

ASX ANNOUNCEMENT

31 October 2016

DISPATCH OF 2016 ANNUAL REPORT AND NOTICE OF AGM

Attached is a copy of the Tox Free Solutions Limited 2016 Annual Report and Notice of Annual General Meeting which have been dispatched to shareholders.

For and on behalf of the Board

DAVID MCARTHUR

DM Wither

Company Secretary

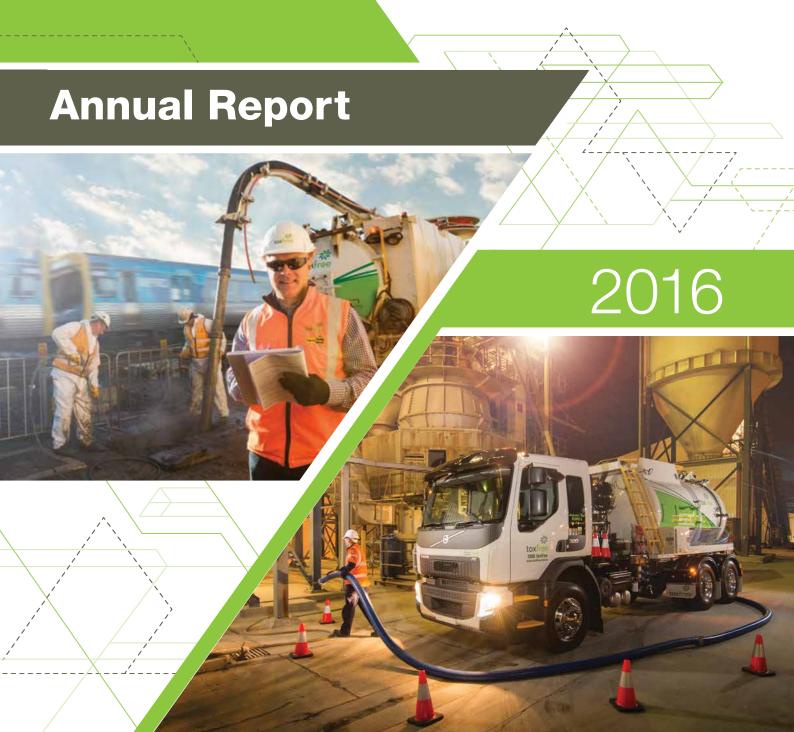
About Tox Free Solutions Ltd (ASX code: TOX)

Tox Free Solutions Ltd (Toxfree) is one of the largest integrated waste management, industrial service and environmental businesses in Australia. The Company offers a full range of waste management services through its national network of licensed waste treatment facilities. In addition Toxfree are fast becoming the leaders in onsite industrial services, waste minimisation, resource recovery and total waste management services.

24 Sangiorgio Court, Osborne Park WA 6017 P: +61 08 6216 7000 F: +61 08 6216 7001

For more information please contact investors@toxfree.com.au







Contents

Strategy FY16 Overview and Key Highlights Chairman's Letter FY16 Managing Director's Review of Operations Environment, Social and Corporate Governance Directors' Report Corporate Governance Statement Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income Consolidated Balance Sheet Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration Independent Auditor's Report to the Members		
FY16 Overview and Key Highlights Chairman's Letter FY16 Managing Director's Review of Operations Environment, Social and Corporate Governance Directors' Report Corporate Governance Statement Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income Consolidated Balance Sheet Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Corporate Directory	02
Chairman's Letter FY16 Managing Director's Review of Operations Environment, Social and Corporate Governance Directors' Report Corporate Governance Statement Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income Consolidated Balance Sheet Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Strategy	04
Managing Director's Review of Operations Environment, Social and Corporate Governance Directors' Report Corporate Governance Statement Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income Consolidated Balance Sheet Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration 11 Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	FY16 Overview and Key Highlights	10
Environment, Social and Corporate Governance Directors' Report Corporate Governance Statement Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income Consolidated Balance Sheet Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Chairman's Letter FY16	14
Directors' Report Corporate Governance Statement Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income Consolidated Balance Sheet Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Managing Director's Review of Operations	15
Corporate Governance Statement Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income Consolidated Balance Sheet Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Environment, Social and Corporate Governance	30
Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income Consolidated Balance Sheet Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Directors' Report	41
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income Consolidated Balance Sheet Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Corporate Governance Statement	58
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income Consolidated Balance Sheet Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration 11 Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001	63
Consolidated Balance Sheet Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration 11 Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss	64
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration 11 Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	65
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Consolidated Balance Sheet	66
Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Directors' Declaration Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	67
Directors' Declaration 11 Independent Auditor's Report to the Members 11	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	68
Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	69
	Directors' Declaration	112
Charabaldar Information	Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	113
Shareholder information	Shareholder Information	115

Corporate Directory

Directors and Company Secretary













- 1. Robert McKinnon, Non-Executive Chairman
- 2. Katherine Hirschfeld, Non-Executive Director
- 3. Richard Allen, Non-Executive Director
- 4. Michael Humphris, Non-Executive Director
- 5. Stephen Gostlow, Managing Director
- 6. David McArthur, Company Secretary

Principal place of business

24 Sangiorgio Court OSBORNE PARK WA 6017 PO Box 1108 OSBORNE PARK WA 6916

Registered office in Australia

Level 2, 55 Carrington Street **NEDLANDS WA 6009** PO Box 985 **NEDLANDS WA 6909**

TEL: +61 8 9423 3200 FAX: +61 8 9389 8327

Website address: www.toxfree.com.au

Share register

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd Level 11, 172 St Georges Terrace PERTH WA 6000

TEL: +61 8 9323 2000

Auditor

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd 38 Station Street SUBIACO WA 6008

TEL: +61 8 6382 4600 FAX: +61 8 6382 4601

Bankers

ANZ - Corporate Banking Level 2, 100 Queen Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Legal Advisor

Clayton Utz, Perth QV1 250 St Georges Terrace PERTH WA 6000

Securities Exchange

Tox Free Solutions Limited's shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) code TOX. The home exchange is in Perth.



Strategy

Toxfree's strategy is to grow the Company's specialist industrial and waste management services within our chosen market sectors, with the aim of increasing returns for our shareholders.

Our strategy is driven by three core service lines, all of which are supported by a number of strategic initiatives aimed at continuing to diversify our client base, and build upon the Company's strategically located and licensed waste treatment facilities, it's technologies

Toxfree overview

- 1350 employees;

Waste Services

- Over 55 operating locations strategically located across Australia.

Toxfree operating locations

1350 employees Over 15000 customers Over 55 locations across Australia



Our strategy is supported by our three services lines:

Technical and Environmental Services

Leader in Hazardous and Industrial Waste Management

- 15 licensed and strategically located facilities across Australia;
- 400 employees:
- Servicing all industry sectors, including government, utilities, commercial and industrial sectors;
- · High barriers to entry; and
- · Significant IP and patented technologies.

Waste Services

Provide waste services in all industrial markets in Australia

- Tailored total waste management solutions to predominately industrial clients across all market sectors;
- 575 employees;
- Solid waste services to complement our hazardous waste and industrial services in major metropolitan areas; and
- Municipal, commercial and industrial services in the regional hubs in North West WA, Tasmania and Queensland.

Industrial services

Leader in provision of industrial services throughout Australia

- Civil infrustructure, heavy manufacturing industry, services to mining and oil and gas production assets and refineries;
- Long term contracts;
- Blue chip clients;
- Integrated with hazardous and solid waste services; and
- 375 employees.





Toxfree is well placed to meet the demands of different industry sectors.

Over the last 10 years, Toxfree has focussed on its strategy to grow both organically, and through strategic acquisitions, to diversify its services across multiple market sectors. This is to ensure stability of revenue and ensure that we are well placed to meet the demands of different industry sectors as they move through their respective growth cycles.

Prior to 2007, Toxfree was purely a Western Australian business with operations in Perth and North West Western Australia. It was at that time that Toxfree mapped out a strategy to diversify its revenue across other geographic and industry sectors within Australia.

In 2008, Toxfree diversified and expanded its services into the east coast markets of Queensland and Victoria through the acquisition of Barry Bros in Victoria, and AGR in Queensland, complementing its specialist waste strategy with the addition of industrial services to civil infrastructure, utilities and municipal markets. Barry Bros services were also expanded nationally into other sectors, including the heavy industrial sector such as; alumina, petrochemical, resources and chemical manufacturing facilities throughout Australia over the following years.

In 2009, Toxfree opened the Pilbara Resource Recovery Centre in Karratha and attracted major customers in the North West including Rio Tinto Iron Ore, Chevron, Fortescue Metals Group and Apache, embedding our position as the leading integrated waste management company for the major LNG and Iron Ore production facilities in North West WA.

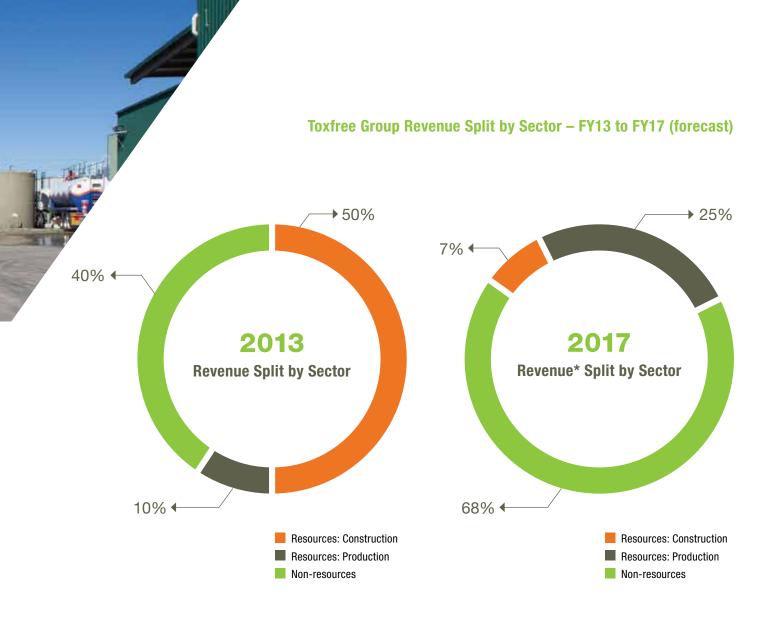
In 2012, Toxfree complemented its hazardous waste treatment and diversification strategy with the acquisition of Dolomatrix. Dolomatrix were the leaders in the provision of industrial resource recovery and hazardous waste management servicing all industry sectors, primarily on the east coast of Australia. This provided Toxfree with a national network of licensed waste treatment facilities able to handle all types of industrial and hazardous wastes.

In 2013, Toxfree acquired Wanless to establish a Total Waste Management capability in Queensland and Tasmania. As well as diversifying the revenue by geography, Toxfree entered the Commercial and Industrial sector of Queensland which has proven to be a key driver of growth in recent years.

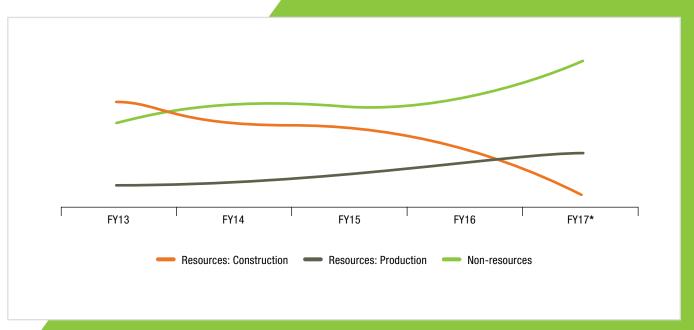
During the financial years of 2014 and 2015. Toxfree implemented a whole of business Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system and consolidated its legal entities into one enabling the business to improve administration efficiencies, productivity and reduce costs as well as provide a solid foundation to enable future growth. The Company also rebranded all of its operations under the 'Toxfree' name as well as invested in its fleet, technologies and facilities to improve productivity.

On 1 April 2016, Toxfree acquired Worth Recycling, a leading industrial services and waste management company in New South Wales (NSW). Worth provide hazardous waste liquid collection and treatment as well as some industrial services to the civil infrastructure, utilities and heavy industrial sector in NSW. They operate from four main operations in NSW, with two facilities having sophisticated industrial waste treatment technologies enabling the treatment of a broad range of bulk liquid waste and contaminated soils. The Worth operations complement Toxfree's existing business in NSW, and there are significant synergies between the two businesses.

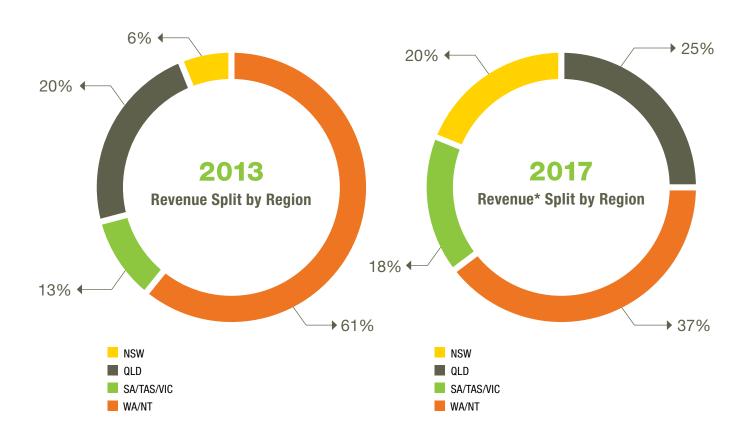
The success in the diversification strategy can be seen in the following graphs which show the changes in Toxfree's revenue since 2013, by both geography and client industry sector. The percentage of resource based construction revenue has reduced significantly whilst other revenue streams have grown which has enabled Toxfree to largely counter the current significant downturn in Western Australia following the decline in resource capital expenditure over recent years. At the completion of financial year 2017, which will include a full year contribution of Worth and growth in other east coast non resource related markets, revenue from resource related construction activities is forecast to make a minor contribution to the Toxfree Group. The Company will have established a much broader strategic base on which to continue to grow the business.

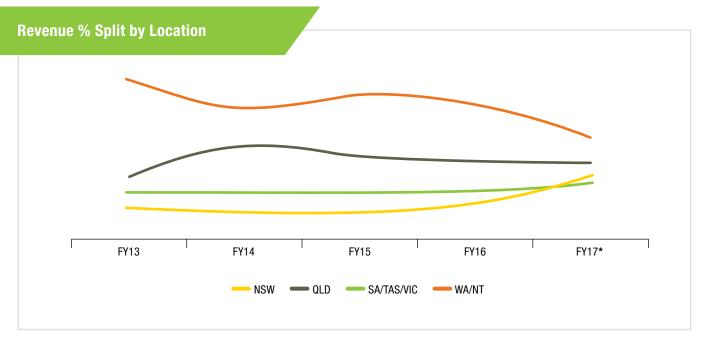


Revenue % Split by Sector



Toxfree Group Revenue Split by Region – FY13 to FY17 (forecast)





- * FY17 forecasts are based on management estimates at time of publication of this report.
- . Full year contribution from Worth Recycling in NSW, growth in east coast facilities and commencement of Olympic Dam contract within the non-resource and resource production sectors further diversify revenue in FY17.
- FY13 resource construction revenues were contributed to be Iron Ore Construction and LNG upstream and downstream construction in North West WA, Coal Seam Gas construction upstream and downstream in the Surat and Gladstone regions together with regional activity in the areas of the Pilbara, Broome, Darwin, Gladstone, Mackay and Surat Basin regions.

Strategic Initiatives

Strategically, each service line has a number of initiatives aimed at diversifying services across multiple market sectors, geographies and waste types, increasing our growth and improving earnings per share and return on invested capital.

- Leveraging Toxfree's existing waste treatment capabilities and licensed sites through investment in best practice waste treatment technologies, providing the lowest operating cost and best environmental solution in the market;
- Reducing overhead costs, consolidating and closing duplicated sites and increasing productivity by leveraging off the recently implemented Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system;

Toxfree aims to diversify its services across multiple market sectors.

FY16 Overview and Key Highlights

The Directors of Tox Free Solutions Ltd ("Toxfree", the "Company" or "Group") (ASX: TOX) are pleased to announce the Company's financial results for the year ended 30 June 2016.

The key highlights of the financial year were:

Safety

- A key outcome of financial year 2016 was Toxfree's safety performance;
- Our safety culture and performance continues to improve with significant improvement in all key metrics ^ with a Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate of zero and reduction in Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate (TRIFR) of 6.7 which was an 18% reduction on last year. There was also reduction in the All Injury Frequency Rate (AIFR) of 43% on FY15 to 25.4; and
- Job site safety inspections and hazard reporting, which the Company
 uses to manage risks and increase safety awareness, has increased
 by 90% demonstrating a strong commitment to working safely and
 a culture of interdependency.
- ^ Safety metrics are accurate as at the time of publication.



Summary of Results

Table 1: Group Results

Group results	FY16 \$'000	FY15 \$'000	% Change
Revenue – Services	393,380	407,278	(3)%
EBITDA*	72,875	71,876	1%
Amortisation	(1,914)	(2,073)	(8)%
Depreciation	(31,594)	(29,655)	7%
EBIT*	39,367	40,148	(2)%
Finance expenses	(6,154)	(6,505)	(5)%
Profit before tax *	33,213	33,643	(1)%
Income tax expense*	(9,957)	(10,673)	(7)%
Underlying Profit after tax *	23,256	22,970	1%
Statutory Profit after tax	13,054	21,994	(41)%
Profit attributable to Toxfree Owners	12,608	21,768	(42)%
Non-controlling interest in profit	446	226	97%
Underlying earnings per share (cents) *ordinary holders	16.7	17.0	(2)%
Shares on issue at reporting date ('000)	143,920	134,007	7%
Weighted average number of shares ('000)	136,573	133,806	2%
Dividend (cents per share)	9.0	8.5	6%
Cash Conversion as a % of EBITDA*	99%	100%	(1)bps

^{*} Non-IFRS Financial Information – Normalised for non-operational adjustments – see Table 2 on page 12.



- Strong cash flow with full year cash conversion rate of 99% of EBITDA*;
- Margins improvement at an EBITDA and EBIT level through improvement in productivity, significant reduction in overhead and reduction in operating costs. Full year dividend of 9 cents per share an increase of 6% on FY15;
- · Disciplined capital expenditure, improved debtor collections and strong cash flow resulted in net debt to equity of 37%;
- Significant growth of east coast operations counters the decline in resource sector construction related activities in the Pilbara, Central Queensland and Surat Basin regions;
- · Diversification of waste treatment capabilities and market share in NSW with the acquisition and integration of Worth Recycling; and
- Significant reshaping of the business occurred during FY16 as Toxfree consolidated and flattened the corporate and operational organisational structure of our three service lines and consolidated operational sites to gain efficiencies and enhance our future competitiveness in the market. This generated one-off costs of \$5.9m in site closure costs, redundancy and restructuring costs that have been normalised in the result.

Table 2: Exclusion adjustments

* Non-IFRS Financial Information Adjustments that were excluded in order to reflect the underlying performance of the Group are:

Exclusions	FY16 \$'000	FY15 \$'000
Acquisition, integration and rebranding costs	4,728	1,395
Impairment losses – Port Hedland	2,639	-
Asset write-offs – vacated sites	1,019	-
Redundancy and restructuring costs	4,425	-
Site closure costs	1,426	-
Reduction in contingent consideration	(1,067)	-
Income tax expense	(2,968)	(419)
Total costs after tax	10,202	976

For Statutory purposes the above costs are allocated to the following segments; Technical and Environmental \$4,964k; Waste Services \$3,231k; Industrial Services \$132k and Corporate \$4,843 (FY15: \$1,395).

Operations

Technical and Environmental Services

Results	FY16 \$'000	FY15 \$'000	% Change
Revenue	67,826	53,367	27%
EBITDA*	21,245	19,883	7%
EBIT*	14,558	14,631	(0.1)%

- * Non-IFRS Financial Information Normalised for non-operational adjustments - refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 - 12 for further detail.
- · Earnings from east coast waste treatment facilities increased by 28% on FY15 offsetting similar reductions in earnings from West Australian facilities:
- Re-development of the Narangba site in Queensland to allow relocation and closure of the Coopers Plains site providing more efficient and diverse range of waste treatment technologies;
- · Roll out of Community Recycling Centres contract with NSW EPA continued with 60 sites now in place and a further 40 sites to be rolled out over the next 12 months;
- Award of a contract for remediation services by the WA Department of Premier and Cabinet for the management of properties damaged by fire in Yarloop WA;
- Diversification into the rapidly developing e-waste sector in Victoria and NSW following the acquisition of PGM Refineries utilising the Blue Box e-waste technology; and
- Diversification of Toxfree's Total Waste Management service to include the provision of Workshop Waste Management Services.

Industrial Services

Results	FY16 \$'000	FY15 \$'000	% Change
Revenue	93,482	103,828	(10)%
EBITDA*	16,834	18,096	(7)%
EBIT*	9,016	9,902	(9)%

- * Non-IFRS Financial Information Normalised for non-operational adjustments - refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 - 12 for further detail.
- Award of BHP Billiton (BHPB) Olympic Dam 5 year Industrial Services and Waste Management Contract - commenced 1 July 2016;
- · QAL contract extension for a further 3 years;
- Award of further scope of works for Wheatstone LNG Plant in Onslow for pre-commissioning Industrial Services;
- Improved performance in the Melbourne and Sydney regions from the increase in the civil construction market with Victorian earnings up 11% on FY15;
- · Expansion of the Victorian Business into the La Trobe Valley, servicing the power generation companies;
- Expansion of the Industrial Services technical capability in the downstream refinery and terminals market and heavy Industrial client base:
- Addition of Chemical Cleaning service capability for the operating plants in the Oil & Gas sector and other industrial markets to complement our existing industrial services; and
- · An increase in the safety culture with a more than 50% reduction in TRIFR for the year.



Waste Services

Results	FY16 \$'000	FY15 \$'000	% Change
Revenue	232,072	250,083	(7)%
EBITDA*	59,221	62,084	(5)%
EBIT*	41,915	45,045	(7)%

- * Non-IFRS Financial Information Normalised for non-operational adjustments - refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 - 12 for further detail.
- · Queensland commercial and industrial waste EBIT increased by over 40% on FY15:
- · 13% organic growth within regional Queensland;
- Safety improvement with a reduction in TRIFR of 47% on FY15;
- Rationalisation and consolidation of activities within our Mackay and Rockhampton, Roma, Chinchilla and Toowoomba businesses to reduce costs and improve efficiencies; and
- Retention of Rio Tinto Iron Ore contract.

Corporate

Corporate	FY16 \$'000	FY15 \$'000	% Change
Unallocated EBITDA*	(24,425)	(28,183)	(13)%
EBIT*	(26,122)	(29,426)	(11)%

- * Non-IFRS Financial Information Normalised for non-operational adjustments - refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 - 12 for further detail.
- Corporate costs (EBITDA) reduced by 13% or \$3.76 M on FY15; and
- Implementation of Optical Scanning, Time in Attendance systems and In-Vehicle Management Systems (IVMS) in FY17 will drive continued cost savings.

Toxfree demonstrates a strong commitment to working safely and encourages a culture of interdependency.



Chairman's letter FY16



It is with great pleasure that I present to shareholders Toxfree's Annual Report for the year ending 30 June 2016.

The Company delivered sound financial results to record underlying Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA) of \$72.9m* up 1% on FY15, and Net Profit after Tax (NPAT) of \$23.3m*.

The Board is also pleased to announce a fully franked dividend of 9.0 cents per share which will be franked based on tax paid of 30%. This is a 6% increase on the previous year's dividend. The 9.0 cent dividend represents a 54% return on underlying neighbor after tax to ordinary shareholders.

As Chairman of the Board it is my role to lead the board and ensure it is focused on the oversight of management and delivery of our strategy. You will notice in this year's annual report we have provided further detail on the execution of Toxfree's strategy particularly over the last 5 years. Through strategic investment and focused business developmen Toxfree has diversified its revenue across multiple industry sectors and geographic regions within Australia. With over 15,000 customers nationally operating across all market sectors our business is robust, defensive and diverse. We believe this diversification will help to ensure consistent earnings and cash flow over the long term.

It is pleasing to see that we have continued to see the benefits of our diversification strategy through significantly improved earnings from our east coast operations in financial year 2016.

On the west coast our services linked to the resource construction sector have declined as a result of the slowdown in the number of resource construction projects and a reduction in resource sector capital expenditure. We have also experienced challenging trading within the oil and gas sector as a result of the downturn in the oil price and reduced offshore oil and gas exploration. We have acted to reduce costs in these areas by downsizing and consolidating our operations to improve our productivity and maintain our operating margins.

There were many highlights during the financial year but none more so than the Company's continued improvement in its safety performance. The Company achieved a 18% reduction in its Total Recordable Incident Frequency Rate and a 43% reduction in All Injury Frequency Rate. As a company we are proud to be recognised as one of the safest companies to work for in Australia and we take great pride in knowing that we are continuing to ensure our employees all go home safely to their friends and families.

From a governance perspective the Board places a great emphasis on succession planning, best practice corporate governance, Board training and evaluation to ensure we have the right mix and skill set on the Board. We are actively promoting the company's diversity and inclusion policy and have set measurable targets across the Company including on the Board.

Looking forward into financial year 2017, we expect the final stages of the remaining resource construction projects to complete in Western Australia and until the oil price stabilises we are likely to see challenging trading conditions continue in the oil and gas sector. Our east coast operations however are expected to continue their improvement through further momentum in the civil infrastructure sector, growth in specialist waste treatment and recycling services, including household hazardous waste and improved volumes of commercial and industrial wastes.

The Company has a large tender book and we are confident that we will continue to grow our market share through the Company's focus on safe, reliable and sustainable industrial and waste management services.

I would like to thank my fellow directors for their continuing contribution to the effective governance of the Company during the year and in particular to acknowledge the executive team and all employees of Toxfree for their commitment and efforts in delivering this result. Finally, I would like to recognise the ongoing support of our shareholders and customers which is fundamental to the ongoing success of Toxfree.

 Non-IFRS Financial Information — Normalised for non-operational adjustments — refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 — 12 for further detail.

Yours sincerely **Bob McKinnon**

Managing Director's Review of Operations



Underlying results for financial year 2016 reflect solid group performance, as the company continues to grow its earnings from east coast operations and services to the major producing assets across Australia. Revenue from construction based activities from the resource sector, primarily

in Western Australia and Queensland, have continued to significantly decline over FY16, so it is pleasing to see the Company's strategy of diversification into other market sectors and geographic regions has not only countered this downturn but placed the Company in an excellent position to grow its services into the future.

The Company delivered sound financial results to record underlying Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA) of \$72.9m* up 1% on FY15, and Net Profit after Tax (NPAT) of \$23.3m*.

Through a disciplined and focused strategy on capital expenditure the company was able to fund a number of growth initiatives that will, over time, prove to be significant strategic investments for shareholders. Debtor days' sales outstanding reduced by 15% during the year and cash conversion was 99% of EBITDA*. At June 30, Toxfree had cash in bank of \$32m, net borrowings of \$101.9m and net debt to equity of 37%. Net cash capital investment in the business was \$23.4m during the period.

The Company balance sheet is very sound and as a result the Board is pleased to announce a final dividend of 4.5 cents per share which will be fully franked based on tax paid of 30%, bringing the total dividend for the 2016 financial year to 9.0 cents per share fully franked. This is a 6% increase on the previous year's dividend. The 9.0 cent dividend represents a 54% (2015: 50%) return on underlying net profit after tax to ordinary shareholders.

The dividend record date to determine entitlements is 7 September 2016 and the payment date is 29 September 2016. The company dividend reinvestment plan (DRP) is available for all shareholders wishing to participate. Under the DRP, Toxfree shares will be issued or transferred at the average of the daily Volume Weighted Average Price (VWAP) of all shares sold on ASX over the period from 1 August 2016 to 7 September 2016. No discount will be applied to shares issued or transferred under the DRP.

The above result excludes a number of non-IFRS adjustments that were one-off and nonrecurring in nature. The adjustments include \$4.7m of acquisition, integration and rebranding costs associated with Worth and the PGM e-waste acquisitions, \$4.4m of redundancy and restructuring costs and site closure costs of \$1.4m. As part of our Centres of Excellence approach to waste treatment, the Company completed a complete review of our operational sites with the intention of consolidating services in similar locations to improve efficiencies and reduce costs.

The opportunity for consolidation was particularly evident for a number of sites that were acquired as part of the Dolomatrix and Worth acquisitions. Non relocatable site improvements at vacated sites were written off which generated a \$1.01m non-recurring charge. This predominantly related to the Coopers Plains site. The implementation of the Company's ERP system also provided an opportunity for consolidation of administration under a centralised shared services model.

The Company also booked a one off specific impairment of \$2.6m against its Port Hedland waste water treatment facility. With the decline in resource related expenditure in the Pilbara and the Company's focus on efficiency and reducing costs, we have directed more waste to the Karratha facility for treatment enabling us to downsize the Port Hedland operations and reduce costs. Toxfree's Port Hedland operations continue to be a very important part of Toxfree's portfolio of licensed treatment facilities and we are confident that in the medium to longer term the Port Hedland region will contribute strongly to the Toxfree group, however in the near term the forecast cash flows are expected to be subdued which required a one-off specific impairment to be booked.

Overall, the Company views the above results as an excellent achievement and a strong reward for its execution of strategy over the last 5 years. Even though the market has declined significantly in the West, through improvement in the East, Toxfree has been able to achieve solid financial performance.

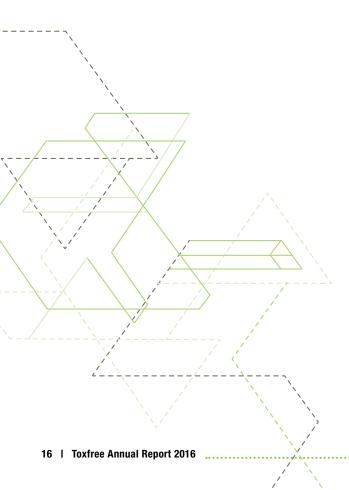
We remain focused on the organic growth opportunities through the award of total waste management and industrial service contracts throughout Australia. Toxfree's tender book remains buoyant with a number of tenders' already submitted pending award.

* Non-IFRS Financial Information – Normalised for non-operational adjustments - refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 - 12 for further detail.



Review of Operations

To meet customer expectations with no incidents, no harm to people or the environment and no damage to property



Health and Safety

Our values are Safe.Reliable.Sustainable.

- Safety In everything we do we are committed to putting safety first.
- Reliability We pride ourselves on positive, long term relationships with our customers, our employees and our stakeholders.
- Sustainability The decisions we make will ensure a future for our environment and our business.

Toxfree continues its quest to be Australia's leading industrial and waste services provider as judged by the quality of our services, environmental achievements and safety standards compared with peers, customers and best practice industries.

We once again demonstrated significant improvement in all key safety metrics ^ with a Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate of zero, a reduction in Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate of 18% and a reduction in the All Injury Frequency Rate of 43% on the prior year. The Group remains on track to achieve its 2020 Objectives for a Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate of 4 and All Injury Frequency Rate of 25.

^ Safety metrics are accurate as at the time of publication.

The Company has three segments. The three reportable segments are:

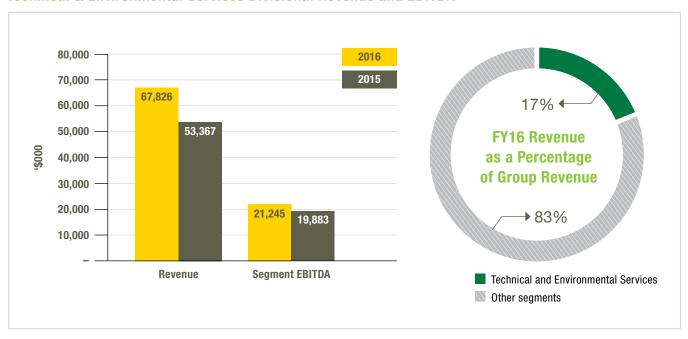
- 1. Technical and Environmental Services
- 2. Industrial Services
- 3. Waste Services

Technical & Environmental Services

Results	FY16 \$'000	FY15 \$'000	% Change
Revenue	67,826	53,367	27%
EBITDA*	21,245	19,883	7%
EBITDA margins (%)	31%	37%	(600)bps
Amortisation	678	300	126%
Depreciation	6,009	4,952	21%
EBIT*	14,558	14,631	(0.1)%
EBIT margins (%)	21%	27%	(600)bps

* Non-IFRS Financial Information - Normalised for non-operational adjustments - refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 - 12 for further detail.

Technical & Environmental Services Divisional Revenue and EBITDA

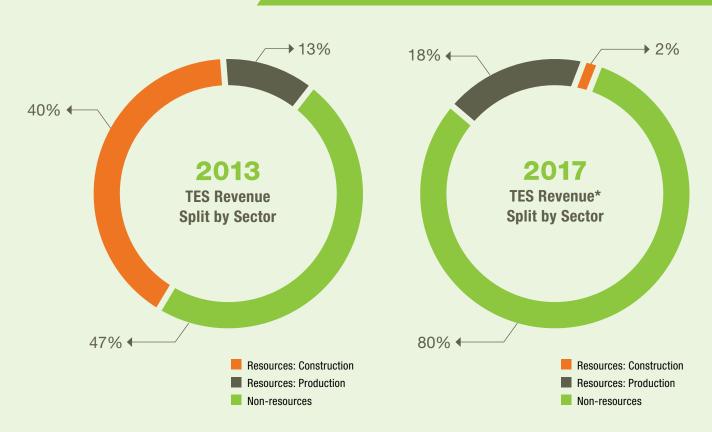


Toxfree's Technical and Environmental Services Division (TES) is the core of Toxfree's strategy. It is a key part of our total waste management strategy in which we can offer our clients treatment solutions for any type of hazardous, industrial or regulated waste they produce.

During the year we continued to expand our services into new geographic areas and develop new technologies and treatment solutions for industrial and hazardous wastes. The division performed well during the year with growth of 7% EBITDA* on last year.

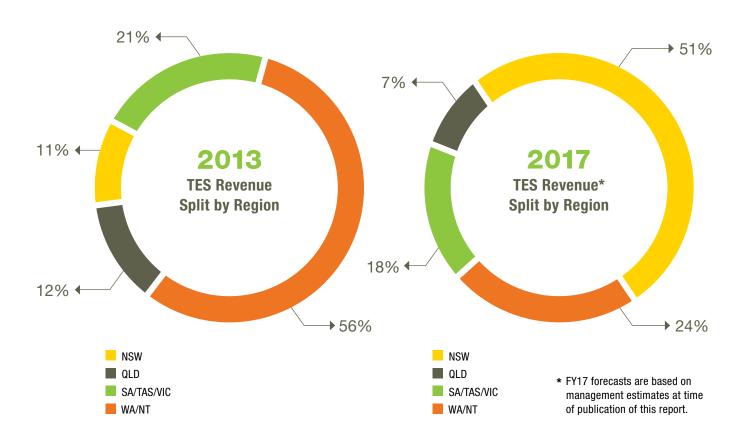
* Non-IFRS Financial Information - Normalised for non-operational adjustments - refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 - 12 for further detail.

TES Revenue Split by Sector - FY13 to FY17 (forecast)



* FY17 forecasts are based on management estimates at time of publication of this report.

TES Revenue Split by Region - FY13 to FY17 (forecast)



Acquisition of Worth Recycling

One of the key highlights of the year was the \$70m acquisition of Worth Recycling (Worth) which completed on 1 April 2016. The Worth Business contributed \$16.5M in revenue and \$3.4M in EBITDA in the three months under Toxfree's ownership which is in line with our initial acquisition forecasts. The EBITDA margin of Worth (which includes a combination of industrial services and waste treatment) is 21%, and when consolidated into Toxfree's Technical and Environmental Services division the change in business margins resulted in an overall reduction in the divisional margin for TES. There is also increased depreciation and amortisation from the Worth acquisition which further effected the EBIT margins within this division. As Toxfree complete the integration of systems over the next three months the industrial services and hazardous waste treatment services of Worth will be allocated to each of Toxfree's respective service lines.

Worth operates in the industrial waste, soil remediation and industrial services markets and undertakes the collection, transportation, processing and recycling of liquids, sludge and contaminated soil as well as providing confined space services, industrial cleaning and non-destructive digging. Worth operates EPA licensed liquid and soil remediation treatment facilities and owns and runs an EPA/ DECCW licensed fleet of liquid and vacuum tankers, including heavy vacuum units

Worth has operations in the Sydney metropolitan region, the Illawarra and the Hunter Valley. Worth designed, built and now operates two major industrial waste treatment plants, including:

- An EPA licensed depot and treatment plant at Windsor. The plant receives and processes oily sludge, slops oils, oily waters, drill muds and contaminated solids/sludge and wastewater emulsions and has a wastewater treatment capacity of one million litres per week.
- A 15,000 m², EPA licensed, industrial waste and chemical immobilisation treatment facility at St Marys, which is approved for the treatment of up to 100,000 tonnes of hazardous waste including contaminated soils, drill muds, and packaged waste. The site has been approved for further development, including a liquid waste treatment plant.

Worth operates an industrial services depot in Kurri Kurri, Hunter Valley and on-site liquid treatment facilities at Port Kembla. NSW.

The Worth business comprises 130 employees, including 3 senior managers and 60 drivers.

The business is being integrated with Toxfree's systems and rebranding has already commenced. We have been impressed with the service orientated culture of the Worth employees and their level of professionalism. There is significant synergy with Toxfree's existing business and we are focussing on realising this through the rationalisation of sites in both the Hunter Valley and Sydney regions. The NSW economy is buoyant, and we expect our momentum in earnings growth to continue into FY17 and beyond. The company has a number of large soil remediation tenders pending that if successful will lift facility utilisation and earnings in FY17.

Other TES operational highlights

Waste volumes associated with resource sector construction activities continued to decline as the level of construction wastes and wastes associated with upstream oil and gas activity reduced. Toxfree Karratha, Port Hedland, Kwinana and Queensland were below the prior year's achievement. In the East there was a direct contrast, with solid growth achieved in NSW and Victoria off the back of improved economic conditions, and the expansion of household hazardous waste contracts.

Victoria achieved 28% growth in EBITDA* on pcp and NSW achieved 30% growth on pcp. The momentum was achieved through expansion of household hazardous waste collection programs and expansion into e-waste recycling.

During the year, Toxfree entered the e-waste management sector through the acquisition of 100% of the shares in PGM based in Melbourne. The expansion of Toxfree services into the e-waste sector will broaden the service offering into this growing market. In Australia, e-waste is growing three times faster than the rate of general domestic waste. Increased e-waste recycling is also driven by mandatory Federal legislation (*Product Stewardship Scheme*) for 'end-of-life' TVs and computers, requiring progressively higher rates of recycling from 50% in 2015/16 to 73% by 2024/25. There is continuing pressure to increase recycling rates by the Commonwealth and State Governments. In Victoria the government plans to ban e-waste from landfill by 2017. E-waste recycling is a complementary activity to our existing focus on consumer based waste types including our household hazardous waste collection programs.

There were also a number of projects which assisted in the performance of TES. One of the projects included the clean-up and remediation of the Yarloop town site in Western Australia following the fires that devastated the area in January 2016.

There are a number of key environmental and regulatory drivers that contribute to growth in the available market, usually at a rate greater than population or industry growth. Increasing environmental awareness from the community, corporate social responsibility, increasing landfill disposal rates and tightening regulations are all positive key drivers in our business.

In the future we also expect a greater portion of remediation projects and an increase in remediation related wastes driven by the key drivers outlined above.

* Non-IFRS Financial Information – Normalised for non-operational adjustments – refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 – 12 for further detail.





Industrial Services

Results	FY16 \$'000	FY15 \$'000	% Change
Revenue	93,482	103,828	(10)%
EBITDA*	16,834	18,096	(7)%
EBITDA margins (%)	18%	17%	100bps
Amortisation	_	103	(100)%
Depreciation	7,818	8,091	(3)%
EBIT *	9,016	9,902	(9)%
EBIT margins (%)	10%	10%	0bps

^{*} Non-IFRS Financial Information - Normalised for non-operational adjustments - refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 - 12 for further detail.

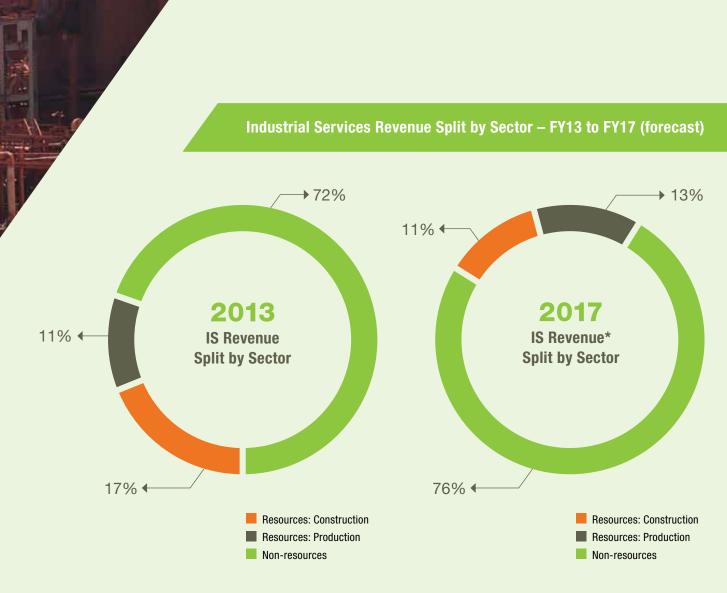
Industrial Services Divisional Revenue and EBITDA



The Industrial Services (IS) division performed solidly during FY16. Exposure to construction based activities from the resource sector is less within the IS service line than our other divisions. As demonstrated in the graphs below the majority of IS revenue is sourced from non-resource related sectors including utilities, municipal, civil infrastructure, and heavy manufacturing facilities such as Alumina, Refineries and Chemical Manufacture.

However, activity from upstream oil and gas development from construction projects in the Surat Basin and Pilbara and Kimberly regions declined during FY16. Countering this we are experiencing strong growth in utilities, civil infrastructure and municipal markets on the east coast. The business achieved solid growth primarily in the civil infrastructure markets in Victoria in particular achieving 38% growth in earnings on the prior year.

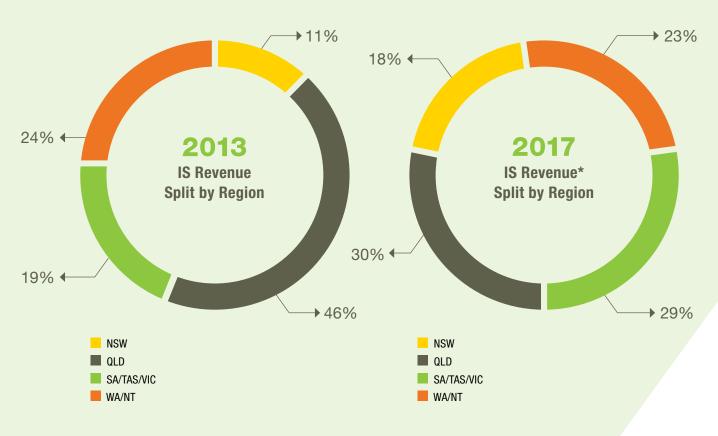
Revenue decreased slightly by 10% however the division was able to hold its margins at an EBIT level.



* FY17 forecasts are based on management estimates at time of publication of this report.



Industrial Services Revenue Split by Region – FY13 to FY17 (forecast)



* FY17 forecasts are based on management estimates at time of publication of this report.

Through the acquisition of Worth, Toxfree's presence in the NSW industrial services market has increased considerably. The civil infrastructure sector is currently experiencing high growth and Toxfree is optimistic on further growth opportunities in both Victoria and NSW this financial year. There is budgeted infrastructure capital investment in Australia in excess of \$50 bn ^ (mostly in the eastern states) and Toxfree is well placed to service this growth, particularly for some of the larger infrastructure projects.

In 2015 Toxfree was awarded an industrial services contract with Bechtel for the Wheatstone LNG facility. The scope of work over the year has continued to increase and is expected to continue into the 2017 financial year.

On 1 July 2016, Toxfree commenced services for BHP Billiton's (BHPB) Olympic Dam facility. Located 560 kilometres north of Adelaide, South Australia, Olympic Dam is Australia's largest underground mine, producing copper cathode, uranium oxide concentrate, gold and silver. Toxfree provides both industrial services and waste management services to BHP Billiton for the Olympic Dam site. The contract has commenced smoothly and we look forward to working with BHPB for the long term.

We completed another successful year at Rio Tinto's Queensland Alumina refinery (QAL). In April 2016 QAL retendered the industrial services contract and we were recently advised that the contract has been retained for a further three-year term. Toxfree has been able to demonstrate improved productivity, use of technology and exceptional safety performance with QAL to achieve a lower total costs of service than our competition.

The return on invested capital improved by 2% within this division through improved debtor management, improved utilisation of fleet, and by leveraging company purchasing power.

There are a number of industrial services contracts that have been tendered and Toxfree are confident in the ability to grow this business in financial year 2017.

^ Source: Australian Government, press release 17 February 2016.



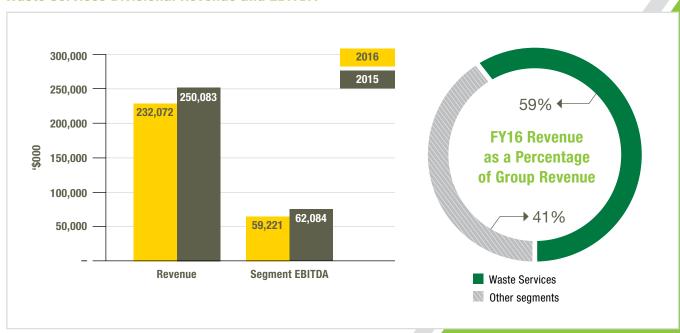


Waste Services

Results	FY16 \$'000	FY15 \$'000	% Change
Revenue	232,072	250,083	(7)%
EBITDA*	59,221	62,084	(5)%
EBITDA margins (%)	26%	25%	100bps
Amortisation	1,236	1,671	(26)%
Depreciation	16,070	15,368	5%
EBIT*	41,915	45,045	(7)%
EBIT margins (%)	18%	18%	0bps

^{*} Non-IFRS Financial Information – Normalised for non-operational adjustments – refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 – 12 for further detail.

Waste Services Divisional Revenue and EBITDA



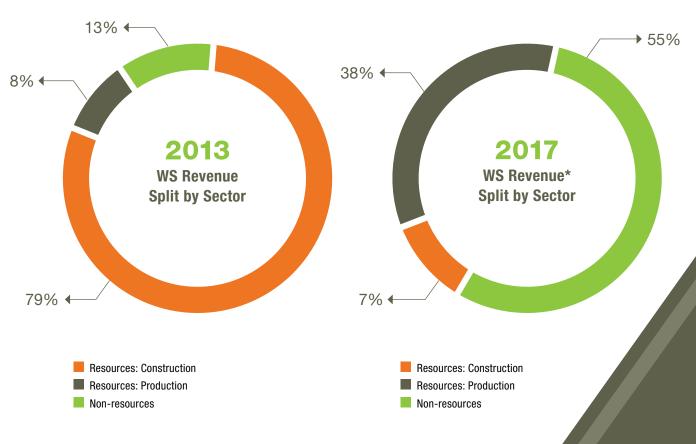
The Waste Services division had a challenging year as it also transitions

Australia. Services include total waste management contracts to large clients, predominantly in remote regions, municipal and commercial

The graphs below outline the change of revenue by sector and location since FY13. In financial year 2016, the level of revenue from construction based activities associated with the resource sector reduced significantly. Over FY17 we expect this trend to continue as the last stages of LNG

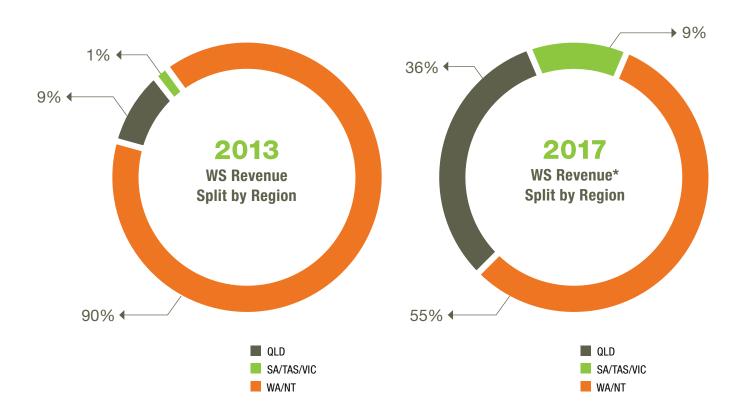


Waste Services Revenue Split by Sector - FY13 to FY17 (forecast)



* FY17 forecasts are based on management estimates at time of publication of this report.

Waste Services Revenue Split by Region – FY13 to FY17 (forecast)



* FY17 forecasts are based on management estimates at time of publication of this report.

During the year, contracts with producing assets associated with the resource sector continued to perform well. The resources sector will continue to be a target industry for Toxfree. Waste Services provided to producing assets like LNG production and iron ore mining under large, long term contracts are one of Toxfree's strengths. The contracts include an opportunity to provide an integrated service whereby Toxfree provides all industrial services requirements, solid waste management, recycling and hazardous and industrial waste treatment all under the one contract. During the period, contracts with Rio Tinto Iron Ore, FMG, Chevron and other operators in the Pilbara region continued to perform well. We are proud of our safety track record which has been acknowledged by all of our clients. Toxfree has now achieved over 6 years without Lost Time Injury in this region. Toxfree services were also formally recognised by Rio Tinto's Core Services division, as an important partner in their operations. The Core Services division was the recipient of the Rio Tinto CEO award for safety across all of Rio Tinto's operations globally for the second year running. Toxfree is proud to support the Core Services division in their achievements.

Toxfree has provided waste management services to the Gorgon LNG project since its inception in 2010. The LNG facility commenced production earlier this Calendar year and the final two LNG trains are nearing completion. Waste volumes from Gorgon have reduced over financial year 2016 as the facility commenced production. In May 2016 Toxfree were advised a number of contracts including Toxfree's waste contract were to be retendered.

Toxfree has an excellent safety track record on Barrow Island with zero Lost Time Injuries and a zero Total Recordable Injury Frequency rate. Toxfree has been able to demonstrate considerable improvement in productivity and reduction in costs. We will continue to demonstrate Toxfree is the safest and only integrated service provider able to manage all production related waste streams generated by the LNG sector.

Queensland waste services has had its best performance to date achieving growth of over 40% EBIT on financial year 2015. Services to the commercial sector in south east and regional Queensland performed strongly, as well as commercial and municipal services in Tasmania.

The Surat Basin region has declined from its highs as volumes of waste associated with the Coal Seam Gas upstream development are reducing. Ongoing production waste from Toxfree's Origin Energy Contract remain stable.

The safety, reliability and presentation of our fleet remains a key focus for Toxfree and we continue to upgrade our fleet with new vehicles across Australia. In doing so we have now achieved an average fleet age of 6 years which we believe provides the appropriate balance between safety, reliability, and return on our capital.

The award of long term Total Waste Management contracts for this division remains a key focus, with a number of tenders' submitted pending award or in progress.

Unallocated Corporate EBIT - Overview

Corporate	FY16 \$'000	FY15 \$'000	% Change
Revenue – Services	393,380	407,278	(3)%
Finance expenses	(6,154)	(6,505)	(5)%
Unallocated EBITDA *	(24,425)	(28,183)	(13)%
EBITDA* to revenue	6.2%	6.9%	(700)bps
Depreciation – corporate	(1,697)	(1,243)	37%
EBIT *	(26,122)	(29,426)	(11)%
EBIT* to revenue	6.6%	7.2%	(600)bps

^{*} Non-IFRS Financial Information – Normalised for non-operational adjustments – refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 – 12 for further detail.

Unallocated Corporate EBITDA* decreased by 13% on FY15 to \$24.4m.

Overall unallocated corporate EBITDA* expenses were 6.2% of Revenue, down 700bps from the previous financial year.

Unallocated Corporate includes the IT, Finance, Human Resources, OHSEQ, Risk and some regional shared service administration teams.

Off the back of the successful implementation of the company's ERP in FY15 and entity consolidation program, Toxfree has continued to leverage the benefits of the ERP and reduced paper based work flows and improved efficiency which has led to less corporate overhead. There are further efficiencies to be gained through the planned expansion of our existing ERP capability to include an integrated time and attendance capability and improved data processing functionally with the introduction of optical scanning technologies.

To support increased effectiveness, efficiency, and safety throughout our fleet, Toxfree has commenced the rollout of an ERP integrated in-vehicle management system (IVMS). The IVMS delivers greatly enhanced real-time information for safety, decision making, and reporting to our operators, management, and ultimately our customers.

To support Toxfree's strategic plan, in November 2015, an unsecured rolling 3-year Syndicated Facility Agreement was signed with ANZ and Westpac Banking Groups, whereby each bank is a 50 / 50 lender for the core facilities. Pricing, covenants, terms and conditions are more favorable than those contained in the previous facility.





Group Statement of Cash Flows

Group Cash Flow	30 June 2016 \$'000	30 June 2015 \$'000	% Change
Gross operating cash flow	72,459	72,111	0.5%
Other income	217	32	6%
Interest paid	(4,655)	(4,869)	(4)%
Income taxes paid	(8,985)	(6,329)	42%
Net operating cash flows	59,036	60,945	(3)%
Payments for acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	(68,554)	(5,328)	1,186%
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	8,625	3,019	186%
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(32,007)	(42,297)	(24)%
Interest received	344	338	2%
Net investing cash flows	(91,592)	(44,268)	107%
Net proceeds from borrowings / (repayment of borrowings)	33,048	(1,333)	2,579%
Payments for shares acquired by Share Trust	(165)	(775)	(79)%
Dividends paid	(10,784)	(8,788)	23%
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(503)	(2,240)	(78)%
Proceeds from the issue of share capital (net of capital raising costs)	23,203	_	100%
Net financing cash flows	44,799	(13,136)	441%
Net increase in cash	12,243	3,541	246%
Cash at the beginning of the year	19,709	16,168	22%
Cash at the end of the year	31,952	19,709	62%



Group Balance Sheet

Group Balance Sheet	30 June 2016 \$'000	30 June 2015 \$'000	% Change
Cash	31,952	19,709	62%
Trade and other receivables	90,908	88,586	3%
Inventories	584	241	142%
Tax assets	11,414	7,954	44%
Property, plant and equipment	175,943	153,486	15%
Intangibles	180,173	151,388	19%
Total assets	490,974	421,364	17%
Trade and other payables	54,129	46,451	17%
Borrowings	133,853	100,517	33%
Employee benefits	10,346	8,487	22%
Tax liabilities	8,143	6,908	18%
Provisions	6,477	6,402	1%
Derivative financial instruments	1,663	1,864	(11)%
Total liabilities	214,611	170,629	26%
Total equity	276,363	250,735	10%
Gross debt to equity	48%	40%	800bps
Net debt to equity	37%	32%	500bps



Outlook

Financial year 2016 has been a very positive year for Toxfree despite the challenges in the economy. The growth in east coast non-resource related markets such as civil infrastructure, commercial, industrial, utilities and government markets resulted in strong performance from all of our east coast operations. The growth of the east coast has to a large extent offset the decline in revenues from resource related construction projects mainly in Western Australia and Queensland.

Our focus remains firmly on our strategy of continuing to expand our business into new markets, new geographies and new technologies. We believe by continuing to focus on our strategy we will ensure Toxfree's continued success over the long term. Through strategic expansion on the East Coast Toxfree has continued to achieve solid financial performance despite a reduction in resource related construction projects across Australia.

Toxfree's growth strategies are being assisted by a number of key drivers including increasing costs of landfill, increasing environmental regulation and community environmental awareness. There are many exciting opportunities across Australia and we are confident we can continue to gain market share.

The east coast is expected to continue its growth trajectory, however, we expect revenues from resource related construction activities to reach a sustainable base during FY17. While the level of growth in the east and contraction in the west is difficult to predict we expect FY17 growth in underlying EBITDA in the range of 5% to 10% over FY16.

Our cash flows and balance sheet are strong and through a combination of further growth of our core business and implementation of a number of strategic initiatives, Toxfree is confident that we will continue to deliver shareholder returns.

We are committed to ensuring we provide safe, reliable and sustainable service to our clients and through this commitment Toxfree will strengthen long-term relationships.

The continuing success of the Company can only be achieved through the hard work and commitment of all Toxfree employees. On behalf of the Toxfree Board of Directors I would like to take this opportunity to thank all employees for their efforts during the year.

STEVE GOSTLOW
Managing Director

We are committed to providing a safe, reliable and sustainable service to our clients and through this commitment **Toxfree** will strengthen long-term relationships.

Environment, Social and Corporate Governance

Vision and Values

Our vision is to be Australia's leading Industrial Services and Waste Management Company. Part of being a leading business is recognising that in addition to financial outcomes we must, wherever practical, ensure we contribute to a sustainable environment and better community with strong reliable governance.



We believe our interests are tied to our stakeholder's interests and that long term benefit is assured through a progressive and consistent commitment to sustainability. We recognize that:

- · Our investors have a foundation stake in knowing their investment is managed with careful stewardship to ensure their return on investment. Long term, we believe this will make Toxfree a prudent investment.
- Our customers are the centre of our attention and a long-term partnership built on shared benefit is the core of success.
- Toxfree is a service based business and the face of that business is created through the thousands of employees, contractors and suppliers who help us deliver successful services everyday around this country. We are committed to ensuring Toxfree is, and remains, an employer of choice where our people have value, dignity and respect in their relationship with the business, each other and our customers.
- We invest in the communities which house and support us, especially the remote and regional communities where our operations provide important employment opportunity and assistance.
- Our services help customers and communities better Reduce, Reuse and Recycle their waste in an effective economical manner.

Toxfree is proud of its success in delivering our services and building a business based on these principles, but we are more excited by the future potential to build on that success and achieve our vision to truly be Australia's leading industrial services and waste management business.

Environmental, Social and Corporate Governance

Whilst effective management systems and processes are important to building an effective governance framework it is the culture of the people and organisation which will prevail. At Toxfree, our emphasis is on building a values led culture and then supporting our people and business with effective management systems and leadership.

Our values are Safe.Reliable.Sustainable, through these values we focus on:

- Safety create a safe healthy work environment where everyone enjoys a safe whole of life work career;
- People where people are our strength and future;
- Stronger Communities community engagement and reconciliation is part of building a stronger business;
- Long Term Success where we provide reliable service to our customers, partnerships with our suppliers and communities and returns to our investors: and
- Sustainable Environment where the environment of today is protected for tomorrow.

Toxfree operates through a single integrated management system QUEST (Quality, Environment, Safety and Training) which ensures across all operations and services we provide the same consistent integrated service. Operating as a single consolidated group with a unified Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system Toxfree is able to provide a governance framework and assurance that leads the industry.

Safe

Reliable

Sustainable

OUR COMMUNITY ADVERTISING FEATURE

Road safety top priority

BY MAEVE MCKENNA

CHILDREN at Launceston Church Grammar's Junior School got some hands on road safety advice on Wednesday with the launch of the Toxfree Stop, Look Wave campaign in Tasmania.

The new classroom initiative is currently being rolled out across Australia by Volvo Trucks and Toxfree to help keep Aussie kids safe in their own home towns. Manager of Toxfree Tasmania, Mark Perkins was looking forward to the start of what will be a State wide campaign.

"Toxfree are very much based within the community, we work in all the towns and suburbs across Launceston and our trucks are a well known sight on roads," said Mr Perkins.

"In particular we are out early in the morning when children are heading off to school and we want to make sure that our drivers are aware but also the children and parents are too about the dangers and how best to cross the road when a truck approaches."

The Stop, Look, Wave



STOP LOOK WAVE: Children from Launceston Church Grammar Junior School with Toxfree manager Mark Perkins.

campaign Launceston kids to STOP on the side of the road, LOOK both ways, and WAVE at the truck driver before they cross. Early learning coordinator for Launceston Church Grammar Junior School, Susie Bennett would encourage

advantage of the free program.

"We initially got involved as we were doing a lot of road safety work in the school, being based on such a busy road and with a excess traffic around pick up and drop

was teaching other local schools to take off times its important that teractive, Toxfree and Volvo the children are aware of the dangers and how to act around busy roads," said Mrs Bennett.

"The program was fantastic for the children, they were all aged around 4-5 and it was very hands on and inhave really thought about how to present the initiative to kids, they were able to retain the concept so they definitely learnt from it.

"It was lovely to listen and watch them role playing what they had learnt and it

was a really good experience for them to get up close to the truck."

For more information about Stop, Look, Wave and how schools can get involved www.toxfree.com.au/ ABOUT-US/Stop,-Look,-



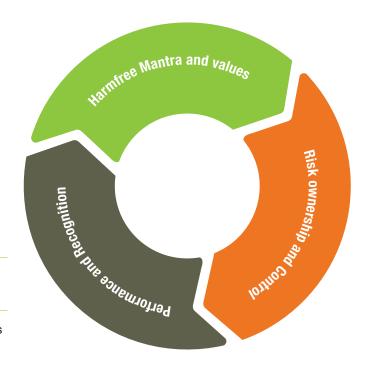
Safe

Health and Safety

The Australian workforce is changing with the demand for skilled knowledgeable workers growing and the ageing workforce placing a premium on proficient experienced workers. Toxfree understands a key part of retaining a highly skilled team is ensuring everyone is safe and well so they can enjoy a healthy whole of life career.

We are committed to developing a workplace that is incident and injury free, by working together to send employees and contractors home safe from work every day. We achieve this through:

- Developing a just safety culture which provides clear values and support for safety ownership with accountability for decision making;
- Recognising the inherent nature of risk in our industry and ensuring it is kept as low as reasonably practicable (ALARP); and
- Recognising and rewarding positive safety behaviours and values via positive safety interactions, consultation and engagement of the whole workforce.



Our safety systems are unified across all operations, supported via our ERP with robust analysis and reporting of lead and lag indicators to inform decision making. In the long run we are focused on achieving world class safety performance based on lifting our lead indicators (Job Safety Interactions and Consultation, and lowering our lag indicator Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate). By focusing on positive safety indicators our lag metrics have improved year on year, with TRIFR down 18% to 6.7, whilst our teams participated in 7,629 Job Safety Interactions and 6,641 Safety Consultations.



In 2016 our proudest safety achievements have focused on:

- Fitness for Work & Health Monitoring. We know our workforce will
 face physical challenges along their work career. To support a healthy
 whole of life work career we have introduced voluntary free health
 checks to ensure everyone has the chance of a regular health check
 with a medical provider to identify health factors early and manage
 their well-being. Overtime we believe this will help sustain our
 experienced workers for safer longer careers;
- Part of our industrial services offering includes concrete remediation
 projects, assisting in the rehabilitation and re-engineering of concrete
 structures. The recent Webb Dock rehabilitation project required
 the delivery of concrete blasting in adverse and restricted spaces in
 a sensitive marine environment. Demonstrating our commitment to
 innovation and safety, the Industrial Services team partnered with
 suppliers to develop a specialized blasting barge and catchment which
 eliminated the risk to personnel and the environment and reduced
 the subsequent manual work; and
- Our industry remains an intensive manual handling environment with many of our workers performing high intensity and high frequency tasks. Whilst large scale automation is an impractical solution it is possible to use the ingenuity and knowledge of our teams to find local micro-solutions which continuously reduce the manual handling intensity of our work. As an example in our Karratha operations, drum crushing operations required repetitive intensive tasks, investing in better technology solutions has enabled us to lift productivity and reduce risk with the input from our team.

Toxfree understands a key part of retaining a highly skilled team is ensuring everyone is safe and well so they can enjoy a healthy whole of life career.



Reliable

People

Our people are the heart and soul of Toxfree, creating our unique character and personality. Our people bring a breadth, depth and diversity of skills to the industry providing a friendly and efficient service to our customers every day of the year:

Performance and Recognition

Retention and Reward

Indigenous Reconciliation

Diversity and Equality

Engagement

Our team is built around the fundamental steps of getting the right mix of people and shared understanding together to build strong resilient teams. We start with:

- Building an inclusive and engaging workplace environment which makes everyone an active participant in shaping their workplace culture and performance;
- Sustaining diversity and equality of opportunity focusing on the merits of the individual and their contribution to a proactive and innovative environment;
- Recognising the inequality and disadvantage of Australia's past and reconciliation with our Aboriginal communities to build an inclusive future;
- Development of our team's skills and abilities, investing in their future so they can share in the rewards of our success; and
- Recognising performance and owning accountability where performance or behaviors challenge expected values.





Toxfree are a finalist in the HRD Awards under the Diversity and Inclusion Category for developing and implementing an Indigenous Traineeship Program. Toxfree worked with several traditional owner groups to design and implement this educational program.

- Through the program Toxfree engaged an Aboriginal organisation Weba Garrungu meaning "Together we are strong", this program is a financial pathway program that empowers the trainees to prosper by increasing their understanding of how they can break the cycle of poverty by setting financial goals, exercising choice and making well informed decisions to secure their families economic wellbeing;
- The traineeship program has a mentorship or buddy system that has proven to be the most important tool in supporting new trainees coming into fulltime employment, for some of them it is their first job as an employee. Not only does pairing up a workplace 'veteran' with a new comer help them understand workplace expectations, necessary life skills and how to have work-life balance, it will also provide recent trainees with a role model they can look up to; and
- The program involves a Certificate III in Community Waste Management. This is fully funded by Toxfree. The course is delivered through Toxfree's RTO Franklin Scholar, who provides an Indigenous teacher.

Reconciliation

As part of Toxfree's Corporate and Social Responsibilities, we have put in place our second RAP. Toxfree is committed to "closing the gap" for all disadvantaged Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders. With the support and guidance from Elders within the community and Aboriginal mentors Toxfree aims to achieve outcomes across a range of strategic areas. These include; education and training, healthier lives, economic participation, better home environments, and safe and supportive communities.

The launch of our second RAP was held in Queensland at our Coopers Plains office and was attended by a number of dignitaries. This was a strategic decision to raise the profile of Toxfree's Indigenous Engagement Program on the East Coast.

Female Representation

Toxfree is committed to encouraging women at all levels throughout the organization. We are pleased to report that we are compliant with the Workplace Gender Equity Agent's requirements. Toxfree offers paid maternity leave above the statutory requirements and flexible work opportunities for women returning to the workplace after parental leave.



Stronger Communities

Toxfree has a national network of business units, many working in indigenous, rural and remote communities. We have a significant capacity therefore to help these communities build social capital.

We support local communities by:

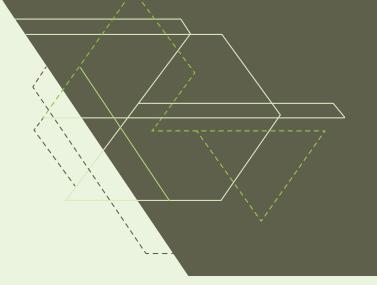
- Emphasising local purchasing and support of local businesses;
- Employing locally, especially within the indigenous community and investing in developing the skills in our workforce;
- Involving ourselves in local community groups to provide support and resources and help them sustain their vital work, and
- Providing active support to indigenous reconciliation with employment, training and community support.

Australian Industry Participation of 92% – Our preference is to source locally first, nationally second and internationally as required. Pleasingly 92% of our suppliers are Australian based.

Toxfree has partnered with Volvo Trucks Australia on a new classroom safety campaign. The safety campaign; Stop, Look, Wave is being rolled out nationally in primary schools and is a free education campaign teaching children to STOP on the side of the road, LOOK both ways, and WAVE at the truck driver before they cross.

Toxfree has committed the resources of our own company with Toxfree trucks and staff visiting schools across the nation to give students a look at the view from behind-the-wheel and to understand safety around trucks. Toxfree will also be rolling out training and education package to our 717 drivers. Our drivers are always conscious of their surroundings and we want them to let the children know that they have gained their attention by waving back to them. What a great way to bring the culture of safety into the cabin every day and every time our drivers see a child.





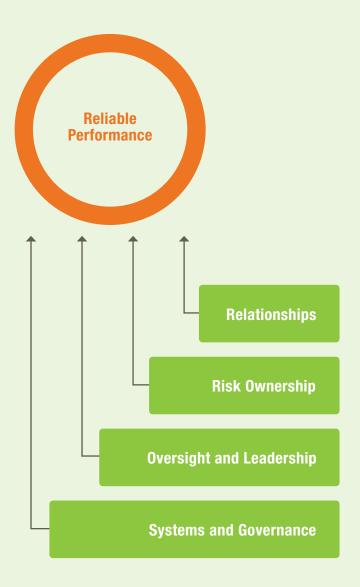
Toxfree has a national network of business units, many working in indigenous, rural and remote communities.

Sustainable

Long Term Success

Toxfree looks beyond the short-term to a long-term future, based on ensuring our actions today secure the future. We have built strong systems and governance to ensure sustainable enduring performance. We focus therefore on:

- Long-term relationships creating value for customers, employees, suppliers and the community;
- Risk awareness ensuring in our strategic and operational decision making that every decision maker is empowered and answerable for managing risk;
- · Creating an integrated management system QUEST which leverages a best of breed Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) platform and governance framework to ensure effective control of operations;
- · Providing balanced delegation of power to ensure our operations have the oversight and leadership required to deliver consistent sustainable performance;
- The power of digital technology creates opportunities to provide the greatest availability, timeliness and transparency of data ever possible for our customers. Recognising this need to transition to the knowledge economy, our operations are progressively introducing live waste reporting and tracking so the customer has immediate access to information to understand their waste and services profile, and how Toxfree is controlling services and risk for them. Broome Shire have deployed the most recent upgrade to the Toxfree Wastefree tracking and reporting solution; and
- e-waste is rapidly becoming a challenge to divert valuable and hazardous resources from landfill disposal to beneficial reuse. As part of a global logistics network, Toxfree has ensured its e-waste recycling operations are accredited to the international R2 standard allowing us to inter-operate with the Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) stewardship program. Toxfree is one of only three Australian suppliers with this certification. In FY2016 Toxfree recycled 148,476 screens.





Sustainable Environment

Toxfree envisages a future where our primary business is environmental services and we no longer manage waste but resources. The culture of use and dispose is changing and the foremost industry leaders will be those who innovate and transform to deliver flexible, cost effective solutions to harvest these resources.

The future for Toxfree is built on the pathway of:

- Sustainable Development Targeting our development into those areas which transition us toward environmental services and leverage the power of digital technology;
- Your Waste Providing services which enable customers to reduce, reuse, recycle and recover resources so they improve their economic and environmental outcomes: and
- Our Footprint Recognising we can reduce the material impacts from our operations to ensure we contribute to a sustainable future.
- Wastes change, with the advent of LCD screens, computer monitors and solar cells Australia has thousands of tonnes of materials tied-up in screens and cells of all forms. A cost-effective and practical means of harnessing these resources and returning them to the production cycle has been elusive. Toxfree identified this need and acquired the unique license to the leading BluBox solution. These units are capable of processing 2500 tonnes of screens per year and a resource recovery of 92-96%. In FY16 Toxfree processed 148,476 screens through its AS:5337 and R2 Certified facility at Dandenong and will expand operations into St Marys in FY17;
- In FY16 Toxfree delivered services to over 16,000 customers, collecting, transporting and processing over 150,000 tonnes of waste. By offering improved options and information to our customers we have recycled over 38,000 tonnes; and
- Toxfree's operations are logistic intensive with associated impacts using water, fossil fuels, plastics and ferrous materials in bins and equipment. Toxfree invests heavily to reduce these impacts, buying more efficient and lower emissions transport solutions like the Volvo Euro6. We have accelerated the replacement of older vehicles to reduce their disproportionate impact on our fleet emissions. 8% of our fleet is pre-EURO 3 but creates 61.27% of or emissions, whilst our early adoption of EURO 6 vehicles is far more efficient, safe and reliable with 4% of the fleet creating just 0.04% of emissions.



Conclusion

Ultimately, the Toxfree commitment to sustainability will be judged by our future actions and direction. Focusing on our stakeholder interests and the future of our business we foresee a future based on the following positions:

Safe

• Safety – We believe all injuries are preventable and we expect every one of our employees to go home safely at the end of their work day with Toxfree. To this end the only acceptable risk is to make our work as safe as reasonably practical over a long term commitment to continuous improvement and engineering, which makes our work amenable to safety and long-term well-being.

Reliable

- People The future of the business is based on the performance of our people and their engagement with Toxfree. We will seek to maximize relationships with employees, contractors and suppliers as long term partnerships based on equal dealing and respect; and
- Stronger Communities Toxfree's size and impact has moderate impact at a national level, but regionally in remote, regional and indigenous communities our business units can have locally significant impacts. Toxfree will therefore focus its primary social energy in those regions where we can most influence and enhance social good.

Sustainable

- Governance Stakeholders need certainty in Toxfree's performance. commitment and direction. To provide this assurance Toxfree commits to sustaining certified integrated systems of governance which are transparently explained and detailed to our stakeholders; and
- Environment Toxfree envisages a waste industry centered on resource management which offers our customers innovative, cost effective and flexible options which optimise resource reduction, reuse, recycling and recovery. Toxfree will make targeted acquisitions and early adoption of technology which over time move us to the forefront of environmental services.

Directors' Report Contents

Directors' Report Contents

Details	Page
Directors	41
Result	41
Principal Activities	41
Dividends	41
Review of Operations	41
Significant Changes in the State of Affairs	41
Events since the end of the financial year	41
Likely developments and expected results of operations	41
Environmental Regulation	41
Information on Directors	42
Information on Company Secretary	42
Meetings of Directors	43
2016 Remuneration Report Summary (Unaudited)	43
2016 Remuneration Report (Audited)	44
Options and Rights	56
Insurance and Indemnity of Officers	56
Indemnity of Auditors	56
Proceedings on behalf of the Company	56
Loans to Directors and Executives	56
Non-audit services	57
Auditor's Independence Declaration	57
Rounding of Amounts	57
Auditor	57

The Directors of Toxfree are pleased to present their report, together with the financial statements of the Group, being Tox Free Solutions Limited (Toxfree) and its controlled entities (the "Group"), for the financial year ended 30 June 2016.

Directors

The following persons were Directors of Toxfree during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless indicated:

Non-Executive Directors

Robert McKinnon (Non-Executive Chairman) Richard (Dick) Allen Michael Humphris Katherine Hirschfeld

Executive Directors

Stephen Gostlow

Result

The statutory profit after tax for the Group was \$13,054,000 (2015: \$21,994,000).

Non-IFRS Financial Information

The underlying profit after tax for the Group was \$23,256,000 (2015: \$22,970,000).

The underlying profit includes adjustments that are one off in nature and do not reflect the underlying performance of the business. Please refer to the Managing Director's Review of Operations set out in pages 15 to 29 for additional information.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Group during the financial year were the provision of industrial services and waste management.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the financial year.

Dividends – Tox Free Solutions Limited

Dividends paid to members during the financial year were as follows:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
The following dividends were declared and paid:		
Final ordinary dividend for the year ended 30 June 2015 of 4.5 cents (2014: 3 cents) per share	6,031	4,013
Interim ordinary dividend for the year ended 30 June 2016 of 4.5 cents (2015: 4 cents) per share	6,047	5,350
Total dividends provided for or paid	12,078	9,363

Since the end of the financial year the directors have recommended the payment of a final ordinary dividend of \$6,476,385 (4.5 cents per fully paid ordinary share) to be paid on 29 September 2016 out of retained earnings at 30 June 2016.

Review of operations

Information on the Group's operations, financial position, strategies and prospects is set out in the Managing Director's Review of Operations. Please refer to pages 15 to 29 of this Annual Report.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial year.

Events since the end of the financial year

Subsequent to the year end, the Directors of Toxfree recommended the payment of a final dividend on ordinary shares in respect of the 2016 financial year. The total amount of the dividend is \$6.476.385 which represents a fully franked dividend of 4.5 cents per share.

On 1 August 2016, Tox Free acquired 100% of the shares in Active Industrial Solutions Pty Ltd and 100% of the units in the Active Industrial Solutions Unit Trust (AIS) for a consideration of \$6.4m including working capital. AIS are an industrial services business operating in Melbourne, Victoria. The acquisition of AIS creates the opportunity to strengthen Toxfree's position in the metropolitan and municipal services market.

Except for the above, no other matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2016 that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Group will continue to pursue its strategy of developing into one of Australia's leading industrial services and waste management Groups and increasing market share of its major business segments during the next financial year.

Additional comments on the operations of the Group, its strategies and prospects are set out in the Managing Director's Review of Operations on pages 15 to 29 of this Annual Report.

Environmental Regulation

The Group's operations are subject to significant environmental regulations and as such Toxfree currently hold 70 licences and approvals for the operation of its waste facilities and waste transport fleet throughout Australia. These licences and approvals relate to the management of waste including; storage, treatment, transportation and disposal. They set conditions on how we transport waste, receive waste, operate our sites and manage our emissions and discharges.

Our environmental legal requirements are assessed, managed and monitored through our ISO 14001 certified QUEST Management System. A rigorous internal audit program is in place to monitor compliance and continually improve our management system.

There have been no prosecutions commenced or pending against the Group's licences during the period.

National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Scheme

The Group has a system for the collection and calculation of greenhouse gas emissions, energy production, energy consumption and other information specified under NGER legislation.

The Group triggered the corporate group threshold under the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 and registered in August 2014.

A report was submitted to the Clean Energy Regulator in October 2015, reporting the Group's corporate and facilities scope 1 and scope 2 emissions and energy consumption for the 2015 financial year. Finalisation of data collection and calculation for 2016 financial year is underway and Toxfree will report under the scheme in October 2016.

Information on Directors - 30 June 2016

The following information is current as at the date of this report.

Robert McKinnon I Non-Executive Director

Qualifications

Fellow CPA Australia; Fellow of the Governance Institute of Australia; Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors

Experience

Robert has been Managing Director of Fleetwood Corporation Limited and Austal Limited. His career spans over 30 years in senior financial and general management positions

Interest in shares, options and rights

50,858 ordinary shares

Special responsibilities

Chair of the Board and Nomination Committee

Member of the Remuneration, Audit and Risk Committees

Other current Directorships in listed entities

Non-Executive Director of Programmed Maintenance Services Limited and Peet Limited

Other Directorships in listed entities held in the previous three years

Stephen Gostlow | Managing Director

Qualifications

Environmental Scientist, Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors

Experience

Stephen has over 19 years' experience in the waste management industry. His background includes experience in waste treatment, waste technologies and regulatory compliance. Stephen has been employed by Toxfree since 2002 and was appointed Managing Director in 2005

Interest in shares, options and rights

1,250,833 ordinary shares, granted 137,507 performance rights and 667,326 share appreciation rights

Special responsibilities

Other current Directorships in listed entities

Other Directorships in listed entities held in the previous three years

Michael Humphris I Non-Executive Director

Qualifications

Chartered Accountant; Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors

Michael has over 30 years' experience in the areas of business advice, corporate recovery and dispute resolution. He has extensive experience in business reconstructions and enhancing value for Shareholders. Michael is also Chairman of an unlisted public company and a government owned enterprise

Interest in shares, options and rights

650,000 ordinary shares

Special responsibilities

Chair of the Audit Committee, Member of the Risk, Remuneration and Nomination Committees

Other current Directorships in listed entities

Other Directorships in listed entities held in the previous three years Non-Executive Director of Virax Holdings Ltd from16 January 2008 to 2 September 2013

Richard Allen I Non-Executive Director

Qualifications

Civil Engineer, Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors

Experience

Richard has extensive national and international experience in the management of public and private companies. He has managed businesses in Australia, the Middle East and Asia, with the bulk of his experience focussed around upstream oil and gas exploration, environmental services and the renewable energy sector

Interest in shares, options and rights

153,231 ordinary shares

Special responsibilities

Chair of the Remuneration Committee; Member of the Audit, **Risk and Nomination Committees**

Other current Directorships in listed entities

Other Directorships in listed entities held in the previous three years

Katherine Hirschfeld | Non-Executive Director

Qualifications

Chemical Engineer, Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors

Experience

Katherine has significant experience in management and leadership of public and private companies, both nationally and internationally. She has operated businesses in Turkey, as well as Australia, with the bulk of her experience focussed around oil refining, logistics, exploration and production

Interest in shares, options and rights

20,284 ordinary shares

Special responsibilities

Chair of the Risk Committee; Member of the Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees

Other current Directorships in listed entities

Nil

Other Directorships in listed entities held in the previous three years Non-Executive Director of Broadspectrum Limited (formerly Transfield Services Limited) from 28 October 2013 to 13 May 2016 and Non-Executive Director of InterOil Corporation from 1 January 2015 to 14 June 2016

Each Director has been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Information on Company Secretary – 30 June 2016

Mr David McArthur has a Bachelor of Commerce Degree and is also a Chartered Accountant. David spent four years with a major international accounting firm and has been actively involved in the financial and corporate management of a number of public listed companies over the past 30 years. David has substantial experience in capital raisings, company re-organisations and restructuring, mergers and takeovers, and asset acquisitions by public companies.

David has been Company Secretary for the full financial year and up to the date of this report.

Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of the Company's Board of Directors and of each Board Committee held during the year ended 30 June 2016, and the numbers of meetings attended by each Director were:

	Directors' meetings		Audit co	Audit committee		Risk committee	
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	
Robert McKinnon	11	11	6	6	4	4	
Stephen Gostlow ^	11	11	6	6	4	4	
Michael Humphris	11	11	6	6	4	4	
Richard Allen	11	11	6	6	4	4	
Katherine Hirschfeld	11	11	6	6	4	4	

	Remuneratio	on committee	Nomination committee		
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	
Robert McKinnon	6	6	0	0	
Stephen Gostlow ^	6	6	0	0	
Michael Humphris	6	6	0	0	
Richard Allen	6	6	0	0	
Katherine Hirschfeld	6	6	0	0	

Stephen Gostlow is an Executive Director and therefore not a member of each committee. Attendance requested at committee meetings by the relevant members of each committee.

The Nomination Committee did not have a specific need to meet during the year.

2016 Remuneration Report Summary (Unaudited)

During the year remuneration of Key Management Personnel (KMP) was benchmarked at the request of the Remuneration Committee by PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC) against a peer group of companies of a similar size (by market capitalisation), in order to determine whether any adjustments were required. This information has been used to support and develop executive remuneration in the current and future financial years to ensure continued alignment with financial and strategic objectives.

The following Peer Group was used for the KMP benchmark review:

Company	3 month average market cap(\$) as at 30 Sept 2015 (\$M)	Primary Industry
Monadelphous Group Limited	710	Construction and Engineering
Cardno Limited	469	Construction and Engineering
Tox Free Solutions Limited	375	Environmental and Facilities Services
Programmed Maintenance Services Ltd	304	Environmental and Facilities Services
RCR Tomlinson Limited	260	Construction and Engineering
MACA Limited	182	Construction and Engineering
Decmil Group Limited	175	Construction and Engineering
Ausdrill Ltd	90	Construction and Engineering
Ausenco Limited	61	Construction and Engineering
NRW Holdings Limited	41	Construction and Engineering

Percentile	Market Cap (\$M)		
75th percentile	304		
50th percentile	182		
25th percentile	90		
Average	255		

Toxfree's policy is to position Executive remuneration at the 50th percentile of the market. Any adjustments proposed to be made to the KMP remuneration will take effect in respect of the 2016/2017 financial year.

Changes post FY 2015

There have been no significant changes to the Toxfree remuneration framework post FY15.

2016 Remuneration Report (Audited)

The Directors are pleased to present your Company's 2016 Remuneration Report prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001. The Report sets out detailed remuneration information for Toxfree's Non-Executive Directors, Executive Directors and other Executive KMP of the Group.

The report contains the following sections:

- A. Directors, Company Secretary and Executive KMP Covered in this Report (page 44)
- B. Remuneration Governance (page 44)
- C. Use of Remuneration Consultants (page 44)
- D. Executive Remuneration Strategy and Framework (page 44)
- Detailed Overview of the Operation of the STI and LTI 30 June 2016 (page 48)
- Remuneration Paid to the MD and other Executive KMP (page 52)
- Service Agreements (page 53)
- Non-Executive Director Remuneration (page 53)
- Other KMP Disclosures (page 54)
- Voting and Comments Made at the Company's 2015 Annual General Meeting (page 55)

A. Directors, Company Secretary and Executive KMP Covered in this Report

Directors	Position
Robert McKinnon	Non-Executive Chairman
Stephen Gostlow	Managing Director (MD)
Michael Humphris	Non-Executive Director
Katherine Hirschfeld	Non-Executive Director
Richard Allen	Non-Executive Director
Company Secretary	
David McArthur	Company Secretary
Executive KMP	Position
Michael Constable	Chief Financial Officer (CFO)
Edward Goodwin	Chief Operating Officer (COO)
Jason Dixon	Executive General Manager – Corporate & Risk (EGM C&R)
Joshua Bovell	Chief Information Officer
Sarah Bagshawe	Executive General Manager – Human Resources (EGM HR)

David McArthur is an external provider of company secretarial services and is not an employee of the company. David is no longer regarded as a key management person from 1 July 2015.

There were no other changes to Directors and Executive KMP during the financial year under review.

B. Remuneration Governance

The Remuneration Committee is a committee of the Board. It assists the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities relating to the remuneration of Directors, the remuneration of, and incentives for the MD and other Executive KMP, and remuneration practices, strategies and disclosures generally. The Remuneration Committee also reviews gender pay equity.

It is critical that the Remuneration Committee is independent of management when making decisions affecting employee remuneration. Accordingly, the Remuneration Committee is comprised solely of Non-Executive Directors, all of whom are independent.

A critical objective of the Remuneration Committee is to ensure that remuneration policies and structures are fair, competitive and aligned with the long-term interests of the Group. In doing this, during the year the Remuneration Committee sought assistance from independent remuneration consultants. Refer to section C "Use of Remuneration Consultants" below for details.

The membership of the Remuneration Committee did not change during the 2016 financial reporting year.

The Corporate Governance Statement set out on pages 58 to 62 provides further information on the role of the Remuneration Committee.

C. Use Of Remuneration Consultants

During the year PwC was engaged to provide market data on executive remuneration to enable the Remuneration Committee to determine whether any adjustments to KMP remuneration were required. PwC did not provide any remuneration recommendations (as defined in the Corporations Act 2001) during the year ended 30 June 2016. For the provision of benchmarking market data, PwC was paid a total of \$20,533 (including GST).

D. Executive Remuneration Strategy And Framework

The Group's executive remuneration strategy is designed to attract, retain and motivate a highly qualified and experienced management team with the necessary skills and attributes to lead the Group in achieving its business objectives. The strategy also aims to encourage management to strive for superior performance by rewarding the achievement of targets that are challenging, clearly understood and within the control of individuals to achieve through their own actions.

The objective of the Group's executive remuneration framework is to ensure that remuneration for performance is competitive and appropriate for the results delivered. The framework aligns executive remuneration with achievement of strategic objectives and the creation of value for shareholders, and conforms to market practice for delivery of reward.

The Board ensures that executive remuneration satisfies the following key criteria for good reward governance practices:

- Competitive and reasonableness
- Acceptability to shareholders
- Performance linkage / alignment of executive compensation
- Transparency

The Group has structured an executive remuneration framework that is market competitive and complementary to the reward strategy of the organisation.

The framework provides a mix of fixed and variable pay, and a blend of short and long-term incentives. As executives gain seniority within the Group, the balance of this mix shifts to a higher proportion of "at risk" rewards.

The Executive Remuneration Framework has three components:

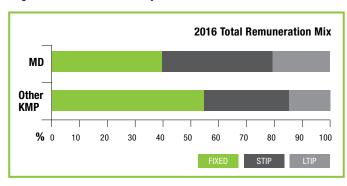
- 1. Fixed Remuneration (FAR)
- 2. Short-term incentives Cash Bonus
- Long-term incentives Through the issue of Performance Rights (PR) and Share Appreciation Rights (SAR) under the Tox Free Solutions Limited Long-Term Incentive Plan

The combination of the above comprises an executive's Total Annual Remuneration Cost (TAR).

Executive Remuneration Mix

The remuneration of the MD and other Executive KMP was structured as a mix of fixed remuneration and variable or "at risk" remuneration through short-term and long-term incentive components.

Target remuneration mix for the year to 30 June 2016 was:



1. Fixed Remuneration (FAR)

Executives receive their base pay, allowances and superannuation as a fixed annual remuneration package.

FAR:

- Comprises cash salary, allowances, superannuation and other prescribed benefits;
- Provides a base level of reward for effective completion of business and specific accountabilities; and
- Is not "at risk" but is appropriately benchmarked and set with reference to role, responsibilities, skills and experience.

There are no guaranteed FAR increases in any executive employment agreements. FAR levels are reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee with reference to an individual's role, experience and performance, as well as relevant comparative market data. Independent remuneration consultants and surveys, internal relativities and market conditions also provide guidance. An executive's FAR is also reviewed on a change in role and upon promotion.

2. Short Term Incentive (STI) - Cash Bonus

Executives have the opportunity to earn an annual cash bonus under the STI Plan if predefined performance measures are achieved. The measures may include Group, team and individual performance and behavioural measures linked to business objectives including environmental, social and governance principles.

This aligns executive interests with the Group's financial performance, as well as management principles and the Group's cultural values, as follows:

- Annual rewards are tied to pre-determined individual and business performance measures;
- Individual targets reflect individual specific accountabilities and key drivers for growth and success;
- The Group performance targets are linked to the achievement of business plan; and
- The safety performance is linked to the pre-set annual target.

STI performance measures are set at the beginning of a financial year and include a threshold, target and stretch component. The setting of performance measures and components also depend on the senior executive's level and seniority. An executive's individual (key performance indicators) and Group performance targets are set by the Board.

For the year ended 30 June 2016, the performance measures for the STI cash bonus were linked to:

- Achievement of the Board approved Business Plan;
- Working Capital;
- · Return on Investment;
- Safety Performance; and
- · Individual Performance Review.

Please refer to Section E set out on page 48 for additional details on performance measures.

3. Long Term Incentive (LTI) - Issue of PR and SAR

On 24 November 2011, Toxfree shareholders approved the adoption of a new Tox Free Solutions Executive Long-Term Incentive (LTI) Plan. Under the LTI Plan, the Board has the discretion to grant PR and/or SAR annually to certain executives. Vesting of awards granted under the LTI Plan will be subject to the satisfaction of performance hurdles determined by the Board.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the value of all long-term incentive awards granted under the LTI Plan was split evenly between PR and SAR. Both PR and SAR (collectively referred to as "Rights") have a performance period of three years. The performance measures for the LTI awards granted during the year ended 30 June 2016 are as follows:

- Total Shareholder Return (TSR) (50% of the grant) measured against selected ASX 300 companies; and
- Earnings Per Share (EPS) (50% of the grant).

Both PR and SAR are subject to the two performance hurdles:

- 50% of each PR and SAR grant will be subject to an EPS growth hurdle (Tranche 1); and
- The remaining 50% of each PR and SAR grant will be subject to a TSR hurdle (Tranche 2).

The performance measures are mutually exclusive such that if only one of the hurdles is satisfied, vesting will still occur for that portion of the grant. There is no retesting of performance for the LTI. If any of the Rights fail to become exercisable due to failure to satisfy the vesting conditions, the grant will be forfeited.

Ouantum of LTI award

The LTI quantum to be granted will be determined with reference to current market practice and will be subject to approval by the Board. The LTI dollar value that Senior Executives will be entitled to receive is set at a fixed percentage of their annual base salary and ranges from 25% to 60% depending on the participants' level and seniority.

PR

Each PR represents a right to be issued one ordinary share at a future point in time. No exercise price will be payable and eligibility to receive a PR under the LTI Plan will be at the Board's discretion.

SAR

Each SAR represents the right to receive a payment equal to the positive difference between the share price at grant and the share price at the vesting date. The total value of all SAR's on the vesting date will be settled via the provision of shares of an equivalent value.

The share price at the start date and at the vesting date will be determined by reference to the 30-day value weighted average share price (VWAP) at the time of grant and vesting.

The following simple example demonstrates how SAR is to be settled:

- 100,000 SAR are granted
- 30-day VWAP at the start date is \$1.00
- 30-day VWAP at the vest date is \$2.00

At the vest date (and provided all performance hurdles are satisfied), the 100,000 SAR vest and the dollar value of SAR is \$100,000 (100,000 SAR x (\$2.0 - \$1.0)). The SAR is settled via an issue of 50,000 shares (\$100,000 / \$2.00) to the Executive.

EPS Performance Condition

EPS performance is assessed against compound annual growth rate (CAGR) targets that are set by the Board.

Performance vesting is staggered in the following manner:

EPS performance – CAGR (%)	Performance vesting outcome
0% to <5%	No rights vest
5% <6%	50% vest
6% <7%	60% vest
7% <8%	70% vest
8% <9%	80% vest
9% <10%	90% vest
10% and greater	100% vest

In setting the CAGR that determines vesting, the Remuneration Committee reviewed the returns of a comparable index and reviewed industry growth rates.

Comparable index

The comparable index was determined to be the ASX300 Industrials (excluding companies within the metals and mining, financial services, infrastructure, investment and property sectors). This determination is consistent with the prior year. This is the same index that will be used to measure TSR performance (please refer to "TSR Performance Condition" information set out on pages 46 to 47).

Industry growth rates

The Remuneration Committee referenced the IBIS World Industry Report of March 2012 (Waste Disposal Services in Australia) and the National Waste Report of 2010 (Australian Government – Department of the Environment, Water, Heritage and the Arts). The forecast for the industry growth rate was an IBIS forecast growth of 5.7% per annum from 2012-2017 and the National Waste Report forecast growth of 4.5% per annum 2006-2007 until 2020-2021, a combined average of 5.1%.

Toxfree targets

Based on its review, the Remuneration Committee determined that 10% CAGR over a three year period was substantially above the comparable index and looking forward, well exceeded the long-term ten year average for the comparator group.

Further, it felt that 10% CAGR in EPS was a high hurdle rate as it represented approximately twice the industry forecast growth rate. The 10% growth hurdle has been exceeded historically due to some strategic acquisitions which may not reoccur in the future.

Accordingly, the Remuneration Committee determined that full vesting would occur at an EPS CAGR of 10% or greater and that staggered vesting would commence from 5% CAGR onwards (which was a comparable level with the comparable index and the industry). This determination is consistent with the prior year.

Calculation of EPS

EPS measures the earnings generated per ordinary share and the formula for calculating EPS is shown below:

Underlying operating profit attributable to shareholders

Weighted average number of ordinary shares

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the year will be used to calculate EPS.

TSR Performance Condition

TSR measures the return received by shareholders from the holding shares in a Company over a particular period. TSR is calculated by taking into account the growth in the Company's share price over the period and also takes into account the dividends received during that period. The formula for calculating TSR is detailed below:

> (Share Price at Test Date - Share Price at Start Date) + (\$ Dividends)

> > Share Price at Start Date

A volume weighted average price (VWAP) is used to determine share price at test date and share price at start date.

Toxfree's TSR is ranked against a peer group of companies in order to adequately measure the performance hurdle:

- TSR of the companies in the peer group is calculated; then
- These companies are ranked according to their TSR;
- Toxfree's TSR is calculated to determine what percentile in the peer group it relates to;
- This percentile determines how many Rights will vest.

The TSR (FY16 grant) will be measured against the S&P ASX300 index members as at 1 July 2015 (excluding companies within the metals and mining, financial services, infrastructure, investment and property sectors).

Vesting for the Relative TSR portion of the grant will occur as follows:

Relative TSR performance	Performance vesting outcomes
Less than the 50th percentile	0% vesting
At the 50th percentile	50% vesting
Between 50th and 75th percentile	For each percentile over the 50th, an additional 2% of the PR and SAR will vest
At or above 75th percentile	100% vesting

For the FY16 PR and SAR grants, the peer gro	oup included Toxfree and the following companies:	
Acrux Limited	Adelaide Brighton Ltd	Affinity Education Group Limited
Ainsworth Game Technology Ltd	ALS Limited	Altium Ltd
Amcor Limited	Ansell Ltd	APN News & Media Ltd
APN Outdoor Group Limited	ARB Corporation Limited	Ardent Leisure Group
Aristocrat Leisure Ltd	Asaleo Care Limited	Ausdrill Ltd
Austal Ltd	Australian Agricultural Company Limited	Australian Pharmaceutical Ind Ltd
Automotive Holdings Group Limited	Bega Cheese Limited	Billabong International Limited
Bionomics Ltd	Boral Limited	Bradken Limited
Brambles Limited	Breville Group Limited	Burson Group Limited
Cabcharge Australia Ltd	Capitol Health Ltd	Cardno Limited
carsales.com Limited	Cash Converters International Limited	CIMIC Group Limited
Coca-Cola Amatil Limited	Cochlear Ltd	Collection House Limited
Computershare Limited	Corporate Travel Management Limited	Credit Corp. Group Ltd
Crown Resorts Limited	CSG Limited	CSL Ltd
CSR Limited	Decmil Group Limited	Dick Smith Holdings Limited
Domino's Pizza Enterprises Limited	Donaco International Limited	Downer EDI Limited
DuluxGroup Limited	Echo Entertainment Group Limited	Energy World Corp Ltd
Flight Centre Travel Group Limited	Fisher & Paykel Healthcare Corp Limited	G8 Education Limited
GBST Holdings Limited	GrainCorp Ltd	Greencross Limited
GUD Holdings Limited	GWA Group Limited	Hansen Technologies Limited
Harvey Norman Holdings Ltd	Healthscope Limited	Hills Limited
ImpediMed Limited	Incitec Pivot Limited	Infigen Energy
Infomedia Ltd	iiNet Ltd	InvoCare Ltd
Informedia Eta IPH Limited		IRESS Limited
Japara Healthcare Limited	iProperty Group Limited JB Hi-Fi Limited	
M2 Group Ltd	MACA Limited	Kathmandu Holdings Limited
·		Mantra Group Limited
Mayne Pharma Group Limited	McMillan Shakespeare Ltd	Mesoblast Limited
Metcash Limited	Mineral Resources Limited	MMA Offshore Limited
Monadelphous Group Limited	Monash IVF Group Limited	Myer Holdings Limited
Nanosonics Limited	Navitas Limited	NEXTDC Limited
Nine Entertainment Co Holdings Limited	NRW Holdings Limited	News Corporation
Nufarm Limited	oOh! media Limited	Orica Limited
Orora Limited	Pacific Brands Limited	Pact Group Holdings Limited
Premier Investments Limited	Primary Health Care Limited	Prime Media Group Limited
Programmed Maintenance Services Ltd	Qantas Airways Limited	Ramsay Health Care Limited
RCG Corporation Limited	RCR Tomlinson Limited	REA Group Limited
Recall Holdings Limited	Reckon Ltd	Regis Healthcare Limited
Retail Food Group Limited	Ridley Corporation Limited	ResMed Inc
SAI Global Limited	SEEK Limited	Select Harvests Limited
Sky City Entertainment Group Ltd	Sky Network Television Limited	Seven Group Holdings Limited
Seven West Media Limited	SG Fleet Group Limited	Shine Corporate Limited
Sigma Pharmaceuticals Ltd	Sirtex Medical Limited	SKILLED Group Limited
Slater & Gordon Limited	SMS Management & Technology Ltd	Sonic Healthcare Limited
Southern Cross Media Group	Spotless Group Holdings Limited	Spark New Zealand Limited
Starpharma Holdings Limited	STW Communications Group Ltd	Super Retail Group Limited
Tabcorp Holdings Ltd	Tassal Group Limited	Tatts Group Limited
Trade ME Group Ltd	TechnologyOne Limited	Telstra Corporation Limited
Ten Network Holdings Limited	TFS Corporation Limited	The Reject Shop Limited
Thorn Group Limited	TPG Telecom Limited	Transfield Services Limited
Transpacific Industries Group Ltd	Treasury Wine Estates Limited	UGL Limited
UXC Limited	Veda Group Limited	Village Roadshow Limited
Virtus Health Limited	Vocus Communications Limited	Webjet Ltd
Wesfarmers Limited	Woolworths Limited	WorleyParsons Limited

E. Detailed Overview of the Operation of the STI and LTI - 30 June 2016

1. Short Term Incentive - Cash Bonus

STI Disclosure

The FY2016 STI amounts have been reviewed and approved by the Board through the Company's Remuneration Committee and will be paid in September 2016. These amounts have been accrued within the 2016 financial results.

For additional information please refer to Part F "Remuneration paid to the MD and Other Executive KMP" set out on page 52.

STI Measures, Outcomes and the Relationship Between Performance and STI for FY2016

STI performance measures are reviewed and set at the beginning of a financial year and include a threshold, target and stretch component.

There were five categories of STI performance measures for the MD and other Executive KMP for the year ended 30 June 2016. Those measures were chosen to provide a balance between corporate, individual, operational, strategic, financial and behavioural aspects of performance and are described below.

The five performance measures for FY2016 are:

- Group Achievement of Business Plan
- Group Safety Performance
- Group Working Capital
- Group Return on Investment
- Individual Performance Review

For the year ended 30 June 2016, the MD and the COO had a target STI opportunity of 50% of their base salary and a maximum opportunity of 100% of their base salary. Other KMP had a target STI opportunity of 20% to 40% of their base salary and a maximum STI opportunity of 50% of their base salary.

The weighting of the performance measures in relation to each Senior Executive's STI for FY2016 is:

Measure	MD & COO Weighting %	CFO Weighting %	EGM (C&R) Weighting %	CIO & EGM (HR) Weighting %
Achievement of Business Plan	40	30	30	30
Safety Performance	15	15	25	15
Working Capital	15	20	10	10
Return on Investment	15	15	15	15
Performance Review	15	20	20	30

Financial Year 2016 Performance

The Remuneration Committee considered the performance of each of the Executive against the five STI performance measures outlined above.

Performance against the Business Plan exceeded the threshold but was below target. The exceptional Company Safety Performance exceeded target, however both Working Capital and Return on Investment failed to meet the target thresholds.

From an individual performance perspective, the Executive implemented a number of strategic initiatives in FY16 designed to continue to diversify Toxfree's services by geography and services. The acquisition of Worth Recycling was an important strategic initiative completed within FY16 that provides Toxfree exposure into one of the fastest growing markets (NSW) in Australia. There was further expansion of services into e-waste recycling as well as the award of the BHP Billiton Olympic Dam contract.

Results for financial year 2016 reflect solid group performance, as the company continues to grow its earnings from east coast operations and producing assets across Australia. The Company delivered sound earnings to record Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA) of \$72.9m* up 1% on FY15, and Net Profit after Tax (NPAT) of \$23.3m*.

Cash generated from operations was again particularly strong and through a disciplined and focused strategy on capital expenditure the company was able to fund a number of growth initiatives that will, over time, prove to be significant strategic investments for shareholders.

During the year, the Debtor days' sales outstanding reduced by 15% and the cash conversion was 99% of EBITDA*.

At June 30, Toxfree had cash in bank of \$32m, net borrowings of \$101.9m and net debt to equity of 37%. Net cash capital investment in the business was \$23.4m during the period.

Toxfree's safety performance was a key highlight in FY16. The Company's safety culture continues to improve with significant improvement in all key metrics with a Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate of zero and reduction in Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate (TRIFR) of 18% and a reduction in All Injury Frequency Rate (AIFR) of 43% on FY15.

- * Non-IFRS Financial Information Normalised for non-operational adjustments refer to Tables 1 & 2 on pages 11 12 for further detail.
- ^ Safety metrics are accurate at the time of publication.

Senior Executive STI awards for the year ended 30 June 2016 are set out in the table below:

				Actual STI awarded (\$)#	Actual STI awarded % of base	STI forfeited (%)
Name	Eligible annual base salary (\$)	Maximum STI opportunity %	Maximum STI value (\$)	Accrued^		
Stephen Gostlow	573,000	100%	573,000	239,476	42%	58%
Edward Goodwin	454,000	100%	454,000	198,254	44%	56%
Michael Constable	348,000	50%	174,000	94,484	54%	46%
Jason Dixon	348,000	50%	174,000	115,364	66%	34%
Josh Bovell	270,000	50%	135,000	57,188	42%	58%
Sarah Bagshawe	147,000Ω	50%	73,500	30,995Ω	42%	58%

- ^ The STI payments in respect of FY2016 have been accrued and will be paid in September 2016.
- # Amount excludes superannuation.
- Ω Sarah Bagshawe: Maternity leave until 11 January 2016 STI value is calculated on a pro-rata basis. Base salary is based on a part-time three day working week.

Group Performance Summary

Details	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Share price at year end (cents)	259	302	338	345	250
Dividend paid per share (cents)¥	9	8.5	6	5	4
Service Revenue (\$'000)	393,380	407,278	369,997	284,723	207,963
Statutory NPAT (\$'000)	13,054	21,994	21,724	13,604	15,726
Underlying NPAT (\$'000)†	23,256	22,970	22,982	21,703	17,208
Number of ordinary shares ('000)	143,920	134,013	133,752	132,530	115,322
Weighted average number of shares ('000)	136,573	133,806	133,064	117,917	105,562
Market capitalisation (\$'000)	372,752	404,720	452,083	457,228	288,304
Statutory earnings per share (cents)	9.23	16.27	16.33	11.54	14.90
Underlying earnings per share (cents)†	16.70	17.00	17.27	18.41	16.33
KMP STI incentive^ as a % of Underlying NPAT†	3.2%	3.7%	4.3%	4.4%	4.9%

- ^ STI incentive calculation excludes superannuation component.
- † Non-IFRS financial information; please refer to the MD's Review of Operations set out in pages 11 to 12 for additional information.
- ¥ Includes proposed final dividend for each specific financial year under review.

Additional Executive Remuneration Information

Assessment of Performance

Performance against the Group's targets is assessed by the Board.

The MD's performance is assessed against individual KPIs by the Remuneration Committee which then makes recommendations to the Board. The performance of other Executive KMP against their individual KPIs is assessed by the MD, who confers with the Remuneration Committee and then the Board regarding this assessment.

After the year end accounts have been audited and related KPIs have been assessed, the Board approved the STI awards. STI cash awards for the year ended 30 June 2016 will be paid in September 2016.

The Board believes the method of assessment is rigorous and provides a balanced evaluation of the MD and other Executive KMP performance. Long-term KMP retention issues are addressed via the LTI Plan.

Cessation of Employment

Under the service agreements for Senior Executives in place for the year ended 30 June 2016, if a Senior Executive ceased employment with the Group before performance against STI targets were assessed, they would generally not be entitled to receive any STI award, unless otherwise determined by the Board.

Executive Remuneration Review

The Remuneration Committee has engaged its remuneration consultants, PWC, to review the existing Toxfree Executive Remuneration Framework in FY17 to ensure it meets best practice standards and remains competitive with the market. The review will focus on whether the existing plan is meeting the objectives of the policy framework; to adequately remunerate, retain and incentivise the Executive team as well as ensuring good alignment of reward with shareholders' interests.

2. Long-Term Incentives - PR and SAR

Details of Rights issued for the year ended 30 June 2016 are as follows:

On 1 July 2015, 268,213 Performance Rights and 1,343,072 Share Appreciation Rights were granted to Key Management Personnel and to Senior Management under the Executive LTI Plan. The rights vest on 30 June 2018. Specific disclosure details of the 1 July 2015 grant are as follows:

Details	Performance Rights Granted	Share Appreciation Rights Granted	Total	Value of Rights Granted (\$)
Directors				
S Gostlow ^	77,231	386,732	463,963	343,800
KMP				
E Goodwin	50,993	255,346	306,339	227,000
M Constable	23,452	117,437	140,889	104,400
J Dixon	23,452	117,437	140,889	104,400
S Bagshawe	13,759	68,899	82,658	61,250
J Bovell	15,163	75,929	91,092	67,500
Senior Management	64,163	321,292	385,455	285,625
	268,213	1,343,072	1,611,285	1,193,975

[^] The grant to Mr S Gostlow was approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held on 20 November 2015.

The above grants made under the Executive LTI Plan will vest subject to the satisfaction of Relative Total Shareholder Return (TSR) (50% of the grant) and Absolute Earnings Per Share (EPS) (50% of the grant) hurdles. These performance hurdles are mutually exclusive so that if only one of the hurdles is satisfied, vesting will still occur for that portion of the grant but not the other if that other hurdle is not met.

The valuation of the Rights is based on an adjusted form of the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model (BSM) that includes a Monte Carlo Simulation model to value the TSR right. The Monte Carlo model has been modified to incorporate an estimate of the probability of achieving the TSR hurdle and the number of associated Rights vesting.

The fair market value of the Rights at valuation date is as follows:

Fair Market Value	Tranche 1 PR (EPS) \$	Tranche 2 PR (TSR) \$	Tranche 1 SAR (EPS) \$	Tranche 2 SAR (TSR) \$
Grant – 1 July 2015	2.84	1.83	0.46	0.43

Key valuation assumptions made at grant date are summarised below:

Key Value Assumptions	1 July 2015
Share price	\$3.06
Effective exercise price (SAR only)	\$3.09
Annualised volatility (midpoint)	25.0%
Annual dividend yield	2.50%
Risk free rate	2.04%

Rights to Ordinary Shares – Remuneration

For each grant of Rights to Ordinary Shares, the percentage of the grant that was paid, or that vested in the financial year, and the percentage that was forfeited because the KMP did not meet the service and performance criteria is set out below. The minimum value of the Rights yet to vest is nil, as the Rights will be forfeited if the vesting conditions are not met. The maximum value of the Rights yet to vest is determined as the amount of the grant date fair value that is yet to be expensed.

Performance Rights:

Name	FY granted	Number granted	Share price at date of grant (\$)	Vested % ^	Vested number	Forfeited %	FY in which shares may vest	Maximum value yet to vest (\$)
Director								
S Gostlow	2014	49,010	3.39	0%	_	100%	2016	_
	2015	60,276	3.36	_	_	_	2017	50,000
	2016	77,231	3.06	_	_	_	2018	114,600
KMP								
E Goodwin	2014	41,915	3.39	0%	_	100%	2016	_
	2015	41,691	3.36	_	_	_	2017	34,583
	2016	50,993	3.06	_	_	_	2018	75,667
M Constable	2014	15,007	3.39	0%	_	100%	2016	_
	2015	18,384	3.36	_	_	_	2017	15,250
	2016	23,452	3.06	_	_	_	2018	34,800
J Dixon	2014	15,007	3.39	0%	_	100%	2016	_
	2015	18,384	3.36	_	_	_	2017	15,250
	2016	23,452	3.06	_	_	_	2018	34,800
S Bagshawe	2014	9,573	3.39	0%	_	100%	2016	_
	2015	10,297	3.36	_	_	_	2017	8,542
	2016	13,759	3.06	_	_	_	2018	20,417
J Bovell	2014	9,121	3.39	0%	_	100%	2016	_
	2015	12,105	3.36	_	_	_	2017	10,042
	2016	15,163	3.06	_	_	_	2018	22,500

[•] FY14 grant – forfeited: EPS and TSR performance conditions were not met at the end of the performance period i.e. 30 June 2016. Additional details on KMP performance right holdings are set out on page 54.

Share Appreciation Rights

Name	FY granted	Number granted	Share price at date of grant (\$)	Vested %	Vested number	Forfeited %	FY years in which shares may vest	Maximum value yet to vest (\$)
Director								
S Gostlow	2014	194,286	3.39	0%	_	100%	2016	_
	2015	280,594	3.36	_	_	_	2017	50,000
	2016	386,732	3.06	_	_	_	2018	114,600
KMP								
E Goodwin	2014	166,162	3.39	0%	_	100%	2016	_
	2015	194,078	3.36	-	_	_	2017	34,583
	2016	255,346	3.06	_	_	_	2018	75,667
M Constable	2014	59,490	3.39	0%	_	100%	2016	_
	2015	85,581	3.36	_	_	_	2017	15,250
	2016	117,437	3.06	_	_	_	2018	34,800
J Dixon	2014	59,490	3.39	0%	_	100%	2016	_
	2015	85,581	3.36	_	_	_	2017	15,250
	2016	117,437	3.06	_	_	_	2018	34,800
S Bagshawe	2014	37,950	3.39	0%	_	100%	2016	_
	2015	47,935	3.36	_	_	_	2017	8,542
	2016	68,899	3.06	_	_	_	2018	20,417
J Bovell	2014	36,156	3.39	0%	_	100%	2016	_
	2015	56,353	3.36	_	_	_	2017	10,042
	2016	75,929	3.06	_	_	_	2018	22,500

[•] FY14 grant – forfeited: EPS and TSR performance conditions were not met at the end of the performance period i.e. 30 June 2016. Additional details on KMP share appreciation right holdings are set out on page 55.

Directors and Other KMP Options:

30 June 2016	Number of Options at Beginning of Year	Number of Options Granted as Remuneration	Number of Options Exercised	Number of Options at the End of Year	Number of Options Vested during the Year	Number of Options Vested and Exercisable	Unvested
KMP							
E Goodwin	500,000	_	_	500,000	_	500,000	_

No Options were granted, exercised or forfeited during the financial year under review. There are no Options affecting remuneration in the current or a future reporting period. The maximum total value of the Options yet to vest from a Share-based payment expense perspective is \$nil (2015: \$nil).

F. Remuneration Paid to the MD and other Executive KMP

	Sh	ort-term ben	efits		Post- employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share- based payment (SBP)				
	Salary, fees and allowances	STI∆ 2016	STI 2015	Other/Non- monetary benefits¥	Super- annuation†	Annual and long service leave ^β	Rights	Total	Fixed remuner- ation	At risk – STI	At risk – LTI
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%	%
Executive [
Stephen Go											T
2016	573,000	239,476	_	15,720	78,750	16,474	175,138	1,098,558	60%	24%	16%
2015	535,000		285,389	14,452	77,437	(5,263)	143,050	1,050,065	56%	30%	14%
Other Execut											
David McAr	thurΩ									1	1
2016	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
2015	48,000		_	_	_	_	_	48,000	100%	_	_
Edward Goo	dwin				1	I				ı	
2016	449,216	198,254	_	41,632	63,482	20,766	111,083	884,433	62%	25%	13%
2015	445,000	_	252,435	38,713	67,456	12,634	136,667	952,905	57%	29%	14%
Michael Cor	ıstable							1			,
2016	348,000	94,484	_	1,543	44,240	23,204	53,217	564,688	73%	18%	9%
2015	329,000	_	103,181	2,800	41,848	8,334	42,958	528,121	71%	21%	8%
Jason Dixor	1										
2016	345,413	115,364	_	994	47,833	42,733	53,217	605,554	70%	21%	9%
2015	329,000	_	109,220	1,258	41,226	(4,260)	43,625	520,069	69%	23%	8%
Sarah Bags	nawe ^										
2016	92,316	30,995	_	434	11,031	7,575	29,792	172,143	63%	20%	17%
2015	200,373		50,445	2,888	20,847	3,574	25,583	303,710	74%	18%	8%
Joshua Bov	ell										
2016	266,538	57,188	_	2,433	31,872	8,308	35,240	401,579	75%	16%	9%
2015	262,219	_	57,382	2,309	30,164	(2,085)	34,771	384,760	75%	16%	9%
Total								*			
2016	2,074,483	735,761	_	62,756	277,208	119,060	457,687	3,726,955			
2015	2,148,592	_	858,052	62,420	278,978	12,934	426,654	3,787,630			

- Δ The 2016 STI (Bonus) has been accrued and will be paid in September 2016.
- Other and non-monetary benefits include fringe benefits tax and insurance paid.
- Represents the value of the movement in the annual leave and long service leave entitlement accruals.
- † Superannuation includes the values paid and accrued related to salary and fees, STI and the movement in annual leave and long service leave entitlements.
- ^ Sarah Bagshawe: Maternity leave from 16 March 2015 until 11 January 2016.
- Ω David McArthur is an external provider of company secretarial services and is not an employee of the company. David is no longer regarded as a KMP from 1 July 2015.

G. Service Agreements

On appointment to the Board, all Non-Executive Directors enter into a service agreement with the Group in the form of a contract of appointment. The contract summarises the Board's policies and terms, including compensation, relevant to the Officer or Director.

Remuneration and other forms of employment for the MD, COO and other Executive KMP are also formalised in service agreements. Each of these agreements provides for performance related short-term incentives, and other benefits including car allowances and participation, where eligible, in a long-term incentive plan. Other major provisions of the agreements relating to remuneration are set out below.

All contracts with Executives may be terminated without cause early by either party providing notice, subject to termination payments detailed below:

Name	Term of agreement	Employee notice period	Employer notice period	Base salary*	Termination benefit^
Stephen Gostlow	Ongoing from November 2010	6 months	12 months	\$573,000	¥
Edward Goodwin	Ongoing from December 2010	6 months	12 months	\$454,000	12 months base salary
Michael Constable	Ongoing from July 2010	6 months	6 months	\$348,000	6 months base salary
Jason Dixon	Ongoing from October 2010	6 months	6 months	\$348,000	6 months base salary
Sarah Bagshaweß	Ongoing from November 2011	6 months	6 months	\$147,000	6 months base salary
Joshua Bovell	Ongoing from October 2013	6 months	6 months	\$270,000	6 months base salary

- Base salaries are quoted for the year ended 30 June 2016. They are reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee and exclude superannuation.
- Termination benefits are payable on early termination by the Group, other than for gross misconduct. Unless otherwise indicated they are equal to base salary (including superannuation) for the notice period.
- Annual contractual remuneration including short-term incentive or an amount equal to the average remuneration received from the Company during the last 12 months prior to termination, whichever is the lesser amount.
- S Bagshawe: Part-time and base salary is based on a three day working week as at 30 June 2016.

H. Non-Executive Director Remuneration

Fees and payments to Non-Executive Directors reflect the demands which are made on, and the responsibilities of the Directors. Non-Executive Directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Board.

The current base fees were last updated on 1 January 2013. The fees approved by the Board were inclusive of the statutory superannuation amount which at the time was 9% of the base fees.

From 1 July 2013, the statutory superannuation rate was increased from 9% to 9.25% and from 1 July 2014 was increased from 9.25% to 9.50%. If remuneration amounts were left unaltered, this would effectively result in a reduction in the amount received by Non-Executive Directors on a post-superannuation payment basis.

It was resolved that the net payment post- superannuation should remain unaltered which in effect means an increase in total remuneration for Non-Executive Directors of 0.25% for each financial year. The changes are effective from 1 July 2013 and 1 July 2014. Additionally, it was further resolved that this policy should also relate to any future increases in the statutory rate of superannuation.

Non-Executive Directors' fees are determined within an aggregate directors' fee pool limit, which is periodically recommended for approval by shareholders. The maximum currently stands at \$700,000 per annum and was approved by Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting on 24 November 2011.

Current approved fees:

	Board fees including superannuation \$	Chair fees including superannuation \$
Chair	150,688	-
Other Non-Executive Directors	85,390	10,046

Superannuation contributions required under the Australian superannuation guarantee legislation continue to be made and are deducted from the Directors' overall fee entitlements.

Remuneration Paid To Non-Executive Directors

Details of Non-Executive Directors Remuneration for the years ended 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015 are set out below:

	Short-term benefits fees \$	Post-employment benefits superannuation ¥	Total \$	
Current Non-Executive Directors				
Robert McKinnon				
2016	137,615	13,073	150,688	
2015	137,615	13,073	150,688	
Michael Humphris				
2016	87,156	8,280	95,436	
2015	87,156	8,280	95,436	
Richard Allen				
2016	95,000	-	95,000	
2015	95,000	-	95,000	
Katherine Hirschfeld				
2016	87,156	8,280	95,436	
2015	87,156	8,280	95,436	
Total				
2016	406,927	29,633	436,560	
2015	406,927	29,633	436,560	

[¥] Superannuation contributions are made on behalf of Non-Executive Directors to satisfy the Group's obligations under applicable superannuation guarantee legislation.

I. Other - KMP Disclosures

There have been no changes in KMP in the period after the reporting date and prior to the date when the financial report is authorised for issue.

1. KMP – Option Holdings – 30 June 2016

No options were granted to KMP as remuneration during the reporting period (2015: Nil).

30 June 2016	Number of Options at Beginning of Year	Granted as Remuneration	Exercised	Number of Options at the End of Year	Number of Options Vested and Exercisable	Unvested
КМР						
E Goodwin	500,000	_	_	500,000	500,000	_

2. KMP - Right Holdings - 30 June 2016

Performance Rights

30 June 2016	Beginning of year	Granted as remuneration	Exercised	Forfeited	End of year	Vested and Exercisable	Unvested
Directors							
S Gostlow	125,482	77,231	(16,196)	(49,010)	137,507	_	137,507
Other KMP							
E Goodwin	83,606	50,993	_	(41,915)	92,684	_	92,684
M Constable	40,031	23,452	(6,640)	(15,007)	41,836	_	41,836
J Dixon	39,652	23,452	(6,261)	(15,007)	41,836	_	41,836
S Bagshawe	23,792	13,759	(3,922)	(9,573)	24,056	_	24,056
J Bovell	21,226	15,163	_	(9,121)	27,268	_	27,268
	333,789	204,050	(33,019)	(139,633)	365,187	-	365,187

Share Appreciation Rights

30 June 2016	Beginning of year	Granted as remuneration	Exercised	Forfeited	End of year	Vested and Exercisable	Unvested
Directors							
S Gostlow	533,413	386,732	(58,533)	(194,286)	667,326	_	667,326
Other KMP							
E Goodwin	360,240	255,346	_	(166,162)	449,424	_	449,424
M Constable	167,756	117,437	(22,685)	(59,490)	203,018	_	203,018
J Dixon	166,464	117,437	(21,393)	(59,490)	203,018	_	203,018
S Bagshawe	99,286	68,899	(13,401)	(37,950)	116,834	_	116,834
J Bovell	92,509	75,929	_	(36,156)	132,282	_	132,282
	1,419,668	1,021,780	(116,012)	(553,534)	1,771,902	-	1,771,902

3. Equity Instruments Granted as a Result of Exercise of Rights:

Details of ordinary shares in the Group provided as a result of the exercise of remuneration Rights to Directors and other KMP of the Group for FY2016 are set out below:

Name	No. of shares issued as result of exercise of Rights	Exercise Date	Intrinsic value of Rights exercised during the year [†]
S Gostlow	30,168	26/08/2015	\$78,437
M Constable	12,055	26/08/2015	\$31,343
J Dixon	11,368	26/08/2015	\$29,557
S Bagshawe	7,121	26/08/2015	\$18,515

[†] The fair value is determined at the date of exercise and reflects the intrinsic value of the Rights. The conversion is based on an average market price of approximately \$2.60 per ordinary share acquired on-market by the Toxfree Share Trust.

4. KMP - Shareholdings - 30 June 2016

The number of ordinary shares in Toxfree held by KMP (and their related parties) of the Group during the financial year is as follows:

30 June 2016	Balance at beginning of year	Exercise of rights	Other Additions	Disposals	Balance at end of year
Directors					
R McKinnon	50,000	-	858	-	50,858
M Humphris	710,000	-	_	(60,000)	650,000
R Allen	152,374	-	857	_	153,231
K Hirschfeld	19,426	-	858	_	20,284
S Gostlow	1,295,665	30,168	_	(75,000)	1,250,833
Other KMP					
E Goodwin	63,492	_	857	_	64,349
M Constable	50,219	12,055	857	(50,219)	12,912
J Dixon	141,446	11,368	7,758	(23,000)	137,572
S Bagshawe	17,489	7,121	_	_	24,610
J Bovell	2,000	_	_	(2,000)	_
	2,502,111	60,712	12,045	(210,219)	2,364,649

The above shareholdings include KMP related party holdings.

5. Loans to Key Management Personnel

There were no loans made to Directors and other Key Management Personnel during the financial year under review. In addition, there were no loan balances outstanding at the end of the year.

J. Voting and Comments Made at the Company's 2015 Annual General Meeting

Toxfree received more than 99% of "yes" votes on its Remuneration Report for the 2015 financial year. The Company did not receive any specific feedback at the AGM or throughout the year on its remuneration practices.

THIS IS THE END OF THE REMUNERATION REPORT AUDITED

Options and Rights

Unissued ordinary Shares of Tox Free under Option / Rights at the date of this report are as follows:

Options

Grant date	Vesting date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Number of Options
23 November 2010^	Vested	1 November 2016	\$3.00	500,000
Total				500,000

Holder of the options is E Goodwin (KMP).

Performance Rights

Grant date	End of performance period	Tranche¥	Number of Rights
1 July 2014*	30 June 2017	1	83,033
1 July 2014*	30 June 2017	2	129,841
1 July 2015*	30 June 2018	1	105,102
1 July 2015*	30 June 2018	2	163,111
Total			481,087

Share Appreciation Rights

Grant date	End of performance period	Tranche [¥]	Number of Rights
1 July 2014*	30 June 2017	1	481,591
1 July 2014*	30 June 2017	2	509,375
1 July 2015*	30 June 2018	1	648,900
1 July 2015*	30 June 2018	2	694,172
Total			2,334,038

^{*} Includes Executive-Director, other Executive KMP and other senior employee rights.

Insurance and Indemnity of Officers

During the financial year, Toxfree paid a premium of \$80,779 (2015: \$84,428) excluding GST, to insure the Directors and Secretary of the Group.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against Officers in their capacity as Officers of entities in the Group, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the Officers in connection with such proceedings. This does not include such liabilities that arise from conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the Officers or the improper use by the Officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for them or someone else or to cause detriment to the Group. It is not possible to apportion the premium between amounts relating to the insurance against legal costs and those relating to other liabilities.

The Group paid a premium of \$14,303 (2015: \$13,255) excluding GST for life and income protection insurance for the Executive-Directors. The Group has agreed to indemnify the Directors of the Group against all liabilities to another person (other than the Group) that may arise from their position as Directors of the Group, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving lack of good faith.

Indemnity of Auditors

No agreements have been entered into to indemnify the Group's current auditors against any claims by third parties arising from their report on the Annual Financial Report.

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2011 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purposes of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001.

Loans to Directors and Executives

Information on loans to Directors and Executives are set out in the Remuneration Report and in note 28 to the financial statements.

[¥] Tranche 1 = EPS performance condition; tranche 2 TSR performance condition.

Non-audit services

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Company and/or the Group are important.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in note 30 to the financial statements.

The Board of Directors has considered the position and, in accordance with advice from the Audit Committee, is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor as set out below, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- All non-audit services are reviewed by the Audit Committee to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor; and
- None of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence in accordance with APES 110: Code of Ethics for

The following fees were paid or payable to the auditors (BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd) and its related practices for non-audit services provided during the year ended 30 June 2016:

	2016	2015
Tax advice and compliance services (BDO Corporate Tax (WA) Pty Ltd)	214,381	233,582
Other services		
Accounting advice and review of information	7,663	12,691
Business combinations and acquisitions	35,627	21,392
Total – Other services	43,290	34,083
Total	257,671	267,665

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act is set out on page 63.

Rounding of Amounts

The Company is of a kind referred to in Corporations Instrument 2016/191, issued by the Australian Securities Investments Commission, relating to the 'rounding off' of amounts in the Directors' Report and in the financial statements. Amounts in the Directors' report and the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

Auditor

BDO (Audit) WA Pty Ltd continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

This Director's report, incorporating the Remuneration Report, is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director-Chairman-Robert McKinnon:

Dated this 22nd day of August 2016

For the Year Ended 30 June 2016

The 2016 Corporate Governance Statement is dated as 30 June 2016 and reflects the corporate governance practices in place throughout the 2016 financial year.

Toxfree (the Company) and the Board are committed to achieving and demonstrating the highest standards of Corporate Governance. The Board continues to review the framework and practices to ensure that they meet the interests of Shareholders. The Company and its controlled entities together are referred to as the Group in this statement.

A description of the Group's main corporate governance practices is set out below. All these practices, unless otherwise stated, were in place for the entire year. Additionally, they comply with the 3rd edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

The Board of Directors

Role of the Board

The matters expressly reserved to the Board of Directors are set out in a written policy and include:

- Establishment of long-term goals of the Group and strategic plans to achieve these goals;
- Monitoring the achievement of these goals;
- Review of the management accounts and reports to monitor the progress of the Group;
- Review and adoption of budgets for the financial performance of the Group and monitoring the results on a regular basis to assess performance;
- Review and approval of the annual and interim financial reports;
- Nominating and monitoring the external auditor;
- Approving all significant business transactions;
- Appointing and monitoring senior management;
- All remuneration, development and succession issues;
- Ensuring the Group has implemented adequate systems of risk management and internal control together with appropriate monitoring of compliance activities;
- Overseeing the process for making timely and balanced disclosure of all material information that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities;
- Ensuring that the Company has a suitably qualified Company Secretary who shall be accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board; and
- Ensuring that the Company reports on its measurable objectives in relation to gender diversity and assesses annually both the objectives and progress in achieving gender diversity.

The Board delegates day-to-day operational matters to the management of the Company.

The Board evaluates this policy on an ongoing basis.

Board Composition

The Directors' Report contains details of the Directors' skills, experience and education. The Board seeks to establish a Board that consists of Directors with an appropriate range of experience, skill, knowledge and vision to enable it to operate the Group's business with excellence. To maintain this, the Group's policy is that Executive Directors should serve at least 3 years. At the completion of the first 3 years, the position of the Director is reviewed to ascertain if circumstances warrant a further term. The specific skills that the Board collectively bring to the Company include:

- Industry experience;
- Commercial experience;
- Public Company experience;
- Analytical expertise;
- Financial expertise;
- Risk Management experience;
- Strategic planning experience;
- Strategic leadership experience;
- Corporate Governance expertise;
- Communications experience; and
- Inter personal experience.

The chair of each of the sub-committees formed by the Board has specific skills in the area for which they are responsible.

The Board does not have a Director with legal experience, as any legal work is out sourced to external lawyers.

The Board comprises an independent Non-Executive Chairman, one Executive Director, and three Non-Executive independent Directors. Two Directors have been on the Board of the Company for a considerable period of time. The Board does not believe the independence of these Directors has been compromised by their extended period of Directorship. as both Directors bring specific skill sets to the Board.

Directors' details are set out in the Directors' Report.

The Board, through the Nomination Committee, is primarily responsible for identifying potential new Directors and has the option to use an external consulting firm to identify and approach possible new candidates for Directorship. When a vacancy exists, or where it is considered that the Board would benefit from the services of a new Director with particular skills, candidates with the appropriate experience, expertise and diversity are considered. Each incumbent Director is given the opportunity to meet with each candidate on a one-to-one basis. The full Board then appoints the most suitable candidate.

The Board undertakes appropriate checks before appointing a person as a Director or putting forward to Shareholders a candidate for election as a Director.

The Board ensures that Shareholders are provided with all material information in the Board's possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director.

The appointment of the Directors must be approved by the majority of the Shareholders at the first Annual General Meeting after the appointment.

Retirement and re-election of Directors

The Constitution of the Company requires one-third of Directors (or the number nearest one-third, rounded up), other than the Managing Director, to retire from office at each Annual General Meeting. No Director shall hold office for a period in excess of three years without seeking re-election.

Directors who have been appointed by the Board are required to retire from office at the Annual General Meeting following their appointment and are not taken into account in determining the number of Directors to retire at that Annual General Meeting. Retiring Directors are eligible for re-election by Shareholders.

Independence of Directors

The Board has reviewed the position and association of each of the Directors in office at the date of this report and considers that all four Non-Executive Directors of the Company are independent. In considering whether a Director is independent, the Board has regard to the independence criteria in ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations Principle 2 and other facts. information and circumstances that the Board considers relevant. The Board assesses the independence of new Directors upon appointment and reviews their independence, and the independence of the other Directors, as appropriate.

The Board considers that Mr Robert McKinnon, Mr Michael Humphris, Mr Richard Allen and Ms Katherine Hirschfeld meet the criteria in Principle 2. They have no material business or contractual relationship with the Group, other than as Directors, and no conflicts which could interfere with the exercise of independent judgement. Accordingly, they are considered to be independent.

Director Education

All new Directors complete an induction process. The Non-Executive Directors are given every opportunity to gain a better understanding of the business, the industry, and the environment within which the Group operates, and are given access to continuing education opportunities to update and enhance their skills and knowledge. The Board are specifically provided the opportunity to enhance their financial, regulatory and compliance skills in relation to Public Companies through external courses. On at least two occasions during the year, the full Board travelled to one of the Group's business locations to gain a greater understanding of that business units operations.

Independent Professional Advice

With prior approval of the Chairman, each Director has the right to seek independent legal and other professional advice at the Group's expense concerning any aspect of the Group's operations or undertakings in order to fulfil their duties and responsibilities as Directors.

Board Performance Review

The performance of all Directors is assessed through review by the Board as a whole of a Director's attendance at and involvement in Board meetings, their performance and other matters identified by the Board or other Directors. Significant issues are actioned by the Board. Due to the Board's assessment of the effectiveness of these processes, the Board has not otherwise formalised measures of a Director's performance.

The Directors conducted an internal performance evaluation of the Members of the Board during the reporting period, with the assistance of an external advisor.

Director Remuneration

Details of the Group's remuneration policies are included in the "Remuneration Report" section of the Directors' Report.

Non-Executive Directors will be remunerated by cash payments alone (including statutory superannuation) and will not be provided with any benefits for ceasing to be a Director. The Executive Director is remunerated by both fixed remuneration and equity performance based remuneration, subject to obtaining all regulatory approvals from Shareholders. A reasonable period of notice of termination is required and is detailed in the Executive's employment contract.

Managing Business Risk

The Group maintains policies and practices designed to identify and manage significant risks including:

- Regular budgeting and financial reporting;
- Procedures and controls to manage financial exposures and operational risks;
- The Group's business plan;
- Corporate strategy guidelines and procedures to review and approve the Group's strategic plans;
- Establish and continuously assess a Group Risk Profile which identifies all significant risk to the Group and controls that are in place to minimise or mitigate the risk; and
- Insurance and risk management programs which are reviewed by the Board.

The Board reviews these systems and the effectiveness of their implementation annually and considers the management of risk at its meetings. The Group's risk profile is reviewed quarterly by the Risk Committee. The Board may consult with the Group's external auditors on external risk matters or other appropriately qualified external consultants on risk generally, as required.

The Board's review of business risk is also based on reports from the Risk Committee.

The Board receives regular reports about the financial condition and operating results of the consolidated Group. The Managing Director (or in his absence the Chairman) and Chief Financial Officer annually provide a formal statement to the Board that in all material respects and to the best of their knowledge and belief:

- The Group's financial reports present a true and fair view of the Group's financial condition and operational results and are in accordance with relevant accounting standards; and
- The Group's risk management and internal control systems are sound. appropriate and operating efficiently and effectively.

The Company assesses its exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks as part of the Group Risk profile. The Board assesses the likely impact of changes and implements strategies to minimise exposure to these specific risks. Due to risk procedures adopted by the Company, it is not believed the Company has a material exposure to these risks.

The Company does not have an internal audit function. The Board has determined that the established internal controls for the Company, combined with the work of the Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee, at this stage satisfactorily address the function that would otherwise be dealt with by an internal audit function.

Internal Controls

Procedures have been established at the Board and Executive management levels that are designed to safeguard the assets and interests of the Group, and to ensure the integrity of reporting. These include accounting, financial reporting and internal control policies and procedures. To ensure these established procedures are being followed, the Directors:

- Ensure appropriate follow-up of significant audit findings and risk areas identified:
- Review the scope of the external audit to align it with Board requirements; and
- Conduct a detailed review of published accounts.

Audit Committee

The role of the Audit Committee is documented in a Charter which is approved by the Board of Directors. In accordance with this Charter, all members of the Committee must be Non-Executive Directors.

The primary role of the Audit Committee is to:

- Assist the Board in fulfilling its overview of the audit process;
- Assist the Board in overviewing financial reporting;
- Assist the Board in fulfilling its overview of the systems of internal control which the Board and management have established;
- Monitor, review and recommend the adoption of the financial statements of the Company;
- Regularly review the adequacy of accounting, internal controls, reporting and other financial management systems and practices of the Company:
- Review the financial report and other financial information distributed externally;
- Review any new accounting policies to ensure compliance with Australian Accounting Standards and generally accepted accounting principles;
- Improve the quality of the accounting function;
- Review audit reports to ensure that if major deficiencies or breakdowns in controls or procedures are identified, appropriate and prompt remedial action is taken by management;
- Review the nomination and performance of the auditor;
- Liaise with external auditors and ensure that the annual and half-year statutory audits are conducted in an effective manner;
- Monitor the establishment of appropriate ethical standards;
- Monitor the procedures in place to ensure compliance with the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and ASX Listing Rules and all other regulatory requirements; and
- Address any matters outstanding with the auditors, the Australian Taxation Office, the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, the ASX and financial institutions.

The Audit Committee consists of the following Non-Executive Directors, all of whom are independent:

- Mr M Humphris (Chair)
- Mr R McKinnon
- Mr R Allen
- Ms K Hirschfeld

The auditors and the Managing Director are invited to attend Audit Committee meetings at the discretion of the Committee. The Committee met six times during the year.

Risk Committee

The purpose of the Risk Committee is to assist the Board in its oversight of the Company's management of key risks, including strategic and operational risks, as well as the guidelines, policies and processes for monitoring and mitigating such risks. The Risk Committee's role includes oversight of risk management of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries and operational sites.

Risk assessment and risk management are the responsibility of the Company's management. The Risk Committee has an oversight role and in fulfilling that role, it relies on the reviews and reports received from management.

The Risk Committee shall have the following authority and responsibilities:

- Review and discuss with management the Company's risk governance structure, risk assessment and risk management practices and the guidelines, policies and processes in place for risk management;
- Review and discuss with management the Board's risk appetite and strategy relating to key risks, including credit risk, liquidity and funding risk, market risk, product risk and reputational risk, as well as the guidelines, policies and processes for monitoring and mitigating such risks:
- Discuss with the Company's executive team the Company's risk assessment and risk management guidelines, policies and processes, as the case may be. The Risk Committee meets separately at least twice a year with the executive team;
- Receive, as and when appropriate, reports from the Company's Executive General Manager-Corporate & Risk on the results of risk management reviews and assessments;
- Review disclosure regarding risk contained in the Company's Annual Report;
- Review and assess the nature and level of insurance coverage;
- Review reports on selected risk topics as the Risk Committee deems appropriate from time to time;
- Initiate and monitor special investigations into areas of corporate risk or breakdowns in internal controls;
- Discharge any other duties or responsibilities delegated to the Risk Committee by the Board;
- Delegate any of its responsibilities to subcommittees as the Risk Committee may deem appropriate;
- Retain such outside counsel, experts and other advisors as the committee may deem appropriate in its sole discretion and approve
- Report its actions and any recommendations to the Board; and
- Review at least annually the adequacy of this Charter and recommend any proposed changes to the board for approval.

The Risk Committee consists of the following Non-Executive Directors. all of whom are independent:

- Ms K Hirschfeld (Chair)
- Mr M Humphris
- Mr R McKinnon
- Mr R Allen

The Committee met four times during the year.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee operates in accordance with its Charter. The main responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are:

- Determine remuneration policies and remuneration of Directors;
- Determine remuneration and incentive policies of Key Executives;
- Determine the Group recruitment, retention and termination policies and procedures for senior management;
- Determine and review incentive schemes;
- Ensure all Directors and senior executives have a written agreement setting out the terms of their appointment;
- Evaluate senior executive performance on an annual basis. This occurred during the 2016 financial year;
- Determine and review superannuation arrangements of the Group; and
- Determine and review professional indemnity and liability insurance for Directors and senior management.

The Remuneration Committee seeks independent external advice from consultants with specific industry experience relevant to Tox Free's remuneration assessment.

Specific policies and procedures regarding remuneration determination are contained within the Directors' Report.

The Remuneration Committee consists of the following Non-Executive Directors, all of whom are independent:

- Mr R Allen (Chairman)
- Mr R McKinnon
- Mr M Humphris
- Ms K Hirschfeld

The Committee met six times during the year.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee operates in accordance with its Charter. The main responsibilities of the Nomination Committee are:

- Review the Board composition to ensure the Board has the correct balance of skills and expertise;
- Appointment of the Managing Director and the Company Secretary;
- Approve the recommendation for the appointment of key management personnel presented to the Committee by the Managing Director;
- Performance appraise the Board members and the Managing Director;
- Succession planning for Board members and the Managing Director;
- Approve the recommended succession planning for key management personnel presented to the Committee by the Managing Director; and
- Identify, evaluate and recommend candidates for the Board, the position of Managing Director and the position of Company Secretary.

The Nomination Committee consists of the following Non-Executive Directors, all of whom are independent:

- Mr R McKinnon (Chair)
- Mr R Allen
- Mr M Humphris
- Ms K Hirschfeld

The Committee did not have a specific need to meet during the year.

Ethical Standards

In pursuit of the highest level of ethical standards, the Group has adopted a Code of Conduct which establishes the standards of behaviour required of Directors and employees in the conduct of the Group's affairs. This code is provided to all Directors and employees. The code stipulates that any unethical behaviour is to be reported to the Group's Managing Director (or in his absence, the Chairman) as soon as possible.

The Code of Conduct is based on respect for the law and the rights of individuals, and acting accordingly, dealing with conflicts of interest appropriately, using the consolidated entity's assets responsibly and in the best interests of the Company, acting with integrity, being fair and honest in dealings, treating other people with dignity and being responsible for actions and accountable for the consequences.

Trading in the Company's Securities by Directors and Employees

The Board has adopted a policy in relation to dealings in the securities of the Company which applies to all Directors and employees. Under the policy, Directors are prohibited from short-term or "active" trading in the Group's securities and Directors and employees are prohibited from dealing in the Group's securities whilst in the possession of price sensitive information. The Company's Managing Director (or in his place the Chairman) must be notified of any proposed transactions in the Company's shares.

Any Director or employee receiving shares pursuant to the Company's equity based remuneration scheme (refer to the Remuneration Report) is not permitted to enter into transactions which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme.

This policy is provided to all Directors and employees. Compliance with it is reviewed on an on-going basis in accordance with the Company's risk management systems.

Continuous Disclosure

The Group has in place a continuous disclosure policy, a copy of which is provided to all Group officers and employees who may from time to time be in possession of undisclosed information that may be material to the price or value of the Group's securities.

The continuous disclosure policy aims to ensure timely compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act 2001 and ASX Listing Rules and to ensure officers and employees of the Group understand these obligations.

The procedure adopted by the Group is essentially that any information which may need to be disclosed must be brought to the attention of the Chairman, who, in consultation with the Board (where practicable) and any other appropriate personnel (including external advisors if deemed appropriate) will consider the information and whether disclosure is required. If disclosure is deemed necessary, an appropriate announcement will be prepared for release to the market as soon as possible.

At least once every 12 month period, the Board will review the company's compliance with this continuous disclosure policy and update it from time to time, if necessary.

Shareholders

The Board aims to ensure that Shareholders are kept fully informed of all major developments affecting the Group. Information is communicated to Shareholders as follows:

- As the Company is a disclosing entity, regular announcements are made to the ASX in accordance with the Group's disclosure policy, including the half-year review, the year-end audited accounts and an Annual Report;
- The Board ensures the Annual Report includes relevant information about the operations of the Group during the year, changes in the state of affairs and details of future developments;
- Shareholders are advised in writing of key issues affecting the Group by effective use of the Group's share registry or electronically via the website:
- Shareholders are provided the opportunity to receive communications electronically through the Company's share registry;
- Any proposed major changes in the Group's affairs are submitted to a vote of Shareholders, as required by the Corporations Act 2001 and the ASX Listing Rules:
- The Board encourages full participation of Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting to ensure a high level of accountability and identification of the Group's strategies and goals. All Shareholders who are unable to attend these meetings are encouraged to communicate or ask questions by writing to the Group;
- The external auditor is requested to attend the Annual General Meetings to answer any questions concerning the audit and the content of the auditor's report; and
- The Board seek feedback from proxy advisers to assess the appropriateness and adequacy of its reporting to shareholders.

The Board reviews this policy and compliance with it on an ongoing basis.

Diversity Policy

The Group is committed to workplace diversity at all levels and recognises the benefits arising from employee and Board diversity. The benefits include a broader pool of high quality employees, improved employee retention, accessing different perspectives and ideas, and benefitting from all available talent.

The Group recognises that diversity includes matters of age, disability, ethnicity, marital and family status, religion and culture, sexual orientation and gender identity.

The Group strives to:

- Recruit and manage on the basis of an individual's competence, qualification, skills and performance;
- Create a workplace culture characterised by inclusive practices and behaviours for the benefit of all staff;
- Appreciate and respect the unique aspects that an individual brings to the workplace;
- Where possible and practicable, increase participation and employment opportunities for indigenous people;
- Create a work environment that values and utilises the contributions of employees with diverse backgrounds, experiences and perspectives through improved awareness of the benefits of workplace diversity and successful management of diversity, and at all times recognising that employees may have restrictions placed on them by domestic responsibilities outside the workplace;

- Take action to prevent discrimination, harassment, vilification or victimisation;
- Create awareness in all staff of their rights and responsibilities with regards to fairness, equity and respect for all aspects of diversity; and
- Identify and implement programs that will assist in the development of a broader and more diverse pool of skilled and experienced employees, and to offer employees opportunities to reach management levels with the Group.

The Board is committed to workplace diversity and has developed measurable objectives and strategies to support the framework and objectives of the Diversity Policy, and the Board is responsible for monitoring the progress of the measurable objectives through various monitoring, evaluation and reporting mechanisms. For the 2016 financial year the Boards' objectives were met by the Group. The Board assesses the progress and achievement of the objectives.

Pursuant to ASX Corporate Governance Recommendation 1.5, the Company policy discloses the following information as at the date of this report:

Percentage details	Women	Men
Women and Men employed within the Group	18%	82%
Women and Men at senior management level	20%	80%
Women and Men employed at Board level	20%	80%

Percentage details	Total
Indigenous staff employed within the Group	5%^

A Based on the number of full-time employees.

ASX Corporate Governance principals and recommendations not followed "if not, why not" approach.

Pursuant to the ASX Listing Rule 4.10.3, the Company advises that it follows all of the ASX "Corporate Governance Principals and Recommendations (Third Edition)".

This statement is current as at 30 June 2016 and has been approved by the Board.

Director - Chairman: Robert McKinnon

Director: Stephen Gostlow



Tel: +61 8 6382 4600 Fax: +61 8 6382 4601 www.bdo.com.au

38 Station Street Subiaco, WA 6008 P0 Box 700 West Perth WA 6872 Australia

Declaration of Independence by Dean Just to the Directors of Tox Free Solutions Limited

As lead auditor of Tox Free Solutions Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- 2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Tox Free Solutions Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Dean Just Director

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd Perth, 22 August 2016

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd ABN 79 112 284 787 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of BDO (Australia) Ltd ABN 77 050 110 275, an Australian company limited by guarantee. BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd and BDO Australia Ltd are members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by guarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation other than for the acts or omissions of financial services licensees.

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

For the Year Ended 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Revenue from continuing operations			
Services	5	393,380	407,278
Other revenue	5	345	254
Total Revenue		393,725	407,532
Other income	6	1,562	501
Expenses	7		
Waste disposal and other non-employee benefit related direct costs		(117,820)	(127,897)
Outsourcing costs		(35,224)	(33,417)
Employee benefits expense		(137,057)	(141,495)
Administrative expenses		(19,003)	(20,120)
Amortisation		(1,914)	(2,073)
Depreciation		(31,594)	(29,655)
Impairment losses and write-offs		(3,658)	_
Finance costs		(6,154)	(6,505)
Occupancy costs		(11,636)	(12,332)
Acquisition, integration and rebranding costs		(4,728)	(1,395)
Site closure and restructuring costs		(5,851)	_
Other expenses		(605)	(896)
Profit before income tax		20,043	32,248
Income tax expense	8	(6,989)	(10,254)
Profit after income tax for the year		13,054	21,994
Profit is attributable to:			
Owners of Tox Free Solutions Limited		12,608	21,768
Non-controlling interests		446	226
		13,054	21,994
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of	the company:	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share (cents)	31	9.23	16.27
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	31	9.22	16.19

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Profit for the year		13,054	21,994
Other comprehensive income (expense)			
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss			
Changes in the fair value of cash flow hedges	21	201	(766)
Income tax relating to these items	8	(60)	230
Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year, net of tax		141	(536)
Total comprehensive income for the year		13,195	21,458
Total comprehensive income for the year is attributable to:			
Owners of Tox Free Solutions Limited		12,749	21,232
Non-controlling interests		446	226
		13,195	21,458

The above Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	31,952	19,709
Trade and other receivables	10	90,908	88,586
Inventories	12	584	241
Current tax assets	11	2,898	_
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		126,342	108,536
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	13	175,943	153,486
Intangible assets	14	180,173	151,388
Deferred tax assets	11	8,516	7,954
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		364,632	312,828
TOTAL ASSETS		490,974	421,364
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	15	53,204	46,451
Borrowings	16	3,598	12,314
Current tax liabilities	11	-	542
Employee benefit obligations	17	10,346	8,487
Provisions	18	6,477	6,402
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		73,625	74,196
	,		
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings	16	130,255	88,203
Derivative financial instruments	19	1,663	1,864
Deferred tax liabilities	11	8,143	6,366
Other payables	15	925	_
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		140,986	96,433
TOTAL LIABILITIES		214,611	170,629
NET ASSETS		276,363	250,735
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	20	195,457	170,885
Reserves	21	4,687	4,376
Retained earnings	21	73,240	72,488
Capital and reserves attributable to owners		273,384	247,749
Non-controlling interests	27	2,979	2,986
TOTAL EQUITY		276,363	250,735

 $\label{thm:conjunction} \mbox{The above Consolidated Balance Sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.}$

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		· ·	
Receipts from customers (inclusive of goods and services tax)		416,780	452,409
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of goods and services tax)		(344,321)	(380,298)
Other income		217	32
Interest paid		(4,655)	(4,869)
Income taxes paid		(8,985)	(6,329)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	23	59,036	60,945
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment		8,625	3,019
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(32,007)	(42,297)
Payments for the acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	4	(68,554)	(5,328)
Interest received		344	338
Net cash (outflow) from investing activities		(91,592)	(44,268)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net proceeds from issue of ordinary shares		23,203	_
Proceeds from borrowings		209,500	40,700
Payments for shares acquired by Employee Share Trust		(165)	(775)
Repayment of borrowings		(176,452)	(42,033)
Dividends paid to company's shareholders		(10,784)	(8,788)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests in subsidiaries		(503)	(2,240)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		44,799	(13,136)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		12,243	3,541
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		19,709	16,168
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	9	31,952	19,709
Non-cash financing and investing activities (refer to note 23)			

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 30 June 2016

	Note	Contributed Equity \$'000	Share-based Payments Reserve \$'000	Cash Flow Hedging Reserve '000	Equity Reserve \$'000	Retained Earnings \$'000	Total \$'000	Non- controlling interests \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Balance at 1 July 2014	Note	170,885	7,145	(769)	Ψ 000 -	59,721	236,982	— — —	236,982
Profit for the year		-	-	-	_	21,768	21,768	226	21,994
Other comprehensive income (expense)	21	_	_	(536)	-	-	(536)	_	(536)
Total comprehensive		_	_	(536)	_	21,768	21,232	226	21,458
income for the year				(000)		21,700	21,202	220	21,100
Transactions with owners in	their canac	ity as owners							
Contribution of equity, net of transaction costs and tax	20	575	_	-	-	-	575	_	575
Share-based payment – current period expense	21 & 24	_	572	_	-	-	572	_	572
Share-based payment – vested and reclassified	20 & 21	200	(562)	_	-	362	_	-	_
Settlement of vested executive rights	20	(760)	_	-	-	-	(760)	-	(760)
Acquisition of treasury shares	20	(15)	-	_	-	-	(15)	_	(15)
Acquisition of subsidiaries		_	_	_	_	_	-	3,526	3,526
Transactions with non- controlling interests	21	_	_	_	(1,474)	-	(1,474)	1,474	_
Dividends paid or provided for	22 & 27	_	-	_	-	(9,363)	(9,363)	(2,240)	(11,603)
		_	10	_	(1,474)	(9,001)	(10,465)	2,760	(7,705)
Balance at 30 June 2015		170,885	7,155	(1,305)	(1,474)	72,488	247,749	2,986	250,735
	I								
Balance at 1 July 2015		170,885	7,155	(1,305)	(1,474)	72,488	247,749	2,986	250,735
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	12,608	12,608	446	13,054
Other comprehensive income (expense)	21	_	_	141	-	-	141	_	141
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	141	-	12,608	12,749	446	13,195
Transactions with owners in	their capa	city as owner	S						
Contribution of equity, net of transaction costs and tax	20	24,737	_	_	-	-	24,737	_	24,737
Share-based payment – current period expense	21 & 24	-	605	_	_	_	605	_	605
Share-based payment – vested and reclassified	21	_	(222)	_	-	222	_	_	_
Settlement of vested executive rights	20	(180)	_	-	-	-	(180)	_	(180)
Net disposal/(acquisition) of treasury shares	20	15	-	_	-	_	15	_	15
Acquisition of subsidiaries	4	_	_	_	_	_	_	185	185
Transactions with non- controlling interests	4 & 21	-	_	_	(213)	-	(213)	(135)	(348)
Dividends paid or provided for	22 & 27	-	-	-	-	(12,078)	(12,078)	(503)	(12,581)
		24,572	383	-	(213)	(11,856)	12,886	(453)	12,433
Balance at 30 June 2016		195,457	7,538	(1,164)	(1,687)	73,240	273,384	2,979	276,363

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2016

Contents of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note		Page
1.	Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements	70
2.	Financial Risk Management	71
3.	Segment Information	75
4.	Business Combinations	77
5.	Revenue	79
6.	Other Income	79
7.	Expenses	79
8.	Income Tax Expense	80
9.	Cash and Cash Equivalents	80
10.	Trade and Other Receivables	80
11.	Tax Assets and Tax Liabilities	81
12.	Inventories	83
13.	Property, Plant and Equipment	83
14.	Intangibles	84
15.	Trade and Other Payables	86
16.	Borrowings	86
17.	Employee Benefits	87
18.	Provisions	87
19.	Derivative Financial Instruments	88
20.	Contributed Equity	89
21.	Other Reserves and Retained Earnings	90
22.	Dividends	91
23.	Cash Flow Information	92
24.	Share-based Payments	92
25.	Parent Entity Financial Information	97
26.	Commitments	97
27.	Interests in Other Entities	98
28.	Related Party Transactions	100
29.	Contingencies	100
30.	Remuneration of Auditor	101
31.	Earnings per Share	101
32.	Deed of Cross-Guarantee	101
33.	Events occurring after the Reporting Period	102
34.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	102

This financial report includes the consolidated financial statements and notes of Tox Free Solutions Limited and its subsidiaries (the 'Group'). The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22nd August 2016.

Tox Free Solutions Limited is a for-profit Group domiciled in Australia. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian Dollars, which is the Group's functional currency.

The Group is an entity to which ASIC Corporations Instrument 2016/191 applies and, accordingly, amounts in the financial statements and Directors' Report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

The separate financial statements and notes of the parent entity, Tox Free Solutions Limited, have not been presented within this financial report as permitted by amendments made to the Corporations Act 2001. The Parent entity summary is included in note 25.

1. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition will seldom equal the actual results. The Directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

(i) Key estimates – Impairment of Goodwill and other Intangibles

The Group tests annually whether Goodwill and other Intangibles have suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 34(h). The recoverable amount of Goodwill and other Intangibles has been calculated using a number of assumptions as discussed in Note 14. No impairment has been recognised in respect of Goodwill at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Key estimates – Provision for Impairment of Receivables

The Group tests annually whether receivables have suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 34(d) (iii). The value of the provision for impairment of receivables is estimated by considering the ageing of receivables, communication with the debtors and prior history. Refer to note 10 for details on the Provision for Impairment of Receivables and Receivables written off during the year as uncollectible.

(iii) Revenue recognition

The Group recognises revenue in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the benefit will flow to the Group. For contract variations, this requires estimates and judgments based on future economic benefit and is typically when the variations / overruns have been agreed with the customer. The contract variations must be approved by the client before sales invoices can be raised. At 30 June 2016, the Group has accrued revenue amounting to \$nil (2015: \$7,896,333) for contract variations relating to waste management services.

(iv) Key estimates - Depreciation of Major ERP Software

Major ERP software is deemed to have a 10 year useful life and is amortised on a straight-line basis.

(v) Key estimates – other

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements are described in the following notes:

- Note 4 Business Combination
- Note 8 Income Tax Expense
- Note 18 Provisions
- Note 24 Share-based Payment
- Note 26 Commitments
- Note 29 Contingencies

(vi) Key estimates - Customer related intangibles

The customer related intangibles were acquired as part of a business combination (please refer to note 4 for additional details). The contracts and relationships are recognised at their fair value at the date of acquisition and are subsequently amortised on a straight-line based on the timing of projected cash flows of the contracts over their estimated useful lives. The fair value of the intangible was determined using the following key assumptions:

- Assumed level of future revenue
- Assumed EBITDA margin

2. Financial Risk Management

The main risks the Group is exposed to through its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, consisting of interest rate risk. The Group is not significantly exposed to foreign currency risk and is not exposed to equity price risk.

The Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable, bank loans, loans to and from subsidiaries, finance leases, and derivatives.

The Group holds the following financial instruments by category:

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Financial Assets		'	
Cash and cash equivalents	9	31,952	19,709
Trade and other and receivables^	10	86,237	85,696
Total financial assets		118,189	105,405
Financial Liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost			
Trade and other payables	15	54,129	46,451
Borrowings ^	16	134,531	100,517
Derivatives used for hedging			
Derivative financial instruments	19	1,663	1,864
Total financial liabilities		190,323	148,832

[^] Excludes prepayments and prepaid establishment costs.

Financial risk management policies

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment of the Group's financial risk management framework. This includes the development of policies covering specific areas such as, interest rate risk, credit risk and the use of derivatives.

Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities.

The day-to-day risk management is carried out by the Group's finance and risk functions under policies and objectives which have been approved by the Board of Directors. The Chief Financial Officer has been delegated the authority for designing and implementing processes which follow the objectives and policies. This includes monitoring the levels of exposure to interest rate risk and assessment of market forecasts for interest rate movements.

The Board of Directors receives monthly reports which provide details of the effectiveness of the processes and policies in place.

The Risk Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group.

Toxfree does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes.

There have been no significant changes from the way financial risk was managed in the prior financial year.

Mitigation strategies for specific risks faced are described below:

(a) Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential failure by a customer to meet contractual obligations that could lead to a financial loss to the Group and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and cash and cash equivalents. The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the Group's customer base have little influence on credit risk and there is no concentration of risk geographically.

It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms undergo a credit assessment process which takes into account the customer's financial position, past experience and other factors. Credit limits are then set based on ratings in accordance with the limits set by the Board of Directors; these limits are reviewed on a regular basis.

Key customers have been transacting with the Group for a long period of time and losses have occurred infrequently.

The Group has established an allowance for impairment that represents the estimate of potential incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables. The main components of this allowance are a specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures, and a collective loss component established for Groups of similar assets in respect of losses that have been incurred but not yet identified. The collective loss allowance is determined based on historical data of payment statistics for similar financial assets. Please refer to the Financial Instruments accounting policy note 34(d).

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date was:

	Consolidated		
Current	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	
Cash and cash equivalents	31,952	19,709	
Trade and other receivables^	86,237	85,696	
	118,189	105,405	

^ Excludes prepayments.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk for trade receivables at the reporting date was primarily attributable to Australian customers. No collateral risk is held as security for this credit risk. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of 'A' are accepted. There were no favourable derivative financial instruments at the end of the reporting period.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Group might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations related to financial liabilities. The approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- Preparing forward-looking cash flow analysis in relation to its operational, investing and financial activities which are monitored on a monthly basis;
- · Monitoring undrawn credit facilities;
- Maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- · Managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- · Only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- Comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

Typically, the Group ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses and servicing financial obligations for a period of 30 days. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot be reasonably predicted.

The banking funds available to the Group are disclosed in note 16 and the contractual commitments of the Group are disclosed in note 26.

The tables below reflect the contractual undiscounted maturity analysis for financial liabilities including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements. Financial guarantee liabilities are treated as payable on demand since the Group has no control over the timing of any potential settlement of the liabilities. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates and does not reflect management's expectations that banking facilities will be rolled forward. For interest rate swaps the cash flows have been estimated using forward interest rates applicable at the end of the period.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities

At 30 June 2016	Within 1 year \$'000	Between 1 & 5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$'000	Total contractual cash flows \$'000	Carrying amount \$'000			
Non-derivatives								
Trade and other payables	53,204	925	-	54,129	54,129			
Borrowings^	3,426	130,946	_	134,372	126,250			
Lease liabilities	4,277	4,696	_	8,973	8,281			
Total contractual outflows	60,907	136,567	-	197,474	188,660			
Derivatives								
Net settled – Interest rate swaps	-	1,663	_	1,663	1,663			

^ Excludes prepaid establishment costs.

At 30 June 2015	Within 1 year \$'000	Between 1 & 5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$'000	Total contractual cash flows \$'000	Carrying amount \$'000
Non-derivatives					
Trade and other payables	46,451	_	_	46,451	46,451
Borrowings	9,940	37,615	49,588	97,143	87,338
Lease liabilities	5,470	9,081	_	14,551	13,179
Total contractual outflows	61,861	46,696	49,588	158,145	146,968
Derivatives					
Net settled – Interest rate swaps	_	1,864	_	1,864	1,864

Financial assets pledged as collateral

Certain financial assets have been pledged as security for debt and their realisation into cash may be restricted subject to terms and conditions attached to the relevant debt contracts.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period, whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Group is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating

Interest rate swaps

Interest rate risk is managed by maintaining a portion of borrowings at fixed interest rates through the use of interest rate swaps. At 30 June 2016, approximately 37% (2015: 58%) of the Group secured bank loan debt is hedged at a fixed rate.

Bank loans of the Group currently bear an average variable interest rate of 2.72% (2015: 2.85%) before applicable line fees. It is policy to protect part of the loans from exposure to increasing interest rates. Accordingly, the Group has entered into interest rate swap contracts under which it is obliged to receive interest at variable rates and to pay interest at fixed rates.

Swaps currently in place cover 37% (2015: 58%) of the variable loan principal outstanding. The fixed interest rates range between 3.27% and 3.97% (2015: 3.27% and 3.97%) and the variable rates between 2.64% and 2.81% (2015: 2.79% and 3.01%).

The contracts require settlement of net interest receivable or payable on a monthly basis. The settlement dates coincide with the dates on which interest is payable on the underlying debt. The contracts are settled on a net basis.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following variable rate borrowings and interest rate swap contracts outstanding:

	30 Jun	ne 2016	30 June 2015		
Category	Weighted average interest rate %	Balance \$'000	Weighted average interest rate %	Balance \$'000	
Bank Loans – cash advance facilities^	2.72	126,250	2.85	87,338	
Interest rate swaps	3.67	(47,250)	3.69	(50,250)	
Net exposure to variable cash flow interest rate risk		79,000		37,088	

Excludes prepaid establishment costs.

Finance lease liabilities are not disclosed above as they are financed at fixed interest rates. The weighted average fixed interest rate at the end of the 2016 reporting period was 6.1% (2015: 6.5%).

Sensitivity analysis

The following analysis summarises the sensitivity of the Group's financial assets and liabilities to interest rate risk.

At 30 June 2016, if interest rates had increased by 100 basis points or decreased by 100 basis points from year end rates with all other variables held constant, pre-tax profit for the period would have been \$895,000 (2015: \$589,000) higher / lower mainly as a result of higher / lower interest costs from variable rate debt.

The sensitivity analysis has been calculated on a consistent basis with the previous reporting period.

Fair values versus carrying amounts

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the Consolidated Balance Sheet, are as follows:

	2016		2015	
Consolidated	Carrying amount \$'000	Fair value \$'000	Carrying amount \$'000	Fair value \$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	31,952	31,952	19,709	19,709
Trade and other receivables^	86,237	86,237	85,696	85,696
Secured bank loans^ß	(126,250)	(127,809)	(87,338)	(88,285)
Lease liabilities†	(8,281)	(8,489)	(13,179)	(13,615)
Trade and other payables¥	(54,129)	(54,129)	(46,451)	(46,451)
	(70,471)	(72,238)	(41,563)	(42,946)

- ^ Excludes prepayments and prepaid establishment costs.
- β The fair value of borrowings are based on cash flows discounted at a rate of 2.64% (2015: 2.79%).
- † The fair value of lease liabilities are based on cash flows discounted at a rate of 4.5% (2015: 4.5%).
- ¥ The cash flows on the long-term portion of other payables are regarded as insignificant and have not been discounted.

The Group is not exposed to equity securities or commodity price risk at 30 June 2016 (30 June 2015: Nil).

(d) Fair value measurements

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

Fair Value Measurement requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- a. Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (level 2), and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following table presents the Group's applicable assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015:

At 30 June 2016 Liabilities	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Derivatives used for hedging	_	1,663	_	1,663
Total liabilities				1,663

At 30 June 2015	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Liabilities				
Derivatives used for hedging	_	1,864	_	1,864
Total liabilities				1,864

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2. The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.

The carrying amounts of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments. The fair value of current borrowings approximates the carrying amount, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

3. Segment Information

Identification of reportable segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Managing Director (chief operating decision maker) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources.

The Group is managed primarily on the basis of service offerings as the diversification of the Group's operations inherently has notably different risk profiles and performance assessment criteria. Operating segments are therefore determined on the same basis.

Reportable segments disclosed are based on the aggregation of five cash generating operating units; refer to note 14. The cash generating units are based on the aggregation of cost centres. The Managing Director considers the business strategically and operationally from a service perspective and has identified the three reportable segments as being:

- **Waste Services**
- Industrial Services
- Technical and Environmental Services

The three reportable segments remain unchanged from the previous financial year.

Performance is measured based on segment earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) as included in the internal financial reports. Interest income and expenditure are not allocated to segments as this type of activity is driven by the central treasury function which manages the cash position of the Group.

Types of services by reportable segment

(i) Waste services

Waste Services are provided primarily in regional areas of Australia as part of Toxfree's total waste management service offering. Services are currently provided e.g. throughout the Kimberley, Pilbara and South West regions of Western Australia, Tasmania and throughout regional Queensland.

Waste Services includes the collection, resource recovery, recycling and disposal of solid, industrial, municipal and commercial wastes.

(ii) Industrial services

Toxfree's Industrial Services Division provides onsite industrial cleaning to the oil and gas, mining, heavy manufacturing, civil infrastructure, municipal and utilities sectors. Services include; tank and drain cleaning, high pressure water jetting, vacuum loading and liquid and industrial waste collection.

The provision of industrial services is an extremely important part of the Group's integrated service offering. Not only are industrial services the main interface with our clients, they also harvest the waste that is subsequently managed through the Group's treatment facilities.

Toxfree is a leading provider of industrial services in Australia, through ensuring the employment of competent and trained personnel, a commitment to the safe work practices, safe equipment and mobile vehicle fleet.

(iii) Technical and Environmental services

Toxfree has a national network of liquid and hazardous waste management facilities throughout Australia. Services are provided from e.g. Kwinana, Henderson, Karratha, Port Hedland, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne facilities. Toxfree uses a number of technologies to manage this waste stream including, thermal desorption, incineration, plasma arc, base catalytic de-chlorination, stabilisation and fixation, physiochemical treatment and reuse and recycling.

(a) Segment assets

Where an asset is used across multiple segments, the asset is allocated to the segment that receives the majority of economic value from the asset. In the majority of instances, segment assets are clearly identifiable on the basis of their nature and physical location.

(b) Segment liabilities

Liabilities are allocated to segments where there is direct nexus between the incurrence of the liability and the operations of the segment. Borrowings and tax liabilities are generally considered to relate to the Group as a whole and are not allocated. Segment liabilities include trade and other payables and certain direct borrowings.

	Waste S	Services	Industrial	Services		cal and tal Services	То	tal
	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
(c) Segment performance						•	•	
Revenue								
Total segment revenue	250,630	270,080	101,168	113,754	100,317	86,073	452,115	469,907
Inter-segment revenue	(18,558)	(19,997)	(7,686)	(9,926)	(32,491)	(32,706)	(58,735)	(62,629)
External customers	232,072	250,083	93,482	103,828	67,826	53,367	393,380	407,278
Depreciation and amortisation	17,306	17,039	7,818	8,194	6,687	5,252	31,811	30,485
Impairments/write-offs	175	_	-	-	3,483	-	3,658	-
Segment EBIT	38,684	45,045	8,884	9,902	9,594	14,631	57,162	69,578
Segment EBITDA	55,990	62,084	16,702	18,096	16,281	19,883	88,973	100,063

	Waste S	Waste Services Industrial Services		Technical and Environmental Services		Total		
	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
(d) Segment assets								
Total segment assets	193,814	215,262	73,867	64,264	160,122	99,378	427,803	378,904
Capital Expenditure	16,660	21,220	4,814	5,947	8,606	6,448	30,080	33,615
(e) Segment liabilities								
Total segment liabilities	18,130	23,139	6,511	11,050	26,318	18,562	50,959	52,751

f) Reconciliations

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Reconciliation of segment EBITDA to operating profit before income tax:	7 - 2 - 2	
Segment EBITDA	88,973	100,063
Share-based payments	(605)	(572)
Finance costs	(6,154)	(6,505)
Employee expenses	(19,134)	(20,168)
Acquisition, integration and rebranding costs	(4,728)	(1,395)
Site closure and restructuring costs	(1,181)	_
Travel and motor vehicle expenses	(1,702)	(2,048)
Depreciation and amortisation	(33,508)	(31,728)
Occupancy costs	(735)	(937)
Other corporate costs	(2,587)	(5,342)
Reduction to contingent consideration	1,067	
Other income	337	880
Total net profit before tax	20,043	32,248
Reconciliation of segment assets to total assets per the Balance Sheet:		
Segment assets	427,803	378,904
Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables	31,952	19,709
	2,588	
Inventories	584	241
Prepayments	4,671	2,890
Prepaid tax	2,898	7.054
Deferred tax assets	8,516	7,954
Property, plant and equipment	11,962	11,251
Total assets per the Consolidated Balance Sheet	490,974	421,364
Reconciliation of segment liabilities to total liabilities per the Balance Shee	et:	
Segment liabilities	50,959	52,751
Other payables and derivative liabilities	11,310	1,966
Loans and borrowings	133,853	100,517
Employee benefits	10,346	8,487
Current tax payable	-	542
Deferred tax liability	8,143	6,366
Total liabilities per the Consolidated Balance Sheet	214,611	170,629

4. Business Combinations

(a) Acquisition of PGM Refiners Pty Ltd

On 1 December 2015, Toxfree acquired a 91.4% controlling interest in PGM Refiners Pty Ltd (PGM) for an initial consideration of \$2,079m. PGM are a well-regarded E-waste recycling company based in Melbourne and the acquisition of PGM will give Toxfree a service stream complimentary to our existing metropolitan hazardous waste sector services.

Toxfree had an option to acquire the remaining 8.6% non-controlling interest and on 31 May 2016 the remaining non-controlling interest was acquired for a consideration of \$350,000. For additional details relating to acquiring the remaining 8.6%, please refer to (iv) below.

Details of the initial consideration, the net assets acquired and goodwill are as follows:

	\$'000
Purchase consideration	
Cash paid for the 91.4% controlling interest	2,079
Total Purchase consideration	2,079

The assets and liabilities recognised as a result of the acquisition are as follows:

	Fair value \$'000
Cash	1,574
Trade receivables	405
Other receivables	62
Prepayments	42
Inventory	63
Plant and equipment	2,439
Deferred tax asset	10
Trade payables	(200)
Other payables and accruals	(1,677)
Employee Entitlements	(65)
Waste provision	(93)
Borrowings	(966)
Net identifiable assets acquired	1,594
Less: Non-controlling interests	(185)
	1,409
Add: Goodwill	670
	2,079

The goodwill is attributable to the strengthened foothold obtained in the area, increased workforce, business and market capabilities. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The Group has reported provisional amounts for goodwill and plant and equipment as part of the purchase of PGM.

(i) Acquisition-related costs

Acquisition-related costs for the acquisition of PGM of \$0.110M are included in the Consolidated Profit or Loss.

(ii) Revenue and profit contribution

PGM contributed revenues of \$2.124m and net profit before tax of \$0.186m to the Toxfree Group for the period 1 December 2015 to 30 June 2016. If the acquisition had occurred earlier on 1 July 2015, combined revenues of \$3.847m and net profit before tax of \$0.306m would have been the estimated contribution for the period 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016.

(iii) Accounting policy choice for non-controlling interests

The Group recognises non-controlling interests in an acquired entity either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets. This decision is made on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. For the non-controlling interests in PGM, the Group elected to recognise the non-controlling interests in at its proportionate share of the acquired net identifiable assets.

(iv) Transactions with Non-controlling Interests (NCI)

Toxfree had an option to acquire the remaining 8.6% non-controlling interest. On 31 May 2016, Toxfree acquired the additional non-controlling interest for a consideration of \$350,000. The net asset value of the non-controlling interest was \$196,000 which resulted in an adjustment of \$154,000 to the Toxfree Equity Reserve.

	\$'000
Transactions with NCI	
NCI arising on business combination	185
NCI share of profit 1 December 2015 to 31 May 2016	11
Acquisition of additional 8.6% non-controlling interest	(196)
Non-controlling interests – carrying value 31 May 2016	_

(b) Acquisition of HKD Process Cleaning Ptv Ltd

On 14 December 2015, Toxfree acquired 100% interest in HKD Process Cleaning Pty Ltd (HKD) for a cash consideration of \$2.13m. HKD is a chemical cleaning business, servicing industrial sectors such as Oil & Gas, Mining, Power Plants, Automotive, Chemical Processing and Refineries.

There is a potential deferred payment payable of \$1M, subject to the below conditions being satisfactorily met:

- Within 12 months after completion occurs;
- Toxfree enters into an unconditional contract with a customer to provide chemical cleaning and other industrial services;
- Realising a Project EBIT Margin under the project contract in excess of 25%; and
- Receiving Project Revenues under the project contract in excess of \$10,000,000 excluding GST.

No contingent consideration has been recognised to date as the likelihood of making the payment is currently regarded as uncertain.

Details of the purchase consideration, the net assets acquired and goodwill are as follows:

	\$'000
Purchase consideration	
Cash paid	2,130
Total Purchase consideration	2,130

The assets and liabilities recognised as a result of the acquisition are as follows:

	Fair value \$'000
Cash	698
Trade receivables	45
Other receivables	470
Inventory	52
Plant and equipment	606
Other payables	(12)
Income tax payable	(74)
Net identifiable assets acquired	1,785
Add: Goodwill	345
	2,130

The goodwill is attributable to the benefits derived from broadening the capabilities of our existing industrial services business. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The Group has reported provisional amounts for goodwill and plant and equipment acquired as part of the purchase of HKD as fair value assessments have not been finalised.

(i) Acquisition-related costs

Acquisition-related costs for the acquisition of HKD of \$0.066M are included in the Consolidated Profit or Loss.

(ii) Revenue and profit contribution

The HKD operations were incorporated into Tox Free Australia Pty Ltd from the date of acquisition.

(c) Acquisition of Worth Corporation Pty Ltd

On 31 March 2016, Toxfree acquired 100% interest in Worth Corporation Pty Ltd (Worth) for a cash consideration of \$70m. Worth is a leading New South Wales (NSW) based industrial waste treatment and industrial services business. The acquisition of Worth represents a major expansion in the NSW liquid and industrial waste market for Toxfree.

Details of the purchase consideration, the net assets acquired and goodwill are as follows:

	\$'000
Purchase consideration	
Cash paid	70,000
Total Purchase consideration	70,000

The assets and liabilities recognised as a result of the acquisition are as follows:

	Fair value \$'000
Cash	3,733
Trade receivables	11,972
Other receivables	1,948
Prepaid tax	433
Other prepayments	1,374
Inventory	220
Property, plant and equipment	31,003
Intangibles – customer contracts and relationships	3,760
Deferred tax assets	656
Trade Payables	(3,572)
Other payables and accruals	(4,414)
Employee entitlements	(1,360)
Deferred tax liabilities	(1,128)
Waste provision	(628)
Net identifiable assets acquired	43,997
Add: Goodwill	26,003
	70,000

The goodwill is primarily attributable to the benefits derived from the diversification of Toxfree's industry, geographic exposure, customer and market base; access to licenced liquid treatment and soil remediation facilities; synergies derived from gained technical, managerial and intellectual capabilities and the alignment and rationalisation of facilities. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The Group has reported provisional amounts for goodwill, customer contracts, customer relationships and property, plant and equipment acquired as part of the purchase of Worth.

(i) Acquisition-related costs

Acquisition-related costs for the acquisition of Worth of \$2.519m are included in the Consolidated Profit or Loss.

(ii) Revenue and profit contribution

Worth contributed revenues of \$16.454m and net profit before tax of \$3.427m to the Toxfree Group for the period 1 April 2016 to 30 June 2016. If the acquisition had occurred earlier on 1 July 2015, combined revenues of \$64.255m and net profit before tax of \$6.244m would have been the estimated contribution for the period 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016.

(iii) Acquired trade receivables

The fair value of acquired trade receivables is \$12,294,008. The gross contractual amount for trade receivables due is \$12,285,000, of which \$322,264 is regarded as a doubtful debt.

(d) Prior reporting period and reduction to contingent consideration

Details of provisional amounts were disclosed in note 6: Business Combination of the Group's annual financial statements for the reporting period ended 30 June 2015. There have been no significant adjustments made to any of these provisional amounts in total in the current reporting period, except for the below mentioned:

Contingent consideration

Toxfree reported in FY15 the acquisition of 100% interest in GBR Enviroservices Pty Ltd (GBR). The acquisition price of GBR included a budget based contingency consideration of \$1.067m, which is equivalent to the value of 12 months budgeted earnings before interest, tax and depreciation (EBITDA) x 4. The budget condition was subsequently not met and this resulted in a fair value contingent consideration gain of \$1.067m being recognised in the Consolidated Profit or Loss in FY16.

(e) Purchase consideration - cash outflow

(c) 1 dronase consideration – cash outnow		
	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Outflow of cash to acquire subsidiary, net of ca	ish acquired	
Cash consideration – Worth	70,000	_
Cash consideration – PGM	2,429	_
Cash consideration – HKD	2,130	_
Cash consideration – PL and PTES	_	5,500
Cash consideration – GBR	_	111
Total cash consideration	74,559	5,611
	,	
Less: Balances acquired		
Cash – Worth	3,733	_
Cash – PGM	1,574	_
Cash – HKD	698	_
Cash – PL and PTES	_	331
Cash – GBR	_	5
Bank overdraft – GBR	_	(53)
	6,005	283
Net outflow of cash – investing activities	68,554	5,328

5. Revenue

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	
The Group derives the following types of rev	enue:		
Sales revenue	393,380	407,278	
Provision of services	393,380	407,278	
Other Revenue:	Other Revenue:		
Interest received	344	222	
Rental income	1	32	
	345	254	
Total Revenue	393,725	407,532	

6. Other Income

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Other Income comprises the fol	llowing items	:	
Other		216	501
Net gain – disposal of property, plant and equipment		279	_
Reduction to contingent consideration	4(d)	1,067	_
		1,562	501

7. Expenses

Profit before income tax includes the following specific expenses:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Interest and finance charges paid/payable	4,599	4,860
Establishment and other fees	1,555	1,645
Total finance costs	6,154	6,505
	-	
Amortisation	1,914	2,073
Bad debts	227	440
Depreciation	31,594	29,655
Impairment losses and write-offs	3,658	_
Insurance and workers compensation costs	4,392	4,147
Labour costs	125,456	129,747
Motor vehicle expenses	20,870	22,192
Net loss – disposal of property, plant and equipment	_	323
Hire of equipment and operating lease rental expenses	23,787	24,488
Share-based payments expense^	605	572
Superannuation contributions	8,478	8,986
Travel expenses	4,452	5,477

^ The valuation of Share-based payments involves making estimates and assumptions about the number of options and rights being issued. The issue of some options and rights are subject to the achievement of predetermined market and non-market performance conditions. If the non-market performance conditions are not met during the vesting period then the estimated number of share options and rights can be revised, reducing the share-based payment expense.

8. Income Tax Expense

(a) The components of current income tax expense comprise:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Current tax expense		
Current tax	6,693	7,572
Deferred tax	200	2,525
Over-provision in prior years	96	157
	6,989	10,254
Deferred income tax expense/(revenue) included in the income tax expense comprises:		
Decrease in deferred tax assets	96	558
Increase in deferred tax liabilities	104	1,967
	200	2,525

(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Profit from continuing operations before income tax expense	20,043	32,248
Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30% (2015: 30°	%)	
Consolidated Group	6,013	9,674
	6,013	9,674
Add: Tax effect of:		
Entertainment	56	79
Share-based payments	182	172
Other	286	189
	6,537	10,114
Less: Tax effect of:		
Adjustment for current tax of prior period	96	140
Deferred taxes: previously unrecognised – acquisitions	356	_
Income tax expense	6,989	10,254
The applicable weighted average effective tax rates are as follows:	35%	32%

(c) Tax expense (income) relating to items of other comprehensive income

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Cash flow hedges	21	60	(230)

9. Cash and Cash Equivalents

(a) Reconciliation to cash at the end of the year

The below figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows as follows:

Current assets	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Cash at Bank and in hand	31,952	19,709
Balance per Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	31,952	19,709

(b) Risk exposure

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk is discussed in note 2. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of cash and cash equivalents mentioned above.

10. Trade and Other Receivables

Current assets	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Trade receivables		76,895	60,623
Provision for impairment of receivables	10(a)	(873)	(264)
		76,022	60,359
Other receivables – accrued revenue		7,358	24,901
Other sundry receivables		2,857	436
Prepayments		4,671	2,890
		90,908	88,586

Due to the short-term nature of the current receivables, their carrying amounts are assumed to approximate their fair value.

(a) Provision for impairment of receivables

Movement in the Provision for impairment of receivables is as follows:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Balance at beginning of the year	(264)	(1,287)
Provision for impairment	(836)	-
Unused amount reversed	-	583
Receivables written off during the year as uncollectible	227	440
Balance at end of the year	(873)	(264)

The creation and release of the Provision for Impaired Receivables has been included in Administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss. Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

(b) Credit risk - Trade and Other Receivables

The following table details the Group's Trade and Other Receivables exposure to credit risk (prior to collateral and other credit enhancements) with ageing analysis and impairment provided for thereon. Amounts are considered as 'past due' when the debt has not been settled within the terms and conditions agreed between the Group and the customer or counter-party to the transaction.

Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there is objective evidence indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Group.

The balances of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

	Gross receivables \$'000	Past due and impaired \$'000	< 30 \$'000	31 – 60 \$'000	61 – 90 \$'000	> 90 \$'000
2016						
Trade receivables	76,895	(873)	50,576	20,115	3,225	2,979
2015						
Trade receivables	60,623	(264)	36,468	17,998	3,822	2,335

The Group does not hold any financial assets with terms that have been renegotiated, but which would otherwise be past due or impaired.

Impairment losses

Based on historic default rates the Group believes that no general impairment allowance is necessary in respect of trade receivables not past due or past due up to 90 days. Amounts due from customers which are past due 91 days and over generally relate to customers who are traditional late payers but not an impairment risk. Where there is a specific customer related impairment risk then an impairment allowance is made against that customer receivable.

The credit quality of financial assets that are not past due or impaired are considered robust and all amounts deemed recoverable with no impairment issues noted by management.

The other classes of receivables do not contain impaired assets.

For additional information on the Group's exposure to credit risk please refer to note 2.

11. Tax Assets and Tax Liabilities

(a) Current tax liability

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Current tax assets/(liabilities)	2,898	(542)

(b) Recognised deferred tax assets

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Deferred tax assets	11(d)	8,516	7,954
Deferred tax assets to be recovered within 12 months		6,639	6,379
Deferred tax assets after 12 months		1,877	1,575

(c) Recognised deferred tax liabilities

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Deferred tax liabilities	11(d)	8,143	6,366
Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 12 months		1,756	394
Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after 12 months		6,387	5,972

(d) Deferred tax assets and liabilities – consolidated

	Note	Opening balance \$'000	Charged to provision \$'000	Charged to income \$'000	Business acquisitions \$'000	Other comprehensive income \$'000	Closing balance \$'000
Deferred tax assets							
Provisions – employee benefits		2,791	-	113	451	-	3,355
Transaction costs on equity issue		311	(3)	26	-	-	334
Borrowing costs		67	-	(24)	-	-	43
Cash Flow Hedging Reserve		559	-	-	-	(60)	499
Other		4,226	(3)	(212)	274	-	4,285
Balance at 30 June 2016	11(b)	7,954	(6)	(97)	725	(60)	8,516
PPE – Timing differences		184	10	(194)	_	-	_
Provisions – employee benefits		2,460	_	170	161	-	2,791
Transaction costs on equity issue		589	(135)	(143)	_	-	311
Borrowing costs		110	(19)	(24)	_	-	67
Cash Flow Hedging Reserve		329	-	_	_	230	559
Other		4,495	25	(366)	72	-	4,226
Balance at 30 June 2015		8,167	(119)	(557)	233	230	7,954
Deferred tax liabilities							
PPE		5,972	545	670	-	-	7,187
Other		394	-	(566)	1,128	-	956
Balance at 30 June 2016	11(c)	6,366	545	104	1,128	- 1	8,143
PPE		2,090	1,887	1,769	226	-	5,972
Other		311	(116)	199	-	-	394
Balance at 30 June 2015		2,401	1,771	1,968	226	-	6,366

12. Inventories

Current assets	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
At cost:		
Finished goods	472	_
Raw materials and consumables	112	241
Total Inventories	584	241

For accounting policy please refer to note 34(g).

13. Property, Plant and Equipment

Non-current assets	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Plant and equipment		
At cost	281,298	237,594
Accumulated depreciation	(129,023)	(106,868)
Total plant and equipment	152,275	130,726
Land, buildings and leasehold improvements		
At cost	33,250	31,784
Accumulated depreciation	(9,582)	(9,024)
Total land, buildings and leasehold improvements	23,668	22,760
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	175,943	153,486

For accounting policy please refer to note 34(e).

(a) Movements in carrying amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Plant and Equipment \$'000	Land, Buildings and Leasehold Improvements \$'000	Total \$'000
Balance at 30 June 2016			
Balance – beginning of year	130,726	22,760	153,486
Additions	29,313	2,694	32,007
Additions – Business combinations	26,088	7,960	34,048
Disposals	(1,003)	(7,343)	(8,346)
Impairments and write-offs	(2,823)	(835)	(3,658)
Transfers and reclassifications	(122)	122	-
Depreciation expense	(29,904)	(1,690)	(31,594)
	152,275	23,668	175,943
Balance at 30 June 2015			
Balance – beginning of year	113,291	21,567	134,858
Additions	41,815	1,578	43,393
Additions – Business combinations	8,232	_	8,232
Disposals	(3,342)	_	(3,342)
Transfers and reclassifications	(1,422)	1,422	-
Depreciation expense	(27,848)	(1,807)	(29,655)
	130,726	22,760	153,486

(b) Leased assets

The Group leases a number of vehicles under finance lease agreements and some leases provide the Group with the option to purchase the equipment at a beneficial price at the end of the lease term. The leased vehicles secure the lease obligations.

(c) Assets in the course of construction

The carrying amount of the assets disclosed in (a) above include \$7.831m (2014: \$3.527m) in relation to property, plant and equipment which is in the course of construction.

14) Intangible Assets

Non-current assets	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Goodwill		
Cost	169,592	142,653
Net carrying value	169,592	142,653
Intellectual Property		
Cost	3,325	3,325
Accumulated amortisation and impairments	(2,766)	(2,666)
Net carrying value	559	659
Business Licences		
Cost	3,878	3,878
Net carrying value	3,878	3,878
Customer Contracts and Relationships		
Cost	15,196	11,436
Accumulated amortisation	(9,052)	(7,238)
Net carrying value	6,144	4,198
Total Intangibles	180,173	151,388

For accounting policy please refer to note 34(f).

	Intellectual Property \$'000	Customer Contracts \$'000	Business Licences \$'000	Goodwill \$'000	Total \$'000
Year ended 30 June 2016					
Balance – beginning of the year	659	4,198	3,878	142,653	151,388
Additions through business combinations	-	3,760	-	27,018	30,778
Adjustments	-	-	-	(79)	(79)
Amortisation	(100)	(1,814)	_	_	(1,914)
Closing value at 30 June 2016	559	6,144	3,878	169,592	180,173

	Intellectual Property \$'000	Customer Contracts \$'000	Business Licences \$'000	Goodwill \$'000	Total \$'000
Year ended 30 June 2015					
Balance – beginning of the year	759	5,503	3,878	139,432	149,572
Additions through business combinations	_	668	_	3,221	3,889
Amortisation and impairment	(100)	(1,973)	_	_	(2,073)
Closing value at 30 June 2015	659	4,198	3,878	142,653	151,388

Intangible assets, other than Goodwill and Business Licences have finite useful lives. The current amortisation charges for intangible assets are included under the amortisation expense in the Consolidated Income Statement. Goodwill and Business Licences have an indefinite life and are not amortised; they are tested for indications of impairment on an annual basis.

(a) Impairment disclosures

The aggregate carrying amount of Intangibles allocated to the Group's reportable segments is:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Technical and Environmental Services	76,457	60,260
Industrial Services	29,613	22,261
Waste Services	74,103	68,867
Total	180,173	151,388

For the purpose of impairment testing, intangibles are allocated to five (2015: five) cash-generating units (CGU). The CGU and aggregate carrying amounts are structured to fall in line with the Group operations, cash-flow, management and reporting changes.

2016: The aggregate carrying amounts allocate to the five CGUs are:

	2016 \$'000
Waste Services – East (WSE)	44,494
Waste Services – West (WSW)	29,609
Industrial Services – East (ISE)	26,419
Industrial Services – West (ISW)	3,194
Technical and Environmental Services (TES)	76,457
Closing value at 30 June 2016	180,173

2015: The aggregate carrying amounts allocate to the five CGUs are:

	2015 \$'000
Waste Services – East	45,273
Waste Services – West	23,594
Industrial Services – East	19,067
Industrial Services – West	3,194
Technical and Environmental Services	60,260
Closing value at 30 June 2015	151,388

The recoverable amount of each CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculations. Value-in-use calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets excluding growth initiatives, covering a projected five year period and then estimating a year five terminal value. The cash flows are discounted using a discount rate of 7% (2015: 7%).

(b) Significant estimate: key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations

The following table sets out the key assumptions for CGU value-in-use calculations:

	WSE	WSW	ISE	ISW	TES
FY17 – FY21 EBITDA (% annual growth rate)	3 – 12%	nil	3 – 50%	3 – 23%	4 – 33%
Annual capital expenditure (\$'000)	4,765	295	695	4,464	6,136

Management has determined the values assigned to each of the above key estimates as follows:

Assumption	Approach used to determine values
EBITDA	Based on past performance and management's expectation for the future, excluding any growth initiatives.
Annual Capital Expenditure	Expected cash costs to maintain assets in current condition.

(c) Sensitivity to change in assumptions

The Directors and management have considered and assessed reasonably possible changes to key assumptions that result in a change to the recoverable amount for each CGU. With regard to the assessment, management recognises that the actual time value of money may vary from the estimated and the discount rate used. Management note that the discount rate would have to increase by over 1% (2015: 1%) for any of the CGU recoverable amounts to fall below their carrying amount.

15) Trade and Other Payables

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Current liabilities	'	
Trade payables	34,529	30,922
Other payables	18,675	15,529
	53,204	46,451
Non-current liabilities		
Government grants received	972	_
Less: current portion included in other payables	(47)	_
	925	_
Total trade and other payables	54,129	46,451

Information about the Group's exposure to liquidity risk is provided in Note 2.

16) Borrowings

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Current liabilities			
Bank cash advance facility ^		(290)	7,550
Lease liabilities	26	3,888	4,764
Current borrowings		3,598	12,314
Non-current liabilities			
Bank cash advance facility ^		125,862	79,788
Lease liabilities	26	4,393	8,415
Non-current borrowings		130,255	88,203
Total borrowings		133,853	100,517

Prepaid bank establishment costs of \$677,938 (2015: \$nil) have been offset against the bank cash advance facility liability. There is no contractual current portion payable on the cash advance facility.

(a) Banking Security and Covenants

The banking syndicated facility agreement is secured by certain Group company guarantees and in addition, the Group is required to operate within certain covenant ratios at each calculation date, i.e. a Net Debt to Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA) Ratio (is not greater than 2.75:1) and a Fixed Charge Cover Ratio (in respect of the previous 12 month period is no less than 2:1).

The Group has complied with these covenants throughout the reporting period.

Lease liabilities are secured by the underlying leased assets.

(b) Interest rate swap agreements

The Cash Advance Facilities have been drawn as a source of long-term finance. They have a rolling maturity period within the facility. The Cash Advance Facilities bear interest at variable rates ranging from 2.64% to 2.81%, payable in arrears (2015: 2.79% to 3.01%). Per the terms and conditions of the new banking facility arrangement, from FY16 there is no longer a requirement to repay any current portion of the banking facilities (2015: \$1.888m).

It is Group policy to protect part of the loans from exposure to increasing interest rates. Accordingly, the Group has entered into interest swap contracts under which it is obliged to receive interest at variable rates and to pay interest at fixed rates. Swaps currently in place cover 37% (2015: 58%) of the variable loan principal outstanding. The contracts require settlement of net interest receivable or payable each 30 days. The settlement dates coincide with the dates on which interest is payable on the underlying debt. The contracts are settled on a net basis.

For additional information of the swaps please refer to note 19 "Derivative Financial Instruments."

The Group's exposure to interest rate and liquidity risk is detailed in note 2.

(c) Finance leases

Finance lease liabilities are financed at fixed interest rates. The average fixed interest rate for the 2016 financial year was approximately 6.13% (2015: 6.5%). Estimated monthly repayments including finance charges for the next financial year are \$356,000 (2015: \$456,000).

(d) Defaults and breaches

During the current and prior year, there were no defaults or breaches on any of the loans.

(e) Fair value

The carrying amounts and fair values of borrowings at the end of the reporting period are disclosed in note 2.

(f) Bank loan facilities utilised / available

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Total loan facilities	190,000	148,338
Loan facilities – utilised	(140,580)	(107,189)
Loan facilities – available	49,420	41,149

The Group has access to an interchangeable facility from its bankers. The purpose of the facility is to assist with acquisitions, purchasing and leasing of assets and for general operating requirements.

Finance will be provided under all facilities provided the Group has not breached any borrowing requirements and the required financial ratios are met. Please refer to note 16(a) above, for additional information on banking covenants.

17) Employee Benefits

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Current liabilities		
Annual and long service leave	10,346	8,487
Amounts not expected to be settled with	in the next 12	months
Leave obligations expected to be settled after 12 months	3,985	2,555

The current provision for employee benefits includes accrued annual and long-service leave. For long-service leave it covers all unconditional entitlements where employees have completed the required period of service and also those where employees are entitled to pro-rata payments. The entire amount of the provision of \$10.346M (2015: \$8.487M) is presented as current since the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement. The amounts reflect leave that is not expected to be taken or paid within the next 12 months.

18) Provisions

Current liabilities	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Site testing and remediation	_	28
Waste destruction	6,477	6,374
	6,477	6,402

Waste Destruction

Management have provided for the estimated costs to process, transport and dispose of various legacy waste streams.

All waste is sorted and quantities determined as soon as received so the customers can be billed appropriately and the revenue recognised. The waste is then grouped according to its end destination and then further broken down into waste type.

The value attributed to the waste is a combination of the internal processing costs, made up of labour, as well as the cost to transport the waste to its end destination and the cost to treat the waste by the receiver at that end destination. This could be an external supplier or another Toxfree facility.

Waste treated in Toxfree facilities is carried at the standard processing cost attributed to that category of waste. Standard processing costs are set annually but are continuously re-evaluated during the year to pick up cost differentials. At each quarter, a full stocktake is conducted to measure waste on hand, and actual costs to remediate are recalculated. Any difference between the carrying value of the waste and that of the provision is charged to profit or loss. The total of the quantity on hand and the cost to remediate that category of waste represents the value of the provision for Waste Destruction.

19) Derivative Financial Instruments

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Current liability		
Interest rate swap contracts – cash flow hedges	_	_
Long-term liability		
Interest rate swap contracts – cash flow hedges	1,663	1,864
	1,663	1,864

Instruments used by the Group

The Group is party to derivative financial instruments in the normal course of business in order to hedge exposure to fluctuations in interest rates in accordance with the Group's financial risk management policies (refer to note 2).

Interest rate swap contracts - cash flow hedges

Bank loans of the Group currently bear an average variable interest rate of 2.72% (2015: 2.85%). It is policy to protect part of the loans from exposure to increasing interest rates. Accordingly, the Group has entered into interest rate swap contracts under which it is obliged to receive interest at variable rates and to pay interest at fixed rates.

Details of interest rate swaps as at 30 June 2016 are as follows:

1. \$36,250,000 hedging instrument

The interest cash flows under an "in arrears" bullet interest rate swap with a notional value of AUD \$36,250,000.

Counterparty	Notional Value – Start	Notional Value – Maturity	Fixed Rate	Floating Rate Basis	Start Date	Maturity Date
ANZ	\$36,250,000	\$22,000,000	3.97%	1 month BBSY	13 May 2013	10 April 2018

The notional amount at 30 June 2016 was \$27,250,000 (2015: \$30,250,000).

2. \$20,000,000 hedging instrument

The interest cash flows under an "in arrears" bullet interest rate swap with a notional value of AUD \$20,000,000.

Counterparty	Notional Value – Start	Notional Value – Maturity	Fixed Rate	Floating Rate Basis	Start Date	Maturity Date
ANZ	\$20,000,000	\$20,000,000	3.27%	1 month BBSY	18 May 2015	17 May 2018

The notional amount at 30 June 2016 was \$20,000,000 (2015: \$20,000,000).

The Swaps in place currently cover over 37% (2015: 58%) of the variable loan principal outstanding. The contracts require settlement of net interest receivable or payable each 30 days. The settlement dates primarily coincide with the dates on which interest is payable on the underlying debt. The contracts are settled on a net basis.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and Accumulated in Reserves in Equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss within Other income or Other expenses.

There was no hedge ineffectiveness in the current year.

During the year, the following gains / (losses) were recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the interest rate swaps:

	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Net gain / (loss) recognised in other comprehensive income	21	141	(536)
Gains reclassified from other comprehensive income to profit or loss		-	_

For accounting policy refer to note 34(r).

Risk exposures and fair value measurements

Information about the Group's exposure to interest rate risk and about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair values is provided in note 2.

20) Contributed Equity

	Notes	2016 Shares	2015 Shares	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
(a) Share capital					
Ordinary shares					
Fully paid	(c)	143,919,669	134,013,376	195,457	170,900
		_			
(b) Other equity securities					
Treasury shares – Tox Free Employee Share Trust	(d)	_	(6,536)	-	(15)
Total contributed equity		143,919,669	134,006,840	195,457	170,885

(c) Movements in Ordinary Share Capital

Date	Details	Notes	2016 Number	2015 Number	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
	On issue at 1 July		134,013,376	133,752,359	170,900	170,885
	Movements:					
05/09/2014	Settlement of vested executive rights		_	-	_	(760)
26/03/2015	Dividend reinvestment plan issue	(e)	_	197,525	_	575
27/05/2015	500,000 cashless share options exercised <i>at</i> \$2.75		_	63,492	_	200
26/08/2015	Settlement of vested executive rights	(d)	_	_	(180)	_
29/09/2015	Dividend reinvestment plan issue	(e)	353,910	_	952	_
29/03/2016	Dividend reinvestment plan issue	(e)	139,079	_	342	_
29/03/2016	7,843,137 Share placement @ \$2.55		7,843,137	_	20,000	_
29/04/2016	1,570,167 Share purchase plan @ \$2.55		1,570,167	_	4,003	_
30/06/2016	Capital raising transaction costs during the year		_	_	(800)	_
30/06/2016	Deferred tax asset on transaction costs		_	_	240	_
	On issue at 30 June		143,919,669	134,013,376	195,457	170,900

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Group. One a show of hands at meetings of the of the Group, each holder of ordinary shares has one vote in person or by proxy, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

(d) Treasury Shares - Toxfree Employee Share Trust

Details	Number of shares	\$'000
Opening balance 1 July 2015	(6,536)	(15)
Acquisition of shares (average share price \$2.63 per share)	(62,756)	(165)
Executive LTI Plan issue	69,292	180
Closing balance 30 June 2016	_	_

(e) Dividend Reinvestment Plan

The Company has established a dividend reinvestment plan under which holders of ordinary shares may elect to have all or part of their dividend entitlements satisfied by the issue of new ordinary shares rather than by being paid in cash. Shares are issued under the plan at no discount to the market price.

(f) Employee Share Schemes

Information relating to Toxfree employee share schemes is set out in note 24 Share-based payment.

(g) Options and Rights

- Information relating to Options and Rights granted, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and the Options and Rights outstanding at the end of the financial year, is set out in note 24 "Share-based payments".
- Information relating to Options and Rights granted to Key Management Personnel during the financial year, please refer to the Remuneration Report.

(h) Capital Management

Management controls the capital of the Group in order to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to Shareholders and benefits for other Stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group monitors capital through the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as finance debt divided by EBITDA for the previous 12 months. During 2016, the Group's strategy was to maintain a gearing ratio of no greater than 2.75 times (2015: 2.75 times) EBITDA.

		Consol	idated	
	Note	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000	
Finance debt	16	134,531^	100,517	
EBITDA		59,705	70,481	
Gearing ratio		2.25 times	1.43 times	

Excludes prepaid establishment costs.

There have been no significant changes in the strategy adopted by management during the year.

21) Other Reserves and Retained Earnings

(a) Other Reserves

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Share-based Payment Reserve	7,538	7,155
Cash Flow Hedging Reserve	(1,164)	(1,305)
Equity Reserve	(1,687)	(1,474)
	4,687	4,376

Share-Based Payments Reserve	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Opening balance	7,155	7,145
Share-based payments expense – current year	605	572
Transfers to contributed equity	-	(200)
Transfers to retained earnings	(222)	(362)
Closing balance	7,538	7,155

The Share-Based Payments Reserve is used to recognise the grant date fair value of Options and Rights issued to employees but not exercised.

Cash Flow Hedging Reserve	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Opening balance	(1,305)	(769)
Revaluation – gross	201	(766)
Deferred tax	(60)	230
Closing balance	(1,164)	(1,305)

The Cash Flow Hedging Reserve is used to record gains and losses on hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge that are recognised in other comprehensive income; as described in note 34(r). Amounts are reclassified to profit or loss when the associated hedge transaction affects profit or loss.

Equity Reserve	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Opening balance	(1,474)	-
Transactions with non-controlling interests	(213)	(1,474)
Closing balance	(1,687)	(1,474)

The Equity Reserve represents a change in ownership interest, being the difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid. Refer to accounting policy 34(c)(iv) for additional details.

(b) Retained Earnings

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Opening balance	72,488	59,721
Profit for the year	12,608	21,768
Transfers from share-based payments reserve	222	362
Dividends	(12,078)	(9,363)
Closing balance	73,240	72,488

22) Dividends

Dividends provided for or paid	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
The following dividends were declared and paid:	'	
Final ordinary dividend for the year ended 30 June 2015 of 4.5 cents (2014: 3 cents) per share	6,031	4,013
Interim ordinary dividend for the year ended 30 June 2016 of 4.5 cents (2015: 4 cents) per share	6,047	5,350
Total dividends provided for or paid	12,078	9,363
Dividends paid in cash or satisfied by the issue of shares under the dividend reinvestment plan during the years ended 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015 were as follows:		
Paid in cash	10,784	8,788
Satisfied by the issue of shares – dividend reinvestment plan	1,294	575
	12,078	9,363

Franked dividends declared or paid during the year were franked at the tax rate of 30%.

Proposed dividends	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Proposed final 2016 fully franked ordinary dividend of 4.5 cents (2015: 4.5 cents) per share to be paid on 29 September 2016	6,476	6,031

The proposed final dividend for 2016 was declared after the end of the reporting period and therefore has not been provided for in the financial statements. There are no income tax consequences arising from this dividend at 30 June 2016.

Franking account	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
30 June: Franking credits available for subsequent financial years at a tax rate of 30%	33,283	31,529

The above available balance is based on the dividend franking account at year-end adjusted for:

- a. Franking credits that will arise from the payment of the current tax liabilities;
- b. Franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends recognised as a liability at the year-end;
- c. Franking credits that will arise from the receipt of dividends recognised as receivables at the end of the year.

The impact on the franking credit of the dividends proposed after the end of the reporting period is to reduce it by \$2.776m (2015 \$2.585m).

The ability to use the franking credits is dependent upon the entity's future ability to declare dividends.

23) Cash Flow Information

(a) Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Profit for the year	13,054	21,994
Cash flows excluded from profit attributable to operating activities		
Non-cash flows in profit:		
– gain on equity interest	_	(258)
- reversal of contingent consideration	(1,067)	_
- amortisation	1,914	2,073
– bad and doubtful debts	433	(8)
- depreciation	31,594	29,655
- net (gain) / loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(279)	323
- impairment losses and write-offs	3,658	_
- share-based payments transactions	605	572
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of the effects of purchase and disposal of subsidiaries:		
- decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables	13,623	(3,595)
- (increase) / decrease in inventories	(8)	55
- (decrease) / increase in trade and other payables	(2,190)	6,301
- (increase) / decrease in net tax assets	(2,089)	3,900
- (decrease)/increase in provisions	(212)	(67)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	59,036	60,945

(b) Non-cash Financing and Investing Activities

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment by means of finance lease	_	(1,096)
Issue of shares – dividend reinvestment plan	1,294	575
	1,294	(521)

24) Share-based Payment

At 30 June 2016, the Group has the following share-based payment schemes:

I. Tox Free Employee Share Option Program (ESOP)

The ESOP was designed as an incentive for Executives to deliver long-term Shareholder returns. Under the plan, Executives are entitled to purchase shares in the Company. Participation in the program is at the Board's discretion and no individual has a contractual right to participate in the plan or to receive any guaranteed benefits.

The Options vest on a time scale basis as specified in the ESOP and is granted for no consideration. Options granted under the plan carry no dividend or voting rights. When exercisable, each option is converted into one ordinary share. The maximum term of an option is 5 years from grant date and options are settled in cash.

No Options were granted to Executives during the financial year under review.

II. Tox Free Executive Long-Term Incentive (LTI) Plan

On 24 November 2011, the Shareholders approved the adoption of an additional LTI Plan that provides the Board with the discretion to grant Performance Rights (PR) and/or Share Appreciation Rights (SAR) to Executives that will vest subject to the satisfaction of performance hurdles i.e. Earnings per Share (EPS) and Total Shareholder Return (TSR) performance.

The LTI Plan grants will vest subject to satisfaction of TSR (50% of the grant value) and EPS (50% of the grant value) performance hurdles. These performance hurdles are mutually exclusive so that if only one of the hurdles is satisfied, vesting will still occur for that portion of the grant but not the other if the other hurdle is not met.

EPS performance will be assessed against compound annual growth rate targets set by the Board. The target set for LTI Plan grants is currently 10% compound average growth rate. If the compound average growth rate over the 3-year performance period is 10% or greater, the grant will become 100% performance qualified. Performance vesting is staggered; however no rights will vest for less than 5% compound annual growth over the 3-year performance period.

TSR performance of the Group is measured against selected Companies on the ASX 300. The minimum award is at the 50th percentile (50% vests) and it increments up to the 75th percentile, at which point, or above, 100% vests.

The value of Rights that an executive is entitled to receive per annum is set at a fixed percentage of their annual basic salary and ranges from 25% to 60% depending their executive level and seniority.

The LTI Plan is administered by the Tox Free Solutions Employee Share Trust (Trust). The Trust is consolidated in accordance with note 34(c).

Shares issued by the Trust to the employees are acquired on-market prior to the issue. Shares held by the Trust and not yet issued to employees at the end of the reporting period are shown as Treasury shares in the financial statements. Please refer to note 20(d).

Equity instruments granted as a result of exercise of Rights:

Details	2016	2015
Number of shares issued under the Plan to participating employees	69,292	271,580

Please refer to the Remuneration Report for additional information.

(a) Options

At 30 June 2016, a summary of the Group Options issued and not exercised are as follows. Options are settled by the physical delivery of shares:

2016									
Grant date	Vesting date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Start of the year	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited / Expired during the year	Balance at the end of the year	Vested and exercisable at the end of the year
26/02/2010	26/02/2010	15/01/2016	\$2.39	20,000	_	-	(20,000)	-	-
23/11/2010	01/09/2013	01/11/2016	\$3.00	500,000	_	_	_	500,000	500,000
Total				520,000	_	_	(20,000)	500,000	500,000

During the year ended 30 June 2016, 20,000 (2015: 20,000) options expired.

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at year end was 0.34 years (2015: 1.31 years).

The weighted average exercise price of outstanding shares at the end of the reporting period was \$3.00 (2015: \$2.98).

The fair value of the options granted to employees is deemed to represent the value of the employee services received over the vesting period. No options were granted to employees during the year (2015: Nil).

At 30 June 2015, a summary of the Group options issued and not exercised are as follows:

2015	2015										
Grant date	Vesting date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Start of the year	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited / Expired during the year	Balance at the end of the year	Vested and exercisable at the end of the year		
26/02/2010	26/02/2010	15/01/2015	\$2.64	20,000	_	_	(20,000)	_	-		
26/02/2010	26/02/2010	15/01/2016	\$2.39	20,000	_	_	_	20,000	20,000		
23/11/2010	01/09/2012	01/11/2015	\$2.75	500,000	_	(500,000)	_	_	_		
23/11/2010	01/09/2013	01/11/2016	\$3.00	500,000	_	_	_	500,000	500,000		
Total			1,040,000	-	(500,000)	(20,000)	520,000	520,000			

(b) Rights

At 30 June 2016, a summary of the Group's Performance Rights (PR) issued and not exercised are as follows:

Grant date	End of performance period	Tranche	Start of year	Granted during year	Exercised during year	Forfeited during the year^	Balance at end of year	Vested and exercisable at the end of the year
3 October 2012	30 June 2015	2	21,549	-	(21,549)	-	-	-
14 November 2012	30 June 2015	2	16,196	_	(16,196)	_	_	_
1 July 2013	30 June 2016	1	68,665	_	_	(68,665)	_	_
1 July 2013	30 June 2016	2	113,263	_	_	(113,263)	_	_
1 July 2014	30 June 2017	1	83,033	_	_		83,033	_
1 July 2014	30 June 2017	2	129,841	_	_		129,841	_
1 July 2015	30 June 2018	1	_	105,102	_	_	105,102	_
1 July 2015	30 June 2018	2	_	163,111		_	163,111	_
Total		,	432,547	268,213	(37,745)	(181,928)	481,087	-

[^] FY14 grant - forfeited: EPS and TSR performance conditions were not met at the end of the performance period i.e. 30 June 2016.

Each PR represents a right to be issued one ordinary share at the end of the performance period. No exercise price will be payable and the applicable performance hurdles must be met in order to be eligible to receive the shares. The PR grants will vest subject to satisfaction of TSR (50% of the grant) and the EPS (50% of the grant). These performance hurdles are mutually exclusive so that if only one of the hurdles is satisfied, vesting will still occur for that portion of the grant but not the other if the other hurdle is not met.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, 268,213 (2015: 212,874) PR were granted and 181,928 (2015: 64,109) PR were forfeited. The weighted average remaining contractual life of PR outstanding at year end was 3.56 years (2015: 3.43 years). The Rights expire 5 years after the grant date.

At 30 June 2015, a summary of the Group's Performance Rights (PR) issued and not exercised are as follows:

Grant date	End of performance period	Tranche	Start of year	Granted during year	Exercised during year	Forfeited during the year	Balance at end of year	Vested and exercisable at the end of the year €
24 November 2011	30 June 2014	1	44,843	-	(44,843)	-	-	-
24 November 2011	30 June 2014	2	59,595	_	(59,595)	_	_	_
3 October 2012	30 June 2015	1€	22,093	_	_	(22,093)	_	_
3 October 2012	30 June 2015	2€	34,756	_	_	(13,207)	21,549	21,549
14 November 2012	30 June 2015	1€	18,882	_	_	(18,882)	_	_
14 November 2012	30 June 2015	2€	26,123	_	_	(9,927)	16,196	16,196
1 July 2013	30 June 2016	1	68,665	_	_	_	68,665	_
1 July 2013	30 June 2016	2	113,263	_	_	_	113,263	_
1 July 2014	30 June 2017	1	_	83,033	_		83,033	_
1 July 2014	30 June 2017	2	_	129,841	_		129,841	_
Total			388,220	212,874	(104,438)	(64,109)	432,547	37,745

[€] EPS performance condition (tranche 1) >10% compound annual growth rate target over the 3 year performance period not met. Vesting % = nil. TSR performance condition (tranche 2) only partially met. TSR outcome was at the 56th percentile in the Peer Group - 62% of the rights allocation will vest.

At 30 June 2016, a summary of the Group's Share Appreciation Rights (SAR) issued and not exercised are as follows:

Grant date	End of performance period	Tranche	Start of year	Granted during year	Exercised during year	Forfeited during the year^	Balance at end of year	Vested and exercisable at the end of the year
3 October 2012	30 June 2015	2	73,625	-	(73,625)	-	-	_
14 November 2012	30 June 2015	2	58,533	_	(58,533)	-	_	-
1 July 2013	30 June 2016	1	348,776	_	_	(348,776)	-	_
1 July 2013	30 June 2016	2	372,424	_	_	(372,424)	-	_
1 July 2014	30 June 2017	1	481,591	_	_	_	481,591	_
1 July 2014	30 June 2017	2	509,375	_	_	_	509,375	_
1 July 2015	30 June 2018	1	_	648,900	_		648,900	_
1 July 2015	30 June 2018	2	_	694,172	_		694,172	-
Total			1,844,324	1,343,072	(132,158)	(721,200)	2,334,038	-

[^] FY14 grant - forfeited: EPS and TSR performance conditions were not met at the end of the performance period i.e. 30 June 2016.

Each SAR represents a right to receive a payment equal to the positive difference between the share price at grant date and the share price at vesting date. The total value of all SAR on vesting date will be settled via the provision of shares of an equivalent value payable and the applicable performance hurdles must be met in order to be eligible to receive the shares. The SAR grants will vest subject to satisfaction of TSR (50% of the grant) and EPS (50% of the grant). These performance hurdles are mutually exclusive so that if only one of the hurdles is satisfied, vesting will still occur for that portion of the grant but not the other if the other hurdle is not met.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, 1,343,072 (2015: 990,966) SAR were granted and 721,200 (2015: 286,208) SAR were forfeited. The weighted average remaining contractual life of SAR outstanding at year end was 3.58 years (2015: 3.49 years). The Rights expire 5 years after the grant date.

At 30 June 2015, a summary of the Group's Share Appreciation Rights (SAR) issued and not exercised are as follows:

Grant date	End of performance period	Tranche	Start of year	Granted during year	Exercised during year	Forfeited during the year	Balance at end of year	Vested and exercisable at the end of the year €
24 November 2011	30 June 2014	1	215,675	-	(215,675)	-	-	_
24 November 2011	30 June 2014	2	232,265	_	(232,265)	_	_	_
3 October 2012	30 June 2015	1€	114,000	_	_	(114,000)	_	_
3 October 2012	30 June 2015	2€	118,750	_	_	(45,125)	73,625	73,625
14 November 2012	30 June 2015	1€	91,208	_	_	(91,208)	_	_
14 November 2012	30 June 2015	2€	94,408	_	_	(35,875)	58,533	58,533
1 July 2013	30 June 2016	1	348,776	_	_	_	348,776	_
1 July 2013	30 June 2016	2	372,424	_	_	_	372,424	_
1 July 2014	30 June 2017	1	_	481,591	_	_	481,591	_
1 July 2014	30 June 2017	2	_	509,375	_	_	509,375	_
Total			1,587,506	990,966	(447,940)	(286,208)	1,844,324	132,158

EPS performance condition (tranche 1) >10% compound annual growth rate target over the 3 year performance period not met. Vesting % = nil. TSR performance condition (tranche 2) only partially met. TSR outcome was at the 56th percentile in the Peer Group - 62% of the rights allocation will vest.

Details of Rights issued for the year ended 30 June 2016 are as follows:

On 1 July 2015, 268,213 Performance Rights and 1,343,072 Share Appreciation Rights were granted to Key Management Personnel and to Senior Management under the Executive LTI Plan. The rights vest on 30 June 2018. Specific disclosure details of the 1 July 2015 grant are as follows:

Details	Performance Rights Granted	Share Appreciation Rights Granted	Total	Value of Rights Granted (\$)				
Directors	Directors							
S Gostlow^	77,231	386,732	463,963	343,800				
KMP								
E Goodwin	50,993	255,346	306,339	227,000				
M Constable	23,452	117,437	140,889	104,400				
J Dixon	23,452	117,437	140,889	104,400				
S Bagshawe	13,759	68,899	82,658	61,250				
J Bovell	15,163	75,929	91,092	67,500				
Senior Management	64,163	321,292	385,455	285,625				
	268,213	1,343,072	1,611,285	1,193,975				

[^] The grant to Mr S Gostlow was approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held on 20 November 2015.

The above grants made under the Executive LTI Plan will vest subject to the satisfaction of Relative Total Shareholder Return (TSR) (50% of the grant) and Absolute Earnings Per Share (EPS) (50% of the grant) hurdles. These performance hurdles are mutually exclusive so that if only one of the hurdles is satisfied, vesting will still occur for that portion of the grant but not the other if that other hurdle is not met.

The valuation of the Rights is based on an adjusted form of the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model (BSM) that includes a Monte Carlo Simulation model to value the TSR right. The Monte Carlo model has been modified to incorporate an estimate of the probability of achieving the TSR hurdle and the number of associated Rights vesting.

The fair market value of the Rights at valuation date is as follows:

Fair Market Value	Tranche 1 PR (EPS) \$	Tranche 2 PR (TSR) \$	Tranche 1 SAR (EPS) \$	Tranche 2 SAR (TSR)
Grant – 1 July 2015	2.84	1.83	0.46	0.43

Key valuation assumptions made at grant date are summarised below:

Key value assumptions	1 July 2015
Share price	\$3.06
Effective exercise price (SAR only)	\$3.09
Annualised volatility (midpoint)	25.0%
Annual dividend yield	2.50%
Risk free rate	2.04%

(a) Expenses arising from Share-based payments transactions:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Performance Rights	522	397
Share Appreciation Rights	522	397
Reversal of unvested non-market related performance rights	(439)	(222)
	605	572

25) Parent entity financial information

The financial information for Tox Free Solutions Limited has been extracted from the books and records of the parent and has been prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements except as described below:

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture entities are accounted for at cost in the financial statements of the parent entity. Dividends received from associates are recognised in the parent entity profit or loss, rather than being deducted from the carrying amount of these investments.

Tax consolidation legislation

Tox Free Solutions Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated Group.

Each entity in the tax consolidated Group accounts for their own current and deferred tax amounts. These tax amounts are measured using the 'stand-alone taxpayer' approach to allocation.

Current tax liabilities (assets) and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and tax credits in the subsidiaries are immediately transferred to the parent entity.

The tax consolidated Group has entered into a tax funding agreement whereby each entity within the Group contributes to the income tax payable by the Group in proportion to their contribution to the Group's taxable income. Differences between the amounts of net tax assets and liabilities derecognised and the net amounts recognised pursuant to the funding agreement are recognised as either a contribution by, or distribution to the parent entity.

Guarantees entered into by the parent entity

Tox Free Solutions Limited has provided bank guarantees of \$5.94M (2015: \$5.99M). Please refer to note 29 for additional information.

Tox Free Solutions Limited is a party to a deed of cross-guarantee. Please refer to note 32 for additional information.

Contingent liabilities of the parent entity

Tox Free Solutions Limited did not have any contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2016. Please refer to note 29 for details of Group contingencies.

Capital expenditure commitments of the parent entity

As at 30 June 2016, the parent entity had no contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant or equipment. Please refer to Note 26 for additional information on Group Commitments.

The individual statements for the parent entity show the following aggregate amounts:

Balance Sheet	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Current assets	17,599	24,645
Non-current assets	352,057	325,109
Total assets	369,656	349,754
Current liabilities	3,812	13,802
Non-current liabilities	131,769	149,188
Total liabilities	135,581	162,990
Net assets	234,075	186,764
Contributed equity	195,457	170,900
Retained earnings	32,244	10,014
Cash Flow Hedging Reserves	(1,164)	(1,305)
Share-based payment Reserve	7,538	7,155
Total Shareholders' Equity	234,075	186,764
Profit for the year	34,086	29,295
Total comprehensive income for the year	34,227	28,759

26) Commitments

(a) Finance lease commitments

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Payable – minimum lease payments:		
– no later than 1 year	4,277	5,470
– between 1 year and 5 years	4,696	9,081
- greater than 5 years	_	-
Minimum lease payments	8,973	14,551
Less: finance changes	(692)	(1,372)
Present value of minimum lease payments	8,281	13,179

Finance leases are in place for fleet acquisitions and normally have a lease term between 5 and 7 years.

(b) Operating lease commitments

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements.

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Payable – minimum lease payments:		
– no later than 1 year	11,948	9,390
- between 1 year and 5 years	24,104	23,861
– greater than 5 years	6,689	4,218
	42,741	37,469

Operating leases have been have been taken out for a number of sites, office facilities and a fleet of light and heavy motor vehicles. Operating leases typically run for a period of between 3 and 7 years with an option to renew the lease after that date. Lease payments for sites and office facilities are generally increased on an annual basis in line with market related / consumer price index increases.

(c) Capital expenditure commitments

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000		
Capital expenditure commitments contracted for:				
Capital – no later than 1 year	2,000	4,134		
Total Capital contracted for	2,000	4,134		

27) Interests in other entities

(a) Parent and ultimate controlling entity

The parent and ultimate controlling entity is Tox Free Solutions limited, incorporated in Australia.

(b) Controlled entities

Subsidiaries:	Country of Incorporation	Holding % 2016	Holding % 2015
Aframe Investments Pty Ltd †	Australia	100	100
BCD Technologies Pty Ltd †	Australia	100	100
Barry Bros. Specialised Services Pty Ltd †	Australia	100	100
DoloMatrix Australia Pty Ltd ¥	Australia	100	100
DoloMatrix Environmental Solutions Pty Ltd ¥	Australia	100	100
MMS Enterprises (QLD) Pty Ltd †	Australia	100	100
Oil Energy Corporation Pty Ltd †	Australia	100	100
Pilbara Logistics Pty Ltd	Australia	60	60
Entities controlled by Pilbara Logistics Pty Ltd			1
PTW Environmental Services Pty Ltd ^	Australia	49	100
PTES Environmental Services Pty Ltd Ω	Australia	75	80
SRL Plasma Pty Ltd π	Australia	_	100
Tox Free (Australia) Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Entities controlled by Tox Free Australia Pty Ltd			
HKD Process Cleaning Pty Ltd ¥	Australia	100	_
GBR Enviroservices Pty Ltd †	Australia	100	100
PGM Refiners Pty Ltd	Australia	100	-
Tox Free (Henderson) Pty Ltd †	Australia	100	100
Tox Free (Kwinana) Pty Ltd ¥	Australia	100	100
Tox Free (New South Wales) Pty Ltd ¥	Australia	100	100
Tox Free (Queensland) Pty Ltd †	Australia	100	100

Subsidiaries:	Country of Incorporation	Holding % 2016	Holding % 2015
Tox Free (Victoria) Pty Ltd †	Australia	100	100
Waste Services Australia Pty Ltd †	Australia	100	100
Waste Solutions (NT) Pty Ltd †	Australia	100	100
Worth Corporation Pty Ltd	Australia	100	_
Entities controlled by Worth Corporation Pty Ltd			
Worth Recycling Pty Ltd	Australia	100	_

- π Entity liquidated during the year.
- t Entity is dormant and is in the process of being liquidated.
- ¥ Entity is dormant.
- ^ Formerly Pilbara Waste Pty Ltd; 65.6% (2015: 100%) held directly by Pilbara Logistics Pty Ltd and 9.4% (2015: nil) held by Tox Free Solutions Limited.
- Ω 46.87% (2015: 50%) held by Tox Free Solutions Limited and 46.87% (2015: 50%) held by Pilbara Logistics Pty Ltd.

The investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost in the parent company financial statements.

(c) Non-controlling interests (NCI)

Set out below is summarised financial information for the Pilbara Logistics Group that has non-controlling interests that are significant to the Group. The amounts disclosed are before inter-company eliminations.

Summarised balance sheet:	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Current assets	7,128	8,976
Current liabilities	3,833	5,202
Current net assets	3,295	3,774
Non-current assets	4,123	4,698
Non-current liabilities	-	144
Non-current net assets	4,123	4,554
Net assets	7,418	8,328
Accumulated NCI	2,979	2,986

Summarised statement of comprehensive income:	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Revenue	31,600	34,174
Profit for the period after tax	1,337	1,289
Other comprehensive income	-	_
Total comprehensive income	1,337	1,289
Profit allocated to NCI	435	226
Dividends paid to NCI	503	2,240

Summarised cash flows:	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Cash inflows from operating activities	3,808	702
Cash inflows from investing activities	30	4,860
Cash outflows from financing activities	(2,247)	(5,665)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,591	(103)

(d) Transactions with non-controlling interests

Please refer to note 4(a)(iv) "Business Combinations" for details of non-controlling interest transactions with new acquisition PGM Refiners Pty Ltd during the year.

28) Related Party Transactions

(a) Key Management Personnel (KMP) compensation

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any Director (whether Executive or otherwise) of that entity are considered KMP.

The totals of remuneration paid to KMP of the Group during the year are as follows:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Short-term employee benefits	3,280	3,475
Post-employment benefits	307	309
Long-term benefits	119	13
Share-based payments	458	427
	4,164	4,224

Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the Remuneration Report.

(i) Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Tox Free Solutions Limited and the controlled entities which are listed in note 27(b).

(b) Other transactions with Related parties

Dividend revenue

During the year, the parent company received dividend revenue of \$1.75m (2015: \$3.01m) from the Pilbara Logistics Group and \$40m (2015: \$45m) from Tox Free Australia Pty Ltd. These transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

(c) Loans to Key Management Personnel

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
CURRENT		
Beginning of year	-	116
Loans advanced	-	_
Loan and interest repayments received	-	(116)
Interest charged	_	_
End of year	_	_

There were no loans made to Directors and other Key Management Personnel during the financial year under review. In addition, there were no loan balances outstanding at the end of the year.

29) Contingencies

The Group had the following contingencies at the end of the reporting period:

Contingent Instruments

Bank Guarantees to the value of \$7.828M (2015: \$5.99M), all of which are expected to be recovered without claim. Bank guarantees are provided in certain customer contracts and property rental agreements as a percentage of the contract sum. Generally, bank guarantees are provided to guarantee the performance of contractual terms until practical completion. There is no liability that should be recognised in relation to these guarantees.

Contingent Liabilities

During the 2016 financial year, Tox Free continued to monitor facilities for compliance with legal and other requirements and to assess for contingent liabilities. Based on our ongoing monitoring program there are two sites with potential contingent liabilities; Kwinana and Port Hedland.

If Tox Free were to vacate the current Kwinana facility, then Tox Free would have an obligation to remediate contaminated soil on the Kwinana site, to decontaminate equipment and to treat and dispose of accumulated waste product to the vendor of the business. This site is currently classified by the Department of Environment Regulation as "Contaminated - Restricted Use." This does not affect the current use of the site, as the soil is capped and enabling ongoing monitoring of the risk. Remediation of the site must be completed prior to vacating the site.

Tox Free remains committed to this facility and has no current plan to vacate the site. In 2016 as part of our ongoing improvement program, a range of developments commenced at the site to improve productivity capacity and as part of these works, remediation of the previous tank farm location commenced under the guidance of a suitably gualified environmental consultancy. It is expected that any contingent liability for this site will be remediated through this program to an immaterial level.

The Port Hedland facility has been changed to "Contaminated -Remediation Required" The facility was previously assessed by the Department of Environment Regulation as "Possibly Contaminated -Investigation Required." Toxfree has continued its groundwater monitoring program over the past 12 months as part of its investigation program of the site contamination. A Contaminated Sites Auditor has been engaged to review all investigation studies, the existing monitoring program and provide advice on remediation and the contingent liability. The contingent liability for this site is not yet determined.

The Directors are of the opinion that a provision is not required for these as the expected costs are not capable of reliable measurement at this point and there is also no set timeframe to remediate the soil.

Apart from those contingencies detailed above, there are no further contingent assets and/or liabilities at the reporting date.

30) Remuneration of Auditor

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Remuneration of the auditor of the parent entity, BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd:		
Audit and assurance services		
Audit and review of the financial statements	300	290
Taxation Services		
Tax advice and compliance services (BDO Corporate Tax (WA) Pty Ltd)	214	234
Other services		
Accounting advice and review of information	8	13
Business combinations and acquisitions	36	21
Total other services	44	34
		•
Total Remuneration of Auditor	558	558

31) Earnings per Share

(a) Reconciliation of earnings used in calculating earnings per share:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Basic earnings per share		
Profit from continuing operations attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company	12,608	21,768
Diluted earnings per share		
Profit from continuing operations attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company	12,608	21,768
Add: Potential interest earned on proceeds from the conversion of share options	_	19
Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company used in calculating diluted earnings per share	12,608	21,787

(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator

	2016 Number	2015 Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	136,572,652	133,806,268
Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share: Weighted average number of dilutive options and rights	231,136	781,432
Weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share	136,803,788	134,587,700

32) Deed of Cross Guarantee

Tox Free Solutions Limited and wholly-owned operating subsidiaries listed in note 27 are parties to a deed of cross-guarantee under which each company guarantees the debt of others. By entering into the deed, the wholly-owned entities have been relieved from the requirement to prepare a financial report and Directors' report under Class Order 98/1418 (as amended) issued by the Australian Securities and Investment Commission.

33) Events occurring after the Reporting Period

Acquisition of Active Industrial Solutions

On 1 August 2016, Tox Free acquired 100% of the shares in Active Industrial Solutions Pty Ltd and 100% of the units in the Active Industrial Solutions Unit Trust (AIS) for a consideration of \$6.4m including working capital. AIS are an industrial services business operating in Melbourne, Victoria. The acquisition of AIS creates the opportunity to strengthen Toxfree's position in the metropolitan and municipal services market.

At the date the financial statements were authorised for issue, the Group had not yet completed the accounting for the transaction.

Recommended Dividend

The Directors of Tox Free Solutions Limited declared a final dividend on ordinary shares in respect of the 2016 financial year. The total amount of the dividend is \$6,476,385 which represents a fully franked dividend of 4.5 cents per share.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or could significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

34) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of preparation

(i) Reporting basis and conventions

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

The consolidated financial statements of the Tox Free Solutions Limited Group also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

New and amended standards adopted by the Group, refer to note 34(u).

New accounting standards for application in future periods, refer to note 34(v).

(b) Comparative figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been restated to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(c) Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 27(b) to the financial statements.

(ii) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost.

(iii) Equity method

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates and joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The carrying amount of equity-accounted investments is tested for annually for impairment.

(iv) Changes in ownership interest

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised in an Equity Reserve.

When the Group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate or financial asset.

In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

(v) Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- Fair values of the assets transferred;
- Liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business;
- Equity interests issued by the group;
- Fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, and
- Fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any noncontrolling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the:

- Consideration transferred;
- Amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity, and
- acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquire is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

(d) Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. For financial assets, this is the equivalent to the date that the Group commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset i.e. trade date accounting is adopted.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss' in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at either fair value or cost. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Fair value is measured using the assumption that market participants would act in their best economic interest when pricing the asset or liability, by using the assets at its highest and best use. When available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- The amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- Less principal repayments; and
- c. less any reduction for impairment.

(i) Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowings, and trade and other payables.

Non-derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value plus, for instruments not at fair value through profit or loss, any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, non-derivative financial instruments are measured as described below.

A financial instrument is recognised if the Group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised if the Group's contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or if the Group transfers the financial asset to another party without retaining control or substantially all risks and rewards of the asset. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are accounted for at trade date, i.e. at the date the Group commits itself to purchase or sell the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised if the Group's obligations specified in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment. Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectable are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account (provision for impairment of trade receivables) is used when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivable in question.

Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 60 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the carrying allowance is the difference between the assets carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate

Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form part of an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested. Interest income is recognised as it is accrued in profit or loss, using the effective interest method. Finance expenses comprise interest expense on borrowings. All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

(ii) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

Objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired includes default by a debtor, evidence that the debtor is likely to enter bankruptcy or adverse economic conditions in the securities exchange. At the end of each reporting period, the Group assess whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset has been impaired through the occurrence of a loss event. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a significant or prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to indicate that impairment has arisen.

Where a subsequent event causes the amount of the impairment loss to decrease (e.g. payment received), the reduction in the allowance account (provision for impairment of receivables) is taken through profit or loss.

Impairment losses are recognised through an allowance account for loans and receivables in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

(e) Property, plant and equipment

(i) General information

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

(ii) Property

Land and buildings are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

(iii) Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the asset.

(iv) Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings and capitalised leased assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the Group commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements. Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives used for each category of depreciable assets are:

Category of Fixed Asset	Useful Life
Buildings	10 – 40 years
Plant and Equipment	3 – 12 years
Motor Vehicles	4 – 10 years
Leasehold Improvements	Period of lease

The assets' residual values, depreciation methods and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

(v) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. The costs of day to day servicing of property, plant or equipment are recognised in profit and loss as incurred.

(vi) Depreciation – gains and losses on disposal

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included within "Other Income (gains) or Other Expenses (losses)" in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

(f) Intangibles

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries and represents the excess of cost of the acquisition over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. When the excess is negative (bargain purchase), it is recognised immediately in profit or loss. Goodwill is not amortised. Instead, Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of Goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to one of five cash generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. Each of those cash generating units is represented in the Group's operating segments. Please refer to note 14 for additional information.

(ii) Business licences

Business licences acquired as part of a business combination are recognised separately from Goodwill. The Business licences are carried at their fair value at the date of acquisition less impairment losses. Business licences have an indefinite useful life on the basis that they will continue to be renewed and future cash flows cannot be earned without them.

Business licences are allocated to cash generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. Each of those cash generating units represents the Group's operating segments.

(iii) Intellectual property and Customer contracts and relationships

Both Intellectual Property and Customer Contracts and Relationships have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss from the date that the intangibles are available for use on either a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life or based on the expected revenue contribution profile.

The estimated useful lives for each category are:

Category of Intangible	Useful Life
Intellectual Property	10 years
Customer Contracts	3 – 10 years
Customer Relationships ^	1 – 9 years

Based on the expected revenue contribution profile.

(a) Inventories

Raw Materials, consumables and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Consumables including fuels paid for and on-hand at year end and are not for resale, rather for consumption in providing services.

(h) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Group's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For Goodwill, the recoverable amount is estimated at each reporting date.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using the pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash generating unit").

The Goodwill and Business licences acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, are allocated to cash generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of combination.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of the asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any Goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro-rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of Goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Impairment testing is performed annually for Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives.

(i) Employee benefits

(i) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Group's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy vesting requirements. Those cash flows are discounted using market yields on corporate bond rates with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cash flows.

(ii) Defined contribution schemes

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods in which services are provided by employees. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or reduction in future payments is available.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense when the Group is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognised as an expense if the Group has made an offer encouraging voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer is accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably.

(iv) Short-term benefits

Liabilities for employee benefits for wages, salaries, annual leave and personal leave represent present obligations resulting from employee's services provided to reporting date, expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the reporting date and are calculated at undiscounted amounts based on remuneration wage and salary rates that the Group expects to pay as at reporting date including related on-costs, such as workers compensation, insurance and payroll tax.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Group has present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably. This liability is included in the provisions in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

(v) Other long-term benefits

The Group's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits and not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after reporting date, is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods plus related on-costs; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any related assets is deducted.

This discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on corporate bond rates that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligation. The calculation is performed using the projected unit credit method. These obligations are included in provisions in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

(vi) Share-based payment transactions

The Group provides benefits to senior management personnel with a combination of Options, Performance Rights and Share Appreciation Rights in exchange for them rendering their services. Details of the Long-Term Incentive (LTI) are disclosed in the Remuneration Report.

The grant date fair value of Options and/or Rights granted to employees is valued by a Black Scholes Option Pricing Model and is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees become unconditionally entitled to the Options and/or Rights. No ongoing adjustment is made to the expense except where an employee leaves the business.

Rights subject to a total shareholders return (TSR) performance condition, an adjusted Black Scholes Option Pricing Model that includes a Monte Carlo simulation model is utilised to value the Rights.

(i) Revenue and Other Income

(i) Services

The Group recognises Service revenue in the following three categories:

- **Waste Services**
- **Industrial Services**
- **Technical and Environmental Services**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed. The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity. Revenue is generally recognised upon delivery of the waste treatment service to the customer. For contract variations this requires estimates and judgements based on future economic benefit and is typically when the variations / overruns have been agreed with the customer.

(ii) Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

(iii) Dividends

Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established. This applies even if they are paid out of pre-acquisition profits. However the investment may need to be tested for impairment as a consequence.

(iv) Revenue - net of tax

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

(k) Income tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the company's subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

The deferred tax liabilities in relation to investment property that is measured at fair value is determined assuming the property will be recovered entirely through sale.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Tox Free Solutions Limited and its wholly-owned Australian controlled entities have implemented the tax consolidation legislation as of 1 July 2003. As a consequence, these entities are taxed as a single entity and the deferred tax assets and liabilities of these entities are set off in the consolidated financial statements.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Companies within the Group may be entitled to claim special tax deductions for investments in qualifying assets or in relation to qualifying expenditure (e.g. the Research and Development Tax Incentive regime in Australia or other investment allowances). The Group accounts for the allowances as tax credits, which means that the allowances reduces the income tax payable and current tax expense. A deferred tax asset is recognised for unclaimed tax credits that are carried forward as deferred tax assets.

(I) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the Consolidated Balance Sheet are shown inclusive of GST. The Group was GST Consolidated from 1 April 2013.

Cash flows are presented in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

(m) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share information for its ordinary shares. The basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share adjusts the basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(n) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the Group during the reporting period which remain unpaid. The balance is recognised as an unsecured current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

(o) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less which are convertible to a known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

(q) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the outflow required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the unwinding of the discount is taken to finance costs in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

(r) Derivatives and hedging activities

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group designates certain derivatives as either:

- Hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or a firm commitment (fair value hedges);
- Hedges of a particular risk associated with the cash flows of recognised assets and liabilities and highly probable forecast transactions (cash flow hedges), or
- Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation (net investment hedges).

The Group documents at the inception of the hedging transaction the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been and will continue to be highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

The fair values of the derivative financial instruments used for hedging purposes are disclosed in note 19. Movements in the Hedging Reserve in Shareholders' Equity are shown in note 21. The full fair value of a hedging derivative is classified as a non-current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is more than 12 months. The remaining maturity of the hedged item is classified as a current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is less than 12 months. Trading derivatives are classified as a current asset or liability.

(i) Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in profit or loss, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

The gain or loss relating to the effective portion of interest rate swaps hedging fixed rate borrowings is recognised in profit or loss within finance costs, together with changes in the fair value of the hedged fixed rate borrowings attributable to interest rate risk. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised in profit or loss within Other Income or Other Expense.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to profit or loss over the period to maturity using a recalculated effective interest rate.

(ii) Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as a cash flow hedge is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and accumulated in Reserves in Equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss within Other Income or Other Expense.

Amounts accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss (for instance when the forecast sale that is hedged takes place). The gain or loss relating to the effective portion of interest rate swaps hedging variable rate borrowings is recognised in profit or loss within 'finance costs'.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold or terminated, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in profit or loss. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

(iii) Net investment hedges

Hedges of net investments in foreign operations are accounted for similarly to cash flow hedges. Any gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of the hedge is recognised in Other Comprehensive income and accumulated in reserves in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss within Other income or Other expenses.

Gains and losses accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss when the foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold.

(iv) Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting

Certain derivative instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value of any derivative instrument that does not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in profit or loss and are included in Other income or Other expenses.

(s) Leases

(i) Finance leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment, where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the assets, but not the legal ownership that are transferred to entities in the Group are classified as finance leases. Please refer to note 16 and note 26 for additional details.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

(ii) Operating leases - expense on straight line basis over lease life

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all of the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses on a straight line basis over the life of the lease term. Please refer to note 26 for additional details. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

(t) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided by the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Managing Director. Please refer to note 3 for additional details.

(u) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied and early adopted the following standards and amendments for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 July 2015:

AASB 1057 Application of Australian Accounting Standards and AASB 2015-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Scope and Application Paragraphs.

None of the new Standards and amendments to Standards that are mandatory or early adopted for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2015 affected any of the amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period and are not likely to affect future periods. Additionally, they did not significantly affect the Group's accounting policies or any of the disclosures.

(v) New accounting standards for application in future periods

Certain new accounting Standards and Interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2016 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's assessment of the impact of these new Standards and Interpretations is set out below. In all cases the Group intends to apply these standards from the application date as indicated in the table below.

Reference	Title	Standard Application date	Group application date	Key Requirements	Impact
AASB 9	Financial Instruments	1 January 2018	1 July 2018	AASB 9 addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities and introduces new rules for hedge accounting. In December 2014, the AASB made further changes to the classification and measurement rules and also introduced a new impairment model. These latest amendments now complete the financial instruments standard.	As reported in FY15, on adoption of this standard, there is no significant impact expected on the Group's results and disclosures.
AASB 2015-2	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101	1 January 2016	1 July 2016	This standard makes amendments to AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements arising from the IASB's Disclosure Initiative Project. The amendments are designed to further encourage companies to apply professional judgment in determining what information to disclose in the financial statements. The amendments also clarify that companies should use professional judgment in determining where and in what order in formation is to be presented in the financial disclosures.	There will be no significant impact on the Group's results on the adoption of this standard. The Group is currently reviewing financial report structures and disclosures.
AASB 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	1 January 2018	1 July 2018	The AASB has issued a new standard for the recognition of revenue. This will replace AASB 118 which covers contracts for goods and services and AASB111 which covers construction contracts. The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognised when control of a good or service transfers to a customer, so the notion of control replaces the existing notion of risks and rewards. The standard permits a modified retrospective approach for the adoption. Under this approach entities will recognise any applicable transitional adjustments in retained earnings on the date of the initial application (i.e. 1 July 2018) without restating the comparative period. Entities will only need to apply the new rules to contracts that are not completed as of the date of initial application. AASB 2015-8 amended the AASB 15 effective date so it is now effective for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 Janauary 2018. Early application is permitted. AASB 2014-5 incorporates the consequential amendments to a number of Australian Accounting Standards (including interpretations) arising from the issuance of AASB 15. AASB 2016-3 provides additional guidance and examples on identifying performance obligations; principal v agent considerations and licensing.	The entity operates in the industrial services and waste management industry and recognises revenue for services when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity. Revenue is generally recognised upon delivery of the waste treatment service to the customer. For contract variations this requires estimates and judgements based on future economic benefit and is typically when the variations / overruns have been agreed with the customer. When this standard is first adopted, revenue for services will instead be recognised when the transfer of promised services to customers depicts in an amount that reflects the fair consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in ex change for those services.

Reference	Title	Standard Application date	Group application date	Key Requirements	Impact
AASB 15 (continued)	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	1 January 2018	1 July 2018		For routines and recurring types of performance obligations, the assessment of whether a customer receives the benefits of an entity's performance as the entity performs and simultaneously consumes those benefits as they are received will be straightforward, in which the receipt and simultaneous consumption by the customer of the benefits of the entity's performance can be readily identified. Management is currently assessing the impact of the new standard on contract variations /overruns. Comparatives will need to be retrospectively restated, either back to 1 July 2016 if the full retrospective transitional requirements are applied, or to 1 July 2017 if the modified retrospective
					transitional requirements are applied. Modified retrospective restatement requires that the cumulative effect of applying AASB 15 for the first time be recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings.
AASB 16	Leases	1 January 2019	1 July 2019	The key features of AASB 16 are as follows: Lessee accounting Lessees are required to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of a low value. A lessee measures right-of-use assets similarly to other non-financial assets and lease liabilities similarly to other financial liabilities. Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments, and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate the lease. AASB 16 contains disclosure requirements for leases.	To the extent that the entity, as lessee, has significant operating leases outstanding at the date of initial application, 1 July 2019, right-of-use assets will be recognised for the amount of the unamortised portion of the useful life, and lease liabilities will be recognised at the present value of the outstanding lease payments. Thereafter, earnings before interest, depreciation, amortisation and tax (EBITDA) will increase because operating lease expenses currently included in EBITDA will be recognised instead as amortisation of the right-of-use asset, and interest expense on the lease liability. However, there will be an overall reduction in net profit before tax in the early years of a lease because the amortisation and interest charges will exceed the current straight-line expense incurred under AASB 117 Leases. This trend will reverse in the later years.

Reference	Title	Standard Application date	Group application date	Key Requirements	Impact
AASB 16 (continued)	Leases	1 January 2019	1 July 2019	Lessor accounting AASB 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in AASB 117. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently. AASB 16 also requires enhanced disclosures to be provided by lessors that will improve information disclosed about a lessor's risk exposure, particularly to residual value risk.	There will be no change to the accounting treatment for short-term leases less than 12 months and leases of low value items, which will continue to be expensed on a straight-line basis.
AASB 2016-1	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses (AASB 112)	1 January 2017	1 July 2017	This standard amends AASB 112 Income Taxes to clarify the requirements on recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses on debt instruments measured at fair value.	There will be no significant impact on the Group's results on the adoption of this standard.
AASB 2016-2	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 107	1 January 2017	1 July 2017	This standard amends AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows to require entities preparing financial statements in accordance with Tier 1 reporting requirements to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.	There will be no significant impact on the Group's results on the adoption of this standard.

There are no other standards that are not yet effective and that would be expected to have a material impact on Toxfree in the current or future period and on foreseeable future transactions.

Directors' Declaration For the year ended 30 June 2016

The Directors of the Group declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 64 to 111, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, and:
 - a. comply with Accounting Standards, which, as stated in accounting policy note 34 to the financial statements, constitutes explicit and unreserved compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); the Corporations Regulations 2001; and other mandatory reporting requirements; and
 - give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Group;
- 2. the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have each declared that:
 - a. the financial records of the Group for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the Corporations Act 2001;
 - b. the financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with the Accounting Standards; and
 - c. the financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view.
- 3. In the Directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Group and its wholly-owned subsidiaries have entered into a deed of cross-guarantee under which the Group and its subsidiaries guarantee the debts of each other.

At the date of this declaration, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the companies which are party to this deed of cross guarantee will be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are, or may become subject to, by virtue of the deed.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director - Chairman: Robert McKinnon

Dated: 22nd August 2016

Director: Stephen Gostlow



Tel: +61 8 6382 4600 Fax: +61 8 6382 4601 www.bdo.com.au

38 Station Street Subiaco, WA 6008 PO Box 700 West Perth WA 6872 Australia

Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of Tox Free Solutions Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Tox Free Solutions Limited, which comprises the consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2016, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 34(a), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd ABN 79 112 284 787 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of BDO (Australia) Ltd ABN 77 050 110 275, an Australian company limited by guarantee. BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd and BDO Australia Ltd are members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by quarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation other than for the acts or omissions of financial services licensees.



Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of Tox Free Solutions Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- a. the financial report of Tox Free Solutions Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b. the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 34(a).

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 44 to 55 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2016. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Tox Free Solutions Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016 complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd Dean Just

Director

Perth, 22 August 2016

Shareholder Information

The shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 31 July 2016:

1. Distribution of Equity Securities

Range	Total Holders	Ordinary Shares	% of Issued Capital
1 – 1,000	1,037	443,025	0.30
1,001 – 5,000	1,537	4,112,903	2.86
5,001 – 10,000	686	5,045,071	3.51
10,001 – 100,000	790	17,972,562	12.49
100,000 and over	50	116,346,108	80.84
Total	4,100	143,919,669	100.00

There were 309 holders of less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares.

2. Twenty Largest Shareholders

	Ordina	Ordinary shares	
	Number held	% of issued shares	
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	30,657,959	21.30	
J P Morgan Nominees Australia Limited	26,908,980	18.70	
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	11,125,505	7.73	
National Nominees Limited	10,912,373	7.58	
RBC Investor Services Australia Nominees Pty Ltd > BKCust A/C	9,160,000	6.36	
Australian Foundation Investment Company Limited	8,645,268	6.01	
BNP Paribas Noms Pty Ltd < DRP >	3,072,781	2.14	
BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd < Agency Lending DRP A/C >	1,351,344	0.94	
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited > Colonial First State Inv A/C	1,199,195	0.83	
The Trust Company Superannuation Limited < GPMSF2 > - Future Super A/C	1,102,800	0.77	
Mirrabooka Investments Limited	1,000,000	0.69	
Australian Executor Trustees Limited < No 1 Account >	863,475	0.60	
Netwealth Investments Limited < Wrap Services A/C	827,884	0.58	
Brispot Nominees Pty Ltd < House Head Nominee No 1 A/C >	795,271	0.55	
Spar Nominees Pty Ltd	703,464	0.49	
Stephen James Gostlow	653,387	0.45	
Netwealth Investments Limited < Super Services A/C >	517,264	0.36	
Venue Holdings Pty Ltd	500,000	0.35	
Sareswood Proprietary Limited < MH Superannuation A/C >	444,437	0.31	
Mowbray Pty Ltd < Robert Hallas S/Fund A/C >	400,857	0.28	

3. Substantial Shareholders

The announced substantial Shareholders are set out below:

Shareholders	Number of shares
Australian Foundation Investment Company Limited	8,645,268
Investors Mutual Limited	10,760,000
Wellington Management Group LLP	13,467,722

Shareholder Information

4. Voting rights

Ordinary Shares

On a show of hands, every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll, every member present or by proxy shall have one vote for every share held.

Options and Rights

No voting rights.

5. Options

Grant date	Number	No. of holders	Expiry date	Exercise price
23/11/10	500,000	1	01/11/16	\$3.00

There are 500,000 Options issued to 1 executive under the Tox Free Solutions Long-Term Option Plan to take up ordinary shares.

6. Rights

There are 481,087 Performance Rights issued to 11 executives under the Tox Free Solutions Limited free Long-Term Incentive Plan to take up ordinary shares.

There are 2,334,038 Share Appreciation Rights issued to 11 executives under the Tox Free Solutions Limited Long-Term Incentive Plan to take up ordinary shares.

7. Securities Exchange Listing

Securities in Tox Free Solutions Limited (TOX) are quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange.

8. Shareholder Inquiries

Shareholders can obtain information about their shares or dividend payments by contacting the Company's share registry:

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd Level 11 172 St Georges Terrace PERTH WA 6000

TEL: 1300 787 272

9. Publications

The annual report is the main source of information for shareholders.

10. Tox Free Solutions Limited Website

Tox Free Solutions Limited has an internet address at www.toxfree.com.au

This contains the Company's latest annual report and media statements released through the Australian Securities Exchange.





www.toxfree.com.au safe.reliable.sustainable



Notice of Annual General Meeting

Date of Meeting

30 November 2016

Time of Meeting 10:30 am (WST)

Place of Meeting

14 Mill Street, Perth, Western Australia

Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of Tox Free Solutions Limited ("Company" or "Tox Free") will be held at 10.30 am (WST) on Wednesday 30 November 2016 at The Karri Room, Parmelia Hilton Hotel, 14 Mill Street, Perth, Western Australia.

An Explanatory Memorandum containing information in relation to each of the Resolutions to be put to the Meeting accompanies this Notice.

AGENDA

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Resolutions.

ORDINARY BUSINESS

2016 Accounts

To receive and consider the annual financial report, the Directors' report and the auditor's report for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 and the Directors' declaration on the accounts.

Non-binding Ordinary Resolution 1: **Directors' Remuneration Report**

To receive and consider the Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2016 and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without amendment, the following Resolution as a non-binding Resolution:

"That, pursuant to and in accordance with section 250R(2) of the Corporations Act, the Directors' Remuneration Report contained within the Directors' Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 be adopted."

Note 1: The vote on this Resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors of the Company.

Note 2: If 25% or more of votes that are cast are voted against the adoption of the Remuneration Report at two consecutive annual general meetings, Shareholders will be required to vote at the second of those annual general meetings on a resolution (a "spill resolution") that another meeting be held within 90 days at which all of the Company's Directors (other than the Managing Director) must stand for re-election. Less than 25% of Shareholders voted against the remuneration report at the 2015 Annual General Meeting.

Voting Prohibition Statement:

A vote on this Resolution 1 must not be cast (in any capacity) by or on behalf of any of the following persons:

- a member of the Kev Management Personnel, details of whose remuneration are included in the Remuneration Report; or
- a Closely Related Party of such a member, (collectively, a "Prohibited Voter").

However, a Prohibited Voter may cast a vote on this Resolution 1 as a proxy if the vote is not cast on behalf of a person described above and either:

- the Prohibited Voter is appointed as a proxy by writing that specifies the way the proxy is to vote on the Resolution; or
- the Prohibited Voter is the Chair and the appointment of the Chair as proxy:
- does not specify the way the proxy is to vote on this Resolution; and
- expressly authorises the Chair to exercise the proxy even if the Resolution is connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of a member of the Key Management Personnel for the Company, or if the Company is part of a consolidated entity, for the entity.

Ordinary Resolution 2: Re-election of Richard Allen as a Director

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without amendment, the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

"That Richard Allen, who retires by rotation in accordance with rule 13.2 of the Company's constitution, and being eligible, be re-elected as a Director."

Ordinary Resolution 3: Re-election of Michael Humphris as a Director

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without amendment, the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

"That Michael Humphris, who retires by rotation in accordance with rule 13.2 of the Company's constitution, and being eligible, be re-elected as a Director."

Ordinary Resolution 4: Ratification of issue of Shares to institutional investors

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without amendment, the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

"That for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.4 and for all other purposes. Shareholders ratify the issue of 7,843,137 fully paid ordinary Shares in the capital of the Company to institutional investors on the terms and conditions contained in the Explanatory Statement."

Voting Exclusion Statement:

The Company will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 4 by any persons who participated in the issue and any associates of those persons. However, the Company need not disregard a vote if it is cast by a person as a proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with the directions on the Proxy Form, or, it is cast by the person chairing the Meeting as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with a direction on the Proxy Form to vote as the proxy decides.

Ordinary Resolution 5: Approval of issue of Performance Rights to Stephen Gostlow

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without amendment, the following Resolution as an ordinary resolution:

"That, for the purposes of Listing Rule 10.14 and for all other purposes, Shareholders approve and authorise the Directors to grant up to 308.570 Performance Rights to Stephen Gostlow and to allot and issue Shares on the vesting of the Performance Rights in accordance with the terms of the Executive LTI Plan, as detailed in the Explanatory Memorandum,"

Voting Exclusion Statement:

The Company will disregard any votes cast on this Resolution 5 by Mr Gostlow and any of his associates.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote on this Resolution if:

- it is cast by a person as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote. in accordance with the directions on the Proxy Form; or
- it is cast by the person chairing the meeting as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with a direction on the Proxy Form to vote as the proxy decides.

DM Wither

By order of the Board D M McARTHUR **Company Secretary**

Date: 28 October 2016

ENTITLEMENT TO ATTEND AND VOTE

The Company may specify a time, not more than 48 hours before the Meeting, at which a "snap-shot" of Shareholders will be taken for the purposes of determining Shareholder entitlements to vote at the Annual General Meeting.

The Company's Directors have determined that all Shares of the Company that are quoted on ASX at 5:00pm (Sydney time) on Monday 28 November 2016 shall, for the purposes of determining voting entitlements at the Annual General Meeting, be taken to be held by the persons registered as holding the Shares at that time.

PROXIES

Please note that:

- a member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy;
- (b) a proxy need not be a member of the Company; and
- a member of the Company entitled to cast two or more votes may appoint two proxies and may specify the proportion or number of votes each proxy is appointed to exercise, but where the proportion or number is not specified, each proxy may exercise half of the votes.

The enclosed Proxy Form provides further details on appointing proxies and lodging Proxy Forms.

CORPORATE REPRESENTATIVE

A Shareholder that is a corporation may appoint an individual to act as its corporate representative to vote at the Meeting in accordance with section 250D of the Corporations Act. Any corporation wishing to appoint an individual to act as its representative at the Meeting should provide that person with a certificate or letter executed in accordance with the Corporations Act authorising him or her to act as that company's representative. The authority may be sent to the Company and/or Share Registry in advance of the Meeting or handed in at the Meeting when registering as a corporate representative. A 'Certificate of Appointment of Corporate Representative' is enclosed if required.

ENQUIRIES

Shareholders are invited to contact the Company Secretary, David McArthur on +61 8 9423 3200 if they have any gueries in respect of the matters set out in this document.

Explanatory Memorandum

This Explanatory Memorandum is intended to provide Shareholders with sufficient information to assess the merits of the Resolutions contained in the accompanying Notice of Annual General Meeting ("Notice") of the Company.

The Directors of the Company ("Directors") recommend Shareholders read this Explanatory Memorandum in full before making any decision in relation to the Resolutions.

The following information should be noted in respect of the various matters contained in the accompanying Notice.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS

The business of the Annual General Meeting will include receipt and consideration of the annual financial report, the Directors' report and the auditor's report for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 and the Directors' declaration on the accounts.

A copy of the Company's 2016 Annual Report is available on the Company's ASX platform (ASX: TOX) and on the website www.toxfree.com.au. Alternatively, a hard copy will be made available upon request.

There is no requirement for Shareholders to approve the annual financial statements.

The Company's auditor, BDO, will be present at the Annual General Meeting and Shareholders will have the opportunity to ask the auditor questions in relation to the conduct of the audit, the auditor's report, the Company's accounting policies, and the independence of the auditor.

In addition to taking questions at the Meeting, written questions to the Chair about the management of the Company, or to the Company's auditor about:

- the preparation and content of the auditor's report;
- (b) the conduct of the audit;
- accounting policies adopted by the Company in relation to the preparation of the annual financial statements; and
- the independence of the auditor in relation to the conduct of the audit,

may be submitted no later than 5 business days before the meeting date to the Company Secretary.

Non-binding Ordinary Resolution 1: **Directors' Remuneration Report**

General

The Corporations Act requires that at a listed company's annual general meeting, a resolution that the Remuneration Report be adopted must be put to the Shareholders. However, such a resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company.

The Remuneration Report sets out the Company's remuneration arrangements for the Directors and senior management of the Company. The Remuneration Report is part of the Directors' report contained in the annual financial report of the Company for the financial year ending 30 June 2016.

A reasonable opportunity will be provided for discussion of the Remuneration Report at the Annual General Meeting.

Under the Corporations Act, if 25% or more of votes that are cast are voted against the adoption of the Remuneration Report at two consecutive annual general meetings, Shareholders will be required to vote at the second of those annual general meetings on a resolution (a "spill resolution") that another meeting be held within 90 days at which all of the Company's Directors (other than the Managing Director) must stand for re-election. Less than 25% of Shareholders voted against the remuneration report at the 2015 Annual General Meeting.

Proxy restrictions

Shareholders appointing a proxy for Resolution 1 should note the following:

(a) If you appoint a member of the Key Management Personnel (other than the Chair) as your proxy

If you elect to appoint a member of the Key Management Personnel (other than the Chair) whose remuneration details are included in the Remuneration Report, or a Closely Related Party of that member, you must direct the proxy how they are to vote. Undirected proxies granted to these persons will not be included in any vote on Resolution 1.

(b) If you appoint the Chair as your proxy

If you elect to appoint the Chair as your proxy, you do not need to direct the Chair how you wish them to exercise your vote on Resolution 1, however if you do not direct the Chair how to vote, you must tick the acknowledgement on the Proxy Form to acknowledge that the Chair may exercise their discretion in exercising your proxy even though Resolution 1 is connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of Key Management Personnel.

(c) If you appoint any other person as your proxy

You do not need to direct your proxy how to vote, and you do not need to tick any further acknowledgement on the Proxy Form.

Ordinary Resolution 2: Re-election of Richard Allen as a Director

Clause 13.2 of the Company's Constitution requires that at every Annual General Meeting of the Company one-third of the Directors (rounded up to the nearest whole number) shall retire from office. The Directors to retire are those who have been longest in office since their last election. A retiring Director is eligible for re-election.

Accordingly, Richard Allen retires by way of rotation and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election as a Director of the Company.

Information about Mr Allen is set out in the Company's 2016 Annual Report.

Recommendation

The Directors (other than Mr Allen because of his interest in this Resolution) recommend that Shareholders vote in favour of Resolution 2.

Ordinary Resolution 3: Re- Election of Michael Humphris as a Director

Clause 13.2 of the Company's Constitution requires that at every Annual General Meeting of the Company one-third of the Directors (rounded up to the nearest whole number) shall retire from office. The Directors to retire are those who have been longest in office since their last election. A retiring Director is eligible for re-election.

Accordingly, Michael Humphris retires by way of rotation and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election as a Director of the Company.

Information about Mr Humphris is set out in the Company's 2016 Annual Report.

Recommendation

The Directors (other than Mr Humphris because of his interest in this Resolution) recommend that Shareholders vote in favour of Resolution 3.

Ordinary Resolution 4: Ratification of issue of Shares to institutional investors

On 21 March 2016, the Company announced to ASX that it had signed a binding agreement under which it would acquire 100% of the shares in Worth Corporation Pty Ltd (Worth) for \$70 million, on a cash, debt and income tax liability free basis and subject to working capital adjustments (Worth Acquisition). Worth is a leading New South Wales-based liquid waste and industrial services business. Worth operates under the name Worth Recycling and was established in 1976.

On 22 March 2016, the Company announced that it had successfully completed a fully underwritten placement to institutional investors to raise gross proceeds of \$20 million at a fixed price of \$2.55 per Share to partly fund the Worth Acquisition (Placement). Under the Placement, 7,843,137 Shares were issued to institutional investors on 29 March 2016.

Resolution 4 seeks to ratify the issue of the 7,843,137 Shares under the Placement pursuant to Listing Rule 7.4.

Listing Rule requirements

Listing Rule 7.1 provides that a Company must not, subject to specified exceptions, issue or agree to issue more Equity Securities during any 12 month period than that amount which represents 15% of the number of fully paid ordinary securities on issue at the commencement of that 12 month period.

Listing Rule 7.4 provides that where a company in general meeting ratifies a previous issue of securities made pursuant to Listing Rule 7.1 (and provided that the previous issue did not breach Listing Rule 7.1) those securities will be deemed to be made with shareholder approval for the purpose of Listing Rule 7.1.

By ratifying the issue of shares under the Placement, the Company will retain the flexibility to issue Equity Securities in the future up to the 15% annual placement capacity set out in Listing Rule 7.1 without the requirement to obtain Shareholder approval.

Resolution 4 is an ordinary resolution.

The following information is provided for the purposes of Listing Rule 7.5:

- 7.843.137 Shares were issued to institutional investors on 29 March 2016.
- (b) The Shares were issued at an issue price of \$2.55 per Share.
- (c) The Shares issued rank pari passu with the Company's existing Shares.
- (d) The Shares were issued to certain institutional investors who participated in the Placement under section 708 of the Corporations Act. None of the recipients of Shares under the Placement were related parties of the Company.
- Funds raised from the issue of the Shares were used to partly fund the Worth Acquisition.
- A voting exclusion statement in respect of Resolution 4 is set out under Resolution 4 in the Notice of Annual General Meeting preceding this Explanatory Statement.

Recommendation

The Directors recommend that Shareholders vote in favour of Resolution 4.

Ordinary Resolution 5: Approval of issue of Performance **Rights to Stephen Gostlow**

Resolution 5 seeks approval to issue up to 308.570 Performance Rights to Stephen Gostlow under the Executive LTI Plan pursuant to Listing Rule 10.14.

Mr Gostlow is the Managing Director of the Company.

Explanatory Memorandum

PERFORMANCE RIGHTS GRANTED AS SALARY

The Company in 2016 conducted a benchmarking review of the Managing Director's remuneration, comparing remuneration to a peer group of ASX listed companies operating in a similar industry and of a comparable size by market capitalisation.

The Company's remuneration policy is to position fixed annual remuneration (comprising salary, allowances, no-cash benefits, superannuation etc) at the 50th percentile of the market data. The benchmarking review determined that the fixed annual remuneration was significantly below the 50th percentile of the target peer group.

The Board considers it appropriate and reasonable to adjust the Managing Director's fixed annual remuneration to align it to the 50th percentile of the market data.

In making the adjustment to remuneration the Board determined that any adjustment should solely be delivered in equity rather than cash salary. This would further align the Managing Director to Shareholders by ensuring a proportion of the fixed annual remuneration is aligned to the Share price performance.

For FY16 the fixed annual remuneration will be set at \$872,405, which will be comprised of:

- Fixed annual remuneration of \$642,935 (unchanged from 2015)
- Equity remuneration of \$229,470

The equity remuneration component will be delivered by way of the grant of Performance Rights of an equivalent value. The number of Performance Rights to be granted has been determined by dividing the equity value by the VWAP for the 5 business days from 1 September 2016.

This will result in a grant of 94,045 Performance Rights, based on a VWAP of \$2.44. The key terms attaching to the Performance Rights are as follows:

Feature	Description
Vesting Period	1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017.
Vesting Conditions	The Performance Rights will vest based on continued service, with 1/12th of the rights vesting each month of completed service during the vesting period.
Exercise / Expiry date	Vested rights can be exercised by the participant at their choosing, subject to being exercised prior to the expiry date of 1 July 2031.
Exercise Price	Nil.
Treatment of awards on cessation of employment	Unvested awards will lapse, unless otherwise determined by the Board. Vested awards will be retained by the participant.
Treatment of awards on change of control	The Performance Rights will vest on a change of control.

NEW INCENTIVE PLAN

The Tox Free Board is committed to a reward framework that is focused on creating sustainable Shareholder value, which is supported by an equity ownership culture.

In 2016, the Board carried out a detailed review of Tox Free's executive remuneration structure and principles. The guiding principles of this review were that Tox Free's remuneration scheme should have the following design and attributes:

- ensure that executive remuneration is fair, market-based, and sufficient to attract and retain a strong leadership team; and
- simplify executive remuneration by combining the features of a Short Term Incentive (STI) and Long Term Incentive (LTI) and replacing it with a scheme that is predominantly equity-based, better supports and is aligned with the business strategy, and with the shareholding required to be held for a period to ensure alignment with long-term performance and Shareholders' interests.

The key outcome of the review was the creation of a new incentive framework, the Performance Incentive Structure (PI Structure).

Overview of the Board's remuneration review process

The Board was particularly focused on developing a remuneration framework that was aligned to Tox Free's business strategy. As part of its review, the Board spent considerable time debating the merits of a traditional fixed + STI + LTI model compared to an equity ownership model, undertook detailed analysis, and considered market practice and proxy advisor viewpoints.

Taking into consideration the desire to keep executive remuneration simple and to foster an equity ownership culture throughout the organisation, it was decided that an equity ownership model was the most appropriate model to adopt.

Overview of Tox Free's FY17 reward framework

After the above rigorous review process, the Board determined that the remuneration of our executives will consist of the two key elements: fixed remuneration + performance incentive remuneration.

Performance Incentive Structure – fair participation in long-term wealth created for Shareholders

As part of the benchmarking review conducted in 2016, consideration was given to market levels of STI and LTI quantum.

For the Managing Director, the Performance Incentive (PI) target opportunity will be initially set at 80% of fixed remuneration and 100% for stretch performance and will be assessed against a scorecard of key business performance indicators. This can be contrasted with the current at-risk incentive in the range of 110% (for STI + LTI quantum) for target performance and up to 160% for stretch performance. 60% of the PI will be delivered via a grant of Performance Rights and 40% by way of a cash bonus.

For 2017 the Managing Director's target PI is \$697,924, comprising:

- Target cash bonus \$279,169
- Target Performance Rights \$418,755

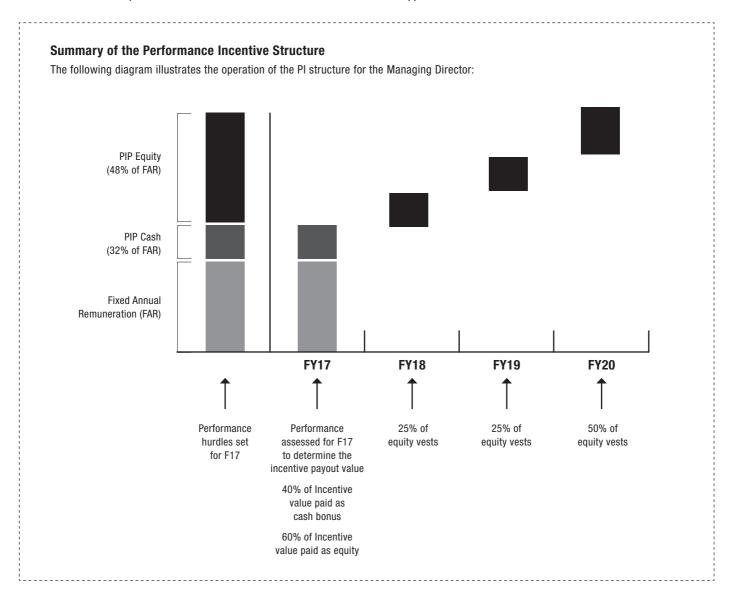
For 2017 the Managing Director's maximum PI (at stretch performance) is \$872,405, comprising:

- Maximum cash bonus \$348,962
- Maximum Performance Rights \$523,443

The number of Performance Rights to be granted has been determined by dividing the equity value by the VWAP for the 5 business days from 1 September 2016.

This will result in a grant of 171,620 Performance Rights at target performance and a maximum grant of 214,525 at stretch performance, based on a VWAP of \$2.44.

Under the new remuneration model, the Managing Director's total remuneration opportunity will be at a significant discount to the quantum that could be available under the traditional STI and LTI model. This reduction in quantum was a deliberate design outcome under the new model, positioned as the trade-off for the simpler remuneration framework and to ensure a conservative approach to remuneration outcomes is taken.



Explanatory Memorandum

The following table outlines the key terms of the PI Structure, which is effective from 1 July 2016:

PI vehicle	Incentive to be delivered in the form of up to 40% cash and 60% Performance Rights (being a right to receive one Share).
PI quantum	Target Incentive (TI) for FY17: • Managing Director – 80% of Fixed Annual Remuneration (FAR) There is an opportunity to earn up to 100% of FAR for exceptional performance.
Grant date and allocation methodology	Pl applied annually on a rolling basis. The number of Performance Rights to be granted will be determined at the start of the 12 month performance period and granted at this time. This structure will operate as follows: 1. the maximum target equity value of the Pl award is determined; 2. the number of Performance Rights to be granted is calculated by dividing the maximum equity award dollar value by an appropriate VWAP around the time of the grant date; and 3. the total number of Performance Rights are granted post shareholder approval and will vest subject to achievement of the required Key Performance Indicators (KPI).
PI performance period	Performance is assessed over the FY17 financial year.
PI performance criteria	Performance will be assessed over a 12-month period against a scorecard of KPIs as determined by the Board.
Performance Rights vesting schedule	Once Performance Rights become performance qualified, on assessment against the KPIs, there are no further performance based vesting conditions. Any Performance Rights which do not vest due against the KPIs will lapse, there is no retest of the KPI performance. For performance qualified Performance Rights vesting is based purely on service i.e. for the Performance Rights to vest the participant must remain continuously employed by the Company at the vesting date. The vesting schedule is as follows: - 25% vest at year 2 after the grant date - 25% vest at year 3 after the grant date - 50% vest at year 4 after the grant date
Exercise / expiry date	Vested rights can be exercised by the participant at their choosing, subject to being exercised prior to the expiry date of 1 July 2031.
Exercise price	Nil
Treatment of awards on cessation of employment	Unvested awards will lapse, unless otherwise determined by the Board. Vested awards will be retained by the participant.
Treatment of awards on change of control	Rights will vest on a change of control.

Why the PI model is the right answer for Tox Free

Tox Free's dynamic business environment requires a flexible reward strategy that will support the execution of the business strategy. It is difficult to forecast long-term performance targets with any accuracy. Companies often find themselves stuck in a 'calibration hell', spending considerable amounts of time trying to set targets that may ultimately lose relevance part-way through the performance period.

Instead, the Board felt it was more appropriate to provide equity awards for performance which is aligned directly to the strategy of the Company, and which through the longer term vesting requirements, maximise shareholder alignment and a focus on long term value creation.

We believe that the introduction of the PI Structure is aligned with Tox Free's equity ownership philosophy and provides a simple, transparent and fair reward structure for executives while creating true alignment with Shareholders.

LISTING RULE REQUIREMENTS

Listing Rule 10.14 provides that a company must not permit a director to acquire securities under an employee incentive scheme (such as the Executive LTI Plan) without the prior approval of holders of ordinary securities. Accordingly, under Resolution 5, approval is sought for the issue of the Performance Rights and Shares upon the vesting of the Performance Rights to Stephen Gostlow.

Listing Rule 10.15 requires the following information to be included in this Notice:

- (a) The Performance Rights will be granted to Mr Gostlow (the Managing Director of the Company).
- Subject to Shareholder approval being obtained, the number of Performance Rights granted to Mr Gostlow will be determined by the allocation methodology as outlined above, with a maximum of 308,570 Performance Rights being available for grant to Mr Gostlow.
- (c) No consideration is payable by Mr Gostlow at the time of grant of the Performance Rights or upon the allocation of Shares to which he may become entitled to on the vesting of some or all of the Performance Rights.
- Since the Executive LTI Plan was approved on 24 November 2011 being the date the last approval was sought in accordance with Listing Rules 7.2 (exception 9), a total of 290.610 Performance Rights and 1.300.662 Share Appreciation Rights have been granted under the Executive LTI Plan to Mr Gostlow with no consideration paid at the time of grant. Mr Gostlow is the only person referred to in Listing Rule 10.14 entitled to participate in the Executive LTI Plan for the purpose of the approval sought.
- (e) The initial grant of Performance Rights will be subject to the performance hurdles outlined above.
- (f) Full details of Mr Gostlow's holdings of Shares and Rights are set out in the Company's 2016 Annual Report.
- (g) No loans will be made by the Company in connection with the acquisition of the Performance Rights.
- (h) It is expected that the Performance Rights will be granted to Mr Gostlow as soon as practicable after Shareholder approval is received and in any event no later than 12 months from the date of the Annual General Meeting without obtaining further Shareholder approval.
- A voting exclusion statement in respect of Resolution 5 is set out under Resolution 5 in the Notice of Annual General Meeting preceding this Explanatory Statement.

Shareholders should note that that if Shareholder approval is obtained under Listing Rule 10.14, Shareholder approval is not required under Listing Rule 7.1 or Listing Rule 10.11.

.....

CORPORATIONS ACT REQUIREMENTS

Under Chapter 2E of the Corporations Act, a public company cannot give a "financial benefit" to a "Related Party" unless one of the statutory exceptions applies or shareholders have in a general meeting approved the giving of that financial benefit.

Mr Gostlow is a "Related Party" of the Company as defined in the Corporations Act because he is a Director of the Company and the issue of Performance Rights to him constitutes the giving of a "financial benefit".

The Performance Rights are being issued to Mr Gostlow as part of his remuneration package in respect of services provided to the Company and to be provided to the Company. The Executive LTI Plan forms an important part of the Company's long term incentive strategy.

Section 211 of the Corporations Act provides an exception to the need to obtain shareholder approval to the giving of a financial benefit to a Related Party where the financial benefit is remuneration to an officer of a public company and giving the remuneration would be reasonable given the respective circumstances of the public company and Related Party (including the responsibilities involved in the office or employment).

The Board (with the exception of Mr Gostlow) considers that the grant of the Performance Rights to Mr Gostlow is reasonable given the circumstances of the Company and Mr Gostlow, Accordingly, the Company will not seek approval of the issue of the Performance Rights pursuant to Chapter 2E of the Corporations Act.

Recommendation

The Board (excluding Mr Gostlow) recommends that Shareholders vote in favour of this Resolution 5 to approve the issue of up to 308,570 Performance Rights to Mr Gostlow. Mr Gostlow is interested in the outcome of this Resolution and therefore does not consider it appropriate to make a recommendation to Shareholders.

Glossary of Terms

The following terms and abbreviations used in the Notice of Annual General Meeting and this Explanatory Memorandum have the following meanings:

\$ means Australian dollars.

Annual General Meeting or Meeting means the meeting of Shareholders convened by this Notice.

ASX means ASX Limited ACN 008 624 691 and, where the context permits, the Australian Securities Exchange operated by ASX.

Closely Related Party of a member of the Key Management Personnel means:

- (a) a spouse or child of the member: or
- (b) a child of the member's spouse; or
- (c) a dependent of the member or the member's spouse; or
- (d) anyone else who is one of the member's family and may be expected to influence the member, or be influenced by the member, in the member's dealing with the entity; or
- (e) a company the member controls; or
- (f) a person prescribed by the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth).

Company or Tox Free means Tox Free Solutions Limited ABN 27 058 596 124.

Constitution means the constitution of the Company as amended from time to time.

Corporations Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) as amended from time to time.

Directors means the directors of the Company, from time to time.

Equity Securities has the same meaning as in the Listing Rules.

Executive LTI Plan means the Tox Free Solutions Long Term Incentive Plan as amended from time to time.

Explanatory Memorandum means this explanatory memorandum.

Key Management Personnel has the same meaning as in the accounting standards issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and means those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, or if the Company is part of a consolidated entity, of the consolidated entity, directly or indirectly, including any Director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Company, or if the Company is part of a consolidated entity, of an entity within the consolidated group.

Listing Rules means the listing rules of ASX.

Notice or Notice of Meeting or Notice of Annual General Meeting means this notice of Annual General Meeting including the Explanatory Statement and the Proxy Form.

Performance Rights means an entitlement granted to a participant in the Executive LTI Plan to receive one Share subject to the satisfaction of any applicable vesting conditions, performance hurdles and / or exercise conditions.

Proxy Form means the proxy form attached to the Notice.

Remuneration Report means the remuneration report set out in the Directors' report section of the Company's annual financial report for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Resolution means a resolution contained in the Notice.

Share means a fully paid ordinary share in the capital of the Company.

Shareholder means a registered holder of Shares.

VWAP means the volume weighted average price for Shares.

WST means Australian Western Standard Time.

Certificate of Appointment of Corporate Representative

Shareholder Details			
This is to certify that by a resolution of the directo	rs of:		
		Company), of Shareholder Company	
the Company has appointed:			
	Insert name of a	corporate representative	
		ct 2001, to act as the body corporate representative of that Comp d on Wednesday 30 November 2016 commencing at 10.30 am (W	
DATED	16		
Please sign here			
Executed by the Company in accordance with its constituent of	documents)	
Signed by authorised re	epresentative	Signed by authorised representative	
Name of authorised repre	esentative (print)	Name of authorised representative (print)	
Position of authorised repr	resentative (print)	Position of authorised representative (print)	

Instructions for Completion

- Insert name of appointing Shareholder company and the name or position of the appointee corporate representative (eg "John Smith" or "each director of the company").
- · Execute the Certificate following the procedure required by your Constitution or other constituent documents.
- Print the name and position (eg director) of each authorised company officer who signs this Certificate on behalf of the company.
- Insert the date of execution where indicated.
- Prior to the Meeting, send or deliver the Certificate to the registered office of Tox Free Solutions Limited at Level 2, 55 Carrington Street,
 Nedlands WA 6009 or fax the Certificate to the registered office at +61 8 9389 8327.



safe.reliable.sustainable