

Registered No: 108736

Unaudited Interim Financial Report for the Six Months to 30 June 2015

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**



The directors of ETFS Commodity Securities Australia Limited ("CSAL" or the "Company") submit herewith the unaudited interim financial report and interim financial statements of the Company for the period ended 30 June 2015.

#### **Directors**

The names and particulars of the directors of the Company during or since the end of the financial period are:

Mr Graham J Tuckwell - Chairman Mr Graeme D Ross Mr Joseph L Roxburgh

#### **Directors' Interests**

The following table sets out the only director's interests in Ordinary Shares as at the date of this report:

#### **Director**

Ordinary Shares of Nil Par Value

Graham J Tuckwell

2

(as controlling party of ETF Securities Limited ("ETFSL"))

#### **Principal Activities**

During the period there were no significant changes in the nature of the Company's activities.

#### **Review of Operations**

During the period, the Company had the following number of classes, in aggregate, of CSAL Commodity Securities in issue and admitted to trading on the following exchanges:

	Australian Stock
Security	Exchange
Classic Commodity Securities	10

As at 30 June 2015, assets under management amounted to AUD 3.7 million (31 December 2014: AUD 3.1 million). The Company recognises its financial assets ("Reference Assets") and financial liabilities ("CSAL Commodity Securities") at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position.

During the period, the Company generated no income from application fees or repurchase fees therefore paid no processing fee to ETFS Management Company (Jersey) Limited ("ManJer").

Under the terms of the service agreement with ManJer, the Company accrued expenses equal to the processing fee, which, after taking into account other operating income and expenses, resulted in an operating result for the period of AUD Nil (30 June 2014: AUD Nil).

The gain or loss on CSAL Commodity Securities and Reference Assets is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income in line with the Company's accounting policy.

The Company has entered into contractual obligations to trade in respect of Reference Assets and CSAL Commodity Securities at set prices on each trading day. These prices are based on an agreed formula published in the prospectus, and are equal to the published net asset value ("NAV") of each CSAL Commodity Security.

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**



#### **Review of Operations (continued)**

IFRS 13 requires the Company to utilise the available market price for the Reference Assets and the CSAL Commodity Securities as quoted on the open market; creating a difference between the contractual values for each trade and the reported fair values. Therefore, the results of the Company will reflect a gain or loss representing the movement on the difference between:

- the agreed formula price of the Reference Assets and the market price of the Reference Assets;
- the agreed formula price of the CSAL Commodity Securities and the market price of the CSAL Commodity Securities.

This gain or loss would be reversed on a subsequent redemption of the CSAL Commodity Securities and cancellation of the corresponding Reference Assets. This is presented in more details in note 7 to these financial statements.

# **Future Developments**

Due to the small size of each class of CSAL Commodity Securities, the board has determined that their continued existence is not viable and therefore the Company intends to redeem all outstanding CSAL Commodity Securities. Consequently, the Company will, in due course, be announcing an Early Maturity Date in respect of each class of CSAL Commodity Securities. Holders of the CSAL Commodity Securities are not currently required to take any action and a further announcement will be made in due course.

#### **Dividends**

There were no dividends declared or paid in the current or previous period. It is the Company's policy that dividends will only be declared when the directors are of the opinion that there are sufficient distributable reserves.

#### **Employees**

The Company does not have any employees. It is the Company's policy to use the services of specialist subcontractors or consultants as far as possible.

#### **Directors' Remuneration**

No director has a service contract with the Company and details of the directors' remuneration which has been paid by ManJer on behalf of the Company for the period is disclosed below.

	30 June 2015	30 June 2014
	GBP	GBP
Mr Graham J Tuckwell	Nil	Nil
Mr Graeme D Ross	3,750	3,750
Mr Joseph L Roxburgh	Nil	Nil

On behalf of the directors

Joseph L Roxburgh

Director Jersey

28 August 2015

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES



The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare interim financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the interim financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

International Accounting Standard 1 requires that financial statements present fairly for each financial period the Company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. This requires the faithful representation of the effects of transactions, other events and conditions in accordance with the definitions and recognition criteria for assets, liabilities, income and expenses set out in the International Accounting Standards Board's 'Framework for the preparation and presentation of financial statements'. In virtually all circumstances, a fair presentation will be achieved by compliance with all applicable IFRSs. However, the directors are also required to:

- Properly select and apply accounting policies;
- Present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
- Provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance; and
- Make an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the Board

Joseph L Roxburgh

Director

28 August 2015



# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Period ended		
	Note	30 June 2015 Unaudited AUD	30 June 2014 Unaudited AUD	
Revenue		-	-	
Expenses		-	-	
Operating Result				
Net Loss Arising Fair Value of Reference Assets	4	99,968	(58,967)	
Net Gain Arising on Fair Value of CSAL Commodity Securities	5	(81,254)	77,363	
Result and Total Comprehensive Income for the Period		18,714	18,396	
<sup>1</sup> Net Adjustment from Contractual Formula Price (as set out in the prospectus) to the Market Value of both the Reference Assets and the CSAL Commodity Securities	1	(18,714)	(18,396)	
Adjusted Result and Total Comprehensive Income for the Period				

The directors consider the Company's activities as continuing.

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The definition of non-statutory adjustments is set out on page 10. This represents the movement in the net difference between the agreed formula price of the Reference Assets and the market price of the Reference Assets, and the agreed formula price of the CSAL Commodity Securities and the market price of the CSAL Commodity Securities.





			As at
	Note	30 June 2015 Unaudited AUD	31 December 2014 Audited AUD
Current Assets			
Other Receivables	3	3	3
Reference Assets	4	3,683,951	3,062,277
Total Assets		3,683,954	3,062,280
Current Liabilities			
CSAL Commodity Securities	5	3,686,041	3,083,081
Total Liabilities		3,686,041	3,083,081
Equity			
Stated Capital	6	3	3
Revaluation Reserve	5	(2,090)	(20,804)
Total Equity	_	(2,087)	(20,801)
Total Equity and Liabilities	 	3,683,954	3,062,280

The financial statements on pages 4 to 13 were approved by the board of directors and signed on its behalf on 28 August 2015.

Joseph L Roxburgh

Director





	Period ended		
	30 June 2015 Unaudited AUD	30 June 2014 Unaudited AUD	
Operating Result for the Period	-	-	
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities Increase in Receivables Decrease in Payables Cash Generated from/(Used in) Operations	- - -	- - -	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Proceeds from issue of shares Cash Generated from Financing Activities		<u>-</u>	
Net Movement in Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Period Net Movement in Cash and Cash Equivalents	- -	-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period		-	

CSAL Commodity Securities issued or redeemed by receipt/transfer of Reference Assets have been netted off in the Condensed Statement of Cash Flows.





		Stated Capital	Retained Earnings	Revaluation Reserve <sup>2</sup>	Total Equity	Adjusted Total Equity
	Note	AUD	AUD	AUD	AUD	USD
Audited Opening Balance at 1 January 2014		3	-	(19,630)	(19,627)	3
Result and Total Comprehensive Income for the Period		-	18,396	-	18,396	18,396
Transfer to Revaluation Reserve		-	(18,396)	18,396	-	-
<sup>3</sup> Net Adjustment from Contractual Formula Price (as set out in the prospectus) to the Market Value of both the Reference Assets and the CSAL Commodity Securities		-	-	-	-	(18,396)
Unaudited Balance at 30 June 2014	_	3	-	(1,234)	(1,231)	3
Unaudited Opening Balance at 1 July 2014		3	-	(1,234)	(1,231)	3
Result and Total Comprehensive Income for the Period		-	(19,570)	-	(19,570)	(19,570)
Transfer to Revaluation Reserve		-	19,570	(19,570)	-	-
<sup>3</sup> Net Adjustment from Contractual Formula Price (as set out in the prospectus) to the Market Value of both the Reference Assets and the CSAL Commodity Securities		-	-	-	-	19,570
Audited Balance at 31 December 2014	_	3		(20,804)	(20,801)	3
Audited Opening Balance at 1 January 2015		3	-	(20,804)	(20,801)	3
Result and Total Comprehensive Income for the Period		-	18,714	-	18,714	18,714
Transfer to Revaluation Reserve	5	-	(18,714)	18,714	-	-
<sup>3</sup> Net Adjustment from Contractual Formula Price (as set out in the prospectus) to the Market Value of both the Reference Assets and the CSAL Commodity Securities	5	-	-	-	-	(18,714)
Unaudited Balance at 30 June 2015	<u> </u>	3	-	(2,090)	(2,087)	3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This represents the net difference between the agreed formula price of the Reference Assets and the market price of the Reference Assets, and the agreed formula price of the CSAL Commodity Securities and the market price of the CSAL Commodity Securities.

<sup>3</sup> The definition of non-statutory adjustments is set out on page 10.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# 1. Accounting Policies

The main accounting policies of the Company are described below.

#### **Basis of Preparation**

The interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2015 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee of the IASB. The interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014. The interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements as at 31 December 2014.

The presentation of interim financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The only key accounting judgement required to prepare these financial statements is in respect of the valuation of Reference Assets and CSAL Commodity Securities held at fair value through the profit or loss as disclosed in notes 4 and 5. Actual results could vary from these estimates.

This half yearly report has not been audited or reviewed by the Company's auditors.

#### **Accounting Standards**

- (a) Standards, amendments and interpretations effective on 1 January 2015 but not relevant to the Company:
  - Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Investment Entities
  - Amendments to IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities Investment Entities
  - Amendments to IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Investment Entities
  - Amendments to IAS 36 Impairment of Assets recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets
  - Amendments to IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation
  - IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting
  - IFRIC 21 Levies
- (b) Standards, amendments and interpretations that are in issue but not yet effective:
  - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (as amended in 2009)
  - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (as amended in 2010)
  - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (as amended in 2013) (hedge accounting and amendments to IFRS 9, IFRS 7 and IAS 39)
  - Amendments to IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements accounting for acquisitions of an interest in a joint operation (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)
  - IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)
  - IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017)
  - Amendments to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation and bringing bearer plants within scope (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)



#### 1. Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Accounting Standards (continued)**

- (b) Standards, amendments and interpretations that are in issue but not yet effective (continued):
  - IAS 19 Employee Benefits Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014)
  - Amendments to IAS 38 Intangible Assets clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)
  - Amendments to IAS 41 Agriculture bringing bearer plants into the scope of IAS 16 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)
  - Annual Improvements to IFRS (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014)

The directors anticipate that the adoption of these standards in future periods will have no material financial impact; however the amendments may change the presentation of the financial statements. The directors have considered other new and revised standards and concluded that they would not have a material impact on the future financial periods when they become available.

#### **Going Concern**

The nature of the Company's business dictates that the outstanding CSAL Commodity Securities may be redeemed at any time by the holder. Due to the small size of each class of CSAL Commodity Securities, the board has determined that their continued existence is not viable and therefore the Company intends to redeem all outstanding CSAL Commodity Securities. Consequently, the Company will, in due course, be announcing an Early Maturity Date in respect of each class of CSAL Commodity Securities.

The financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern. However because the redemption of CSAL Commodity Securities will coincide with the redemption of an equal amount of Reference Assets, no liquidity risk is considered to arise. Furthermore, all other liabilities of the Company are met by ManJer and as a result no adjustments within these interim financial statements has been required as a result of this change in going concern status.

# **CSAL Commodity Securities and Reference Assets**

# i) Issuance and Redemption

Each time a CSAL Commodity Security is issued or redeemed by the Company a corresponding number and value of Reference Assets are purchased or redeemed.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised and de-recognised on the trade date.

#### ii) Pricing

IFRS 13 requires the Company to utilise the available market price of the Reference Assets and the CSAL Commodity Securities as those Reference Assets and the CSAL Commodity Securities are quoted on the open market. The Reference Assets and the CSAL Commodity Securities are priced using the mid-market price on the statement of financial position date. Consequently gains or losses arise as a result of the difference between:

- the market value of the Reference Assets and the agreed formula price of the Reference Assets;
- the market value of the CSAL Commodity Securities and the agreed formula price of the CSAL Commodity Securities.

This difference is reversed on a subsequent redemption of the CSAL Commodity Securities and cancellation of the corresponding Reference Assets.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)



#### 1. Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **CSAL Commodity Securities and Reference Assets (continued)**

#### iii) Designation at fair value through Profit or Loss

The CSAL Commodity Securities and Reference Assets comprise financial instruments whose redemption price is linked to the performance of the relevant Commodity index.

These instruments are designated at fair value through the profit or loss upon initial recognition. This is in order to enable gains or losses on both the CSAL Commodity Securities and Reference Assets to be recorded in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Through the mis-matched accounting values, the results of the Company reflect a gain or loss which represents the movement in the cumulative difference between the agreed formula price of the Reference Assets and the market price of CSAL Commodity Securities. This gain or loss is transferred to a Revaluation Reserve which is non-distributable. The results of the Company are adjusted through the presentation of a non-statutory movement entitled 'Net Adjustment from Contractual Formula Price (as set out in the prospectus) to the Market Value of both Reference Assets and CSAL Commodity Securities'.

# **Segmental Reporting**

The Company has not provided segmental information as the Company has only one business or product group, CSAL Classic Commodity Securities, and one geographical segment which is Australia. All information relevant to the understanding of the Company's activities is included in these interim financial statements.

# 2. Taxation

The Company is subject to Jersey Income Tax. The Jersey Income Tax rate for the foreseeable future is zero percent.

#### 3. Other Receivables

	As at		
	30 June 2015	31 December 2014	
	Unaudited	Audited	
	AUD	AUD	
Amounts Receivable on Stated Capital	3	3	

#### 4. Reference Assets

Whilst the Reference Assets are quoted on the open market, the Company's rights relates to its contractual obligations to trade with certain counterparties at set prices on each trading day. These prices are based on an agreed formula, and are equal to the published NAVs of each class of CSAL Commodity Security. Therefore, the contractual issue and redemption of CSAL Commodity Securities occur at a price that match gains or losses on Reference Assets. As a result the Company has no net exposure to gains or losses on the CSAL Commodity Securities and Reference Assets.

The Company measures the Reference Assets at their transferable value in accordance with IFRS 13 rather than their settlement value as described in the prospectus. The transferable value is deemed to be the prices quoted on stock exchanges or other markets where the Reference Assets are listed or traded.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)



#### 4. Reference Assets (continued)

The fair values and changes thereof during the year based on prices available on the open market as recognised in the financial statements are:

	As at		
	30 June 2015	31 December 2014	
	Unaudited	Audited	
	AUD	AUD	
Change in Fair Value for the Period/Year	99,968	(294,651)	
Reference Assets at Market Fair Value	3,683,951	3,062,277	

The contractual redemption values and changes thereof during the period/year based on the contractual settlement values are:

	As at		
	30 June 2015 Unaudited	31 December 2014 Audited	
	AUD	AUD	
Change in Contractual Redemption Value for the Period/Year	232,844	(308,232)	
Reference at Contractual Redemption Value	3,793,273	3,038,720	

This has resulted in a loss of AUD 132,876 (2014: gain AUD 13,581) on the difference between the agreed formula price of the Reference Assets and the market price of the Reference Assets. Please see note 5 for further details.

As at 30 June 2015, there were no Reference Assets awaiting the creation or (redemption) of CSAL Commodity Securities with trade dates before the period end and settlement dates in the following period (31 December 2014: USD Nil).

#### 5. CSAL Commodity Securities

Whilst the CSAL Commodity Securities are quoted on the open market, the Company's liability relates to its contractual obligations to trade with certain counterparties at set prices on each trading day. These prices are based on an agreed formula, and are equal to the published NAV's of each class of CSAL Commodity Security. Therefore, the contractual issue and redemption of CSAL Commodity Securities occur at a price that match gains or losses on Reference Assets. As a result the Company has no net exposure to gains or losses on the CSAL Commodity Securities and Reference Assets.

The Company measures the CSAL Commodity Securities at their transferable value in accordance with IFRS 13 rather than their settlement value as described in the prosectus. The transferable value is deemed to be the prices quoted on stock exchanges or other markets where the CSAL Commodity Securities are listed or traded.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)



#### 5. CSAL Commodity Securities (continued)

The fair values and changes thereof during the year based on prices available on the open market as recognised in the financial statements are:

	As at		
	30 June 2015 Unaudited	31 December 2014 Audited	
	AUD	AUD	
Change in Fair Value for the Period/Year	(81,254)	293,477	
CSAL Commodity Securities at Market Fair Value	3,686,041	3,083,081	

The contractual redemption values and changes thereof during the period/year based on the contractual settlement values are:

	As at		
	30 June 2015	31 December 2014	
	Unaudited	Audited	
	AUD	AUD	
Change in Contractual Redemption Value for the Period/Year	(232,844)	308,232	
CSAL Commodity Securities at Contractual Redemption Value	3,793,273	3,038,720	

This has resulted in a gain of AUD 151,590 (2014: loss AUD 14,755) on the fair value of the CSAL Commodity Securities which is the difference between the agreed formula price and the market price.

Both the gain or loss on the Reference Assets and the gain or loss on the CSAL Commodity Securities would be reversed on a subsequent redemption of the CSAL Commodity Securities and cancellation of the corresponding Reference Assets. The mismatched values are as shown below and together represent the non-statutory adjustment presented on the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income:

	Period Ended 30 June 2015 Unaudited AUD	Year Ended 31 December 2014 Audited AUD
Net (Loss)/Gain Arising on Contractual Value of Reference Assets	232,844	(308,232)
Net (Loss)/Gain Arising on Fair Value of Reference Assets	99,968	(294,651)
·	(132,876)	13,581
Net Gain(Loss) Arising on Contractual Redemption Value of CSAL Commodity Securities Net Gain/(Loss) Arising on Fair Value of CSAL	(232,844)	308,232
Commodity Securities	(81,254)	293,477
-	151,590	(14,755)
Net Adjustment from Contractual Formula Price (as set out in the prospectus) to the Market Value of both the Reference Assets and the CSAL Commodity Securities	18,714	(1,174)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)



#### 5. CSAL Commodity Securities (continued)

As at 30 June 2015, there were no CSAL Commodity Securities awaiting the (creation) or redemption of securities with trade dates before the period end and settlement dates in the following period (31 December 2014: AUD Nil).

#### 6. Stated Capital

	As at	
	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
	Unaudited	Audited
	AUD	AUD
2 Shares of Nil Par Value, Issued at GBP 1 Each	3	3

The Company can issue an unlimited capital of nil par value shares in accordance with its Memorandum of Association.

All shares issued by the Company carry one vote per share without restriction and carry the right to dividends. All shares are held by ETFS Holdings (Jersey) Limited ("HoldCo").

#### 7. Related Party Disclosures

Entities and individuals which have a significant influence over the Company, either through the ownership of HoldCo shares or by virtue of being a director of the Company, are related parties.

The following balances were due from HoldCo at the period/year end:

As at	
30 June 2015	31 December 2014
Unaudited	Audited
AUD	AUD
3	3

As disclosed in the Directors' Report, ManJer paid directors' fees in respect of the Company of GBP 3,750 (30 June 2014: GBP 3,750).

Graeme D Ross is a director of R&H Fund Services (Jersey) Limited ("R&H"), the administrator. During the period, R&H charged ManJer secretarial and administration fees in respect of the Company of GBP 6,000 (30 June 2014: GBP 14,500) of which GBP 3,000 (30 June 2014: GBP 7,250) was outstanding at the period end.

Graham J Tuckwell is also a director of ETFSL, ManJer and HoldCo. Joseph L Roxburgh is also a director of ManJer and HoldCo.

All Reference Assets are securities issued by ETFS Commodity Securities Limited, an entity controlled by the same parties as the Company.

# 8. Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate parent company is HoldCo, a Jersey registered company. The ultimate controlling party is Graham J Tuckwell through his shareholding in ETFSL. ETFSL is the parent company of HoldCo.

