FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2020

ABN 12 143 890 671

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

DIRECTORS

Graham Ascough	Non-Executive Chairman
Robert Waugh	Managing Director
Kelly Ross	Non-Executive Director
John Percival	Non-Executive Director

COMPANY SECRETARY

Patricia (Trish) Farr

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LEGAL ADVISORS

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SECURITIES EXCHANGE LISTING

The Company is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange Ltd ("ASX")

Home Exchange:	Perth, Western Australia
ASX Code:	MGV

CHAIRMAN'S LETTER

On behalf of the Board of Directors, it is my pleasure to present the 2020 Annual Report for Musgrave Minerals Limited ("Musgrave" or "Company").

The Company's Cue Project ("Cue") in the well-endowed, gold producing Murchison region of Western Australia is proving to be a game changer. The outstanding success of our exploration programs at Cue have been transformational for Musgrave and the highlight for 2020 is the discovery of the high-grade, near surface Starlight gold lode at Break of Day.

The Starlight discovery was not an overnight success, although the impacts on the Company were immediately positive. Musgrave has been exploring at Cue for the past 4 years and in that time we have made new discoveries and have grown the resource base to approximately 613koz gold, a figure that is expected to grow as it does not yet include the recent Starlight or White Light high-grade discoveries.

The Starlight discovery resulted from the culmination of the years of experience at Cue and subsequent in-depth analysis of results by our highly motivated and talented team that recognised the potential for high-grade 'link lodes' at Break of Day. This was an excellent example of true exploration insight and the first holes into Starlight and then subsequently White Light, are a testament to the perseverance and analytical excellence of our team who have identified a further 18 similar targets along the belt that are now in the process of being drill tested.

During the year, the Lena resource, located ~150m west of Break of Day, was updated, adding 172koz and bringing our total resource base to 6.45Mt @ 3.0g/t Au for 613,000 ounces of contained gold. We look forward to completing the Break of Day resource update in 2020 that will no doubt add further high-grade ounces to this already significant figure. We anticipate the resource update will lead to the commencement of feasibility studies on Break of Day and Lena that will investigate the profitable development of a 'stand-alone' operation at Cue.

In parallel with the feasibility work, Musgrave will continue to capitalise on its exploration strengths and accelerate drilling programs across a range of high priority targets at Cue that will include testing for new high-grade link-lodes regionally, extending the existing lodes at Break of Day and targeting discovery opportunities at Mainland.

A substantial drilling program on Lake Austin is continuing under our Joint Venture with Evolution Mining Limited ("Evolution"). Evolution is currently sole-funding the joint venture and can earn up to a 75% interest through expenditure of $18M. Musgrave is managing the initial work programs, with the Phase 1 program complete (22,879m) and the follow-up Phase 2 program (~21,900m) underway. Assays received for the first phase of the program have identified multiple regolith gold halos that potentially overlie significant accumulations of gold in the underlying basement. Once the current Phase 2 aircore drilling is complete, the priority basement targets will be tested with reverse circulation (RC) and/or diamond drilling.

The Company continually reviews the ongoing situation relating to COVID-19 and the implications for the health and wellbeing of our employees, contractors and stakeholders. We are pro-active with respect to our response and have operational procedures and plans in-place, in-line with official health advice and government directives. Musgrave will continue to operate within these guidelines, and I'm pleased to say that, to date, we remain incident free. Logistics and planning are more complex but there have not been significant delays or cost impacts on our programs to date related to COVID-19.

I would like to take this opportunity, on behalf of the Board, to thank all our Shareholders for their ongoing support.

I would also like to thank the staff, management, contractors and my fellow Directors for their ongoing efforts. We are committed to progressing the Company by identifying and testing new targets, growing our resources and progressing towards development, through high-quality exploration and technical studies for the benefit of all Musgrave shareholders.

Graham Ascough
Chairman

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Musgrave Minerals Ltd ("Musgrave" or "the Company") (ASX: MGV) is an Australian resources company focused on gold exploration and development at the Cue Project in the Murchison Province of Western Australia.

Exploration activities for the financial year have been focused on gold exploration at Cue. The Company has had significant exploration success during the year with the discovery of the Starlight and White Light high-grade gold lodes at Break of Day.

Musgrave has an estimated 613koz of gold in resources on the Cue Project and completed more than 50,000m of drilling during the year. The total Indicated and Inferred JORC Mineral Resources on the project are; 6.45 Mt @ 3.0g/t Au for 613,000 ounces of gold (*see ASX announcements 14 July 2017, and 17 Feb 2020*). The new Starlight and White Light discoveries are not included in this resource estimate.

Musgrave's intent is to continue to grow the resource base, accelerate exploration and commence feasibility studies to develop a low-cost operation that returns value to shareholders.

2020 was a very successful year for Musgrave showing significant value accretion and share price growth, following the near surface high-grade Starlight gold discovery. Our focus continues to be on the Cue Project ("Cue") which is located in the well-endowed, gold producing Murchison region of Western Australia.

The Company's near term focus is on de-risking our funding requirements and expanding our gold resources through extensional and new greenfield exploration drilling at Cue, leading to the commencement of feasibility studies. Exceptional hits such as 14m @ 191.4g/t Au from 4m and 77m @ 13.3g/t Au from 7m down hole (*see ASX announcement 28 July 2020, "Bonanza gold grades continue at Starlight with 3m @ 884.7g/t Au"*) have highlighted the near surface gold potential at the new Starlight discovery adjacent to the existing Break of Day lodes. The Break of Day resource, excluding Starlight, currently stands at 868kt @ 7.2g/t Au for 199koz gold (*see ASX announcements 14 July 2017, and 17 Feb 2020*).

The company also intersected a new gold lode approximately 75m south of Starlight in a new position named White Light. Intercepts included 6m @ 48.2g/t Au from 211m down hole (*see ASX announcement 30 July 2020, "Quarterly Activity and Cashflow Report"*).

In September 2019 Musgrave announced that it had entered into an Earn-In and Joint Venture Exploration Agreement with Evolution Mining Limited over a select area of Lake Austin and surrounds (JV Area) on the Cue Project. The JV Area excludes all the known resources including Lena and Break of Day, Starlight and the Mainland option area. Evolution can earn a 75% interest in the JV Area by sole funding A$18 million on exploration over a five year term with a minimum commitment of A$4 million in the first two years. Musgrave will manage the JV during the initial period.

Regional aircore drilling under the Evolution JV on Lake Austin has identified more than 8km of basement gold targets within multiple zones of strong regolith gold anomalism that require follow-up aircore drilling and basement drill testing. A Phase 2, 21,000m follow-up aircore drill program is currently underway.

At Lena, the team has extended the resource estimate to 4.3 Mt @ 2.3g/t Au for 325koz gold (*see ASX announcement 17 February 2020, "Lena Resource Update")*. At Mainland a successful reverse circulation (RC) drilling program intersected high-grade gold at the Consols prospect including 3m @ 38.2g/t Au from 113m down hole (*see ASX announcement 31 January 2020, "Quarterly Activity and Cashflow Report"*)

Musgrave successfully completed a capital raising in May 2020 to raise $6.0M (before costs) through a share placement to institutional and sophisticated investors.

On 1 May 2020, Musgrave entered into a joint venture with Cyprium Australia Pty Ltd ("Cyprium") on the non-gold rights over the northern Cue tenure including the Hollandaire copper deposit. Cyprium (ASX: CYM) has earned an 80% interest in the non-gold rights over the area while Musgrave is free carried to a definitive feasibility study and retains 100% of the gold rights. The farm-out of base metals at Hollandaire has allowed Musgrave to focus on its priority gold targets enabled the discovery of the Starlight and White Light gold lodes at Break of Day and deliver significant value accretion to its shareholders.

Full details of the Company's exploration activities are available in the Review of Operations in the Annual Report.

TABLE 1: SUMMARY OF JORC RESOURCES AND RESERVES FOR THE CUE PROJECT

Mineral Resources

Gold Mineral Resources as at 30 June 2020

Deposit	Indicated Resources			Inferred Resources			TOTAL RESOURCES		
	Tonnes '000s	Au g/t	Ounces Au '000s	Tonnes '000s	Au g/t	Ounces Au '000s	Tonnes '000s	Au g/t	Ounces Au '000s
Moyagee									
Break of Day	445	7.7	111	423	6.54	89	868	7.2	199
Lena	2,253	1.7	121	2,053	3.1	83	4,305	2.3	325
Leviticus	-	-	-	42	6.0	8	42	6.00	8
Numbers	-	-	-	278	2.5	22	278	2.46	22
SUBTOTAL	2,697	2.7	232	2,796	3.6	323	5,493	3.1	554
Eelya									
Hollandaire	473	1.4	21	45	1.1	2	518	1.35	22
Rapier South				171	2.2	12	171	2.15	12
SUBTOTAL	473	1.4	21	216	1.9	13	689	1.55	34
Tuckabianna									
Jasper Queen	-	-	-	175	2.6	15	175	2.60	15
Gilt Edge	-	-	-	96	3.1	9	96	3.06	9
SUBTOTAL	-	-	-	271	2.8	24	271	2.8	24
TOTAL	3,170	2.5	253	3,282	3.4	360	6,453	3.0	613

Copper Mineral Resources as at 30 June 2020 [(1)]

Deposit	Indicated Resources			Inferred Resources			TOTAL RESOURCES		
	Tonnes '000s	Grade %	Tonnes Cu '000s	Tonnes '000s	Grade %	Tonnes Cu '000s	Tonnes '000s	Grade %	Tonnes Cu '000s
Hollandaire Copper	1,891	2.0	38	122	1.4	2	2,013	2.0	40

Silver Mineral Resources as at 30 June 2020 [(1)]

Deposit	Indicated Resources			Inferred Resources			TOTAL RESOURCES		
	Tonnes '000s	Grade g/t	Ounces Ag '000s	Tonnes '000s	Grade g/t	Ounces Ag '000s	Tonnes '000s	Grade g/t	Ounces Ag '000s
Hollandaire Silver	1,925	6.3	390	728	4.7	110	2,653	5.9	500

Ore Reserves

Copper Ore Reserves as at 30 June 2020 [(1)]

Deposit	Proven Reserves			Probable Reserves			TOTAL RESERVES		
	Tonnes '000s	Grade %	Tonnes Cu '000s	Tonnes '000s	Grade %	Tonnes Cu '000s	Tonnes '000s	Grade %	Tonnes Cu '000s
Hollandaire Copper	-	-	-	442	3.3	15	442	3.3	15

Silver Ore Reserves as at 30 June 2020 [(1)]

Deposit	Proven Reserves			Probable Reserves			TOTAL RESERVES		
	Tonnes '000s	Grade g/t	Ounces Ag '000s	Tonnes '000s	Grade g/t	Ounces Ag '000s	Tonnes '000s	Grade g/t	Ounces Ag '000s
Hollandaire Silver	-	-	-	574	8.2	151	574	8.2	151

* Due to effects of rounding, the total may not represent the sum of all components. Musgrave holds a 20% interest in the base metal and silver rights stated above.

(1) On 1 May 2020, Musgrave executed a joint venture agreement with Cyprium Australia Pty Ltd regarding non-gold rights over the northern Cue tenure including Hollandaire. Musgrave retains a 20% free carried interest in the non-gold rights and a 100% interest in the gold rights.

Notes to Table 1

The Break of Day and Lena Mineral Resources at Moyagee are reported in accordance with the 2012 Edition of the Australian Code of Reporting of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC 2012). The remaining Mineral Resources and Ore Reserve estimates were first prepared and disclosed in accordance with the 2004 Edition of the Australian Code of Reporting of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC 2004) and have not been updated since to comply with JORC 2012 on the basis that the information has not materially changed since it was last reported. For further details refer to Musgrave Minerals Ltd (MGV) ASX announcements 14 July 2017, "Resource Estimate Exceeds 350koz Gold", *17 February 2020, "Lena Resource Update"* and Silver Lake Resources Limited (SLR) ASX Announcement 26 August 2016, "Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves Update".

Response to COVID-19

Musgrave is continuing to review the ongoing situation relating to the COVID-19 pandemic and the implications for the health and wellbeing of our employees, contractors and stakeholders.

The Company has been pro-active with respect to its response to COVID-19 and has developed operational procedures and plans in line with official health advice and government directives. Musgrave will continue to operate within these guidelines and will adapt its procedures as required.

The Company remains an active explorer and will continue to advance the Cue Gold Project.

Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves

The Information in this report that relates to Mineral Resources at Lena is based on information compiled by Mr Paul Payne, a Competent Person who is a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Payne is a full-time employee of Payne Geological Services. Mr Payne has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Payne consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resources at Break of Day is based on information compiled by Mr Aaron Meakin. Mr Meakin is a full-time employee of CSA Global Pty Ltd and is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Meakin has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for the Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code). Mr Meakin consents to the disclosure of the information in this report in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report that relates to the Hollandaire, Rapier South, Jasper Queen, Gilt edge, Leviticus and Numbers Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve Estimates is extracted from the report created by Silver Lake Resources Limited entitled "Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves Update", 26 August 2016 and is available to view on Silver lake's website (www.silverlakeresources.com.au) and the ASX (www.asx.com.au). The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

Exploration Results

The information in this presentation that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled and thoroughly reviewed by Mr Robert Waugh. Mr Waugh is a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (FAusIMM) and a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (MAIG). Mr Waugh is Managing Director of Musgrave Minerals Ltd. Mr Waugh has sufficient industry experience to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Waugh consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears.

Forward Looking Statements

This document may contain certain forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to statements concerning Musgrave Minerals Limited's (Musgrave's) current expectations, estimates and projections about the industry in which Musgrave operates, and beliefs and assumptions regarding Musgrave's future performance. When used in this document, words such as "anticipate", "could", "plan", "estimate", "expects", "seeks", "intends", "may", "potential", "should", and similar expressions are forward-looking statements. Although Musgrave believes that its expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, some of which are beyond the control of Musgrave and no assurance can be given that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your Directors present their report on the consolidated entity consisting of Musgrave Minerals Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiary ("the Group" or "the Consolidated Entity") at the end of the year ended 30 June 2020.

DIRECTORS

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report:

- Mr Graham Ascough, Non-Executive Chairman
- Mr Robert Waugh, Managing Director
- Ms Kelly Ross, Non-Executive Director
- Mr John Percival, Non-Executive Director

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the year, the principal continuing activities of the Group consisted of:

- exploration of mineral tenements, both on a joint venture basis and by the Group in its own right, with the intent to progress to development in the near to mid-term;
- development and production studies on existing resources;
- continuing to seek extensions of areas held and to seek out new areas with mineral potential; and
- evaluating results received through surface sampling, geophysical surveys and drilling activities carried out during the year.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The consolidated profit of the Group after providing for income tax for the year ended 30 June 2020 was $992,169 (2019: loss of $1,329,040).

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had net assets of $29,108,808 (2019: $20,092,444) including cash and cash equivalents of $9,122,692 (2019: $3,543,732).

DIVIDENDS

No dividends have been paid or declared since the start of the financial year. No recommendation for the payment of a dividend has been made by the Directors.

OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

Information on the operations of the Group and its prospects is set out in the "Review of Operations" section of this Report.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial year were as follows:

Exploration continued to be a major focus for the Company with exceptional drilling results at the Cue Project as discussed in the Review of Operations section of this report. Moving forward, the Company expects to commence feasibility studies and define a clear path to development.

In September 2019 Musgrave announced that it had entered into an Earn-In and Joint Venture Exploration Agreement with Evolution Mining Limited over a select area of Lake Austin and surrounds (JV Area) on the Cue Project. The JV Area excludes all the known resources including Lena and Break of Day, Starlight and the Mainland option area. Evolution can earn a 75% interest in the JV Area by sole funding A$18 million on exploration over a five year term with a minimum commitment of A$4 million in the first two years. Musgrave will manage the JV during the initial period.

On 4 May 2020, the Company completed a placement to corporate, institutional, professional and sophisticated investors of 57.1 million ordinary shares at an issue price of 10.5 cents per share raising $6,000,000 before costs.

0n 1 May 2020, the Company executed a Joint venture with Cyprium Australia Pty Ltd ("Cyprium") regarding the non-gold rights over the northern tenements at the Cue Project in Western Australia's Murchison region. Cyprium has earned an 80% interest in the non-gold rights. Musgrave retains a 20% free-carried interest to the completion of a definitive feasibility study on the non-gold rights and 100% of the gold rights.

There were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial year.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

The impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is ongoing and while it has not significantly impacted the entity up to 30 June 2020, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation is rapidly developing and is dependent on measures imposed by the Australian Government and other countries, such as maintaining social distancing requirements, quarantine, travel restrictions and any economic stimulus that may be provided.

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the Directors, to affect significantly the operations, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Directors are not aware of any developments that might have a significant effect on the operations of the Group in subsequent financial years not already disclosed in this report.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The Group is subject to significant environmental regulation in respect of its exploration activities. Tenements in Western Australia and South Australia are granted subject to adherence to environmental conditions with strict controls on clearing, including a prohibition on the use of mechanised equipment or development without the approval of the relevant Government agencies, and with rehabilitation required on completion of exploration activities. These regulations are controlled by the Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety (*Western Australia*) and the Department of State Development (*South Australia*).

Musgrave Minerals Limited conducts its exploration activities in an environmentally sensitive manner and the Group is not aware of any breach of statutory conditions or obligations.

GREENHOUSE GAS AND ENERGY DATA REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The Directors have considered compliance with the *National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007* which requires entities to report annual greenhouse gas emissions and energy use. The Directors have assessed that there are no current reporting requirements for the year ended 30 June 2020. However, reporting requirements may change in the future.

Information on Directors

Graham Ascough BSc, PGeo, MAusIMM (Non-Executive Chairman), Director since 26 May 2010		
Experience and expertise	Graham Ascough is a senior resources executive with more than 30 years of industry experience evaluating mineral projects and resources in Australia and overseas. He has had broad industry involvement ranging from playing a leading role in setting the strategic direction for significant country-wide exploration programs to working directly with mining and exploration companies. Mr Ascough is a geophysicist by training and was the Managing Director of ASX listed Mithril Resources Ltd from October 2006 until June 2012. Prior to joining Mithril in 2006, Mr Ascough was the Australian Manager of Nickel and PGM Exploration at the major Canadian resources house, Falconbridge Ltd (acquired by Xstrata Plc in 2006). He is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy ("AusIMM") and is a Professional Geoscientist of Ontario, Canada.	
Other current directorships	PNX Metals Ltd (appointed 10 December 2012) Sunstone Metals Ltd (appointed 29 November 2013)	
Former directorships in last three years	Mithril Resources Ltd (appointed 9 October 2006 – ceased 15 May 2019)	
Special responsibilities	Chair of the Board Member of the Audit Committee	
Interests in shares and options	Ordinary shares – Musgrave Minerals Limited Unlisted options – Musgrave Minerals Limited	1,841,172 3,000,000

Mr Robert Waugh MSc, BSc, FAusIMM, MAIG (Managing Director), Director since 6 March 2011		
Experience and expertise	Robert Waugh has over 30 years of experience in the resources sector and was a critical member of the WMC Resources Ltd ("WMC") exploration team that discovered the Nebo-Babel nickel/copper/PGM deposit at West Musgrave in 2000. He was subsequently Project Manager of the team that defined the initial resource at Nebo-Babel. Mr Waugh has held senior exploration management roles in a number of companies including WMC and BHP Billiton Exploration Ltd. Mr Waugh has extensive exploration and mining experience in a range of commodities including gold, nickel, copper, uranium and PGMs. Mr Waugh has also been involved in a number of other mineral discoveries during his career including the recent gold discoveries at the Cue Project in Western Australia. Mr Waugh holds a Bachelor of Science degree majoring in geology from the University of Western Australia and a Master of Science in Mineral Economics from Curtin University and the Western Australian School of Mines. Mr Waugh is a Fellow of the AusIMM and a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists.	
Other current directorships	None	
Former directorships in last three years	None	
Special responsibilities	Managing Director	
Interests in shares and options	Ordinary shares – Musgrave Minerals Limited Unlisted options – Musgrave Minerals Limited	3,300,000 6,500,000

Mrs Kelly Ross BBus, CPA, ACG (CS,CGP) (Non-Executive Director), Director since 26 May 2010		
Experience and expertise	Mrs Ross is a qualified accountant holding a Bachelor of Business (Accounting) and has the designation CPA from the Australian Society of Certified Practicing Accountants. Mrs Ross is a Chartered Secretary with over 30 years' experience in accounting and administration in the mining industry. Mrs Ross was part of the team that floated Independence Group NL ("IGO"). IGO listed on the ASX in 2002 and Mrs Ross was Company Secretary and CFO for 10 years. Mrs Ross was a Director of IGO for 12 years from 2002 to 2014. Mrs Ross retired from the Board of IGO on 24 December 2014. Prior to IGO, Mrs Ross was a senior accountant at Resolute Ltd from 1987 to 2000 during which time Resolute became a gold producer in Ghana, Tanzania and at several mines in Western Australia. Mrs Ross was appointed a Director of Musgrave Minerals on 26 May 2010 and is the Chairman of the Audit Committee.	
Other current directorships	Yandal Resources Ltd (appointed 6 April 2018)	
Former directorships in last three years	None	
Special responsibilities	Chair of the Audit Committee	
Interests in shares and options	Ordinary shares – Musgrave Minerals Limited Unlisted options – Musgrave Minerals Limited	581,492 2,000,000

Mr John Percival (Non-Executive Director), Director since 26 May 2010		
Experience and expertise	John Percival has been involved in investment and merchant banking for over 25 years including 15 years as Investment Manager of Barclays Bank New Zealand Ltd. In addition, he has extensive experience in stockbroking, corporate finance and investment management. In 1995 Mr Percival was appointed to the Board of Goldsearch Limited and was an Executive Director from 2000 to 2014. In May 2014, Goldsearch changed direction and Mr Percival resigned his executive position.	
Other current directorships	None	
Former directorships in last three years	Zoono Group Limited (formerly Goldsearch Ltd) (resigned 26 April 2017)	
Special responsibilities	Member of the Audit Committee	
Interests in shares and options	Ordinary shares – Musgrave Minerals Limited Unlisted options – Musgrave Minerals Limited	894,559 2,300,000

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms Patricia (Trish) Farr, GradCertProfAcc, GradDipACG, GAICD FGIA FCG (CS, CGP), appointed 30 June 2015

Trish Farr is an experienced Chartered Secretary with over 20 years' experience in the exploration and mining industry in the areas of corporate governance, compliance and administration. Ms Farr provides company secretarial services to several ASX listed and unlisted companies predominately in the resources and health sectors. Ms Farr is also a Director and the Company Secretary of Jindalee Resources Limited.

Ms Farr is a fellow member of Chartered Secretaries & Administrators and the Governance Institute of Australia (formerly Chartered Secretaries Australia) and a graduate member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

The numbers of meetings of the Company's Board of Directors and of each Board committee held during the year ended 30 June 2020, and the numbers of meetings attended by each Director were:

	Board of Directors		Audit Committee	
	A	B	A	B
Graham Ascough	11	11	2	2
Robert Waugh	11	11	n/a	n/a
Kelly Ross	11	11	2	2
John Percival	11	11	2	2

A = Number of meetings attended.
B = Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office or was a member of the committee during the year.

RETIREMENT, ELECTION AND CONTINUATION IN OFFICE OF DIRECTORS

Ms Kelly Ross, being the Director retiring by rotation who, being eligible, will offer herself for re-election at the 2020 Annual General Meeting.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The Directors present the Musgrave Minerals Limited 2020 Remuneration Report, outlining key aspects of the Company's remuneration policy and framework, and remuneration awarded this year.

The report contains the following sections:

a) Key management personnel covered in this report
b) Remuneration governance and the use of remuneration consultants
c) Executive remuneration policy and framework
d) Relationship between remuneration and the Group's performance
e) Non-executive director remuneration policy
f) Voting and comments made at the Company's 2019 Annual General Meeting
g) Details of remuneration
h) Service agreements
i) Details of share-based compensation and bonuses
j) Equity instruments held by key management personnel
k) Loans to key management personnel
l) Other transactions with key management personnel.

a) Key management personnel covered in this report

Non-Executive and Executive Directors (see pages 11 to 13 for details about each director)

Name	Position
Graham Ascough	Non-Executive Chairman
Robert Waugh	Managing Director
Kelly Ross	Non-Executive Director
John Percival	Non-Executive Director

b) Remuneration governance and the use of remuneration consultants

The Company does not have a Remuneration Committee. Remuneration matters are handled by the full Board of the Company. In this respect the Board is responsible for:

- the over-arching executive remuneration framework;
- the operation of the incentive plans which apply to executive directors and senior executives (the executive team), including key performance indicators and performance hurdles;
- remuneration levels of executives; and
- non-executive director fees.

The objective of the Board is to ensure that remuneration policies and structures are fair and competitive and aligned with the long-term interests of the Company.

In addition, all matters of remuneration are handled in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* requirements, especially with regard to related party transactions. That is, none of the Directors participate in any deliberations regarding their own remuneration or related issues.

Independent external advice is sought from remuneration consultants when required, however no advice was sought during the year ended 30 June 2020.

c) Executive remuneration policy and framework

In determining executive remuneration, the Board aims to ensure that remuneration practices are:

- competitive and reasonable, enabling the Company to attract and retain key talent;
- aligned to the Company's strategic and business objectives and the creation of shareholder value;
- transparent and easily understood; and
- acceptable to shareholders.

All executives receive consulting fees or a salary, part of which may be taken as superannuation, and from time to time, options. The Board reviews executive packages annually by reference to the executive's performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries.

All remuneration paid to specified executives is valued at the cost to the Group and expensed. Options are valued using a Black-Scholes option pricing model.

d) Relationship between remuneration and the Group's performance

Emoluments of Directors are set by reference to payments made by other companies of similar size and industry, and by reference to the skills and experience of Directors. Fees paid to Non-Executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Group. This policy may change once the exploration phase is complete and the Group is generating revenue. At present the existing remuneration policy is not impacted by the Group's performance including earnings and changes in shareholder wealth (e.g. changes in share price).

The Board has not set short term performance indicators, such as movements in the Company's share price, for the determination of Non-Executive Director emoluments as the Board believes this may encourage performance which is not in the long-term interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Board has structured its remuneration arrangements in such a way it believes is in the best interests of building shareholder wealth. The Board believes participation in the Company's Employee Share Option Plan motivates and aligns key management and executives with the long-term interests of shareholders.

e) Non-executive director remuneration policy

On appointment to the Board, all Non-Executive Directors enter into a service agreement with the Company in the form of a letter of appointment. The letter summarises the Board policies and terms, including remuneration relevant to the office of Director.

The Board policy is to remunerate Non-Executive Directors at commercial market rates for comparable companies for their time, commitment and responsibilities. Non-Executive Directors receive a Board fee but do not receive fees for chairing or participating on Board committees. Board members are allocated superannuation guarantee contributions as required by law, and do not receive any other retirement benefits. From time to time, some individuals may choose to sacrifice their salary or consulting fees to increase payments towards superannuation.

The maximum annual aggregate Non-Executive Directors' fee pool limit is $250,000 as disclosed in the Company's Replacement Prospectus dated 8 March 2011.

Fees for Non-Executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Group. Non-Executive Directors' remuneration may also include an incentive portion consisting of options, subject to approval by shareholders.

f) Voting and comments made at the Company's 2019 Annual General Meeting

Musgrave Minerals Limited received more than 98% of "yes" votes on its remuneration report for the 2019 financial year. The Company did not receive any specific feedback at the Annual General Meeting or throughout the year on its remuneration practices.

g) Details of remuneration

The following table shows details of the remuneration received by the Group's key management personnel for the current and previous financial year.

	Short-term employment benefits			Post-employment benefits	Share-based payments	Total $	Options %	Perf. Related %
	Salary & fees $	Bonus $	Non-monetary Benefit $	Superannuation $	Options $			
2020								
Directors								
G Ascough	65,000	-	-	-	-	65,000	-	-
R Waugh	275,433	-	-	26,166	61,110	362,709	16.8	-
K Ross	45,000	-	-	4,275	-	49,275	-	-
J Percival	45,000	-	-	4,275	-	49,275	-	-
TOTALS	430,433	-	-	34,716	61,110	526,259		
2019								
Directors								
G Ascough	65,000	-	-	-	75,878	140,878	53.9	-
R Waugh	275,433	54,415	-	31,336	151,755	512,939	29.6	10.6
K Ross	45,000	-	-	4,275	50,585	99,860	50.7	-
J Percival	45,000	-	-	4,275	50,585	99,860	50.7	-
TOTALS	430,433	54,415	-	39,886	328,803	853,537		

h) Service agreements

On appointment to the Board, all Non-Executive Directors enter into a service agreement with the Company in the form of a letter of appointment. The letter summarises the Board policies and terms of appointment, including compensation relevant to the office of Director. Remuneration and other terms of employment for other members of key management personnel are formalised in service agreements as summarised below.

R Waugh, Managing Director

Mr Waugh is remunerated pursuant to an Executive Services Agreement. Under the agreement the Company agrees to employ Mr Waugh as Managing Director of the Company with a base salary of $275,433 plus statutory superannuation. Either party may terminate the employment contract without cause by providing six months written notice or by making payment in lieu of notice (in the case of the Company), based on the annual salary component. Termination payments are generally not payable on resignation or dismissal for serious misconduct. In the instance of serious misconduct, the Company can terminate employment at any time.

i) Details of share-based compensation and bonuses

Options

Options over ordinary shares in Musgrave Minerals Limited are granted under the Employee Share Option Plan ("ESOP"). Participation in the ESOP and any vesting criteria are at the Board's discretion and no individual has a contractual right to participate in the scheme or to receive any guaranteed benefits. Any options issued to Directors of the Company are subject to shareholder approval. The 3,000,000 options issued to Mr Waugh in the 2020 financial year were approved by shareholders at the 2019 Annual General Meeting.

The terms and conditions of each grant of options during the period affecting remuneration in the current or future reporting periods are set out below.

Option series	Issue date	Vesting and exercise date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Value per option at grant date	% Vested
U	21 Nov 2019	21 Nov 2019	21 Nov 2022	$0.1045	$0.0204	100%

The fair value of options at grant date are independently determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.

Further information on the fair value of share options and assumptions is set out in Note 23 to the financial statements.

j) Equity instruments held by key management personnel

The following tables detail the number of fully paid ordinary shares and options over ordinary shares in the Company that were held during the financial year by key management personnel of the Group, including their close family members and entities related to them.

Options

	Opening balance at 1 July	Granted as remun-eration	Options exercised	Net change (other)	Balance at 30 June	Vested but not exercisable	Vested and exercisable	Vested during the year
2020								
Directors								
G Ascough	3,000,000	-	-	(750,000)	2,250,000	-	2,250,000	-
R Waugh	6,100,000	3,000,000	-	(800,000)	8,300,000	-	8,300,000	-
K Ross	2,000,000	-	-	(500,000)	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	-
J Percival	2,000,000	-	-	(500,000)	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	-
TOTAL	13,100,000	3,000,000	-	(2,550,000)	13,550,000	-	13,550,000	-

During the year, no ordinary shares in the Company were provided to key management personnel as a result of the exercise of remuneration options.

Shareholdings

	Opening balance at 1 July	Granted as remuneration	Options exercised	Net change (other)	Balance at 30 June
2020					
Directors					
G Ascough	1,091,172	-	-	-	1,091,172
R Waugh	1,717,172	-	-	-	1,717,172
K Ross	181,492	-	-	-	181,492
J Percival	694,559	-	-	200,000	894,559
TOTAL	3,684,395	-	-	200,000	3,884,395

k) Loans to key management personnel

There were no loans to individuals or any key management personnel during the financial year or the previous financial year.

l) Other transactions with key management personnel

There were no other transactions with key management personnel during the financial year or the previous financial year.

END OF REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

SHARES UNDER OPTION

Unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option at the date of this report are as follows:

Date options issued	Expiry date	Issue price of shares	Number under option
29 November 2017	29 November 2020	$0.0974	500,000
21 November 2018	16 November 2021	$0.1275	5,700,000
30 November 2018	16 November 2021	$0.1275	2,450,000
21 November 2019	21 November 2022	$0.1045	3,650,000
20 August 2020	20 August 2023	$0.932	5,900,000
20 August 2020	20 August 2023	$0.932	1,980,000
		TOTAL:	20,180,000

No option holder has any right under the options to participate in any other share issue of the Company or any other entity.

SHARES ISSUED ON THE EXERCISE OF OPTIONS

There were no other shares issued on the exercise of options during the year and up to the date of this report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Company's 2020 Corporate Governance Statement has been released as a separate document and is located on the Company's website at http://www.musgraveminerals.com.au/corporate-governance.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE GROUP

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

During the financial year, the Company paid a premium to insure the Directors and Officers of the consolidated entity against any liability incurred as a Director or Officer to the extent permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The contract of insurance prohibits the disclosure of the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of the premium paid.

The Group has not entered into any agreement with its current auditors indemnifying them against claims by a third party arising from their position as auditor.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Company and/or the Group are important.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditors BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in Note 18. During the year ended 30 June 2020 no fees were paid or were payable for non-audit services provided by the auditors of the consolidated entity (2019: $Nil).

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on the following page.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Graham Ascough
Chairman

Perth, 24 September 2020

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Australia

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY GLYN O'BRIEN TO THE DIRECTORS OF MUSGRAVE MINERALS LIMITED

As lead auditor of Musgrave Minerals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2020, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Musgrave Minerals Limited and the entity it controlled during the period.

Glyn O'Brien

Director

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

Perth, 24 September 2020

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Notes	CONSOLIDATED 2020 $	2019 $
Revenue from continuing operations	3(a)	52,911	108,996
Other income	3(a)	320,674	260,000
Employee benefits expense	3(b)	(411,248)	(676,034)
Depreciation expense		(118,465)	(25,747)
Impairment expense	10	(3,434)	(336,589)
Finance costs	2	(30,378)	-
Other expenses	3(c)	(205,891)	(335,666)
Change in fair value of derivate financial instruments	9(a)	1,388,000	(324,000)
Profit / (loss) from continuing operations before income tax		**992,169**	(1,329,040)
Income tax benefit	5	-	-
Profit / (loss) after income tax for the year attributable to the owners of Musgrave Minerals Limited		**992,169**	(1,329,040)
Other comprehensive income / (loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through OCI	9(b)	561,352	(354,425)
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year (net of tax)		**561,352**	(354,425)
Total comprehensive profit / (loss) for the year attributable to the owners of Musgrave Minerals Limited		**1,553,521**	(1,683,465)
		Cents per share	Cents per share
Profit / (loss) per share attributable to the owners of Musgrave Minerals Limited			
Basic profit / (loss) per share	17	0.24	(0.37)
Diluted profit / (loss) per share	17	0.23	(0.37)

The Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

	Notes	CONSOLIDATED 2020 $	CONSOLIDATED 2019 $
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	9,122,692	3,543,732
Trade and other receivables	7	273,652	133,758
Other current assets	8	10,475	21,211
Derivate financial instruments	9(a)	-	131,000
Total Current Assets		**9,406,819**	3,829,701
Non-Current Assets			
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	9(b)	1,946,313	505,575
Property, plant and equipment		56,031	74,948
Right of use assets	2	266,745	-
Exploration and evaluation	10	18,966,123	15,976,794
Total Non-Current Assets		**21,235,212**	16,557,317
TOTAL ASSETS		**30,642,031**	20,387,018
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	1,116,981	177,614
Provisions	12	135,580	116,960
Lease liabilities	13	94,782	-
Total Current Liabilities		**1,347,343**	294,574
Non-Current Liabilities			
Lease liabilities	13	185,880	-
Total Non-Current Liabilities		**185,880**	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		**1,533,223**	294,574
NET ASSETS		**29,108,808**	20,092,444
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	14	52,004,639	44,592,770
Reserves	15	1,570,637	1,128,652
Accumulated losses	16	(24,466,468)	(25,628,978)
TOTAL EQUITY		**29,108,808**	20,092,444

The Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE ENTITY				
	Issued Capital $	Options Reserve $	Financial Asset Reserve $	Accumulated Losses $	Total Equity $
At 1 July 2018	**39,436,729**	**484,487**	**486,789**	**(24,321,810)**	**16,086,195**
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	(1,329,040)	(1,329,040)
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	(354,425)	-	(354,425)
Total comprehensive loss for the year (net of tax)	**-**	**-**	**(354,425)**	**(1,329,040)**	**(1,683,465)**
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Issue of shares	5,500,000	-	-	-	5,500,000
Transaction costs of issuing shares	(343,959)	-	-	-	(343,959)
Issue of options	-	533,673	-	-	533,673
Transfer from share option reserve:					
- Due to expiry of options	-	(21,872)	-	21,872	-
At 30 June 2019	**44,592,770**	**996,288**	**132,364**	**(25,628,978)**	**20,092,444**
At 1 July 2019	**44,592,770**	**996,288**	**132,364**	**(25,628,978)**	**20,092,444**
Total comprehensive profit for the year	-	-	-	992,169	992,169
Other comprehensive income	-	-	561,352	-	561,352
Total comprehensive profit for the year (net of tax)	**-**	**-**	**561,352**	**992,169**	**1,553,521**
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Issue of shares	7,723,232	-	-	-	7,723,232
Transaction costs of issuing shares	(396,461)	-	-	-	(396,461)
Issue of options (Note 23)	-	136,072	-	-	136,072
Transfer from share option reserve:					
- Due to exercise of options	85,098	(85,098)	-	-	-
- Due to expiry of options	-	(170,341)	-	170,341	-
At 30 June 2020	**52,004,639**	**876,921**	**693,716**	**(24,466,468)**	**29,108,808**

The Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Notes	CONSOLIDATED 2020 $	CONSOLIDATED 2019 $
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Joint venture management fees		191,632	-
Payments to suppliers and employees		(644,868)	(743,881)
Interest received		63,647	102,396
Interest paid		(30,378)	-
Government grant received		50,000	-
Net advances from joint venture partner		165,535	-
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	24	**(204,432)**	(641,485)
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(7,689)	(55,202)
Payments for tenements	10	-	(125,000)
Proceeds from sale of non-gold rights	3(a)	-	10,000
Payments for exploration activities		(2,097,362)	(6,030,744)
Payments to acquire investments	9	(400,000)	-
Proceeds from disposal of investments	9	1,039,614	-
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		**(1,465,437)**	(6,200,946)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of shares	14(b)	7,500,000	5,500,000
Proceeds from exercise of options	14(b)	223,232	-
Share issue costs	14(b)	(396,461)	(343,959)
Lease principal repayments		(77,942)	-
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		**7,248,829**	5,156,041
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		5,578,960	(1,686,390)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		3,543,732	5,230,122
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	6	**9,122,692**	3,543,732

The Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 1: CORPORATE INFORMATION

The consolidated financial report of Musgrave Minerals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2020 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 24 September 2020.

Musgrave Minerals Limited is a for profit company incorporated in Australia and limited by shares which are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange. The nature of the operation and principal activities of the consolidated entity are described in the attached Directors' Report.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below and have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the consolidated financial statements and by all entities in the consolidated entity.

NOTE 2: STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Urgent Issues Group Interpretations and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Compliance with IFRS

The consolidated financial statements of Musgrave Minerals Limited also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

New and amended accounting standards and interpretations adopted by the Group

The following standard and interpretation relevant to the operations of the Group and effective from 1 July 2019 have been adopted.

- AASB 16 *Leases*; and
- AASB *Interpretation 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments*.

The impact of the adoption of this standard and interpretation are as outlined below.

AASB 16 *Leases*

AASB 16 *Leases* requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model in a similar way to finance leases under AASB 117 *Leases*. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees i.e. leases of 'low-value' assets and short-term leases (i.e. leases with a lease term of 12 months or less). At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognise a liability to make lease payments (i.e. the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e. the right-of-use asset or ROU asset).

Lessees will separately recognise the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset.

Lessees remeasure the lease liability upon the occurrence of certain events (e.g. a change in the lease term, a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payments). The lessee will generally recognise the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

AASB 16 became effective for the Company for the accounting period beginning 1 July 2019. The Company has chosen the modified retrospective approach to the application of AASB 16 and has consequently not restated the comparative information.

The Company leases its corporate office, its core yard and IT equipment and these have been recognised as right-of-use-assets with a corresponding lease liability. For leases of 'low-value' assets and short-term leases the Company has opted to recognise the lease expense on a straight-line basis as incurred.

Impact of adoption of AASB 16 Leases

As at 1 July 2019 the Company recognised right-of-use assets with a net book value of $198,620 and corresponding lease liabilities of $198,620. After accounting for new leases taken out during the reporting period, depreciation and lease principal payments the balances as at 30 June 2020 were right-of-use assets with a net book value of $266,745 and lease liabilities of $280,622.

The impact on the statement of profit or loss (increase / (decrease)) for the year is:

Expense	$	Notes
Tenancy and operating	108,320	Rent expense on previously recognised operating lease
Depreciation expense	(91,859)	Depreciation of lease asset recognised under AASB 16
Finance costs	(30,378)	Interest on lease recognised under AASB 16
Net impact on profit for the period	(13,914)	

There is no material impact on other comprehensive income and the basic and diluted earnings per share.

The following is a reconciliation of total operating lease commitments at 30 June 2019 to the lease liabilities recognised at 1 July 2019:

	$
Total operating lease commitments disclosed at 30 June 2019	103,259
Minor adjustments	375
Operating lease liabilities before discounting	103,634
Discounted using incremental borrowing rate	(8,225)
Reasonably certain extension options	103,211
Total lease liabilities recognised under AASB16 at 1 July 2019	198,620

AASB Interpretation 23 *Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments*

This Interpretation clarifies the application of the recognition and measurement criteria in AASB 112 *Income Taxes* when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The Interpretation addresses (a) whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatments separately; (b) the assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities; (c) how an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates; and (d) how an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances.

The adoption of this Interpretation has had no impact on the current or previous year and as such there have been no adjustments to the opening balance of accumulated losses.

New accounting standards and interpretations

The following new and amended accounting standards and interpretations relevant to the operations of the Group have been published but are not mandatory for the current financial year. The Group has decided against early adoption of these standards and has not yet determined the potential impact on the financial statements from the adoption of these standards and interpretations.

The key new standards which may impact the Group in future years are detailed below:

New or revised requirement	Application date of standard	Application date for Group
AASB 2018-6: *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Definition of a Business* The Standard amends the definition of a business in AASB 3 *Business Combinations*. The amendments clarify the minimum requirements for a business, remove the assessment of whether market participants are capable of replacing missing elements, add guidance to help entities assess whether an acquired process is substantive, narrow the definitions of a business and of outputs, and introduce an optional fair value concentration test.	1 Jan 2020	1 Jul 2020
AASB 1018-7: *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Definition of Material* This Standard amends AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements* and AAS 108 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors* to align the definition of 'material' across the standards and to clarify certain aspects of the definition. The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information. An entity will need to assess whether the information, either individually or in combination with other information, is material in the context of the financial statements. A misstatement of information is material if it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions made by the primary users.	1 Jan 2020	1 Jul 2020

a) Basis of measurement

Historical cost convention

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except where stated.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed where appropriate.

b) Going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

c) Principles of consolidation

Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of the Company's subsidiary at 30 June 2020 and the results of its subsidiary for the year then ended. The Company and its subsidiary together are referred to in this financial report as the Group or the consolidated entity.

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its investment with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, consolidated statement of financial position and the consolidated statement of changes in equity respectively.

d) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The application of accounting policies requires the use of judgments, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if it affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

e) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Group's functional and presentational currency.

f) Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Group as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss as incurred over the period of the lease.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the Group as lessee are classified as finance leases. At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises a liability to make lease payments (i.e. the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e. the right-of-use asset). The Group separately recognises the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset.

g) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

NOTE 3: REVENUE AND EXPENSES

a) Revenue and other income

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Revenue from continuing operations		
Interest revenue	52,911	108,996
Other Income		
Joint venture management fees	191,632	-
Government grants	117,500	-
Option fee and shares - Cyprium Metals Limited [i]	-	260,000
Other income	11,542	-
Total other income	320,674	200,000
Total revenue and other income	**373,585**	368,996

i) In February 2019, the Company executed a Binding Term Sheet with Cyprium Australia Pty Ltd ("Cyprium") regarding an option, earn-in and joint venture on the non-gold rights over the northern tenements at the Cue Project in Western Australia's Murchison region. Cyprium made an initial payment of $10,000 for an exclusive 90-day option period and on 31 May 2019 exercised the option to earn an 80% interest by the payment to the Company of $250,000 worth of shares in ARC Exploration Limited (subsequently renamed Cyprium Metals Limited ASX:CYM).

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring services to a customer. Revenue and expenses are recognised on an accruals basis.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

b) Employee benefits expense

	CONSOLIDATED 2020 $	CONSOLIDATED 2019 $
Wages, salaries, directors' fees and other remuneration expenses	1,204,600	1,382,360
Superannuation contributions	102,640	125,149
Transfer to / (from) annual leave provision	(2,350)	(10,290)
Transfer to / (from) long service leave provision	20,970	18,300
Share-based payments expense (Note 23)	136,072	533,673
Transfer to capitalised exploration expenditure	(1,050,684)	(1,373,158)
Total employee benefits expense	**411,248**	676,034

c) Other expenses

	CONSOLIDATED 2020 $	CONSOLIDATED 2019 $
Secretarial, professional and consultancy costs	109,655	113,335
Occupancy costs	4,980	97,831
Share register maintenance	15,079	18,030
ASX / ASIC	61,249	50,789
Promotion, advertising and sponsorship	88,749	56,843
Employer related on-costs	15,487	53,748
Other expenses	123,423	177,356
Transfer to capitalised exploration expenditure	(212,731)	(232,266)
Total other expenses	**205,891**	335,666

NOTE 4: SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group operates in one geographical segment, being Australia and in one operating category, being mineral exploration. Therefore, information reported to the chief operating decision maker (the Board of Musgrave Minerals Limited) for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment is focused on mineral exploration within Australia. The Board has considered the requirements of AASB 8: *Operating Segments* and the internal reports that are reviewed by the chief operation decision maker in allocating resources and have concluded at this time that there are no separately identifiable segments.

NOTE 5: INCOME TAX

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income		
Current income tax:		
- Current income tax benefit at a rate of 27.5% (2019: 27.5%)	-	-
Deferred income tax:		
- Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(1,070,889)	(1,336,722)
- Deferred tax liability offset by deferred tax asset losses	768,825	1,746,832
- Temporary difference not recognised in the current period	302,064	(410,110)
Income tax expense / (benefit) reported in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
A reconciliation of income tax expense / (benefit) applicable to accounting profit / (loss) before income tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense / (benefit) at the Company's effective income tax is as follows:		
Accounting profit / (loss) from continuing operations before income tax	992,169	(1,329,040)
At the statutory income tax rate of 27.5% (2019: 27.5%)	272,846	(365,486)
Add:		
- Immediate write-off of capital expenditure	(823,009)	(1,631,367)
- Expenditures not allowable / income assessable	414,809	390,477
- Other deductible items	(633,471)	(140,456)
- Tax losses not recognised due to not meeting recognition criteria	768,825	1,746,832
	-	-

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate, adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

NOTE 5: INCOME TAX (Continued)

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Deferred income tax		
Recognised on the Statement of Financial Position, deferred income tax at the end of the reporting period relates to the following: (2020: 27.5%, 2019: 27.5%)		
Deferred income tax liabilities:		
- Capitalised expenditure deductible for tax purposes	4,851,925	4,001,553
- Trade and other receivables	11,949	13,750
- Derivative financial instruments	-	24,750
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	336,740	36,400
	5,200,614	4,076,453
Deferred income tax assets:		
- Trade and other payables	(21,883)	(4,895)
- Employee benefits	(37,284)	(32,164)
- Capital raising costs	(181,295)	(155,445)
- Net lease liability	(3,828)	-
- Tax losses available to offset deferred tax liability	(4,956,324)	(3,883,949)
Net deferred tax asset / (liability)	**-**	-

The Company and its 100% owned controlled entity have formed a tax consolidated group. The head entity of the tax consolidated group is Musgrave Minerals Limited. The tax consolidated group has potential revenue tax losses of $33,571,476 (2019: $30,775,748).

Musgrave Minerals Limited is considered a base rate entity for income tax purposes and is therefore subject to income tax at a rate of 27.5% (2019: 27.5%).

The deductible temporary differences and tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise benefits.

The utilisation of tax losses is dependent on the Group satisfying the continuity of ownership test or the same business test at the time the tax losses are applied against taxable income.

NOTE 6: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Cash at bank and on hand	1,896,367	417,407
Short-term deposits	7,226,325	3,126,325
	9,122,692	3,543,732

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, and other short-term, highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less.

The weighted average interest rate for the year was 1.21% (2019: 2.18%).

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk is set out in Note 22. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of cash and cash equivalents mentioned above.

NOTE 7: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Current		
GST receivable	174,722	65,989
Other	98,930	67,769
	273,652	133,758

Trade and other receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days. They are presented as current assets unless collection is not expected for more than 12 months after the reporting date.

Trade and other receivables are recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

The Group assesses at each balance date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. For trade and other receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by AASB 9 to determine any allowances for expected credit losses, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience. The amounts held in trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets and are not past due. Based on the credit history of these trade and other receivables, it is expected that the amounts will be received when due.

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are set out in Note 22.

Due to the short-term nature of these receivables their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.

NOTE 8: OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Accrued interest	10,475	21,211
	10,475	21,211

NOTE 9: FINANCIAL ASSETS

a) Derivative financial instruments

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Current		
Opening balance	131,000	455,000
Change in fair value	1,388,000	(324,000)
Disposal	(1,519,000)	-
Closing balance	-	131,000

b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Non-Current		
Opening balance	505,575	610,000
Acquisition	1,919,000	250,000
Change in fair value	561,352	(354,425)
Disposal	(1,039,614)	-
Closing balance	**1,946,313**	505,575

In February 2017, the Company entered into a Tenement Sale Agreement with Legend Mining Limited (Legend) in respect of the Group's non-core tenements in the Fraser Range area of Western Australia. Under the terms of the Agreement, the Company transferred to Legend 100% of its interests in tenements E28/2404 and E28/2405 and as consideration for the sale received 10,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares in Legend and 10,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at $0.04 exercisable by 30 March 2021.

In April 2020, the Company sold 7,500,000 of the shares it held in Legend and exercised all of the 10,000,000 unlisted options in Legend at $0.04 per share.

Financial assets are recognised and derecognised on settlement date where the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the time-frame established by the market concerned. They are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, except for those financial assets classified as fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

NOTE 9: FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

The Group classifies its financial assets as either financial assets at fair value though profit or loss ("FVPL"), fair value though other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or at amortised cost. The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For investments in equity instruments, the classification depends on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at FVPL or FVOCI.

Financial assets at FVPL

For assets measured at FVPL, gains and losses will be recorded in profit or loss. The Group's derivative financial instruments are recognised at FVPL. Assets in this category are subsequently measured at fair value. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists. Refer to Note 22 for additional details.

Financial assets at OCI

For assets measured at FVOCI, gains and losses will be recorded in other comprehensive income. There is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. The Group has elected to measure its listed equities at FVOCI.

Assets in this category are subsequently measured at fair value. The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices in an active market. Refer to Note 22 for additional details.

NOTE 10: EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Opening balance	15,976,794	10,256,138
Exploration expenditure incurred during the year	2,992,763	5,932,245
Mainland option fee (i)	-	125,000
Impairment expense	(3,434)	(336,589)
Closing balance	**18,966,123**	15,976,794

i) In March 2019 the Company entered into an Option Agreement ("Agreement") to acquire the non-alluvial gold rights to the Mainland Project for an initial payment of $125,000.

Exploration and evaluation expenditure, including the costs of acquiring licences and permits, are capitalised as exploration and evaluation assets on an area of interest basis. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

NOTE 10: EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION (Continued)

Exploration and evaluation assets are only recognised if the rights to the area of interest are current and either:

a) the expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation or from sale of the area of interest; or

b) activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability, and facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. For the purposes of impairment testing, exploration and evaluation assets are allocated to cash-generating units to which the exploration activity relates. The cash generating unit shall not be larger than the area of interest.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of minerals in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to mineral property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

When an area of interest is abandoned or the Directors decide that it is not commercial, any accumulated costs in respect of that area are written off in the financial period the decision is made.

Significant estimate and judgement

There is some subjectivity involved in the carry forward of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure or, where appropriate, the write off to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, however management give due consideration to areas of interest on a regular basis and are confident that decisions to either write off or carry forward such expenditure fairly reflect the prevailing situation.

NOTE 11: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Trade creditors and accruals	965,975	63,508
Amounts due to joint venture partner	151,006	-
Other payables	-	114,106
	1,116,981	177,614

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Trade creditors are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day terms. The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are set out in Note 22. Due to the short-term nature of these payables their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.

NOTE 12: PROVISIONS

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Short-term		
Annual leave	33,890	36,240
Long service leave	101,690	80,720
	135,580	116,960

Short–term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months, are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liability for annual leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position of the Group.

Long-term obligations

The liability for long service leave and annual leave which is not expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service is recognised as a non-current provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

NOTE 13: LEASE LIABILITIES

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Current		
Lease liabilities	94,782	-
	94,782	-
Non-current		
Lease liabilities	185,880	-
	185,880	-
	280,662	-

The Company has leases for its corporate office, its core yard and IT equipment. The Company has elected not to recognize a lease liability for 'low-value' and short-term leases. Refer also to Note 2 AASB 16 *Leases*.

Future minimum lease payments as at 30 June 2020 were as follows:

	Within one year $	One to two years $	Two to five years $	Total $
30 June 2020				
Lease payments	118,615	121,363	81,727	321,705
Finance charges	(23,833)	(13,778)	(3,432)	(41,043)
Net present values	**94,782**	**107,585**	**78,295**	**280,662**
30 June 2019				
Lease payments	-	-	-	-
Finance charges	-	-	-	-
Net present values	-	-	-	-

NOTE 14: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

a) Share capital

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Ordinary shares fully paid	52,004,639	44,592,770

b) Movements in ordinary shares on issue

	CONSOLIDATED	
	Number	$
Balance at 1 July 2018	326,999,457	39,436,729
Placement – 19 December 2018	59,782,609	5,500,000
Share issue costs	-	(343,959)
Balance at 30 June 2019	**386,782,066**	**44,592,770**
Placement – 9 October 2019	18,587,361	1,500,000
Placement – 4 May 2020	57,142,858	6,000,000
Options exercised - various	2,230,000	308,330
Share issue costs	-	(396,461)
Balance at 30 June 2020	**464,742,285**	**52,004,639**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Ordinary shares have the right to receive dividends as declared, and in the event of winding up the Company, to participate in the proceeds from the sale of all surplus assets in proportion to the number of and amounts paid up on shares held. Ordinary shares entitle their holder to one vote, either in person or by proxy, at a meeting of the Company.

c) Movements in options on issue

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 Number	2019 Number
Opening balance	19,800,000	9,900,000
Options granted	6,680,000	10,550,000
Options exercised	(2,230,000)	-
Options expired / lapsed	(2,600,000)	(650,000)
Balance at the end of the financial year	**21,650,000**	19,800,000

NOTE 15: RESERVES

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Share option reserve		
Opening balance	996,288	484,487
Issue of director and employee options (Note 23)	136,072	533,673
Exercise of director and employee options	(85,098)	-
Expiry of options	(170,341)	(21,872)
Balance at the end of the financial year	**876,921**	996,288

The option reserve is used to recognise the fair value of options issued to Directors, employees and contractors.

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Financial asset reserve		
Opening balance	132,364	486,789
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 9(b))	561,352	(354,425)
Balance at the end of the financial year	**693,716**	132,364
Total Reserves	**1,570,637**	1,128,652

The financial asset reserve is used to recognise the fair value movement on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

NOTE 16: ACCUMULATED LOSSES

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Opening balance	(25,628,978)	(24,321,810)
Net profit / (loss) attributable to members	992,169	(1,329,040)
Transfer from share option reserve	170,341	21,872
Balance at the end of the financial year	**(24,466,468)**	(25,628,978)

NOTE 17: EARNINGS PER SHARE

	2020 Cents	2019 Cents
Basic profit / (loss) loss per share	0.24	(0.37)
Diluted profit / (loss) loss per share	0.23	(0.37)

The following reflects the income and share data used in the calculations of basic and diluted loss per share:

	2020 $	2019 $
Profit / (loss) used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	992,169	(1,329,040)

	2020 Number	2019 Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic and diluted profit / (loss) per share	409,344,645	358,610,535
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic and diluted profit / (loss) per share	430,994,645	n/a

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Group, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

NOTE 18: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Audit services		
BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd		
- Audit and review of the financial reports	30,000	15,000
Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd		
- Audit and review of the financial reports	-	11,670
Total remuneration	**30,000**	26,670

NOTE 19: CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Contingent liabilities

The Group had contingent liabilities in respect of:

Future royalty payments

Musgrave holds a 100% interest in the key tenure hosting gold resources at Cue including the Break of Day/Starlight and Lena deposits and other prospects. Some of the Cue tenements are subject to third party royalty payments on future gold production including the mining licence hosting the Break of Day/Starlight and Lena gold deposits.

Future consideration and royalty payments

In March 2019, the Company entered into an Option Agreement ("Agreement") to acquire the non-alluvial gold rights to the Mainland Project which is located within the boundaries of the Company's Cue Gold Project. Musgrave paid $125,000 to execute the option to acquire 100% interest in the tenements (excluding the vendors' interest in alluvial gold). A further $100,000 was paid in August 2020 and an additional $300,000 is to be paid as milestone payments in Musgrave shares or cash (at the Company's discretion) before the fourth anniversary of the Agreement. The vendor will be entitled to a 1% gross royalty on any non-alluvial gold produced by the Company from the tenements.

Contingent assets

The Group had contingent assets in respect of:

Future royalty payments

In January 2014, the Group entered into a Mining Farm-in and Joint Venture Agreement ("Agreement") with Menninnie Metals Pty Ltd. In August 2015, the parties agreed to terminate the Agreement ("Termination Agreement"). As part of the Termination Agreement the Group retains a 1% Net Smelter Return Royalty on all ores, concentrates or other primary, intermediate or final product of any minerals produced from two of the tenements.

Deferred consideration

Cyprium Australia Pty Ltd ("Cyprium") has earned an 80% interest in the non-gold rights over the northern tenements ("Tenements") of the Company's Cue Project. Musgrave retains 20% of the non-gold rights and is free carried to the completion of a definitive feasibility study and retains 100% of the gold rights. Should Cyprium delineate 80,000 tonnes of contained copper over the Tenements, $200,000 in cash or the equivalent value of Cyprium shares (at Cyprium's election) will be due to the Company. Upon a Decision to Mine, $300,000 in cash or the equivalent value of Cyprium shares (at Cyprium's election) will be due to the Company.

There are no other material contingent assets or liabilities as at 30 June 2020.

NOTE 20: EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is ongoing and while it has not significantly impacted the entity up to 30 June 2020, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation is rapidly developing and is dependent on measures imposed by the Australian Government and other countries, such as maintaining social distancing requirements, quarantine, travel restrictions and any economic stimulus that may be provided.

There have been no other events subsequent to reporting date which are sufficiently material to warrant disclosure.

NOTE 21: COMMITMENTS

In order to maintain an interest in the exploration tenements in which the Group is involved, the Group is committed to meeting the conditions under which the tenements were granted. The timing and amount of exploration expenditure commitments and obligations of the Group are subject to the minimum expenditure commitments required as per the *Mining Act 1978* (Western Australia) and the *Mining Act 1971* (South Australia), and may vary significantly from the forecast based upon the results of the work performed which will determine the prospectivity of the relevant area of interest. Currently, the minimum expenditure commitments for the granted tenements is $1,009,380 (2019: $992,300) per annum. Of this amount $829,680 will be met by the Group's joint venture partners as part of their earn-in obligations.

NOTE 22: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial risk management

Overview

The Group has exposure to the following risks from their use of financial instruments:

- Interest rate risk
- Credit risk
- Foreign currency risk
- Commodity risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework.

Risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities.

The Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group.

NOTE 22: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

The Group's principal financial instruments are tabled below.

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Financial assets		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	9,122,692	3,543,732
Trade and other receivables	273,652	133,758
Derivative financial instruments	-	131,000
	9,396,344	3,808,490
Non-Current		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")	1,946,313	505,575
	1,946,313	505,575
Financial liabilities		
Current		
Trade and other payables	1,116,981	177,614
Lease liabilities	94,782	-
	1,211,763	177,614
Non-Current		
Lease liabilities	185,880	-
	185,880	-

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk arises from fluctuations in interest bearing financial assets and liabilities that the Group uses.

Interest bearing assets comprise cash and cash equivalents which are considered to be short-term liquid assets. It is the Group's policy to settle trade payables within the credit terms allowed and therefore not incur interest on overdue balances.

NOTE 22: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

The following table set out the carrying amount, by maturity, of the financial instruments that are exposed to interest rate risk:

	Floating interest rate $	Fixed interest rate maturing in 1 year or less $	Fixed interest rate maturing in Over 1 to 5 years $	Fixed interest rate maturing in More than 5 years $	Non-interest bearing $	Total $
Consolidated – 2020						
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,896,067	7,226,325	-	-	300	9,122,692
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	273,652	273,652
	1,896,067	**7,226,325**	**-**	**-**	**273,952**	**9,396,344**
Weighted average interest rate	0.57%	1.43%	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	-	1,116,981	1,116,981
Lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	280,662	280,662
	-	**-**	**-**	**-**	1,397,643	1,397,643
Weighted average interest rate	-	-	-	-	-	-
Consolidated – 2019						
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	417,107	3,126,325	-	-	300	3,543,732
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	133,758	133,758
	417,107	3,126,325	-	-	134,058	3,677,490
Weighted average interest rate	1.25%	2.32%	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	-	177,614	177,614
	-	-	-	-	177,614	177,614
Weighted average interest rate	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate exposure

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below:

	2020 $	2019 $
Impact on profit / (loss) and equity		
Increase of 100 basis points	**43,629**	50,055
Decrease of 100 basis points	**(43,629)**	(50,055)

NOTE 22: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and investment securities. The Group trades only with recognised, creditworthy third parties. It is the Group policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of the receivable, net of any provision for expected credit loss.

With respect to credit risk arising from the other financial assets of the Group, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, the Group's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counter party, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. This risk is minimised by reviewing term deposit accounts from time to time with approved banks of a sufficient credit rating which is -AA and above.

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is tabled below.

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Cash and cash equivalents	9,122,692	3,543,732
Trade and other receivables	273,652	133,758
	9,396,344	3,677,490

Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is minimal at this stage of its operations.

Commodity price risk

The Group's exposure to commodity price risk is minimal at this stage of its operations.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

NOTE 22: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

	Less than 6 months $	Total Contractual cash flows $	Carrying amount $
Consolidated – 2020			
Trade and other payables	1,116,981	1,116,981	1,116,981
Lease liabilities	45,620	280,662	280,662
	1,162,601	**1,397,643**	**1,397,643**
Consolidated – 2019			
Trade and other payables	177,614	177,614	177,614
	177,614	177,614	177,614

Market risk

Price risk

The Group's exposure to equity securities price risk arises from investments held by the Group and classified in the Statement of Financial Position as either derivative financial instruments, or financial assets at FVOCI.

Sensitivity analysis for price risk

A change of 10% in the price of securities held at reporting date on the Group's equity and/or profit or loss by is shown below:

	2020 $	2019 $
Impact on profit / (loss) and equity		
Increase of 10%	194,631	63,657
Decrease of 10%	**(194,631)**	(63,657)

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents and non-interest bearing financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group is equal to their carrying value.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

NOTE 22: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

The following table shows the levels within the hierarchy of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019:

	Level 1 $	Level 2 $	Level 3 $	Total $
30 June 2020				
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at FVOCI	1,946,313	-	-	1,946,313
	1,946,313	**-**	**-**	**1,946,313**
30 June 2019				
Derivative financial instruments	-	131,000	-	131,000
Financial assets at FVOCI	505,575	-	-	505,575
	505,575	131,000	-	636,575

Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The management of the Group's capital is performed by the Board.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (trade and other payables, provisions and lease liabilities detailed in Notes 11, 12 and 13 offset by cash and bank balances) and equity of the Group (comprising contributed equity and reserves, offset by accumulated losses detailed in Notes 14, 15 and 16).

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. None of the Group's entities are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

NOTE 23: SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Employee Share Option Plan

The Group has an Employee Share Option Plan ("ESOP") for executives and employees of the Group. In accordance with the provisions of the ESOP, as approved by shareholders at a previous Annual General Meeting, executives and employees may be granted options at the discretion of the Directors.

Each share option converts into one ordinary share of Musgrave Minerals Limited on exercise. No amounts are paid or are payable by the recipient on receipt of the option. The options carry neither rights of dividends nor voting rights. Options may be exercised at any time from the date of vesting to the date of their expiry.

Options issued to Directors are subject to approval by shareholders.

NOTE 23: SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

The following share-based payment arrangements were in existence during the reporting period:

Option series	Number	Issue date	Expiry date	Vesting date	Exercise price	Fair value at grant date
M (1)	500,000	22 Apr 2016	22 Apr 2021	Immediate	$0.045	$0.0194
O (2)	2,550,000	4 Nov 2016	3 Nov 2019	Immediate	$0.167	$0.0659
P	800,000	4 Nov 2016	3 Nov 2021	Immediate	$0.195	$0.0628
Q	3,250,000	29 Nov 2017	29 Nov 2020	Immediate	$0.097	$0.0436
R (3)	2,250,000	29 Nov 2017	29 Nov 2020	Immediate	$0.097	$0.0436
S (4)	7,500,000	21 Nov 2018	16 Nov 2021	Immediate	$0.1275	$0.0506
T (5)	3,050,000	30 Nov 2018	16 Nov 2021	Immediate	$0.1275	$0.0506
U (6)	6,680,000	21 Nov 2019	21 Nov 2022	Immediate	$0.1045	$0.0203

(1) These options were exercised during the financial year.
(2) These options expired during the financial year.
(3) 430,000 of these options were exercised and 50,000 of these options lapsed during the financial year.
(4) 600,000 of these options were exercised during the financial year.
(5) 400,000 of these options were exercised during the financial year.
(6) 300,000 of these options were exercised during the financial year.

Fair value of share options granted during the year

The fair value of share options at grant date is determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the share price at grant date, the expected price volatility of the underlying share and the risk-free rate for the term of the option. The fair value of share options issued during the year was $136,072 of which $61,110 relate to key management personnel (2019: $533,673 and $328,803 respectively).

The model inputs for options granted during the year ended 30 June 2020 are as follows:

Inputs	Issue U
Number	6,680,000
Exercise price	$0.1045
Issue date	21 Nov 2019
Expiry date	21 Nov 2022
Share price at grant date	$0.07
Expected price volatility	61%
Risk-free interest rate	0.72%
Expected dividend yield	0%

NOTE 23: SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

Movements in share options during the year

Movement in the number of share options held by Directors, employees and consultants:

	2020		2019	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price $	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price $
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	19,800,000	0.125	9,900,000	0.122
Granted and vested during the year	6,680,000	0.105	10,550,000	0.128
Exercised during the year	(2,230,000)	0.100	-	-
Expired / lapsed during the year	(2,600,000)	0.166	(650,000)	0.121
Outstanding at the end of the year	21,650,000	0.116	19,800,000	0.125
Exercisable at the end of the year	21,650,000	0.116	19,800,000	0.125

The weighted average remaining contractual life of share options outstanding at the end of the year was 1.45 years (2019: 1.84 years).

Share options outstanding at the end of the year

Share options issued and outstanding at the end of the year have the following exercise prices:

Expiry date	Exercise price $	2020 Number	2019 Number
3 November 2019	0.1671	-	2,550,000
29 November 2020	0.0974	5,020,000	5,500,000
22 April 2021	0.045	-	500,000
3 November 2021	0.195	800,000	800,000
16 November 2021	0.1275	9,450,000	10,450,000
21 November 2022	0.1045	6,380,000	-
Totals		21,650,000	19,800,000

Significant estimates and judgement

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model.

NOTE 24: RECONCILIATION OF CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit / (loss) for the year	992,169	(1,329,040)
Non-cash flows in profit / (loss):		
- Other income	50,000	(250,000)
- Depreciation	118,465	25,747
- Impairment expense	3,434	336,589
- Share based remuneration	136,072	533,673
- Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments	(1,388,000)	324,000
Changes in assets and liabilities		
- Decrease / (Increase) in trade and other receivables	(120,140)	(7,251)
- Decrease / (Increase) in other current assets	10,736	(6,600)
- Increase / (Decrease) in trade and other payables	(25,788)	(276,613)
- Increase / (Decrease) in employee entitlements	18,620	8,010
Net cash used in operating activities	**(204,432)**	(641,485)

Non-cash investing and financing activities

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2020 $	2019 $
Additions to the right of use assets (Note 2)	198,620	-
Exercise of Legend options (Note 9)	1,519,000	-
	1,717,620	-

NOTE 25: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

a) Parent entity

	Class	Country of incorporation	Investment at cost 2020 $	Investment at cost 2019 $
Musgrave Minerals Limited	Ordinary	Australia	-	-

b) Subsidiaries

	Class	Country of incorporation	Investment at cost 2020 $	Investment at cost 2019 $
Musgrave Exploration Pty Ltd	Ordinary	Australia	100	100

c) Key management personnel compensation

	2020 $	2019 $
Short-term employee benefits	430,433	430,433
Post-employment benefits	34,716	39,886
Bonus payments	-	54,415
Share-based payments	61,110	328,803
	526,259	853,537

Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the Remuneration Report.

NOTE 26: SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's subsidiary are as follows:

Subsidiary	Principal activity	Country of incorporation	Proportion of ownership 2020	Proportion of ownership 2019
Musgrave Exploration Pty Ltd	Exploration	Australia	100%	100%

NOTE 27: PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURE

	2020 $	2019 $
Financial Performance		
Profit / (loss) for the year	992,169	(1,329,040)
Other comprehensive income	561,352	(354,425)
Total comprehensive profit / (loss)	**1,553,521**	(1,683,465)
Financial Position		
ASSETS		
Current assets	9,406,819	3,829,701
Non-Current assets	21,235,212	16,557,317
TOTAL ASSETS	**30,642,031**	20,387,018
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities	1,347,343	294,574
Non-Current liabilities	185,880	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	**1,533,223**	294,574
NET ASSETS	**29,108,808**	20,092,444
EQUITY		
Contributed equity	52,004,639	44,592,770
Reserves	1,570,637	1,128,652
Accumulated losses	(24,466,468)	(25,628,978)
TOTAL EQUITY	**29,108,808**	20,092,444

No guarantees have been entered into by Musgrave Minerals Limited in relation to the debts of its subsidiary.

Musgrave Minerals Limited had no expenditure commitments as at 30 June 2020 other than the commitments as disclosed in Note 21.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The Directors of Musgrave Minerals Limited declare that:

1) in the Directors' opinion, the financial statements and notes set out on pages 22 to 54 and the Remuneration Report in the Director's Report are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

   a) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance, for the financial year ended on that date; and

   b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations), *Corporations Regulations 2001* and mandatory professional reporting requirements.

2) the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2; and

3) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the consolidated entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* by the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Mr Graham Ascough
Chairman

Perth, Western Australia

24 September 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Musgrave Minerals Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Musgrave Minerals Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of the Group, is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

(i) Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and

(ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Recoverability of exploration and evaluation expenditure

Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
As disclosed in Note 10 to the Financial Report, the carrying value of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure represents a significant asset of the Group. Refer to Note 10 of the Financial Report for a description of the accounting policy and significant judgements applied to capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure. In accordance with AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources (AASB 6), the recoverability of exploration and evaluation expenditure requires significant judgment by management in determining whether there are any facts or circumstances that exist to suggest that the carrying amount of this asset may exceed its recoverable amount. As a result, this is considered a key audit matter.	Our procedures included, but were not limited to: • Obtaining a schedule of the areas of interest held by the Group and assessing whether the rights to tenure of those areas of interest remained current at balance date; • Considering the status of the ongoing exploration programmes in the respective areas of interest by holding discussions with management, and reviewing the Group's exploration budgets, ASX announcements and directors' minutes; • Considering whether any such areas of interest had reached a stage where a reasonable assessment of economically recoverable reserves existed; • Considering whether any facts or circumstances existed to suggest impairment testing was required; and • Assessing the adequacy of the related disclosures in Note 10 to the Financial Report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2020, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx) at:

https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar1_2020.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 14 to 18 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2020.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Musgrave Minerals Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2020, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

BDO

Glyn O'Brien

Glyn O'Brien

Director

Perth, 24 September 2020