

White Energy Company Limited

Appendix 5B Mining Exploration Entity Quarterly Report



The Indian Gap Sizing Plant and coal stockpiles - Mountainside Coal Company Inc., Kentucky

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITY

A summary of the major items of activity for White Energy Company Limited ("White Energy", "WEC" or the "Company") during the quarter ended **30 September 2015** is outlined below.

HIGHLIGHTS

- Generated a further US\$5.9m in coal sales revenue at MCC during the quarter, amidst a weak U.S. coal market
- Continued to progress the detailed engineering and design study for the proposed construction of a BCB project with a major South African coal producer
- Work continues on the legal dispute with Bayan Resources relating to terminated KSC JV, with the first tranche of the trial to be heard from 16 November 2015
- Continued to implement a range of cost saving initiatives across the business
- Continued to conduct due diligence on several coal mines and coal projects that are on the market

1. NORTH AMERICA – MOUNTAINSIDE COAL COMPANY ("MCC") – WEC 51%

During the September 2015 quarter, MCC management continued to focus on the following initiatives:

- mining, producing and selling high quality low ash sized coal for the silica smelting industry;
 and
- marketing activities associated with the ongoing sales of the high quality, low ash stoker coal product.

As shareholders are aware, in June 2015 MCC signed a sales contract with a major U.S. silicon metal producer, to supply up to 13,000 tons per month of low ash stoker coal product for use in their silicon plants located in the U.S.. Sales of stoker coal under this contract continued throughout the September 2015 quarter.

Trial shipments to other U.S. ferro-silicon industry customers are continuing.

MCC generated US\$5.9 million in coal sales revenue during the September 2015 quarter.

The new wash plant is operating to its design criteria and is performing efficiently.

Management continued to implement a number of cost reduction initiatives which involved MCC significantly reducing thermal coal production, consistent with the strategy previously communicated to shareholders. The U.S. East Coast thermal coal market is in decline due to the low priced methane gas.

BCB Plant

As previously advised to shareholders, the final stage in MCC's strategy will be to commit to the construction of a BCB plant to briquette coal fines remaining from production at MCC's mining operations. We are also investigating other market opportunities for these high quality fines.

In this regard, the Company plans to continue testing coal fines generated from MCC's new coal wash plant at White Energy's Cessnock Demonstration Plant.

MCC management expects that a final decision to proceed with the BCB plant will be made in the near future, once operations at MCC have stabilised and requisite sales contracts for the washed stoker product have been confirmed. The expected completion date of the proposed BCB plant is 12 months from the commencement of construction.

Exploration Activities

MCC continues to devote resources to completing an exploration program to better define resources and reserves at its current operating mines, as well as potential new resources across leased areas which have been earmarked by the company for future mining.

Most of the focus is on the low ash, high quality Blue Gem and Jellico coal seams located across certain mine leases currently held by the company, which have the best potential for high quality low ash stoker coals.

Work also continues on sourcing additional coal areas containing coal seams which are capable of delivering production of between 1%-2% ash coal for the silicon smelting industry.

Debt Financing

MCC continues to evaluate options to secure external debt financing to support the next phase of expansion of the project. Indicative terms have been received from interested lenders and are currently being assessed.

2. AFRICA – RIVER ENERGY JOINT VENTURE - WEC 51%

During the September 2015 quarter, the River Energy management team was focused predominantly on completing the requirements of the Detailed Design and Engineering Study for a proposed BCB project with one of the major coal producers in the South African coal market, as outlined in previous quarterly reports.

An update on the status of the two current opportunities in the South African market is as follows:

<u>Detailed Design and Engineering Following Completion of Second Detailed Feasibility Study</u> ("DFS")

Work on the study component of the project has almost been completed and focus has shifted to reviewing project options and agreeing transaction details with the coal miner. River Energy

still expects to reach a decision on whether or not this project will proceed within the current quarter.

Highlights of progress during the September 2015 quarter is as follows:

- the Engineering and Metallurgy work packages for the project are essentially complete and the study report is being finalised;
- there is still some test work to be completed at the fines recovery plant in South Africa and at the Cessnock Briquette Demonstration Plant, and this will continue during the December 2015 Quarter;
- negotiations on the Transaction Documentation for the project are progressing, however there are a number of key deal points still to be resolved, and both parties are currently focused on clearing these hurdles for the project;
- the River Energy and White Energy technical teams are working very closely with the coal producer in question to consider all options for the plant that have emerged from the study and the transaction document negotiations.

Current market conditions in the coal sector are influencing the project structure that may be appropriate for both parties, hence the review of all options for the project as mentioned above. Plant size, location, level of integration, feed source and offtake options are all being considered as part of this process.

Phase 1 Coal Beneficiation Plant - Woestalleen Hub

During the September 2015 quarter, a Business Rescue Plan for the owners and operators of the site was proposed by the Business Rescue Practitioner and accepted by the creditors. This was ratified on 31 July 2015 and the Business Rescue Practitioner had 60 days from that date (to the 27 October 2015) to complete the implementation of the plan and commence the repayment of creditors in accordance with the plan.

The following summarises the current situation at the Woestalleen Hub:

- the implementation of the plan has proven to be more complex than expected, and as at 27
 October 2015, the plan has not been implemented and affected parties, of which River
 Energy is one, will be asked to extend the 60 day period into November. Our expectation is
 that this will be supported;
- while the Business Rescue process has taken much longer than all parties expected, the
 owners, the operators and the Business Rescue Practitioner all remain confident that the
 plan will be implemented by early November once sources of feedstock are locked away;
- the River Energy team are preparing for the site to recommence continuous operations in early November and our favoured position is that we stay on site and operate the plant as planned, rather than relocate to another site;

- once the Business Rescue process has concluded, River Energy expects to finalise process
 optimisation and ramp-up the resources required to maximise the volume of fine coal that it
 can recover, beneficiate and dewater. Offtake arrangements are currently being put in place
 in anticipation of being back on site during the December 2015 quarter;
- on the assumption that the operators of the site will be able to quickly ramp up coal wash plant operations on the site, the River Energy team are also revisiting to option River Energy has to construct a small beneficiation and briquetting plant on this site.

3. INDONESIA

During the September 2015 quarter, White Energy representatives in Indonesia continued to perform due diligence work on coal concessions which have been identified for potential acquisition.

The coal properties being considered by White Energy comprise a mixture of coal qualities. Most of the resources are likely to be suitable for upgrading using the BCB technology, which has the potential to greatly enhance the value of such projects. In addition, the Company also expects that some of the resources in question will not require application of the BCB technology, and can be mined and sold directly into the export markets.

4. AUSTRALIA

Cessnock Production Plant

Only limited trials were conducted on the remaining South African coal fine samples during the September 2015 quarter, with this test work nearing its completion in the present project phase. The Cessnock operations have focused much of its attention on the further evaluation of the MCC coals fines at the demonstration scale during the September 2015 quarter. A number of briquetting machine modifications and processing techniques have been employed and provided added refinement of the BCB technology for its application to the MCC project.

With the wash plant at MCC having received further fine-tuning to produce an even higher purity fines product stream, an additional bulk shipment of material has been despatched to Cessnock for testing.

The smaller scale Pilot Plant has conducted a number of preliminary trials on materials supplied by an Indian company interested in the BCB technology, and product briquettes have been returned to the client for evaluation.

South Australian Coal Limited ("SAC") – Lake Phillipson Exploration Area – EL 4534

The Company continues to analyse commercialisation options for potential mining and gasification of the EL 4534 coal deposit which is located within close proximity to existing rail infrastructure.

The Company will update shareholders as new information comes to hand.

5. GENERAL CORPORATE

Balance Sheet, Cash Reserves and Cost Reduction Initiatives

As outlined in the attached, the Company had approximately \$26.5 million in cash reserves as at 30 September 2015, which includes \$6.4 million in restricted cash, being \$2 million for the security bond paid to the Supreme Court of Western Australia in April 2012, in support of the freezing orders made against PT Bayan Resources Tbk's ("Bayan") shareholding in Kangaroo Resources Limited, and a further \$4.4 million (approximately US\$3.1 million) in coal mining reclamation bonds at MCC.

A significant portion of the administration costs incurred during the quarter related to legal fees in respect of the impending trial in Singapore against Bayan, which is outlined in detail below.

Apart from ordinary trade payables, provisions and internal shareholder loan balances currently outstanding, White Energy currently has no external debt on its balance sheet.

A review of corporate costs over the past six months has resulted in a number of cost reduction initiatives implemented across the Company, including a reduction in Senior Executive salaries and Director fees from 1 July 2015, and an overall reduction in headcount across the White Energy Group.

The focus on cost reduction initiatives will continue during the December 2015 quarter.

PT Kaltim Supacoal ("KSC") – WEC 51%

Update on Legal Dispute

Singapore Proceedings

Further to previous updates provided to shareholders, the Company wishes to advise that preparations continue in connection with the legal proceedings initiated in late 2011 by BCBC Singapore Pte Ltd ("BCBCS") and Binderless Coal Briquetting Company Pty Limited, indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of White Energy, against Bayan and Bayan International Pte Ltd, over matters relating to the Tabang coal upgrading plant, located at Bayan's Tabang mine in East Kalimantan, Indonesia (the "Suit").

As previously advised to shareholders, the Suit has now been transferred to the newly established Singapore International Commercial Court ("SICC"). The SICC is a division of the Singapore High Court and part of the Supreme Court of Singapore which has been established to deal with international commercial disputes. The Suit will be heard in two tranches, with the first tranche of the trial to be heard from 16 November to 4 December 2015.

Australian Proceedings – Freeze Order

The Company refers to its previous announcements in relation to the freezing orders made by the Supreme Court of Western Australia ("Supreme Court") on 5 April 2012 in favour of BCBCS in respect of Bayan's 56% shareholding in Kangaroo Resources Limited ("KRL"), a publicly listed Australian company ("freezing orders").

The Company refers to its announcement on 24 October 2014 advising the market that Bayan had served on BCBCS a notice of Bayan's intention to appeal to the High Court of Australia from the orders made by the Court of Appeal of Western Australia, dismissing the challenge by Bayan to the grant and scope of the freezing orders.

Bayan's appeal was heard before the Full Court of the High Court of Australia in August 2015.

On 14 October 2015, the High Court of Australia unanimously dismissed Bayan's appeal. An order has been made that Bayan pay BCBCS' costs of the appeal. The freezing orders will remain in place unless and until there is a further order made by the Supreme Court. The Company expects that the freezing orders will remain in place until after the conclusion of the proceedings against Bayan in the SICC.

Appendix 5B

Mining exploration entity quarterly report

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 8. Amended 1/7/97, 1/7/98, 30/9/2001.

Name of entity

White Energy Company Limited	
ABN	Quarter ended ("current quarter")
62 071 527 083	30 September 2015

Consolidated statement of cash flows

		Current quarter	Year to date
Cash flows related to operating activities		\$A'000	(3 months)
			\$A'000
1.1	Receipts from product sales and related debtors	9,537	9,537
1.2 Payments for (a) exploration and evaluation		(a) (12) (b) (1,056) (c) (10,514) (d) (5,125) Nil	(a) (12) (b) (1,056) (c) (10,514) (d) (5,125) Nil
1.4	Interest and other items of a similar nature		
1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7	received Interest and other items of a similar nature received Interest and other costs of finance paid Income taxes paid Other (provide details if material)	160 Nil Nil 807	160 Nil Nil 807
	Net Operating Cash Flows	(6,203)	(6,203)
1.8	Cash flows related to investing activities Payment for purchases of: (a)prospects (b)equity investments (c) other fixed assets Proceeds from sale of:(a)prospects	(a) Nil (b) Nil (c) (1,270) (a) Nil	(a) Nil (b) Nil (c) (1,270) (a) Nil
1.9	(b)equity investments (c)other fixed assets	(b) Nil (c) Nil	(a) Nii (b) Nii (c) Nii
1.10	Loans to other entities	Nil	Nil
1.11	Loans repaid by other entities	Nil	Nil
1.12	Other (provide details if material)	Nil	Nil
1.13	Net investing cash flows Total operating and investing cash flows	(1,270)	(1,270)
	(carried forward)	(7,473)	(7,473)

^(*) includes legal fees incurred in respect of KSC dispute and MCC administration costs.

1.13	Total operating and investing cash flows		
	(brought forward)	(7,473)	(7,473)
	Cash flows related to financing activities		
1.14	Proceeds from issues of shares, options, etc.	Nil	Nil
1.15	Proceeds from sale of forfeited shares	Nil	Nil
1.16	Proceeds from borrowings (**)	2,867	2,867
1.17	Repayment of borrowings	Nil	Nil
1.18	Dividends paid	Nil	Nil
1.19	Other (provide details if material)	Nil	Nil
	Net financing cash flows	2,867	2,867
	The time and the t	2,007	2,007
	Net increase (decrease) in cash held	(4,606)	(4,606)
1.20	Cash at beginning of quarter/year to date	30,796	30,796
1.21	Exchange rate adjustments to item 1.20	353	353
	,	333	333
1.22	Cash at end of quarter (***)	26,543	26,543

^(**) represents shareholder loans from Black River for its 49% equity interest in MCC and River Energy.

Payments to directors of the entity and associates of the directors

Payments to related entities of the entity and associates of the related entities

		Current quarter \$A'000
1.23	Aggregate amount of payments to the parties included in item 1.2 (d)	331
1.24	Aggregate amount of loans to the parties included in item 1.10	Nil

1.25	Explanation necessary for an understanding of the transactions			
	N/A			

Non-cash financing and investing activities

2.1 Details of financing and investing transactions which have had a material effect on consolidated assets and liabilities but did not involve cash flows

N/A			

^(***) includes \$2 million WA Supreme Court Security Bond relating to the freeze order obtained in respect of Bayan Resources' shareholding in Kangaroo Resources Limited and \$4.4 million in coal mining reclamation bonds at MCC.

2.2	Details of outlays made by other entities to establish or increase their share in projects in which the reporting entity has an interest
	N/A

Financing facilities available

Add notes as necessary for an understanding of the position.

		Amount available	Amount used
		\$A'000	\$A'000
3.1	Loan facilities	Nil	Nil
3.2	Credit standby arrangements	Nil	Nil

Estimated cash outflows for next quarter

		\$A'000
4.1	Exploration and evaluation	20
4.2	Development	1,100
4.3	Production	10,480
4.4	Administration (including legal fees re KSC dispute and MCC administration costs)	5,500
	Total	17,100

Reconciliation of cash

Reconciliation of cash at the end of the quarter (as shown in the consolidated statement of cash flows) to the related items in the accounts is as follows.		Current quarter \$A'000	Previous quarter \$A'000
5.1	Cash on hand and at bank	3,078	3,084
5.2	Deposits at call	17,110	22,885
5.3	Bank overdraft	Nil	Nil
5.4 Other (provide details) - WA Supreme Court Security Bond relating to legal dispute with Bayan Resources and MCC coal mining reclamation bonds		6,355	4,827
Total: cash at end of quarter (item 1.22)		26,543	30,796

Changes in interests in mining tenements (Refer Tables 1-3 on page 13)

- 6.1 Interests in mining tenements relinquished, reduced or lapsed
- 6.2 Interests in mining tenements acquired or increased

Tenement reference	Nature of interest (note (2))	Interest at beginning of quarter	Interest at end of quarter
861-0536	Coal permit held by MCC	100%	Nil
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Issued and quoted securities at end of current quarter

Description includes rate of interest and any redemption or conversion rights together with prices and dates.

7.1	Preference *securities	Total number	Number quoted	Issue price per security (see note 3) (cents)	Amount paid up per security (see note 3) (cents) N/A
7.2	(description) Changes during quarter (a) Increases through issues (b) Decreases through returns of capital, buybacks, redemptions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
7.3	[†] Ordinary securities				
7.4	Changes during quarter (a) Increases through issues (b) Decreases through returns of capital, buybacks	Opening 328,374,494 (a) N/A (b) N/A Closing 328,374,494	Opening 328,374,494 (a) N/A (b) N/A Closing 328,374,494	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
7.5	*Convertible debt securities (description)				

7.6	Changes during quarter (a) Increases through issues (b) Decreases through securities matured, converted	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
7.7	Options (description and conversion factor)	(a) Executive Retention Plan – Closing 6,000,000 Options	(a) Not Listed	Exercise price (a) \$0.50	(a) vest 30/06/17 subject to performance and other conditions. Expiry date is 8/12/2020
7.8	Issued during quarter	(a) Nil	(a) Nil	(a) N/A	(a) N/A
7.9	Exercised during quarter	(a) Nil	(a) Nil	(a) N/A	(a) N/A
7.10	Expired during quarter	(a) Nil	(a) Nil	(a) N/A	(a) N/A
7.11	Debentures (totals only)	N/A	N/A		
7.12	Unsecured notes (totals only)	N/A	N/A		

Table 1 - Summary of mining tenements

South Australia Mineral Exploration Permit								
Tenement	Granted	Expiry	Area	Locality	Licensee	Interest		
FL4F24/*\	9/8/2010	8/8/2015	1,367 km2	Coober Pedy,	South Australian	100%		
EL4534(*)	9/6/2010	0/0/2013		SA	Coal Limited			
RL100	3/10/2001	2/10/2016	240	Coober Pedy,	South Australian	100%		
			hectares	SA	Coal Limited			
RL104	27/2/2003	2/10/2016	240	Coober Pedy,	South Australian	100%		
			hectares	SA	Coal Limited			

(*)SAC is currently awaiting notification on the success of its subsequent exploration license application (ELA 2015/00066) for EL4534. SAC received confirmation from the South Australian Department of State Development that the application for a subsequent license to EL4534 (ELA 2015/00066) had been received and that in accordance with the Mining Act 1971 under Section 30AB(1b) the license continues in operation until the application is decided.

Kentucky U.S. Co	pal Permit		
Permit	Locality	Licensee	Interest (**)
861-0537	Hubbs Creek – Kentucky	Mountainside Coal Company Inc.	100%
861-5357	Washer – Kentucky	Mountainside Coal Company Inc.	100%
918-0464	Round Mountain – Kentucky	Mountainside Coal Company Inc.	100%
918-0465	Flag Ridge – Kentucky	Mountainside Coal Company Inc.	100%
918-0467	Jellico Creek – Kentucky	Mountainside Coal Company Inc.	100%
918-0466	Hatfield Gap – Kentucky	Mountainside Coal Company Inc.	100%
861-0528	Flat Creek - Kentucky	Mountainside Coal Company Inc.	100%

^(**) Interest held by 51% subsidiary

Table 2 - Summary of mining tenements acquired in September 2015 Quarter

No tenements were acquired in the September 2015 quarter.

Table 3 - Summary of mining tenements surrendered in September 2015 Quarter

The Dowis Chapel coal permit (861-0536) held by MCC expired during the September 2015 quarter.

Compliance statement

- 1 This statement has been prepared under accounting policies which comply with accounting standards as defined in the *Corporations Act 2001* or other standards acceptable to ASX (see note 4).
- 2 This statement does give a true and fair view of the matters disclosed.

Sign here:

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Date 30 October 2015

Managing Director

Print name: Brian Flannery

Notes

The quarterly report provides a basis for informing the market how the entity's activities have been financed for the past quarter and the effect on its cash position. An entity wanting to disclose additional information is encouraged to do so, in a note or notes attached to this report.

- The "Nature of interest" (items 6.1 and 6.2) includes options in respect of interests in mining tenements acquired, exercised or lapsed during the reporting period. If the entity is involved in a joint venture agreement and there are conditions precedent which will change its percentage interest in a mining tenement, it should disclose the change of percentage interest and conditions precedent in the list required for items 6.1 and 6.2.
- 3 **Issued and quoted securities**: The issue price and amount paid up is not required in items 7.1 and 7.3 for fully paid securities.
- The definitions in, and provisions of, AASB 1022: Accounting for Extractive Industries and AASB 1026: Statement of Cash Flows apply to this report.
- Accounting Standards: ASX will accept, for example, the use of International Accounting Standards for foreign entities. If the standards used do not address a topic, the Australian standard on that topic (if any) must be complied with.

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