

Quarterly Report for the Period Ending 30 June 2016

29 July 2016

Emmerson Resources Limited ABN 53 117 086 745

3 Kimberley Street West Leederville WA 6007 PO BOX 1573, West Perth WA 6872

Tel: (08) 9381 7838 Fax: (08) 9381 5375 admin@emmersonresources.com.au

ASX Code: ERM 378.3 million ordinary shares

Market Cap ~A\$30.3 million (@ \$0.08)

Available Cash A\$5.2 million (30-06-16)

Board of Directors Andrew McIlwain Non-executive Chairman

Rob Bills Managing Director & CEO

Allan Trench Non-executive Director

Website: www.emmersonresources.com.au

Highlights

- Outstanding shallow high grade gold intersected at Edna Beryl West:
 - o 5m @ 27g/t gold, including
 - 2m @ 51g/t gold from 103m
 - o 13m @ 8.7g/t gold, including
 - o 7m @ 15g/t gold from 133m
- New interpretation suggests that Edna Beryl West may extend to the extremely high grade Edna Beryl East mine at depth, representing a much larger, high grade gold deposit.
- This new interpretation also highlights potential for repeated deeper hematite associated ironstone gold mineralisation within the Edna Beryl district, as evidenced from historic drilling such as:
 - GRED27 with 6.6m at 4g/t Au, incl. 1m @ 19g/t & 1m @ 5.4g/t Au
- The Edna Beryl East mine is the subject of the "small mines tribute agreement" where development is currently underway and recent underground drilling (ASX: 16 March 2016) produced bonanza grades of:
 - 1.8m @ 140g/t gold (drill hole A)
 - 1.8m @ 309g/t gold (drill hole B)
 - 1.8m @ 93.4g/t gold (drill hole C)
- First production from Tribute Mining at Edna Beryl East is anticipated later this year following the permitting and approvals process which is almost completed.
- Planning and permitting is underway to bring forward development of additional small mines, plus potential development of the high grade Chariot Gold Mine.
- Small mines strategy to deliver a risk-free, near term income stream.
- The recent 3,885m drill campaign in the Edna Beryl district was completed on 25th June and awaiting remaining assays that are due imminently.
- Drilling and exploration fully funded under \$15m earn-in agreement with Evolution Mining.
- Field assessment of NSW exploration licence applications to commence.
- Cash of \$5.2 million at quarter end.

Tennant Creek gold-copper project

1. Edna Beryl West

Emmerson Resources Limited ("Emmerson", ASX: ERM) and partner, Evolution Mining Limited ("Evolution", ASX: EVN) are pleased to announce highly encouraging assay results from the recent drill program at Edna Beryl West, within Emmerson's 100% owned project at Tennant Creek in the Northern Territory (figure1).

The significance of these results is not only reflected in extensions to previous shallow high-grade gold mineralisation, but more importantly provide the basis of a much expanded resource within the Edna Beryl district. This new interpretation suggests multiple, sub parallel "panels or ore shoots" that are structurally controlled both up and down plunge and also along strike. The four "ore shoots" identified to date connect the high grade gold mineralisation at Edna Beryl East and West (figure 2). Of significance is the paucity of drilling at depth, which by historic standards is still shallow and within 200m of the surface.

2. Completion of Further Drilling in the Edna Beryl District

A 3,885m reverse circulation (RC) drill campaign (phase 2) was completed on 25th June (table 2).

First results were released to the ASX on 05 July 2016 outlining further high grade gold intersections as follows:

• 6m @ 13.2 g/t gold, including

- 3m @11.2 g/t gold from 126m (EBWRC015)
- o 9m @ 5.33 g/t gold including

• 3m @ 10.4 g/t gold from 135m (EBWRC018)

All remaining assays from this drill campaign are pending including those from panel 3 where there is great potential to extend the mineralisation in all directions.

3. Small Mines & Chariot Mine Strategy

Edna Beryl East is the first of the small, very high grade gold mines presently undergoing permitting and development. Progress continues on site related infrastructure and approval of the Mine Management Plan. It is envisaged that this will be finalised during the next quarter and allow mining to commence.

In addition, planning and permitting is also underway for the remaining pipeline of the small mines, including the Chariot gold mine. Negotiations have commenced with the Edna Beryl Mining Company (EBMC) on the commercial terms of a similar 'Tribute Style' agreement for these additional small mines.

This has the potential to add further shareholder value through providing:

- A risk-free, near term income stream from its non-core assets via a royalty agreement (until EVN completes its earn-in, ERM receives 100% of its share flowing from this agreement)
- Future access to refurbished underground workings for near mine exploration
- The opportunity to monetise a pipeline of other non-core assets within Emmerson's extensive tenement holdings.

4. September Quarter Activities

The following activities are planned for the September quarter:

- Receipt and interpretation of assay results from the phase 2 RC drilling within the Edna Beryl District is aimed at confirming the geological interpretation and define further target extensions for drill testing.
- RC drilling of oxide gold mineralisation at the Susan target (figure 3) plus a deeper diamond hole to test for primary gold mineralisation below existing drilling.
- RC drill testing of the M5 and Black Eye targets within recently granted EL31249. These are high calibre gold copper targets based on geological and geophysical attributes that have high correlation with known deposits.
- Commencement of Tribute mining at Edna Beryl.
- Continuation of the permitting and approval process for additional small mines plus the high-grade Chariot gold mine.
- Field assessment of EL Applications in NSW generated by the Strategic Alliance with Kenex.

Emmerson Managing Director, Mr Rob Bills commented, "2016 is shaping up to be an exciting year for Emmerson as we work across the three strategic horizons of: a) application of new technology/ideas to discover/extend high grade gold-copper mineralisation within our Tennant Creek Project; b) accelerate our small mines initiative which aims to monetise existing resources and provide underground drill platforms for near mine exploration; c) in conjunction with our strategic alliance partner Kenex Limited (ASX March 2015), we are applying innovative targeting methodologies to identify new gold-copper projects in Australia – this initiative is focussed on increasing the success of discovery through using "big data" to pinpoint high quality epithermal gold-silver, porphyry copper-gold and iron oxide copper-gold projects. To date we have been successful in applying for four new projects in NSW but more on this later."

Announcements

The Company has made the following announcements since the start of the quarter.

18/07/2016 Change of Share Registry 14/07/2016 Ceasing to be a substantial holder 14/07/2016 Change in substantial holding 07/07/2016 Change in substantial holding 05/07/2016 High Grade Gold intersected at Edna Beryl 04/07/2016 Change in substantial holding 08/06/2016 Change in substantial holding 19/05/2016 High Grade Gold Intersected at Edna Beryl 29/04/2016 Change in substantial holding 19/05/2016 High Grade Gold Intersected at Edna Beryl 29/04/2016 Change in substantial holding 27/04/2016 Quarterly Activities and Cashflow Reports 19/04/2016 Investor Presentation Update 12/04/2016 Drilling to Target High Grade Gold Commences

Emmerson Resources Limited

Mr. Rob Bills Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

About Tennant Creek and Emmerson Resources

The Tennant Creek Mineral Field (TCMF) is one of Australia's highest grade gold and copper fields producing over 5.5Mozs of gold and 470,000 tonnes of copper from a variety of deposits including Gecko, Orlando, Warrego, White Devil, Chariot and Golden Forty, all of which are within Emmerson Resources (ASX:ERM) exploration and joint venture portfolio. These deposits are considered to be highly valuable exploration targets and, utilising modern exploration techniques, Emmerson has been successful in discovering copper and gold mineralisation at Goanna and Monitor in late 2011, the first discoveries in the TCMF for over a decade. To date, Emmerson has only covered 5.5% of the total tenement package (in area) with these innovative exploration techniques and is confident that, with further exploration, more such discoveries will be made.

Emmerson holds 2,800km² of ground in the TCMF, owns the only gold mill in the region and holds a substantial geological database plus extensive infrastructure and equipment. Emmerson has consolidated 95% of the highly prospective TCMF where only 8% of the historical drilling has penetrated below 150m.

Emmerson is led by a board and management group of experienced Australian mining executives including former MIM and WMC mining executive Andrew McIlwain as non-executive chairman, and former senior BHP Billiton and WMC executive Rob Bills as Managing Director and CEO.

Pursuant to Farm-in agreement entered into with Evolution Mining Limited (Evolution) on 11 June 2014, Evolution is currently sole funding exploration expenditure of \$15 million over three years to earn a 65% interest (Stage 1 Farm-in) in Emmerson's tenement holdings in the TCMF. An option to spend a further \$10 million minimum, sole funded by Evolution over two years following the Stage 1 Farm-in, would enable Evolution to earn an additional 10% (Stage 2 Farm-in) of the tenement holdings. Emmerson is acting as manager during the Stage 1 Farm-in and is receiving a management fee during this period. Exploration expenditure attributable to the Stage 1 Farm-in to date is approximately \$9.5 million.

About Evolution Mining

Evolution Mining is a leading, growth-focussed Australian gold miner. Evolution operates seven wholly owned mines– Cowal in New South Wales, Cracow, Mt Carlton, Mt Rawdon and Pajingo in Queensland, and Edna May and Mungari in Western Australia.

Group production for FY15 from Evolution's five existing operating assets (prior to completion of the Cowal and Mungari acquisitions) totalled 437,570 ounces gold equivalent at an All-In Sustaining Cost of A\$1,036 per ounce. Evolution has guided FY16 attributable gold production from all seven operating assets of 770,000–820,000 ounces at an AISC of A\$970–A\$1,020 per ounce.

About Edna Beryl Mineralisation

Edna Beryl was discovered by prospectors in 1935 and mined underground in the 1940s and 1950s to a maximum depth of approximately 50 metres. Production up until 1952 was reportedly 2,700t of ore at an exceptional grade of 53g/t gold.

More recent exploration in the Edna Beryl East area between 1996 and 2000 by Giants Reef Mining (GRM) outlined additional high-grade gold mineralisation below the historic workings and resulted in an estimate being reported in 1998 by independent consultants in accordance with the Australasian Code for Reporting of Identified Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC: 1998). While this estimate does not meet the minimum reporting requirements for a Mineral Resource under the current 2012 JORC Code, Emmerson considers the Edna Beryl East mineralisation to constitute an Exploration Target of 5,000t to 10,000t at 20 to 30 g/t gold, however cautions that the potential quantity and grade is conceptual in nature and, that there has been insufficient exploration to estimate a Mineral Resource and that it is uncertain if further exploration will result in the estimation of a Mineral Resource.

Regulatory Information

The Company does not suggest that economic mineralisation is contained in the untested areas, the information contained relating to historical drilling records have been compiled, reviewed and verified as best as the Company was able. As outlined in this announcement the Company is planning further drilling programs to understand the geology, structure and potential of the untested areas. The Company cautions investors against using this announcement solely as a basis for investment decisions without regard for this disclaimer.

Competency Statement

The information in this report which relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Mr Steve Russell BSc, Applied Geology (Hons), MAIG, MSEG. Mr Russell is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and types of deposits under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 edition and the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr Russell is a full time employee of the Company and consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Table1: Edna Beryl West significant drill hole intersections

HoleID	East (MGA94_53)	North (MGA94_53)	RL AHD	Dip (deg)	AZI mag (deg)	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Au (g/t)	Ag (ppm)	Bi (ppm)	Cu (ppm)	Fe (%)	Pb (ppm)	Zn (ppm)	Mo (ppm)	Sb (ppm)	Sample Type
					349.5	133	146	13	8.69	1.47	69	573	25	29	54	71	10.5	1metre
EBWRC001	416573.10	7864800.14	298.8	-67	Inc.	133	140	7	15.1	1.26	64	390	25	22	83	12	12.5	1metre
						135	137	2	24.7	1.76	79	218	22	35	70	10	5.81	1metre
EBWRC003	416547.40	7864807.41	298.4	-66	348.5	103	108	5	27.1	4.43	391	67	17	40	97	10	0.69	1metre
EDVIRCUUS	410047.40	/00400/.41	290.4	-00	Inc.	103	105	2	50.9	8.66	659	99	19	68	139	8	0.81	1metre
EBWRC008	416536.97	7864805.22	298.2	-66	349.0	90	96	6	1.14	0.91	101	0.00	21.0	24.8	110	12.8	1.09	3m Comp
EBWRC012	416573.06	7864809.09	298.9	-66	349.4	120	126	6	13.2	38.4	0.24%	0.52	13.9	551	31	54.9	4.13	3m
EDWRGUIZ	410373.00	7004009.09	290.9	-00	Incl.	120	123	3	15.7	44.4	0.28%	0.54	13.3	558	35	52.8	4.68	Comp
EBWRC015	416536.29	7864791.06	298.2	-65	349.0	126	129	3	11.2	27.3	987	0.02	17.0	151	140	4.20	0.12	3m Comp
EBWRC018	416582.29	7864804.00	299.1	-65	349.3	135	144	9	5.33	4.72	261	0.08	24.2	60.1	36.0	31.9	8.44	3m
EDVIRGUIO	410002.29	1004004.00	299.1	-05	Incl.	135	138	3	10.4	9.83	470	0.09	22.5	111	8.00	44.7	10.7	Comp

Note:

(1) All samples are1m riffle split samples.
 (2) Gold analysis method by 25g fire assay with ICP-OES finish.
 (3) Multi element analysis method by 4 acid digest & ICP-OES, ICP-MS finish.
 (4) Intersections are reported as down hole lengths and not true width.
 (5) Minimum cut-off of 0.5g/t Au. No maximum cut-off.
 (6) Minimum cut-off of 0.5%Cu. No maximum cut-off.

(7) No internal dilution.

Table2: June Quarter drill hole details

HoleID	East(MGA94_5 3)	North(MGA9 4_53)	RLAHD	Dip(deg)	AZImag(deg)	Depth (metres)	DrillDate	DrillType	Sample Type	Target Name	Tenement Number
RHRC001	415261.87	7861785.32	301.01	-70.0	315.0	264	11/04/2016	RC	RC Chips	Rhodes	EL28776
EBWRC001	416573.10	7864800.14	298.80	-66.0	349.5	161	12/04/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	MLC705
EBWRC002	416547.76	7864805.43	298.39	-67.0	348.5	168	13/04/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	MLC705
EBWRC003	416547.40	7864807.41	298.41	-66.5	348.5	167	13/04/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	MLC705
EBWRC004	416537.54	7864790.42	298.53	-67.0	348.5	192	14/04/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	MLC705
SSRC011	419358.07	7826144.33	381.48	-60.0	175.5	108.0	16/04/201	RC	Susan	Edna Beryl	MLC524
SSRC012	419358.05	7826134.03	380.77	-60.0	175.5	78.0	17/04/201	RC	Susan	Edna Beryl	MLC524
EBWRC005	416517.91	7864805.21	298.13	-66.0	348.0	131	5/06/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC006	416516.46	7864776.71	298.05	-70.0	348.0	96	6/06/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC007	416516.21	7864778.67	298.02	-67.0	348.0	180	6/06/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC008	416536.97	7864805.22	298.20	-66.0	349.0	143	7/06/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC009	416546.82	7864780.13	298.23	-67.0	348.0	204	8/06/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC010	416546.97	7864814.13	298.26	-66.5	349.0	132	8/06/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC011	416565.38	7864829.08	299.40	-66.5	349.5	108	9/06/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC012	416573.06	7864809.09	298.97	-66.5	349.4	149	9/06/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC013	416573.38	7864790.91	298.65	-66.5	348.0	204	9/06/2016	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC014	416583.39	7864826.57	298.87	-66.5	349.3	108	11/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC015	416536.29	7864791.06	298.25	-65.5	349.0	168	12/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC016	416603.80	7864829.75	300.90	-66.5	348.8	126	13/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC017	416603.78	7864809.07	300.05	-65.5	348.8	156	14/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC018	416582.29	7864804.00	299.19	-65.5	349.3	162	14/06,201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC019	416619.76	7864845.91	303.11	-60.0	355.0	84	16/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC020	416623.79	7864837.87	303.01	-66.0	348.9	114	16/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC021	416637.69	7864827.28	303.36	-65.0	349.0	126	17/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC022	416689.75	7864856.15	308.09	-66.0	349.2	102	17/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC023	416709.82	7864861.29	308.75	-65.5	348.9	102	19/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC024	416645.81	7864777.06	300.12	-66.5	345.0	66	19/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC025	416645.10	7864779.21	300.08	-65.5	345.0	246	20/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC026	416657.62	7864802.05	302.18	-65.5	343.0	204	21/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC027	416606.34	7864957.71	299.14	-60.0	160.3	150	22/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC028	416594.98	7865013.00	299.26	-66.0	162.0	252	23/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705



HoleID	East (MGA94_53)	North (MGA94_53)	RLAHD	Dip (deg)	AZImag (deg)	Depth (metres)	Drill Date	Drill Type	Sample Type	Target Name	Tenement Number
EBWRC029	416629.00	7864994.03	301.36	-66.0	161.0	210	24/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705
EBWRC030	416573.49	7864793.00	298.77	-65.5	344.0	162	25/06/201	RC	RC Chips	Edna Beryl	ML C705

TOTAL 5,100m

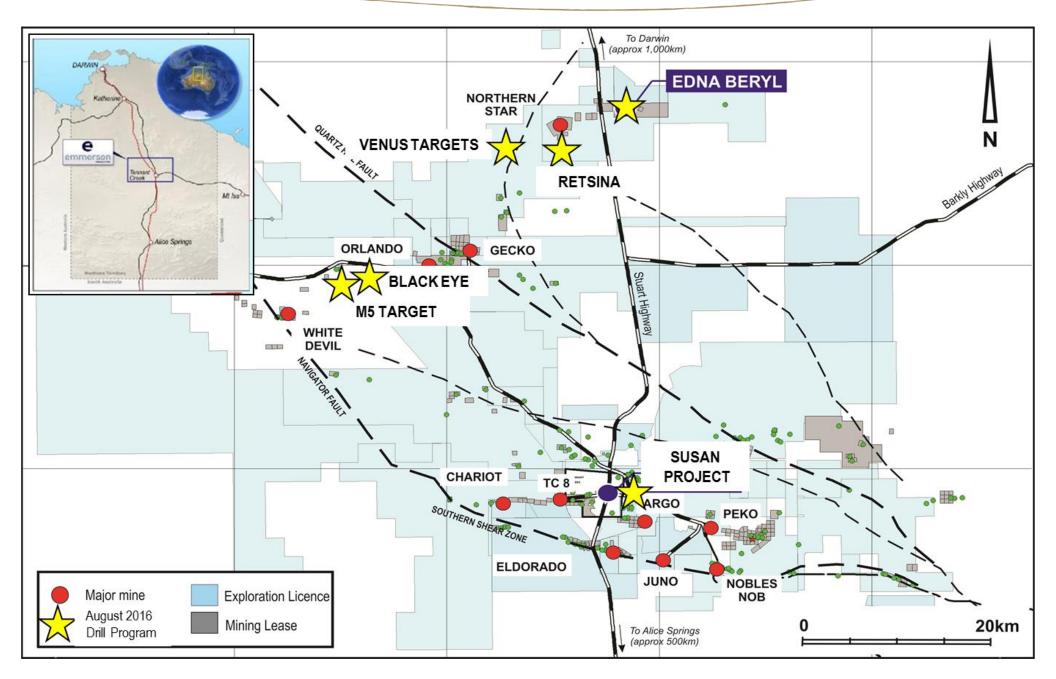


Figure 1: – Location of Emmerson's Tennant Creek Project and Edna Beryl Tribute Mine–highlighting projects that will be drilled in the next quarter (Edna Beryl, Susan, M5, Black Eye, Venus and Retsina in the Northern Project Area).

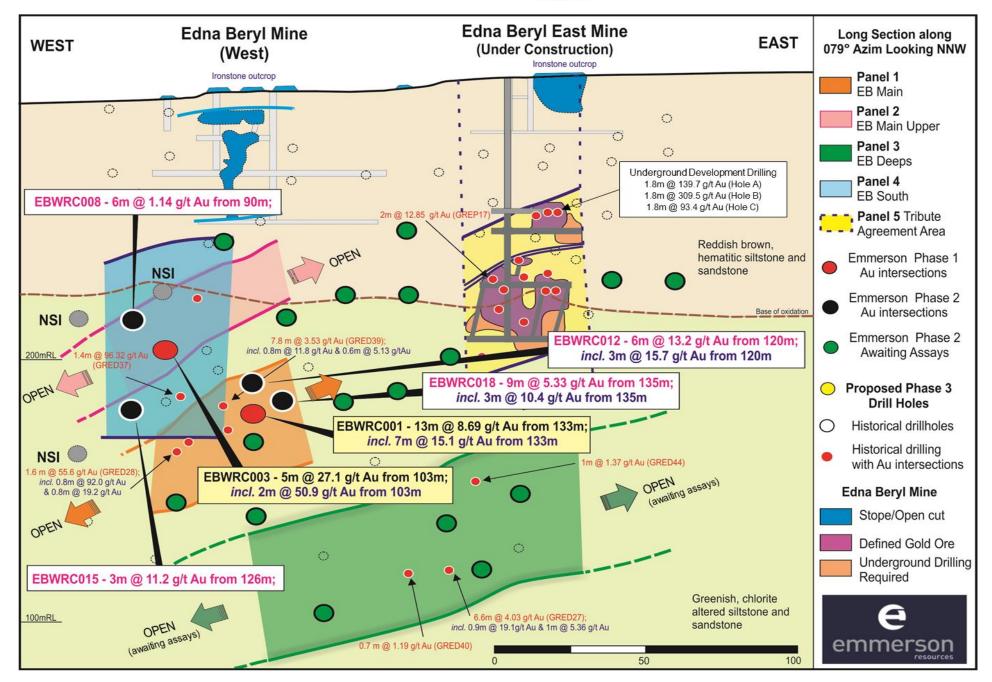


Figure 2: Long Section of the Edna Beryl district and recently completed drilling in each of the four ore shoots or panels (pierce points as colour coded dots)

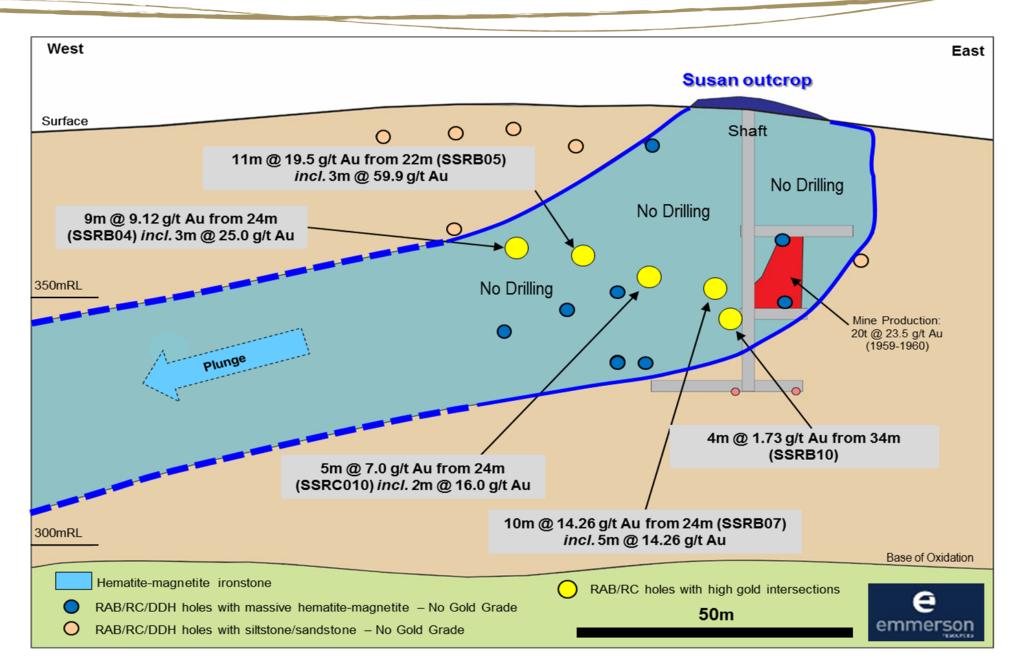


Figure 3. Susan long section showing all drilling with previous gold intersections, and interpreted magnetite-hematite ironstone plunge.

The exploration results contained within the above company release are in accordance with the guidelines of *The Australasian Code for the Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves* (the JORC Code, 2012).

SECTION 1 SAMPLING TECHNIQUES AND DATA – EDNA BERYL EXPLORATION TARGET

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	 Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as downhole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation. 	 Drill holes (EBWRC001-004) were reported ASX: 19/05/2016. Drill holes reported in this release (EBWRC005-030) were drilled during the period from 5/06/2016 – 25/06/2016 Drilling targeted ironstone both to the east and to the west of the known Edna Beryl mineralisation plus confirmation of historical gold intersections within the Edna Beryl Deeps area (Panel 3). Holes were angled to optimally test the interpreted shear zone). Drill holes have been drilled at an angle between 60 – 67 degrees). The Edna Beryl Exploration Target has been historically sampled using RAB, Reverse Circulation (RC) and diamond drilling (DD) techniques. 24 RAB holes for 1,140m, 29 RC/Percussion holes for 2,534m and 26 Diamond holes for 4,678.2m have been completed. The drill hole spacing is nominal 10m x 10m grid spacing. In areas of mineralisation spacing has been reduced to 5m x 5m. Holes have been angled to optimally test the host shear zone. Typically, most drill holes have been drilled towards the North at angles (dip) between 45 to 70 degrees from surface. EBWRC005-030RC chips are riffle split on site to obtain 3m composite samples from which 2.5–3.0kg sample was pulverised (at Genalysis in Alice Springs) to produce a 25g charge for analysis by Aqua Regia digestion / ICP-MS/OES (Au, Ag, Bi, Cu, Fe, Pb, Zn, Mo, U, Se, Sb). Individual 1m (re-split) samples are retained on the drill site. Anomalous zones will be individually assayed (re-splits) once 3m composite results are returned. Individual 1m samples are pulverised to produce a 25g charge for analysis by four acid digest with an ICP/OES (Cu, Fe, Pb, Zn) ICP/MS (Ag, Bi, Mo, Sb.) & Fire Assay/AAS (Au) finish. RC samples were collected via a fixed cone splitter that is mounted to the drill rig under a 1200cfm cyclone. The fixed cone splitter has three sample chutes for comparative sampling, 2 chutes are synchronised for comparative samples. Air Leg sample
Drilling techniques	• Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).	 hematite ironstone. 26 RC drill holes were drilled (this ASX release) in this second program (EBWRC005-030 – see table in text). Total metres drilled are 3,885m. The shallowest hole was 66m and deepest was 252m). The average drill hole length was 149m. RC drilling utilizes a 5 ^{3/4} inch, face sampling bit. RAB, RC and Diamond drilling accounts for 100% of the current drilling at the Edna Beryl Exploration Target. RC recoveries are logged and recorded in the database and for this program were considered excellent. Standard inner tube has been used. Three vertical air leg holes were spaced at 1m x 1m and drilled to a final depth of 1.83m (ASX:16 Mar 2016). The diameter of the air leg drill steel outside diameter is 30mm. Two samples were collected from each drill hole.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Drill sample recovery	 Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results 	 The first sample was collected from the surface of the drive floor to a distance of 1.22m or 4 foot. The 1.22m hole was then blown out and cleaned via the air leg to ensure minimal contamination. The second sample was then collected from 1.22 to a final depth of 1.83m or 6 foot. All three holes were drilled this way. RC samples are visually checked for recovery, moisture and contamination. No issues were encountered.
	 assessed. Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material. 	 If any issues or concerns are raised they are discussed at the time with the drilling contractor and also recorded in our database and drilling diary. Recoveries are considered good to excellent for the reported RC drilling. RC samples are collected via a fixed cone splitter that is mounted to the drill rig under a 1200cfm cyclone. The cyclone and splitter are routinely cleaned with more attention spent during the drilling of damp or wet samples. There were no "wet samples" during this program. Emmerson consider that there is evidence for sample bias that may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material. Visible (course) gold is identified in sections of historical diamond core so caution is required. Air leg drill sample was collected as dust and chips were returned to the surface of the cross cut drive. All samples were dry. Sample recovery considered good and representative.
Logging	 Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography. The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged. 	 Standard operating procedures are employed by Emmerson for logging RC samples. All RC samples are lithologically logged in one metre intervals. Drill hole logging data is directly entered into field tough book computers via Logchief software. Look up codes and real time validations reduce the risk of data entry mistakes. Field computer data (the drill log) are uploaded to Emmerson's relational database whereby the data undergoes a further set of validations checks prior to final upload. Standardised codes are used for lithology, oxidation, alteration, veining and presence of sulphide minerals. Structural logging of the RC drill samples was not possible. Magnetic susceptibility data for all individual 1m RC samples are collected as per ERM procedure. All RC chips are stored in trays in 1m intervals. Representative RC chips and diamond core is available to all geologists (a physical reference set) to ensure consistency of logging. All historical drill core and RAB & RC samples was lithologically logged. A detailed validation of all historical drilling data was completed in 2015 by a full time Emmerson Resources senior geologist. Standardised codes were used for lithology, oxidation, alteration and presence of sulphide minerals. Structural logging of selected historical diamond drill core was completed in 2016 recording orientation of veins, fractures and lithological contacts. Information on structure type, dip, dip direction, alpha angle, beta angle, texture, shape, roughness and fill material is stored in the structure table of Emmerson's database. All drill core was reported to be photographed, however Emmerson geologists could not locate digital or hard copy photography.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sub- sampling techniques and sample preparation	 If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. 	 Diamond core is stored in Tennant Creek however several holes (or sections of holes are missing or incomplete. RC chips could not be located. No geological logging was completed on the 3 air leg drill holes however; the samples are described as brick red, heavy ironstone. Standard sampling operating procedures have used by Emmerson during the Edna Beryl West drilling. The sample preparation of RC samples for follows industry best practice in sample preparation involving oven drying, coarse crushing of the sample down to ~10mm followed by pulverisation of the entire sample (total prep) using LM5 grinding mills to a grind size of 85% passing 75 micron. Pulverised material not required by the laboratory (pulps) including duplicate samples are returned to ERM, logged into a database and stored undercover at the Tennant Creek office. Coarse rejects are disposed of by the Laboratory. Entire air leg sample was hand delivered to the laboratory.
	 Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. 	 14 samples in total of which 6 samples were reported (ASX:16 May 2016). Samples consisted of dust and chips and were all dry. Samples were not riffle spit. No duplicate samples were submitted.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	 The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established. 	 Field QC procedures involve the use of certified reference material (CRM's) as assay standards, and ERM include blanks, duplicates. QAQC protocols consist of the insertion of blanks at a rate of one in every 40 samples, insertion of standards (CRM's) at a rate of approximately one in every 20 samples and duplicate field sample analysis of at a rate of approximately one in every 20 samples. A selection of CRM's is available to the geologists and insertion points are predetermined prior to drilling. The geologist has the ability to override this predetermined insertion based on visual and geological characteristics of the current drill hole. Insertion of assay blanks is increased when visual mineralisation is encountered and consists of insertion above and below the mineralised zone. RC field duplicates are collected on the 3m composites samples, using a riffle splitter. Individual 1m RC sample duplicates (re-splits) are also collected using the same technique. Laboratory checks include CRM's and/or in-house controls, blanks, splits, and replicates that are analysed with each batch of samples submitted. These QC results are reported along with sample values in the final analytical report. Barren quartz washes are also routinely used in zones of mineralisation. QAQC data is uploaded with the sample values into ERM's database through an external database administrator (contractor). A QAQC data is reported through a series of control charts for analysis and interpretation by the Exploration Manager or his/her delegate. The sample sizes are considered to be appropriate to correctly represent the sulphide mineralisation at the Edna Beryl West project based on the style of mineralisation (iron oxide copper gold), the thickness and mineral consistency of the intersection(s). Emmerson's sampling methodology (SOP) is available at any time for peer review.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Verification of sampling and assaying	 The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. The use of twinned holes. Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. Discuss any adjustment to assay data. 	 Emmerson's Exploration Manager (Competent Person) has discussed in detail the drill and sample collection procedures with the driller and is satisfied that best practice has been followed. Emmerson's Exploration Manager (Competent Person) has discussed sample preparation and analyses with Genalysis Intertek sample Prep and Lab Manager to confirm the integrity of the sample assay process. Do to the high grade nature of the samples several repeats have been carried out and the repeatability is considered to be reasonable Original data sheets and files are retained to validate the contents of the database against the original logging. No twin drill holes have been completed at the Edna Beryl Exploration Target.
Location of data points	 Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and downhole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. Specification of the grid system used. Quality and adequacy of topographic control. 	 Sample locations are shown in Figure 2 and Table 2 within the main text. EBWRC005-030 drill hole collars were surveyed (set out and picked up) using a differential GPS and by a suitably qualified company employee. Collar survey accuracy is +/- 30 mm for easting, northing and elevation coordinates. Co-ordinate system GDA_94, Zone 53. Topographic measurements are collected from the final survey drill hole pick up. Downhole survey measurements were collected routinely every 6m down hole using an REFLEX EZ-Shot® electronic single shot camera for RC. This survey camera equipment is quoted by the manufacturer to have an accuracy of Azimuth 0-360° ± 0.5° Dip ± 90° ± 0.2° If the measurement is considered to be affected by magnetic material (ironstone) then an average from the last non affected and the next non affected measurement is used. There were no down hole survey issues during this drill program and all collar positions have been validated by the Exploration Manager.
Data spacing and distribution	 Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied. 	 EBWRC005 to EBWRC030 were spaced 10-15 metres apart in dip and strike. This close spacing is necessary due to the style and morphology of the shear zone being drill tested. The spacing of historic drill hole collars is erratic, possibly to allow for the high degree of drilling deviation encountered in the Tennant Creek Mineral Field. Identified mineralisation within the Edna Beryl Exploration Target has been defined by drill holes on a section spacing of 10 m to 20 m with an average on-section spacing of 10 m. Emmerson considers the Edna Beryl mineralisation to be an Advanced Exploration Target and that it is uncertain that following evaluation and/or further exploration work that the historical estimate will be able to be reported as Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves in accordance with the requirements in Appendix 5A (JORC Code). RC sampling is on 1 m intervals that may have originally consisted of 3m composites. The air leg holes were space 1m apart. The cross cut drive is 2m x 1.1m.
Orientation of data in relation to geological	• Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.	 The closs cut drive is 2m x 1.1m. Exploration drilling is at a high angle to the mineralized bodies and/or shear zone. Exploration drilling is perpendicular to mineralized bodies or shear zone. No orientation based sampling bias has been identified in the data

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
structure	• If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.	 at this point. It is considered that the recent RC drilling (EBWRC005-EBWRC030) is representative and that no sample bias has been introduced. Results at this stage suggest that the geological targets being tested have been drilled in the correct orientation. The 3 air leg holes were drilled vertically into the floor of the cross cut drive. Samples ended in ironstone material. It is considered that the vertical drilling is representative and that no sample bias has been introduced.
Sample security	• The measures taken to ensure sample security.	 Samples from EBWRC005 – 030 were selected, bagged and labelled by site geologist and field assistants. They are placed in sealed polyweave bags and then larger bulka bags for transport to the assay laboratory. The assay laboratory confirms that all samples have been received and that no damage has occurred during transport. Tracking is available through the internet and designed by the Laboratory for ERM to track the progress of batches of samples. Sample receipt is logged into ERM's sample ledger. While samples are being prepared in the Lab they are considered to be secure. While samples are being analysed in the Lab they are considered to be secure.
Audits or reviews	• The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.	 No formal audit has been completed on the historical samples. An internal review of the sampling techniques, QAQC protocols and data collection has not been conducted by Emmerson. Digital Rock Services Pty Ltd (1998) and Rocksearch Australia validated historical data on two separate occasions. Minor issues were identified and remedied at the time. In 2003 – 2004 a 52m shaft was sunk at the Edna Beryl explorations target where mineralisation was intersected as per the data.

SECTION 2 REPORTING OF EXPLORATION RESULTS - EDNA BERYL EXPLORATION TARGET

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	 Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area. 	 The Edna Beryl Exploration Target lies wholly within Mineral Lease C705 (ML C705). The Edna Beryl Exploration Target is located 37kms north of Tennant Creek Township and 3kms east of the Stuart Highway. Edna Beryl is situated on map sheet SE53-14 Tennant Creek 1:250,000 and sheet 5759 Flynn 1:100,000 at GDA coordinate 416500mE 7864700mN. ML C705 is located within Aboriginal Freehold Land held by the Warumungu Aboriginal Land Trust (NT portion 1754). The tenement is 100% held by Emmerson Resources Limited. The exploration target is on Aboriginal Land Rights (Northern Territory) Act 1976 has been entered into between Emmerson Resources and the Central Land Council on behalf of the Aboriginal landowners. The agreement provides for the protection of sites, the payment of compensation and allows the landowners unfettered access to the lease area (other than the immediate mine site where there are restrictions).

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Exploration done by	• Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration	 Emmerson Resources are in Joint Venture with Evolution Mining. Exclusion Zones are identified within MLC 705 however does no impact on the Edna Beryl Exploration Target area. Approval to drill the second phase of drilling was received from Traditional Owners prior to drilling commencement. MLC 705 is in good standing and no known impediments exist. Edna Beryl was discovered in 1935 and mined
other parties	by other parties.	 in the 1940s and 1950s by excavation of vertical shafts and horizontal drives to a maximum depth of about 50 metres. Production up until 1952 was reportedly 2,700 tonnes of ore at an average grade of 53 grams gold per tonne. Giants Reef Mining conducted all known "modern" exploration in and around the Edna Beryl Exploration Target Area. Giants Reef has carried out exploration on the Edna Beryl area from 1990 to 2005 and during this time identified significant gold mineralisation below the original workings. An existing shaft sunk during the earlier mining was refurbished in 1996. In 2004 – 2005 mining was conducted by the Edna Beryl Mining Company (formally known as Craig's Mining Services) in a Tribute arrangement with Giants Reef Mining. Approximately 410 ounces was produced during this period from the upper mineralised pod from an exploration shaft and drive to current depth of 52m. Influx of underground water plus declining gold price ceased the operation in July 2005.
Geology	 Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation. 	 Gold and copper-gold deposits discovered in the Tennant Creek gold field to date, are hosted in the Lower Proterozoic Warramunga Formation; a metamorphosed (greenschist facies) greywacke-siltstone-shale sedimentary sequence, that usually displays a pronounced east-west cleavage. Ore occurs adjacent to steeply dipping, lenticular orpipe- likemagnetite/haematite/chlorite/quartz bodies ('ironstone') that are found along east-west trending structures. It is generally thought that the magnetite/haematite was hydrothermally formed in dilation zones along the controlling structures, and that the deposition of gold, sulphides and associated alteration minerals was a later event with mineralisation possibly being derived from a different source but following the same structurally controlled path. In plan view, the ironstone bodies tend to be narrowest in the north-south direction and elongated east west, reflecting the regional cleavage and shearing. Edna Beryl clearly follows this pattern. Their vertical dimensions may run to hundreds of metres, beyond the reach of surface drilling. Ore grades may occur over substantial vertical intervals of an ironstone

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		 pipe or lens, but are not expected to occur over the entire length. The mineralisation style is considered to be Iron Oxide Copper Gold. Supergene enrichment is very evident.
Drill hole information	 A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: easting and northing of the drill hole collar elevation or RL of the drill hole collar dip and azimuth of the hole downhole length and interception depth hole length. 	 A list of the drill holes, collar detail and intersections is provided in the body of this text Table 1 & 2and on figure 2.
Data aggregation methods	 In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. 	 Mineralized RC and Diamond intersections are reported as down hole intervals and not weighted averages. The results discussed are exploration results only and no allowance is made for recovery losses that may occur should mining eventually result, nor metallurgical flow sheet considerations.
Relationship between mineralization widths and intercept lengths	 These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the downhole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'downhole length, true width not known'). 	• The holes drilled within the Edna Beryl Exploration Target area are perpendicular the east-west striking mineralised zone. The holes were designed and drilled perpendicular to the steep dipping mineralised zone making the intercepts approximate to true width.
Diagrams	• Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.	Refer to Figures in body of text.
Balanced reporting	• Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.	 Due to the age the Resource Estimation for the Edna Beryl resource, Emmerson are cautious and do not believe the historical Resource Estimate can be reported in accordance with the current 2012 JORC Code. Emmerson considers the Edna Beryl mineralisation to be an Advanced Exploration Target. It is uncertain that following evaluation and/or further exploration work that the historical estimate will be able to be reported as Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves in accordance with the requirements in Appendix 5A (JORC Code).
Other substantive exploration data	• Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical	Geotechnical logging was carried out on all historical diamond drill holes for recovery, RQD and number of defects (per interval). Information

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.	 on structure type, dip, dip direction, alpha angle, beta angle, texture, shape, roughness and fill material was stored in the structure table of the Micromine database. Density measurements were collected by Giants Reef geologists. Metallurgical testing of selected mineralised Edna Beryl samples was conducted by Metcon Laboratories Pty Ltd in 1996. Metallurgical testing concluded that 70% could be gravity recovered with the remaining gold cyanide soluble so that total gold extraction of >98% could be obtained. Screen Fire Assay of selected samples was conducted by Giants Reef Mining. Geophysical magnetic susceptibility logging is completed at 1m intervals on site (RC drilling) and in the core shed for selected sections of diamond core. Thin section samples were collected by Giants Reef Mining to assist in the refinement of the geological model.
Further work	 The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. 	 A follow up program of RC drilling (Phase 3) is planned to commence in August, 2016(pending positive assay results) to further assist in confirming the geological and grade continuity of gold mineralisation already intersected. Geological interpretation as discussed in the text. Diamond drilling is being considered for the Panel 3 target. Gyro survey of drill holes EBWRC001 – 030 is planned for July, 2016

Mining Tenements Held at 30 June 2016 (Northern Territory, Australia)

Tenement	Name	Interest	Tenement	Name	Interest	Tenement	Name	Interest
EL10114	McDougall	100%	ELA7809	Mt Samuel	100%	HLDC91	Wiso Basin	100%
EL10124	Speedway	100%	HLDC100	Sally No Name	100%	HLDC92	Wiso Basin	100%
EL10313	Kodiak	100%	HLDC101	Sally No Name	100%	HLDC93	Wiso Basin	100%
EL10406	Montana	100%	HLDC37	Warrego, No 1	100%	HLDC94	Warrego, No.4	100%
EL23285	Corridor 2	100%	HLDC39	Warrego Min,	100%	HLDC95	Warrego, No.3	100%
EL23286	Corridor 3	100%	HLDC40	Warrego, No 2	100%	HLDC96	Wiso Basin	100%
EL23905	Jackie	100%	HLDC41	Warrego, No 3	100%	HLDC97	Wiso Basin	100%
EL26594	Bills	100%	HLDC42	Warrego, S7	100%	HLDC98	Wiso Basin	100%
EL26595	Russell	100%	HLDC43	Warrego , S8	100%	HLDC99	Wiso, No.3 pipe	100%
EL26787	Rising Ridge	100%	HLDC44	Warrego, No.2	100%	MA23236	Udall Road	100%
EL27011	Snappy Gum	100%	HLDC45	Warrego, No.1	100%	MA27163	Eagle	100%
EL27136	Reservoir	100%	HLDC46	Warrego, No.1	100%	MA30798	Little Ben	100%
EL27164	Hawk	100%	HLDC47	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC174	Mt Samuel	100%
EL27408	Grizzly	100%	HLDC48	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC203	Galway	100%
EL27537	Chappell	100%	HLDC49	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC211	Shamrock	100%
EL27538	Mercury	100%	HLDC50	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC212	Mt Samuel	85%
EL28601	Malbec	100%	HLDC51	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC239	West Peko	100%
EL28602	Red Bluff	100%	HLDC52	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC240	West Peko	100%
EL28603	White Devil	100%	HLDC53	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC287	Mt Samuel	100%
EL28618	Comstock	100%	HLDC54	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC288	Mt Samuel	100%
EL28760	Delta	100%	HLDC55	Warrego, No.4	100%	MCC308	Mt Samuel	85%
EL28761	Quartz Hill	100%	HLDC56	Warrego, No.5	100%	MCC316	The Trump	100%
EL28775	Trinity	100%	HLDC58	Wiso Line, No.6	100%	MCC317	The Trump	100%
EL28776	Whippet	100%	HLDC59	Warrego, No.6	100%	MCC334	Estralita Group	100%
EL28777	Bishops Creek	100%	HLDC69	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC340	The Trump	100%
EL28913	Amstel	100%	HLDC70	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC341	The Trump	100%
EL29012	Tetley	100%	HLDC71	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC344	Mt Samuel	100%
EL29488	Rocky	100%	HLDC72	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC364	Estralita	100%
EL30167	Dolomite	100%	HLDC73	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC365	Estralita	100%
EL30168	Caroline	100%	HLDC74	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC366	Estralita	100%
EL30301	Grey Bluff East	100%	HLDC75	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC524	Gibbet	100%
EL30488	Colombard	100%	HLDC76	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC55	Mondeuse	100%
EL30584	Juno North	100%	HLDC77	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC56	Shiraz	100%
EL30614	Franc	100%	HLDC78	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC57	Mondeuse	100%
EL30748	Battery Hill	100%	HLDC79	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC66	Golden Forty	100%
EL31249	Prosperity	100%	HLDC80	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC67	Golden Forty	100%
EL9403	Jess	100%	HLDC81	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC9	Eldorado	100%
EL9958	Running Bear	100%	HLDC82	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC925	Brolga	100%
ELA27539	Telegraph	100%	HLDC83	Wiso Basin	100%	MCC926	Brolga	100%
ELA27902	Lynx	100%	HLDC84	Wiso Basin	100%	ML22284	Billy Boy	100%
ELA30123	Mosquito Creek	100%	HLDC85	Wiso Basin	100%	ML23216	Chariot	100%
ELA30505	Golden East	100%	HLDC86	Wiso Basin	100%	ML23969	GeckoHeadframe	100%
ELA30516	Barkly Highway	100%	HLDC87	Wiso Basin	100%	ML29917	Havelock	100%
ELA30746	Mule	100%	HLDC88	Wiso Basin	100%	ML29919	Orlando	100%
ELA30747	Power ofWealth	100%	HLDC89	Wiso Basin	100%	ML30096	Malbec	100%
ELA30747	Mary Anne	100%	HLDC09	Wiso Basin	100%	ML30176	Queen of Sheba	100%
								.0070

Mining Tenements Held at 30 June 2016 (Northern Territory, Australia)

Tenement	Name	Interest	Tenement	Name	Interest	Tenement	Name	Interest
ML30177	North Star	100%	ML31074	Rocky Range	100%	MLC176	Chariot	100%
ML30322	Verdot	100%	ML31075	Franc	100%	MLC177	Chariot	100%
ML30322	Verdot	100%	ML31076	Jubilee	100%	MLC18	West Gibbet	100%
ML30522 ML30620	Kia Ora	100%	ML31123	Gibbet1	100%	MLC182	Riesling	100%
ML30620 ML30623		100%		Blue Moon	100%		•	100%
	Pinnacles Sth		MLA29526			MLC183	Riesling	
ML30636	Jacqueline the	100%	MLA29527	Wiso	100%	MLC184	Riesling	100%
ML30712	Battery Hill	100%	MLA29528	Wiso	100%	MLC204	Argo West	100%
ML30713	The Pup	100%	MLA29529	Wiso	100%	MLC205	Argo West	100%
ML30714	Pedro	100%	MLA29530	Wiso	100%	MLC206	Argo West	100%
ML30715	Red Bluff North	100%	MLA29531	Wiso	100%	MLC207	Argo West	100%
ML30716	Comstock	100%	MLA29532	Wiso	100%	MLC208	Argo West	100%
ML30742	Black Cat	100%	MLC120	Cabernet/Nav 7	100%	MLC209	Argo West	100%
ML30743	True Blue	100%	MLC121	Cabernet/Nav 7	100%	MLC21	Gecko	100%
ML30744	Scheurber	100%	MLC122	Cabernet/Nav 7	100%	MLC217	Perserverance	30%
ML30745	Bomber	100%	MLC123	Cabernet/Nav 7	100%	MLC218	Perserverance	30%
ML30781	Smelter	100%	MLC127	Peko East Ext 4	100%	MLC219	Perserverance	30%
ML30782	Dark	100%	MLC129	Peko Sth- East	100%	MLC220	Perserverance	30%
ML30783	Semillon	100%	MLC130	Golden Forty	100%	MLC221	Perserverance	30%
ML30784	Noir	100%	MLC131	Golden Forty	100%	MLC222	Perserverance	30%
ML30815	Blue Moon	100%	MLC132	Golden Forty	100%	MLC223	Perserverance	30%
ML30864	Verdelho	100%	MLC133	Golden Forty	100%	MLC224	Perserverance	30%
ML30865	Dong Dui	100%	MLC134	Golden Forty	100%	MLC253	Mulga 1	100%
ML30867	Thurgau	100%	MLC135	Golden Forty	100%	MLC254	Mulga 1	100%
ML30870	Rising Star	100%	MLC136	Golden Forty	100%	MLC255	Mulga 1	100%
ML30871	Colombard	100%	MLC137	Golden Forty	100%	MLC256	Mulga 2	100%
ML30872	The Extension	100%	MLC138	Golden Forty	100%	MLC257	Mulga 2	100%
ML30873	Pinot	100%	MLC139	Golden Forty	100%	MLC258	Mulga 2	100%
ML30874	Merlot	100%	MLC140	Golden Forty	100%	MLC259	Mulga 2	100%
ML30875	Grenache	100%	MLC141	Golden Forty	100%	MLC260	Mulga 2	100%
ML30885	Zinfandel	100%	MLC142	Golden Forty	100%	MLC261	Mulga 2	100%
ML30886	EXP212	100%	MLC143	Golden Forty	100%	MLC32	Golden Forty	100%
ML30888	Warrego	100%	MLC144	Golden Forty	100%	MLC323	Gecko	100%
ML30893	Troy	100%	MLC146	Golden Forty	100%	MLC324	Gecko	100%
ML30909	Archimedes	100%	MLC147	Golden Forty	100%	MLC325	Gecko	100%
ML30910	Marsanne	100%	MLC148	Golden Forty	100%	MLC326	Gecko	100%
ML30911	Wolseley	100%	MLC149	Golden Forty	100%	MLC327	Gecko	100%
ML30912	Ivanhoe	100%	MLC15	Eldorado 4	100%	MLC342	Tinto	100%
ML30937	Gris	100%	MLC158	Warrego gravel	100%	MLC343	Rocky Range	100%
ML30938	EXP195	100%	MLC159	Warrego gravel	100%	MLC344	Rocky Range	100%
ML30945	Metallic Hill	100%	MLC16	Eldorado 5	100%	MLC345	Rocky Range	100%
ML30946	Sauvignon	100%	MLC160	Warrego gravel	100%	MLC346	Rocky Range	100%
ML30947	Warrego East	100%	MLC161	Warrego gravel	100%	MLC347	Golden Forty	100%
ML30947 ML31021	Gecko 3	100 %	MLC161	Warrego gravel	100%	MLC347 MLC348	Brolga	100%
ML31021 ML31023	Gecko 3 Gecko 1	100%	MLC162 MLC163	Warrego gravel	100%	MLC348 MLC349	Brolga	100%
ML31025 ML31055	EXP 80	100%	MLC164	•••	100%	MLC349 MLC35	•	100%
				Warrego gravel			Golden Forty	
ML31057	Durif	100%	MLC165	Warrego gravel	100%	MLC350	Brolga	100%

Mining Tenements Held at 30 June 2016 (Northern Territory, Australia)

-	-	1 4 4	-	· · ·	1 4 4	-		1.4
Tenement	Name	Interest	Tenement	Name	Interest	Tenement	Name	Interest
MLC351	Brolga	100%	MLC501	Eldorado	100%	MLC602	TC8 Lease	100%
MLC352	Golden Forty	100%	MLC502	Eldorado	100%	MLC603	TC8 Lease	100%
MLC353	Golden Forty	100%	MLC503	Eldorado	100%	MLC604	TC8 Lease	100%
MLC354	Golden Forty	100%	MLC504	Eldorado	100%	MLC605	TC8 Lease	100%
MLC355	Golden Forty	100%	MLC505	Eldorado	100%	MLC606	Lone Star	100%
MLC36	Golden Forty	100%	MLC506	Marion Ross	100%	MLC607	Lone Star	100%
MLC362	Lone Star	100%	MLC51	Eldorado Anom	100%	MLC608	Lone Star	100%
MLC363	Lone Star	100%	MLC518	Ellen, Eldorado	100%	MLC609	Lone Star	100%
MLC364	Lone Star	100%	MLC52	Muscadel	100%	MLC610	Lone Star	100%
MLC365	Lone Star	100%	MLC520	Great Northern	100%	MLC611	Lone Star	100%
MLC366	Lone Star	100%	MLC522	Aga Khan	100%	MLC612	Lone Star	100%
MLC367	Lone Star	100%	MLC523	Eldorado	100%	MLC613	Lone Star	100%
MLC368	Lone Star	100%	MLC524	Susan	100%	MLC614	Lone Star	100%
MLC369	Lone Star	100%	MLC527	Mt Samual	100%	MLC615	Lone Star	100%
MLC37	Golden Forty	100%	MLC528	Dingo Eldorado	100%	MLC616	Lone Star	100%
MLC370	Lone Star	100%	MLC529	Cats Whiskers	100%	MLC617	Mt Samuel	50%
MLC371	Lone Star	100%	MLC53	Golden Forty	100%	MLC619	True Blue	85%
MLC372	Lone Star	100%	MLC530	Lone Star	100%	MLC626	Caroline	100%
MLC373	Lone Star	100%	MLC535	Eldorado No 5	100%	MLC644	Enterprise	100%
MLC374	Lone Star	100%	MLC54	Golden Forty	100%	MLC645	Estralita	100%
MLC375	Lone Star	100%	MLC546	The Mount	100%	MLC654	TC8 Lease	100%
MLC376	Mulga 1	100%	MLC55	Golden Forty	100%	MLC66	Traminer	100%
MLC377	Mulga 1	100%	MLC554	White Devil	100%	MLC675	Black Angel	100%
MLC378	Mulga 1	100%	MLC557	White Devil	100%	MLC676	Black Angel	100%
MLC379	Mulga 1	100%	MLC558	New Hope	100%	MLC683	Eldorado	100%
MLC38	Memsahib East	100%	MLC559	White Devil	100%	MLC69	Gecko	100%
MLC380	Mulga 1	100%	MLC56	Golden Forty	100%	MLC692	Warrego Mine	100%
MLC381	Mulga 1	100%	MLC560	White Devil	100%	MLC70	Gecko	100%
MLC382	Mulga 1	100%	MLC57	Perserverence	30%	MLC700	White Devil	100%
MLC383	Mulga 1	100%	MLC576	Golden Forty	100%	MLC702		100%
MLC384	Mulga 2	100%	MLC577	Golden Forty	100%	MLC705	Apollo 1	100%
MLC385	Mulga 2	100%	MLC581	Eldorado ABC	100%	MLC78	Gecko	100%
MLC386	Mulga 2	100%	MLC582	Eldorado ABC	100%	MLC85	Gecko	100%
MLC387	Mulga 2	100%	MLC583	Eldorado ABC	100%	MLC86	Gecko	100%
MLC4	Peko Extended	100%	MLC584	Golden Forty	100%	MLC87	Gecko	100%
MLC406	Comet	100%	MLC585	Golden Forty	100%	MLC88	Gecko	100%
MLC407	Comet	100%	MLC586	Golden Forty	100%	MLC89	Gecko	100%
MLC408	Comet	100%	MLC591	TC8 Lease	100%	MLC90	Gecko	100%
MLC409	Comet	100%	MLC592	TC8 Lease	100%	MLC91	Carraman/Klond	100%
MLC432	Mulga 1	100%	MLC593	TC8 Lease	100%	MLC92	Carraman/Klond	100%
MLC48	Tinto	100%	MLC594	TC8 Lease	100%	MLC93	Carraman/Klond	100%
MLC40 MLC49	Mt Samual	100%	MLC595	TC8 Lease	100%	MLC93	Carraman/Klond	100%
MLC49 MLC498	Eldorado	100 %	MLC595 MLC596	TC8 Lease	100 %	MLC94 MLC95	Carraman/Klond	100%
MLC498 MLC499	Eldorado	100%	MLC590 MLC597	TC8 Lease	100%	MLC95 MLC96	Osprey	100%
MLC499 MLC5	Peko Extended	100%	MLC598	Golden Forty	100%	MLC90 MLC97	• •	100%
MLC50	Eldorado Anom	100%	MLC598 MLC599	Mt Samuel	85%	MLC97 MLCA708	Osprey	100%
								100%
MLC500	Eldorado	100%	MLC601	TC8 Lease	100%			

Mining Tenements Held at 30 June 2016 (New South Wales, Australia)

Tenement	Name	Interest		
ELA5252	Wellington	90%		
ELA5253	Fifield	90%		
ELA5255	Temora	90%		
ELA5256	Parkes	90%		