

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

MedAdvisor Limited ABN 17 145 327 617 (the **Company**) is committed to implementing the highest standards of corporate governance. In determining what those high standards should involve, the Company has turned to the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations, 3rd Edition. The Company is pleased to advise that the Company's practices are largely consistent with those ASX guidelines. Where the Company has not adopted in full certain recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council (the **Council**) during the reporting period, we have identified this below.

The Board of Directors of MedAdvisor Limited is responsible for corporate governance of the Company. The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of MedAdvisor Limited on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable. Where the Company's corporate governance practices do not correlate with the practices recommended by the Council, the Company is working towards compliance however it does not consider that all the practices are appropriate for the Company due to the size and scale of Company operations. For further information on corporate governance policies adopted by MedAdvisor Limited, refer to our website: www.mymedadvisor.com/investors-corporate-governance.

Date of last review and Board approval: 25 August 2020.

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
Principle 1:			
Lay solid foundations for			
management and oversight			
Recommendation 1.1	Yes	Board Charter,	The Company has established the functions
A listed entity should disclose: a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management;		Website	reserved to the Board, and those delegated to senior executives and the Company Secretary and has set out these functions in its Board Charter.
and b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.			The Board is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company through its key functions of overseeing the management of the Company, providing overall corporate governance of the Company, monitoring the financial performance of the Company, engaging appropriate management commensurate with the Company's structure and objectives, involvement in the development of corporate strategy and performance objectives, reviewing, ratifying and monitoring systems of risk management and internal control, codes of conduct and legal compliance, overseeing the Company's process for making timely and balanced disclosure of all material information concerning the Company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the entity's securities and monitoring the effectiveness of the Company's governance practices. Senior executives are responsible for supporting the Managing Director in implementing the running of the general
			operations and financial business of the Company in accordance with the delegated authority of the Board. Senior executives are responsible for

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
			reporting all matters which fall within the Company's materiality thresholds through the Managing Director to the Chair and directors, as appropriate.
Recommendation 1.2 A listed entity should: a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re- elect a director.	Yes	Director Selection Procedure, Website	In determining candidates for the Board, the People, Remuneration and Nominations Committee follows a prescribed process whereby it evaluates the mix of skills, experience and expertise of the existing Board. In particular, the People, Remuneration and Nominations Committee is to identify the particular skills that will best increase the Board's effectiveness. Consideration is also given to the balance of independent directors. Potential candidates are identified and, if relevant, the committee recommends an appropriate candidate for appointment to the Board. Any appointment made by the Board is subject to ratification by shareholders at the next general meeting. The Board recognises that Board renewal is critical
			to performance and the impact of Board tenure on succession planning. Each director other than the Managing Director, must not hold office (without re-election) past the third annual general meeting of the Company following the director's appointment or three years following that director's last election or appointment (whichever is the longer). However, a director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board must not hold office (without re-election) past the next annual general meeting of the Company. At each annual general meeting a minimum of one director or one third of the total number of directors must resign. A director who retires at an annual general meeting is eligible for re-election at that meeting and re-appointment of directors is not automatic.
Recommendation 1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes	Written agreements kept at registered office, Independent Professional Advice Policy	Each non-executive director has a written agreement with the Company that covers all aspects of their appointment including term, time commitment required, remuneration, disclosure of interests that may affect independence, guidance on complying with the Company's corporate governance policies and the right to seek independent advice, indemnity and insurance arrangements, rights of access to the Company's information and ongoing confidentiality obligations as well as roles on the Company's committees. Each executive director's agreement with the Company includes the same details as the non-executive directors' agreements but also includes a position description, reporting hierarchy and termination clauses.

Prin	ciple / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
				To assist directors with independent judgement, it
				is the Board's policy that if a director considers it
				necessary to obtain independent professional
				advice to properly discharge the responsibility of
				their office as a director, then provided the director
				is acting in good faith the Company will pay the
				reasonable expenses up to \$10,000 associated with
				obtaining such advice. Where such advice is likely
				to exceed the \$10,000 cap, the director seeking
				independent professional advice is required to
				submit in writing to the Chair a request for approval
				to seek that advice.
	ommendation 1.4	Yes	Board Charter,	The Company has established the functions
	company secretary of a		Website	reserved to the Board, and those delegated to
	ed entity should be			senior executives and the Company Secretary and
	ountable directly to the			has set out these functions in its Board Charter.
	rd, through the chair, on all			
	ters to do with the proper			
tun	ctioning of the board.			
	ommendation 1.5	Yes	Diversity Policy,	Diversity includes, but is not limited to, gender, age,
A lis	sted entity should:		Website	ethnicity and cultural background. The Company is
a)	have a diversity policy			committed to diversity and recognises the benefits
	which includes			arising from employee and board diversity and the
	requirements for the			importance of benefiting from all available talent.
	board or a relevant			The Company has established a Diversity Policy,
	committee of the board			which includes requirements for the Board to
	to set measurable			establish measurable objectives for achieving
	objectives for achieving			gender diversity and for the Board to assess
	gender diversity and to			annually both the objectives and progress in
	assess annually both the			achieving them.
	objectives and the entity's			The Company's Diversity Strategy details the
	progress in achieving them;			The Company's Diversity Strategy details the Company's measurable objectives for achieving
h)	disclose that policy or a			gender diversity in accordance with the Diversity
b)	summary of it; and			Policy and assigns the responsibility for the
c)	disclose as at the end of			Diversity Policy and its administration, monitoring
C)	each reporting period the			and review. The Diversity Strategy includes a
	measurable objectives			number of concepts including contribution to
	for achieving gender			enhance local workforce and provision of
	diversity set by the board			opportunities for career development. Programs
	or a relevant committee			and schemes to achieve these goals were continued
	of the board in			during the Reporting Period.
	accordance with the			0
	entity's diversity policy			The Company has policies and annual leadership
	and its progress towards			and employee training to address harassment and
	achieving them, and			discrimination, which the Board believes will help
	either:			facilitate an environment that encourages a diverse
	1) the respective			workforce.
	proportions of men			
	and women on the			The Company set the following objectives for the
	board, in senior			employment of women:
	executive positions			 to the Board – 20% by 2022
	and across the			to senior management (including CFO and
	whole organisation			Company Secretary) – 30% by 2022

Prin	ciple / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
	(including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or 2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.			 to the organisation as a whole – 40% by 2022 As at the date of this report, the Company has the following proportion of women appointed: to the Board – 14% to senior management (including CFO and Company Secretary) – 25% to the organisation as a whole – 36%.
	ited entity should: have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Yes	Board, Committee & Individuals Performance Evaluation Procedure, Website	Board, its committees, the Chair and individual directors The People, Remuneration and Nominations Committee is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Board and, when appropriate, Board committees and individual directors. A Non-Executive Director is responsible for evaluating the Chair. The evaluations of the Board, and any applicable Board committees and individual directors are undertaken via informal discussions on an ongoing basis with the Chair. The evaluation of the Managing Director (if applicable) is undertaken via an informal interview process which occurs annually or more frequently, at the Board's discretion. Due to the appointment of a new Chair of the Board in February 2020, an evaluation of the Board, its committees, the Chair and individual directors did not take place during the reporting period in accordance with the process disclosed above but has been held over to occur during the next financial year.
Poc	ommendation 1.7:	Voc	Poard	Chief Executive Officer
	ommendation 1.7: ted entity should:	Yes	Board, Committee &	The People, Remuneration & Nominations
a) b)	have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and disclose, in relation to each reporting period,		Individuals Performance Evaluation Procedure, Website	Committee is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Chief Executive Officer. The evaluation of the Chief Executive Officer is undertaken via an informal interview process which occurs annually or more frequently as required and otherwise takes place as part of the annual salary review under the senior executive's employment
	whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.			contract. During the reporting period an evaluation of senior executives took place in accordance with the process disclosed above. Senior executives The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for evaluating the performance of senior executives.

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
	Sempres e		by the Chief Executive Officer via either a formal or
			informal process as determined by the Chief
			Executive Officer as he or she sees fit and which
			occurs annually or more frequently as required and
			otherwise takes place as part of the annual salary
			review under the senior executive's employment
			contract. During the reporting period an evaluation
			of senior executives took place in accordance with
			the process disclosed above.
			·
Principle 2: Structure the			
board to add value			
Recommendation 2.1	No	People,	In November 2019, the Board incorporated the
The board of a listed entity		Remuneration	functions of a Nomination Committee with the
should:		and	functions of the People & Remuneration Committee
a) have a nomination		Nominations	to create the People, Remuneration and
committee which:		Committee	Nominations Committee.
1) has at least three		Charter,	
members, a majority		Website	The members of the People, Remuneration and
of whom are			Nominations Committee are Robert Read
independent			(Managing Director), Jim Xenos (Chair of the
directors; and			committee) and independent directors Peter
2) is chaired by an			Bennetto and Sandra Hook. 50% of the members of
independent director,			the People, Remuneration and Nominations
and disclose:			Committee are independent and the Chair is not an
3) the charter of the			independent director. The committee will
committee; 4) the members of the			continually revaluate its composition and the
4) the members of the committee; and			position of the Chair as part of its ongoing evaluation process, including opportunities to add
5) as at the end of each			independence to the committee.
reporting period, the			independence to the committee.
number of times the			The Nomination Committee Charter which
committee met			described the role, composition, functions and
throughout the			responsibilities of the Nomination Committee has
period and the			now been incorporated with the People &
individual attendances			Remuneration Committee Charter to form the
of the members at			People, Remuneration and Nominations Committee
those meetings; or			Charter.
b) if it does not have a			
nomination committee,			Prior to incorporating the functions of a Nomination
disclose that fact and the			Committee with the functions of the People &
processes it employs to			Remuneration Committee in November 2019, the
address board succession			functions of a Nominations Committee were
issues and to ensure that			handled by the Board in accordance with the then
the board has the			Nomination Committee Charter. The Board met as
appropriate balance of			the Nomination Committee once during the year
skills, knowledge,			and all Board members were in attendance.
experience,			The People, Remuneration and Nominations
independence and			Committee met twice during the year and all
diversity to enable it to			members were in attendance.
discharge its duties and			
responsibilities			
effectively.			

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
Recommendation 2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Yes	Board Skills Matrix, Website	The Company has reviewed the skill set of its Board to determine where the skills lie and any relevant gaps in skills shortages and has prepared and disclosed a Board skills matrix. The Company is working towards filling these gaps through professional development initiatives as well as seeking to identify suitable Board candidates for positions from a diverse pool. Subsequent to the acquisition of MedAdvisor International Pty Ltd by the Company in 2015 (then known as Exalt Resources Limited), all of the Board members resigned with the exception of Peter Bennetto. At the same time, 3 of the MedAdvisor International Pty Ltd Board members were appointed to the Company's Board to ensure that there were the appropriate mix of skills required to run the new business. Since those appointments, additional Directors have been appointed in January 2016, October 2019 and February 2020 to further strengthen the skills of the Board. Peter Bennetto stood down as Chairman of the Company in February 2020 and Christopher Ridd was appointed in his place.
Recommendation 2.3 A listed entity should disclose: a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and c) the length of service of each director.	Yes	Board Charter, Independence of Directors Assessment, Website	Peter Bennetto (appointed 28 November 2013), Sandra Hook (appointed 18 January 2016), and Christopher Ridd (appointed 17 February 2020) are the Directors deemed to be independent as they are non-executive directors who are not members of management and who are free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the independent exercise of their judgement. The Board considers the independence of directors having regard to the relationships listed in Box 2.3 of the Principles & Recommendations and the Company's materiality thresholds. The Board has agreed on the following guidelines, as set out in the Company's Board Charter, for assessing the materiality of matters: Balance sheet items are material if they have a value of more than 10% of pro-forma net asset. Profit and loss items are material if they will have an impact on the current year operating result of 10% or more. Items are also material if they impact on the reputation of the Company involve a breach
			reputation of the Company, involve a breach of legislation, are outside the ordinary course of business, could affect the Company's rights to its assets, if accumulated would trigger the

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
			quantitative tests, involve a contingent liability that would have a probable effect of 10% or more on balance sheet or profit and loss items, or will have an effect on operations which is likely to result in an increase or decrease in net income or dividend distribution of more than 10%. Contracts will be considered material if they are outside the ordinary course of business, contain exceptionally onerous provisions in the opinion of the Board, impact on income or distribution in excess of the quantitative tests, there is a likelihood that either party will default and the default may trigger any of the quantitative or qualitative tests, are essential to the activities of the Company and cannot be replaced or cannot be replaced without an increase in cost which triggers any of the quantitative tests, contain or trigger change of control provisions, are between or for the benefit of related parties, or otherwise trigger the quantitative tests.
Recommendation 2.4 A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	No	Independence of Directors Assessment, Website	The Board does not have a majority of Directors who are independent with three of the seven members of the Board considered to be independent. Given the size and scale of the current operations of the Company, the Board considers the current structure of the Board to be appropriate but is continually evaluating opportunities to add independence to the Board.
Recommendation 2.5 The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	Yes	Independence of Directors Assessment, Website	The Chairperson is an independent Director who is not the CEO / Managing Director.
Recommendation 2.6 A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Yes	Director Induction Program, Ongoing Education Framework, Website	It is the policy of the Company that each new Director undergoes an induction process in which they are given a full briefing on the Company. Where possible this includes meetings with key executives, tours of the premises, an induction package and presentations. Information conveyed to new Directors includes: • details of the roles and responsibilities of a Director; • formal policies on Director appointment as well as conduct and contribution expectations; • a copy of the Corporate Governance

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
rinciple / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Statement, Charters, Policies and Memos
			and
			 a copy of the Constitution of the Company.
			a copy of the constitution of the company.
			In order to achieve continuing improvement in
			Board performance, all Directors are encouraged to
			undergo continual professional development. The
			Board has adopted an Ongoing Education
			Framework.
Principle 3: Act ethically			
and responsibly			
Recommendation 3.1	Yes	Code of	The Company has established a Code of Conduct as
A listed entity should:		Conduct,	to the practices necessary to maintain confidence in
a) have a code of conduct		Website	the Company's integrity, the practices necessary to
for its directors, senior			take into account its legal obligations and the
executives and			reasonable expectations of its stakeholders, and the
employees; and			responsibility and accountability of individuals for
b) disclose that code or a			reporting and investigating reports of unethical
summary of it.			practices.
Principle 4: Safeguard			
integrity in corporate			
reporting			
Recommendation 4.1	No	Audit and Risk	The Audit and Risk Committee met formally three
The board of a listed entity		Committee	times during the year. The Chair of the Audit and
should:		Charter,	Risk Committee is Ms Sandra Hook (an independent
a) have an audit committee		Website	director). The other members of the Audit and Risk
which:			Committee are Robert Read (Managing Director),
1) has at least three			Peter Bennetto (independent director) and Jim
members, all of whom			Xenos. 50% of the members of the Audit and Risk
are non-executive			Committee are independent. The Audit and Risk
directors and a			Committee will continually revaluate the
majority of whom are			composition of the committee and the position of
independent			the Chair as part of its ongoing evaluation process,
directors; and			including opportunities to add independence to the
2) is chaired by an			committee.
independent director,			
who is not the chair of			To assist the Audit and Risk Committee to fulfil its
the board,			function, the Company has adopted an Audit and
and disclose:			Risk Committee Charter which describes the role,
3) the charter of the			composition, functions and responsibilities of the
committee;			Audit and Risk Committee. All of the members of
4) the relevant			the Audit and Risk Committee. All of the Hembers of
qualifications and			
experience of the			to be financially literate and possess relevant industry experience.
·			industry experience.
members of the			The Common has a table and a second
committee; and			The Company has established procedures for the
5) in relation to each			selection, appointment and rotation of its external
reporting period,			auditor. The Board is responsible for the initial
the number of times			appointment of the external auditor and the
the committee met			appointment of a new external auditor when any
throughout the			vacancy arises, as recommended by the Audit
period and the			Committee (or its equivalent). Candidates for the
individual attendances			position of external auditor must demonstrate
	<u> </u>		complete independence from the Company

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
of the members at those meetings; or a) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.			through the engagement period. The Board may otherwise select an external auditor based on criteria relevant to the Company's business and circumstances. The performance of the external auditor is reviewed on an annual basis by the Audit Committee (or its equivalent) and any recommendations are made to the Board.
Recommendation 4.2 The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Yes	Kept at registered office	The Chief Executive Office and the Chief Financial Officer provide a declaration to the Board in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act for each financial report and assure the Board that such declaration is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.
Recommendation 4.3 A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Yes	AGM	The external auditor is invited to attend every AGM for the purpose of answering questions from security holders relevant to the audit.

Principle 5: Make timely and			
balanced disclosure Recommendation 5.1 A listed entity should: a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Yes	Continuous Disclosure Policy, Website	The Company has established written policies and procedures designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance. The Company has appointed a Responsible Officer who is responsible for ensuring the procedures are complied with. The Responsible Officer is at the date of this statement Carlo Campiciano, and in that person's absence, Christopher Ridd.
Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders			
Recommendation 6.1 A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Yes	Website Disclosure Policy, Website	 The Company's website includes the following: Corporate Governance policies, procedures, charters, programs, assessments, codes and frameworks Names and biographical details of each of its directors and senior executives Constitution Copies of annual, half yearly and quarterly reports ASX announcements Copies of notices of meetings of security holders Media releases Overview of the Company's current business, structure and history Details of upcoming meetings of security holders Historical market price information of the securities on issue Contact details for the share registry and media enquiries
Recommendation 6.2 A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes	Shareholder Communication Policy, Social Media Policy, Website	The Company has designed a communications policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders and encouraging shareholder participation at shareholder meetings.
Recommendation 6.3 A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	Yes	Shareholder Communication Policy, Website	The Company has designed a communications policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders and encouraging shareholder participation at shareholder meetings.

Recommendation 6.4 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes	Shareholder Communication Policy, Website	Shareholders are regularly given the opportunity to receive communications electronically.
Principle 7: Recognise and			
manage risk Recommendation 7.1 The board of a listed entity should: a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: 1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: 3) the charter of the committee; 4) the members of the committee; and 5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing	No	Risk Management Policy, Website	The Audit and Risk Committee met formally three times during the year. The composition of the Audit and Risk Committee is set out above under Recommendation 4.1. The committee will continually revaluate its composition as part of its ongoing evaluation process, including opportunities to add independence to the committee. To assist the Audit and Risk Committee to fulfil its function with respect to risk management, the Company has adopted a Risk Management Policy and appointed a Compliance Manager.
the entity's risk management framework. Recommendation 7.2 The board or a committee of the board should:	Yes	Risk Management Policy,	The Board has adopted a Risk Management Policy, which sets out the Company's risk profile. Under the policy, the Board is responsible for approving
a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and		Website	the Company's policies on risk oversight and management and satisfying itself that management has developed and implemented a sound system of risk management and internal control. Under the policy, the Board delegates day-to-day management of risk to the Managing Director, who

b) disclose, in relation to			is responsible for identifying, assessing, monitoring
each reporting period,			and managing risks. The Managing Director is also
whether such a review			responsible for updating the Company's material
has taken place.			business risks to reflect any material changes, with
			the approval of the Board.
			In fulfilling the duties of risk management, the Managing Director may have unrestricted access to Company employees, contractors and records and may obtain independent expert advice on any matter he believes appropriate, with the prior approval of the Board. In addition, the following risk management measures have been adopted by the Board to manage the Company's material business risks:
			 the Board has established authority limits for management, which, if proposed to be exceeded, requires prior Board approval; the Board has adopted a compliance procedure for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations; and the Board has adopted a corporate governance manual which contains other policies to assist the Company to establish and maintain its governance practices.
			During the year, the Board reviewed the risk management framework to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and management reported to the Board on the following categories of risks affecting the Company as part of the Company's systems and processes for managing material business risks: operational, financial reporting, sovereignty and market-related risks.
Recommendation 7.3 A listed entity should disclose: a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	No	Audit and Risk Committee Charter, Website	The Audit and Risk Committee carries out those functions which are delegated to it in the Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter which include reviewing the Company's internal financial control system. Due to the nature and size of the Company's operations, and the Company's ability to derive substantially all of the benefits of an independent internal audit function, the expense of an independent internal auditor is not considered to be appropriate.

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Recommendation 7.4	Yes	Corporate	The Company has considered its economic,
A listed entity should disclose		Governance	environmental and social sustainability risks by way
whether it has any material		Statement	of internal review and has concluded that it is not
exposure to economic,			subject to material economic, environmental and
environmental and social			social sustainability risks.
sustainability risks and, if it			
does, how it manages or			
intends to manage those			
risks.			
Principle 8: Remunerate fairly			
and responsibly			
Recommendation 8.1	No	People,	In November 2019, the Board incorporated the
The board of a listed entity		Remuneration	functions of the former People and Remuneration
should:		and	Committee with the functions of a Nominations
a) have a remuneration		Nominations	Committee with to form the People, Remuneration
committee which:		Committee	and Nominations Committee.
1) has at least three		Charter,	
members, a majority		Website	The composition of the People, Remuneration and
of whom are			Nominations Committee is set out above under
independent			Recommendation 2.1. The committee will
directors; and			continually revaluate its composition and the
2) is chaired by an			position of the Chair as part of its ongoing
independent director,			evaluation process, including opportunities to add
and disclose:			independence to the committee.
3) the charter of the			
committee;			The People, Remuneration and Nominations
4) the members of the			Committee carries out those functions which are
committee; and			delegated to it in the Company's People.
5) as at the end of each			Remuneration and Nominations Committee
reporting period, the			Charter. The People, Remuneration and
number of times the			Nominations Committee deals with any conflicts of
committee met			interest that may occur when convening in the
throughout the period			capacity of the People, Remuneration and
and the individual			Nominations Committee by ensuring that the
attendances of the			Director with conflicting interests is not party to the
members at those			relevant discussions.
meetings; or			
b) if it does not have a			The former People and Remuneration Committee
remuneration committee,			met once during the year and the People,
disclose that fact and the			Remuneration and Nominations Committee met
processes it employs for			twice. The Company has adopted a People,
setting the level and			Remuneration & Nominations Committee Charter
composition of			which describes the role, composition, functions
remuneration for			and responsibilities of the People & Remuneration
directors and senior			Committee.
executives and ensuring			
that such remuneration is			
appropriate and not			
excessive.			

Recommendation 8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Yes	Remuneration Policy, Annual Report, Website	Details of remuneration, including the Company's policy on remuneration, are contained in the Remuneration Report which forms of part of the Annual Report. The remuneration of non-executive directors is set by reference to payments made by other companies of similar size and industry, and by reference to the director's skills and experience. Given the Company is at its early stage of development and the financial restrictions placed on it, the Company may consider it appropriate to issue unlisted options to non-executive directors, subject to obtaining the relevant approvals. The Remuneration Policy is subject to annual review. All of the directors' option holdings are fully disclosed. Executive pay and rewards consists of a base salary and performance incentives. Long term performance incentives may include options granted at the discretion of the Board and subject to obtaining the relevant approvals. The grant of options is designed to recognise and reward efforts as well as to provide additional incentive and may be subject to the successful completion of performance hurdles. Executives are offered a competitive level of base pay at market rates (for comparable companies) and are reviewed annually to ensure market competitiveness.
Recommendation 8.3 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Yes	Remuneration Policy, Website	Executives and Non-Executive Directors are prohibited from entering into transactions or arrangements which limit the economic risk of participating in unvested entitlements.