

ABN 52 118 913 232

Corporate Governance Statement

OVERVIEW

The Board of Directors (**Board**) of The Agency Group Australia Limited (**the Company**) is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Company, and is committed to implementing the highest standards of corporate governance. In determining what those high standards should involve the Company has considered the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) Corporate Governance Council's *Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Recommendations* (3rd Edition) (**the Principles and Recommendations**).

In line with the above, the Board has set out the way forward for the Company in its implementation of the Principles and Recommendations. Due to the current size of the Company and the scale of its operations it is neither practical nor economic for the adoption of all of the Principles and Recommendations. Where the Company has not adhered to the Principles and Recommendations it has stated that fact in this Corporate Governance Statement. This statement is current as at 30 September 2020.

The Company's corporate governance policies are as follows and are all available on the Company's website at www.theagency.com.au

- Board Charter
- Corporate Code of Conduct
- Audit and Risk Committee Charter
- Remuneration Committee Charter
- Nomination Committee Charter
- Performance Evaluation
- Continuous Disclosure
- Risk Management
- Trading Policy
- Diversity Policy
- Shareholders Communications Strategy

Principle / Recommendation	Compliance	Reference	Commentary
Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for	r manageme	nt and oversight	
1	Yes	Board Charter, Code of Conduct and Website	The Company has adopted a Board Charter, which discloses the specific responsibilities of the Board. The Board is responsible for promoting the success of the Company in a way which ensures that the interests of shareholders and stakeholders are promoted and protected. The Board may delegate some powers and functions to the Executive Chairman or CEO for the day-to-day management of the Company. Powers and functions not delegated remain with the Board. The key responsibilities and functions of the Board include the following: • appointment of the Managing Director/CEO and other senior executives and the determination of their terms and conditions including remuneration and termination; driving the strategic direction of the Company, ensuring appropriate resources are available to meet objectives and monitoring management's performance; • reviewing and ratifying systems of risk management and internal compliance and control, codes of conduct and legal compliance; • approving and monitoring the progress of major capital expenditure, capital management and significant acquisitions and divestitures; • approving and monitoring the budget and the adequacy and integrity of financial and other reporting; • approving the annual, half yearly and quarterly accounts; • approving the annual, half yearly and quarterly accounts; • approving the issue of any shares, options, equity instruments or other securities in the Company; • ensuring a high standard of corporate governance practice and regulatory compliance and promoting ethical and responsible decision making; • recommending to shareholders the appointment of the external auditor as and when their appointment or re-appointment is required to be approved by them; and • meeting with the external auditor, at their request, without management being present.

Recommendation 1.2 A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security	Yes	Director Selection Procedure and Website	Directors of the Company (Directors) are appointed based on the specific governance skills required by the Company. Given the size of the Company and the business that it operates, the Company aims at all times to have at least one Director with experience appropriate to the Company's operations. The Company's current directors all have relevant experience in the operations. In addition, Directors should have the relevant blend of personal experience
holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its			 Accounting and financial management; and Director-level business experience.
possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re- elect a director.			In respect of any future Directors, the Company will continue to conduct specific and appropriate checks of candidates prior to their appointment or nomination for election by shareholders. However the Company does not propose to conduct these checks prior to nominating an existing Director for re-election by shareholders at a general meeting on the basis that it is not considered necessary in the Company's circumstances.
			The composition of the Board is assessed annually with due consideration given to ensure each potential candidate had the appropriate experience and strong professional reputation in their industry, that would be of value to the Company.
			Currently, the Company includes in its notice of meetings a brief biography which sets out relevant qualifications and professional experience, of each Director who stands for election or re-election, for consideration by shareholders.
Recommendation 1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the	Yes	Kept at registered office	The Company seeks to engage or employ its Directors and other senior management under written agreements setting out key terms and otherwise governing their engagement or employment by the Company.
terms of their appointment.			The Company's Non-Executive Chairman is employed pursuant to written agreements with the Company and each non-executive Director is engaged under a letter of appointment.
Recommendation 1.4 The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable	Yes	Board Charter And Website	The Company Secretary reports directly, and is accountable, to the Board through the Chairman in relation to all governance matters.
directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.			Full details of the Board's and Company Secretary's roles and responsibilities are contained in the Board Charter.
Recommendation 1.5 A listed entity should:	Yes – 1.5(a), 1.5(b) and	Diversity Policy and	The Board has adopted a Diversity Policy which is available on the Company's website www.theagency.com.au.

(a)	have a diversity policy which	1.5(c)(1).	Website	
	includes requirements for the			The Company is committed to workplace diversity and recognises the benefits arising from
	board or a relevant committee	No - 1.5(c)		employee and board diversity, including a broader pool of high quality employees, improving
	of the board to set measurable			employee retention, accessing different perspectives and ideas and benefiting from all
	objectives for achieving gender			available talent. Diversity includes, but is not limited to, gender, age, ethnicity and cultural
	diversity and to assess annually			background.
	both the objectives and the			
	entity's progress in achieving			The Board is responsible for developing objectives and strategies, if any, to meet the
	them;			objectives of the Diversity Policy and will report at least annually on the progress against and
(b)	disclose that policy or a			achievement of these objectives. The Board may also set measurable objectives for achieving
(- /	summary of it; and			gender diversity. The Board is responsible for implementing, monitoring and reporting on any
(c)	disclose as at the end of each			measurable objectives it has set.
(-,	reporting period the			medaliable objectives it has set.
	measurable objectives for			
	achieving gender diversity set			Given the size of the Company, no measurable objectives or strategies have been set by the
	by the board or a relevant			Board at this stage.
	committee of the board in			
	accordance with the entity's			However, it is Company practice to recruit from a diverse pool of candidates for all positions,
	diversity policy and its progress			including senior management and the Board.
	towards achieving them, and			
	either:			As at the date of this report, the Company has the following proportion of women appointed:
	1. the respective proportions			• to the Board – 0%
	of men and women on the			• to senior management – 0%
	board, in senior executive			• to the organisation as a whole – 30%
	positions and across the			
	whole organisation			
	(including how the entity			
	has defined "senior			
	executive" for these			
	purposes); or			
	2. if the entity is a "relevant			
	employer" under the			
	Workplace Gender Equality			
	Act, the entity's most			
	recent "Gender Equality			
	Indicators", as defined in			

and published under that			
Act.			
Recommendation 1.6 A listed entity should:	No		Whilst it is the policy of the Board to conduct evaluation of its performance through its Board Charter, the Company does not have in place a formal process for evaluation of the Board, its
(a) have and disclose a process for			committees and individual Directors.
periodically evaluating the			
performance of the board, its			The small size of the Board and the nature of the Company's activities make the
committees and individual			establishment of a formal performance evaluation strategy unnecessary. Performance
directors; and			evaluation is a discretionary matter for consideration by the entire Board and in the normal
(b) disclose, in relation to each			course of events the Board will review performance of senior management, Directors and the
reporting period, whether a			Board as a whole.
performance evaluation was			
undertaken in the reporting			
period in accordance with that			
process. Recommendation 1.7	No		The Company does not have in place a formal process for evaluation of its senior executives.
A listed entity should:	NO		The company does not have in place a formal process for evaluation of its senior executives.
(a) have and disclose a process for			Given the Company's size (which only recently has expanded in size due to acquisitions), the
periodically evaluating the			establishment of a formal performance evaluation strategy was not necessary. As with
performance of its senior			valuation of Directors, performance evaluation is a discretionary matter for consideration by
executives; and			the entire Board and in the normal course of events the Board will review performance of
(b) disclose, in relation to each			senior management.
reporting period, whether a			
performance evaluation was			It is noted that with the increasing diversity of the Company that a formal process will need to
undertaken in the reporting			be considered in light of this recommendation.
period in accordance with that			
process.	d value		
Principle 2: Structure the board to ad Recommendation 2.1	Yes – 2.1(b)	Nomination	Given the present size of the Company, the whole Board acts as the Nomination Committee.
The board of a listed entity should:	163 – 2.1(0)	Committee	Given the present size of the company, the whole board acts as the Normination Committee.
(a) have a nomination committee	No – 2.1(a)	Charter and	The Board believes no efficiencies or other benefits could be gained by establishing a separate
which:	, ==(=,	Website	Nomination Committee. To assist the Board to fulfill its function as the Nomination
1. has at least three			Committee, the Board has adopted a Nomination Committee Charter. The responsibilities of
members, a majority of			the Committee include the periodic review and consideration of the structure and balance of
whom are independent			the Board and the making of recommendations regarding appointments, retirements and
directors; and			terms of office of Directors.
2. is chaired by an			

independent director, and		As a matter of practice, candidates for the office of Director are individually assessed by the
disclose:		Board before appointment or nomination to ensure they possess the relevant skills,
3. the charter of the		experience, personal attributes and capability to devote the necessary time and commitment
committee;		to the role.
4. the members of the		to the role.
committee; and		The Board intends to review the requirement for a separate nomination committee as the
5. as at the end of each		Company's operations grow and evolve.
		Company's operations grow and evolve.
reporting period, the		
number of times the		
committee met throughout		
the period and the		
individual attendances of		
the members at those		
meetings; or		
(b) if it does not have a nomination		
committee, disclose that fact		
and the processes it employs to		
address board succession		
issues and to ensure that the		
board has the appropriate		
balance of skills, knowledge,		
experience, independence and		
diversity to enable it to		
discharge its duties and		
responsibilities effectively.		
Recommendation 2.2	No	The Board does not have, and has not disclosed, a skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and
A listed entity should have and		diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership. Owing to the
disclose a board skills matrix setting		size of the Company and its operations, the Board does not consider the need to have a skills
out the mix of skills and diversity		matrix as it considers the Board to have the appropriate skills for the operations and
that the board currently has or is		governance of the Company. Should the Company's operations expand or change, the Board
looking to achieve in its		will re-consider the needs for a skills matrix.
membership.		
Recommendation 2.3	Yes	The Company has no directors who satisfies the criteria for independence as outlined in Box
A listed entity should disclose:		2.3 of the Principles & Recommendations.
(a) the names of the directors		
considered by the board to be		

independent directors;		As per annual report disclosure
(b) if a director has an interest,		As per annual report disclosure
, ,		
position, association or		
relationship of the type		
described in Box 2.3 but the		
board is of the opinion that it		
does not compromise the		
independence of the director,		
the nature of the interest,		
position, association or		
relationship in question and an		
explanation of why the board is		
of that opinion; and		
(c) the length of service of each		
director.		
Recommendation 2.4	No	Presently, the Board does not comprise a majority of "independent directors".
A majority of the board of a listed		
entity should be independent		
directors.		The Board considers that given the size and scope of the group at present, that it has the
		relevant experience on the Board and is appropriately structured to discharge its duties in a
		manner that is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders, strategically and
		operationally.
		However, the Board does review this position at each Board Meeting and intends to review
		the requirement for, and benefits of, additional independent Directors as the Company's
		operations grow and evolve.
		operations grow and evolve.
Recommendation 2.5	No	The roles of Chairman and CEO are performed by different persons.
The chair of the board of a listed		
entity should be an independent		The Chairperson of the Company is Mr Andrew Jensen and does not satisfy the definition of
director and, in particular, should		independence for the purposes of Principle and Recommendation 2.3.
not be the same person as the CEO		masparation and parposes of Finishpic and Recommendation 215.
of the entity.		
Recommendation 2.6	No	The Company does not currently have a formal induction program for new Directors nor does
A listed entity should have a		it have a professional development program for existing Directors. The Board does not
program for inducting new directors		consider it necessary to have a formal induction program given the current size and scope of
1. 5		,
and provide appropriate		operations. However, the Board intends to review the requirement for, and benefits of, a

professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.			formal induction program and professional development program as the Company grows and evolves. All Directors are generally experienced in various facets of professional development. Some of the current Directors have experience in other listed companies. The Board seeks to ensure that all of its members understand the Company's operations. Directors also attend, either through the Company or for their own professional development requirements, seminars, industry conferences, technical reading and research, to maintain and develop their knowledge.
Principle 3: Act ethically and responsi	bly		
Recommendation 3.1 A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	Yes	Code of Conduct and Website	The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct that outlines how the Company expects its Directors and employees of the Company to behave and conduct business in the workplace on a range of issues. The Company is committed to the highest level of integrity and ethical standards in all business practices. The purpose of the Code of Conduct is to provide a framework for decisions and actions in relation to ethical conduct in employment. It underpins the Company's commitment to integrity and fair dealing in its business affairs and to a duty of care to all employees, clients and stakeholders. The Code of Conduct sets out the Company's expectations of its Directors and employees with respect to a range of issues including personal and professional behaviour, conflicts of interest, public and media comment, use of Company resources, security of information, intellectual property and copyright, discrimination and harassment, corrupt conduct, occupational health and safety, fair dealing and insider trading. A breach of the Code is subject to disciplinary action which may include punishment under legislation and/or termination of employment. The Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website at www.ausnetrealestate.com.au
Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in cor	1		
Recommendation 4.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which:	Yes – 4.1(b) No – 4.1(a)	Audit and Risk Committee Charter and	The Company does not have an Audit and Risk Committee. The Board believes no efficiencies or other benefits could be gained by establishing a separate Audit and Risk Committee. To assist the Board to fulfill its function as the Audit and Risk Committee, the Board has adopted

1	1. has at least three	Website	an Audit and Risk Committee Charter.
	members, all of whom are		
	non-executive directors		The Board has charged the Company Secretary with preparing the annual and half yearly
	and a majority of whom are		reports. These reports are independently audited. The Company Secretary also prepares the
	independent directors; and		Company's quarterly financial and operational reports.
2	2. is chaired by an		
	independent director, who		All Company reports are reviewed by the Board before they are finalised and are given the
	is not the chair of the		opportunity to question and consider the information contained in the reports.
	board,		
aı	nd disclose:		The Audit and Risk Committee Charter provides recommendations in relation to the initial
	3. the charter of the		appointment of the external auditor and the appointment of a new external auditor should a
	committee;		vacancy arise. Any appointment of a new external auditor made by the Board must be ratified
	4. the relevant qualifications		by shareholders at the next annual general meeting of the Company.
	and experience of the		by Shareholders at the flext aimual general fleeting of the Company.
	members of the		
	committee; and		Proposed external auditors must be able to demonstrate complete independence from the
	5. in relation to each		Company and an ability to maintain independence through the engagement period. In
	reporting period, the		addition, the successful candidate for external auditor must have arrangements in place for
	number of times the		the rotation of the lead audit engagement partner on a regular basis. Other than these
	committee met throughout		mandatory criteria, the Board may select an external auditor based on other criteria relevant
	the period and the		to the Company such as references, cost and any other matters deemed relevant by the
	individual attendances of		Board.
	the members at those		
	meetings; or		A formal Audit and Risk Committee Charter has been adopted, a copy of which is available on
(1-) :	<u> </u>		the Company's website at www.theagency.com.au .
	f it does not have an audit		the company 5 website at www.theagency.com.au.
I	committee, disclose that fact		As the Company's operations grow and evolve, the Board will reconsider the appropriateness
	and the processes it employs		of forming a separate audit and risk committee.
	that independently verify and		of forming a separate addit and risk committee.
	safeguard the integrity of its		
	corporate reporting, including		
I	the processes for the		
	appointment and removal of		
	the external auditor and the		
r	rotation of the audit		
6	engagement partner.		
		1	

Recommendation 4.2 The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively. Recommendation 4.3 A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is	Yes	Kept at registered office Shareholders Communication Strategy	The Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer have provided a declaration to the Board in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act and have assured the Board that such declaration is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks. In accordance with the Company's Shareholder Communication Strategy, the external auditor is invited to attend every AGM for the purpose of answering questions from security holders relevant to the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report.
available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.			
Principle 5: Make timely and balance	d disclosure		
Recommendation 5.1 A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Yes	Continuous Disclosure Policy Website	The Company is a "disclosing entity" pursuant to section 111AR of the Corporations Act 2001 and, as such, is required to comply with the continuous disclosure requirements of Chapter 3 of the ASX Listing Rules and section 674 of the Corporations Act. As such, the Company has a Continuous Disclosure Policy. The purpose of this Continuous Disclosure Policy is to ensure the Company complies with continuous disclosure requirements arising from legislation and the Listing Rules of the ASX. The Policy sets out the procedure for: • protecting confidential information from unauthorised disclosure; • identifying material price sensitive information and reporting it to the Company Secretary for review; • ensuring the Company achieves best practice in complying with its continuous

			 disclosure obligations under legislation and the Listing Rules; and ensuring the Company and individual officers do not contravene legislation or the Listing Rules. 	
			The Company has obligations under the Corporations Act 2001 and ASX Listing Rules to keep the market fully informed of information which may have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities and to correct any material mistake or misinformation in the market. The Company discharges these obligations by releasing information to the ASX in the form of an ASX release or disclosure in other relevant documents (e.g. the Annual Report).	
			The Company recognises that the maintenance of confidentiality is also of paramount importance to the Company both to protect its trade secrets and to prevent any false market for the Company's shares from developing.	
			All relevant information provided to ASX in compliance with the continuous disclosure requirements of legislation and the Listing Rules is promptly posted on the Company's web site www.ausnetrealestate.com.au	
Principle 6: Respect the rights of secu	rity holders			
Recommendation 6.1 A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Yes	Shareholders Communication Strategy	Information on the Company's Corporate Governance, including copies of its various corporate governance policies and charters, is available on the Company's website.	
Recommendation 6.2 A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes	Shareholders Communication Strategy	The Company has a Shareholder Communications Strategy that promotes effective communication with shareholders and encourages presentation of information to shareholders in a clear, concise and effective manner. The Board aims to ensure that Shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company's state of affairs. Information is communicated to Shareholders through the annual report, half yearly report, quarterly reports, disclosures and announcements made to the ASX, the annual general meeting and general meetings and through the Company's website.	
			The Shareholder Communications Strategy is available on the Company's website at www.ausnetrealestate.com.au	
Recommendation 6.3 A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place	Yes	Shareholders Communication Strategy	In accordance with the Company's Shareholder Communications Strategy, the Company supports shareholder participation in general meetings and seeks to provide appropriate mechanisms for such participation, which will be reviewed regularly to encourage the highest	

to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.		level of shareholder participation. The Company considers general meetings to be an effective means to communicate with shareholders and encourages shareholders to attend general meetings. In preparing for general meetings, the Company will draft the notice of meetings and related explanatory information so that they provide all of the information that is relevant to the shareholders in making decisions on matters to be voted on by them at the meeting. Information will be presented in a clear, concise and effective manner.
Recommendation 6.4 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes Sharehold Communi Strategy	,
Principle 7: Recognise and manage risl	k	
Recommendation 7.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: 1. has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2. is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: 3. the charter of the committee; 4. the members of the committee; and 5. as at the end of each	Yes – 7.1(b) No – 7.1(a)	The Company does not have a separate Risk Management Committee. The role of the Risk Management Committee is undertaken by the full Board. The Board determines the Company's risk profile and is responsible for overseeing and approving risk management strategy and policies, internal compliance and internal control. The Company's Risk Management Policy is available on the Company's website at www.ausnetrealestate.com.au which sets out a framework for a system of risk management and internal compliance and control, whereby the Board delegates day-to-day management of risk to management. The Board will delegate to the Managing Director/COO responsibility for implementing the risk management system who will submit particular matters to the Board for its approval or review. The Managing Director/COO is required to report to the Board on the management of risk.

reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.		The Board monitors risk through various arrangements including: regular Board meetings; share price monitoring; market monitoring; and regular review of financial position and operations. The responsibility for undertaking and assessing risk management and internal control effectiveness is delegated to management. Management is required to assess risk management and associated internal compliance and control procedures and regularly report back to the Board. The Board will regularly review assessments of the effectiveness of risk management and internal compliance and control. The Company has developed a Risk Register in order to assist with the risk management of the Company.
Recommendation 7.2 The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	No	As the Board has responsibility for the monitoring of risk managements it has not required a formal report regarding material risks and whether those risks are managed effectively. The Board believes that the Group is currently effectively communicating its significant and material risks to the Board to justify the implementation of a more formal system of identifying, assessing, monitoring and managing risk in the Company. As the Company's operations grow and evolve, the Board will reconsider the need for a more formal system of identifying, assessing, monitoring and managing risk in the Company.
Recommendation 7.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal	Yes – 7.3(b) No – 7.3(a)	The Company does not currently have an internal audit function. This function is undertaken by the full Board. The Company has adopted procedures which are set out in its Risk Management Policy as follows: (a) identifying and measuring risks that might impact upon the achievement of the

audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for		Company's goals and objectives, and monitoring the environment for emerging factors and trends that affect these risks;
evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.		(b) formulating risk management strategies to manage identified risks, and designing and implementing appropriate risk management policies and internal controls; and
		(c) monitoring the performance of, and improving the effectiveness of, risk management systems and internal compliance and controls, including regular assessment of the effectiveness of risk management and internal compliance and control.
		To this end, comprehensive practices are in place that are directed towards achieving the following objectives:
		(a) compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
		(b) preparation of reliable published financial information; and
		(c) implementation of risk transfer strategies where appropriate, eg insurance.
		Management is charged with evaluating and considering improvements to the Company's risk management and internal control processes on an ongoing basis.
		The Board considers that an internal audit function is not currently necessary given the current size and scope of the Company's operations.
		As the Company's operations grow and evolve, the Board will reconsider the appropriateness of creating an internal audit function.
Recommendation 7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Yes	The Company's primary operation is the provision of real estate services through its operations. It is subject to various economic, environmental and social sustainability risks, which may be materially impact the Company's ability to operate and to generate value for shareholders which has been encompassed in a Risk Matrix. These include:
		(a) Cash Reserves – Funding will be in the form of operating cashflows from businesses and equity/debt funding as when required for acquisitions. Any impact on availability of cashflow will impact operations.
		(b) Future Capital Requirements – Future funding will be required by the Company to develop various projects. There can be no assurance that such funding will be available on satisfactory terms or at all, be it via operational cashflows, debt or equity funding. Any additional equity financing will dilute shareholdings, and debt financing, if available, may involve restrictions on financing and operating activities. If the Company is unable to

		obtain additional financing as needed, it may be required to reduce the scope of its operations, which may adversely affect the business and financial condition of the Company and its performance. (c) Market Conditions – Share market conditions may affect the value of the Company's quoted securities regardless of the Company's operating performance. Share market conditions are affected by many factors such as: general economic outlook, introduction of tax reform or other new legislation, interest rates and inflation rates, changes in investor sentiment toward particular market sections, the demand for, and supply of, capital, and terrorism or other hostilities. The market price of securities can fall as well as rise and may be subject to varied and unpredictable influences on the market for equities in general. (d) Acquisition Risk –The acquisitions would compliment and add to the Company's structure and enhance its service offerings. However, with acquisitions come risk of integration and the possibility that funding does not continue under the new ownership. (e) Compliance with Finance and Real Estate Authorities –Any breaches of these requirements will impact on the Company's ability to operate within this environment and be able to adequately fund its operations. The Company has adopted the Risk Management Policy and other procedures to identify, mitigate and manage these risks and other risks identified going forward. These policies are updated from time to time as the Board considers appropriate in the circumstances for the management of the Company's risk profile.
Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and res	sponsibly	
Recommendation 8.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: 1. has at least three members, a majority of	Yes – 8.1(b) No – 8.1(a)	The Company has not established a separate remuneration committee and does not have a formal remuneration policy in place. Given the present size of the Company, the whole Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to the Remuneration Committee. The Board believes no efficiencies or other benefits could be gained by establishing a separate Remuneration Committee. To assist
whom are independent directors; and 2. is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:		the Board to fulfill its function as the Remuneration Committee, the Board has adopted a Remuneration Committee Charter. The Remuneration Committee Charter is available on the Company's website at www.ausnetrealestate.com.au Remuneration of Directors and Key Management Personnel is determined with regard to the
3. the charter of the committee;		performance of the Company, the performance and skills and experience of the particular person and prevailing remuneration expectations in the market. The Board will devote times

4. the members of the		on an annual basis to discuss the level and composition of remuneration for the Directors and
committee; and		Key Management Personnel and will ensure such remuneration is appropriate and not
5. as at the end of each		excessive. Details of remuneration of Directors and Key Management Personnel are disclosed
reporting period, the		in the Remuneration Report in the Annual Report. The full Board determines all
number of times the		compensation arrangements for Directors. It is also responsible for setting performance
committee met throughout		schemes, superannuation entitlements, retirement and termination entitlements and
the period and the individual attendances of		professional indemnity and liability insurance cover.
the members at those		Non everytive Directors' fees are noid within an aggregate limit which is approved by the
meetings; or		Non-executive Directors' fees are paid within an aggregate limit which is approved by the shareholders from time to time. There are no termination or retirement benefits for non-
(b) if it does not have a		executive Directors (other than for superannuation). Non-executive Directors may be offered
remuneration committee,		options as part of their remuneration, subject to shareholder approval.
disclose that fact and the		
processes it employs for setting		Executives are prohibited from entering into transactions or arrangements which limit the
the level and composition of		economic risk of participating in unvested entitlements.
remuneration for directors and		
senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is		
appropriate and not excessive.		
Recommendation 8.2	Yes	The Company's policies and procedures regarding the remuneration of Executive and Non-
A listed entity should separately		Executive Directors and other Key Management Personnel is contained with the
disclose its policies and practices		Remuneration Report which is within the Company's Annual Report for each financial year.
regarding the remuneration of non-		
executive directors and the		
remuneration of executive directors		
and other senior executives.		

Recommendation 8.3	No	There are no current employee share plans in place.
A listed entity which has an equity-		
based remuneration scheme should:		The Company's Security Trading Policy includes a statement on the Company's policy on
(a) have a policy on whether		prohibiting participants in any future Company's Performance Rights Plan entering into
participants are permitted to		transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic
enter into transactions (whether		risk of participating in the Performance Rights Plan.
through the use of derivatives or		
otherwise) which limit the		
economic risk of participating in		
the scheme; and		
(b) disclose that policy or a		
summary of it.		