## **Appendix 4G**

# Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity:						
ADAVALE RESOURCES LIMITED						
ABN / ARBN:	Financial year ended:					
008 719 015	30 JUNE 2016					
<ul> <li>☑ These pages of our annual report:</li> <li>☐ This URL on our website:</li> <li>The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate the board.</li> </ul>	☐ This URL on our website:  The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 30 September 2015 and has been approved by					
Date:	30 September 2015					
Name of Director or Secretary authorising lodgement:	Leanne Ralph					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

## ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVE	RSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose:  (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and  (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  □ at [insert location]  and information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management):  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.2	A listed entity should:     (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and     (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  ☐ at [insert location]	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  ☐ at [insert location]	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  ☐ at [insert location]	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

<sup>4</sup> If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\ldots^4$
1.5	<ul> <li>A listed entity should: <ul> <li>(a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;</li> <li>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and</li> <li>(c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: <ul> <li>(1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</li> <li>(2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  at at [insert location]  at at and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>✓ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>✓ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.6	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and     (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  and the information referred to in paragraph (b):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>         an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR          we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable     </li> </ul>
1.7	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and  (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  and the information referred to in paragraph (b):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>☑ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCIP	PLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE		
2.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a nomination committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):  □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	our board skills matrix:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>         ■ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance         Statement OR         ■ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable     </li> </ul>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	-	nave NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole e period above. We have disclosed <sup>4</sup>
2.3	A listed entity should disclose:  (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;  (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and  (c) the length of service of each director.	the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  ☐ at [insert location]  and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b):  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  ☐ at [insert location]  and the length of service of each director:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  ☐ at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY				
3.1	A listed entity should:  (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and  (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	our code of conduct or a summary of it:  in our Corporate Governance Statement AND  at	V	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		overnance Council recommendation  We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	
PRINCI	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have an audit committee which:  (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and  (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	an explanation why (a)(3) that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporat	e Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$	
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  ☐ at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPI	LE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should:  (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement □ at		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPI	LE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	$\dots$ information about us and our governance on our website: $\square$ at	Ø	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	V	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement AND  ☐ at		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCI	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2):  □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should:  (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and  (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	□ at [insert location]  the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
7.3	A listed entity should disclose:     (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or     (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs:  □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks:  I in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCI	PLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a remuneration committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):  □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:     (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and     (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our policy on this issue or a summary of it:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

#### ADAVALE RESOURCES LIMITED

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

This statement outlines the main corporate governance practices currently in place for Adavale Resources Limited (**Company** or **Adavale**) and also addresses the 3rd Edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (**ASX Recommendations**). The Board believes the Company has applied the principles and recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council in a manner that is appropriate for a Company in its current stage of operation.

The corporate governance policies and practices described below are those that have been in place for the 2015-16 financial year, or as at the date of this report where indicated. The board continues to review the governance framework and practices of the Company to ensure they meet the interests of shareholders and other stakeholders.

The Company does not have a website that is properly maintained or up to date. As a result charters and policies referred to in this statement are not disclosed on this website as required under the ASX Recommendations.

## Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

#### (a) Role of the Board

The board is accountable to shareholders for the management of the Company's business and affairs and as such is responsible for the overall strategy, governance and performance of the Company. The Board is responsible for the following:

- Providing accountability to shareholders/stakeholders
- Appointing and working with the Managing Director /Executive Directors
- Approval of Company Strategy
- Development of Key Company policy
- Monitoring management and operations

#### (b) Appointments to the Board

Given the stage of the Company's operations and the strategic review process being undertaken to determine the future of the Company and the heavy reliance on the experience of the members of the Board, no additional director appointment has been made during the year ended 30 June 2016. At the appropriate time, the Board will make decisions on the size and composition of the board, including assessment of necessary and desirable competencies of board members.

The full Board will determine who is invited to fill a casual vacancy after extensive one-on-one and collective interviews with candidates and thorough due diligence and reference checking.

#### (c) Governance Framework

The diagram following depicts the operation of the Company's governance framework.

#### **BOARD**

Formally delegates certain functions to Board Committees and to management via the formal Board and Committee charters.

Directly retains responsibility for a number of matters including:

- Corporate Strategy Evaluate, approve and monitor the strategic and financial plans for the Company.
- Oversight of Management guide and monitor management's performance and implementation of strategy. The
  appointment and replacement of the CEO/MD, executive succession planning, monitor the performance of the
  CEO/MD and the senior management team and determine their remuneration.
- Oversight of Financial Management review and approve the annual operating budgets, review and approve all
  financial reports of the Group, evaluate and approve decisions concerning major capital expenditure of the Company.
- Oversight of Capital Management approve changes to the Company's capital structure, determine distribution policy
  and approve dividend payments pursuant to that policy and approve the establishment and issue of any equity rights
  via incentive plans.
- Board Composition and Structure review composition of the board, succession, and carry out annual performance reviews.
- Compliance and Risk Management monitor strategic risk management systems and the integrity of internal control and reporting systems.
- Stakeholder Communications approve all material reporting and other external communications by the Company, review policies and procedures to ensure compliance with ASX continuous disclosure requirements.
- Ethics and Responsible Decision-Making actively promoting ethical and responsible decision making and monitoring compliance with policies governing the operation of the Company.

#### **Audit Committee**

Key functions are to oversee and review:

- The integrity of the Company's external financial reporting and financial statements; and
- The appointment, remuneration, independence and competence of Adavale's external auditors.

#### Management

#### (d) Board committees

The ultimate responsibility for the oversight of the operations of the Company rests with the Board. However, the Board may discharge any of its responsibilities through committees of the Board in accordance with the Constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (Corporations Act).

Given the size of the Company's operations the reliance on the experience of the members of the Board, the Board has only constituted one committee - the Audit Committee. The functions of other such committees (risk, remuneration and nomination) are performed by the full Board.

The applicable composition requirements and current membership of the Audit Committee is set out below:

Board Committee	Composition Requirements	Membership
Audit Committee	At least three members, all of whom are non- executive and independent. The chairman should be an independent non-executive director. All members should be financially literate and at least one member must have financial expertise and some members must have an understanding of the industry in which Adavale operates.	Mr Saharto Sahardjo (Non-Executive Director) (Chair), Mr Albert Cheok (Non Executive Director) and Mr Peter Murphy (Non Executive Director)

The number of Board and Audit Committee meetings held during the year and the number of meetings attended by each of the directors is set out in the table below:

	Board		Audit Co	ommittee
	Α	В	Α	В
Mr Haryono Eddyarto (Chair and Executive Director)	2	2	-	-
Mr Saharto Sahardjo (Non-Executive Director)	2	2	2	2
Mr Albert Cheok (Non-Executive Director)	2	2	2	2
Mr Peter Murphy (Non-Executive Director)	2	2	2	2

A: Meetings eligible to attend 
B: Meetings attended

In addition to these meetings a number of board decisions were dealt with by circular resolutions.

#### (e) The Company Secretary

The Company Secretary acts as secretary of the Board, attending all meetings of the Board. The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board through the chairperson on all corporate governance matters.

## (f) Diversity

A formal diversity policy has not been adopted by the Board as there are no employees of the company and no current intention to appoint any new directors.

This position may change, including the establishment of measurable gender diversity objectives in the foreseeable future whilst the Board undertakes a strategic review of the Company's future direction.

The current gender diversity is as follows:

- The proportion of female directors: 0%
- The proportion of female employees on the executive committee: 0%
- The proportion of female employees in the whole organisation: 0%

#### (g) Board and director performance

Whilst the board is committed to enhancing its effectiveness through performance management and review, the board considers it inappropriate timing to undertake a board review process. This is due to the current state of the business effectively under review.

#### (h) Senior Executives

The Board Charter addresses the responsibilities of the Board and management. It goes further detailing the Board's relationship with Management. The Board Charter allows the Board to delegate the responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Company to a Managing Director (MD).

As the Company is currently assessing the future direction of the Company no new executives have been appointed during the year. The Chairman currently performs the role of chief executive.

#### (i) Performance of Senior Executives

A there are no senior executives in the business, there is no requirement to assess performance.

## Principle 2: Structure the board to add value

#### (a) Board size and composition

The Constitution of the Company provides that there will be a minimum of three directors and not more than nine directors.

At the date of this report, the Board comprises one executive director, and three non-executive directors.

The current members of the Board are:

- Mr Haryono Eddyarto (Chair and Executive Director), (appointed 28 September 2011)
- Mr Saharto Sahardjo (Non-Executive Director), (appointed 20 December 2012)
- Mr Albert Cheok (Non-Executive Director), (appointed 20 December 2012)
- Mr Peter Murphy (Non-Executive Director (appointed 27 September 2013)

The Board considers that the existing Board composition and structure is appropriate for the Company's current operations and stage of development.

Directors' details are listed in the Annual Report in the Directors Report, including details of their other listed entity directorships and experience.

#### (b) Board skills and diversity

The Board considered the merits of developing a Board Skills Matrix but has not undertaken this process for the year ended 30 June 2016 due to its stage of operations and the strategic review process being undertaken to determine the future of the Company. The qualifications and expertise of each Board Member are outlined in the Directors Report contained within the Annual Report.

#### (c) Director Appointments

The Board is also responsible for reviewing and making recommendations to the board on its membership, including recommendations for the appointment and re-election of directors and where necessary, proposing candidates for consideration by the board. The Board must have regard to a number of factors, including that the board should comprise directors with a broad range of skills, expertise and experience from a diverse range of backgrounds.

A director who is invited to fill a casual vacancy after extensive one-on-one and collective interviews with candidates and thorough due diligence and reference checking. In accordance with the Company's Constitution, a director appointed by the Board holds office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting when he or she will be eligible for election at that meeting.

Non-executive directors are appointed pursuant to formal letters of appointment which, among other things, set out the key terms and conditions of the appointment, the Board's expectations in relation to the performance of the director, procedures for dealing with a director's potential conflict of interest and the disclosure obligations of the director, together with the details of the director's remuneration.

#### (d) Director Remuneration and Induction

Non-executive director remuneration is reviewed periodically but has no review has taken place in recent years.

The Company has not established a formal director induction program, as there is no current intention to appoint any additional directors. All current directors were informally given induction to their positions. The Board will consider the implementation of an induction program as part of its strategic review process being undertaken to determine the future of the Company.

#### (e) Directors' independence

The Board considers that it is able to exercise its judgement in an independent and unfettered manner and provide independent and effective oversight of management.

All members of the board, whether independent directors or not, exercise independent judgement in making decisions in the best interests of the Company as a whole.

In determining the independent status of each director, the Board has adopted the approach contained in ASX Principle 2, and specifically assesses the independence of all directors against the criteria outlined in Box 2.3 of the ASX Recommendations.

The Company does not used prescribed or pre-determined materiality thresholds for the purposes of assessing director independence but instead assesses independence on a case by case basis, having regard to the extent to which any relevant relationship or connection may materially interfere with the director's ability to exercise unfettered and independent judgement in the discharge of their responsibilities and duties.

Mr Sahardo Sahardjo, Mr Albert Cheok and Mr Peter Murphy are considered by the Board to be independent. Given the executive position held and the fact that Mr Haryono Eddyarto is a substantial shareholder, he is considered non-independent based on the criteria in Principle 2 of the ASX Recommendations.

The Board believes that this is an appropriate structure given the stage of the Company's

operations, as it will be important to draw heavily on the industry experience of the members of the Board while tit undertakes its strategic review to determine the Company's future.

#### (f) Directors' interests

Directors are required to keep the Board advised of any interest that may be in conflict with those of the Company, and restrictions are applied to directors' rights to participate in discussion and to vote, as circumstances dictate when a conflict has been identified. In particular, where a potential conflict of interest may exist, directors concerned may be required to leave the Board meeting while the matter is considered in their absence.

#### (g) Chairman

The Board Charter provides that where practical, the Chairman of the Board should be an independent Director.

Currently, the Chairman of the Board is not independent but is considered the most appropriate Director to hold this position given his experience and knowledge of the Indonesian market. The Company will consider appointing an independent Director as Chairman as part of its strategic review of the Company's future direction.

## (h) Board meetings

The Board typically schedules meetings on a quarterly basis, with additional meetings convened as required. Agenda's for each meeting are prepared by the Company Secretary together with the input from the Chairman, and are distributed prior to the meeting together with supporting papers.

Standing items include the Operations report and the financial report, as well as reports addressing matters of strategy, governance and compliance.

## (i) Independent advice

The Board has a policy of enabling directors to seek independent professional advice for Company related matters at the Company's expense, subject to the prior notification of the Chairman and where the estimated costs are considered to be reasonable.

## **Principle 3: Act Ethically and Responsibly**

#### (a) Code of conduct and ethical behaviour

The Board acknowledges the need for high standards of corporate governance practice and ethical conduct by all directors and employees of the Company.

Whilst the Company has not adopted a Code of Conduct, various measures have been established to ensure that a high standard of ethical business behaviour is observed by all staff members, including policies and procedures for:

- Continuous Disclosure Obligations; and
- Trading in Adavale Securities.

In addition to their obligations under the Corporations Act in relation to inside information, all directors, employees and consultants have a duty of confidentiality to the Company in relation to confidential information they possess.

Once the future direction of the Company is determined the Company will consider the adoption of a Code of Conduct.

#### (b) Employee and director trading in Adavale securities

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 12.9, the Company has in place a Security Trading Policy that governs the ability of directors, employees and contractors to trade in the Company's securities. Subject to necessary prior written consents being obtained, the Company's directors, executives and employees may trade in the Company's securities at any time outside closed periods. Closed periods cover the following:

- The day after the announcement of Adavale's half yearly results to the ASX;
- The day after the announcement of Adavale's annual preliminary financial results to the ASX; or
- For any other period determined by the Board.

Directors and employees may, in exceptional circumstances as defined in the policy, trade in a closed period but only with the prior written consent of the Disclosure Officer. Notwithstanding the closed periods and approval requirements, a person is prohibited from trading at any time if they possess material, price-sensitive information about the Company that is not generally available to the public.

The policy also prohibits short term trading of the Company's securities.

## Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

The Audit Committee is responsible for assisting the board in discharging its responsibilities to safeguard the integrity of the Company's financial reporting and the system of internal control. A key component of the committee's role is to provide appropriate advice and recommendations to the board to assist the board to fulfil its responsibilities in regard to financial reporting, the internal control environment, and audit management where appropriate across the Company.

The Audit Committee Charter takes into account the roles and responsibilities of the Audit Committee as well as contemporary governance practices. The Audit Committee Charter includes details on the appointment and oversight of the external auditor. The Company will ensure the external auditor is available to shareholders at the annual general meeting to answer any questions they may have about the Company's external audit.

The Audit Committee's current membership, the independence of the members and details of Audit Committee meetings and attendance by each Committee member are set out earlier in this Corporate Governance Statement and the Directors Report.

The qualifications and experience of the members of the Audit Committee are outlined in the Directors Report.

In accordance with the Company's legal obligations and Recommendation 4.2 of the ASX Recommendations, the Chief Executive and the Chief Financial Officer equivalent make the following certifications to the Board in relation to the Financial Statements for the financial period:

- The financial statements and associated notes comply in all material respects with the Accounting Standards as required by Section 296 of the Corporations Act 2001, Corporations Regulations, International Reporting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- The financial statements and associated notes give a true and fair view, in all
  material respects, of the financial position and performance of the Company for the
  period ended as required by Section 297 of the Corporations Act 2001;
- The financial records of the company have been properly maintained in accordance with Section 286 of the Corporations Act 2001;

- The integrity of the financial statements are founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control which, in all material respects, implements the policies adopted by the board of directors;
- The risk management and internal compliance and control systems of the Company relating to financial reporting objectives are operating effectively, in all material respects; and
- Subsequent to the end of the financial period, no changes or other matters have arisen that would have a material effect on the operation of risk management and internal compliance and control systems of the Company

## Principle 5: Make timely and balance disclosure

The Company is committed to complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules and Corporations Act and to ensuring that its shareholders are kept well-informed of all major developments affecting the Company's state of affairs, in order to promote transparency and investor confidence.

The Company has a Continuous Disclosure Policy and it incorporates the continuous disclosure framework as set out in the ASX Listing Rules Chapter 3.

The Policy creates a framework for compliance with relevant disclosure obligations and establishes the accountability of the Board for achieving compliance. More specifically, the Policy:

- Explains the Company's obligations under ASX Listing Rule 3.1 and the Corporations Act 2001;
- Establishes internal processes for reporting of information considered to be potentially price-sensitive and for consideration of information reported by the Board;
- Establishes processes for the disclosure of price sensitive information, taking into account the clarification provided by ASX Guidance Note 8;
- Establishes internal processes for briefing of analysts, investor and media Company's, responding to market speculation, leaks and rumours and calling trading halts where appropriate to avoid trading occurring in an uninformed market;
- Outlines authorisation procedures for ASX announcements; and
- Delegates to the Company Secretary the authority to release information or make disclosures to the ASX and responsibility for decisions regarding price sensitive information, coordinating disclosures, establishing and monitoring procedures under this Policy and making recommendations to the Board on any necessary updates to the Policy.

## **Principle 6: Respect the rights of securityholders**

The Board aims to ensure that its shareholders are kept well-informed of all major developments and business events that are likely to materially affect the Company's operations and financial standing, and the market price of its securities. Information is communicated to securityholders through:

- Annual, half year financial reports and quarterly cashflow reports and market updates, lodged with the ASX;
- Announcement of market-sensitive and other information, including annual and half year results announcements and analyst presentations released to the ASX; and

The chairman's address to, and the results of, the Annual General Meeting.

The Company does not currently have an active up to date website. The development of a website for the Company will be considered as part of the strategic review being undertaken by the Company to consider its future direction.

The Company has a Continuous Disclosure Policy that includes a formal procedure for dealing with potentially price-sensitive information. The policy sets out how the Company meets its disclosure obligations under ASX Listing Rule 3.1. The Company's policy is to lodge with the ASX and place on its website all market-sensitive information, including annual and half year result announcements and analyst presentations, as soon as practically possible.

Shareholders have the right, and are encouraged, to attend the Company's annual general meeting, held in November each year, and are provided with explanatory notes on the resolutions proposed through the notice of meeting. A copy of the notice of meeting is lodged with the ASX and appears on the ASX website.

Shareholders are encouraged to vote on all resolutions and unless specifically stated otherwise in the notice of meeting, all securityholders are eligible to vote on all resolutions. Shareholders who cannot attend the annual general meeting may lodge a proxy in accordance with the Corporations Act. Proxy forms may be lodged with the share registry by mail, hand delivery, facsimile or electronically.

Transcripts of the chairman reports to shareholders are released to the ASX upon the commencement of the Annual General Meeting.

Other than these initiatives and informal engagement with shareholders as required, the Company does not have a prescribed investor relations program due to the current stage of the Company's operations.

All shareholders are provided the option to receive communications from the share registry electronically (and are encouraged to do so, with election documentation included in regular mail outs to shareholders).

#### Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

The Board is responsible for ensuring that sound risk management framework and polices are in place. The Board will devote time at its meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with overseeing risk and maintaining the Company's risk management framework and associated internal compliance and control procedures.

The Board considers risk matters on an ongoing basis but did not undertake a formal review of its risk management framework during the year ended 30 June 2016 due to the fact that the Board is undertaking a strategic review of the future direction of the business. It is intended that this framework review will be undertaken as part of the strategic review of the future direction of the business.

#### (a) Internal Audit

The Company does not have an internal audit function, as it is not considered appropriate for the Company's current stage of development and operations.

## (b) Economic, environmental and social sustainability risks

In accordance with Recommendation 7.4, the Board has considered whether the Company has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and determined that at this time there is no material exposure to these risks. Upon completion of the Board's strategic review and once the future direction of the Company is determined the Board will re-evaluate these risks.

## Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Given the stage of the Company's operations and the heavy reliance on the experience of the members of the Board, the Board does not initially propose to establish a remuneration committee and the function of such a committee will be performed by the full Board, acting in the best interests of the Company.

The Board will devote time at its meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with setting the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

For details of the Company's remuneration structure, please refer to the Remuneration Report.

This Corporate Governance Statement was approved by a resolution of the Board on 29 September 2016.