and greater than 3g/t Au in red (shown with transparency so that the down hole assay results can be seen). Figure also shows the location of STOR 3.11 relative to the boundary of the Sturec Mineral Resource.

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Caution Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This document contains forward-looking statements concerning MetalsTech. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact and actual events and results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to business, economic, competitive, political and social uncertainties and contingencies. Many factors could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking information provided by the Company, or on behalf of, the Company. Such factors include, among other things, risks relating to additional funding requirements, metal prices, exploration, development and operating risks, competition, production risks, regulatory restrictions, including environmental regulation and liability and potential title disputes.

Forward looking statements in this document are based on the company's beliefs, opinions and estimates of MetalsTech as of the dates the forward-looking statements are made, and no obligation is assumed to update forward looking statements if these beliefs, opinions and estimates should change or to reflect other future developments.

Competent Persons Statement

The information in this announcement that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Dr Quinton Hills Ph.D., M.Sc., B.Sc. Dr Hills is the technical advisor of MetalsTech Limited and is a member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (No. 991225). Dr Hills has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Dr Hills consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in the report to which this statement is attached that relates to Mineral Resources for the Sturec Gold Deposit is based on information compiled by Mr Chris Grove, who is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (No. 310106). Mr Grove is a full-time employee of Measured Group Pty Ltd and has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Grove consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

ASX Listing Rules Compliance

In preparing this announcement dated 21 April 2020, the Company has relied on the announcements previously made by the Company and specifically dated 8 April 2020. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects those announcements previously made, or that would materially affect the Company from relying on those announcements for the purpose of this announcement dated 8 April 2020.

Note: This announcement is authorised by the executive board on behalf of the Company.

APPENDIX A: JORC CODE, 2012 EDITION – TABLE 1

Section 1 - Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections)

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details
Sampling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. • Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. • Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases, more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geochemical sampling data for the Sturec Gold Project includes sampling from adits, diamond drilling (from surface and underground), reverse circulation ("RC") surface drilling and trenches. • Diamond drill core was used to obtain samples which were sawn in half longitudinally, then one half of the core was submitted for assaying and the remainder was stored on site. The half core was crushed and pulverised prior to assay. • RC holes were drilled using a 130mm (5.1 inch) diameter face-sampling bit with 1m samples collected through a cyclone. 1m samples were then riffle split to provide 2-3 kg samples for analysis. • Core and RC samples were pulverised down to 90% passing -150 mesh (106µm). Then 100-120g of the pulp was weighed and bagged with the sample ticket inside. • Geochemical samples were mainly fire assayed (either 30g or 50g charge) and gold grades were read using AAS or gravity. Some check assays for gold were completed using Aqua Regia digestion and grades were read using AAS. For silver geochemical samples were completed using Aqua Regia digestion and grades were read using AAS or a four-acid digest followed by ICP-AES analysis. • The geological database contains 229 drill holes for a total of 54,000m.
Drilling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Samples came from a combination of diamond drilling, RC drilling and bench channel sample surveys within existing mining voids. • None of the diamond core was oriented. • The most recent diamond drill holes (2011) were drilled with a combination of PQ (85mm core diameter), HQ (63.5 mm core diameter) and NQ (47.6 mm core diameter) size in order to be able to obtain larger sample volumes from the mineralised zones and to reach the targeted depths. All recent drill holes started at PQ and were then only reduced if ground conditions prevented further drilling. In this case, the hole was then cased-off and a smaller diameter drill string (HQ and then NQ) was placed within the casing and drilling continued. • Previously (1996-2008) diamond drill holes were drilled with a combination of HQ (63.5 mm core diameter) and NQ (47.6 mm core diameter) size. These drill holes started at HQ and were then only reduced if ground conditions prevented further drilling and then the hole needed to be cased off.
Drill sample recovery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. • Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A sampling of drill logs did not reveal that core loss was a problem during diamond drilling. The reliability of core recovery was confirmed in reports and was estimated to average over 90%.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> RC sample recovery of holes used for the resource estimate was estimated at approximately 75%. It has been reported that core recovery at the Sturec Project was consistently good.
Logging	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography. The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A review of the drill logs indicated that the logs contained adequate locational, sampling and assay data. All drilling has been qualitatively logged with appropriate detail by previous companies, to support the current resource estimate. Core photography is available for most of the drill holes (especially the significantly mineralised zones) that support the current resource estimate.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drill core was sawn in half longitudinally, then dried, crushed and pulverised. RC samples were riffle split and are assumed to have been dry because the water table is well below the level the RC holes reached. QA/QC procedures for the most recent drilling by Ortac (Arc Minerals Limited) in 2011 followed industry norms. Commercial Standards of suitable grade ranges, blanks and duplicates were inserted as blind samples into all batches of pulps sent to the laboratory. Standards were submitted at an approximate rate of 1 in 25 with blanks, and duplicates, inserted at a rate of approximately 1 in 30. SRK concluded in their 2013 Pre-Feasibility Study (PFS) that the QA/QC protocols were in line with international standards, and the reported data quality and quantity appears to be sufficiently robust to support a Mineral Resource Estimate under the guidelines of the JORC Code (2004). The Competent Person has reviewed the QA/QC protocols and data, and agrees with the assessment of SRK (2013) that the reported data is of a sufficient quantity and quality to support a Mineral Resource Estimate under the guidelines of the JORC Code (2012). The reliability of sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation has been confirmed by re-sampling and re-assaying of existing drill core and pulps and the use of alternative laboratory assay checks. Sample sizes were appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ortac (now known as Arc Minerals Limited) 2008-2011 geochemical samples were fire assayed (50g charge) with an Atomic Absorption (AAS) finish, which is still industry standard. Any samples with grades of over 10g/t Au were then fire assayed again and finished by gravity. The silver samples were assayed using conventional ICP-AES analysis and any grades of silver above 100g/t were re-assayed by aqua regia digestion with an AAS finish. Laboratory standards, blanks and duplicates were also routinely inserted into the sample analysis sequence to monitor accuracy and possible contamination. Tournigan 2005-2008 geochemical samples were fire assayed (50g charge) with an Atomic Absorption finish. Laboratory standards and blanks were routinely inserted into the analysis sequence for the laboratory to monitor accuracy and any traces of contamination respectively. A small percentage of samples were also re-assayed as laboratory duplicates using an aqua

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details
		<p>regia (4 parts hydrochloric and 1 nitric acid) digestion with an Atomic Absorption finish. Results of the laboratory duplicates were within an acceptable range when compared against the routine fire assay (50g charge) with an Atomic Absorption finish assay result.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Argosy 1996-1997 geochemical samples sent to SGS and Chemex were fire assayed (30g charge) with an atomic adsorption finish to obtain gold assay results. The silver assay results from SGS were derived from an aqua regia digestion with an atomic adsorption finish. Assays for 34 elements including silver, determined by the ICP analytical method, were also completed for multiple mineralised intervals at the Chemex laboratory. • There are few records of sample preparation and analysis methods for the early work done by Rudne Bane and the Slovak Geological Survey. However, re-analysis of the Rudne Bane channel sampling pulps and Slovak Geological Survey drilling by Argosy between 1996-1997 confirms their validity. • Fire Assay is totally destructive and is considered the most accurate precious metal assay method for this style of mineralisation. • QA/QC procedures for the most recent drilling by Ortac in 2011 followed industry norms. Commercial Standards of suitable grade ranges, blanks and duplicates were inserted as blind samples into all batches of pulps sent to the laboratory. Standards were submitted at an approximate rate of 1 in 25 with blanks, and duplicates, inserted at a rate of approximately 1 in 30. • QA/QC procedures for the Tournigan 2005-2008 drilling data included standards being inserted at an approximate rate of 1 in 50, and blanks and duplicates being inserted at an approximate rate of 1 in 30. While this insertion rate of standards is considered low by today's industry standards it is not considered unacceptable. • The Tournigan 2005-2008 drilling data was also subjected to a second laboratory check assay study. A total of 96 pulp samples from the 2005 Tournigan RC holes were re-assayed for gold and silver by the OMAC laboratory in Ireland. They had been originally analysed by Chemex in Canada. The duplicate check assay samples represent 3.04% of the total number of samples (3,156) collected from the RC drilling and included in the database. An additional 79 pulp samples from Tournigan's diamond drill holes completed from 2006-08 were re-assayed as blind duplicates by ALS Chemex in Romania. The check assay samples represent 2.82% of the total number of samples (2,806) collected from the core drilling. Comparison of the original and check assay results showed a very slight negative bias for the gold assays. The correlation coefficient between the two sets of results was 1, which adds to the confidence that the Tournigan drilling assay results are reliable. • As little to no QA/QC data was available on the Argosy 1996-1997 drilling data a second laboratory check assay study was completed to help validate the historic assay data. A total of 366 coarse split samples from Argosy diamond drill holes were re-assayed in 2005 for gold and silver by the OMAC laboratory in Ireland. 268 (or 73%) of these had been originally analysed by Chemex in Canada, the remainder had been analysed by the Slovakian Geological Survey. The check assay samples represent 3.8% of the total number of samples (9,647) collected from the Argosy 1996-97 drilling campaign. No details were available about blanks and standards determinations in the original Argosy analyses. A comparison of the assay results suggested the original assays were slightly conservative.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No QA/QC data was available on the early work done by Rudne Bane and the Slovak Geological Survey. However, re-analysis of the Rudne Bane channel sampling pulps and Slovak Geological Survey drilling by Argosy confirms their validity and therefore these assay results were also considered to be sufficiently reliable for resource estimation purposes.
Verification of sampling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</i> <i>The use of twinned holes.</i> <i>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</i> <i>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A site visit to the Sturec Gold Project in Slovakia was completed in December 2019 as part of MetalsTech Limited's due diligence investigation into the project before the acquisition. During the site visit, the existence and location of a subset of the historic drill hole collars was verified in the field and the historical drill core was inspected. As part of this historical drill core inspection several significant intersections were verified as having been sampled and the remaining material was identified as visibly mineralised (identification of quartz veining and alteration associated with sulphides). As core photography exists, a significant amount of the mineralised intersections have also been verified as sampled and visibly mineralisation (identification of quartz veining and alteration associated with sulphides) through core photography. Tournigan carried out two twin drilling programmes at Kremnica. In 2005, five RC holes were drilled to twin Argosy diamond drill holes completed in 1996-97. The results showed that on average the RC holes have higher gold and silver grades with a positive bias of 16% in the Au grade and 14% in the Ag grade than the corresponding cored holes. In 2008, Tournigan twinned six of its earlier 2005 RC holes with six diamond drill holes. This comparison again showed that on average the RC holes returned higher gold grades than the corresponding cored holes, with a slight positive bias of 6% in the Au grade. The silver grades were lower in the RC holes, with a negative bias of 12%. Laboratory assay reports are filed with the hard copy drill logs. No adjustments to assay data have occurred.
Location of data points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</i> <i>Specification of the grid system used.</i> <i>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Locations of diamond drill hole collars, channel samples and mine workings were recorded using S-JTSK/Krovak Datum. Locations of diamond drill hole collars, channel samples and mine workings were partially confirmed on the site visit in December 2019. This estimate for this report used the Slovakian WGS94 grid. High-resolution topography over the project was acquired using LiDAR. This topography was used during the preparation of these estimates for this report. This provides sufficient accuracy for the current estimates.
Data spacing and distribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</i> <i>Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</i> <i>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drill holes are typically oriented east-west and were generally drilled inclined to the west. The drill spacing is inconsistent over many areas of the deposit. Drill spacing over the central part of the deposit ranges from 25 m to 50 m north-south. Surface trenches follow open-pit contours, and underground adit sampling followed underground workings, typically running north-east to south-west and north to south. Data spacing was sufficient for estimation of Au and Ag grades by ordinary kriging and by indicator kriging for classification as Measured, Indicated or Inferred Mineral Resources according to the JORC Code.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. • If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No compositing of sample intervals was undertaken in the field. Samples were composited to 1m lengths within the mineralisation envelopes for resource modelling. • Holes were generally drilled at high angles to the strike and dip of the mineralised domains which, given the style of mineralisation, was appropriate for minimising sampling bias.
Sample security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The measures taken to ensure sample security. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There are few records of sample preparation and analysis methods for the early work done by Rudne Bane and the Slovak Geological Survey. However, re-analysis of the Rudne Bane channel pulps by Argosy confirms their validity. • During the Argosy 1996 drilling programs, all sample intervals were securely shipped for sample preparation and analyses to either SGS France (internationally certified laboratory) or the Slovak Geological Survey (uncertified national laboratory). • During Argosy's 1997 programme, Chemex set up a certified sample preparation facility and trained staff on the Kremnica site. Then all samples were securely freighted to Chemex in Canada for assay. Mr Ken Bright (Chief Geochemist) of Chemex's Vancouver office inspected the sample preparation facility and confirmed that the facility and defined sample preparation procedures were acceptable. • During its 2005 programme, Tournigan utilised the onsite sample preparation facility to process all the reverse circulation drill samples. These were shipped for analysis to Chemex in Canada. • Subsequently (2006-2008), Tournigan has also used the Chemex laboratory in Romania for chemical analysis and the OMAC Laboratory in Loughrea, Ireland, a subsidiary of Alec Stewart Laboratories for check analyses. • During the Tournigan 2005-2008 programmes, samples were sent for analysis (Chemex in Canada or Romania and OMAC in Ireland) by courier. Samples were put into plastic bags and placed into a cardboard box. The plastic bag was then sealed with a signed security tag. The list of samples with the required analyses was then placed in the box and a copy retained in the sample book. • All remaining pulps from the Rudne Bane underground sampling programme, all remaining core splits and sample pulps from the Argosy programmes and all coarse rejects and pulps from Tournigan's 2005-2008 programmes are stored in secure buildings on the Kremnica mine site. Many drill core pulps have been removed during a series of re-sampling programmes. Several mineralised intervals in the core have been completely removed and sampled for metallurgical testing or re-sampling purposes.
Audits or reviews	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A significant amount of exploration and feasibility studies have been completed on this project. This work has produced a significant body of technical data that has been critically examined and validated multiple times by various independent mining consultant groups. Audits/reviews of this technical data where completed in: 1) 1997 Mineral Resource estimate calculated by Western Services Engineering Inc; 2) 2004 Mineral Resource estimate by Smith

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details
		and Kirkham; 3) 2006 Mineral Resource estimate by Beacon Hill; 4) was completed in 2009 as part of the Saint Barbara NI 43-101 compliant resource estimate; 5) 2012 as a part of the Sturec Deposit Resource Estimate by Snowden Mining Consultants, and then again most recently in the 2013 PFS by SRK. No significant issues with the data or sampling techniques were identified during any of these studies.

Section 2 - Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section)

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details																												
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. • The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sturec Gold Project consists of the Kremnica Mining Territory (9.47 km²) owned by Slovakian limited liability company Ortac SK, which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ortac UK (a private limited company registered in England and Wales). • Kremnica Mining Territory' and Mining Licence details: <p>'Kremnica Mining Territory'</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="752 472 1942 726"> <tr> <td>Name:</td><td>Mining Territory Kremnica Au-Ag</td></tr> <tr> <td>Mining area No:</td><td>MHD-D.P.-12</td></tr> <tr> <td>Date of Issuance:</td><td>21 January 1961</td></tr> <tr> <td>Metals</td><td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gold and Silver </td></tr> <tr> <td>Duration:</td><td>Indefinite</td></tr> <tr> <td>Holder of the:</td><td>Ortac, s.r.o</td></tr> <tr> <td>Amendments:</td><td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No. 1037-1639/2009 </td></tr> </table> <p>ORTAC,s.r.o. Mining Licence details</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="752 793 1942 1309"> <tr> <td>Name:</td><td>Ortac,s.r.o.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Mining License No:</td><td>1830-3359/2008</td></tr> <tr> <td>Date of Issuance:</td><td>13 November 2008</td></tr> <tr> <td>Subject:</td><td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opening, preparation and exploitation of reserved mineral resource • Installation, conservation and decommissioning of mining work • Processing and refinement of mineral resources • Installation and operation of unloading areas and dumps • Opening the mining works to the public for museum purposes and related safety maintenance works </td></tr> <tr> <td>Duration:</td><td>Indefinite</td></tr> <tr> <td>Responsible Person:</td><td>Ing. Peter Čorej</td></tr> <tr> <td>Amendments:</td><td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No. 773-1398/2015 dated 11 May 2015 extending the subject of the Mining License • No. 979-1401/2019 dated 11 June 2019 updating the information on statutory body </td></tr> </table>	Name:	Mining Territory Kremnica Au-Ag	Mining area No:	MHD-D.P.-12	Date of Issuance:	21 January 1961	Metals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gold and Silver 	Duration:	Indefinite	Holder of the:	Ortac, s.r.o	Amendments:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No. 1037-1639/2009 	Name:	Ortac,s.r.o.	Mining License No:	1830-3359/2008	Date of Issuance:	13 November 2008	Subject:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opening, preparation and exploitation of reserved mineral resource • Installation, conservation and decommissioning of mining work • Processing and refinement of mineral resources • Installation and operation of unloading areas and dumps • Opening the mining works to the public for museum purposes and related safety maintenance works 	Duration:	Indefinite	Responsible Person:	Ing. Peter Čorej	Amendments:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No. 773-1398/2015 dated 11 May 2015 extending the subject of the Mining License • No. 979-1401/2019 dated 11 June 2019 updating the information on statutory body
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Mining area No:	MHD-D.P.-12																													
Date of Issuance:	21 January 1961																													
Metals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gold and Silver 																													
Duration:	Indefinite																													
Holder of the:	Ortac, s.r.o																													
Amendments:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No. 1037-1639/2009 																													
Name:	Ortac,s.r.o.																													
Mining License No:	1830-3359/2008																													
Date of Issuance:	13 November 2008																													
Subject:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opening, preparation and exploitation of reserved mineral resource • Installation, conservation and decommissioning of mining work • Processing and refinement of mineral resources • Installation and operation of unloading areas and dumps • Opening the mining works to the public for museum purposes and related safety maintenance works 																													
Duration:	Indefinite																													
Responsible Person:	Ing. Peter Čorej																													
Amendments:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No. 773-1398/2015 dated 11 May 2015 extending the subject of the Mining License • No. 979-1401/2019 dated 11 June 2019 updating the information on statutory body 																													

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Kremnica Mining Licence is located in central Slovakia between the town of Kremnica and the village of Lučky, 17km west of central Slovakia's largest city, Banská Bystrica, and 150km northeast of the capital, Bratislava. • Metals Tech owns 100% of the Sturec Gold Project by completing the acquisition of Ortac UK on 14 February 2020. • As a part of the acquisition, MetalsTech Limited must also pay Arc Minerals Limited another \$300,000 cash within 6 months of the acquisition; as well as grant Arc Minerals Limited a royalty equal to A\$2 per ounce of resource that is delineated at the project above an open cut JORC (2012) Indicated and Measured Resources that exceeds 1.5million ounces at a grade greater than 2.5g/t AuEq after 2 years from the date of execution of the Terms Sheet but before the date that is 5 years after the date of execution of the Terms Sheet capped at 7 million ounces. • Also, subject to MTC shareholder approval, Courchevel 1850 Pty Ltd (a related party of MTC chairman Russell Moran) is to be assigned a 2% net smelter royalty on all production from the project. • In 2013, Arc Minerals (named Ortac Resources Limited at this time) submitted a small-scale underground mining application, which was awarded by the Central Mining Bureau in 2014. Trial underground mining commenced in June 2014 and a 40t bulk sample was extracted from Sturec for metallurgical test work. • In 2016, the Regional Court in Banská Bystrica ruled against the Central Mining Bureau concerning the underground mining permit issued to Arc Minerals Limited in 2014 and revoked the decision to issue the mining permit. • In May 2017, the Central Mining Bureau issued Ortac SK with an amended underground mining permit that allowed for small-scale mining activities to recommence. • In July 2017, Ortac SK (Arc Minerals Limited) re-commenced the trial underground mining activities at Sturec, fulfilling the condition required by Slovak regulations to preserve its right to exploit the ore deposit in the Kremnica Mining Licence Area for a minimum period of at least three years. 500t of ore was extracted and used for metallurgical test work relating to alternative processing technologies to the conventional cyanide leaching. • Since 2017 (before selling the project to MetalsTech), Arc Minerals Limited has continued working with the local community and stakeholders to facilitate the development of the project. • In October 2019, the Central Mining Bureau issued Ortac SK with an underground mining permit that allowed for small-scale mining activities to recommence: Decision No. 827-2373 / 2019. This decision was appealed soon after being received. • In February 2020, the appeals against Decision No. 827-2373 / 2019 were rejected by the State Mining Administration and the underground mining authorisation was upheld. • In April 2020, MetalsTech Limited re-commenced the underground mining activities at Sturec, in order to fulfill the condition required by Slovak regulations to preserve its right to exploit the ore deposit in the Kremnica Mining Licence Area for a minimum period of at least three years. • Although Ortac SK is officially registered as the holder of the Kremnica Mining Territory, the validity of the allocation of the Kremnica Mining Territory has been repeatedly disputed. Arguments challenging the validity of the allocation of the Kremnica Mining Territory have been raised by third parties in licensing proceedings in respect of particular mining activities within the Kremnica Mining Territory. So far, the merits of such arguments have not been assessed by the court, as the respective court decisions were issued on procedural grounds in the past. Despite the existence of reasonable legal arguments defending the validity of the allocation of the Kremnica Mining Territory, it cannot be ruled out that the challenges to its validity will eventually prevail before the court. Even if the validity of the allocation of the Kremnica Mining Territory is successfully defended in principle, there is a risk that Ortac SK's entitlement to the Kremnica Mining Territory could be held to be limited to underground operations only. • There are no environmental protected areas in the vicinity of the project resource area, except a protected lime tree situated close to the Leopold Shaft, adjacent to the monument commemorating the visit by Emperor Joseph II

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details
		<p>to Kremnica. Permission can be obtained to fell the tree if necessary, from the Provincial Environmental Office in Banská Bystrica.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It appears that a significant part of the Kremnica Mining Licence is covered by a heritage conservation area. This is not surprising given the extensive mining history throughout this area. The previous owners Arc Minerals Ltd used this fact to their advantage by establishing the Andrej Kremnica Mining Museum, whose two main attractions are the Ludavika Shaft Building and the Andrej Adit, which was established in 1982 by the State to access the main quartz vein mineralisation. As a result, various requirements under the applicable regulations in the area of heritage protection must be complied with. Further investigation needs to be completed to understand the effect this Heritage Protection will have on any proposed mining activities. • There is one registered environmental burden located in the Kremnica Mining Territory with registration number SK/EZ/ZH/2129. This environmental burden relates to the processing facilities including the historic waste dumps that are situated immediately next to the Arc Minerals operation office/Andrej Kremnica Mining Museum. It is categorized "only" as a potential (probable) environmental burden as no significant contamination/acid rock drainage (ARD) effects have been reported concerning these historic mining remnants. • There is risk concerning the further development of the Sturec Gold Project due to the historic social and environmental opposition to the development of a mining operation in this area. The opposition is believed to be the result of two main factors: previous development plans utilised cyanide ore processing; and previous development plans involved digging a large open pit in relatively proximity to the township of Kremnica. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ To minimise the first risk, MetalsTech is investigating alternative gold processing methods, especially Thiosulphate Leaching, which has previously been used quite successfully on Sturec ore samples during metallurgical test work in 2014. Also, in 2014 the CSIRO successfully collaborated with Barrick Gold Corp. to implement Thiosulphate ore processing technology on the Goldstrike Mine in Nevada, USA, which now produces approximately 350,000 ounces of gold per annum for Barrick and Newmont Goldcorp Corp; proving that this technology can be utilised economically and at significant scale. ◦ To minimise the second risk, MetalsTech intends to put in place a comprehensive project stakeholder engagement programme to attempt to understand and mitigate their concerns about the development of a mining operation on the Sturec Gold Project. Also, the full suite of benefits to the country and local communities that will arise from the Sturec Gold Project (such as job creation, training, capital investment, revenue generation, procurement of goods and services locally, and community development initiatives) need to be properly communicated to project stakeholders, so that they can use this to motivate/ justify the project in project-approval processes.
Exploration done by other parties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Many exploration companies have previously explored the Sturec Gold Project and the surrounding areas. The details of the exploration history are outlined below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ The Slovak Geological Survey carried out extensive exploration in the Sturec area from 1981 to 1987, including extensive adit and cross-cut development within the Sturec zone. ◦ Rudne Bane operated the open-pit mine at Sturec from 1987 to 1992 and produced 50,028t of ore averaging 1.54g/t Au. During this time, Rudne Bane conducted underground sampling of the larger mineralised portions of the Sturec deposit (40 channels for 3,149 individual samples) and 12 underground fan drill holes (for 425.3m) into the northern-most known limits of the deposit. A total of 266 sample intervals were assayed for gold and silver.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Kremnica Banská Spoločnosť (KBS), an investment company composed of former mine managers, obtained the title to the Kremnica Mining Lease (MHD-D.P. 12) from the Slovak government on 1 April 1995. In 1995, Argosy Mining Corporation (Argosy) of Vancouver formed a 100% owned Slovak Subsidiary, Argosy Slovakia s.r.o., which entered into a joint venture with KBS on 6 October 1995. Argosy Slovakia purchased KBS's share of the joint venture on 24 April 1997 to control 100% of the mining licence through its subsidiary, Kremnica Gold a.s. Argosy completed a core drilling programme in 1996 and a combined core and reverse-circulation (RC) drilling programme in 1997. This core/RC program totalled 79 holes for 12,306m; 9,382.4m of which was into the Sturec Deposit area. ○ In July 2003, Tournigan Gold Corporation (Tournigan) acquired the rights to the Sturec Project by purchasing Kremnica Gold a.s. from Argosy. Tournigan then completed 104 diamond core and RC drill holes for ~14,000m over the period 2004 to 2008. The majority of these holes were into the Sturec Deposit, but adjacent areas were also explored. In the summer and autumn of 2005, Tournigan executed a 36-hole program of RC drilling as infill of Argosy's and Tournigan's earlier core drilling programs into the Sturec Deposit. Tournigan also drilled five additional holes as twins of Argosy's previous core holes. This drilling resulted in the deposit being drilled off on approximate 50-metre centres (earlier drilling had been on approximately 100 x 50 metre centres). The RC program results confirmed the geology and ore outlines that were previously established by core drilling (e.g., rock types and alteration, location of zones of oxidation, location of ore-bearing veins and stockworks, hanging walls, footwalls, thicknesses, strikes, dips, and grades). The holes and assay results were displayed on cross-sections and recorded on logs. Samples were collected at 1-meter intervals under the immediate supervision of a geologist, sealed in plastic bags, and submitted for analysis and check analyses according to the required formal protocols. The holes were logged on site by the drill geologists and again in the laboratory where qualitative samples were taken and inventoried as geological reference samples. The bulk rejects from these RC samples are stored at the operational offices at the Andrej Mining Museum. Tournigan also completed nine bench channel surveys incorporating a total of 317 sample intervals. In 2004, Tournigan also conducted 4 drill core holes at the Vratislav Prospect, immediately to the north of the Sturec Mineral Resource area and 3 drill core holes at the Wolf Prospect, immediately north of the Vratislav Prospect. ○ Ortac Resources (now Arc Mineral Limited) acquired the project in 2009. Since 2009 till MetalsTech acquired the project from them in February 2020, Ortac has drilled 13 core holes for 2,771.7m within the Sturec Deposit area.
Geology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Sturec Gold Project is located in the Central Slovakia Volcanic Area in the Kremnica Mountains of the Western Carpathians. The Central Slovakia Volcanic Field hosts several Ag-Au epithermal vein-type deposits including Banská Štiavnica, Kremnica, Hodruša-Hámre, and Nová Bana, which were important sources of precious and base metals in the past. The area is characterised by Tertiary pyroxene-amphibole andesite flows and tuffs of the Zlata Studna Formation. The andesites are underlain by Mesozoic limestone. Deep-seated structures and faults within the pre-Tertiary basement interpreted to be extensional Horst and Graben in style, focussed sub-volcanic intrusions of gabbro-diorite, diorite, diorite porphyry, and minor quartz-diorite porphyry at depth and associated mesothermal mineralising events, which were then overprinted by the epithermal precious metal mineralisation. In the Kremnica area, the structure is controlled by a 6-7km long, N-S trending horst, known as the Kremnica Horst Structure, which is interpreted to be the result of the sub-volcanic intrusions of gabbro-diorite, diorite, diorite porphyry, and minor quartz-diorite porphyry at depth causing this zone to be uplifted relative to the two graben structures to either side.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Sturec Gold Project mineralisation is classified as a low-sulphidation epithermal Ag-Au deposit type and is interpreted to have formed from low-salinity fluids composed of a mixture of meteoric and magmatic waters at temperatures mostly between ~270 to 190 °C. The mineralisation is hosted by quartz-dolomite veins also containing adularia, sericite, illite and chalcedony that cut through Neogene propyllitised (low pressure/low to medium temperature hydrothermal alteration) andesites of the Kremnica stratovolcano. The hydrothermal alteration from the veins outwards consists of silification and potassic-metasomatism (adularia), propylitization and argillisation. Vein styles include large banded to massive quartz veins, smaller quartz veins and sheeted veins, quartz stockwork veining and silicified hydrothermal breccias.
Drill hole Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> easting and northing of the drill hole collar elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar dip and azimuth of the hole down hole length and interception depth hole length. If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The details of STOR 3.11 are give in the body of this announcement (Table 1). A summary of drill hole assay information for STOR 3.11 is appended to this announcement. See Appendix B.
Data aggregation methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Low grade intervals were calculated by weighted means with a 0.3g/t Au cut-off. High grade intervals were calculated by weighted means with a 3g/t Au cut-off. No top cut was used. Gold equivalent has been calculated to using gold and silver grades as well as metallurgical recovery percentages from the 2014 Thiosulphate Metallurgical test work study. $\text{AuEq g/t} = ((\text{Au g/t grade} * \text{Met. Rec.} * \text{Au price/g}) + (\text{Ag g/t grade} * \text{Met. Rec.} * \text{Ag price/g})) / (\text{Met. Rec.} * \text{Au price/g})$ Long term Forecast Gold and Silver Price used was: \$1,500 USD/oz and \$20 USD/oz respectively (source: JP Morgan, World Bank). Gold And silver recovery from the 2014 Thiosulphate Metallurgical test work: 90.5% and 48.9% respectively. It is the company's opinion that both gold and silver have a reasonable potential to be recovered and sold from the Sturec ore using Thiosulphate Leaching/Electrowinning as per the recoveries indicated.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details
	<p><i>such aggregations should be shown in detail.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</i> 	
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept length	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</i> • <i>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</i> • <i>If it is not known and only the downhole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known').</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Holes were generally drilled at high angles to the strike and dip of the mineralised domains which, given the style of mineralisation, was appropriate. • STOR 3.11 was drilled at a high angle to the interpreted dip of the mineralisation, which indicates that the down hole thickness is approximately 80% of the true thickness of mineralisation in this part of the Sturec ore deposit.
Diagrams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All relevant diagrams are reported in the body of this announcement.
Balanced reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All assay results from STOR 3.11 have been reported and are shown in Appendix 2.
Other substantive exploration data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results;</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Groundwater and geotechnical investigations were completed in 2013. The groundwater monitoring results and geotechnical data were found to be adequate to interpret reasonable open pit slope angles for the various host rock types for the purposes of an open pit optimisation that was used as justification for a 'reasonable prospects of economic extraction' interpretation.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Details
	<p><i>geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concerning the groundwater, it has been interpreted that the most likely current situation is that the water table around the open pit area was drawn down due to the dewatering through the 'Heritage Adits'; with the Main Heritage Adit being situated some 300m below and transporting the groundwater 15km away to where it eventually reaches the surface. It was interpreted that the dewatering had occurred to the level with or below the maximum depth of the proposed pit (~300m). However, the possibility that the dewatering was not as efficient as interpreted has also considered and it has been recommended that up to 6 permanent monitoring wells be installed on the western and eastern sides of the pit to the full depth of the proposed pit. The primary purpose of these wells is to determine if there is any spatial and temporal variation in groundwater levels around the pit. • Geotechnical investigations found that the stability of an open pit in this area would be significantly controlled by the degree of argillic alteration of the predominantly andesite rock mass found at Sturec (host rock of the quartz veining). The modelling suggested that the pit slope needed to be as low as 43° in the highly argillic altered/clay rock type but that a 50° pit slope was adequate in the other rock types. • The groundwater and geotechnical investigation results have been used to model a recommended open pit design that achieved an adequate Factor of Safety (FoS) of greater than 2.0.
Further work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i> • <i>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is good potential for the delineation of further gold mineralisation within the Sturec Gold Project area through future exploration. • Prospects such as Wolf, Vratislav, Vollie Henne and South Ridge are interpreted to be extension areas to the Mineral Resource area at Sturec. Significant gold-silver bearing quartz vein mineralisation has been identified and variably explored/mined at each of these prospects. • The most exciting and potentially valuable exploration potential though appears to be down plunge. When the Mineral Resource model is investigated, it is very apparent that the ore body has a high-grade core that appears to be plunging towards the south. Further exploration drilling to confirm that the high-grade mineralisation continues down plunge to the south is classified as a high priority target.

Appendix B: Drill Hole Assay Data for STOR 3.11

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data

				ME-ICP41	Ag-AA45							
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	Sr	Th	Ti	Tl	U	V	W	Zn	Ag
			No.	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
0.0	1.0	1.0	75230	15	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	42	<10	51	6.4
1.0	2.0	1.0	75231	25	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	68	<10	78	2.1
2.0	3.0	1.0	75232	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	79	<10	62	1.1
3.0	4.0	1.0	75233	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	68	<10	83	0.9
4.0	5.0	1.0	75234	15	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	26	<10	18	0.4
5.0	6.0	1.0	75235	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	34	<10	22	0.8
6.0	7.0	1.0	75236	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	48	<10	114	0.8
7.0	8.0	1.0	75237	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	38	<10	126	0.8
8.0	9.0	1.0	75238	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	41	<10	96	1.4
9.0	10.0	1.0	75239	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	67	<10	97	1.6
10.0	11.0	1.0	75240	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	43	<10	67	1
11.0	12.0	1.0	75241	13	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	44	<10	109	0.8
12.0	13.0	1.0	75242	35	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	75	<10	173	0.4
13.0	14.0	1.0	75243	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	58	<10	142	0.6
14.0	15.0	1.0	75244	52	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	44	<10	144	0.5
15.0	16.0	1.0	75245	81	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	21	<10	60	0.3
16.0	16.5	0.5	75246	179	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	17	<10	48	0.3
16.5	17.0	0.5	75247	132	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	33	<10	84	0.5
17.0	18.0	1.0	75248	35	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	38	<10	95	0.6
18.0	19.0	1.0	75249	45	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	31	<10	99	0.6
19.0	20.0	1.0	75251	115	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	14	<10	41	1.1
20.0	21.0	1.0	75252	26	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	12	<10	13	0.5
21.0	22.0	1.0	75253	17	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	8	<10	18	0.8
22.0	23.0	1.0	75254	82	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	18	<10	73	1.2
23.0	24.0	1.0	75255	56	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	12	<10	56	1.2
24.0	25.0	1.0	75256	64	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	15	<10	49	1.5
25.0	25.5	0.5	75257	37	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	22	<10	56	2.2
25.5	26.0	0.5	75258	42	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	15	<10	79	1
26.0	27.0	1.0	75259	84	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	12	<10	84	0.9
27.0	27.3	0.3	75260	45	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	14	<10	31	1
27.3	28.0	0.7	75263	77	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	8	<10	36	1
28.0	28.5	0.5	75264	87	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	10	<10	21	1.6
28.5	29.0	0.5	75265	30	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	8	<10	36	2.2
29.0	29.5	0.5	75266	17	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	7	<10	40	1.3
29.5	30.0	0.5	75267	20	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	12	<10	49	0.9
30.0	31.0	1.0	75268	38	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	18	<10	89	0.7
31.0	32.0	1.0	75269	56	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	45	<10	106	0.4
32.0	32.7	0.7	75270	41	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	41	<10	90	0.3
32.7	33.0	0.3	75271	56	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	29	<10	89	0.5
33.0	34.0	1.0	75272	70	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	20	<10	58	0.5
34.0	35.0	1.0	75274	29	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	31	<10	94	0.9
35.0	36.0	1.0	75275	15	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	42	<10	112	3.2

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data

				ME-ICP41	Ag-AA45							
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	Sr	Th	Ti	Tl	U	V	W	Zn	Ag
			No.	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
36.0	37.0	1.0	75276	13	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	53	<10	95	0.7
37.0	38.0	1.0	75277	21	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	43	<10	90	0.9
38.0	39.0	1.0	75278	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	25	<10	69	1.4
39.0	39.5	0.5	75279	6	<20	<0.01	10	<10	12	<10	40	1.7
39.5	40.0	0.5	75280	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	47	<10	95	0.7
40.0	40.3	0.3	75281	8	<20	<0.01	10	<10	58	<10	86	0.7
40.3	41.3	1.0	75282	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	62	<10	101	0.7
41.3	41.6	0.3	75283	15	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	67	<10	101	0.5
41.6	42.6	1.0	75284	15	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	73	<10	98	0.5
42.6	43.2	0.6	75285	13	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	92	<10	106	0.6
43.2	43.8	0.6	75286	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	55	<10	48	0.8
43.8	44.2	0.4	75287	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	78	<10	79	0.4
44.2	44.6	0.4	75288	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	45	<10	62	0.5
44.6	45.5	0.9	75289	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	92	<10	110	0.4
45.5	46.0	0.5	75292	12	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	132	<10	143	0.3
46.0	47.0	1.0	75293	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	103	<10	153	0.2
47.0	48.0	1.0	75294	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	90	<10	128	0.4
48.0	49.0	1.0	75295	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	79	<10	102	0.4
49.0	50.0	1.0	75297	15	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	101	<10	127	0.2
50.0	51.0	1.0	75298	29	<20	0.01	<10	<10	118	<10	122	0.5
51.0	52.0	1.0	75299	11	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	92	<10	104	0.5
52.0	52.6	0.6	75300	44	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	92	<10	115	0.4
52.6	53.0	0.4	75301	99	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	53	<10	72	0.5
53.0	54.0	1.0	75302	87	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	37	<10	71	0.7
54.0	55.0	1.0	75303	71	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	43	<10	79	0.6
55.0	56.0	1.0	75304	66	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	50	<10	99	0.7
56.0	57.0	1.0	75305	60	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	35	<10	135	0.9
57.0	57.3	0.3	75306	133	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	21	<10	121	0.7
57.3	58.0	0.7	75307	36	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	28	<10	82	1.3
58.0	59.0	1.0	75308	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	30	<10	92	1.8
59.0	60.0	1.0	75309	7	<20	<0.01	10	<10	25	<10	46	2.6
60.0	61.0	1.0	75310	6	<20	<0.01	10	<10	22	<10	24	2.8
61.0	62.0	1.0	75311	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	30	<10	65	2.3
62.0	63.0	1.0	75312	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	38	<10	70	1.8
63.0	64.0	1.0	75313	35	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	37	<10	70	1.9
64.0	65.0	1.0	75314	29	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	37	<10	72	2.3
65.0	66.0	1.0	75315	32	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	46	<10	56	2.2
66.0	67.0	1.0	75316	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	42	<10	73	2.1
67.0	67.7	0.7	75318	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	85	<10	104	0.7
67.7	68.6	0.9	75319	12	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	107	<10	128	5.6
68.6	69.0	0.4	75320	15	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	146	<10	99	5.7
69.0	70.0	1.0	75321	13	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	138	<10	141	0.5

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data

				ME-ICP41	Ag-AA45							
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	Sr	Th	Ti	Tl	U	V	W	Zn	Ag
			No.	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
70.0	71.0	1.0	75322	39	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	110	<10	92	1.4
71.0	72.0	1.0	75323	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	85	<10	94	1.3
72.0	73.0	1.0	75326	13	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	104	<10	121	1.5
73.0	74.0	1.0	75327	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	42	<10	34	1
74.0	75.0	1.0	75328	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	56	<10	38	1
75.0	76.0	1.0	75329	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	97	<10	102	0.4
76.0	77.0	1.0	75330	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	59	<10	80	0.4
77.0	78.0	1.0	75331	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	49	<10	81	0.9
78.0	79.0	1.0	75332	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	54	<10	99	2.3
79.0	80.0	1.0	75333	7	<20	<0.01	30	<10	22	<10	53	15.8
80.0	81.0	1.0	75334	8	<20	<0.01	10	<10	39	<10	93	5.6
81.0	82.0	1.0	75335	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	34	<10	90	3.2
82.0	83.0	1.0	75336	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	49	<10	105	2.4
83.0	84.0	1.0	75337	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	81	<10	90	2
84.0	85.0	1.0	75338	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	76	<10	80	5.2
85.0	86.0	1.0	75339	11	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	91	<10	93	1.5
86.0	87.0	1.0	75341	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	48	<10	100	13.9
87.0	88.0	1.0	75342	9	<20	<0.01	20	<10	45	<10	102	13.8
88.0	88.3	0.3	75343	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	63	<10	62	1.5
88.3	88.7	0.4	75344	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	68	<10	62	1.7
88.7	89.0	0.3	75345	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	57	<10	86	13
89.0	89.6	0.6	75346	5	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	26	<10	77	10.6
89.6	90.0	0.4	75347	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	62	<10	64	17.2
90.0	90.6	0.6	75348	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	60	<10	66	3.8
90.6	91.0	0.4	75349	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	110	<10	106	1.6
91.0	92.0	1.0	75350	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	98	<10	98	1.7
92.0	93.0	1.0	75351	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	90	<10	103	2.5
93.0	94.0	1.0	75352	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	49	<10	114	2.8
94.0	95.0	1.0	75353	9	<20	<0.01	20	<10	49	<10	92	2
95.0	96.0	1.0	75354	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	76	<10	83	1.3
96.0	97.0	1.0	75355	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	71	<10	88	1.6
97.0	98.0	1.0	75356	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	75	<10	96	1.6
98.0	99.0	1.0	75359	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	73	<10	65	2.6
99.0	99.3	0.3	75360	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	76	<10	76	2.5
99.3	100.0	0.7	75361	12	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	79	<10	89	3.6
100.0	101.0	1.0	75362	11	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	71	<10	88	2.7
101.0	102.0	1.0	75364	12	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	65	<10	153	1.6
102.0	103.0	1.0	75365	16	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	54	<10	83	1.5
103.0	103.3	0.3	75366	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	38	<10	80	1.6
103.3	103.8	0.5	75367	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	31	<10	53	2.4
103.8	104.5	0.7	75368	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	37	<10	59	3.1
104.5	105.5	1.0	75369	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	35	<10	58	3

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data

				ME-ICP41	Ag-AA45							
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	Sr	Th	Ti	Tl	U	V	W	Zn	Ag
			No.	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
105.5	106.0	0.5	75370	9	<20	<0.01	10	<10	36	<10	79	2.8
106.0	107.0	1.0	75371	7	<20	<0.01	10	<10	35	<10	31	1.8
107.0	108.0	1.0	75372	7	<20	<0.01	10	<10	39	<10	18	1.7
108.0	109.0	1.0	75373	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	63	<10	35	4.5
109.0	110.0	1.0	75374	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	80	<10	105	1.9
110.0	111.0	1.0	75375	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	90	<10	49	1
111.0	112.0	1.0	75376	14	<20	0.01	<10	<10	124	<10	148	0.2
112.0	113.0	1.0	75377	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	83	<10	43	0.6
113.0	114.0	1.0	75378	10	<20	<0.01	10	<10	56	<10	93	9.2
114.0	115.0	1.0	75379	11	<20	<0.01	20	<10	27	<10	293	>100
115.0	116.0	1.0	75380	6	<20	<0.01	50	<10	17	<10	286	>100
116.0	116.5	0.5	75381	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	36	<10	252	>100
116.5	117.0	0.5	75382	10	<20	<0.01	10	<10	41	<10	98	4.1
117.0	118.0	1.0	75384	11	<20	<0.01	20	<10	29	<10	79	3.8
118.0	119.0	1.0	75385	10	<20	<0.01	50	<10	24	<10	50	7.6
119.0	120.0	1.0	75386	13	<20	<0.01	60	<10	27	<10	55	7.5
120.0	121.0	1.0	75387	9	<20	<0.01	20	<10	27	<10	69	2.3
121.0	122.0	1.0	75388	8	<20	<0.01	10	<10	34	<10	83	1.4
122.0	123.0	1.0	75389	7	<20	<0.01	10	<10	32	<10	68	3.3
123.0	124.0	1.0	75390	9	<20	<0.01	10	<10	30	<10	92	6.5
124.0	125.0	1.0	75391	7	<20	<0.01	10	<10	52	<10	91	2.4
125.0	126.0	1.0	75392	10	<20	<0.01	10	<10	40	<10	53	2.5
126.0	127.0	1.0	75393	11	<20	<0.01	30	<10	32	<10	54	4
127.0	128.0	1.0	75394	6	<20	<0.01	10	<10	40	<10	58	3.8
128.0	129.0	1.0	75395	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	33	10	60	2.8
129.0	130.0	1.0	75396	7	<20	<0.01	10	<10	28	<10	65	1.5
130.0	131.0	1.0	75399	11	<20	<0.01	20	<10	36	<10	164	9.1
131.0	132.0	1.0	75400	9	<20	<0.01	20	<10	57	<10	254	31.8
132.0	133.0	1.0	75401	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	64	<10	76	0.5
133.0	134.0	1.0	75402	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	76	<10	77	2.4
134.0	134.3	0.3	75403	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	100	<10	93	0.6
134.3	134.6	0.3	75404	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	75	<10	58	3
134.6	135.0	0.4	75405	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	49	<10	58	3.8
135.0	135.4	0.4	75407	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	115	<10	86	1.5
135.4	136.0	0.6	75408	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	57	<10	44	3.3
136.0	137.0	1.0	75409	13	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	72	<10	89	2
137.0	137.7	0.7	75410	39	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	48	<10	52	1.9
137.7	138.0	0.3	75411	33	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	46	<10	66	5.1
138.0	138.5	0.5	75412	32	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	49	<10	59	1.7
138.5	139.0	0.5	75413	28	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	36	<10	47	2
139.0	140.0	1.0	75414	61	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	43	<10	75	29.6
140.0	141.0	1.0	75415	37	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	64	<10	86	1.5

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data																		
				Au-AA24	ME-ICP41													
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	Au	Ag	Al	As	B	Ba	Be	Bi	Ca	Cd	Co	Cr	Cu	Fe	
			No.	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%
141.0	142.0	1.0	75416	0.245		1.8	0.57	126	<10	20	0.5	<2	0.38	<0.5	21	15	33	4.59
142.0	142.4	0.4	75417	0.858		8.2	0.35	263	<10	30	0.6	<2	0.34	<0.5	17	14	22	5.92
142.4	143.0	0.6	75418	1.175		12.2	0.39	148	<10	30	0.6	<2	0.33	<0.5	15	12	20	4.58
143.0	143.4	0.4	75419	0.155		2.2	0.52	95	<10	20	0.7	<2	0.41	<0.5	18	16	25	5.63
143.4	144.2	0.8	75420	1.545		8.6	0.54	133	<10	20	<0.5	<2	0.41	<0.5	17	9	27	3.66
144.2	144.5	0.3	75421	1.37		5.2	0.56	134	<10	20	<0.5	<2	0.47	<0.5	16	7	27	2.65
144.5	145.0	0.5	75422	0.302		2.5	0.51	136	<10	<10	<0.5	<2	0.38	<0.5	21	7	43	3.34
145.0	146.0	1.0	75423	2.73		9.4	0.34	118	<10	20	<0.5	<2	0.35	<0.5	17	12	34	4.67
146.0	147.0	1.0	75424	25.2		71.6	0.33	96	<10	30	<0.5	<2	0.57	<0.5	12	13	39	3.41
147.0	148.0	1.0	75425	5.05		89.5	0.6	84	<10	30	<0.5	<2	0.78	<0.5	16	17	56	4.1
148.0	149.0	1.0	75427	0.21		2.6	0.81	84	<10	20	0.5	<2	0.88	<0.5	20	22	51	5.08
149.0	149.8	0.8	75428	3.85		33.5	0.39	388	<10	20	<0.5	<2	0.55	<0.5	17	14	35	4.96
149.8	150.5	0.7	75431	7.83		30.1	0.64	235	<10	30	<0.5	<2	0.59	<0.5	17	17	31	4.98
150.5	151.4	0.9	75432	0.714		4	0.45	236	<10	30	<0.5	<2	0.31	<0.5	19	11	30	4.01
151.4	151.8	0.4	75433	2.09		10.2	0.38	378	<10	20	<0.5	<2	0.35	<0.5	18	12	29	4.36
151.8	152.5	0.7	75434	5.16		17.3	0.37	390	<10	30	0.5	<2	0.38	<0.5	21	18	33	5.07
152.5	153.0	0.5	75435	10.4		35.6	0.4	297	<10	30	<0.5	<2	0.31	<0.5	16	12	36	4.33
153.0	153.8	0.8	75436	0.587		5.6	0.46	564	<10	20	<0.5	<2	0.48	<0.5	21	9	40	3.96
153.8	154.3	0.5	75437	0.279		2.8	0.65	427	<10	20	<0.5	<2	0.49	<0.5	24	10	29	3.08

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data																		
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	
				Ga No.	Hg ppm	K %	La ppm	Mg %	Mn ppm	Mo ppm	Na %	Ni ppm	P ppm	Pb ppm	S %	Sb ppm	Sc ppm	
141.0	142.0	1.0	75416	<10	1	0.16	20	0.54	1100	2	<0.01	12	1200	13	2.67	6	6	
142.0	142.4	0.4	75417	<10	1	0.18	20	0.26	1855	4	<0.01	11	960	10	2.43	9	5	
142.4	143.0	0.6	75418	<10	1	0.19	20	0.33	1140	3	<0.01	8	940	12	2.35	10	5	
143.0	143.4	0.4	75419	<10	<1	0.21	20	0.35	1930	3	<0.01	10	1200	12	2.22	7	6	
143.4	144.2	0.8	75420	<10	1	0.14	20	0.2	873	3	<0.01	11	1460	12	2.27	38	6	
144.2	144.5	0.3	75421	<10	3	0.09	20	0.04	302	10	<0.01	15	1760	5	3.5	>10000	2	
144.5	145.0	0.5	75422	<10	1	0.1	20	0.11	708	5	<0.01	14	1500	14	2.59	71	5	
145.0	146.0	1.0	75423	<10	1	0.12	20	0.22	1035	3	<0.01	10	1060	13	2.77	69	6	
146.0	147.0	1.0	75424	<10	1	0.14	10	0.34	614	5	<0.01	7	750	10	1.88	26	4	
147.0	148.0	1.0	75425	<10	1	0.14	20	0.87	524	4	0.01	10	1130	8	2.31	24	6	
148.0	149.0	1.0	75427	<10	1	0.16	20	1.33	823	3	0.01	12	1230	8	2.54	10	8	
149.0	149.8	0.8	75428	<10	1	0.15	20	0.54	351	5	0.01	10	1080	12	4.15	13	4	
149.8	150.5	0.7	75431	<10	<1	0.18	20	0.92	678	5	0.01	11	1100	11	3.24	11	7	
150.5	151.4	0.9	75432	<10	1	0.17	20	0.17	484	2	0.01	12	1210	11	2.75	11	7	
151.4	151.8	0.4	75433	<10	<1	0.18	20	0.18	663	2	0.01	11	1290	10	3.22	9	5	
151.8	152.5	0.7	75434	<10	1	0.16	30	0.22	1190	3	0.01	12	1320	11	3.08	9	8	
152.5	153.0	0.5	75435	<10	1	0.18	20	0.18	881	4	0.01	11	1060	9	3.01	14	5	
153.0	153.8	0.8	75436	<10	4	0.11	20	0.1	410	3	0.01	15	2010	11	3.32	34	4	
153.8	154.3	0.5	75437	<10	7	0.17	20	0.02	33	8	0.01	14	2420	12	3.1	44	6	

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data

				ME-ICP41	Ag-AA45							
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	Sr	Th	Ti	Tl	U	V	W	Zn	Ag
			No.	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
141.0	142.0	1.0	75416	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	66	<10	94	1.7
142.0	142.4	0.4	75417	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	49	<10	72	8.8
142.4	143.0	0.6	75418	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	43	<10	69	11.8
143.0	143.4	0.4	75419	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	59	<10	76	2.3
143.4	144.2	0.8	75420	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	41	<10	73	7.2
144.2	144.5	0.3	75421	7	<20	<0.01	10	<10	17	<10	120	5.5
144.5	145.0	0.5	75422	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	32	<10	76	2.4
145.0	146.0	1.0	75423	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	47	<10	65	8.9
146.0	147.0	1.0	75424	20	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	38	<10	54	71.6
147.0	148.0	1.0	75425	16	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	64	<10	74	88.9
148.0	149.0	1.0	75427	17	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	89	<10	72	2.5
149.0	149.8	0.8	75428	13	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	44	<10	62	24.8
149.8	150.5	0.7	75431	15	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	66	<10	69	26.9
150.5	151.4	0.9	75432	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	53	<10	69	3.7
151.4	151.8	0.4	75433	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	44	<10	75	10.9
151.8	152.5	0.7	75434	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	76	<10	77	17.3
152.5	153.0	0.5	75435	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	45	<10	91	35.1
153.0	153.8	0.8	75436	9	<20	<0.01	10	<10	35	<10	93	5.6
153.8	154.3	0.5	75437	10	<20	<0.01	10	<10	37	<10	85	2.9

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data																		
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	Ga	Hg	K	La	Mg	Mn	Mo	Na	Ni	P	Pb	S	Sb	Sc	
			No.	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm
154.3	155.0	0.7	75438	<10	2	0.17	10	0.02	79	5	<0.01	11	890	12	4.87	25	2	
155.0	156.0	1.0	75439	<10	2	0.14	20	0.02	36	9	0.01	9	990	10	3.19	36	4	
156.0	156.6	0.6	75440	<10	90	0.09	10	0.02	73	19	0.01	86	460	10	>10.0	702	2	
156.6	157.0	0.4	75441	<10	2	0.18	20	0.02	30	4	0.01	10	940	11	3.29	23	4	
157.0	158.0	1.0	75442	<10	2	0.17	10	0.02	48	2	0.01	12	580	9	2.74	23	8	
158.0	159.0	1.0	75443	<10	1	0.19	20	0.03	64	2	0.01	10	1610	16	3.5	63	7	
159.0	160.0	1.0	75444	<10	1	0.17	20	0.46	1095	3	0.01	9	1210	9	2.75	5	6	
160.0	160.3	0.3	75445	<10	1	0.06	10	0.11	179	28	0.01	4	290	14	0.71	32	1	
160.3	161.0	0.7	75446	<10	1	0.19	20	1	978	3	0.01	11	1140	11	3.8	4	5	
161.0	162.0	1.0	75447	<10	<1	0.21	20	1.22	781	2	0.01	10	1120	8	2.94	5	5	
162.0	163.0	1.0	75448	<10	1	0.16	20	2.3	1815	2	0.01	12	1070	13	3.24	4	6	
163.0	164.0	1.0	75449	<10	1	0.15	20	1.63	1100	2	0.01	12	1090	8	3.27	5	6	
164.0	165.0	1.0	75450	<10	1	0.13	20	0.58	211	1	0.01	11	1010	7	2.9	4	4	
165.0	166.0	1.0	75451	<10	1	0.15	20	0.52	183	2	0.01	18	1640	10	2.75	6	10	
166.0	167.0	1.0	75453	<10	<1	0.09	10	0.24	98	110	0.01	7	610	15	1.48	24	4	
167.0	168.0	1.0	75454	<10	1	0.07	10	0.21	114	68	0.01	4	300	14	0.95	31	2	
168.0	169.0	1.0	75455	<10	1	0.09	10	0.19	84	6	0.01	6	500	11	1.39	25	4	
169.0	169.5	0.5	75456	<10	1	0.16	20	0.11	42	3	0.01	13	930	11	2.7	5	7	
169.5	170.0	0.5	75457	<10	1	0.12	10	0.03	67	5	<0.01	6	320	8	1.18	31	3	
170.0	171.0	1.0	75458	<10	1	0.13	10	0.02	44	7	<0.01	10	470	13	4.9	11	2	
171.0	172.0	1.0	75459	<10	1	0.12	10	0.03	46	6	<0.01	9	370	14	6.06	17	2	
172.0	173.0	1.0	75460	<10	1	0.21	10	0.05	31	6	<0.01	10	540	10	3.73	22	3	
173.0	174.0	1.0	75461	<10	1	0.19	20	0.6	90	2	<0.01	11	930	10	2.84	5	7	
174.0	175.0	1.0	75464	<10	2	0.19	10	0.02	62	6	0.01	8	470	13	4.04	13	2	
175.0	176.0	1.0	75465	<10	1	0.17	10	0.02	36	3	0.01	10	300	11	4.73	5	3	
176.0	177.0	1.0	75466	<10	2	0.2	20	0.14	44	3	0.01	12	1110	13	3.22	14	5	
177.0	177.5	0.5	75467	<10	1	0.21	20	0.14	42	1	0.01	13	1110	12	2.98	7	6	
177.5	178.2	0.7	75468	<10	6	0.21	20	0.05	39	6	0.01	12	920	12	3.52	40	5	
179.0	179.5	0.5	75469	<10	1	0.01	<10	0.03	60	50	<0.01	1	90	16	0.27	22	<1	
180.8	182.0	1.2	75470	<10	1	0.12	10	0.44	129	6	0.01	6	360	10	1.12	19	4	
182.0	184.0	2.0	75471	<10	1	0.09	<10	0.02	47	3	<0.01	4	270	7	1.52	5	2	
184.0	185.0	1.0	75472	<10	3	0.07	10	0.41	326	6	0.01	4	250	7	1.59	28	1	
185.0	186.0	1.0	75473	<10	3	0.04	<10	0.06	119	8	<0.01	2	130	10	1.05	33	1	
186.0	187.0	1.0	75475	<10	2	0.03	<10	0.03	90	7	<0.01	3	470	5	1.06	32	1	
187.0	188.0	1.0	75476	<10	1	0.01	<10	0.04	126	3	<0.01	20	80	6	0.34	30	<1	
188.0	189.0	1.0	75477	<10	1	0.13	10	0.03	947	6	0.01	2190	180	66	1.5	735	2	
189.0	190.0	1.0	75478	<10	1	0.23	10	0.03	39	6	0.01	3	290	13	0.67	98	4	
190.0	191.0	1.0	75479	<10	2	0.2	10	0.03	232	13	0.01	25	270	11	1.76	76	4	
191.0	192.0	1.0	75480	<10	2	0.19	10	0.11	846	7	0.01	6	510	11	1.73	33	6	
192.0	192.7	0.7	75481	<10	1	0.18	10	0.09	708	6	0.01	7	420	10	1.37	21	6	
192.7	193.0	0.3	75482	<10	1	0.16	10	0.03	40	7	0.01	4	340	10	1.29	39	6	
193.0	194.0	1.0	75483	<10	2	0.19	10	0.11	927	4	0.01	6	620	9	1.41	48	6	

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data

				ME-ICP41	Ag-AA45							
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	Sr	Th	Ti	Tl	U	V	W	Zn	Ag
			No.	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
154.3	155.0	0.7	75438	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	16	<10	55	11.2
155.0	156.0	1.0	75439	6	<20	<0.01	10	<10	21	<10	70	21.6
156.0	156.6	0.6	75440	2	<20	<0.01	380	<10	12	<10	51	72.9
156.6	157.0	0.4	75441	8	<20	<0.01	10	<10	20	<10	62	2.6
157.0	158.0	1.0	75442	4	<20	<0.01	10	<10	21	<10	31	2.3
158.0	159.0	1.0	75443	6	<20	<0.01	10	<10	55	<10	91	2.1
159.0	160.0	1.0	75444	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	60	<10	82	3.5
160.0	160.3	0.3	75445	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	11	<10	51	56.1
160.3	161.0	0.7	75446	18	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	55	<10	77	3.2
161.0	162.0	1.0	75447	19	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	54	<10	83	3.2
162.0	163.0	1.0	75448	35	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	55	<10	142	2.3
163.0	164.0	1.0	75449	23	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	61	<10	111	2.1
164.0	165.0	1.0	75450	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	66	<10	60	2.4
165.0	166.0	1.0	75451	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	104	<10	65	2.9
166.0	167.0	1.0	75453	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	37	<10	41	27.5
167.0	168.0	1.0	75454	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	19	<10	37	44.1
168.0	169.0	1.0	75455	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	25	<10	36	38.6
169.0	169.5	0.5	75456	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	46	<10	63	5.5
169.5	170.0	0.5	75457	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	19	<10	31	26.3
170.0	171.0	1.0	75458	5	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	16	<10	30	6.7
171.0	172.0	1.0	75459	4	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	14	<10	25	15.7
172.0	173.0	1.0	75460	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	22	<10	57	43.3
173.0	174.0	1.0	75461	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	56	<10	43	2.9
174.0	175.0	1.0	75464	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	16	<10	30	4.7
175.0	176.0	1.0	75465	11	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	13	<10	22	3.3
176.0	177.0	1.0	75466	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	40	<10	60	6.6
177.0	177.5	0.5	75467	11	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	44	<10	64	3.5
177.5	178.2	0.7	75468	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	33	<10	59	6.8
179.0	179.5	0.5	75469	4	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	1	<10	19	46.9
180.8	182.0	1.2	75470	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	33	<10	44	44.4
182.0	184.0	2.0	75471	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	10	<10	40	12.8
184.0	185.0	1.0	75472	15	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	8	<10	20	34.5
185.0	186.0	1.0	75473	4	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	4	<10	16	55.7
186.0	187.0	1.0	75475	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	8	<10	15	31
187.0	188.0	1.0	75476	5	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	3	60	15	48.1
188.0	189.0	1.0	75477	3	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	10	540	205	6.9
189.0	190.0	1.0	75478	3	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	16	<10	13	3.4
190.0	191.0	1.0	75479	2	<20	<0.01	10	<10	22	60	21	4.1
191.0	192.0	1.0	75480	3	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	25	<10	53	2.1
192.0	192.7	0.7	75481	3	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	20	<10	44	1.8
192.7	193.0	0.3	75482	2	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	15	<10	20	3.6
193.0	194.0	1.0	75483	4	<20	<0.01	10	<10	38	<10	40	2.3

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data

				ME-ICP41	Ag-AA45							
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	Sr	Th	Ti	Tl	U	V	W	Zn	Ag
			No.	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
194.0	195.0	1.0	75484	3	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	31	<10	37	3.8
195.0	196.0	1.0	75485	5	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	37	<10	41	3.5
196.0	197.0	1.0	75486	3	<20	<0.01	10	<10	23	<10	60	9.9
197.0	198.0	1.0	75487	4	<20	<0.01	10	<10	31	<10	44	9
198.0	198.6	0.6	75488	2	<20	<0.01	90	<10	14	<10	20	70.6
198.6	199.0	0.4	75489	3	<20	<0.01	40	<10	23	<10	28	31.1
199.0	200.0	1.0	75490	5	<20	<0.01	10	<10	39	<10	57	9.7
200.0	201.0	1.0	75491	3	<20	<0.01	20	<10	29	<10	56	6.4
201.0	202.0	1.0	75492	3	<20	<0.01	10	<10	25	<10	36	9.8
202.0	203.0	1.0	75495	2	<20	<0.01	70	<10	6	<10	9	>100
203.0	204.0	1.0	75496	5	<20	<0.01	10	<10	12	<10	66	2.7
204.0	205.0	1.0	75498	18	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	14	<10	120	0.6
205.0	206.0	1.0	75499	24	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	9	<10	60	0.3
206.0	207.0	1.0	75500	22	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	8	<10	44	0.2
207.0	208.0	1.0	75501	28	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	8	<10	45	0.2
208.0	209.0	1.0	75502	20	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	15	<10	35	0.2
209.0	210.0	1.0	75503	32	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	20	<10	50	0.4
210.0	211.0	1.0	75504	12	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	10	<10	38	0.4
211.0	212.0	1.0	75505	29	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	16	<10	39	0.4
212.0	213.0	1.0	75506	12	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	22	<10	54	0.2
213.0	214.0	1.0	75507	19	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	19	<10	36	<0.2
214.0	215.0	1.0	75508	56	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	24	<10	43	0.2
215.0	216.0	1.0	75509	63	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	22	<10	52	<0.2
216.0	217.0	1.0	75510	42	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	20	<10	29	0.2
217.0	218.0	1.0	75511	39	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	12	<10	34	0.4
218.0	219.0	1.0	75512	47	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	14	<10	43	0.8
219.0	220.0	1.0	75513	12	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	14	<10	48	1.2
220.0	221.0	1.0	75514	13	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	11	<10	31	1.2
221.0	222.0	1.0	75515	20	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	9	<10	30	2.3
222.0	223.0	1.0	75516	20	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	8	<10	28	1.3
223.0	224.0	1.0	75517	15	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	10	<10	21	0.9
224.0	225.0	1.0	75519	7	<20	<0.01	10	<10	9	<10	58	2.6
225.0	226.0	1.0	75520	5	<20	<0.01	20	<10	15	<10	90	4.9
226.0	227.0	1.0	75521	4	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	18	<10	63	0.9
227.0	228.0	1.0	75522	4	<20	<0.01	10	<10	20	<10	97	2
228.0	229.0	1.0	75523	6	<20	<0.01	10	<10	17	<10	63	3.2
229.0	230.0	1.0	75524	31	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	19	<10	54	2.1
230.0	231.0	1.0	75527	39	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	18	<10	52	0.7
231.0	232.0	1.0	75528	61	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	11	<10	28	0.9
232.0	233.0	1.0	75529	19	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	21	<10	63	0.4
233.0	234.0	1.0	75530	12	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	10	<10	65	0.8
234.0	235.0	1.0	75531	5	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	3	<10	44	1.5

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data

				Au-AA24	ME-ICP41													
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	Au	Ag	Al	As	B	Ba	Be	Bi	Ca	Cd	Co	Cr	Cu	Fe	
			No.	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%
235.0	236.0	1.0	75532	0.154	0.7	0.32	190	<10	10	0.7	<2	0.33	<0.5	11	1	7	2.97	
236.0	237.0	1.0	75533	0.101	0.4	0.35	233	<10	10	1	<2	0.15	<0.5	10	<1	3	3.15	
237.0	238.0	1.0	75534	0.131	0.8	0.42	235	<10	10	1.1	<2	0.11	<0.5	10	1	5	3.62	
238.0	239.0	1.0	75535	0.097	0.5	0.44	194	<10	10	0.9	<2	0.15	<0.5	10	1	4	3.37	
239.0	240.0	1.0	75536	0.033	0.4	0.45	256	<10	10	0.9	<2	0.25	<0.5	11	1	5	3.79	
240.0	241.0	1.0	75537	0.087	0.4	0.47	145	<10	20	0.9	<2	0.2	<0.5	9	1	10	3.38	
241.0	242.0	1.0	75538	0.557	0.2	0.36	94	<10	30	1	<2	0.2	<0.5	9	2	10	2.96	
242.0	243.0	1.0	75539	0.275	<0.2	0.45	63	<10	30	0.9	<2	0.23	<0.5	10	1	5	3.18	
243.0	244.0	1.0	75540	0.027	<0.2	0.43	60	<10	30	0.8	<2	0.29	<0.5	10	1	8	3.72	
244.00	245.0	1.0	75542	0.108	0.2	0.4	93	<10	20	0.8	<2	0.2	<0.5	8	2	7	2.08	
245.00	246.0	1.0	75543	0.138	0.4	0.35	114	<10	20	1	<2	0.14	<0.5	8	2	12	1.48	
246.00	247.0	1.0	75544	0.066	0.4	0.34	103	<10	20	1.1	<2	0.24	<0.5	11	1	8	3.72	
247.00	248.0	1.0	75545	0.065	0.3	0.42	83	<10	50	1.1	<2	0.25	<0.5	11	2	8	3.71	
248.00	249.0	1.0	75546	0.048	0.3	0.41	72	<10	30	1.3	<2	0.27	<0.5	10	1	8	3.77	
249.00	250.0	1.0	75547	0.045	0.2	0.44	71	<10	30	1.4	<2	0.3	<0.5	11	2	9	4.33	
250.00	251.0	1.0	75548	0.147	0.2	0.44	63	<10	30	1.4	<2	0.28	<0.5	11	1	13	3.9	
251.00	252.0	1.0	75549	0.068	0.2	0.45	67	<10	30	1.6	<2	2	<0.5	10	1	9	3.85	
252.00	253.0	1.0	75550	0.057	0.2	0.31	74	<10	20	1.6	<2	0.85	<0.5	11	1	10	4.3	
253.00	254.0	1.0	75551	0.038	0.3	0.42	74	<10	30	1.5	<2	0.36	<0.5	11	1	7	3.67	
254.00	255.0	1.0	75552	0.09	0.4	0.27	89	<10	30	1.3	<2	0.25	<0.5	11	1	4	3.48	
255.00	256.0	1.0	75553	0.069	0.3	0.38	77	<10	30	1.4	<2	0.27	<0.5	11	1	10	3.65	
256.00	257.0	1.0	75554	0.064	0.2	0.43	71	<10	30	1.7	<2	0.3	<0.5	11	1	7	3.79	
257.00	258.0	1.0	75555	0.141	0.4	0.37	100	<10	30	1.4	<2	0.21	<0.5	9	1	12	2.75	
258.00	259.0	1.0	75556	0.112	0.3	0.51	83	<10	40	1.5	<2	0.25	<0.5	10	1	11	3.53	
259.00	260.00	1.0	75559	0.129	0.3	0.38	90	<10	30	1.4	<2	0.28	<0.5	11	1	8	4.09	
260.00	261.00	1.0	75560	0.085	0.2	0.41	85	<10	60	1.2	<2	0.75	<0.5	10	1	8	3.96	
261.00	262.00	1.0	75561	0.042	0.2	0.41	84	<10	20	1.2	<2	1.87	<0.5	10	1	7	3.99	
262.00	263.00	1.0	75562	0.078	0.2	0.39	73	<10	30	1.1	<2	0.58	<0.5	10	1	6	3.69	
263.00	264.00	1.0	75563	0.127	0.4	0.42	77	<10	30	1	<2	2.17	<0.5	11	2	10	4.09	
264.00	265.0	1.0	75565	0.077	0.2	0.37	74	<10	20	1	2	3.1	<0.5	10	1	13	4.02	
265.0	266.0	1.0	75566	0.146	<0.2	0.44	88	<10	30	0.7	<2	2.85	<0.5	10	1	9	3.89	

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data

				ME-ICP41													
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	Ga	Hg	K	La	Mg	Mn	Mo	Na	Ni	P	Pb	S	Sb	Sc
			No.	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm
235.0	236.0	1.0	75532	<10	<1	0.2	10	0.15	379	3	0.01	<1	270	10	2.36	21	2
236.0	237.0	1.0	75533	<10	1	0.21	10	0.05	120	2	0.01	<1	410	10	3.18	25	1
237.0	238.0	1.0	75534	<10	1	0.25	<10	0.04	40	1	0.01	1	270	12	3.65	10	1
238.0	239.0	1.0	75535	<10	1	0.26	10	0.07	254	1	0.01	<1	370	11	2.96	11	2
239.0	240.0	1.0	75536	<10	2	0.29	10	0.15	869	1	0.01	1	630	8	2.13	29	2
240.0	241.0	1.0	75537	<10	1	0.29	10	0.16	826	1	0.01	<1	530	10	1.45	11	2
241.0	242.0	1.0	75538	<10	1	0.26	10	0.18	820	1	0.02	<1	480	6	0.8	62	2
242.0	243.0	1.0	75539	<10	2	0.3	10	0.26	1020	1	0.02	<1	560	5	0.44	7	3
243.0	244.0	1.0	75540	<10	1	0.3	10	0.32	1260	<1	0.02	<1	680	8	0.57	6	4
244.00	245.0	1.0	75542	<10	1	0.27	10	0.14	499	1	0.01	<1	480	5	0.67	4	2
245.00	246.0	1.0	75543	<10	1	0.24	10	0.05	145	7	0.01	<1	400	7	0.98	7	1
246.00	247.0	1.0	75544	<10	1	0.25	10	0.3	959	3	0.01	<1	550	10	1.2	5	3
247.00	248.0	1.0	75545	<10	<1	0.3	10	0.27	926	1	0.02	<1	560	10	0.89	6	3
248.00	249.0	1.0	75546	<10	1	0.27	10	0.33	1010	1	0.02	<1	570	9	0.73	5	3
249.00	250.0	1.0	75547	<10	1	0.3	10	0.37	1235	1	0.01	<1	600	8	0.72	4	4
250.00	251.0	1.0	75548	<10	1	0.29	10	0.36	931	1	0.02	<1	590	10	0.72	5	4
251.00	252.0	1.0	75549	<10	<1	0.3	10	0.76	1080	<1	0.02	<1	600	9	0.67	5	4
252.00	253.0	1.0	75550	<10	1	0.23	10	0.51	1180	1	0.02	<1	610	8	0.8	6	4
253.00	254.0	1.0	75551	<10	1	0.3	10	0.3	985	1	0.02	<1	620	11	0.84	5	3
254.00	255.0	1.0	75552	<10	1	0.21	10	0.26	910	10	0.02	<1	490	10	0.81	10	3
255.00	256.0	1.0	75553	<10	1	0.28	10	0.3	1070	1	0.02	<1	550	8	0.79	5	3
256.00	257.0	1.0	75554	<10	1	0.31	10	0.31	1080	1	0.02	<1	610	7	0.66	6	3
257.00	258.0	1.0	75555	<10	1	0.28	10	0.19	644	9	0.02	<1	470	9	0.84	11	2
258.00	259.0	1.0	75556	<10	1	0.35	10	0.34	885	12	0.02	<1	530	9	0.75	20	3
259.00	260.00	1.0	75559	<10	1	0.28	10	0.41	1080	1	0.02	<1	530	8	0.76	11	4
260.00	261.00	1.0	75560	<10	1	0.29	10	0.49	1160	2	0.02	<1	590	9	0.7	7	4
261.00	262.00	1.0	75561	<10	<1	0.28	10	0.78	1025	1	0.02	<1	570	9	0.81	12	4
262.00	263.00	1.0	75562	<10	<1	0.27	10	0.45	824	1	0.02	<1	580	7	0.74	5	3
263.00	264.00	1.0	75563	<10	1	0.27	10	0.91	946	1	0.02	<1	650	8	0.99	6	4
264.00	265.0	1.0	75565	<10	<1	0.24	10	1.18	1085	1	0.01	1	670	11	0.81	4	4
265.0	266.0	1.0	75566	<10	<1	0.28	10	1.1	964	1	0.01	1	610	9	0.82	2	4

STOR- 3.11 Assay Data

				ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	ME-ICP41	Ag-AA45
From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	SAMPLE	Sr No.	Th ppm	Ti %	Tl ppm	U ppm	V ppm	W ppm	Zn ppm	Ag ppm
235.0	236.0	1.0	75532	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	7	<10	51	0.8
236.0	237.0	1.0	75533	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	5	<10	43	0.6
237.0	238.0	1.0	75534	9	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	5	<10	43	0.8
238.0	239.0	1.0	75535	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	10	<10	44	0.5
239.0	240.0	1.0	75536	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	15	<10	54	0.5
240.0	241.0	1.0	75537	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	18	<10	55	0.4
241.0	242.0	1.0	75538	5	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	15	<10	49	0.3
242.0	243.0	1.0	75539	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	20	<10	58	0.2
243.0	244.0	1.0	75540	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	25	<10	60	0.2
244.00	245.0	1.0	75542	4	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	11	<10	41	0.3
245.00	246.0	1.0	75543	3	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	5	<10	29	0.4
246.00	247.0	1.0	75544	4	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	14	<10	62	0.4
247.00	248.0	1.0	75545	5	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	14	<10	59	0.5
248.00	249.0	1.0	75546	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	14	<10	63	0.4
249.00	250.0	1.0	75547	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	16	<10	68	0.4
250.00	251.0	1.0	75548	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	16	<10	64	0.4
251.00	252.0	1.0	75549	17	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	16	<10	62	0.3
252.00	253.0	1.0	75550	11	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	16	<10	68	0.3
253.00	254.0	1.0	75551	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	14	<10	56	0.3
254.00	255.0	1.0	75552	5	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	12	<10	60	0.4
255.00	256.0	1.0	75553	7	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	13	<10	60	1
256.00	257.0	1.0	75554	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	14	<10	68	0.3
257.00	258.0	1.0	75555	6	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	9	<10	54	0.4
258.00	259.0	1.0	75556	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	15	<10	59	0.4
259.00	260.00	1.0	75559	8	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	17	<10	65	0.4
260.00	261.00	1.0	75560	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	16	<10	61	0.4
261.00	262.00	1.0	75561	17	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	15	<10	61	0.4
262.00	263.00	1.0	75562	10	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	14	<10	60	0.3
263.00	264.00	1.0	75563	19	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	20	<10	66	0.5
264.00	265.00	1.0	75565	25	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	18	<10	71	0.2
265.00	266.00	1.0	75566	23	<20	<0.01	<10	<10	16	<10	67	0.2