

ASX/Media Announcement

11 May 2020

High-grade Ewatinona channel sampling delivers results of up to 28m at 8g/t Au

Extensive, continuous zone of high-grade gold mineralisation in latest channel sampling

- Further excellent results from channel sampling of rock outcropping in the existing Ewatinona pit walls, with highlights including:
 - 70m @ 4.99g/t Au including 28m @ 8.08g/t Au and including 6m @ 15.58g/t Au
 - 12m @ 3.67g/t Au
 - 4m @ 10.96 g/t Au
- Distribution of high-grade mineralisation confirms existing mineralisation corridor.
- High-grade gold mineralisation outcropping in pit points to minimal strip for access to first ore cuts.

Kingston Resources Limited (ASX: **KSN**) (**Kingston** or the **Company**) is pleased to report further outstanding high-grade channel sampling results from the Ewatinona deposit, located within the Quartz Mountain area at the Company's **2.8Moz Misima Gold Project** in PNG.

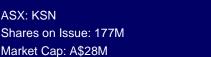
The latest results include:

- 70m @ 4.99g/t Au including 28m @ 8.08g/t Au and including 6m @ 15.58g/t Au
- 12m @ 3.67g/t Au
- 4m @ 10.96g/t Au
- 6m @ 3.85g/t Au

These outstanding results come from one 200m long continuous channel situated in the north-west corner of the existing Ewatinona Pit which followed the contour of the bench wall (see Figures 1, 2 and 4). The geology of the channel alternates between:

- Cataclastic greenstone breccia that hosts base metal sulfides (galena, sphalerite and pyrite) along with drusy quartz; and
- 2. Densely fractured and brecciated base metal veining and open space fill base metal mineralisation outcropping in the pit walls.





Cash: A\$2.0M (31 Mar 2020)







These channel samples were designed to confirm the location of the mineralised structures that trend NNW-NW through the pit. The high-grade results are extremely encouraging and confirm the geometry of the interpreted mineralised trends, as well as the tenor of gold mineralisation in the western section of the Resource.

Kingston Resources Limited Managing Director, Andrew Corbett, said: "70m @ 4.99g/t Au is a spectacular result from the channel sampling in the Ewatinona Pit. These results help confirm the geological interpretation and grade distribution of the Western Ewatinona area.

"Importantly, these results also increase our confidence in Ewatinona as our preferred starter-pit area as they demonstrate the presence of high-grade gold mineralisation in the pit floor that is waiting to be mined.

"Assays are pending for drill holes that test the westerly extent of the Resource within the same mineralised trend that hosts these exceptional high-grade channel samples.

"The updated Misima Resource will include an update at Ewatinona which will factor in results from the recent drilling that the Company was able to conclude before suspending exploration activities in late March. We anticipate being able to announce the updated Resource this quarter."

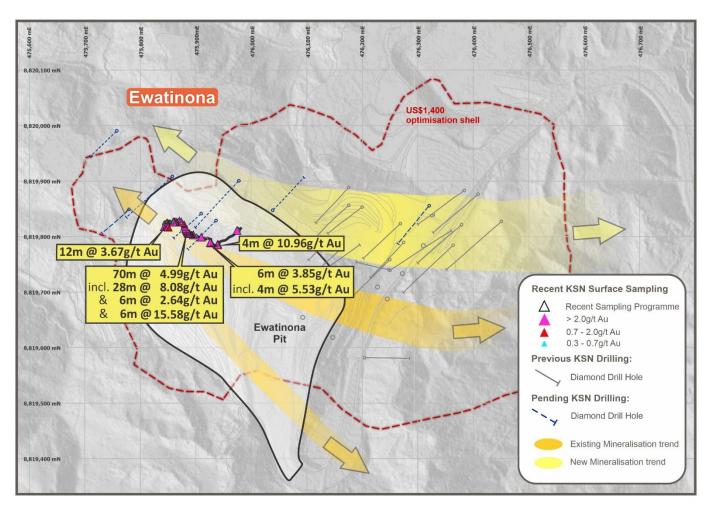


Figure 1: Mineralisation trends, recent drilling and new channel samples at Ewatinona.



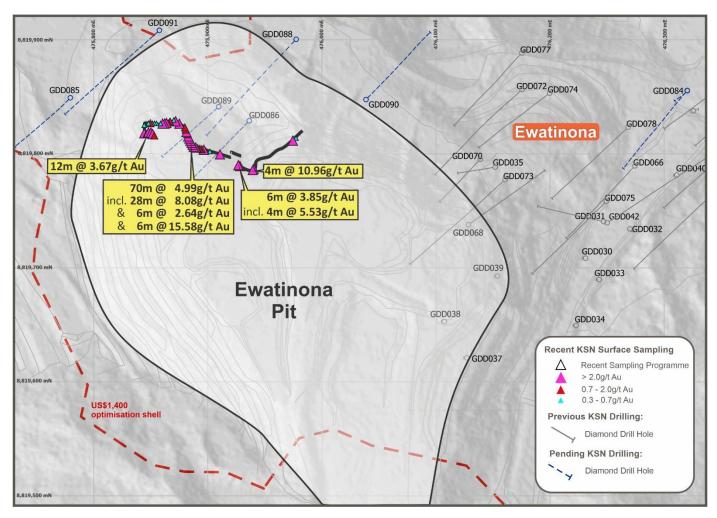


Figure 2: Enlarged plan view of map showing high-grade gold mineralisation along the pit bench and KSN drilling.

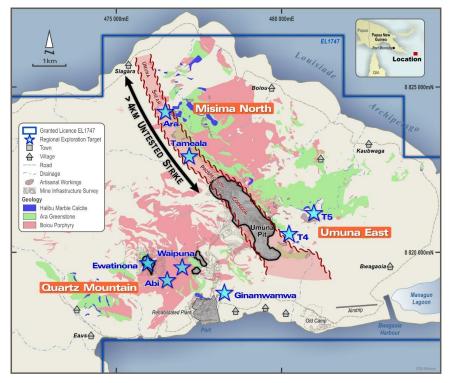


Figure 3: Misima Gold Project – Regional target map.



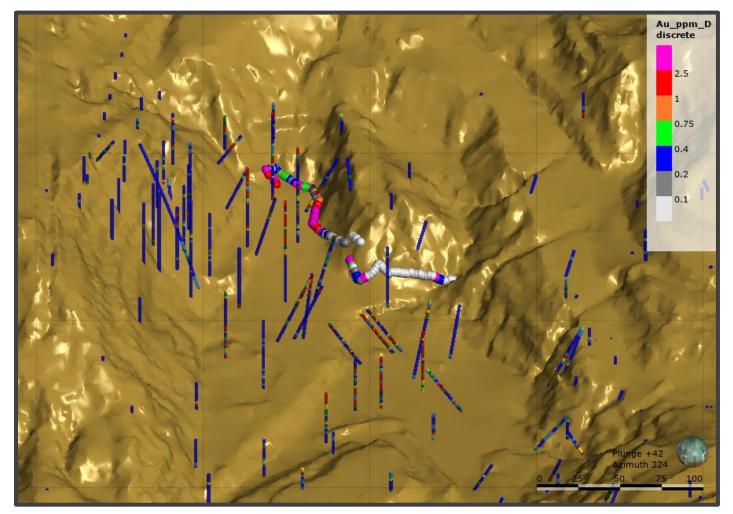


Figure 4: Isometric view of new channel samples with historical drilling.

Figure 4 shows the recent channel samples along with historical drilling. These new results are located along strike from mineralisation in the historical drill holes in the central area of the Ewatinona pit.

It is evident that the vertical holes adjacent to the surface samples have not adequately tested the mineralised structures in that area, opening up the opportunity to fully define the mineralised structures and include that information in an updated Resource at a future point.

Next Steps

The Misima Resource update is well underway, and the Company remains on track to complete this work and release the updated Mineral Resource in the June Quarter. It is anticipated that drilling will recommence once restrictions related to COVID-19 have eased.

Further Resource definition drilling will then be undertaken with the aim of upgrading the classification of an additional portion of the Mineral Resource in the next iteration of the Resource model. This is likely to be completed in conjunction with the PFS.



Table 1: New significant channel sample intercepts. Intersections are calculated at a minimum cut-off of 0.4g/t Au with a maximum continuous interval of 4m internal dilution. Grades are weighted by sample length and averaged over the interval

Trench ID	First Sample (GDA94)		Last Sample (GDA94)		Intercept	Au Cut- Off (g/t)
EPB01	475974.48	8819811.57	475974.48	8819811.57	2m @ 4.22g/t Au	2.5
	475940.26	8819786.86	475939.33	8819785.77	4m @ 10.96g/t Au	2.5
	475929.55	8819788.33	475926.71	8819790.02	6m @ 3.85g/t Au	0.4
incl	475928.13	8819789.18	475926.71	8819790.02	4m @ 5.53g/t Au	2.5
	475910.63	8819799.48	475910.63	8819799.48	2m @ 2.24g/t Au	1.0
	475910.63	8819799.48	475910.63	8819799.48	2m @ 2.24g/t Au	1.0
	475898.23	8819803.03	475847.83	8819826.81	70m @ 4.99g/t Au	0.4
incl	475896.46	8819803.52	475880.47	8819821.17	28m @ 8.08g/t Au	1.0
incl	475889.33	8819805.49	475881.13	8819819.14	18m @ 9.83g/t Au	2.5
&	475874.95	8819826.38	475871.70	8819828.51	6m @ 2.64g/t Au	1.0
&	475863.63	8819827.08	475860.25	8819826.50	6m @ 15.58g/t Au	2.5
	475844.25	8819818.04	475853.00	8819816.00	12m @ 3.67g/t Au	1.0
incl	475844.25	8819818.04	475846.17	8819817.26	10m @ 4.18g/t Au	2.5



This release has been authorised by the Kingston Resources Limited Managing Director, Andrew Corbett. For all enquiries please contact Managing Director, Andrew Corbett, on +61 2 8021 7492.

About Kingston Resources

Kingston Resources is a metals exploration company which is focused on exploring and developing the world-class Misima Gold Project in PNG. Misima hosts a JORC resource of 2.8Moz Au. Misima was operated as a profitable open pit mine by Placer Pacific between 1989 and 2001, producing over 3.7Moz before it was closed when the gold price was below US\$300/oz. The Misima Project offers outstanding potential for additional resource growth through exploration success targeting extensions and additions to the current 2.8Moz Resource base. Kingston currently owns 77% of the Misima Gold Project where active exploration programs are underway.

In addition, Kingston owns 75% of the high-grade Livingstone Gold Project in Western Australia where active exploration programs are also in progress.



Kingston project locations

The Misima Mineral Resource estimate outlined below was released in an ASX announcement on 27 November 2017. Further information relating to the resource is included within the original announcement.

Resource Category	Cutoff (g/t Au)	Tonnes (Mt)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Silver Grade (g/t Ag)	Au (Moz)	Ag (Moz)
Indicated	0.5	37.2	1.1	4.9	1.3	5.8
Inferred	0.5	45.0	1.0	5.6	1.5	8.1
Total	0.5	82.3	1.1	5.3	2.8	13.9

Table 2: Misima JORC 2012 Mineral Resource Estimate summary table

Competent Persons Statement and Disclaimer

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results and Mineral Resources is based on information compiled by Mr Stuart Rechner BSc (Geology) MAIG, a Competent Person who is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Rechner is a Director of the Company. Mr Rechner has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Rechner consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based upon the information in the form and context in which it appears.

Kingston confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in all ASX announcements referenced in this release, and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in these announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.



JORC Code, 2012 Edition - Table 1 Umuna Gold Deposit, Misima Island

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data (Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	Commentary				
Sampling techniques	 Drilling Samples are core from diamond drilling of PQ and HQ size. Core is sampled in 2m intervals away from the ore zone or to lithological contacts, whichever is shorter. In 				
	mineralised areas core is sampled in 1 to 2m lengths or to lithological contacts. Surface Sampling				
	 The samples were channel samples and rock chips, sampled by hand using geo-picks to geological boundarie after soil, vegetation and debris had been cleared away with shovels. 				
Drilling techniques	 PQ and HQ triple-tube diamond drilling. All core is oriented using a Reflex digital orientation tool. 				
Drill sample recovery	 Core recovery is measured as the difference between core recovered in a drill run and the down-hole run shown on the driller's core blocks. 				
	• The driller modifies drilling pressure to optimise core recovery as much as possible, particularly in areas of softer lithologies.				
	There is no observed relationship or bias between sample recovery and grade.				
Logging	 Core samples are logged for lithology, structure, alteration, rock quality and magnetic susceptibility. Structure Rock Quality Designation (RQD) and magnetic susceptibility are quantitative measurements. 				
	 All core is photographed by tray. Channel samples and rock chips are logged for lithology and any visible mineralogy and alteration. 				
Sub- sampling	 Up to Sept. 2019, PQ3 core is cut and sampled as quarter core. From Oct. 2019, PQ3 core is cut and sample 				
echniques and sample	as half core.				
preparation	 HQ3 core is cut as half core. The orientation line is used as a cutting guide to ensure consistency in sampling The sampling interval and technique is considered appropriate for the style of mineralisation and is consistent 				
	 with the techniques used by Misima Mines Ltd (Placer) during previous exploration and mining of the project The sample size is appropriate to the observed mineralisation style and historical geostatistical distribution of gold values. 				
	All Samples				
	• Samples are transported to Intertek in Lae where they are dried and crushed to 95% passing 3mm. Th crushed sample is then pulverised and a 50g charge is taken for gold analysis by fire assay.				
	• A 100g pulp from each sample is flown to Townsville where they are analysed using Intertek's Four Acid 3 Element package. An OES finish is provided for Ag, Pb, Zn and Cu values that report over-range assays.				
Quality of	Standard reference materials are inserted at a frequency of one per 20 samples.				
assay data	 Field duplicates were inserted at a frequency of one per 20 samples. 				
and laborators	Blanks are inserted at a frequency of one per 50 samples.				
laboratory tests	QAQC performance is tracked using acQuire database software.				
10010	Acceptable levels of accuracy have been achieved using these techniques. Acceptable levels of accuracy have been achieved using these techniques.				
	 Intertek conducts periodic laboratory QAQC including sizing tests and crushate / pulp duplicate tests. Gold values are also verified by assaying batches of pulps at an independent assay lab in Perth. 				
Verification	No independent data verification procedures were undertaken other than the QA/QC mentioned above. Prince of the control				
of sampling and	 Primary data is recorded on site either digitally or on paper logs before being transferred to Perth for loadin into an acQuire database. Assay data is provided digitally as CSV and PDF files. 				
assaying					
Location of data points	Hole collar locations are recorded using a hand-held Garmin GPS, recording X,Y,Z positions in GDA94 datur (Zone 56), Z positions are later adjusted to fit LiDAR values.				
ααια μυπιδ	 (Zone 56). Z positions are later adjusted to fit LiDAR values. Down-hole orientation is recorded using a Reflex survey camera taking a shot every 30m. 				
	• Channel samples and rock chips are located using a handheld Garmin GPS to record the centre of each 2r				
Data	channel interval in GDA94 datum Zone 56.				
Data spacing and distribution	 Sample intervals are shown in the table of significant intersections in the body of this announcement. No compositing has been applied. 				



Criteria	Commentary			
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	 Holes are drilled approximately orthogonal to the interpreted trend of mineralisation This orientation is considered to avoid sample bias relative to the angle of mineralised structures. Channels are dug approximately perpendicular to the strike of observed lithological contacts. 			
Sample security	 Samples were submitted by air or sea freight by Gallipoli Exploration (PNG), a subsidiary of Kingston, personnel for freight from Misima to Lae, and collected from Lae by Intertek staff. There were no other specific sample security protocols in place. 			
Audits or reviews	Not applicable			

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results (Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure	 Misima Island is part of the Louisiade Archipelago within Milne Bay Province of PNG. It is situated in the Solomon Sea about 625 km east of Port Moresby, the capital of PNG. The site is located at an approximate latitude of 10° 40' South and longitude of 152° 47' E.
status	• The Property consists of a single Exploration Licence, (EL) 1747, comprising 53 sub blocks, covering a total area of 180 km². This EL is valid until 20 March 2021. All conditions pertaining to compliance of the title have been met. The Property is located on the eastern portion of the island and includes the historic mining areas of Umuna and Quartz Mountain. There are no known impediments. KSN holds title via its subsidiary Gallipoli Exploration Ltd. Gallipoli is the legal entity and tenement holder and is responsible for performing its obligations under the Mining Act 1992.
Exploration done by other parties	 The project area has been subject to mineral exploration by a number of previous parties, most notably Placer Pacific between 1987 to 2004. For a detailed summary of previous explorers' work readers are recommended to read the JORC Table 1
partico	released with the November 2017 Misima resource update (ASX:KSN announcement 27 November 2017).
Geology	 Misima Island forms part of the Louisiade Archipelago which is a continuation of the Papuan Fold Belt of the Papuan Peninsula offshore eastwards through the Papuan Plateau. The oldest rocks on Misima are Cretaceous to Paleogene metamorphic rocks, which can be subdivided into the western Awaibi Association and the younger overthrust eastern Sisa Association that is host to the gold and copper mineralization. The two associations are separated by an original thrust fault with later extensional activation. Mineralisation deposit style on Misima Island is best described as Intermediate Sulphidation Epithermal due to the strong association with porphyry Cu Au style alteration, veining and characteristics, the dominance of Ag Zn Pb Au Cu Mn geochemistry as well as complex alteration styles and geometry. Styles of mineralisation observed include multiphase hydrothermal breccia, stockworks both sheeted and three-dimensional, skarn, jasperoidal replacement, and poorly banded vein infill of quartz and carbonate with associated pyrite, galena, sphalerite, barite and minor tetrahedrite. Structurally the Umuna geometry is typical of a complex fault array with a large major fault hosting the majority of the precious metal mineralisation with numerous ancillary splays developed in the footwall to the main structure. The intersection of the splays and the dominant Umuna Fault are loci for zones of well-developed mineralisation. Mineralisation has a dominant structural control however strong secondary stratigraphic controls are also observed in particular where skarn style mineralisation is developed in Halibu Limestone – Ara Schist contacts. A series of north west trending splays intersect and control the loci of the higher-grade material within the Umuna fault zone.
Drill hole Information	 Hole locations and orientations are displayed in the table within the body of the announcement.
Data aggregation	 Where significant intersection results are used, the average grades are weighted by the sample width of each assay within the intersection.
methods	 No metal equivalence calculations are used in reporting.
Relationship between	 Drill orientation is as close to perpendicular as possible given the limitations of the rig used. True widths vary from approximately 85% to approximately 100% of the down-hole width based on the current



Criteria	Commentary		
mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	interpretation.		
Diagrams	See figures in release		
Balanced reporting	 The cut-off grade used in determining significant intersections is shown in the table within the body of this announcement. Lower grade or unmineralised sections of the hole are not reported. 		
Other substantive exploration data	Other relevant exploration data is released to the market on an ongoing basis.		
Further work	Exploration drilling is planned to continue during 2020.		
	 Further work will involve structural mapping and interpretation, channel sampling orthogonal to mineralised structures, and drilling. 		