Investor Presentation August-September 2016





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Hawsons Iron Project – First in the queue for development



Right project– competitive cost targets and existing infrastructure

Right product – Supergrade, the world's best pellet feed one of the few products that meet the trends of the steel industry

Right strategy –

- develop end user support for the Supergrade product
- increase confidence in project to attract end user investment
- secure end user support to build the project and meet the market demand for new iron ore







Carpentaria - Snapshot







ASX: CAP

Listed: 2007

SHARES: 124 M

CASH: \$1.68 M June 30, 2016

Dr Neil Williams - Chairman

Mr Quentin Hill - Managing Director

Mr Bin Cai - Director (non-exec.)

Mr Paul Cholakos - Director (non-exec.)

Mr Robert Hair - (Company Secretary)

100% focussed on Hawsons Iron Project (CAP 64%, Pure Metals PL 36%)

Low overheads

Major Shareholders

Silvergate Capital 18.2%

Australia Conglin Int. Group 11.4%

Project Team - Experts in their field





Ray Koenig - Technical Director

 One of Australia's leading magnetite engineers; ex-Savage River magnetite and pellets



Technical feasibility

Risk reduction



Adam Wheatley - Iron ore financing expert

(e.g. Gindalbie/Kararra, Hancock/Hope Downs, Aztec/Koolan Island)



 Project financing and bankability



Lou Jelenich – Product Marketing Director

- Iron ore marketing and steel expert
- Ex-BHPB iron ore technical marketer



Marketing saleable product

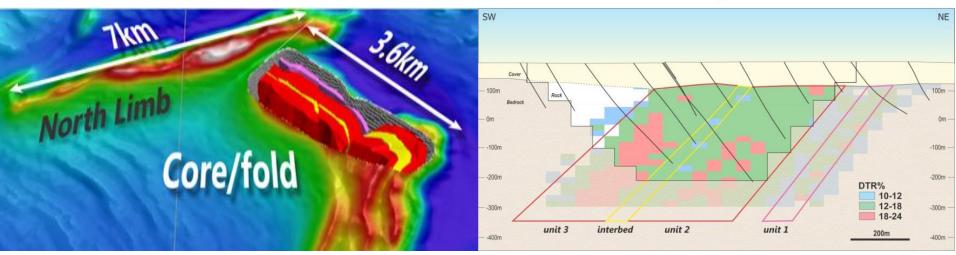
Offtake arrangements

5

Right project for development -Long term reliable supply, soft ore



Hawsons Iron Project Cross Section



Long life Resource JORC Inferred (88%) plus Indicated (12%)

- 1.8 Bt at 15% mass recovery for 263 Mt of 69.7% Fe concentrate*
- * See appendix slide 24

Simple Mining:

- Low strip ratio 0.47:1 waste:ore, falling to near zero by year 8
- Low cost bulk mining methods

Simple low energy processing sets it apart from other iron projects

- Bond Work Index 6-7kwh/t compare with 20-30 kwh/t**
- Abrasion Index 0.12 compare with ~0.40**
- Rock strength 50-90Mpa compare with ~200-300+**

Targets US\$40/t higher margin for mining and processing than typical magnetite projects (see Appendix)

^{**}typical magnetite projects

Right project for development -Low development risk

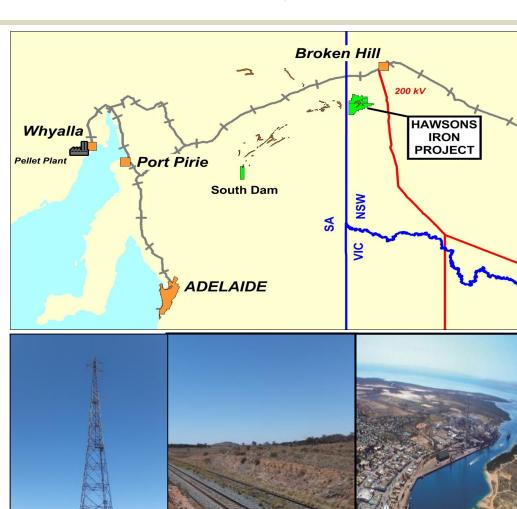


Location 60km south-west Broken Hill

- Power existing, water identified
- Rail 13 Mtpa spare capacity
- Port options-
 - Port Pirie 1st right for 12 mtpa
 - Whyalla spare capacity*
- Pelletising Whyalla ~2.2mtpa pellet plant capacity, significant value add*
- Environmental surveys no issues identified
- Dry climate, politically stable

Compare with others where approvals, infrastructure, weather and distance are significant hurdles and costs.

* Investigating use on commercial terms and/or via acquisition



Right project for development -

Attractive cost targets



Cost targets and price premiums \$US

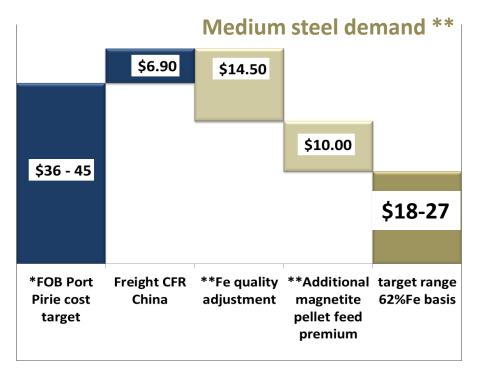
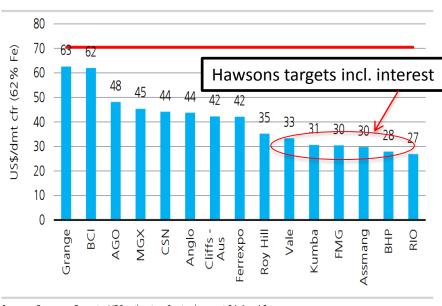


Figure 1: Breakeven price analysis pre interest (US\$/dmt cfr 62% equiv.)



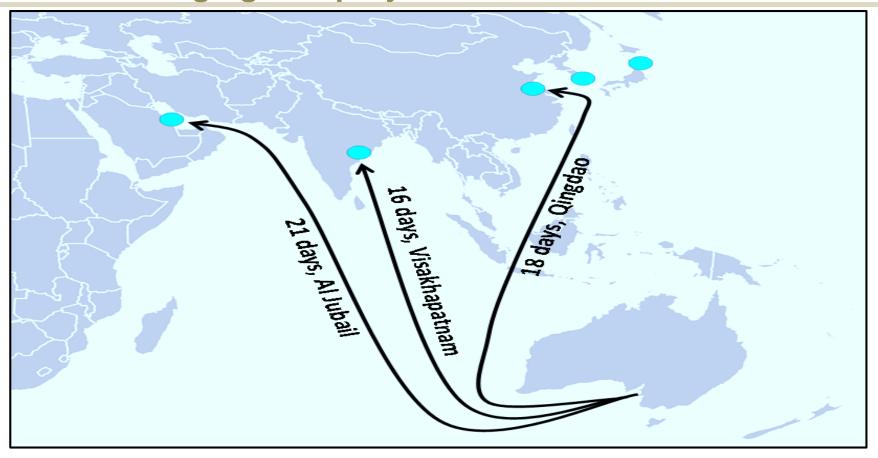
Source: Company Reports, UBS estimates. Spot price as at 21 Apr 16

- Product to attract a premium ~US\$24/t** for pellet feed and ~US\$47/t for DR pellets
- Based on PFS level engineering and Inferred Resources
- Competitive capital cost target of USD1.4-2.0bn (inclusive of preproduction cost and contingency)
- CFR China cost target in normal market conditions, adjusted to 62%Fe, US \$18-27
 - LOM, Includes royalties, sustaining capital, 1AUD buys 0.72USD

**Shanghai Metals Market, May 2015 see appendix

Right project for development - best located high grade project





Main global high grade feed competitors are in Brazil and Canada (Hawsons US\$2-8/t freight advantage)

As oil price rises, currency appreciation and freight costs cause cost rises to our competitors Some forecasts *Brazilian Real up 15-20%, Canadian Dollar up 8-12%, Australian Dollar down 8-12% *2018 forecast source - longforecast.com ** Shanghai Metals Market

Right product for development - Hawsons Supergrade 70%Fe



Highest iron grade in the seaborne trade supports premium prices

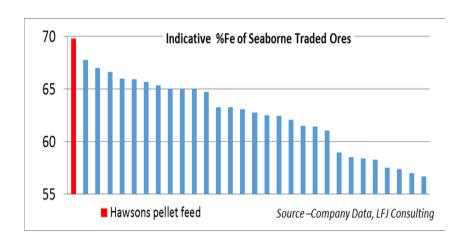
Very high iron: slag ratio

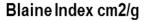
70.3% Fe (~97% magnetite: ~3% waste)

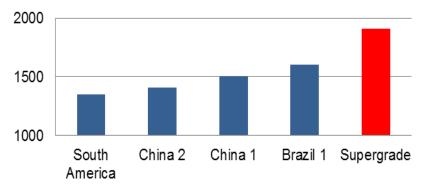
- typical Pilbara fines generate 2.3 to > 3x more slag*
- 67%Fe magnetite concentrate generates > 2 x more slag

Unique fineness - best pellet feed** 100% < 40 micron gives

- highest strength pellets, ~1.0>3.5%
 higher yields for end user
- outstanding furnace properties for stable and efficient iron making







Blaine index is one measure of fineness

^{*} Calcined basis, ** see appendix,

Right product for development - meets environmental and technological trends



Higher carbon price supports Hawsons long term value

Super high grade magnetite pellet feed value estimate of \sim \$3.50/t for each \$10/t CO₂ carbon tax *

- Steel making produces 7% of global CO₂ emissions
- Over 40 countries have a carbon tax/trading system
- China to begin in 2017, will apply to steel
- DRI electric arc furnace (EAF) steel making route
 ~50% less emissions

Hawsons Supergrade

- Amongst the most effective ways to reduce CO₂ emissions in BF (potential for up to ~25%)
- Controls risk of increasing carbon price
- Meets the alternative DRI-EAF steel making trend

²⁵⁰⁰ kg CO₂/t liquid steel 2000 1500 1000 500 EAF80% **BF-BOF** EAF 100% typical feed high grade DRI (HYL) pellets (Midrex) (Mouton) sinter, 25%pellet and lump Source, after Midrex, HYL, Mouton



See appendix for more detail

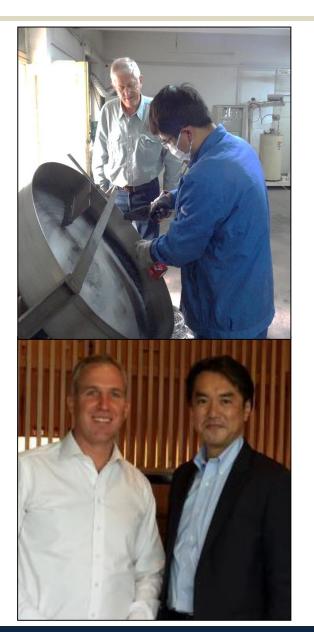
Note mining, processing, transport to FOB ~10-40kg/t CO2, shipping from Australia~50-80kg/t

^{*} Mouton, 2015,

Right product for development – Blue chip offtake support



- 50% of planned production under letters of intent (LOIs) demonstrates strategic value of product
- Bahrain Steel, 3mtpa direct reduction pellet feed
- Mitsubishi, 1.0mtpa of Supergrade pellet feed
- Gunvor, 1.0mtpa of Supergrade concentrate for smaller Chinese mills to replace domestic magnetite
- market fundamentals that drove early, failed investment in magnetite remains
- Hawsons has attractive capital intensity and higher quality product, therefore potential for better returns than earlier projects



Right strategy for development - More markets from which to attract support

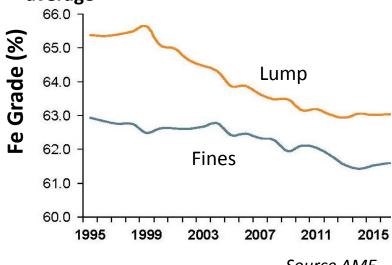


For Chinese, Japanese, Korean and other blast furnace (BF) steel producers Supergrade would be amongst the best raw material to

- lower fuel rates (coke price is increasing)
- increase productivity
- balance impurities from low quality ores
- In the case of pellets, substitute for diminishing sources of lump ore
- offset falling grades to maintain productivity over the long term
- commercialise low grade domestic pellet feed in China

Underpinning its strategic value and premium price

Iron ore Fe Content evolution - global average



Source AME

| | PCI coal kg/t hot metal | Slag kg/t hot metal | Coke kg/t hot metal |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 65.7% pellet | 140 | 134 | 322 |
| Base case 74% sinter | 160 | 286 | 353 |
| Improvement | 13% | 53% | 9% |

Source - Mouton, 2015, note CAP plans >67.5%Fe pellets

Right strategy for development - More markets from which to attract support



Direct reduction (DR) market

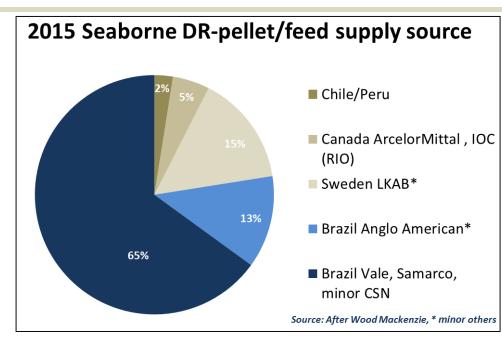
- supply concentrated by four majors (~90%)
- supplied by ~ 10 projects **

Hawsons offers

- rare, cost competitive, large volume, independent supply option to balance pricing power through the cycle
- equity supply opportunity (cf. majors)
- potential to blend with Indian ore reserves to optimise Indian DR production

Outlook

- DR demand is growing in particular markets esp. Middle East +15mtpa to 2020* and India
- increasingly competitive as coking coal prices set to increase BF costs







DR Summary in Appendix

* Wood Mackenzie, 2015, **MBR, 2015

Iron ore and steel outlook

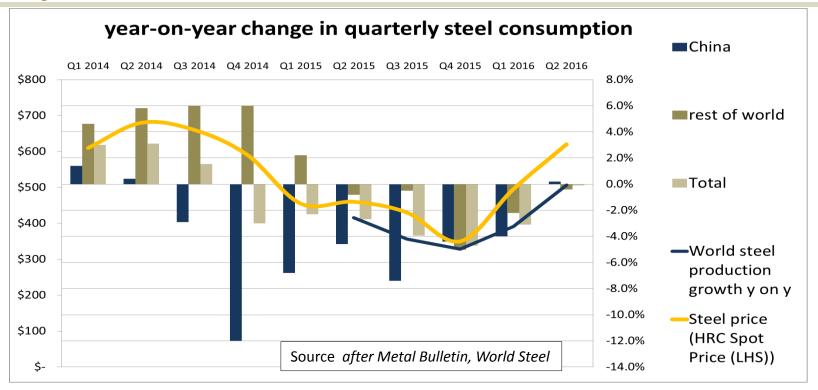


Hawsons targets production in 2020, the right time

| The road ahead | Negative | O No change | Positive | | | | | |
|---|--|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| CRU THE INDEPENDENT AUTHORITY MINING METALS FERTILIZERS | Effect on costs/prices Source CRU March 2016 | | | | | | | |
| Factor | 2014-2015 | 2016-2020 | Long-term | | | | | |
| Supply additions | FMG,AA,RTIO | Roy Hill, S11D | Uncertain | | | | | |
| Oil | Fall below \$50/bbl | \$80/bbl by 2020 | Recovery to \$100/bbl | | | | | |
| Freight | Collapse in freight rates | Sharp recovery | Further steady recovery | | | | | |
| FOREX | Widespread depreciation | Stabilisation in most currencies | Stabilisation in most currencies | | | | | |
| Demand | Demand correction in China | Demand stabilisation | Long-term demand story remains | | | | | |
| Productivity | Price falls drive gains | Price pressure to drive further increases | Price pressure to unwind | | | | | |
| Steel profitability | Collapse in Chinese steelmakers' profit | Increasing from low base | Continuing increase | | | | | |

Steel consumption – returning to growth Capacity closures in China to accelerate





- Steel production matches consumption and set to expand for first time in two years
- China set to reduce steel capacity by 120mt by 2018* ~21mtpa cut this year so far**
- Demand growth and steel capacity cuts to support steel prices and price premiums

^{*}State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission as reported by Global Times July 13 2017.

^{**}NDRC as reported by Peoples Daily August 8 2016

Iron ore and steel supply and demand

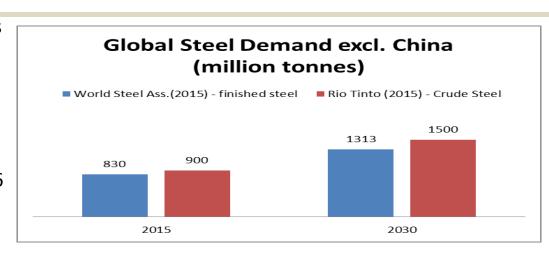


Global long term steel demand fundamentals are good

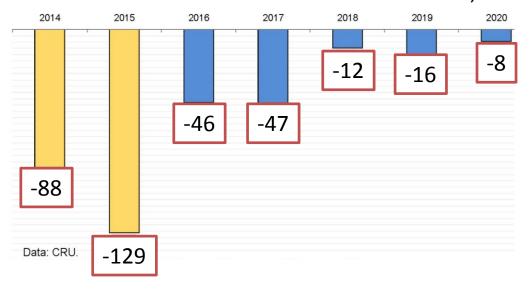
- 480-600mtpa of new steel (and iron ore) are required to 2030 (excl. China)
- BHP put forth similar figures (approx. ~600mtpa just this month 16 August 2016 (incl. China))
- That's 30-40mt demand growth each year
- New projects will be required to meet demand

Supply fundamentals are well understood

- ~100mt of new supply over the next two years, diminishing from 2018
- production exits required, likely mostly from China
- market to plan development of new projects ~2018 for 2020 production



DISPLACEMENT NEEDED TO BALANCE MARKET, Mt

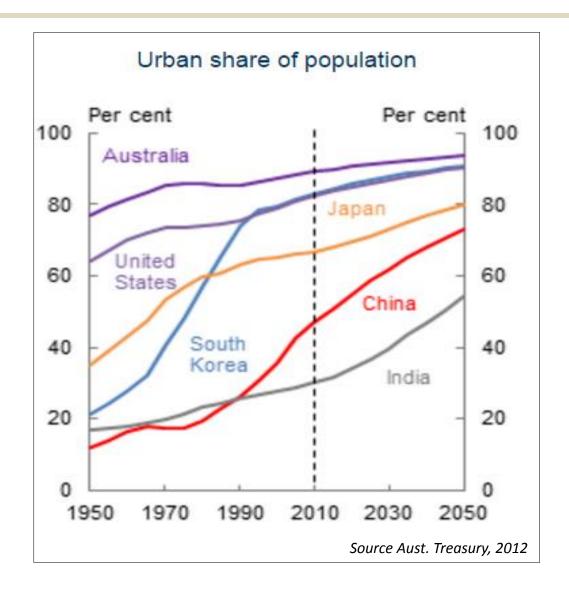


Source: World Steel Association, May and October 2015, Rio Tinto, March 2015, CRU March 2016

Strong fundamentals for steel and iron ore demand



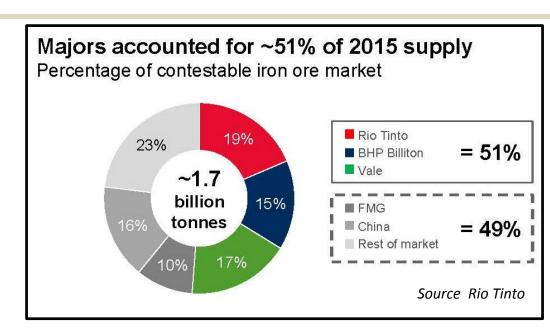
- China set 60% urbanisation target by 2020, or 72 million people from today (more than UK population)
- Trend to 70% by 2030 for over 200m people
- Chinese demand is becoming clearer as the Chinese steel industry reforms – steel stocks a long way to run



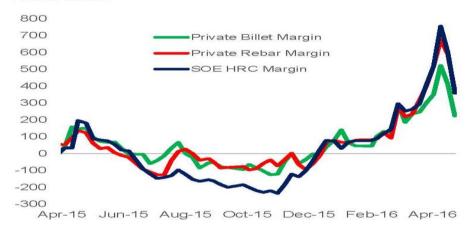
Forecast Iron Ore Price



- RIO, Vale, BHP and FMG account for 61% of the contestable seaborne market
- That means there is another ~660Mtpa to contest
- Long term prices to reflect the long run marginal cost of production
- On the delivered to China cost curve this is ~US\$65/t (90th percentile see FMG Metalytics cost curve August 2016)
- Consensus long term 62%Fe fines long term iron ore price is US\$60/t *
- High grade premiums to maintain strength as coking coal prices remain strong and steel mill profitability remains strong







Source: Mysteel, RTIO Analysis

^{*}Source https://www.vuma.com/public/consensus/rio July 2016

Hawsons work plan



Attract strategic investment to drive development by targeting-

- additional buyer support from Middle East, Indian, Asian and Chinese steel mills
- significant improvements in resource confidence, economic attractiveness and the release of pre-feasibility study results through
 - additional resource definition drilling
 - mine plan and engineering optimisation
 - infrastructure optimisation

Proceed with strategic support to -

- completion of bankable feasibility study (inside two years)
- production by early 2020

Examples of project optimisation potential Local infrastructure cost reduction potential ~US\$220m



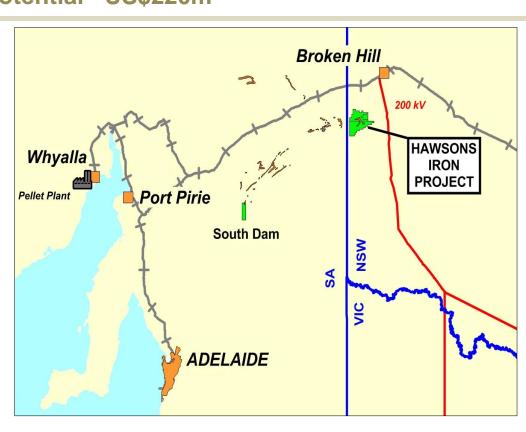
Port and pellet plant

Investigate the benefits of

- use of Whyalla as a port
- value adding by pelletising at Whyalla

Potential to

- improve revenues with DR pellet sales
- improve Hawsons product offering
- reduce port associated capital costs



Electricity – Hawsons large constant load is ideal for generators

 Solar and wind projects could benefit from additional local load potentially share infrastructure

Water – NSW govt. to secure Broken Hill water supply. Releases contingency costs from Hawsons

Possibility to investigate different production options

Why Carpentaria and Hawsons?



Right project– competitive cost targets and low development risk

Right product – Supergrade, the world's best pellet feed one of the few products meeting the current and future trends of the steel industry

Right strategy and right time

- developing end user support for the Supergrade product
- work program to increase confidence in project as market conditions improve adding value for shareholders and attracting end user support
- secure end user support to build the project and meet the market demand for new projects

Thank you for your attention

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www.capex.net.au





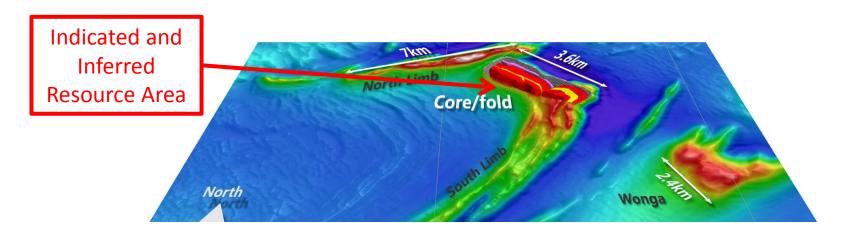


The information in this presentation that relates to Exploration Results, Exploration targets and Resources is based on information compiled by Q.S. Hill, who is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and has had sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralization and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Q.S.Hill is an employee of Carpentaria and consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.



Appendix - Resources – Long life, high capacity, over 260 Mt concentrate defined

| | | | Concentrate Grades | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|------|-------------------------------|--|
| Category | Billion Tonnes | Magnetite DTR% | Fe% | Al ₂ O ₃ % | P% ¹ | Si ₂ O ₂ % | LOI% | Contained Concentrate (Mt) | |
| Inferred | 1.554 | 14.7 | 69.6 | 0.20 | 0.20 0.004 | | -3.0 | 228 | |
| Indicated | 0.215 | 16.2 | 69.8 | 0.20 | 0.005 | 2.8 | -3.0 | 35 | |
| Total | 1.769 | 14.9 | 69.7 | 0.20 0.004 | | 0.004 2.9 | | 263 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |



The Company confirms that all assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the resource estimates continue to apply and have not materially changed since first reported on 26 March 2014.

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Carpentaria EXPLORATION

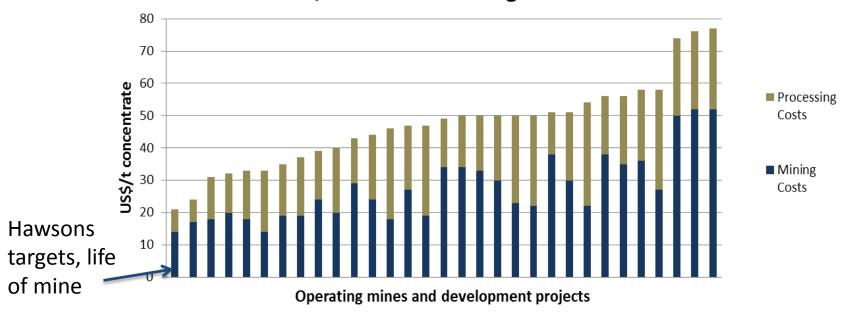
Appendix - Different ore, different cost



Unique and soft ore provides

- mining and processing cost targets ~US25/t less than average magnetite project
- Supergrade (70%Fe) to attract ~US15/t more than average 66%Fe concentrate
- Therefore target US\$40/t better margin

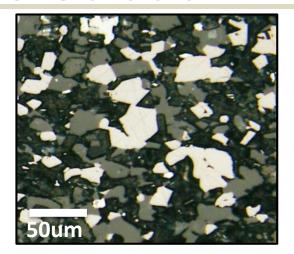
High quality concentrate mining and processing cost estimates 2020, not corrected for grade



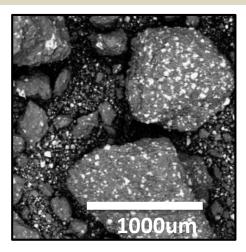
Source after Metalytics, company data

Appendix - Supergrade from unique siltstone ore





Natural grain size <50um easily achieved



Crushing stage generates high proportion of fines ~30% <150um



45% rejection at first magnetic separation



Ball Milling 100% <40um 7kwh/t





After second magnetic separation 66%Fe



Particle 1

Elutriation removes free silica upgrade > 69%Fe

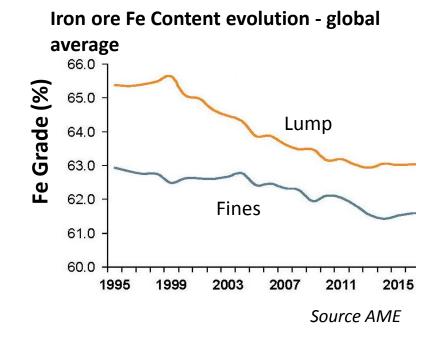
Appendix - Global iron ore quality is falling



Mine depletion is real with over 2.5bnt iron ore mined every year

BHP and Rio Tinto are planning to open new mines to replace depletion

Rio Tinto published resources and reserves indicate a fall in grade from 1.32bt at 62.5%Fe to 6.2bt at 60.6%Fe for its 8 Hammersley Pilbara Blend mines in the next decade based on current production rates.



Additional premiums over 62%Fe index boosts project economics



Direction reduction

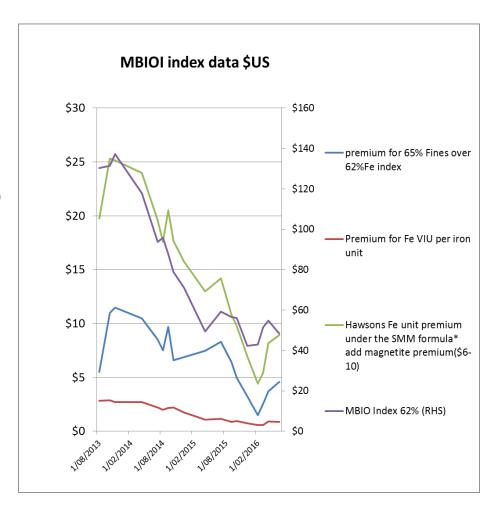
- DR pellet premiums are ~47/t for pellets **
- DR pellet feed price is negotiated

Blast furnace

- premiums vary according to productivity requirements
- Hawsons Supergrade pellet feed was set to attract US\$24.50 over the Platts 62% Fe index ref. price of US\$60/t (May 2015, SMM)*

Premium value supported by

- high grade, low slag
- superior pelletising characteristics
 - fine grain size
 - magnetite vs hematite
- superior pellet characteristics
 - strength
 - steelmaking properties



^{*} Platts 65%Fe + 5 x Platts Fe VIU + individual magnetite concentrate

^{**} Platts 65%Fe + Platts DR pellet premium

Appendix – Hawsons product quality



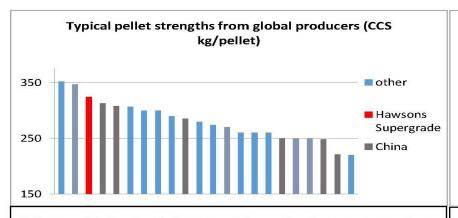
| Elements and Compounds | | Supergrade Pellet Feed (ALS, CISRI) | Supergrade pellets (CISRI) Fired at 1230°C | Midrex DR Specifications* | |
|---|---|--|--|------------------------------|--|
| | Fe | 70.3 | 67.80 | 67.00 min. | |
| | SiO ₂ | 1.99 | 2.39 | | |
| % | Al_2O_3 | 0.29 | 0.44 | | |
| chemical Analysis (%) (on dry basis) | SiO ₂ + Al ₂ O ₃ | 2.28 | 2.83 | 3.00 max. | |
| mical Analysis (on dry basis) | CaO | 0.11 | 0.15 | | |
| A I | MgO | 0.2 | 0.22 | | |
| ical | Р | 0.007 | 0.008 | 0.030 max. | |
| em (c | S | 0.001 | 0.003 | 0.008 max. | |
| -S | TiO ₂ | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.15 max. | |
| | Na₂O | 0.032 | 0.056 | | |
| | K₂O | 0.05 | 0.054 | | |
| – sa | Blaine Index (cm2/g) | 1910 | | | |
| Physical Properties | Tumble (% +6.3mm) | | 96.53 | NA | |
| hy do | Abrasion (% -0.5mm) | | 2.99 | NA | |
| | CCS (Kg/pellet) | | 324 | >250 | |
| ical | Reducibility Index (%) | | 62.04 | | |
| letallurgica Properties | Reduction swelling index (%) | | 13.92 | | |
| Reducibility Index (%) Reduction swelling index (9) Softening/Melting (Kpa. OC) | | | 551 | | |

Hawsons indicative specifications based on bulk pellet feed test work (ASX Announcement, 14 October 2015) and China Iron and Steel Research Institute test work (CISRI) in Beijing February 2016). *P8 The Midrex Process by Midrex 2015

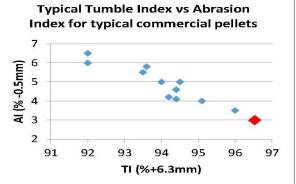
Appendix - Hawsons pellet making results



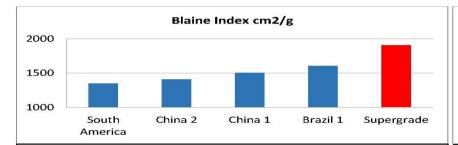
Physical Characteristics and pelletising properties



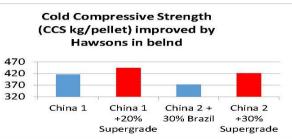
Pellet strength is important during transportation and handling to preserve optimum size for iron making productivity and high feed yields. Feedback from end users indicates over 280 is preferred, and over 300 is very good. Carpentaria has chosen pellet firing conditions to achieve over 300. *Data source, Company data, lab data, Poveromo 2015*



High tumble index (TI) and a low abrasion index (AI) is preferred because this minimises losses and preserves optimum size for iron making during transportation, handling. Supergrade pellets (red) are shown as outstanding. Data source, Company data, lab data, Poveromo 2015.



Blaine Index is a measure of grain surface area and the finer the grain size the higher the Blaine index. Generally a higher Blaine Index will deliver better pelletising properties. Hawsons high Blaine Index is achieved with little energy and reflects the natural size distribution of the magnetite within the ore. Typically others have to grind their ore much more to reach this grain size *Source*, *Lab and company data*

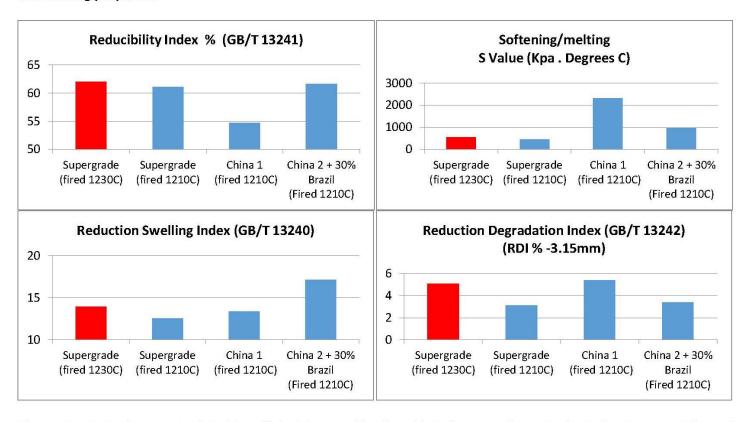


This chart shows that the exceptional Supergrade feed, when added to others improves the strength. It also reduces the amount of binding agent required. Source Lab Data

Appendix - Hawsons iron making results



Iron making properties



The parameters above are related to efficient iron making in a blast furnace. Supergrade performs very well on all factors. High numbers are preferred for reducibility index while lower values are preferred in softening and melting, reduction swelling and degradation indices. Addition of Supergrade into the China 1 blend significantly improves China 1 performance.

Appendix - Carbon price supporting information



| Country | CO2/t (USD) | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|---|
| Sweden | 168.00 | Carbon tax subject to exchange rate change since 2014 |
| Denmark | 31.00 | Carbon tax subject to exchange rate change since 2014 |
| Euro ETS est av. for 2020-2030 | 20.79 | Eurozone ETS est av. PwC survey 2016 for 2020-2030 |
| United Kingdom | 15.75 | Carbon tax on electricity generation |
| Korea | 15.20 | Emmissions trading on Korean markets March 2016 |
| Euro ETS ave. est. 2013-2020av. | 12.19 | Eurozone ETS ave. est. 2013-2020av. PwC survey 2016 for 2013-2020 |
| Euro ETS | 8.25 | Eurozone emission trading scheme |
| China (Beijing) | 7.50 | China trading market Chinacarbon.net, will apply to steel |
| Australia | 7.37 | Direct Action benchmark paid,2015 |
| China (Hubei 12mnth spot) | 4.05 | China trading market Chinacarbon.net |
| Japan | 2.00 | Carbon tax subject to exchange rate change since 2014 |



Beijing Carbon Market, source ChinaCarbon.net

Appendix - Direct reduction iron

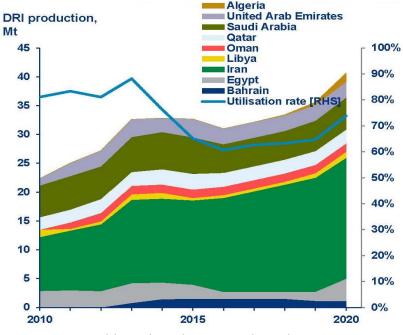


Benefits of DRI / EAF vs blast furnace

- less capital investment
- lower operating costs
- shorter construction period
- relies on availability of natural gas
- boosted by shortage of coking coal
- flexibility of production capacity, can be on or off more easily than a BF
- lower CO2 emissions

DRI production to increase in MENA to 2020

- DRI reduction agent is gas not metallurgical coal
- as metallurgical prices rise, DRI becomes more competitive
- India would benefit from a supplement to its hematite and goethite DR feed to increase productivity



Source World Steel, Midrex, Wood Mackenzie May 2016

Largest producers of DRI 2015 World Steel Assoc.

| Country | Production 2015 mt | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| India | 18.1 | | | | | |
| Iran | 14.6 | | | | | |
| MENA | 14.1 | | | | | |
| Mexico | 5.6 | | | | | |
| Total 2015 | ~66 | | | | | |

Appendix - Suggested pricing for CAP's pellet feed



102.35

Suggested Pricing for CAP's Pellet Feed and Pellet

| Benchmark | Platts 65% | Fe | S | | Si | Al | | Р | \$/dmt | | Fe Differential (\$/dmt) |
|-------------|-----------------------------|---|--------|-----|--|-------|----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| | | 65% | 0.02% | 0 | 3.50% | 1% | C | 0.075% 68.75 | | | 1.2 |
| | | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| | CAP Pellet Feed | Fe | S | | Si | Al | | Р | | | |
| | | 70% | 0.002% | 6 | 1.50% | 0.23% | 0 | .004% | | | |
| Pellet Feed | Benchmark Price (\$/dmt) | Fe Adjustment | | | | | | Pellet Feed | | rias (flamt) | |
| | Platts 65% | | | | e adjustment Total Fe (\$/dmt) Adjustment | | t | Premium (\$/dmt) | | Price (\$/dmt) | |
| | 68.75 | 5 | | 1.2 | | 6 | 10* | | 10* | | 84.75 |
| , | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | CAP Pellet | Fe | 5 | 3 | Si | Al | | Р | | | |
| | OAI T CHEC | 68% | 0.00 | 2% | 1.50% | 0.23% | (| 0.004% | | | |
| | Daniel Daie | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pellet | Benchmark Price (\$/dmt) | Fe Adjustment | | | | | Pellet Premium | | | Duine (Allent) | |
| | Platts 65% | Fe Differential Unit Fe adjustment against Benchmark (\$/dmt) | | | Total Fe Adjustmen | t | (\$/dmt) | | Price (\$/dmt) | | |

Note: Platts price here is based on 22nd May US\$60.25/t for 62%Fe fines.

3

1.2

Result based on survey of Chinese steel plants totalling 25% of Chinese industry *This adjustment varied in the survey between US\$4-12/t depending on source and product

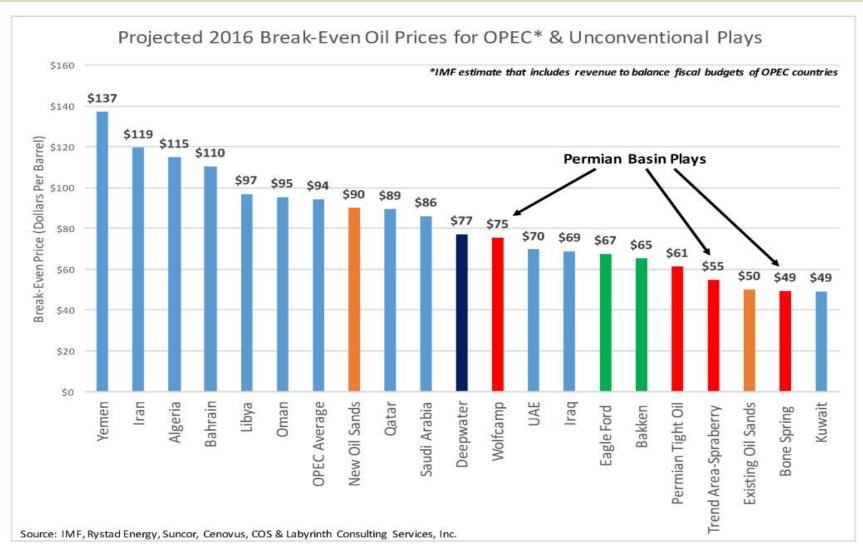
3.6

30

68.75

Appendix - Oil price – set to rise? Improves Hawsons' comparative advantage on location and currency





High grade competitors from Brazil and Canada to experience appreciating currency and higher freight charges as the oil price recovers