

GOVERNOR BROOME PROJECT RESOURCE UPGRADE AND MARKET UPDATE

Astro Resources NL is an Australian-based mineral resources company focused on the commercial development and production of economically and environmentally sustainable mineral sands deposits, diamonds, gold and other minerals.

Highlights

100% Governor Broome Project

- New Indicated Resources Estimated Following Recent Drill Programmes
 - An Indicated Resource Estimate has been carried out for the previously undrilled Governor Broome West area. The estimate is 7.7Mt @ 4.2% HM, 12.6% Slimes, and 7.4% Oversize.
 - A second new Indicated Resource Estimate was made over a portion of Governor Broome East, over an area that was infilled drilled. The estimate is 3.5Mt @ 4.2% HM, 12.2% Slimes, and 3.7% Oversize.
- Total Indicated Resources for the Project are 41.2Mt @ 4.7% HM for an increased tonnage of 32% of contained HM.
- The estimates were carried out by John Doepel of Continental Resource Management Pty Ltd.
- HM separation results for the recent infill drilling of the Governor Broome South Deposit have not yet been received, an Indicated Resource Estimate for the deposit is expected to be announced in mid-May.

Astro Resources NL (ARO or Astro) is pleased to advise the following:

Astro Chairman comments as follows: "The Board has been focused upon creating value to the Astro shareholders and the decision to continue pursue the Governor Broome Project, despite some minor set-backs along the way has proven the Board's confidence in the project and that with approximately 41 million tonnes of Indicated Resource Estimate at reasonable grade levels, takes this project a large step forward towards the commercialisation".

Project Geology

The Governor Broome Heavy Mineral Deposits occur within a surficial Pleistocene sand unit, the Warren Sands, and in the immediately unconformably underlying Beenup Beds of the Cretaceous Warnbro Group. Both units are horizontal

The Warren Sands vary in thickness from 4m to 9m.. They contain HM mineralisation, which increases in grade in the unit's lower few metres. The Beenup Beds sediments are of two main facies in the area: clayey sands and organic clays. The clayey sands contain medium- to coarse-grained, angular to sub-angular, unconsolidated quartz and minor feldspar grains. The clay content, which is variable, tends to increase downward. Generally, it contains between 1% and 8% of valuable HM in its top few metres.

The HM assemblage averages of the order of 53% ilmenite, 6% secondary ilmenite, 3.5% leucoxene, 1.5% Hi-Ti, and 5% zircon for a total of 69% valuable HM.



Completed Drill Programmes

A total of 289 vertical air-core holes were drilled during February and March. The location of the holes is shown in Figure 1. The holes were drilled in five separate areas:

- West: 119 holes drilled into an unexplored area immediately to the west of the Governor Broome North Indicated Resource. Drill holes were approximately 120m apart on approximately 120m spaced lines, continuing the spacing on the adjacent North Deposit, which had been assigned an Indicated Resource status on the basis of the high degree of confidence in the geological interpretation, as the stratigraphy is both visually and analytically distinct and continuous (see Figures 4 to 6). Full results have been received and an Indicated Resource estimated:
- North: Nine holes were drilled to fill gaps in previous results. Drill holes were approximately 120m apart on approximately 120m spaced lines, continuing the spacing on the adjacent North Deposit, which had been assigned an Indicated Resource status on the basis of the high degree of confidence in the geological interpretation, as the stratigraphy is both visually and analytically distinct and continuous (see Figures 4 to 6). Mineralisation was intersected and the results added to the database:
- East: 37 infill holes drilled into that part of Governor Broome East previously shown to contain significant mineralisation. Full results have been received and an Indicated Resource estimated;
- South: 106 infill holes were drilled to enable the upgrade of Inferred Resources to Indicated status. Drill holes were approximately 120m apart on approximately 120m spaced lines, continuing the spacing of previously drilled holes in the area and
- East: 23 infill holes were drilled to check on potentially interesting results from earlier broad spaced drilling. Results have been received, but these new holes did not intersect significant mineralisation.

Drilling, sampling and sample analytical techniques

A Wallis Drilling Mantis 100 rig was used to drill vertical NQ air-core holes. Holes were drilled to the One-metre samples (aprox.1.25kg) were split into calico bags from the drill cyclone. Samples were logged on site and samples of potentially mineralised intervals were delivered to Western Geolabs Pty Ltd for heavy mineral separation.

Heavy mineral concentrates were separated from the drill samples by Western Geolabs Pty Ltd using its standard HM analytical procedure for HM%: Remove and weigh >3.3mm fraction; split 100g subsample; remove -45micron slimes and +1mm oversize; obtain HM concentrate from remaining subsample using TBE separation; report HM%, slimes %, and total oversize%.



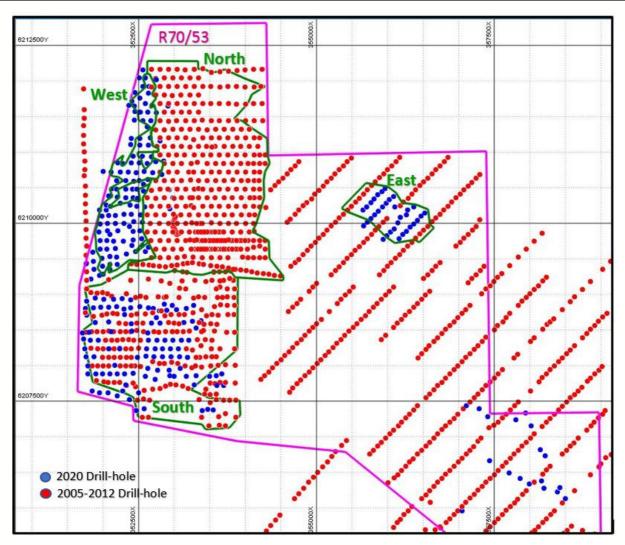


Figure 1 Diagram showing recent drill-holes, previous drill-holes, and Resource outlines

West Deposit

119 air-core holes were drilled into an unexplored area immediately to the west of the Governor Broome West Deposit. Hole locations are shown in blue on Figure 2. Full results have been received and an Indicated Resource estimated, which is also shown in Figure 2, along with the Indicated Resource of Governor Broome North. The drilling showed that the North Deposit mineralisation continues to the west over a north-south distance of about 2.8km.

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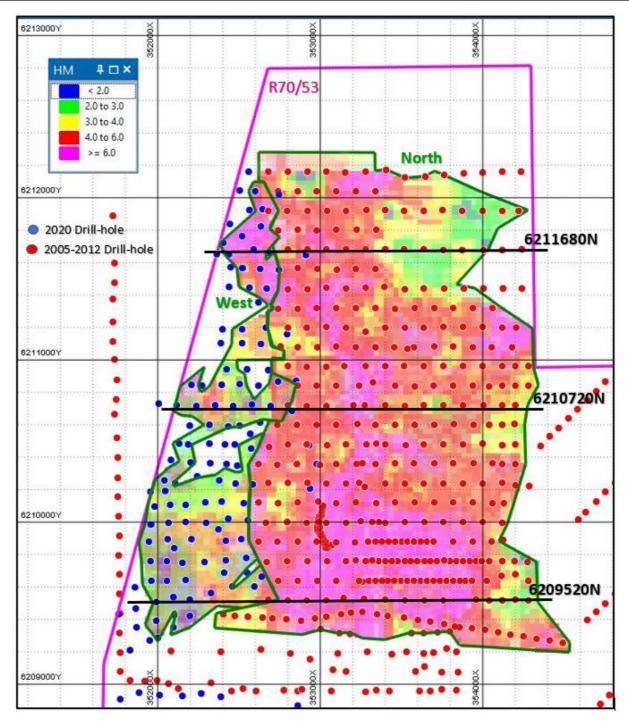


Figure 2 Ore-block Models of West and North Deposits coloured by HM%

The mineralisation occurs within two units:

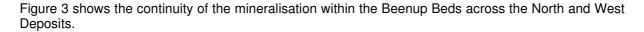
- the surficial Warren Sands, which averages around seven metres in thickness and within which the HM mineralisation tends to increase in grade towards its base; and
- the unconformably underlying Beenup Beds, the upper portion of which contains HM mineralisation within silts and grits and the lower portion of which is clay rich and forms a base to recoverable HM mineralisation.

The mineralisation within the Deposit has an average of 4.5m of overburden over an average resource thickness of 4.4m for an overburden to mineralisation ratio of 1 to 1.

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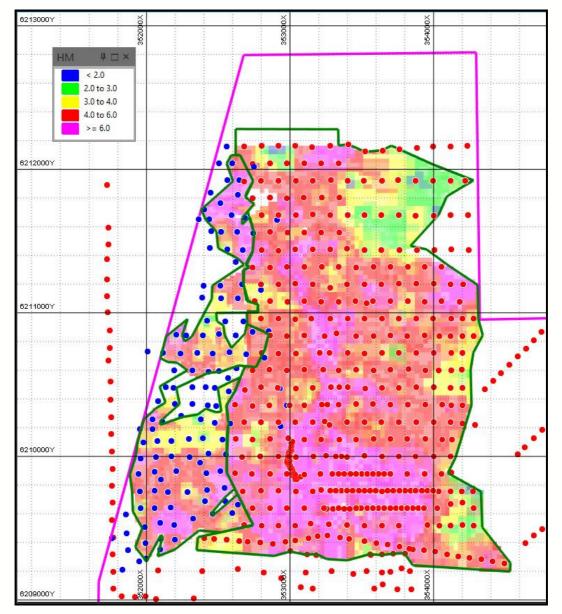


Figure 3 Beenup Bed mineralisation of West and North Deposits coloured by HM%

Figures 4 to 6 are cross-sections through the two deposits showing the estimated Ore-block Model (OBM) blocks coloured by HM grade. The cross-section locations are shown on Figure 2.

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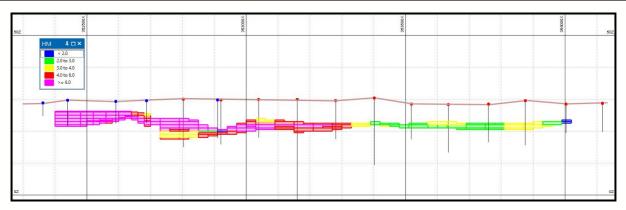


Figure 4 6211680N Cross-section through West and North Deposits

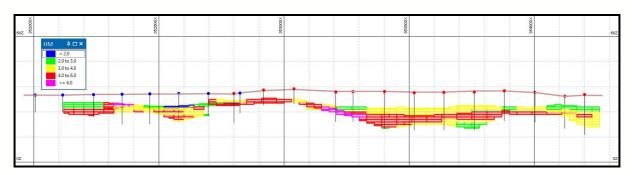


Figure 5 6210720N Cross-section through West and North Deposits

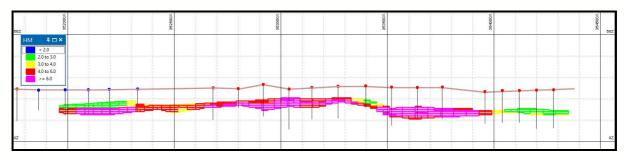


Figure 6 6209520N Cross-section through West and North Deposits

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East Deposit

37 infill holes were drilled into that part of Governor Broome East previously shown to contain significant mineralisation. Hole locations are shown in blue on Figure 7. Full results have been received and an Indicated Resource estimated, which is also shown in Figure 7. The drilling showed that significant mineralisation extends over a strike distance of at least 1200m and a width of up to 600m

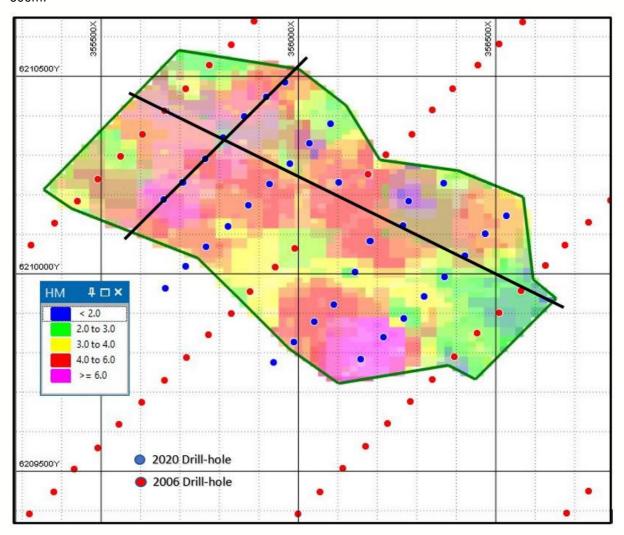


Figure 7 East Deposit OBM (coloured by HM%), drill-holes, and lines of sections (black)

The mineralisation within the Deposit has between 4m and 8m of overburden, and is between 2m and 6m thick, with an overburden to mineralisation ratio of 1.8 to 1.

Figures 8 to 9 are, respectively, a cross-section and a long-section throughcross-sections through the deposit showing the OBM blocks coloured by HM grade. The cross-section locations are shown on Figure 7.

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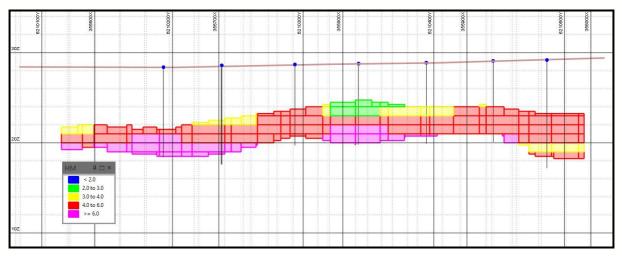


Figure 8 Cross-section through East Deposit showing OBM - looking towards northwest

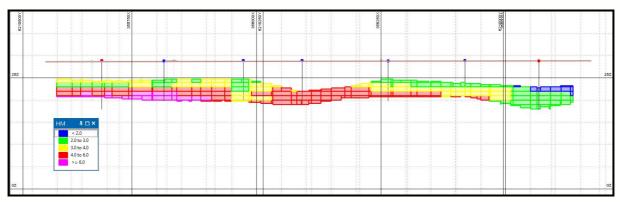


Figure 9 Long-section through East Deposit showing OBM - looking towards northeast Resource Estimates

Following the drilling, resource estimates were carried out for both the West and East Deposits by John Doepel of Continental Resource Management Pty Ltd. They are reported in accordance with the 2012 Edition of the JORC Code. The estimates employed Inverse Distance Squared (IS2) modelling to produce an OBMs of the HM mineralisation. The mineralisation was wireframed using minimum 2% HM and maximum 35% slimes limits. A maximum intersection limit of 20% slimes was also used.

The wireframed bodies of mineralisation are reported within areas that were restricted by significant ratios of contained mineralisation to depth of overburden.

The estimates, at a 2% HM lower block-cut-off grade, are:

- West Deposit: 7.7Mt @ 4.2% HM, 12.6% Slimes, and 7.4% Oversize;
- East Deposit: 3.5Mt @ 4.2% HM, 12.2% Slimes, and 3.7% Oversize.

The resources are classified as Indicated, as the relatively close-spaced drilling has clearly defined both geological and grade continuity within both deposits.

Estimation Methodology

Modelling was carried out within wireframed areas that were restricted by the minimum 1:1 ratio of sum of 1m HM grades within intersection to depth of overburden (e.g 4m @ 4% HM from a depth of 8m would give a ratio of 16:8 or 2:1). This ratio gave a similar result within the North Deposit to an algorithm used by TZMI in 2019 to determine possible areas for a mining schedule for the deposit.



HM and Slimes grades were used to form hard upper and lower boundaries to the mineralisation. For the West Deposit separated wireframes were used to model the Warren Sands and Beenup Beds units. For the East Deposit the mineralisation was treated as a single unit, as Beenup Bed mineralisation was not present in many drill-holes.

The grade boundaries were based on a minimum 2% HM content and a maximum 35% slimes limit (with a maximum intersection limit of 20% slimes). No upper cut for the was used for the HM grades, as only four outlying high values were present, and they were in the same horizon in adjacent drillholes. The 2% lower cut-off was selected as this grade allows grade continuity to be established between drill-holes.

For the West Deposit grade interpolation was by ID2 methodology within 40m EW x 40m NS x 1m vertical blocks. For the East Deposit grade interpolation was by ID2 methodology within 40m EW x 25m NS x 1m vertical blocks.

The SG was calculated for each ore block on the basis of its interpolated HM content according to the standard formula $SG = 1.686 + (0.0108 \times HM\%)$

It has been assumed that, for potential mining of the deposits, topsoil and overburden would be removed by scrapers and the mineralisation would be mined by bulldozer feeding an in-pit slurry unit. The slurry would be pumped to a wet concentrator to produce an HM concentrate. The waste would be returned to the mine void and covered with stored topsoil. The deposits are within farmland and blue-gum plantations and suitable compensation would need to be addressed with the owners and occupiers before mining was carried out.

Governor Broome Indicated Resources

The Indicated Resources within the Governor Broome Project are summarised within Table 1 (The North Deposit resources have been reported previously – ASX ARO Announcement 10th February 2015.)

Table 1 Governor Broome Project Indicated Resources – at 2% HM lower block-cut-off

Deposit	Million Tonnes	HM%	Slimes	Oversize
West	7.7	4.2	12.6	7.4
East	3.5	4.2	12.0	3.7
North	30.0	4.9	11.7	8.1
Totals	41.2	4.7	11.9	7.6

Further details will be provided as and when they become available.

ENDS

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The information in this report as it relates to Mineral Resources and exploration results for the Governor Broome Deposit is based on information compiled by John Doepel (Director of Continental Resource Management Pty Ltd), who is a member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Doepel has sufficient experience in mineral resource estimation, which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and is qualified as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Doepel consents to the inclusion in the report of the information in the form and context in which it appears.

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APPENDIX 1 - JORC Code, 2012 Edition - Table 1

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

Criteria	Commentary						
Sampling techniques	Air-core drilling was used to obtain 1m samples from target horizons;						
, , ,	Approximately 1.25kg sub-samples were split from the rig cyclone.						
Drilling techniques	Vertical NQ Air-core.						
Drill sample recovery	Good recovery and retention of all size fractions;						
,	Holes and cyclone cleaned at completion of each three-metre rod.						
Logging	 All intervals geologically logged during drilling, recording grainsize, sorting, mineralogy, colour, and stratigraphic unit. All chip trays stored for future reference. 						
Sub-sampling techniques and sample	 Sample preparation via drying and manual pulverisation before removal of +3.3mm material; 						
preparation	100g sub- samples riffle split from remaining sample.						
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	 Analysis by Western Geolabs Pty Ltd by its standard HM analytical procedures for HM%, Slimes % (-45micron), and Oversize % (+1mm); 						
and 1920 at 5 , 100 a	Repeat laboratory sub-sample splits analysed at 1:11.5 ratio.						
Verification of sampling	Sampling carried out under supervision of Competent Person;						
and assaying	Logging carried out by Competent Person;						
	 Assay entry by digital capture of laboratory files, with later verification of significant intervals against geological logging; 						
	Twinned holes drilled at 1:20 ratio.						
Location of data points	Holes located using a handheld GPS;						
•	Grid MGA_GDA94, Zone 50;						
	Elevation data interpolated from DGPS survey of 2005 and 2006 drill-holes.						
Data spacing and	1m samples collected and analysed throughout mineralized horizons;						
distribution	 East Deposit holes drilled on160m by 80m spacing; 						
	 West Deposit holes drilled on approximate 120m by 120m spacing; 						
	No sample compositing applied.						
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	Vertical drilling through horizontal stratigraphy resulted in intersected thickness equivalent to true thickness.						
Sample security	Samples transported from accommodation site to laboratory by courier.						
Audits or reviews	Sample techniques, logs, and data reviewed by Competent Person.						



Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

Criteria	Commentary					
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	 The resources are within Retention Licence, R70/53 held by Governor Broome Sands Pty Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of Astro Resources NL. R70/53 has an expiry date of 3/07/21 and is in good standing. 					
Exploration done by other parties	 Preliminary air-core drilling and mineralogical work was carried out by Westralian Sands between 1996 and 1998 and mineralogical work was carried out by Iluka between 1998 and 2000; Metals Sands Australia Ltd carried out air-core drilling campaigns between 2005 and 2007 and Astro carried out broad spaced drilling in 2012. This recent drilling infills and extends that coverage. 					
Geology	 The Governor Broome Heavy Mineral Deposits occur within a surficial Pleistocene sand unit, the Warren Sands, and in the immediately unconformably underlying Beenup Beds of the Cretaceous Warnbro Group; 					
	 The Warren Sands vary in thickness from 4m to 9m within the area. They contain HM mineralisation, which increases in grade in the unit's lower few metres; The Beenup Beds sediments are of two main facies in the area: clayey sands and organic clays. The clayey sands contain medium- to coarse-grained, angular to sub-angular, unconsolidated quartz and minor feldspar grains. The clay content, which is variable, tends to increase downward. Generally, it contains between 1% and 8% of valuable HM in its top few metres; 					
	 The HM assemblage averages of the order of 53% ilmenite, 6% secondary ilmenite, 3.5% leucoxene, 1.5% Hi-Ti, and 5% zircon for a total of 69% valuable HM. 					
Drill hole Information	 See Appendix 2, which lists the 87 Astro air-core drill-holes drilled into the West Resource; and the 18 Metal Sands and 34 Astro air-core drill-holes drilled into the East Resource. HM intercepts are provided for each hole. 					
Data aggregation	No grade cutting carried out;					
methods	No metal equivalents employed.					
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	 Vertical drilling through virtually horizontal stratigraphy resulted in intersected thickness equivalent to true thickness. 					
Diagrams	See Figures 1 to 9.					
Balanced reporting	Report gives balanced view of the deposit.					
Other substantive exploration data	2006: Eight composites each of 30 HM sample concentrates scanned by QEMSCAN technology averaged 72% valuable HM plus 19% garnet;					
	 2012: HM assemblages characterised for composite heavy mineral samples selected to represent the North and East Deposit mineralisation. The concentrates returned an average of 70% valuable HM; 					
	 2005: Pilot testwork of 400 drill intercepts returned a concentrate containing 80% valuable HM plus 15% garnet; 					
	 2012: A bulk sample from the North Deposit Indicated Resource was concentrated in a laboratory to simulate wet concentration followed by dry separation of the concentrate. Valuable HM constituted 82% of the concentrate. 					



Section 3 Estimation and Reporting of Mineral Resources

Criteria	Commentary					
Database integrity	 Assay data copied digitally from laboratory files; significant intersections checked; Micromine drill-hole verification performed. 					
Site visits	Competent Person carried out 2020 drilling programmes.					
Geological interpretation	 High degree of confidence in geological interpretation as stratigraphy is both visually and analytically distinct and continuous. 					
	Mineralisation within two horizontal stratigraphic units that are separated by an unconformity. Each unit has distinctive Slimes content and wireframed boundary based on combination of logging and slimes analysis.					
Dimensions	 West Deposit: The Indicated Resource has a north-south length of 2.8km, an east-west width up to 700m. It has an average of 4.5m of overburden over an average resource thickness of 4.4m for an overburden to mineralisation ratio of 1 to 1; 					
	• East Deposit: The Indicated Resource has a northwest -southeast length of 1200m, a northeast-southwest width of 600m, has between 4m and 8m of overburden, and is between 2m and 6m thick, with an overburden to mineralisation ratio of 1.8 to 1.					
Estimation and modelling techniques	 Estimation of HM, Slimes, and Oversize ore block grades by IS2 within >2% HM and <30% Slimes wireframes using Micromine software; 					
·	 East Deposit - Indicated Resource: Block size 40m x 25m x 1m vertical; average hole spacing along lines 80m; average line spacing 160m; 					
	 West Deposit - Indicated Resource: Block size 40m x 40m x 1m vertical; average hole spacing along lines 120m; average line spacing 120m; 					
	 Grade boundaries form hard upper and lower boundaries; 					
	No assumptions made re correlation between variables;					
	No upper cuts, as no outlying values;					
	No estimation of deleterious elements, as no data available;					
	 No assumptions made re recovery of by-products; 					
	OBM grades validated by comparison with assay values.					
Moisture	Tonnages estimated on dry basis.					
Cut-off parameters	Estimate initially reported above a range of grades. Final report grade of above 2% HM selected on basis of grade continuity of mineralisation.					
Mining factors or assumptions	Topsoil and overburden to be removed by scrapers and mineralisation to be mined by bulldozer feeding in-pit slurry unit.					
Metallurgical factors or assumptions	Slurry pumped to wet concentrator to produce HM concentrate.					
Environmental factors or	Waste to be returned to mine void and covered with stored topsoil;					
assumptions	• There is potential for the creation of acidic soils that would need to be managed.					
Bulk density	SG calculated for each ore block on the basis of its interpolated HM content					

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Criteria	Commentary
	according to the standard formula SG = 1.686 + (0.0108 x HM%);
	 Average SG of East Indicated Resource = 1.73;
	 Average SG of West Indicated Resource = 1.73.
Classification	 East Deposit: As there is geological continuity throughout the deposit and grade continuity of 200m along strike in southeast direction and 120m and in northeast direction, with the holes drilled on 160m by 80m spacing, the geological and grade continuity between holes is appropriate for the estimation procedure and the Indicated Resource classification;
	 West Deposit: As there is geological continuity throughout the deposit and grade continuity of between 325m and 435mm in the northeast direction and around 350m in southeast direction, with the holes drilled on 120m by 120m spacing, the geological and grade continuity between holes is appropriate for the estimation procedure and the Indicated Resource classification;
	 The close spaced drilling classified as Indicated Resources as it is the Competent Person's view that the drill-holes from which that portion of the resource is estimated clearly define both geological and grade continuity; and that the density interpolation adequately reflects that of the deposits.
Audits or reviews	 No audit or review has been carried out on this resource estimate. However, the results are similar to those of previous estimates of the adjoining similarly mineralised Governor Broome North Deposit.
Discussion of relative accuracy / confidence	 The relative accuracy of the Mineral Resource estimate is reflected in the reporting of the Mineral Resource as per the guidelines of the 2012 JORC Code.
	 The global resources reported are the total of the local estimates reported for each of two units within the two areas.



APPENDIX 2 – Drill-hole Information

All holes are vertical

DEPOSIT	HOLE	EAST	NORTH	FROM	то	INTERVAL	нм
		GDA94 Z50	GDA94 Z50	m	m	m	%
WEST	GB2060	352637	6211825	3	7	4	8.2
WEST	GB2061	352644	6211927	3	8	5	5.7
WEST	GB2062	352599	6212041	3	5	2	6.0
WEST	GB2064	352747	6212019	5	7	2	4.4
WEST	GB2065	352517	6211764	4	9	5	8.8
WEST	GB2069	352405	6211721	3	8	5	13.1
WEST	GB2070	352591	6211680	3	6	3	6.9
WEST	GB2071	352631	6211563	3	7	4	5.0
WEST	GB2072	352669	6211439	3	7	4	8.1
WEST	GB2073	352666	6211197	3	7	4	4.9
WEST	GB2074	352797	6211160	3	5	2	2.9
WEST	GB2075	352746	6211556	3	6	3	10.3
WEST	GB2078	352439	6211650	3	8	5	11.3
WEST	GB2081	352517	6211189	3	6	3	4.9
WEST	GB2083	352564	6211445	3	9	6	2.7
WEST	GB2085	352522	6211566	3	9	6	3.3
WEST	GB2086	352521	6211566	3	9	6	3.7
WEST	GB2088	352635	6211099	3	6	3	4.3
WEST	GB2089	352518	6211101	2	7	5	3.0
WEST	GB2091	352424	6210944	3	5	2	2.6
WEST	GB2092	352551	6210942	4	6	2	2.9



WEST	GB2095	352740	6210867	7	9	2	6.3
WEST	GB2097	352579	6210727	6	11	5	3.9
WEST	GB2098	352697	6210713	4	9	5	3.6
WEST	GB2100	352629	6210616	5	7.5	2.5	6.2
WEST	GB2104	352505	6210852	4	6	2	3.4
WEST	GB2105	352393	6210845	4	7	3	3.5
WEST	GB2107	352239	6210716	3	8	5	3.4
WEST	GB2108	352115	6210719	3	7	4	3.4
WEST	GB2111	352318	6210599	4	6	2	3.6
WEST	GB2112	352433	6210592	5	7.5	2.5	7.1
WEST	GB2113	352505	6210596	5	9	4	2.7
WEST	GB2116	352478	6210235	3	6	3	3.2
WEST	GB2117	352378	6210257	3	7	4	2.5
WEST	GB2122	352188	6210478	5	7	2	5.4
WEST	GB2123	352133	6210484	3	6	3	2.5
WEST	GB2124	352200	6210367	3	7	4	3.0
WEST	GB2125	352393	6210128	4	11	7	3.3
WEST	GB2126	352293	6210123	3	9	6	2.6
WEST	GB2127	352173	6210107	6	13	7	3.0
WEST	GB2128	352075	6210108	6	12	6	2.5
WEST	GB2129	352065	6209994	4	10	6	3.8
WEST	GB2130	352174	6210000	3	10	7	3.8
WEST	GB2131	352298	6209997	3	9	6	3.9
WEST	GB2132	351943	6209880	6	10	4	2.6
WEST	GB2133	351955	6209757	6	12	6	3.8
WEST	GB2134	351960	6209640	6	10	4	2.8

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WEST	GB2135	351992	6209393	5	11	6	3.6
WEST	GB2136	352195	6209522	7	12	5	8.1
WEST	GB2137	352170	6209643	5	10	5	4.9
WEST	GB2138	352100	6209840	6	12	6	3.0
WEST	GB2139	352555	6210012	3	8	5	4.0
WEST	GB2141	352420	6209765	5	9	4	3.5
WEST	GB2142	352371	6209955	4	9	5	3.4
WEST	GB2144	352209	6210847	6	11	5	8.0
WEST	GB2145	352353	6210719	4	7	3	5.8
WEST	GB2146	352463	6210714	5	8	3	3.2
WEST	GB2148	352572	6210452	6	11	5	3.0
WEST	GB2149	352582	6210231	4	9	5	3.6
WEST	GB2150	352527	6210118	4	11	7	3.5
WEST	GB2151	352432	6210021	3	9	6	3.2
WEST	GB2152	352515	6209896	5	8	3	5.1
WEST	GB2153	352419	6209883	3	8	5	5.6
WEST	GB2154	352544	6209780	6	8	2	5.9
WEST	GB2155	352406	6209686	5	11.75	6.75	4.1
WEST	GB2156	352639	6209661	4	9	5	3.2
WEST	GB2157	352596	6209603	6	11	5	3.2
WEST	GB2158	352460	6209601	5	7	2	3.5
WEST	GB2159	352327	6209565	6	10	4	5.7
WEST	GB2160	352151	6209749	4	10	6	3.4
WEST	GB2161	352288	6209752	4	11	7	3.5
WEST	GB2162	352059	6209894	6	9	3	4.3
WEST	GB2163	352208	6209896	5	10	5	3.8

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WEST	GB2164	351958	6209987	5	10	5	4.4
WEST	GB2165	351957	6209987	5	10	5	2.8
WEST	GB2166	352055	6209640	7	12	5	4.0
WEST	GB2168	352196	6209421	9	12	3	4.3
WEST	GB2173	351761	6209431	6	10	4	3.1
WEST	GB2177	352043	6210256	4	8	4	3.5
WEST	GB2178	351981	6210097	3	13	10	3.2
WEST	GB2179	352044	6210191	6	11	5	3.4
WEST	GB2180	351953	6210189	6	10	4	3.3
WEST	GB2182	351988	6209508	8	11	3	3.7
WEST	GB2183	351999	6209288	6	10	4	2.6
WEST	GB2184	352097	6209537	7	12	5	6.8
WEST	GB2185	352097	6209538	7	12	5	5.4
WEST	GB2187	352098	6209351	7	11	4	6.1
EAST	GB0750	356564	6209958	6	9	3	2.3
EAST	GB0751	356508	6209901	7	9	2	2.2
EAST	GB0752	356452	6209849	6	8	2	2.7
EAST	GB0753	356396	6209790	7	9	2	2.7
EAST	GB0775	355878	6209955	6	8	2	3.1
EAST	GB0777	355990	6210064	6	9	3	3.1
EAST	GB0780	356176	6210251	7	9	2	4.9
EAST	GB0798	355775	6210528	6	9	3	2.4
EAST	GB0799	355715	6210468	6	8	2	2.9
EAST	GB0800	355660	6210413	4	8	4	5.5
EAST	GB0801	355605	6210354	4	8	4	3.9

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EAST	GB0802	355549	6210298	5	9	4	2.5
EAST	GB0803	355491	6210239	6	9	3	4.5
EAST	GB0804	355439	6210183	6	9	3	3.2
EAST	GB2024	355708	6210232	6	9	3	4.4
EAST	GB2025	355707	6210232	6	9	3	4.2
EAST	GB2026	355664	6210413	4	8	4	5.6
EAST	GB2027	355659	6210189	7	10	3	6.1
EAST	GB2030	355766	6210069	7	10	3	4.4
EAST	GB2031	355822	6210121	7	9	2	3.7
EAST	GB2032	355873	6210174	6	9	3	4.5
EAST	GB2033	356143	6210004	6	8	2	2.7
EAST	GB2034	356089	6209923	7	9	2	4.7
EAST	GB2035	356040	6209879	7	9	2	5.5
EAST	GB2036	355989	6209828	6	8	2	4.7
EAST	GB2038	356158	6209784	8	10	2	9.1
EAST	GB2039	356215	6209839	7	9	2	8.6
EAST	GB2040	356268	6209888		NO SIGNIFICANT INTERVAL		
EAST	GB2041	356319	6209942	7	9	2	4.0
EAST	GB2042	356371	6209992	6	9	3	2.6
EAST	GB2043	356421	6210045	5	8	3	4.0
EAST	GB2044	356474	6210101	6	10	4	4.3
EAST	GB2045	356526	6210146	6	9	3	3.7
EAST	GB2046	356368	6210230	6	9	3	3.6
EAST	GB2047	356265	6210122	4	8	4	3.8
EAST	GB2048	356280	6210184	4	8	4	3.1

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EAST	GB2049	356181	6210082	5	8	3	4.1
EAST	GB2050	356182	6210082	5	8	3	5.4
EAST	GB2051	356103	6210231	7	10	3	4.3
EAST	GB2052	355764	6210291	5	8	3	5.2
EAST	GB2053	355810	6210345	4	9	5	5.6
EAST	GB2054	355863	6210399	5	8	3	5.1
EAST	GB2055	355919	6210448	5	8	3	5.0
EAST	GB2056	355966	6210485	6	10	4	4.9
EAST	GB2057	356081	6210380	4	10	6	2.8
EAST	GB2058	356028	6210331	4	10	6	5.3
EAST	GB2059	355978	6210279	4	9	5	2.9
EAST	GB2294	355927	6210228	5	10	5	5.2