ASX ANNOUNCEMENT

24 August 2015

2015 Full Year Financial Report for Lend Lease Trust

Attached is the full year Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2015 for the Lend Lease Trust.

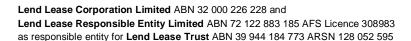
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lendlease

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT LEND LEASE TRUST 2015

Lend Lease Trust

ARSN 128 052 595

Annual Financial Report June 2015

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Directors' Declaration......20

Lend Lease Responsible Entity Limited ABN 72 122 883 185 AFSL No. 308983 is the responsible entity of the Lend Lease Trust ARSN 128 052 595. Lend Lease Trust ('LLT') is domiciled in Australia. LLT is a for-profit entity. Further information about LLT's primary activities is included in the Directors' Report.

Shares in Lend Lease Corporation ('the Company') and units in LLT are traded as one security under the name of Lend Lease Group on the Australian Securities Exchange ('ASX').

Following stapled securityholders' approval on 14 November 2014, the Company has reallocated capital to LLT by reducing the Company's share capital by A\$400,500,000 and applying that amount as additional capital to LLT. This capital reallocation did not affect the number of shares on issue nor the number of units held by securityholders and did not result in any cash distribution to members.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 24 August 2015.

Directors' Report

The Directors of Lend Lease Responsible Entity Limited (ABN 72 122 883 185), the Responsible Entity of Lend Lease Trust ('the Trust'), present their Report together with the Annual Financial Report of the Trust, for the year ended 30 June 2015 and the Auditor's Report thereon.

The Responsible Entity is a wholly owned subsidiary of Lend Lease Corporation Limited ('the Company') and forms part of the consolidated Lend Lease Group ('the Group'). The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity is Level 4, 30 The Bond, 30 Hickson Road, Millers Point NSW 2000.

Governance

a. Board/Directors

The name of each person who has been a Director of the Responsible Entity between 1 July 2014 and the date of this Report are:

D A Crawford, AO Chairman and Director since 2009

S B McCann Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director since 2009

C B Carter, AM Director since 2012 P M Colebatch Director since 2009 S B Dobbs Appointed January 2015 P C Goldmark Retired November 2014 J S Hemstritch Director since 2011 DJ Ryan, AO Director since 2009 M J Ullmer Director since 2011 N M Wakefield Evans Director since 2013

b. Company Secretary

W Lee

Ms Lee was appointed in January 2010.

The qualifications and experience of each person holding the position of Director and Company Secretary of the Responsible Entity at the date of this Report is detailed in the 2015 Lend Lease Group Annual Report.

c. Interest in Capital

The interest of each of the Directors (in office at the date of this Report) in the stapled securities of the Group at 24 August 2015 is set out below.

		Securities			Securities	
	Securities	Held		Securities	Held	
	Held	Beneficially/		Held	Beneficially/	
	Directly	Indirectly	Total	Directly	Indirectly	Total
Director	2015	2015¹	2015	2014	2014 ¹	2014
D A Crawford	850	77,008	77,858	809	75,650	76,459
S B McCann	481,864	230,623	712,487	525,784	154,443	680,227
C B Carter		15,000	15,000		15,000	15,000
P M Colebatch	5,023	13,300	18,323	5,023	13,300	18,323
S B Dobbs		2,000	2,000	N/A	N/A	N/A
P C Goldmark ²				8,441	16,353	24,794
J S Hemstritch		20,000	20,000		20,000	20,000
D J Ryan		35,312	35,312	15,792	15,481	31,273
M J Ullmer		50,000	50,000		25,000	25,000
N M Wakefield Evans		4,000	4,000		4,000	4,000

¹ Includes securities in the Retirement Plan beneficially held by Non Executive Directors.

² PC Goldmark retired in November 2014.

Directors' Report continued

2. Operations

a. Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Trust include direct and indirect property investments in the Australia region. For the year ended 30 June 2015 the Trust had ownership interests in indirect property investments in the Australia region.

b. Review and Results of Operations

For the year ended 30 June 2015 the Trust reported a profit after tax of A\$88,402,000 (June 2014: A\$71,369,000).

Key transactions during the year include:

- The acquisition of further units in Australian Prime Property Fund Commercial ('APPFC') A\$37,383,000 and subsequent partial disposal
 of units in APPFC for proceeds of A\$100,001,000.
- Partial disposal of units in Australian Prime Property Fund Industrial ('APPFI') for proceeds of A\$180,000,000;
- The acquisition for A\$33,860,000 and subsequent sale for A\$34,046,000 of units in the Lend Lease Sub Regional Retail Fund;
- Subscriptions for units in Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust with an initial commitment of A\$191,250,000 which was
 paid in July 2015.
- Further investment A\$68,850,000 of previously committed spend into Lend Lease International Towers Sydney Trust; and
- Following stapled securityholders' approval on 14 November 2014, the Company has reallocated capital to the Trust by reducing the
 Company's share capital by A\$400,500,000 and applying that amount as additional capital to the Trust. This capital reallocation did not
 affect the number of shares on issue nor the number of units held by securityholders and did not result in any cash distribution to
 members.

c. Distributions

For the year ended 30 June 2015 the Trust declared distributions of A\$41,513,000 (June 2014: A\$66,644,000). Distributions of A\$17,545,000 were paid on 18 March 2015. The remaining distributions of A\$23,968,000 were provided for as at 30 June 2015 and will be paid on 18 September 2015.

d. Significant Changes in State of Affairs

There have been no significant changes in the Trust's state of affairs.

e. Events Subsequent to Balance Date

There were no material events subsequent to the end of the financial year.

f. Likely Developments

Details of likely developments in the operations of the Trust in subsequent financial years are contained in the likely developments section of the Directors' Report in the Lend Lease Group Annual Report.

g. Environmental Regulation

The Group is subject to various state and federal environmental regulations in Australia.

The Directors are not aware of any material non compliance with environmental regulations pertaining to the operations or activities during the period covered by this Report. In addition, the Group is registered and publicly reports the annual performance of its Australian operations under the requirements of the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting (NGER) Act 2007 and Energy Efficiency Opportunities (EEO) Act 2006.

All Lend Lease businesses continue to operate an integrated Environment, Health and Safety Management System ensuring that non compliance risks and opportunities for environmental improvement are identified, managed and reported accordingly.

3. Other

a. Security Options

No security options were issued during the year by the Trust, and there are no such options on issue.

Directors' Report continued

3. Other continued

b. Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

Rule 12 of the Trust's Constitution provides for indemnification in favour of each of the Directors named on page one of this Report; the officers of the Responsible Entity or of wholly owned subsidiaries or related entities of the Responsible Entity ('Officers') to the extent permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*. Rule 12 does not indemnify a Director, Company Secretary or Officer for any liability involving a lack of good faith.

Each of the Directors is also a Director of the Company and has entered into a Deed of Indemnity, Insurance and Access with the Company. That indemnity extends to indemnify each of the Directors in respect of their roles as officers of the Responsible Entity. The Responsible Entity has not entered into separate deeds of indemnity with the Directors.

No indemnity has been granted to an auditor of the Responsible Entity in their capacity as auditor of the Responsible Entity.

In accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, Rule 12 of the Constitution also permits the Responsible Entity to purchase and maintain insurance or pay or agree to pay a premium for insurance for Officers against any liability incurred as an officer of the Company or of a related body corporate. Due to confidentiality obligations and undertakings for the policy, no further details in respect of the premium or policy can be disclosed.

c. Special rules for Registered Schemes

A\$438,000 in fees and other expenses were paid or are payable to Lend Lease Corporation Limited and its associates out of the assets of the Trust for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 (June 2014: A\$768,000).

No units in the Trust were held by the Responsible Entity at the end of the financial year. Associates of the Responsible Entity held 32,559,512 units as at the end of the financial year.

Details of the units issued in the Trust during the financial year are set out in the Statement of Changes in Equity.

Details of the value of the Trust assets as at the end of the financial year and the basis of the valuation are set out in the Statement of Financial Position and Basis of Preparation.

Details of the number of Units in the Trust as at the end of the financial year are set out in Note 13 'Issued Capital'.

d. Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

The Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration is set out on page four and forms part of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2015.

e. Rounding Off

Lend Lease Trust is a Trust of the kind referred to in the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Class Order 98/100 dated 10 July 1998 and in accordance with that Class Order, amounts in the financial statements and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, or, where the amount is A\$500 or less, zero, unless specifically stated otherwise.

D A Crawford, AO

Chairman

S B McCann

Group Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director

Sydney, 24 August 2015



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To: the directors of Lend Lease Responsible Entity Limited (the Responsible Entity of Lend Lease Trust)

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

KPMG

S J Marshall

Partner

Sydney

24 August 2015

Financial Statements

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended 30 June 2015

		June 2015	June 2014
	Note	A\$'000	A\$'000
Revenue and other income	3	50,535	50,460
Other expenses		(1,105)	(2,249)
Results from operating activities		49,430	48,211
Finance revenue	4	6,360	2,561
Net finance revenue		6,360	2,561
Share of profit of equity accounted investments	6	32,612	20,597
Profit before tax		88,402	71,369
Income tax expense			
Profit after tax		88,402	71,369
Other comprehensive income net of tax			
Total comprehensive income after tax		88,402	71,369
Basic/diluted earnings per unit (cents)	2	15.26	12.38

Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2015

	Note	June 2015 A\$'000	June2014 A\$'000
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	330,995	48,295
Loans and receivables	16	233,627	18,643
Total current assets		564,622	66,938
Non Current Assets			
Loans and receivables	16		11,056
Equity accounted investments	8	372,733	80,925
Other financial assets	9	244,921	467,555
Total non current assets		617,654	559,536
Total assets		1,182,276	626,474
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	17	191,695	508
Distributions payable	1	23,968	40,693
Borrowings and financing arrangements	12		72,000
Total current liabilities		215,663	113,201
Total liabilities		215,663	113,201
Net assets		966,613	513,273
Equity			
Issued capital	13	911,168	504,717
Retained earnings		55,445	8,556
Total equity attributable to unitholders		966,613	513,273

Financial Statements continued

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 30 June 2015

	Issued Capital A\$'000	Retained Earnings A\$'000	Total Equity A\$'000
Balance as at 1 July 2013	502,322	3,831	506,153
Total Comprehensive Income			
Profit for the period		71,369	71,369
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of tax)			
Total Comprehensive Income	-	71,369	71,369
Transactions with Owners of the Trust			
Distribution reinvestment plan (DRP)	2,395		2,395
Distributions paid and provided for		(66,644)	(66,644)
Total other movements	2,395	(66,644)	(64,249)
Balance as at 30 June 2014	504,717	8,556	513,273
Balance as at 1 July 2014	504,717	8,556	513,273
Total Comprehensive Income Profit for the period Other Comprehensive Income (Net of tax)		88,402	88,402
Total Comprehensive Income	-	88,402	88,402
Recapitalisation of LLT	400,500		400,500
Transactions with Owners of the Trust			
Distribution reinvestment plan (DRP)	5,951		5,951
Distributions paid and provided for		(41,513)	(41,513)
Total other movements	406,451	(41,513)	364,938
Balance as at 30 June 2015	911,168	55,445	966,613

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 30 June 2015

	Note	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash receipts in the course of operations		1,525	1,849
Cash payments in the course of operations		(1,168)	(1,895)
Interest received		4,208	3,506
Distributions received		32,968	17,899
Net cash provided by operating activities	11	37,533	21,359
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Sale of investment in joint venture		34,046	45,465
Sale of other financial assets		280,001	
Acquisition of investment in joint venture		(102,710)	(18,250)
Acquisition of other financial assets		(37,383)	(464,059)
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities		173,954	(436,844)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Recapitalisation		400,500	
Proceeds from borrowings		75,000	72,000
Repayment of borrowings		(147,000)	
Loan to related party		(205,000)	
Distributions paid		(52,287)	(29,258)
Net cash provided by financing activities		71,213	42,742
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		282,700	(372,743)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		48,295	421,038
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	10	330,995	48,295

Notes to the Financial Statements

Basis of Preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which:

- has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards ('AASBs') adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board, and the Corporations Act 2001;
- complies with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRSs') adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board;
- is presented in Australian dollars, with all values rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise indicated, in accordance with Class Order 98/100; and
- is prepared under the historical cost basis except for the following assets, which are stated at their fair value: fair value through profit or loss investments.

Significant accounting policies have been:

- included in the relevant notes to which the policies relate, and other significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 23; and
- consistently applied to all financial years presented in the financial statements, except as explained in Note 22 'Impact of New and Revised Accounting Standards'.

The preparation of a financial report that complies with AASBs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions.

- This can affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.
- Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.
- The significant accounting policies highlight information about accounting judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on reported amounts and further information about estimated uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in material adjustments within the next financial year.

The Trust presents assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position as current or non current.

- Current assets include assets held primarily for trading purposes, cash and cash equivalents, and assets expected to be realised in, or intended for sale or use in, the course of the Trust's operating cycle. All other assets are classified as non current.
- Current liabilities include liabilities held primarily for trading purposes, liabilities expected to be settled in the course of the Trust's
 operating cycle and those liabilities due within one year from the reporting date. All other liabilities are classified as non current
 liabilities.

Section A: Performance

Profit After Tax (PAT) is the key measure used to assess the Trust's performance. This section of the Financial Report focuses on disclosure that enhances a user's understanding of PAT. The key line items of the Income Statement along with their components provide detail behind the reported balances. The Trust's performance will also impact the earnings per unit and distribution payout, therefore disclosure on these items has been included in this section. Further information and analysis on performance can be found in the Review and Results of Operations, which forms part of the Directors' Report.

1. Distributions

	Cents	June 2015	June 2014
	Per Unit	A\$'000	A\$'000
Lend Lease Trust Interim Distribution			
December 2014 – paid 18 March 2015	3.0	17,545	
December 2013 – paid 21 March 2014	4.5		25,951
		17,545	25,951
Lend Lease Trust Final Distribution			
June 2015 – provided for (payable 18 September 2015)	4.1	23,968	
June 2014 – paid 22 September 2014	7.0		40,693
		23,968	40,693
		41,513	66,644

2. Earnings Per Unit (EPU)

Accounting Policies

The Trust presents basic and diluted EPU in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Basic EPU is determined by dividing profit/(loss) after income tax attributable to the unitholders of the Trust, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary units, by the weighted average number of ordinary units outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary units issued during the financial year.

Diluted EPU is determined by adjusting the profit/(loss) after tax attributable to the unitholders of the Trust, and the weighted average number of ordinary units outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary units. The Trust currently does not have any dilutive potential ordinary units.

Financial Disclosure		June 2015	June 2014
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Unit (EPU)			
Profit after tax	A\$'000	88,402	71,369
Weighted average number of units	(000's)	579,357	576,630
Basic/diluted EPU	(cents)	15.26	12.38

3. Revenue and Other Income

Accounting Policies

Distribution income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established, usually on declaration of the distribution.

Net gains or losses on sale of investments, including equity accounted investments and fair value through profit or loss assets are recognised when an unconditional contract is in place.

Net gains or losses on fair value remeasurements are recognised in accordance with the policies stated in Note 9 'Other Financial Assets'.

Financial Disclosure	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
Distribution income	28,843	26,371
Net gain on sale of equity accounted investments	183	19,511
Net gain on sale of fair value through profit or loss assets	2,995	
Net gain on fair value remeasurement of fair value through profit or loss assets	16,989	3,496
Other income – related parties	1,525	1,082
Total revenue and other income	50,535	50,460

Section A: Performance continued

4. Finance Revenue

Accounting Policies

Finance revenue is recognised as it is earned using the effective interest method, which applies the interest rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument. The discount is then recognised as finance revenue over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

Financial Disclosure	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
Finance revenue – external parties	4,761	2,561
Interest discounting	1,599	•
Total revenue and other income	6,360	2,561

5. Other Expenses

Other expenses includes Auditors' Remuneration as detailed below:

	June 2015	June 2014
	A\$	A\$
Auditors' Remuneration		
Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditors of Lend Lease Trust for:		
Audit and Other Assurance Services		
Audit services	54,000	53,000
Other assurance services	3,162	26,000
Total audit and other assurance services	57,162	79,000
Non audit services		
Total audit, other assurance and non audit services	57,162	79,000

6. Share of Profit of Equity Accounted Investments

Accounting Policies

Investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method. The share of profit recognised under the equity method is the Trust's share of the investment's profit or loss based on ownership interest held. Associates (including partnerships) are entities in which the Trust, as a result of its voting rights, has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

For associates, this is from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases, and for joint ventures, this is from the date joint control commences until the date joint control ceases.

Refer to Note 8 'Equity Accounted Investments' for accounting policy on investments in joint ventures and associates.

	SHARE OF I	PROFIT
	June 2015	June 2014
	A\$'000	A\$'000
a. Associates		
Lend Lease Sub Regional Retail Fund ¹	904	
Total associates	904	-
b. Joint Ventures ²		
Lend Lease International Towers Sydney Trust	31,708	20,597
Total joint ventures	31,708	20,597
Total equity accounted investments	32,612	20,597

¹ Lend Lease sold its interest in Lend Lease Sub Regional Retail Fund subsequent to acquisition in the financial year. This represents the contribution of profit during the period of holding the investment as an associate.

² Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust did not contribute any profit during the year.

Section A: Performance continued

6. Share of Profit of Equity Accounted Investments continued

c. Material Associates and Joint Ventures summarised financial information

The table below and in Note 8b provides summarised financial information for those joint ventures that are material to Lend Lease Trust. The information disclosed reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the relevant joint ventures and are not the reporting entities share of those amounts. They have been amended to reflect adjustments made by Lend Lease Trust when using the equity method, including fair value adjustments and differences in accounting policies.

	LEND LEASE INT TOWERS SYD	
	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
Statement of Comprehensive Income		
Revenue from provision of services		
Interest income	93	52
Depreciation and amortisation		
Fair value revaluations	217,452	112,820
Interest expense		
Other expenses	(6,158)	(3,334)
Income tax expense		
Profit for the period	211,387	109,538
Other comprehensive income		
Total comprehensive income	211,387	109,538
Dividends received from joint ventures	-	_
% ownership	15%	15%¹
Lend Lease Trust's share of comprehensive income of joint ventures	31,708	20,597

During the prior period, the Group sold 10% of its interest. At 30 June 2014, the Group held a 15% interest.

There were no capital expenditure or lease commitments contracted but not provided for during the current or prior year for the material associates and joint ventures.

The table below provides summarised financial information for those associates and joint ventures that are individually immaterial to the Trust.

	ASSOCIATES	
	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
Aggregate amounts of the Trust's share of:		
Profit from continuing operations	904	
Other comprehensive income		
Aggregate amounts of Trust's share of total comprehensive income of individually immaterial		
equity accounted investments	904 ¹	_

¹ Represents the contribution of profit during the period of holding the investment as an associate.

7. Events Subsequent to Balance Date

There were no material events subsequent to the end of the financial year.

Section B: Investment

Investment in associates and joint ventures are in property projects and more passive assets, such as property funds which drive the current and future performance of the Trust. This section includes disclosures for indirect property assets such as Equity Accounted Investments and Other Financial Assets contained within the Statement of Financial Position.

8. Equity Accounted Investments

Accounting Policies

Equity Accounted Investments (Associates and Joint Ventures)

As discussed in Note 6 'Share of Profit of Equity Accounted Investments', investments in Associates and Joint Ventures are equity accounted. The share of investment recognised under the equity method is the Trust's share of the investment's net assets based on ownership interest held.

Investments in associates and joint ventures are carried at the lower of the equity accounted carrying amount and the recoverable amount. When the Trust's share of losses exceeds the carrying amount of the equity accounted investment (including assets that form part of the net investment in the associate or joint venture entity), the carrying amount is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Trust has recourse to obligations in respect of the associate or joint venture.

Dividends from associates and joint ventures represent a return on the Trust's investment and as such are applied as a reduction to the carrying value of the investment. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investments are eliminated against the investment in the associate or joint venture to the extent of the Trust's interest in the associate or joint venture. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

	INTEREST		NET BOOK	NET BOOK VALUE	
	June 2015	June 2014	June 2015	June 2014	
Financial Disclosure	%	%	A\$'000	A\$'000	
a. Joint Ventures				_	
Lend Lease International Towers Sydney Trust	15.0	15.0	181,483	80,925	
Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust	37.5		191,250		
Total equity accounted investments			372,733	80,925	

	LEND LEASE INTERNATIONAL TOWERS SYDNEY TRUST		LEND LEASE ONE INTERNATIONATION	
	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
b. Material Joint Ventures Summarised Financial Information				
Statement of Financial Position				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	4,212	936		
Other current assets	10,307	2,927	598,897	
Total current assets	14,519	3,863	598,897	-
Non current assets	2,236,248	1,233,520	883,951	
Total non current assets	2,236,248	1,233,520	883,951	-
Current liabilities				
Financial liabilities (excluding trade payables)	458,491	225,788	150,000	
Other current liabilities	275,464	138,691	650,207	
Total current liabilities	733,955	364,479	800,207	-
Non current liabilities				
Financial liabilities (excluding trade payables)	306,926	132,673	172,641	
Other non current liabilities		200,732		
Total non current liabilities	306,926	333,405	172,641	_
Net assets	1,209,886	539,499	510,000	_
Reconciliation to Carrying Amounts				
Opening net assets 1 July	539,499	356,961		
Profit for the period	211,387	109,538		
Acquisition/contributions	459,000	73,000	510,000	
Closing net assets	1,209,886	539,499	510,000	_
Lend Lease Trust's share of net assets and carrying amount at				
end of year	181,483	80,925	191,250	_

Section B: Investment continued

9. Other Financial Assets

Accounting Policies

The following table summarises the accounting policies of investments the Trust classifies as material financial assets, the classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired.

Investment Category	Classification Criteria	Initial Recognition	Subsequent Measurement	Impairment
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss at initial recognition - either to eliminate a measurement or recognition inconsistency, or where a group of financial assets is managed, and its performance is evaluated, on a fair value basis.	At fair value (generally transaction price). Transaction costs are recorded as expenses when they are incurred.	Fair value, any changes in fair value are reflected in the Income Statement.	Fair value losses are reflected in the Income Statement.
Loans and receivables	Refer to Note 16 'Loans and Recei	ivables'.		

Financial Disclosure	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
Non Current Measured at Fair Value		
Fair Value Through Profit or Loss - Designated at Initial Recognition		
Australian Prime Property Fund – Industrial	71,304	239,318
Australian Prime Property Fund – Commercial	173,617	228,237
Total other financial assets	244,921	467,555

Section C: Liquidity and Working Capital

The ability of the Trust to fund the continued investment in new opportunities and meet current commitments is dependent on available cash and access to third party capital. This section contains disclosure on the financial assets, financial liabilities, cash flows and equity that are required to finance the Trust's activities, including existing commitments and the liquidity risk exposure associated with financial liabilities. The section also contains disclosures for the Trust's trading assets, excluding inventories, and the trading liabilities incurred as a result of trading activities used to generate the Trust's Performance.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Accounting Policies

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, bank overdrafts and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash within three months and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Bank overdrafts (if applicable) are shown as a current liability on the Statement of Financial Position and are shown as a reduction to the cash balance in the Statement of Cash Flows.

Financial Disclosure	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
Cash	102,765	94
Short term investments	228,230	48,201
Total cash and cash equivalents	330,995	48,295

Short term investments earned variable rates of interest which averaged 2.7% per annum during the year ended 30 June 2015 (June 2014: 2.8% per annum).

Section C: Liquidity and Working Capital continued

11. Notes to Statement of Cash Flows

	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
Reconciliation of Profit After Tax to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Profit after tax	88,402	71,369
Profit of equity accounted investment	(32,612)	(20,597)
Gain on sale of equity accounted investment	(183)	(19,511)
Gain on sale of other financial assets	(2,995)	
Distributions of equity accounted investments	901	
Fair value gain on fair value through profit or loss assets	(16,989)	(3,496)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	1,072	(6,760)
(Decrease)/increase in payables	(63)	354
Net cash provided by operating activities	37,533	21,359

12. Borrowings and Financing Arrangements

Accounting Policies

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Under the amortised cost method the difference between the amount initially recognised and the redemption value is recorded in the Income Statement over the period of the borrowing on an effective interest basis. Borrowings are referred to in this section using their redemption value when describing the terms and conditions.

Financial Disclosure	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
Current		
Loan from related party		72,000
Total borrowings	-	72,000

In June 2012 the Trust entered into a non interest bearing Revolving Loan Facility with a related party in the Lend Lease Group. The loan was repaid during the year.

Financial Arrangements

The Trust has access to the following financial facilities:

	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
Related party loan facility		
Facility available	300,000	300,000
Amount of facility used		(72,000)
Amount of facility unused	300,000	228,000

Consistent with prior periods, the Trust has not defaulted on any obligations of principal or interest in relation to its borrowings and finance arrangements and other financial liabilities.

Section C: Liquidity and Working Capital continued

Issued Capital

Accounting Policies

Ordinary units are classified as equity. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary units are recognised as a deduction from equity. When issued capital recognised as equity is repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, including directly attributable costs, is recognised as a change in equity. Distributions are recognised as a liability in the financial year in which they are declared.

Financial Disclosure	JUNE 20	015	JUNE 2014	
	No of units		No of units	
	000's	A\$'000	000's	A\$'000
Issued Capital				
Issued capital at beginning of financial year	577,476	504,717	575,508	502,322
Recapitalisation of Lend Lease Trust		400,500		
Distribution Reinvestment Plan (DRP)	2,993	5,951	1,968	2,395
Issued capital at end of financial year	580,469	911,168	577,476	504,717

a. Issuance of Securities

Following stapled securityholders' approval on 14 November 2014, the Company has reallocated capital to LLT by reducing the Company's share capital by A\$400,500,000 and applying that amount as additional capital to LLT. This capital reallocation did not affect the number of shares on issue nor the number of units held by securityholders and did not result in any cash distribution to members.

At 30 June 2015 Lend Lease Trust had 580,468,486 units on issue equivalent to the number of Lend Lease Corporation shares on issue. The issued units of the Trust and shares on issue by Lend Lease Corporation Limited are stapled securities.

b. Security Accumulation Plans

The Distribution Reinvestment Plan ('DRP') was reactivated in February 2011. The last date for receipt of an election notice for participation in the DRP is 1 September 2015. The issue price is the arithmetic average of the daily volume weighted average price of Lend Lease stapled securities traded (on the Australian Securities Exchange) for the period of five consecutive business days immediately following the record date for determining entitlements to distribution. If that price is less than 50 cents, the issue price will be 50 cents. Stapled securities issued under the DRP rank equally with all other stapled securities on issue.

c. Terms and Conditions

A stapled security represents one share in the Company stapled to one unit in the Trust.

Stapled securityholders have the right to receive declared dividends from the Company and distributions from the Trust and are entitled to one vote per stapled security at securityholders' meetings. Ordinary stapled securityholders rank after all creditors in repayment of capital.

14. Liquidity Risk Exposure

Further information on Liquidity Risk is disclosed in Note 18 'Financial Risk Management'. As disclosed in Note 20 'Contingent Liabilities' in certain circumstances the Trust guarantees the performance of particular Stapled Group entities in respect of their obligations including bonding and bank guarantees. Issued bank guarantees have cash collateralisation requirements if the bank guarantee facility is not renewed by the provider. At 30 June 2015, the Group does not anticipate a significant liquidity risk in relation to these facilities in the next 12 months.

The following are the contractual cash flow maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments.

	Note	Carrying Amount A\$'000	Contractual Cash Flows A\$'000	Less than One Year A\$'000	One to Two Years A\$'000	Two to Five Years A\$'000	More than Five Years A\$'000
June 2015							
Non Derivative Financial Liabilities							
Trade and other payables	17	191,695	191,695	191,695			
Distributions payable	1	23,968	23,968	23,968			
Total		215,663	215,663	215,663	-	-	-
June 2014							
Non Derivative Financial Liabilities							
Trade and other payables	17	508	508	508			
Distributions payable	1	40,693	40,693	40,693			
Borrowings and financing arrangements	12	72,000	72,000	72,000			
Total		113,201	113,201	113,201	-	-	-

Other contractually committed cash flows the Trust is exposed to are detailed in Note 15 'Commitments'.

Section C: Liquidity and Working Capital continued

15. Commitments¹

	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
At balance date, capital commitments existing in respect of interests in equity accounted investments in the financial statements are as follows:		
Due within one year	266,145	141,279
Due between one and five years	236,655	96,621
	502,800	237,900

¹ The commitments outlined in this note do not include the commitments of the material joint ventures and associates (refer to Note 8 'Equity Accounted Investments')

16. Loans and Receivables

Accounting Policies

Loans and receivables are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not equity securities. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, which applies the interest rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts over the term of the loans and receivables. Cash flows relating to short term trade and other receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial. The discount, if material, is then recognised as revenue over the remaining term.

	June 2015	June 2014
Financial Disclosure	A\$'000	A\$'000
Current		
Other receivables – external parties	28,627	18,643
Loan to related party	205,000	
Total current	233,627	18,643
Non Current		
Other receivables – external parties		11,056
Total non current	-	11,056
Total loans and receivables	233,627	29,699

During the current year, a related party in the Lend Lease Group made a drawdown of A\$205,000,000 on a non interest bearing Revolving Loan Facility entered into with the Trust. In accordance with the loan agreement, this loan is repayable in full on the maturity date being May 2016 or on such earlier date as the Trust determines.

The credit quality of all loans and receivables, including those neither past due nor impaired, is assessed and monitored on an ongoing basis. To determine the impairment provision for the financial year, the Trust considers how economic and market conditions will affect the creditworthiness of certain entities. There were no past due or impaired receivables for 30 June 2015 (June 2014: A\$nil past due and A\$nil impaired).

17. Trade and Other Payables

Accounting Policies

Trade Creditors

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether or not billed to the Group. Trade accounts payable are normally settled within 45 days.

Trade and other payables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, which applies the interest rate that discounts estimated future cash outflows over the term of the trade and other payables. Cash flows relating to short term trade and other payables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial. The discount, if material, is then recognised as an expense over the remaining term.

Financial Disclosure	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
Current		
Other payables ¹	191,250	
Related parties	445	508
Total trade and other payables	191,695	508

¹ Represents first equity call for the Trust's investment in Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust. Amount was paid in July 2015.

Section D: Risk Management

The Trust's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. The Trust's overall risk management strategy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise adverse effects on the Trust's performance. Treasury policies have been approved by the Board for managing this risk. This section contains disclosures of financial risks the Trust is exposed to and how the Trust manages these risks. The impact of contingent liabilities is also considered in this section.

18. Financial Risk Management

The Lend Lease Asset and Liability Committee oversees the management of the Lend Lease Trust's financial risks, within the parameters of a Board approved Treasury Policy, and maintains a Group-wide framework for financial risk management and reviews issues of material risk exposure within the scope of the Treasury Policy. A summary of key risks identified, exposures and management of exposures is detailed in the table below.

Risks Identified	Definition	Exposures	Management of Exposures
Credit	The risk that a counterparty will not be able to meet its obligations in respect of a financial instrument, resulting in a financial loss to the Trust	 Recoverability of loans and receivables Recoverability of other financial assets and cash deposits Further information on exposures is detailed in Note 18a 'Credit Risk Exposure' 	 Policies in place so that customers and suppliers are appropriately credit assessed Treasury Policy sets out credit limits for each counterparty based on minimum investment-grade ratings
Liquidity	The risk of having insufficient funds to settle financial liabilities as and when they fall due	Insufficient levels of committed credit facilities Settlement of financial liabilities Further information on exposures is detailed in Note 14 'Liquidity Risk Exposure'	 Maintaining sufficient levels of cash and committed credit facilities to meet financial commitments and working capital requirements Managing to funding portfolio benchmarks as outlined in the Treasury Policy Timely review and renewal of credit facilities
Interest Rate	The risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flow associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates	 Financial assets, mainly cash at bank Financial liabilities, mainly borrowings and finance arrangements Further information on exposures is detailed in Note 18b 'Interest Rate Risk Exposure' 	 Physical financial instruments Speculative trading is not permitted
Equity Price	The risk that the fair value of either a traded or non traded equity investment, derivative equity instrument, or a portfolio of such financial instruments, increases or decreases in the future	All traded and/or non traded financial instruments measured at fair value	Material investments within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis. The Group's portfolio is monitored closely as part of capital recycling initiatives

Section D: Risk Management continued

18. Financial Risk Management continued

a. Credit Risk Exposure

- The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date on financial instruments recognised in the Statement of Financial Position (excluding investments of the Trust) equals the carrying amount.
- Refer to Note 16 'Loans and Receivables' for information relating to impairment on loans and receivables. No provision for doubtful debts has been raised as no impairment has been identified.

b. Interest Rate Risk Exposure

The Trust's exposure to interest rate risk on its financial assets and liabilities is set out as follows, the Trust has no fixed rate instruments.

		CARRYING AMOUNT	
	Note	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2014 A\$'000
Variable Rate Instruments			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	330,995	48,295

Sensitivity Analysis

At 30 June 2015 it is estimated that an increase of one percentage point in interest rates would have increased the Trust's profit after tax by A\$3,310,000 (June 2014: A\$837,000). A one percentage point decrease in interest rates would have an equal opposite effect on equity and profit after tax. The increase or decrease in interest income/expense is proportional to the increase or decrease in interest rates.

Fair Value Measurement

Accounting Policies

The accounting policies for financial instruments held at fair value are included in Note 9 'Other Financial Assets'.

Management consider the valuation of the financial instruments to be an area of estimation uncertainty. While this represents the best estimation of fair value at the reporting date, the fair values may differ if there is volatility in market prices.

a. Basis of Determining Fair Value

The determination of fair values of financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at cost or amortised cost in the annual financial report are summarised as follows.

- The fair value of unlisted investments is determined based on an assessment of the underlying net assets, future maintainable earnings and any special circumstances pertaining to the particular investment; and
- The fair value of unlisted investments in property funds has been determined by reference to the fair value of the underlying properties, which are valued by independent appraisers.

b. Fair Value Measurements

The table below analyses financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: The fair value is determined using the unadjusted quoted price for an identical asset or liability in an active market for identical assets or liabilities:
- Level 2: The fair value is calculated using predominantly observable market data other than unadjusted quoted prices for an identical asset or liability; and
- Level 3: The fair value is calculated using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

		CARRYING AMOUNT			
	Note	Level 1 A\$'000	Level 2 A\$'000	Level 3 A\$'000	Total A\$'000
June 2015					
Financial Assets					
Fair value through profit or loss – unlisted equity investments	9			244,921	244,921
		-	-	244,921	244,921

During the year there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value hierarchies.

Section D: Risk Management continued

Fair Value Measurement continued

b. Fair Value Measurements continued

	CARRYING AMOUNT				
	Note	Level 1 A\$'000	Level 2 A\$'000	Level 3 A\$'000	Total A\$'000
June 2014					
Financial Assets					
Fair value through profit or loss – unlisted equity investments	9			467,555	467,555
		_	_	467,555	467,555
c. Fair Value Reconciliation					
Reconciliation of the carrying amount for Level 3 financial instrum	ents is set ou	ıt as follows.			
			Ur	June 2015 nlisted Equity Investments A\$'000	June 2014 Unlisted Equity Investments A\$'000
Carrying amount at beginning of financial year				467,555	
(Disposals)/additions				(239,623)	464,059
Gains recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income – reven	ue and other	income		16,989	3,496
Carrying amount at end of financial year				244,921	467,555

The potential effect of using reasonably possible alternative assumptions for valuation inputs would not have a material impact on the Trust.

20. Contingent Liabilities

The Trust has the following contingent liabilities:

In certain circumstances, the Trust, as part of the Stapled Group, guarantees the performance of particular Group entities in
respect of their obligations. This includes bonding and bank guarantee facilities used primarily by the construction business.
 These guarantees are provided in respect of activities that occur in ordinary course of business and any known losses in respect
of the relevant contracts have been brought to account.

The Trust does not have any other contingent liabilities at 30 June 2015.

Section E: Other Notes

21. Related Party Information

Key Management Personnel Disclosures

The Trust does not employ personnel in its own right. However it is required to have an incorporated Responsible Entity to manage its activities. The Responsible Entity is considered to be the Key Management Personnel of the Trust.

Responsible Entity's Remuneration

In accordance with the Trust's Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive costs incurred in performance of its duties and expense reimbursements where expenses have been incurred on behalf of the Trust.

As at 30 June 2015, A\$438,000 (June 2014: A\$768,000) was charged to the Trust, the amount owed to the Responsible Entity was A\$nil (June 2014: A\$nil).

Other Related Party Transactions

The Trust received other income of A\$1,525,000 from the Company (June 2014: A\$1,082,000).

Section F: Other Notes continued

22. Impact of New and Revised Accounting Standards

New and Revised Accounting Standards Adopted 1 July 2014

The table below represents new and revised accounting standards, together with consequential amendments relevant to the Trust's results at 30 June 2015.

Accounting Standard	Requirement	Impacts for the year ended 30 June 2015
AASB 2013-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Investment Entities	AASB 2013-5 provides an exemption from consolidation of subsidiaries under AASB 10 for entities that meet the definition of an 'investment entity', such as certain investment funds. Instead, such entities would measure their investment in particular subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss.	As a result of adopting the amendments, there has been no impact on the Trust's financial statements.
	This amendment has been applied with retrospective application.	

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations Not Yet Adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 but are available for early adoption and have not been applied in preparing this report.

Accounting Standard	Requirement	Impact on Financial Statements
AASB 9 Financial Instruments and consequential amendments	AASB 9 addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets, financial liabilities, and hedging. The standard becomes mandatory for the June 2019 financial year, and will be applied prospectively.	Based on the preliminary analysis performed, AASB 9 and consequential amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Trust.
AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and consequential amendments	AASB 15 provides a new five step model for recognising revenue earned from a contract with a customer and will replace the existing AASB 118 <i>Revenue</i> . The standard becomes mandatory for the June 2019 financial year and will be applied retrospectively.	Based on the preliminary analysis performed, AASB 15 and consequential amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Trust.

23. Other Significant Accounting Policies

a. Income Tax

Under current Australian income tax legislation the Trust is not liable for income tax, including capital gains tax, to the extent that unitholders are presently entitled to the taxable income of the Trust.

b. Goods and Services Tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax ('GST'), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office ('ATO') is included as a current asset or liability in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the Directors of Lend Lease Responsible Entity Limited, the responsible entity for the Lend Lease Trust ('the Trust'):

- 1. The financial statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - a. Giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Trust as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - b. Complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- 2. The financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in the Basis of Preparation.
- 3. There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Trust will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 4. The Directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer for the financial year ended 30 June 2015.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

D A Crawford, AO

S B McCann Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director Chairman

Sydney, 24 August 2015



Independent auditor's report to the members of Lend Lease Trust

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Lend Lease Trust (the Trust), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2015, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, notes 1 to 23 comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of Lend Lease Responsible Entity Limited (the Responsible Entity of the Trust) are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In the Basis of Preparation, the directors of the Responsible Entity also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the Trust's financial position, and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Lend Lease Trust is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Trust's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in the Basis of Preparation.

KPMG

KPMG

S J Marshall *Partner*

14/11/

Sydney

24 August 2015