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# ONCOSIL™ - POTENTIAL TREATMENT FOR PANCREATIC CANCER

#### MAJOR UNMET NEED

- OncoSil Medical has an **implantable nuclear medicine device** that has commenced a pivotal study in pancreatic cancer.
- Localised radiation therapy is inherently safe, effective and well tolerated, ideal for pancreatic cancer.
- There are highly commercially successful precedents for localised radiation therapy in liver cancer and prostate cancer



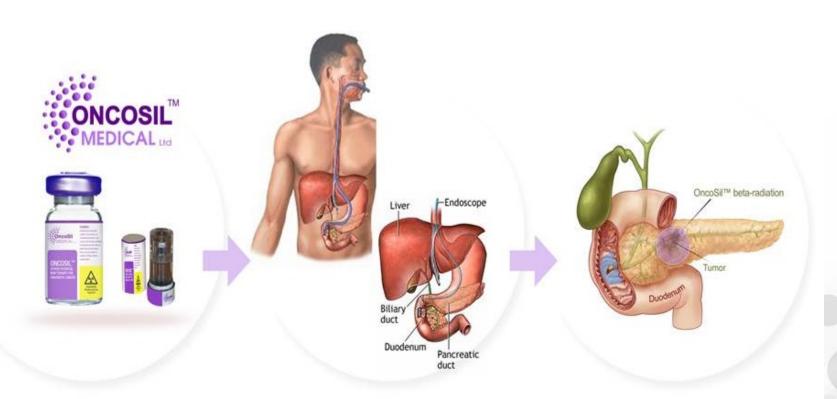
... therefore OncoSil™ as a localised radiation therapy for pancreatic cancer is a major opportunity for patients and investors

## ABOUT ONCOSIL<sup>TM</sup>

- Pure beta radiation source (P32) to avoid systemic side effects
- Localised radiation therapy using "sticky" microparticles
- Carrier particles are inert silicon
- Particles are suspended in fluid to allow direct injection into the tumour
- Single Injection under anaesthesia takes 30 minutes
- Local radiation in the tumour lasts around 3 months

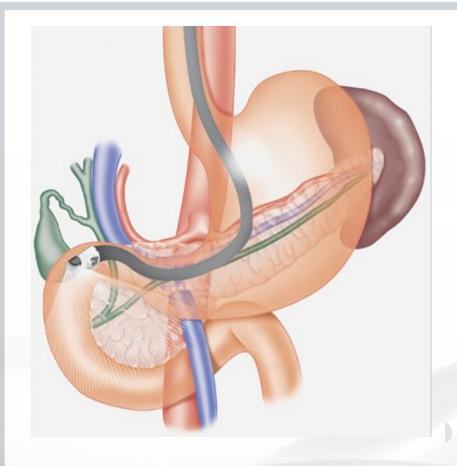
## HOW ONCOSIL<sup>TM</sup> WORKS

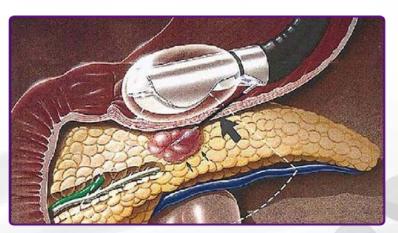




## ONCOSIL™ ADMINISTRATION







Endoscopic ultrasound positions the injection of OncoSil™ in the pancreatic tumour



### COMPLETED PILOT STUDY



#### **RESULTS:**

- 17 locally advanced pancreatic cancer patients
- Significant tumouricidal activity with a disease control rate of 82%: 4 Partial Responses, 10 Stable disease and 3 Progressive Disease
- Average reduction in pain of 35%, with a maximum reduction of 69% between weeks 8 and 11 following implant
- Median progression free survival was 121 days
- Median overall survival was 309 days or 10+ months (compared with a typical 5.7 months with gemcitabine alone)

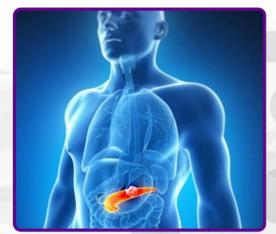
## PANCREATIC CANCER



#### MAJOR UNMET CLINICAL NEED

- ➤ 280,000+ pancreatic cancer incidence yearly world wide (1)
- Median survival ~8 months and 5 year survival less than 7%
- Severe abdominal and back pain is a significant complication in patients who develop pancreatic cancer
- Approximately 45,000 new patients diagnosed with pancreatic cancer in the US each year
- World market for pancreatic drugs is projected to exceed \$1.2b by 2015 (2)







# TREATMENT CHOICES FOR MOST HUMAN CANCERS

Surgery: Cut out the tumour:

- Only possible in 20% of PC patients



Chemotherapy: Poison tumour growth

Examples: Gemcitabine and Nab-paclitaxel



Radiation therapy: (external beam radiation shown)

Irradiate the body

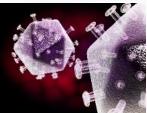
- 30 days of radiation

- Many side effects



Disrupt growth pathways in the tumour

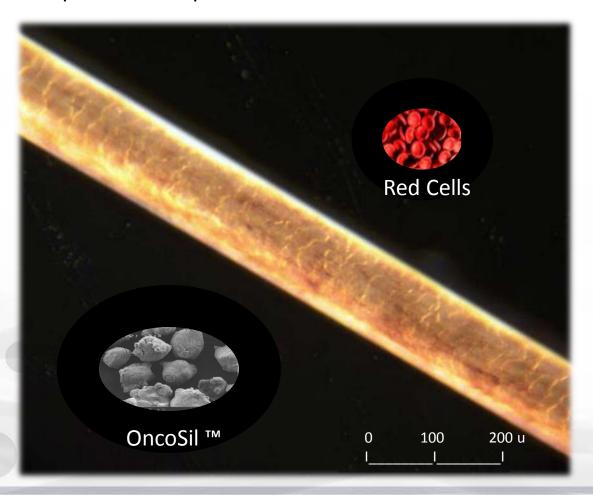
Immune therapy: - Vaccines against tumour antigens





### ONCOSIL™ Micro Particles

OncoSil™ particles compared with a human hair and red blood cells





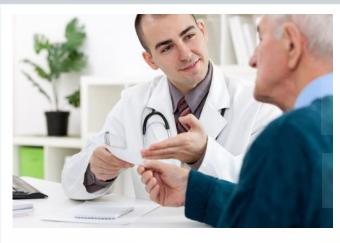
#### MEDICAL DEVICE DEVELOPMENT

#### Differences between drug and device development

Drugs require Phase I, II and III clinical studies Expensive, slow and resource intense Typically 10 years to market (from bench)

Devices require Pilot and Pivotal studies Faster, fewer patients, no drug interaction work Typically 5 years to market

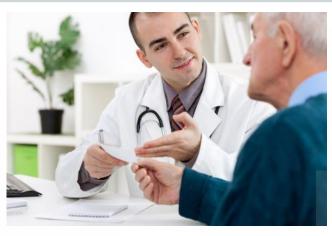




#### STUDY PURPOSES

- Achievement of registration for OncoSil™ in key global markets
- Create state-of-the-art publication to influence key opinion leaders in treatment of pancreatic cancer
- ▶ Establish international credibility for OncoSil™
- Create network of Key Opinion Leaders globally
- ► Establish viable and validated distribution channel for OncoSil™





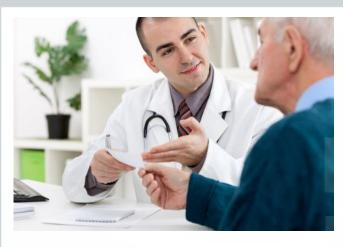
#### STUDY DESIGN

- Randomized open label clinical trial (Gold Standard)
- Combination of OncoSil™ with standard of care (SOC) (gemcitabine, or gemcitabine plus Abraxane™) versus SOC alone
- Chemotherapy commenced within four weeks prior to implantation, or within three days following implantation
- 150 patients, randomized 100 to OncoSil™ plus SOC and 50 to SOC alone
- Single intra-tumoural implant of OncoSil™

#### SITES

- Experienced multidisciplinary medical team
- Nuclear Medicine capabilities
- Up to 20 in EU, USA, Australasia





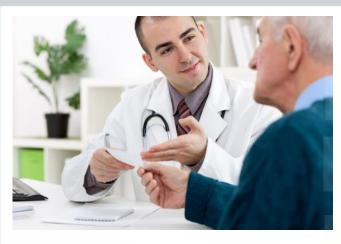
#### STUDY DESIGN (Inclusion/ exclusion)

- Pancreatic cancer, locally advanced, non-resectable
- Concomitant chemotherapy (gemcitabine, or gemcitabine plus Abraxane™)
- Chemotherapy commenced within four weeks prior to implantation, or within three days following implantation
- Metastases limited to lung and/or liver, with none life threatening or greater than 5cm diameter
- Informed consent
- Life expectancy of at least three months

#### **EXCLUSION**

- Pregnant
- ECOG 3 or 4
- Prior radiation therapy





#### **ENDPOINTS**

#### PRIMARY:

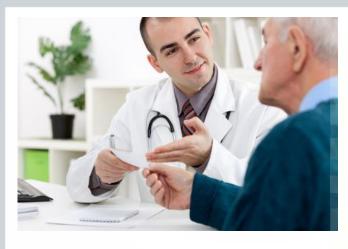
- Overall survival (time from randomization to death) SECONDARY:
- Progression free survival (time to clinical or radiological confirmed progression)
- Quality of Life (EORTC Scale)
- Pain (Brief Pain Index, point of time and 24 hours)

#### POTENTIAL RECRUITMENT RATE

- Peaks at 12 patients per month (0.6 p/s/m)
- ▶ Predicted overall recruitment 12 months from 1<sup>st</sup> patient
- Note: Interim PFS analysis planned for ONC-301 for the first 30 patients at 6 months after their commencement of the study



### REGISTRATION STUDY: CHALLENGES



#### To Boldly Go.....

- ➤ No prior state-of-the art studies to reference
- Study design for registration is open for discussion
- Investigator buy-in
- Global Study design
- Supply logistics
- Global coordination
- Opinion Leaders/ Opinionated Leaders
- Funding is king

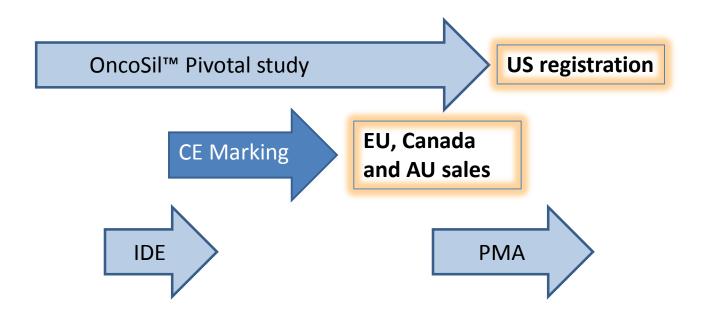
## .... Where No Oncology Device Study has gone before

- Unmet need overcomes all obstacles
- ▶ If the KOI's buy-in the product will likely succeed
- Risk/ Benefit ratio critical

### REGULATORY STRATEGY

#### PLAN FOR GLOBAL DEVICE REGISTRATION

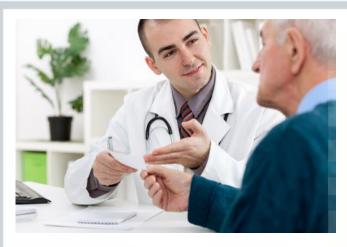
H1 2014 H2 2014 H1 2015 H2 2015 H1 2016 H2 2016 H1 2017



OncoSil's global registration strategy is with CE (Conformité Européenne) mark with the EMA (European Medicines Agency), and with the United States FDA (Food and Drug Administration PMA (pre-marketing approval). IDE: Investigational Device Exemption. PMA: Pre Marketing Approval



#### CONCLUSIONS



- Device studies are different to drug studies
- ▶ No requirement for ADME and drug interaction studies
- Predictable device life
- No long term safety issues
- Building on existing technology
- No change of existing medical practice
- Strong KOL buy in to technology in this area
- Regulatory paths are different for devices and drugs
- A strong cash balance increases investor confidence