### Appendix 4G

# Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity:		
Hotel Property Investments Ltd		
ABN / ARBN:	Financial year ended:	
25 010 330 515	30 June 2016	
Our corporate governance statement <sup>2</sup> for the  These pages of our annual report:  This URL on our website:	·	
The Corporate Governance Statement is account board.	curate and up to date as at 24 August 2016 and has been approved by the	
The annexure includes a key to where our co	orporate governance disclosures can be located.	
Date: 25 August 2016		
Name of Director or Secretary authorising  Jenny Romeo  lodgement:		

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

#### ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVE	RSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose:  (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and  (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement  at these locations:  Responsible Entity <a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/responsible_entity">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/responsible_entity</a>	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.2	A listed entity should:     (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and     (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	<ul> <li> the fact that we follow this recommendation:</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li>☐ at these locations:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	<ul> <li> the fact that we follow this recommendation:</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li>☐ at these locations:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.  A listed entity should:	<ul> <li> the fact that we follow this recommendation:</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li>☐</li> <li> the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;</li> <li>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and</li> <li>(c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: <ol> <li>(1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</li> <li>(2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.</li> </ol> </li></ul>	paragraph (a):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  at [insert location]  at [insert location]  and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  at [insert location]	Statement  we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and  (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed4
1.7	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and     (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):      □ in our Corporate Governance Statement under Principle 1 <u>OR</u> □ at these locations:      and the information referred to in paragraph (b):      □ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ at this location:	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCIP	LE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE		
2.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a nomination committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):  □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement □	<ul> <li>         ⊠ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement              □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable      </li> </ul>
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	our board skills matrix:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement ☐ at these locations:	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\ldots^4$
2.3	<ul> <li>A listed entity should disclose:</li> <li>(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;</li> <li>(b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</li> <li>(c) the length of service of each director.</li> </ul>	the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement ☑ at these locations:   Directors' Report which is contained in the http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/annual-reports and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement ☐ at this location: and the length of service of each director: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement ☐ at this location:	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.  The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	<ul> <li> the fact that we follow this recommendation:</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li>☐ at this location:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCIP	LE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
3.1	A listed entity should:  (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and  (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	<ul> <li> our code of conduct or a summary of it:</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li>☐ at this location:</li> </ul>	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCIP	LE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have an audit committee which:  (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and  (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):   in our Corporate Governance Statement  at  and a copy of the charter of the committee:  at this location: <a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate_governance">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate_governance</a> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):  in our Corporate Governance Statement  at this location:	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement  at this location	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\ldots^4$
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	<ul> <li> the fact that we follow this recommendation:</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li>☐ at this location:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
PRINCIPI	LE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should:  (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	… our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it:     in our Corporate Governance Statement     at these locations:         Continuous Disclosure Policy <a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate_governance">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate_governance</a> Continuous Disclosure Policy for the Responsible Entity <a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/responsible_entity">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/responsible_entity</a>	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPI	LE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	information about us and our governance on our website:  at these locations: <a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/investor_information">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/investor_information</a> , and <a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate_governance">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate_governance</a>	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	<ul> <li> the fact that we follow this recommendation:</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li>☑ at this location:</li> <li>Contact Us</li> <li><a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/contact">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/contact</a></li> </ul>	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders:  in our Corporate Governance Statement  at this location: Shareholder Communication Policy of the Responsible Entity <a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/responsible-entity">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/responsible-entity</a>	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:     in our Corporate Governance Statement OR     at these locations:     Contact Us <a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/contact">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/contact</a> Shareholder Communication Policy of the Responsible Entity <a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/responsible_entity">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/responsible_entity</a>	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate	e Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCIPL	E 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	<ul> <li>(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: <ol> <li>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</li> <li>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</li> <li>(3) the charter of the committee;</li> <li>(4) the members of the committee; and</li> <li>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</li> </ol> </li> <li>(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.</li> </ul>	the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2):  in our Corporate Governance Statement  at this location:  and a copy of the charter of the committee:  at this location:  Under Risk Management Policy section <a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate_governance">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate_governance</a> and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):  in our Corporate Governance Statement  at this location:  [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]  the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	e Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\ldots^4$
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should:  (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and  (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound:  in our Corporate Governance Statement  at this location: Risk Management Policy http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate_governance Risk Management Policy of the Responsible Entity http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/responsible_entity  and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G:  in our Corporate Governance Statement  at this location: 2015 Annual Report http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/annual-reports	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.3	A listed entity should disclose:  (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or  (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs:  □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement □ at these locations: Risk Management Policy http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate_governance Risk Management Policy of the Responsible Entity http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/responsible_entity	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed4
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks:  in our Corporate Governance Statement  at	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$				
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY							
8.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a remuneration committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):  □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement □ at this location:	<ul> <li>         ⊠ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement              □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable      </li> </ul>				
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives:  in our Corporate Governance Statement under Principle 8  at this location:	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>				
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:     (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and     (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our policy on this issue or a summary of it:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>				



## 2016 Corporate Governance Statement and ASX Appendix 4G - Key to Disclosures of Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations

Hotel Property Investments Limited (ASX: HPI) is pleased to attach the Company's 2016 Corporate Governance Statement and ASX Appendix 4G (Key to Disclosures of Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations).

The Company has chosen to adopt the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3rd Edition, March 2014) issued by the ASX Corporate Governance Council in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2016.

Accordingly, the Company can lodge its Corporate Governance Statement on ASX and need not include it within its 2016 Annual Report.

The Company's 2016 Corporate Governance Statement, ASX Appendix 4G (Key to Disclosures of Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations) and other ancillary corporate governance related documents can also be found at the following URL on the Company's Internet website:

www.hpitrust.com.au

For further information, contact:

Jenny Romeo Company Secretary 03 9038 1774

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

#### INTRODUCTION

The HPI Group consists of the HPI Trust ("Trust"), HPI Limited ("Company") and their controlled entities. The Company is the "Responsible Entity" for the Trust.

The shares in the Company are stapled to the units in the Trust in accordance with a Stapling Deed, and are quoted together as a single stapled security on the ASX (Australian Securities Exchange) under the code HPI.

As Responsible Entity, the Company is responsible for the oversight and day-to-day management of the HPI Group.

This Corporate Governance Statement (CGS) relates to the stapled, listed securities in the HPI Group.

Details of the HPI Group's key policies, practices and the charter for the HPI Company Board are available at www.hpitrust.com.au.

Responsibility for HPI's proper corporate governance rests with the HPI Board. The HPI Board's guiding principle in meeting this responsibility is to act honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of HPI as a whole, in accordance with the law and HPI's code of conduct. The HPI Board, will monitor the operational and financial position and performance of HPI and oversee its business strategy, including considering and approving the operating budget and strategic plan of HPI. The HPI Board is committed to maximising performance, generating appropriate levels of Securityholder value and financial return, and sustaining the growth and success of HPI. In conducting HPI's business with these objectives, the HPI Board seeks to ensure that HPI is properly managed to protect and enhance Securityholder interests, and that the HPI Directors operate in an appropriate environment of corporate governance.

Accordingly, the HPI Board has created a framework for managing HPI, including adopting relevant internal controls, risk management processes and corporate governance policies and practices which it believes are appropriate for HPI's business and which are designed to promote the responsible management and conduct of HPI. In addition, the Corporations Act, Listing Rules, Constitutions, Stapling Deed and general law regulate the operations and responsibilities of HPI and its officers.

The Board supports the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3rd Edition, released in March 2014) (ASX Recommendations) developed by the ASX Corporate Governance Council (Council). The Company has chosen to adopt the 3rd Edition of the ASX Recommendations in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2016 (Reporting Period).

The Company's practices are largely consistent with the ASX Recommendations. The Board uses its best endeavours to ensure that exceptions to the ASX Recommendations do not have a negative impact on the Company and the best interests of Securityholders as a whole.

As required by the ASX Listing Rules, this Corporate Governance Statement discloses the extent to which the Company has followed the ASX Recommendations during and since the Reporting Period, as summarised below:

ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations	CGS Reference
Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight	1.1 - 1.8
Principle 2 – Structure the Board to add value	2.1 - 2.8
Principle 3 – Act ethically and responsibly	3.1
Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting	4.1 - 4.3
Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure	5.1
Principle 6 – Respect the rights of security holders	6.1 - 6.2
Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk	7.1 - 7.4
Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly	8.1 - 8.3

The Company has also prepared an ASX Appendix 4G – Key to Disclosures of Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (which reports on the Company's compliance with each of the ASX Recommendations) – which will be lodged with the CGS on ASX following approval at the 24 August, 2016 Board Meeting.

A copy of the ASX Recommendations can be found on the ASX website at the following URL: http://www.asx.com.au/documents/asx-compliance/cgc-principles-and-recommendations-3rd-edn.pdf. The Company's latest Annual Report (and other ASX market announcements and media releases) may be viewed and downloaded from the Company's website at the following URL: <a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate\_governance.">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate\_governance.</a>

The Corporate Governance page of the HPI website contains the charters, codes and policies which are referred to in this CGS, at the following URL: <a href="http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate\_governance">http://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate\_governance</a>

The names of the Independent and Non-Executive Directors currently in office and their qualifications and experience are stated in the Company's latest Annual Report.

#### **Responsible Entity Compliance Framework**

The Company holds AFSL No. 479719, and as the Responsible Entity has responsibility to operate the Trust (as a registered managed investment scheme) and to perform functions conferred on it by the Corporations Act, the Trust Constitution and the Compliance Plan. As Responsible Entity, the Company is also subject to duties including duties to act in the best interests of the Unitholders, act honestly, exercise care and diligence, and treat Unitholders holding the same class of Units equally.

In order to ensure compliance with the Constitution and the Corporations Act, the Company has adopted a Compliance Plan for the HPI Trust which sets out the key processes that it will apply in operating the Trust. The Compliance Plan also comprises an extensive compliance management and reporting structure.

The Company has a formed a Compliance Committee of the Trust for the purposes of Part 5C of the Corporations Act. The Committee is responsible for monitoring and reporting on compliance with the Compliance Plan.

#### Principle 1 Lay Solid foundations for management and oversight

#### 1.1. Board of Directors - Role and Responsibilities

The Company Board has adopted a Board charter (which will be kept under review and amended from time to time as the Company Board considers appropriate) to give formal recognition to the role of the Company Board, its committees, Board composition requirements and the Company's policy for the selection, nomination, appointment, retirement and rotation of its Company Directors.

The Company's Board Charter requires that the Company Board comprise a minimum of three Directors and comprise a majority of independent Directors. The Chairman of the Company Board must be an independent, non-executive Director.

The composition of, and terms of reference for, the Company Board will be reviewed annually by the Company Board.

The Company Directors are responsible for protecting the rights and interest of the Company, its Securityholders and other stakeholders, including creditors and employees, and are accountable for the overall management of the Company.

The Company Board's responsibilities include:

- a) protecting and enhancing the value of the assets of the Company;
- b) setting the strategies and directions and monitoring and reviewing against these strategic objectives;
- c) reviewing and ratifying risk management systems, internal controls, codes of conduct and legal compliance;
- d) reviewing the Company's accounts;
- e) reporting to Securityholders;
- f) approval of the charters of the Committees;
- g) approval and review of the operating budget for the Company;
- h) development and review of the strategic plan for the Company;
- i) evaluating performance and determining the remuneration of senior management;
- j) ensuring the significant risks facing the Company have been identified and adequate control, monitoring and reporting mechanisms are in place;
- k) approval of transactions relating to acquisitions, divestments and capital expenditure;
- I) setting and approving financial and dividend policy; and
- m) considering and (if thought appropriate) authorising dividends.

To assist in the execution of these responsibilities, the Company Board has in place a Board Audit and Risk Committee and a Compliance Committee, and may establish other committees from time to time.

#### 1.2. Company Board Appointments

The HPI Group is committed to upholding the highest standards in corporate governance. The HPI Group's corporate governance framework is underpinned by the appointment of high quality Board members with the pre-requisite experience in overseeing listed entities. Specifically, the HPI Board will be actively involved in developing appropriate governance arrangements and implementing a regime to continually monitor these arrangements.

Detailed background information will be obtained for a potential candidate to the Board and appropriate checks will be undertaken prior to appointment or before putting forward to the Securityholders for election. The identification of the potential director may be assisted by the use of an external search organisation as appropriate. An offer of a Board appointment must be made by the Chair only after having consulted all directors.

The Company will provide Securityholders with any material information in the Company's possession which is relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.

#### 1.3. Terms of Appointment – Directors

All directors of the Company are required to sign a letter of appointment outlining the material terms of their appointment and the key roles based on their experience and skills. The level of remuneration for Non-Executive Directors primarily reflects the

experience, time commitment, level of responsibilities and complexity shouldered. The remuneration of the directors of the Company are outlined in the Remuneration Report in the Company's latest Annual Report.

The Company's constitution requires that no director (who is not the managing director) may hold office without re-election beyond the third annual general meeting following the meeting at which the director was last elected or re-elected.

#### 1.4 The Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is appointed by the Board and is responsible for developing and maintaining the information systems and processes that are appropriate for the Board to fulfil its role. The Company Secretary is responsible to the Board for ensuring compliance with Board procedures and governance matters. The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board. The Company Secretary is also responsible for overseeing and coordinating disclosure of information to the ASX as well as communicating with the ASX.

#### 1.5. Diversity

The Board has adopted a Diversity Policy for the Company, which includes details on how the Board takes into account the diversity criteria when identifying and assessing potential Director candidates and members of the senior management team. In adhering to its Diversity Policy the Company has attempted to introduce diversity standards to ensure an environment that is supportive of equal opportunity and equal access to career development, remuneration and benefits through the implementation of practices, procedures and policies which support, among other matters, diversity

Whilst the Company notes the ASX Principles and Recommendations, it recognises that the Company has a small team of Directors and employees, and as such the Board has determined that it will not set benchmarks for gender diversity, and will not report against its progress to achieve any measurable objective. The Company remains committed however, to ensuring that the best candidates both at a Board and employee level are appointed as opportunities arise regardless of gender, beliefs or racial background.

The Company believes that while this is departure from the Principles and Recommendations, it does not diminish its commitment to ensuring gender diversity.

1.6. Performance Review and Evaluation

During the year the Board undertook an interview between the Chair and each Director to discuss the performance of the Board and review the contribution, attendance and role of each Director. The Chair of the Board Audit and Risk Committee conducted similar interviews in respect of the performance of the Chair with each Director individually. The Chair then provided individual feedback to each Director and the Chair of the Board Audit and Risk Committee provided feedback to the Chair of the Board. The Board then undertook a session in which the performance of the Board was discussed with all Directors present.

#### 1.7. Performance and Review and Evaluation of Senior Management

The Board monitors and evaluates the performance of the Senior Management of the Company. Key management performance indicators are defined and communicated on an annual basis to Senior Management Personnel. An annual review of performance of Senior Management Personnel is undertaken by a Director of the Board HPI.s first employee commenced September 2015 and accordingly no annual review has been undertaken.

#### Principle 2 Structure the Board to add value

#### 2.1. Nomination for Board Appointment

The Board has chosen not to establish a Nomination Committee at this time. The Board will consider nomination matters from time to time at its regularly scheduled meetings. As stated in the Company Board charter, in considering additional candidates for Directorship, the Company Directors will consider the skills, knowledge and experience of the candidate and the extent to which those skills are represented by the then current Company Directors.

#### 2.2. Skills, Knowledge and Experience

The Board considers the present composition, size and balance in respect of qualifications and experience of the Board to be appropriate and effective for the control and direction of the Group's business. Each Director is expected to bring to the Company their experience and skills in the respective fields in particular their considerable industry experience, to add value to the performance of the Company.

The chart below depicts the skills matrix of the Board

Director's Background and Experience	Name of Director who falls within the categories
a. Accounting and Finance	Michael Tilley, Ray Gunston, Lachlan Edwards, John Russell, David Charles
b. Gaming, leisure and Hospitality	Ray Gunston, John Russell, Mike Tilley, David Charles
c. Hotel Property Management	John Russell, David Charles
d. Risk, Management and Board Governance	Michael Tilley, Ray Gunston, John Russell, Lachlan Edwards, David Charles

#### 2.3 Director Independence and service

Name of Director	Date Appointed	Independent
Mike Tilley	19th November 2013	Yes
Ray Gunston	19th November 2013	Yes
Lachlan Edwards	19th November 2013	Yes
John Russell	13 <sup>th</sup> May 2013	Yes
David Charles	1 July 2016	No

#### 2.4 Director Independence

The Board is comprised of non-executive independent Directors, and a Managing Director.

#### 2.5. Chairman

The Board Chairman is responsible for the leadership, operations and governance of the Board and Board Committees. The Chairman shall also undertake the role as leader in chairing all Board and shareholder's meeting. A profile of the Chairman of the Company, Michael Tilley (appointed on 19 November 2013), is stated in the Company's latest Annual Report. Michael Tilley is an independent non-executive director.

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#### 2.6. Induction and Professional Development

To ensure that Directors of the Company are equipped with the knowledge and information they need to discharge their responsibilities effectively and that individual and collective performance is regularly and fairly reviewed. The Company has a programme for inducting new Directors.

The induction process is set out in the Board Charter;

- (a) The Board will ensure that any new Director is appropriately introduced to the Company and amongst other things, will provide to any new Director:
  - (i) a copy of the Company's Constitution;
  - (ii) a copy of the Board Charter;
  - (iii) the most recent Annual Report of the Company;
  - (iv) a draft of the deed of indemnity, insurance and access given by the Company to each Director;
     and
  - (v) where appropriate, a summary of the most recent strategic plan of the Company.
- (b) The Board will also ensure that any new Director is acquainted with:
  - (i) knowledge of the industry within which the Company operates;
  - (ii) visits to specific Company operations when appropriate;
  - (iii) Senior Management and industry experts where appropriate.

#### Principle 3 Promote ethical and responsible decision-making

#### 3.1 Code of Conduct

The Board has adopted a code of conduct to provide a set of guiding principles which are to be observed by all Company personnel (including Company Directors, any other officers and employees of the Company).

The code sets out the consequences for a breach of the code of conduct, including the possibility of legal or disciplinary action. The code of conduct was developed to reflect the fundamental principles of the HPI Group, including ethical behaviour, honesty, integrity and respect. The code includes obligations relating to matters including (without limitation):

- a. responsibilities to Securityholders and financial markets;
- b. compliance with laws, policies and procedures;
- c. relationships with politicians and government officers;
- d. confidential information, privacy and maintenance of business records;
- e. conflicts of interest; and
- f. sustainability.

The code also sets out the consequences for a breach of the code of conduct, including the possibility of legal or disciplinary action. A copy of the HPI's Code of Conduct is available at <a href="https://www.hpitrust.com.au">www.hpitrust.com.au</a>.

#### Principle 4 Safeguard integrity in financial reporting

#### 4.1 Audit and Risk Committee

The HPI Board has established the Board Audit and Risk Committee.

The role of the Company's Board Audit and Risk Committee, as set out in the Committee's charter, is to assist the Board in fulfilling its corporate governance and oversight responsibilities relating to:

- i. the integrity of the Company's financial reporting;
- ii. the effectiveness of the Company's systems of financial risk management and internal control;
- iii. the external audit functions;

- iv. the Company's risk profile and risk policy; and
- v. the effectiveness of the Company's risk management framework and supporting risk management systems.

In fulfilling its responsibilities, the Audit and Risk Committee:

- receives regular reports from management and the external auditors,
- ii. regularly meets with the external auditor,
- iii. reviews any significant disagreements between the auditors and management, irrespective of whether they have been resolved,
- iv. meets separately with the external auditors at least once a year without the presence of management; and
- v. provides the external auditors with a clear line of direct communication at any time to either the Chair of the Board Audit and Risk Committee or the Chair of the Board.

The Committee Charter states that the Committee will comprise a minimum of three Company Directors and comprise a majority of independent Directors. All members must be non-executive Directors. The chairperson will be a non-executive independent Director appointed by the Company Board who is not the chairperson of the Company Board. Each member must be financially literate, have familiarity with financial management and an understanding of the industries in which HPI operates. At least one member will have relevant qualifications and experience.

Under its Charter, the Committee will meet at least four times per annum. The Number of meetings held of the Audit and Risk Committee and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings is set out in the Annual Report of the Company. A copy of the Charter is available at: <a href="https://www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate">www.hpitrust.com.au/cms/corporate</a> governance

The composition of the Audit and Risk Committee will be reviewed annually by the Board, and currently comprises the following members:

- i. Raymond Gunston (Chairman); B. Com (Hons), Dip Ed, FCPA, GAICD.
- ii. John Russell; B. Ec (Hons), MBA, GAICD.
- iii. Lachlan Edwards; B. Ec, Grad Dip Applied Fin and Inv, GAICD

The Board Audit and Risk Committee has unrestricted access to the management of the Company and the external auditor and may conduct or direct investigations into any matters within its charter.

#### 4.2. CEO and CFO Declarations

The primary form of financial reporting for the Company and the Trust is in the form of consolidated financial statements for the HPI Group. The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial officer will provide declarations to the Board in relation to the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act.

#### 4.3. External Auditor

The HPI Group's policy is to appoint external auditors who clearly demonstrate quality and independence. The performance of the external auditor is reviewed annually.

The Company's external auditor (Auditor) is selected for its professional competence, reputation and the provision of value for professional fees. Within the audit firm, the partner responsible for the conduct of the Company's audits is rotated every 5 years. A representative of the external auditor will attend the annual general meetings and is available to answer securityholder questions about the conduct of the auditor and preparation and content of the audit report.

#### Principle 5 - Make Timely and Balanced Disclosure

#### 5.1. Continuous Disclosure to ASX

HPI is committed to ensuring that Securityholders and the market are provided with price sensitive information relating to HPI in a meaningful and timely manner in accordance with its obligations under the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules.

The HPI Board has adopted a Continuous Disclosure Policy which establishes procedures which are aimed at ensuring that HPI Directors and management are aware of and fulfil the obligations of the Company in relation to the timely disclosure of material price-sensitive information.

HPI also intends to communicate all important information relating to HPI to its Securityholders. Additionally, HPI recognises that potential investors and other interested stakeholders may wish to obtain information about HPI from time to time. To achieve this, HPI intends to communicate information to Securityholders and other stakeholders through a range of forums and publications, including the HPI website, at the annual general meeting, through the annual report and ASX announcements. HPI also has in place a securityholder communication policy to facilitate communication with Securityholders.

A copy of HPI's Continuous Disclosure Policy is available at www.hpitrust.com.au.

#### Principle 6 Respect the rights of Securityholders

#### 6.1 Market and Shareholder Communications

The Investor Centre on the HPI Website contains information about the Group including media releases, key policies and the terms of reference of the Board Committees. All relevant announcements made to the market and any other relevant information will be posted in the Investor Centre on the website as soon as they have been released to ASX.

#### **6.2 Investor Relations**

The HPI Board has adopted a communications policy setting out the means by which HPI will communicate information to Security holders. The Board's aim is to ensure that Security holders are informed of all major developments relating to HPI in a timely and effective manner. Information will be communicated to Securityholders through the lodgement of all relevant financial and other information with ASX and publishing information on the website.

The Company will handle any complaints received from unitholders in accordance with its Complaints Handling Policy. The Company is a member of the Financial Ombudsman Service, an independent dispute resolution body, which is available to unitholders in the event that any complaints cannot be satisfactorily resolved by the Responsible Entity.

A copy of HPI's communications policies are available at www.hpitrust.com.au.

#### 6.2. Shareholder Participation at meetings

Securityholders have the ability to communicate with Directors through various means including:

- having the opportunity to ask questions of Directors at all general meetings;
- the presence of the Auditor at AGMs (in person or by teleconference, as practicable and appropriate) to take shareholder questions on any issue relevant to their capacity as Auditor;
- the Company's policy of expecting Directors to be available to meet Securityholders at the AGM; and
- the Company having Directors available to answer shareholder questions submitted by telephone, email and other means (where appropriate).

Traditionally, the key forum for two-way communication between the Company and its Securityholders is its AGM. The Board encourages shareholder participation at the Company's AGM and other general meetings of Securityholders and the Chairman encourages questions and comments from Securityholders and seeks to ensure that Securityholders are given ample

opportunity to participate. Securityholders who are unable to attend the AGM or a general meeting may submit questions and comments before the meeting to the Company and or to the Auditor (in the case of the AGM).

#### 6.4 Electronic Communications

The Investor Centre on HPI's website <a href="www.hpitrust.com.au">www.hpitrust.com.au</a> contains the following information for the benefit of Securityholders:

- (a) all market announcements and related information (posted immediately following release to the ASX);
- (b) details relating to the Company's Directors and key executives;
- (c) Board and Board Committee Charters and other corporate governance documents.

In order to facilitate Securityholder engagement, the Company may webcast and/or provide copies of Investor presentations, general meetings results and selected analyst and media briefings within the Investor Centre on the Company's website.

A copy of HPI's communications policies are available at www.hpitrust.com.au.

#### Principle 7 - Recognise and Manage Risk

The HPI Group's business of investing directly in freehold property exposes it to certain risks which the HPI Group actively monitors and seeks to manage. The Company's Board Audit and Risk Committee assists the Company's Board in fulfilling its responsibilities relating to overseeing the HPI Group's risk profile, policy and the effectiveness of the HPI Group's risk management framework. During the period the Board Audit and Risk Committee and the Board reviewed and updated the risk management framework, including the risk matrix. They determined that regulatory risk pertaining to liquor laws in Queensland (where the majority of the HPI Group property portfolio is concentrated), and ongoing credit availability remained the key risks for the HPI Group, with further risks including, increasing costs of credit, tenant credit risk, valuation risk, property liquidity risk, succession planning and adverse effects of high inflation.

The HPI Group considers risk management fundamental to maintaining efficient and effective operations and generating and protecting securityholder value. For the HPI Group, the management and oversight of risk is an ongoing process integral to the management and corporate governance of its business.

The HPI Group has adopted risk management policies which aim to establish a consistent approach to identifying, reporting and addressing material business risks throughout the organisation. The risk management policies and risk management systems established under the policies are administered by the Board in consultation with the Company's Senior Management.

The Board will have primary responsibility for ensuring that the significant risks facing the HPI Group have been identified and adequate control, monitoring and reporting mechanisms are in place. The Company, as Responsible Entity of the Trust has established a Compliance Committee pursuant to part 5C of the Corporations Act, to assist the Board to discharge its risk management and compliance responsibilities as Responsible Entity. This Compliance Committee is responsible for the oversight of risk management, internal control systems and compliance matters specific to its obligations as the Responsible Entity. Under the Compliance Committee charter, the Committee will meet at least once in each quarter. Significant matters arising during a quarter are addressed by management and escalated as appropriate.

A copy of HPI's risk management policies are available at www.hpitrust.com.au.

#### 7.1. Risk Committee

The Board does not have a stand-alone Risk Committee. However, the Company's Board Audit and Risk Committee has an important risk management and compliance function, with key responsibilities being to ensure that an appropriate risk management framework is in place and is operating properly and reviewing and monitoring legal and policy compliance systems and issues as follows:

- (a) Review and recommend to the Board, and oversee the operation of, risk management policies and procedures, so that there is, amongst other things:
  - (i) A procedure for identifying risks relevant to the Group's business and controlling their impacts on the Group;

- (ii) An adequate system of internal control, risk management and safeguarding of assets;
- (iii) A system of reporting and investigating breaches of risk management policies and procedures;
- (iv) A review of internal control systems and the operational effectiveness of risk management policies and procedures;
- (v) A culture of risk management and compliance throughout the Group; and
- (vi) Adequate resources to support the risk management function and enable proper remedial action to be taken to address areas of weakness.
- (b) Review and monitor the Group's risk management performance of the Group, including conducting specific investigations where necessary.
- (c) Assess the effectiveness of assurance activities and review assurance reports.
- (d) Evaluate the structure and adequacy of the Group's insurances.
- (e) Recommend to the Board any corrective action resulting from its review and assessment.

The Board Audit and Risk Committee Charter may be viewed and downloaded from the Group's website.

#### 7.2. Internal Control and Risk Management

The Board considers risk management fundamental to maintaining efficient and effective operations and generating and protecting Shareholder value. For the Group, the management and oversight of risk is an ongoing process integral to the management and corporate governance of the business.

The Board determines the company's tolerance for risk and is committed to a risk management system that balances the need to preserve long term value, prudently manages the properties, maintain good relationships with tenants, and facilitates a culture of innovation. The Group's risk management system is designed to assist the company to achieve its strategic and operational objectives. It aligns with the vision, strategy, processes, technology and governance of the Group and provides for:

- (i) appropriate levels of risk taking;
- (ii) an effective system for the management of risk across the Group;
- (iii) protection against incidents causing personal injury and property damage;
- (iv) development of risk management and control plans to reduce or minimise unforeseen or unexpected costs;
- (v) an ability to identify, prioritise and respond to risk in a manner that maximises opportunities;
- (vi) reliable financial reporting and compliance with laws, regulations and standards;
- (vii) sound insurance management practice;
- (viii) protection of assets from planned and unplanned events.

#### 7.3. Internal Audit

HPI does not have an independent internal audit function due to the size of the organisation, and relies on the controls testing and recommendations to the Board from the external auditor.

The HPI Board will have primary responsibility for ensuring that the significant risks facing the HPI Group have been identified and adequate control, monitoring and reporting mechanisms are in place.

#### 7.4 Risk Exposures

The risk management function is supported by the Board Audit and Risk Committee. The Board Audit and Risk Committee have reviewed the overall risks to the Company and have reported to the Board that there are in their opinion no material unmitigated exposures to economic, environmental or social sustainability risks that would have an impact on the Company or its operations.

Whilst the HPI Group is not subject to significant environmental regulation in respect of its property activities, the Company Directors are satisfied that adequate systems are in place for the management of its environmental responsibility and compliance with the various licence requirements and regulations. Further, the Company Directors are not aware of any material breaches of these requirements.

#### Principle 8 – Remunerate Fairly and Responsibly

#### 8.1. Nomination & Remuneration Committee

The Board has chosen not to establish a Remuneration Committee at this time however expects to do so during the 2017 financial year.

Until then the Board will consider remuneration and nomination matters, including the following, from time to time at its regularly scheduled meetings:

- criteria for Company Board membership and identify specific individuals for nomination;
- processes for the review of the performance of individual Company Directors, Company Board committees and the Company Board as a whole;
- · succession plans; and
- remuneration packages and policies applicable to Company Directors
- remuneration packages and policies applicable to Senior Management

The company engages independent remuneration advisors to provide it with recommendations regarding Senior Management remuneration packages, and Directors' individual and aggregate remuneration.

#### 8.2. Remuneration Policy

Notwithstanding that the Board has chosen not to establish a Remuneration Committee at this time, the Board considers remuneration matters from time to time at its regularly scheduled meetings including reference to the Board Charter which states as follows:

- a) The fees payable to non-executive Directors are determined by the Board within the aggregate amount approved by Securityholders.
- b) Non-executive Directors (including the Chairman) will collectively be paid from a fixed sum out of the funds of the Company as remuneration for their services as Directors. The fixed sum has been set by the Board at a maximum of \$900,000 per annum. This amount can only be increased by the passing of an ordinary resolution of Securityholders.

#### 8.3. Executive Remuneration Philosophy and Link to Business Strategy

#### **Objectives**

The Boards' overall objective is to ensure that executive remuneration is effective in attracting, motivating and retaining the calibre of executives required to allow HPI to generate sustainable growth in value for securityholders, while being fair and reasonable for executives and securityholders in relation to the results actually achieved.

More specifically, the executive remuneration framework is intended to

- Provide fair remuneration outcomes for executives having regard to relevant market remuneration levels and their ability, experience and contribution to HPI's sustainable long-term performance.
- Be sufficiently closely linked to HPI's sustained growth performance to provide good alignment with the interests of securityholders
- Ensure that remuneration and remuneration outcomes are determined on a clear and transparent basis
- Take specific account of the circumstances applying at HPI.

A mix of fixed and performance-related remuneration is provided to achieve these objectives.

#### 8.4. Executive Remuneration Strategy and Structure

#### Fixed Remuneration

Fixed remuneration represents the base level of reward for executives. Fixed pay is set having regard to the employee's responsibilities, experience, skills and performance, as well as to the external market and internal relativities.

The Board has set fixed pay at a level that it believes is reasonable in relation to the market, with reference to the median of the market for equivalent positions in comparable listed entities (pay for the CFO was benchmarked against both comparable ASX – Listed real estate investment trusts and similar sized ASX-Listed general market companies)

#### Variable Remuneration

Variable remuneration is intended to provide a link between total remuneration outcomes and HPI's achieved performance reflecting in particular the value created for secruityholders.

As a transitional arrangement for the year ending 30 June 2016, the CFO's variable remuneration was provided through a cash STI plan with an annual \$50,000 opportunity, pro-rated to reflect the portion of the year the CFO was actually employed, The performance hurdles to be achieved for any STI to be payable to the CFO, and the percentage weighting for each hurdle, are based on individual and corporate Key Performance Indicators, including achievement of budgeted distribution and achievement of Management Internalisation, and Responsible Entity transition.

The CFOs employment contract provides that from FY 2017, the STI plan will be replaced with a long term incentive plan.

#### 8.5. Equity Based Remuneration Scheme

The Company has not established any equity-based remuneration schemes at this time. Any proposed scheme proposed must be approved by the passing of an ordinary resolution of security holders.