

# RUM JUNGLE RESOURCES LTD

## Financial Statements 2016



# RUM JUNGLE RESOURCES LTD

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## DIRECTORS' REPORT

## CORPORATE DIRECTORY

<b>Directors:</b>	Mr David Muller	Chairman and Non-Executive Director
	Mr Robert Cooper	Non-Executive Director
	Mr Jeff Landels	Non-Executive Director
	Mr Chris Tziolis	Managing Director

<b>Company Secretary:</b>	Mr Bruce Arnold	Chief Financial Officer
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**Rum Jungle Resources Ltd ABN:** **33 122 131 622**

**Notice of Annual General Meeting:** Annual General Meeting of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd

Ashurst Lawyers  
Held at: Level 26  
181 William Street,  
Melbourne, Vic 3000

Time: 11.00 am  
Date: Thursday 24<sup>th</sup> November 2016

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**Registered Office:** Unit 20  
90 Frances Bay Drive  
Stuart Park, Northern Territory, 0820

**Share Registry:** Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited  
Yarra Falls  
452 Johnston Street  
Abbotsford, Victoria 3067

Telephone: 1300 850 505 (within Australia)  
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Facsimile: + 61 3 9473 2570

**Auditor:** KPMG  
Chartered Accountants  
18 Smith Street  
Darwin, Northern Territory, 0800

**Stock Exchange Listing:** ASX Limited  
Securities Code RUM: Shares

**E-mail:** [info@rumjungleresources.com.au](mailto:info@rumjungleresources.com.au)

**Website Address:** [www.rumjungleresources.com.au](http://www.rumjungleresources.com.au)

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### MISSION STATEMENT

Rum Jungle Resources Ltd's (RUM) strategic intent is to create shareholder value through the discovery, development and operation of fertiliser and industrial mineral projects, located in close proximity to existing transport infrastructure, with a primary focus on the Northern Territory of Australia.

Rum Jungle Resources Ltd's portfolio of projects includes the global scale Ammaroo Phosphate Project, a portfolio of sulphate of potash projects and the Dingo Hill Silica Project.

## FINANCIAL REPORT – 30 JUNE 2016

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# RUM JUNGLE RESOURCES LTD

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report together with the consolidated financial statements of the Group comprising Rum Jungle Resources Ltd (the Company) and its subsidiaries for the year ended 30 June 2016 and the auditor's report thereon.

### DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company at any time during or since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report:

Mr David Muller	Non-Executive Chairman
Mr Robert Cooper	Non-Executive Director (Appointed 1 July 2016)
Mr Jeff Landels	Non-Executive Director
Mr Chris Tziolis	Managing Director

### COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr Bruce Arnold BAgEc, CA was appointed Company Secretary on 31 July 2013 and has held the role of Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer for a number of public companies.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group during the course of the financial year were the exploration and evaluation of fertiliser minerals (in particular phosphate and sulphate of potash) and exploration for other minerals in northern and central Australia.

### DIVIDENDS

The Directors recommend that no dividend be paid or declared at this point in time. No amounts have been paid or declared by way of dividends during the year.

### OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### Review of Operations

A detailed operations review and highlights discussion is included in front section of this annual report.

#### Operating Results

The consolidated entity recorded a loss after tax of \$5,060,223 after impairment and write downs of \$3,543,454 in exploration costs (2015 loss \$1,922,469). The impairment reflects the assessment of future potential made in relation to areas of interest that have been deemed non-prospective and where no further testing is anticipated. In this situation costs associated with the tenements are impaired and written off in the profit or loss and other comprehensive income statement. Corporate costs of \$1,857,256 (2015 \$2,281,968) decreased during the year reflecting focus on containing costs. Exploration and evaluation expenditure (including tenement holding costs and development studies in prior years) for the year was \$1,918,847 (2015 \$4,065,288).

#### Shareholder Performance

	2016	2015	2014	2013
Loss attributable to shareholders (\$)	5,060,223	1,922,469	7,317,965	12,030,698
Basic EPS (Loss) cents per share	(1.27)	(0.50)	(0.42)	(5.34)
Dividends	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Closing Share price at 30 June	\$0.02	\$0.051	\$0.086	\$0.125

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### Review of Financial Position

The Group's net assets increased by 11.7% compared to the prior year reflecting the equity raising from the rights issue of \$10,619,918 (net of costs) less the loss from operations for the year. The cash balance was \$12,175,854 at 30 June 2016.

### Future Developments, Business Strategies and Prospects

The Group strategy is to actively continue its evaluation and project development activities in Northern Australia. The principal focus in the short to medium term will be the Ammaroo phosphate bankable feasibility study and to a limited extent Karinga Lakes potash projects. Other prospects considered to have potential (including Silica) will have work programmes sufficient to maintain the tenements and enable assessment of the areas of interest in the medium term.

The overarching objective is to progress the phosphate bankable feasibility study and obtain approvals to enable value to be realised through the development of a fertiliser mineral production business in due course.

### Business Risks

#### **Economic Factors**

Share market conditions may affect the value of the Company's quoted securities regardless of operating performance. Share market conditions are affected by many factors such as economic outlook; interest and inflation rates; currency exchange rates; investor sentiment; demand and supply of capital; terrorism or other hostilities and fiscal, monetary and regulatory policies.

#### **Market Conditions**

The market price of the shares in the Company can rise and fall and may be subject to unpredictable influences on the market and exploration stocks in particular. The future performance or return on investment cannot be warranted. A key risk for a minerals development company to manage is the need to maintain access to capital markets in order to source equity from new and existing shareholders to fund the retention of land tenure, feasibility studies and to progress towards project development.

#### **Tenement Title**

Each tenement is for a specific term with annual expenditure and reporting obligations as well as conditions requiring compliance. Consequently the Company could lose tenements if conditions are not met or if insufficient funds are available to meet expenditure commitments as and when they arise. The inability to meet tenement conditions may affect the operations, financial position and /or performance of the Company.

#### **Native Title**

Areas of interest are potentially subject to native title claims and identification of areas of cultural significance which may affect future operations or performance if relevant agreements cannot be established.

#### **Political, Commodity Price and Exchange Rate Risks**

The potential to establish the timing and investment in projects and operations will depend on, expected revenues that will be exposed to commodity price and exchange rate risk which are impacted by volatility in international markets and political factors including approvals to operate.

#### **Upgrading Resources to Reserves**

Resource and reserve estimates are judgments based on knowledge, experience and industry practice. By their nature resource estimates are imprecise and depend on interpretations which can lead to variations through an ore body.

#### **Environmental Risk**

Exploration and project development activity has the potential to cause environmental disturbance and exposure if it is not managed. Rehabilitation is conducted progressively but not withstanding this unforeseen environmental liabilities may arise.

### **SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS**

As an exploration company the regular access to capital markets and ongoing support from shareholders is necessary to support exploration programmes. A Rights issue raised \$10,619,918 (net of costs) and the cash balance increased by \$8,522,105 over the year.

Other than as noted above or otherwise disclosed in this report, there were no other significant changes in the nature of activities that occurred during the course of the financial year under review.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

No matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Group's operations, the results of those operations or the Group's state of affairs, in subsequent financial years.

### LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Group proposes to continue its project development activities. Specifically, the company aims to continue phosphate evaluation activities on the Ammaroo project. The completion of a bankable feasibility study and approvals will form the basis for potential to actively pursue project investment and financing. The implementation of off-take agreements and the attraction of development and financing partnerships will be critical in moving the project forward. Neither of these are currently in place.

### ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The Group has a policy of complying with its environmental performance obligations in accordance with regulations determined by statute and regional entities in the areas in which it undertakes its exploration activities. The directors of the Group are not aware of any breach of environmental legislation or any matter which requires disclosure with respect to any significant environmental regulation associated with its operating activities.

### INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

#### **Mr David Muller**

***Chairman – Non-Executive***

***Qualifications*** BSc, MSc, MBA, FAusIMM

#### ***Experience and Expertise***

Appointed to Rum Jungle Resources Ltd board in October 2006

Mr Muller is a geologist with 45 years' experience in the Australian mining and exploration industries. He graduated in 1965 with a BSc in geology from the University of Melbourne and commenced as a geologist with Electrolytic Zinc Co of A'asia Ltd. He was the project leader in the discovery of the Beltana Zinc deposit in South Australia from 1967 to 1969 and was awarded a Master of Science degree by the University of Melbourne for work on this project. During this period EZ was also involved with Geopeko in the discovery of the Ranger Uranium deposit in the Northern Territory. Mr Muller was a senior geologist with EZ in charge of the Western Australian operation when he left the company in 1972 to undertake the Master of Business Administration course at the University of Melbourne from 1972 to 1974. During this period he worked as a mining adviser to share brokers May and Mellor.

Whilst with May and Mellor he was involved in financing and mergers of listed junior mining companies. He worked closely with the Pancontinental Mining Ltd Board and assisted the company to restructure in the early days of the Jabiluka uranium discovery.

In 1975 Mr Muller returned to Perth and spent four years in private exploration and eventually listed his endeavours as Samantha Mines NL of which he was chairman. He then listed associated companies Samson Exploration NL and Cape Range Oil NL. These companies were involved in successful gold exploration and development of mining operations. Cape Range Oil was the original partner in the discovery of the Tubridgi Gas Field at Onslow, WA. He lost control of these companies in a take-over battle in 1985.

In 1985 Mr Muller once again set out on his own and created Julia Mines NL ("Julia") in the same year. Julia went on to develop wholly owned gold operations at Goongarrie, Menzies and Kambalda (Paris Gold Mine). He held the position of Executive Chairman and subsequently Managing Director. He was with Julia Mines for 18 years prior to retiring in 2003 when he embarked upon private exploration in the Northern Territory, where he established financial relations with six listed mining companies. Subsequent to that he selected and acquired all the areas that formed the basis of the Rum Jungle Resources Ltd Prospectus and acted as Managing Director until 30 June 2014.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS (continued)

#### **Mr Robert Cooper**

**Non-Executive Director**

**Qualifications** BE (Mining), MEngSc, MAusIMM CP(Min)

#### **Experience and Expertise**

Appointed to Rum Jungle Resources Ltd board in July 2016.

Mr Cooper is a mining engineer with more than 25 years' industry experience, having held leadership roles across a diverse range of commodities, both in Australia and overseas. He has a broad foundation of operating and technical experience in both operations and project development. He has held leadership positions with BHP Billiton as General Manager of Leinster Nickel Operations within Nickel West, Project Manager of a BHP Billiton-wide project, and as Asset President of Ekati Diamonds in Canada. More recently he has held positions with Discovery Metals as General Manager - Operations in Botswana and as General Manager - Development in their Brisbane office. Mr Cooper is currently the CEO of CopperChem Limited and Exco Resources Limited, both of which are 100% owned subsidiaries of the Washington H Soul Pattinson Group of companies.

Following a rights issue under a prospectus dated 17 May 2016 Mr Cooper was nominated to the Board by Rum Jungle Resources major shareholder Washington H Soul Pattinson which holds 38.28% after underwriting the Rights Issue.

#### Other Listed Directorships

Syndicated Metals Limited

#### **Mr Jeff Landels**

**Non-Executive Director**

**Qualifications** BSc (Hons)

#### **Experience and Expertise**

Appointed to Rum Jungle Resources Ltd board in October 2012.

Mr Landels was the General Manager of (then) Western Mining Corporation's fertiliser Operations at Phosphate Hill, Mt Isa and Townsville from 2002 to 2006. Prior to this he spent over 30 years in the pulp and paper industry in both Australia and New Zealand. He was the Group General Manager for PaperlinX at its Gippsland operations and General Manager at AMCOR's Maryvale operations.

#### **Mr Chris Tziolis**

**Managing Director**

**Qualifications** BSc, MA, MBA, MAICD

#### **Experience and Expertise**

Appointed to Rum Jungle Resources Ltd board in June 2013.

Mr Tziolis was appointed to Rum Jungle Resources as Director of Development Projects in October 2012. On 30 June 2014 he was appointed as Managing Director. Prior to this he held senior management roles at Rio Tinto, most recently as the Chief Development Officer of Energy Resources of Australia Ltd. He was also the Manager of Business Development and Manager of Rail and Port Infrastructure with Rio Tinto Coal Australia. Prior to Rio Tinto, he was a consultant with McKinsey and Company primarily engaged on strategy development and operational performance improvement for global mining companies. Mr Tziolis commenced his career as an operations officer in the Royal Australian Navy which included command of a patrol vessel. He is a Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and has an MBA, MA in International Relations and a BSc in Chemistry.

# RUM JUNGLE RESOURCES LTD

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

The number of Board meetings held during the year for each director who held office during the financial year and the numbers of meetings attended by each director is as follows:

	Board Meetings of Directors		Audit Committee	
	Number eligible to attend	Meetings attended	Number eligible to attend	Meetings attended
David Muller	9	8	2	2
Jeff Landels	9	9	2	2
Chris Tziolis	9	9	-	*-

\* Participated by invitation

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The relevant interests of the directors (and related parties) in securities of the Company at the date of this report are as follows:

	Ordinary shares	Options over ordinary shares
David Muller	20,840,590	-
Robert Cooper	1,500,000	-
Jeff Landels	300,000	-
Chris Tziolis	2,125,025	5,000,000

### SHARES UNDER OPTIONS

Unissued ordinary shares of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd under option at the date of this report are as follows:

Grant date	Vesting date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Number of options
01/07/2014	01/07/2014	01/07/2018	* \$0.1601	4,550,000
01/07/2014	01/07/2015	01/07/2019	* \$0.2101	3,550,000
				<u>8,100,000</u>

\* Updated in accordance with the plan rules after Rights issue.

No option holder has any right under the options to participate in any other share issue of the Company or any other entity.

### Shares issued on the exercise of options

During the year ended 30 June and to the date of this report there were no shares issued on the exercise of options.



## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### REMUNERATION REPORT – AUDITED

#### (a) Policy for determining the nature and amount of key management personnel remuneration

The Board of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd is responsible for determining and reviewing compensation arrangements for the directors, chief executive officer and the executive team. The Board's remuneration policy is to ensure that the remuneration package properly reflects the person's duties and responsibilities, with the overall objective of ensuring maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of a high quality Board and executive team. Such officers can be given the opportunity to receive their base emolument in a variety of forms. It is intended that the manner of payment chosen will be optimal for the recipient without creating undue cost to the Group.

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of non-executive director and executive remuneration is separate and distinct.

##### *(i) Non-Executive Director Remuneration*

###### **Objective**

The Board seeks to set aggregate remuneration at a level which provides the Company with the ability to attract and retain directors of the highest calibre, whilst incurring a cost which is acceptable to shareholders.

###### **Structure**

Remuneration of non-executive directors is determined by the Board, within the maximum amount approved by the shareholders from time to time (currently set at an aggregate of \$250,000 per annum). The Board intends to undertake an annual review of its performance and the performance of the Board committees against goals set at the start of the year.

The amount of aggregate remuneration sought to be approved by shareholders and the manner in which it is apportioned amongst the directors is reviewed annually. The Board may consider advice from external consultants as well as the fees paid to non-executive directors of comparable companies when undertaking its annual review.

Each director receives a fee for being a director of the Company. Directors who are called upon to perform extra services beyond the director's ordinary duties may be paid for those services on a rate commercial basis. Options may also be issued to directors with the approval of shareholders.

##### *(ii) Senior Executive Remuneration (including executive directors)*

###### **Objective**

The Company aims to reward executives with a level and mix of remuneration commensurate with their position and responsibilities within the Company and to:

- Reward executives for company, business unit and individual performance against targets set by reference to appropriate benchmarks;
- Align the interest of executives with those of shareholders;
- Link reward with the strategic goals and performance of the Company; and
- Ensure total remuneration is competitive by market standards.

###### **Structure**

In determining the level and make-up of executive remuneration, the Board may obtain independent advice from external consultants on market levels of remuneration for comparable executive roles. It is the Board's policy that employment contracts are entered into with all senior executives.

##### *(iii) Variable remuneration – Short and Long Term Incentives (executives and executive directors)*

###### **Objective**

The objectives of incentives are to:

- Recognize the ability and efforts of the employees of the Company who have contributed to the success of the Company and to provide them with rewards where deemed appropriate;
- Provide an incentive to the employees to achieve the long term objectives of the Company and improve the performance of the Company; and
- Attract persons of experience and ability to employment with the Company and foster and promote loyalty between the Company and its employees.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### REMUNERATION REPORT – AUDITED (continued)

#### Structure

Long term incentives granted to senior executives are options issued in accordance with an Employee Share Option Plan, which has been subject to shareholders' approval. At the commencement of each financial year, the Company and each senior executive will agree upon a set of financial and non-financial objectives related to the senior executive's job responsibilities and targeted to the business and financial performance. There is currently no short term incentive scheme and no bonuses are paid while the company in exploration phase.

#### (b) Remuneration, Company performance and shareholder wealth.

The development of remuneration policies and structure are considered in relation to the effect on Company performance and shareholder wealth. They are designed by the Board to align Director and executive behaviour with improving Company performance and, ultimately shareholder wealth.

The Board considers at this stage in the Company's development, that share price growth itself is an adequate measure of total shareholder return.

Executives are currently remunerated based on a base pay and options. The options granted are considered by the Board to provide an alignment between the employees' and shareholders' interests.

#### (c) Key management personnel

Unless otherwise stated, the following persons were key management personnel of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd during the financial year under review:

Name	Date appointed	Date resigned	Position held
David Muller	13 October 2006		Chairman
Jeff Landels	18 October 2012		Non-executive Director
Chris Tziolis	15 October 2012		Managing Director
Bruce Arnold	31 July 2013		Company Secretary/Chief Financial Officer
Nigel Doyle	1 February 2008		Exploration Manager

#### (d) Details of remuneration

Compensation paid, or payable by the Company to key management personnel is set out below. Key management personnel include all directors of the Company and executives who, in the opinion of the Board have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the Group directly or indirectly.

2016	Short-term benefits		Post-employment	Share-based payments	Proportion of remuneration share based	
	Salary and fees	Non Cash	Superannuation	Options	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
<b>Non-executive directors</b>						
David Muller	*60,000	-	5,700	-	65,700	-
Jeff Landels	*40,000	-	3,800	-	43,800	-
<b>Total non-executive directors</b>	<b>100,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>9,500</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>109,500</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Executive director</b>						
Chris Tziolis	*330,000	-	30,000	-	360,000	-
<b>Total executive directors</b>	<b>330,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>30,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>360,000</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Other key management personnel</b>						
Bruce Arnold	200,000	21,810	19,000	-	240,810	-
Nigel Doyle	200,000	-	19,000	-	219,000	-
<b>Total other key management personnel</b>	<b>400,000</b>	<b>21,810</b>	<b>38,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>459,810</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total directors' and executive remuneration</b>	<b>830,000</b>	<b>21,810</b>	<b>77,500</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>929,310</b>	<b>-</b>

\* Note that directors' fees and salary were agreed to being reduced by 20% in 2015/16 year.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### REMUNERATION REPORT AUDITED (continued)

2015	Short-term benefits		Post-employment	Share-based payments	Proportion of remuneration performance based	
	Salary and fees	Non Cash	Superannuation	Options	Total	%
	\$		\$	\$	\$	
<b>Non-executive directors</b>						
David Muller Chairman	75,000	-	7,125	-	82,125	-
Robert Annells	50,000	-	-	-	50,000	-
Jeff Landels	50,000	-	4,750	-	54,750	-
<b>Total non-executive directors</b>	<b>175,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11,875</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>186,875</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Executive directors</b>						
Chris Tziolis	420,000	-	30,000	120,800	570,800	21.1
David Muller	*262,500	-	-	-	262,500	-
<b>Total executive directors</b>	<b>682,500</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>30,000</b>	<b>120,800</b>	<b>833,300</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Other key management personnel</b>						
Bruce Arnold	200,000	24,717	19,000	19,440	263,157	7.3
Nigel Doyle	200,000	-	19,000	36,450	255,450	14.3
<b>Total other key management personnel</b>	<b>400,000</b>	<b>24,717</b>	<b>38,000</b>	<b>55,890</b>	<b>518,607</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total directors' and executive remuneration</b>	<b>1,257,500</b>	<b>24,717</b>	<b>79,875</b>	<b>176,690</b>	<b>1,538,782</b>	<b>-</b>

\* Termination payment of \$262,500 was paid to David Muller in July 2014 in recognition of 7 years of services to the company on retirement as Chief Executive Officer.

There were no bonus payments in 2015 or 2014.

#### (e) Service agreements

On appointment to the Board, non-executive directors enter into service agreements with the Company in the form of a letter of appointment. The letter summarises the Board's policies and terms, including compensation, relevant to the office of director.

Remuneration and other terms of employment for the Managing Director and other key management personnel are recorded in service agreements. Major provisions of the agreements relating to remuneration are set out below.

##### Chris Tziolis, Executive Director – Managing Director

- Term of Agreement – open ended effective 1 July 2014.
- Base package \$360,000 including SGC superannuation.
- Contract may be terminated by executive giving three month's notice or payment in lieu thereof.
- Company may terminate (without cause) by giving 12 months notice or payment in lieu of notice or a combination of notice and a payment in lieu.
- Company may terminate immediately where there is cause.

##### Bruce Arnold, Company Secretary & Chief Financial Officer

- Term of Agreement – open ended commencing 24 July 2013.
- Contract may be terminated by either party with one month's notice or payment in lieu thereof.

##### Nigel Doyle, Exploration Manager

- Term of Agreement – open ended commencing 1 February 2008.
- Contract may be terminated by either party with one month's notice or payment in lieu thereof.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED (continued)

#### Note - Director's Fees and salary 2015 to 2016

As advised to the ASX 30 June 2015 the Directors agreed to reduce non-executive Director's fees and the Managing Directors fixed remuneration by 20% effective 1 July 2015. This reflects the current market status in the resources industry and will support the Company's general approach to preserving cash in the current cycle.

#### (f) Share-based compensation

Details of options over ordinary shares in the Company provided as remuneration to each director of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd and each of the key management personnel of the Group are set out below. When exercised, each option is convertible into one ordinary share of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd. Options are issued by the Board and the exercise price is double the average weighted share price at the date of being awarded. There are no other performance criteria.

	Grant Date	No. of options	No. of options vested during year	Fair value per option at grant date (cents)	Exercise price (cents)	Expiry date	Date exercisable
Chris Tziolis	01/07/14*	3,000,000	-	2.36	16.01	01/07/18	01/07/14
Chris Tziolis	01/07/14*	2,000,000	-	2.50	21.01	01/07/19	01/07/15
Nigel Doyle	01/07/14	750,000	-	2.36	16.01	01/07/18	01/07/14
Nigel Doyle	01/07/14	750,000	-	2.50	21.01	01/07/19	01/07/15
Bruce Arnold	01/07/14	400,000	-	2.36	16.01	01/07/18	01/07/14
Bruce Arnold	01/07/14	400,000	-	2.50	21.01	01/07/19	01/07/15

\* Issued and documented following 2014 AGM after shareholder approval.

Options are granted to attract and retain key management personnel and the number set by the Board.

There is no performance hurdles attaching to the options granted other than service vesting conditions that the employee must be employed to exercise the options. In the event of termination (specified circumstances) only vested options are entitled to be exercised up to 30 days after termination. Unvested options are forfeited unless retained with Board approval.

During the year there were no alterations to the terms and conditions of options granted since their grant date.

#### Analysis of movements in options

During the year no options were issued under the Company's Employee Share Option Plan. 10,500,000 options lapsed or expired as the exercise price was above the spot share price at the time. As at 30 June 2016 the Company's share price was 2 cents.

	A Value of options granted	B Value of options exercised	C Value at expiry date	D Remuneration that consists of options
	\$	\$	\$	%
<b>Directors of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd</b>				
Jeff Landels	-	-	74,000	-
David Muller	-	-	185,000	-
Chris Tziolis	-	-	64,500	-
<b>Other key management personnel</b>				
Nigel Doyle	-	-	-	-
Bruce Arnold	-	-	-	-

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED (continued)

A = the value at grant date, calculated in accordance with AASB 2 – Share-based Payment, of options granted during the year as part of remuneration.

B = the value at exercise date of options that were granted as part of remuneration and were exercised during the year, being the intrinsic value (spot price less exercise price) of the options at that date.

C = the value at lapse or expiry date of options that were granted as part of remuneration and that lapsed during the year. The value is determined at the time of lapsing and usually out of the money at the expiry.

D = the percentage of the value of remuneration consisting of options, based on the value of options expensed during the current year.

As the options generally vest immediately the assessed fair value at grant date of options granted to the individuals is expensed in the reporting period in which the grant occurs and the amount is included in the remuneration tables appearing on the previous page. Fair values at grant date are independently determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.

For each grant of options, the percentage of the grant value that vested in the financial year, and the percentage that was forfeited because the person did not meet the service performance criteria, are set out below. The options usually expire after 3 to 4 years. Because the options vest immediately upon grant, there are no minimum or maximum options yet to vest.

	Year granted	Vested	Forfeited	Financial years in which the options vest
		%	%	
<i>Directors of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd</i>				
David Muller	2012	100	100	2012
Jeff Landels	2012	100	100	2012
Chris Tziolis	2012	100	100	2013
Chris Tziolis	2014	100	-	2014 & 2015
<i>Other key management personnel</i>				
Nigel Doyle	2014	100	-	2014 & 2015
Bruce Arnold	2014	100	-	2014 & 2015

### Option holdings

The numbers of options over ordinary shares in the company held during the financial year by each director of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd and other key management personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties, are set out below:

Name	Balance at start of year	Granted as Compensation	Exercised	Other Changes	Balance at end of year	Vested and exercisable
<i>Directors of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd</i>						
D W Muller	5,000,000	-	-	(5,000,000)	-	-
J D Landels	2,000,000	-	-	(2,000,000)	-	-
C N Tziolis	6,500,000	-	-	(1,500,000)	5,000,000	5,000,000
<i>Other key management personnel of the Group</i>						
N J Doyle	1,500,000	-	-	-	1,500,000	1,500,000
B W Arnold	800,000	-	-	-	800,000	800,000

# RUM JUNGLE RESOURCES LTD

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED (continued)

#### Share holdings

The number of shares in the company held during the financial year by each director of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd and other key management personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties are set out below. There were no shares granted during the reporting period as compensation.

Name	Balance at start of the year	Received during the year on exercise of options	Other changes during the year	Balance at end of the year
<b>Directors of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd</b>				
<b>Ordinary Shares</b>				
D W Muller and related parties	8,400,522	-	12,440,068	20,840,590
J D Landels and related parties	-	-	300,000	300,000
C N Tziolis and related parties	500,000	-	1,625,025	2,125,025
<b>Other key management personnel of the Group</b>				
N J Doyle and related parties	328,299	-	492,448	820,747
B W Arnold and related parties	-	-	186,800	186,800

#### End of Remuneration Report – Audited

## INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

During or since the end of the year, the Company has not given any indemnity to a current or former officer or auditor against a liability or made any agreement under which an officer or auditor may be given any indemnity of the kind covered by the Corporations Act 2001.

During the year, the Company paid premiums in respect of directors' and officers' indemnity insurance contracts for the period ended 30 June 2016. The insurance contracts offer continued indemnity to officers of the Company where the person is no longer an officer at the time the claim is made. The Company paid a premium of \$31,250 to insure the directors and secretaries of the Company during the financial year. This does not include such liabilities that arise from conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for them or someone else or to cause detriment to the Company.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

The Company is not aware that any person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings in which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to proceedings during the year or to the date of this report.

### NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Company and/or the Group is appropriate.

The board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services is compatible with and did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed to ensure that they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor;
- the services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to Auditor independence as set out in APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants*.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditors for audit services provided during the year are set out in note 17 in the financial report.

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for non-audit services provided by the auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

	Consolidated Group	
	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Non-audit services		
Taxation services	-	-
R&D support	83,944	-
<b>Total remuneration for non-audit services</b>	<b>83,944</b>	<b>-</b>

### AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 16.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



David W Muller

Chairman



Chris N Tziolis

Managing Director

Darwin, Northern Territory  
28 September 2016

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board of Directors is responsible for the corporate governance of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd (the Company) and its controlled entities (the Group). The Group acknowledges and adopts the best practice where reasonable, taking into account the size of the company and its activities when establishing policy and procedures. Corporate governance is having a set of core values and behaviours that ensure integrity, accountability and protection of the interests of all stakeholders – including shareholders, personnel, suppliers and communities in which the Group operates.

The Board of Directors supports the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3rd Edition, released in March 2014) (ASX Recommendations) developed by the ASX Corporate Governance Council (Council) and in accordance with ASX listings rules uses these principles as guidelines for establishing policy and procedures.

The Company's endeavours to follow guidelines and practices are broadly consistent with the ASX Recommendations. In some instances the Board considers that the implementation of a small number of ASX Recommendations is not appropriate or reasonable given the size of the company and the scale of operations as the company is in exploration and evaluation phase at this point in time.

The Corporate Governance Statement (CGS) and ASX Appendix 4G – Key to Disclosures lodged to the ASX disclose the extent to which the Company has followed the ASX Recommendations or otherwise departed from recommendations during the Reporting Period. The statement is current to the date 28<sup>th</sup> September 2016 and addresses the following principles:

### **ASX Corporate Governance Principles**

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Principle 2 – Structure the Board to add value

Principle 3 – Act ethically and responsibly

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

Principle 6 – Respect the rights of security holders

Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

The Company's 2016 Corporate Governance Statement, ASX Appendix 4G (Key to Disclosures of Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations) and other ancillary corporate governance related documents can also be sourced on the Company's website at the following URL: <http://www.rumjungleresources.com.au/about/corporate-governance>



## Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

**Chartered Accountants**

18 Smith Street  
Darwin NT 0800

GPO Box 1616  
Darwin NT 0800  
Australia

ABN: 51 194 660 183  
Telephone: +61 8 8982 9000  
Facsimile: +61 8 8941 0238  
[www.kpmg.com.au](http://www.kpmg.com.au)

To: the directors of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

Clive Garland  
*Partner*

Darwin

28 September 2016

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## ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT – 30 JUNE 2016

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# RUM JUNGLE RESOURCES LTD

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Notes	2016 \$	2015 \$
<b>Income from continuing operations</b>			
Other income	4.	340,487	1,145,378
<b>Total income</b>		<b>340,487</b>	<b>1,145,378</b>
<b>Expenses from continuing operations</b>			
Audit fees	18.	(73,721)	(76,776)
Corporate advisory costs		(263,185)	(341,739)
Employee benefits expense	6.	(779,859)	(1,174,585)
Exploration and evaluation impairment	12.	(3,543,454)	(785,879)
Insurance		(60,866)	(53,163)
Occupancy		(97,846)	(102,267)
Office service costs		(308,620)	(241,749)
Share registry fees		(86,085)	(43,280)
Stock exchange fees		(55,728)	(34,695)
Travel		(113,996)	(187,509)
Other		(3,332)	(9,884)
Depreciation	5.	(14,018)	(16,321)
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>(5,400,710)</b>	<b>(3,067,847)</b>
<b>Loss before income tax</b>		<b>(5,060,223)</b>	<b>(1,922,469)</b>
Income tax expense		-	-
<b>Loss for the year</b>		<b>(5,060,223)</b>	<b>(1,922,469)</b>
Other comprehensive income		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss attributable to members of the Company</b>		<b>(5,060,223)</b>	<b>(1,922,469)</b>
<b>Earnings per share for loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the company</b>			
		<b>Cents</b>	<b>Cents</b>
Basic and diluted (loss) per share	21.	(1.27)	(0.50)

*The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.*

# RUM JUNGLE RESOURCES LTD

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION – AS AT 30 JUNE 2016

	Notes	2016 \$	2015 \$
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	8.	12,175,854	3,623,749
Trade and other receivables	9.	125,638	47,902
Other	10.	356,637	781,397
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>12,658,129</b>	<b>4,453,048</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	11.	749,769	877,597
Exploration and evaluation assets	12.	40,667,102	42,291,709
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>41,416,871</b>	<b>43,169,306</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>54,075,000</b>	<b>47,622,354</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	13.	1,227,320	349,718
Short-term provisions	14.	104,444	89,095
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>1,331,764</b>	<b>438,813</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>1,331,764</b>	<b>438,813</b>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>		<b>52,743,236</b>	<b>47,183,541</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Contributed equity	15.	83,976,565	73,356,647
Reserves	16.	1,447,730	1,447,730
Accumulated losses	16.	(32,681,059)	(27,620,836)
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		<b>52,743,236</b>	<b>47,183,541</b>

*The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements*

# RUM JUNGLE RESOURCES LTD

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY – FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Notes	Share capital \$	Share-based payments reserve \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total \$
<b>2016</b>					
<b>Balance at 30 June 2015</b>		73,356,647	1,447,730	(27,620,836)	47,183,541
Loss for the year		-	-	(5,060,223)	(5,060,223)
Shares issued during the year, net of transaction costs		10,619,918	-	-	10,619,918
Share based payment expense		-	-	-	-
<b>Balance at 30 June 2016</b>		<b>83,976,565</b>	<b>1,447,730</b>	<b>(32,681,059)</b>	<b>52,743,236</b>
<b>2015</b>					
<b>Balance at 30 June 2014</b>		73,356,647	1,251,600	(25,698,367)	48,909,880
Loss for the year		-	-	(1,922,469)	(1,922,469)
Shares issued during the year, net of transaction costs		-	-	-	-
Share based payment expense		-	196,130	-	196,130
<b>Balance at 30 June 2015</b>		<b>73,356,647</b>	<b>1,447,730</b>	<b>(27,620,836)</b>	<b>47,183,541</b>

*The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.*

# RUM JUNGLE RESOURCES LTD

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Notes	2016 \$	2015 \$
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Interest received		57,636	217,531
Subsidies received		280,291	973,406
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,865,925)	(3,174,964)
<b>Net cash (used in) operating activities</b>	20 (a).	<b>(1,527,998)</b>	<b>(1,984,027)</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(5,070)	(10,943)
Receipts for property, plant and equipment		9,000	119,178
Payments for exploration and evaluation assets		(1,778,407)	(3,913,132)
Refund (Payments) for Term Deposits (secured)		425,000	184,000
<b>Net cash (used in) investing activities</b>		<b>(1,349,477)</b>	<b>(3,620,897)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Share issue (net of costs)		11,429,580	-
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>		<b>11,429,580</b>	<b>-</b>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		8,552,105	(5,604,924)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		3,623,749	9,228,673
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>		<b>12,175,854</b>	<b>3,623,749</b>

*The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.*

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of the company comprise the company and its subsidiaries (together the Group). The Group is a for profit entity and primarily is involved in the exploration of minerals and other metals and is domiciled in Australia.

The consolidated financial statements were authorised by the Board of Directors on 26 September 2016.

#### Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs), other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International accounting Standards Board (IASB). Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the company's functional currency.

#### Going Concern

Notwithstanding the loss for the year of \$5,060,223 the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal activities and realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Group's current assets exceed its current liabilities at 30 June 2016 by \$11,326,365 (2015: \$4,014,235) and net cash outflows from operating activities were \$1,527,998 for the year (2015: net operating outflow \$1,984,027)

The Board believes the going concern basis of the financial statements is appropriate due to:

- Availability of cash reserves of \$12,175,854 at 30 June 2016;
- The ability for the Group to manage the level of exploration activity relative to the availability of cash reserves;
- The cash flow forecast indicates a positive cash position for 12 months until 30<sup>th</sup> September 2017.

The Board anticipates the Group is able to raise additional equity capital or funds from other sources for working capital and planned expenditure and has a history of securing such funding as required in the past to support their confidence.

#### a) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Rum Jungle Resources Limited ("company" or "parent entity") as at 30 June 2016 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended.

Subsidiaries are all those entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group at the acquisition date.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the financial statements of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd.

#### ***Business combinations***

All acquisition costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

The contingent consideration associated with a business combination is included as part of the cost of the business combination. These are recognised at the fair value of expected payment. Any subsequent changes in the fair value or probability of settlement are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that they relate to conditions that existed at the date of acquisition that are identified during any "measurement period". In this case, the cost of acquisition is adjusted.

At acquisition any excess consideration over the fair value of net identifiable assets acquired for exploration assets will be firstly measured for tenement value and any residual value if any recorded as goodwill.

#### ***b) Segment reporting***

A management approach is taken to the identification, measurement and disclosure of operating segments. Operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of allocating resources and assessing performance.

#### ***c) Income tax***

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is recognised for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit nor loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

#### ***d) Revenue recognition***

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances and duties and taxes paid.

#### ***Interest revenue***

Interest is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### **e) Impairment of assets (other than exploration and evaluation)**

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment or more frequent if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of impairment at each reporting date.

#### **f) Cash and cash equivalents**

For cash-flow presentation purposes cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### **g) Exploration and evaluation expenditure**

Exploration and evaluation costs, including costs of acquiring licences, are capitalised as exploration and evaluation assets on an areas of interest basis. Costs incurred before the Group has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are recognised as an expense in the income statement.

Exploration and evaluation assets are only recognised if the rights to the area of interest are current and either:

- i. the expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest or by its sale; or
- ii. activities in the areas of interest have not, at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest is continuing.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment when sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability and information suggests that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. For the purposes of impairment testing, exploration and evaluation assets are allocated to cash-generating units to which the exploration activity relates. The cash generating unit shall not be larger than the area of interest.

Impairment will generally occur when the following circumstances exist:

- The tenement has expired or will expire in the near future and is not expected to be renewed;
- Further exploration and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area are not budgeted or planned; and
- Exploration and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable resources and the decision has been made to discontinue such activities in the specified area.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are tested for impairment and then reclassified from exploration and evaluation expenditure to development assets.

Restoration costs that are incurred are capitalised into the cost of the exploration and evaluation phases that give rise to the need for restoration. Rehabilitation obligations are covered by lodgement of bank guarantees with the government.

#### **h) Trade and other receivables**

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Trade and other receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### *i) Investments and other financial assets*

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, available-for-sale, loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments. The classification depends on the purpose for which the assets were acquired.

The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments or available-for-sale financial assets.

#### *Loans and receivables*

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date which are classified as non-current assets.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The Group assesses at each balance date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

#### *j) Trade and other payables*

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### *k) Contributed equity*

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### *l) Leases*

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group, as lessee, has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of financial charges, are included in liabilities. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Where there is no reasonable certainty that the lessee will obtain ownership, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the asset's useful life.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Group as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### m) *Property, plant and equipment*

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of assets is generally calculated on the diminishing value (DV) method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives. The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are:

<i>Classification</i>	<i>Rate</i>	<i>Depreciation Basis</i>
Motor vehicles	18.75%	DV
Scientific instruments	33.33%	DV
Office equipment	15 – 50%	DV
Leasehold improvements	20%	Straight line
Furniture and fittings	11.25%	DV
Plant and equipment	7.5%	DV
Site camp equipment	7.5 – 20%	DV

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the income statement.

#### n) *Employee benefits*

##### i. *Wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave*

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in respect of employee's services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

##### ii. *Long service leave*

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Consideration is given to anticipated future wages and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity that match as closely as possible to the estimated future cash outflows.

##### iii. *Superannuation*

The Group makes contributions to defined contribution superannuation funds. Contributions are recognised as an expense as they become payable.

##### iv. *Share-based payments*

Share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees via the Rum Jungle Resources Limited Employee Share Option Plan.

The fair value of options granted for services rendered is recognised as an employee benefit expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised as an expense over the period during which the employee becomes unconditionally entitled to the options.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### ***o) Earnings per share***

##### *i. Basic earnings per share*

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

##### *ii. Diluted earnings per share*

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### ***p) Goods and services tax (GST)***

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

#### ***q) Foreign currency translation***

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

#### ***r) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted***

A number of new standards and amendments to standards are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2016. Although earlier application maybe permitted, currently the Group has no plans to adopt the standards earlier.

AASB 9 Financial Instruments (December 2014) and Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (AASB 2014-7, AASB 2014-8). The amendment .which becomes effective for periods beginning from 1 January 2018. . The Group is not required to adopt the amendments until the annual reporting period ending 30 June 2019. The amendment proposes a revised framework for the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities. The amendment is not expected to have significant impact on the financial statements of the Group.

AASB 115 Revenue from Contracts with Customers is effective for periods beginning from 1 January 2018. The Group is not required to adopt this new standard until the annual reporting period ending 30 June 2019. The potential impact of the standard has been assessed at this stage to have no material impact.

AASB 16 Leases is effective for periods beginning from 1 January 2019. The Group is not required to adopt this new standard until the annual reporting period ending 30 June 2020. The Group will assess the potential impact of the application of AASB 16 on its financial statements, including the potential impact of the various transition provisions available to the Group. On a high level basis, if the Group was to adopt AASB 16 as at 30 June 2016, the present value of the future minimum lease payments for non-cancellable operating leases as noted in Note 25 would be recognised as a financial liability in the statement of financial position, and under one of the transition provisions available to the Group, it would recognise a corresponding amount as a right-of-use asset.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 2. Financial risk management

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and term deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to manage the finances for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations. It is, and has been throughout the period under review, the Group's policy that no trading in speculative financial instruments shall be undertaken. The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are liquidity and interest rate risk (during the financial period and up to the date of this report).

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset and financial liability are disclosed in note 1 to the financial statements.

Primary responsibility for identification and control of financial risks rests with the Board of directors. However, the day-to-day management of these risks is under the control of the Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer. The Board agrees with the strategy for managing future cash flow requirements and projections.

#### a) Financial instruments

The Group and the parent entity hold the following financial instruments:

	Consolidated Group	
	2016	2015
	\$	\$
<b>Financial Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	12,175,854	3,623,749
Other	356,637	781,397
Trade and other receivables *	125,638	47,902
	<u>12,658,129</u>	<u>4,453,048</u>
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>		
Trade and other payables **	1,227,320	349,718
	<u>1,227,320</u>	<u>349,718</u>

\* Loans and receivables category

\*\* Financial liabilities at amortised cost category

#### b) Market risk

##### i. Foreign exchange risk

The Group does not operate internationally and is not exposed to foreign exchange risk.

##### ii. Price risk

The Group is not exposed to any significant equity security or commodity price risk.

##### iii. Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises predominately from cash and cash equivalents bearing variable interest rates. At balance date the Group maintained the following variable rate accounts:

	30 June 2016		30 June 2015	
	Weighted average interest rate	Balance	Weighted average interest rate	Balance
	%	\$	%	\$
Cash and cash equivalents - floating (including secured term deposits)	2.4	12,525,854	2.7	4,398,749
Total cash and cash equivalents		<u>12,525,854</u>		<u>4,398,749</u>

At balance date, if the interest rates had changed, as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables remaining constant, after-tax profit would have been affected as follows:

	After-tax profit higher / (lower)		Equity higher / (lower)	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Consolidated</b>				
+1% (100 bp)	19,600	43,987	19,600	43,987
-1% (100 bp)	(19,600)	(43,987)	(19,600)	(43,987)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 2. Financial risk management (continued)

#### c) Credit risk

Credit risk primarily arises from cash and cash equivalents and term deposits deposited with banks. Cash and cash equivalents and term deposits are currently placed with Westpac Banking Corporation, which has an independently rated credit rating of AA. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets as summarised in the table above.

#### d) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents in order to meet the Group's forecast requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. Surplus funds are generally only invested in bank deposits. At reporting date, the Group and parent entity did not have access to any undrawn borrowing facilities.

#### Maturity of financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date.

	Less than 3 months	Total contractual cash flows	Carrying amount
<b>Group – 30 June 2016</b>	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other payables	1,227,320	1,227,320	1,227,320
<b>Group – 30 June 2015</b>	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other payables	349,718	349,718	349,718

#### e) Fair valuation estimation

The carrying amount of financial assets (net of any provision for impairment) and financial liabilities as disclosed in note 2 (a) above is assumed to approximate their fair values primarily due to their short maturities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 3. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition seldom equal the related actual results.

Set out below is information about:

- critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements; and
- assumptions and estimates that have risk of resulting in adjustments that may be material in subsequent financial years.

#### Critical judgements

##### *Going concern*

A key assumption underlying the preparation of the financial statements is that the entity will continue as a going concern. As a going concern the group is considered to be able to pay its debts as and when they are due and to continue in operation without any intention or necessity to liquidate or otherwise wind up operations. A significant amount of judgement has been required in assessing that the entity is a going concern.

##### *Deferred tax assets*

The Group has made a judgement not to recognise the deferred tax assets disclosed in note 7(b) as the directors remain uncertain as to their future opportunity for application against any future taxable income.

#### Estimates and assumptions

##### *Exploration and evaluation assets (note 12)*

Determining the recoverability of exploration and evaluation expenditure capitalised in accordance with the group's accounting policy (note 1 (g)) requires estimates and assumptions as to future events and circumstances, in particular, whether successful development and commercial exploitation or sale of the respective areas of interest will be achieved. Critical to this assessment is the estimates and assumptions as to Ore Resources, timing of the expected cash flows, exchange rates, commodity prices and future capital requirements. The Group determines and reports ore resources under the standards incorporated in the Australasian Code for Reporting Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves, 2012 edition (the JORC Code).

Changes in these estimates and assumptions as new information about the presence or recoverability of ore resources becomes available, may impact the assessment of the recoverable amount of exploration and evaluation assets. If, after having capitalised the expenditure a judgement is made that recovery of the expenditure is unlikely, an impairment loss is recorded in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Where exploration and evaluation activities in a particular area of interest have not reached a stage to allow a reasonable assessment to be made regarding the existence of economically recoverable reserves results will be reviewed as test work continues. Accordingly, exploration and evaluation assets may be subject to impairment in the future.

##### *Impairment of assets*

The recoverable amount of each non-financial asset or cash-generating unit (CGU) is determined as the higher of the potential value in use and fair value less costs to sell. Determination of the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU based on a discounted cash flow model requires the use of estimates and assumptions, including discount rate, timing of probable cash flows, the expected life of the resource, exchange rates, commodity prices, capital requirements and future operating performance. Changes in these estimates and could result in an adjustment to the carrying amount of an asset.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	2016 \$	2015 \$
<b>4. Other income</b>		
Interest income	57,636	189,849
Research & Development Subsidy	280,291	922,939
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	2,560	32,590
	<b>340,487</b>	<b>1,145,378</b>
<b>5. Expenses</b>		
<i>Depreciation of non-current assets</i>		
Motor vehicles *	43,660	66,473
Scientific instruments *	7,018	10,439
Office equipment	11,543	13,487
Furniture & fittings	2,120	2,389
Leasehold improvements	356	445
Plant & equipment *	27,702	34,830
Site camp equipment *	34,059	37,537
	126,458	165,600
*Depreciation of exploration assets capitalised to Exploration and evaluation assets	(112,440)	(149,279)
	<b>14,018</b>	<b>16,321</b>
<b>6. Employee benefits expense</b>		
Wages, salaries, directors' fees, and other remuneration expenses	1,189,477	1,509,276
Superannuation	111,650	126,395
Share-based payments expense	-	196,130
Movement in employee entitlement provisions	14,709	18,578
Capitalised to exploration and evaluation assets	(535,977)	(675,794)
	<b>779,859</b>	<b>1,174,585</b>
<b>7. Income tax expense</b>		
<b>(a) Reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax</b>		
Loss before income tax	(5,060,223)	(1,922,469)
Tax (Benefit) thereon at 30% (2015: 30%)	(1,518,067)	(576,741)
Tax effect of amounts that are not deductible/ (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Research and development tax credit	(84,087)	(276,882)
Share based expense	-	58,839
Non-deductible items	1,052	62,131
Sundry timing differences	263,377	(3,524,396)
Equity raising costs current year amortised	(56,713)	
Effect of change in tax values of assets on tax consolidation	-	(1,781,435)
(Under) / Overstated prior year	126,675	-
	<b>(1,267,764)</b>	<b>(6,038,484)</b>
Deferred tax assets not recognised	1,267,764	6,038,484
Income tax expense	-	-

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

2016	2015
\$	\$

### 7. Income tax expense (continued)

#### (b) Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

Tax losses	27,313,102	26,221,239
Temporary differences	(7,490,114)	(8,068,686)
Temporary differences and tax losses	<u>19,822,988</u>	<u>18,152,553</u>

Tax expense / income, deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences and tax losses are not recognised as it is not probable that currently the Group can assume that future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised in the short to medium term.

#### (c) Tax consolidation

The company and its wholly-owned Australian entities formed a tax-consolidated group on 1 July 2014 and therefore are taxed as a single consolidated entity. Rum Jungle Resources is the head entity for the tax-consolidated group.

Due to the existence of a tax funding arrangement between the entities in the tax-consolidated group, amounts can be recognised as payable to or receivable by the company and each member of the group in relation to the tax contribution amounts paid or payable between the parent entity and the other members of the tax-consolidated group in accordance with the arrangement.

#### *Nature of tax funding arrangements and tax sharing agreements*

Entities within the tax-consolidated group have entered into a tax funding arrangement and a tax-sharing agreement with the head entity. Under the terms of the tax funding arrangement, Rum Jungle Resources Limited and each of the entities in the tax-consolidated group has agreed to pay a tax equivalent payment to or from the head entity, based on the current and tax liability or current tax asset of the entity.

The tax sharing agreement entered into between members of the tax-consolidated group provides for the determination of the allocation of income tax liabilities between the entities should the head entity default on its tax payment obligations or if an entity leaves the tax-consolidated group. The effect of the tax sharing agreement is that each member's liability for tax payable by the tax-consolidated group is limited to the amount payable to the head entity under the tax funding arrangement.

### 8. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and on hand	12,025,854	1,783,749
Term Deposits	150,000	1,840,000
	<u>12,175,854</u>	<u>3,623,749</u>

Cash in at call bank accounts bear floating interest rates of an average 1.0% (2015: 2.2%). Term deposits during the year were held with Westpac Banking Corporation and ANZ. They had an average maturity of 3 months and earned interest of approximately 2.7%.

### 9. Trade and other receivables

#### Current

Other receivables	<u>125,638</u>	<u>47,902</u>
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Other receivables mainly represent entitlement to interest receivable on term deposits and recoverable GST. No receivables are past due or impaired.

### 10. Other

Prepayments	6,637	6,397
Term Deposits (secured against Bank Guarantees in lieu of Security Deposits)	350,000	775,000
	<u>356,637</u>	<u>781,397</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	2016 \$	2015 \$
<b>11. Property, plant and equipment</b>		
Motor vehicles – at cost	519,296	519,296
Accumulated depreciation	(326,687)	(283,027)
	<u>192,609</u>	<u>236,269</u>
Scientific instruments – at cost	191,752	191,752
Accumulated depreciation	(177,291)	(170,273)
	<u>14,461</u>	<u>21,479</u>
Office equipment – at cost	135,203	133,193
Accumulated depreciation	(122,633)	(111,090)
	<u>12,570</u>	<u>22,103</u>
Furniture and fittings – at cost	43,034	43,034
Accumulated depreciation	(26,305)	(24,185)
	<u>16,729</u>	<u>18,849</u>
Leasehold improvements – at cost	75,821	75,821
Accumulated depreciation	(74,399)	(74,043)
	<u>1,422</u>	<u>1,778</u>
Plant and equipment – at cost	257,997	263,271
Accumulated depreciation	(117,143)	(91,335)
	<u>140,854</u>	<u>171,936</u>
Site camp equipment – at cost	531,702	531,702
Accumulated depreciation	(160,578)	(126,519)
	<u>371,124</u>	<u>405,183</u>
<b>Total property , plant and equipment</b>	<b><u>749,769</u></b>	<b><u>877,597</u></b>

### Summary of individual asset groups

#### Motor vehicles

Carrying amount at beginning of year	236,269	387,056
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	(84,314)
Depreciation	(43,660)	(66,473)
<b>Carrying amount at end of year</b>	<b><u>192,609</u></b>	<b><u>236,269</u></b>

#### Scientific instruments

Carrying amount at beginning of year	21,479	31,918
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation	(7,018)	(10,439)
<b>Carrying amount at end of year</b>	<b><u>14,461</u></b>	<b><u>21,479</u></b>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	2016 \$	2015 \$
<b>11. Property, plant and equipment (continued)</b>		
<b>Office equipment</b>		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	22,103	34,408
Additions	2,010	1,182
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation	(11,543)	(13,487)
<b>Carrying amount at end of year</b>	<b>12,570</b>	<b>22,103</b>
<b>Furniture and fittings</b>		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	18,849	21,238
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation	(2,120)	(2,389)
<b>Carrying amount at end of year</b>	<b>16,729</b>	<b>18,849</b>
<b>Leasehold improvements</b>		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	1,778	2,223
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation	(356)	(445)
<b>Carrying amount at end of year</b>	<b>1,422</b>	<b>1,778</b>
<b>Plant and equipment</b>		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	171,936	200,287
Additions	3,060	8,753
Disposals	(6,440)	(2,274)
Depreciation	(27,702)	(34,830)
<b>Carrying amount at end of year</b>	<b>140,854</b>	<b>171,936</b>
<b>Site camp equipment</b>		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	405,183	441,712
Additions	-	1,008
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation	(34,059)	(37,537)
<b>Carrying amount at end of year</b>	<b>371,124</b>	<b>405,183</b>
<b>Group Summary</b>		
Carrying Amount at beginning of year	877,597	1,118,842
Additions	5,070	10,943
Disposals	(6,440)	(86,588)
Depreciation	(126,458)	(165,600)
<b>Carrying amount at end of year</b>	<b>749,769</b>	<b>877,597</b>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	2016 \$	2015 \$
<b>12. Exploration and evaluation assets</b>		
At cost	40,667,102	42,291,709
Carrying amount at beginning of year	42,291,709	39,012,300
Expenditure	1,918,847	4,065,288
Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets	(3,543,454)	(785,879)
Acquisition of Tenements	-	-
Sale of Tenements	-	-
Carrying amount at end of year	<b>40,667,102</b>	<b>42,291,709</b>

The ultimate recoupment of these costs is dependent upon the successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively sale, of the respective areas of interest.

The exploration and evaluation targets are assessed regularly and when an area of interest has been adequately tested and deemed unprospective for target commodities the tenement costs are impaired where there is no further work anticipated and no development potential. The impairment reflects management assessment for tenements where evaluation has been assessed to be complete during the period and as the focus moves to new areas of interest, which includes a focus on fertiliser minerals phosphate and potash. Any exploration costs in the period that are not captured specifically as tenement associated costs are included in the impairment charge.

## 13. Trade and other payables

Trade creditors	1,081,320	236,756
Other creditors	95,000	67,962
Accrued expenses	51,000	45,000
Total trade and other payables	<b>1,227,320</b>	<b>349,718</b>

Trade payables and accrued expenses are generally unsecured, non-interest bearing and due approximately 1 month from the date of recognition.

## 14. Short-term provisions

Employee entitlements	<b>104,444</b>	<b>89,095</b>
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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 15. Contributed equity

	Company	
	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Ordinary shares – fully paid	83,976,565	73,356,647

#### (a) Movements in contributed equity

	No. of shares	\$
Balance at 30 June 2015	385,504,597	73,356,647
Shares issued for Rights Issue at 2 cents per share	578,256,895	11,565,138
Qualifying costs attributable to equity:		
Legal fees related to the share issue		(135,559)
Underwriting and management fees – liability at 30 June 2016		(809,661)
Balance at 30 June 2016	<b>963,761,492</b>	<b>83,976,565</b>

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting or in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll, each share is entitled to one vote.

#### (b) Capital risk management

When managing capital, management's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern and to maintain a structure that ensures the lowest cost of capital available and to ensure adequate capital is available for exploration and evaluation of tenements.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may seek to issue new shares.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group and the parent entity monitor capital on the basis of forecast exploration and evaluation expenditure required to reach a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of an economically recoverable reserve. Total capital is calculated as "equity" as shown in the balance sheets.

#### (c) Share options

At 30 June 2016, the following options for ordinary shares in Rum Jungle Resources Ltd were on issue:

	2016	2015
	Number	Number
Director options	5,000,000	15,500,000
Employee options	3,100,000	3,100,000
	<b>8,100,000</b>	<b>18,600,000</b>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 16. Reserves and accumulated losses

	2016 \$	2015 \$
<b>(a) Reserves</b>		
Share-based payments reserve	1,447,730	1,447,730
<b>Movements:</b>		
<i>Share-based payments reserve</i>		
Balance at beginning of year	1,447,730	1,251,600
Share based payment expense	-	196,130
Balance at end of year	<b>1,447,730</b>	<b>1,447,730</b>
<b>(b) Accumulated losses</b>		
Movements in accumulated losses were as follows:		
Balance at beginning of year	(27,620,836)	(25,698,367)
Net (loss) for the year	(5,060,223)	(1,922,469)
Transfer from reserve	-	-
Balance at end of year	<b>(32,681,059)</b>	<b>(27,620,836)</b>

### (c) Nature and purpose of reserves

#### *Share-based payments reserve*

The share-based payments reserve is used to recognise the fair value of options granted over the vesting period.

### 17. Segment Information

Segment information is presented using a “management approach” i.e. segment information is provided on the same basis as information used for internal reporting purposes by the board including making strategic decisions. The Board has determined that there is only one operating segment because there is no other discrete information provided to them. The Board only receives consolidated financial information for the company. The company operates in one business segment being mineral exploration and evaluation and one geographic segment being Northern Australia.

The company is not selling products and as such no information has been provided on a product basis. The company has no sales revenue and no customers. As such no information is relevant for sales revenue on a geographic basis.

### 18. Remuneration of auditors

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity.

	2016 \$	2015 \$
<b>1. Audit services</b>		
KPMG	73,721	76,776
<b>2. Other services</b>		
Other advisory R&D	83,944	-
	<b>157,666</b>	<b>76,776</b>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 19. Key management personnel disclosures

#### Key management personnel compensation

	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	851,810	1,019,717
Post-employment benefits	77,500	79,875
Share-based payments	-	176,690
	<u>929,310</u>	<u>1,276,282</u>

As expensed to the profit and loss statement and/or capitalised to exploration.

Information regarding individual director and other key management compensation is included in the remuneration report in the Directors' report.

#### Loans to key management personnel

There were no loans to key management personnel at any time during the financial year.

#### Other transactions with key management personnel

There were no other transactions with key management personnel other than reimbursement of company expenses incurred by them in performing their respective duties.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 20. Cash flow information

	Consolidated Group	
	2016	2015
	\$	\$
<b>(a) Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash outflow from operating activities</b>		
Loss for the year	(5,060,223)	(1,922,469)
Non cash employee based expense – share-based payments	-	196,130
Depreciation	14,018	16,321
Loss on disposal of assets	-	-
Profit on sale of assets	(2,560)	(32,590)
Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets	3,543,454	785,879
Increase in provisions	15,349	18,578
(Increase) / Decrease in trade and other receivables	(77,977)	217,688
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables	39,941	(1,263,564)
Net outflow from operating activities	<b>(1,527,998)</b>	<b>(1,984,027)</b>
<b>(b) Non-cash investing and financing activities</b>		
Nil		

### 21. Earnings per share

	Company	
	2016	2015
	Cents	Cents
<b>(a) Basic and diluted earnings per share</b>		
Loss from operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company	(1.27)	(0.50)
<b>(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator</b>		
	2016	2015
	Number	Number
Number used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	399,762,986	385,504,597

#### (c) Information concerning earnings per share

Options granted are considered to be potential ordinary shares. Details relating to options are set out in the directors' report and note 22.

In 2016 and 2015 the options are anti-dilutive and are therefore not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share. The options potentially could dilute basic earnings per share in the future.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 22. Share-based payments

Options have been issued to key management personnel. The number of options issued, the strike price of options issued and all other relevant terms have been set having regard to the person's position in the Company and level of experience. All employee options have a maximum life of three to four years. Such options vest according to the terms that are agreed at the time of grant between Rum Jungle Resources Ltd and the employee, however options normally vest either immediately upon grant or progressively over the life of the option. Upon termination by either Rum Jungle Resources Ltd or by the employee, vested options can be exercised up to 30 days after termination. Upon termination all unvested options normally lapse.

Set out below are the summaries of options granted as share-based payments for services and incentives to directors and employees.

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise Price	Balance at start of the year Number	Granted during the year Number	Exercised during the year Number	Forfeited during the year Number	Balance at end of the year Number	Vested and exercisable at end of the year Number
<b>Group – 2016</b>								
19/12/2012	15/10/2015	\$0.43	1,500,000	-	-	1,500,000	-	-
19/12/2012	15/10/2015	\$0.49	9,000,000	-	-	9,000,000	-	-
01/07/2014	01/07/2018	\$0.1601	4,550,000	-	-	-	4,550,000	4,550,000
01/07/2014	01/07/2019	\$0.2101	3,550,000	-	-	-	3,550,000	3,550,000
			18,600,000	-	-	10,500,000	8,100,000	8,100,000
Weighted average exercise price			\$0.3541	-	-	\$0.4814	\$0.1820	\$0.1820
Weighted average share price at exercise date					-			
<b>Group – 2015</b>								
04/04/2011	04/04/2015	\$1.50	500,000	-	-	500,000	-	-
01/08/2011	31/07/2014	\$1.50	400,000	-	-	400,000	-	-
19/12/2012	15/10/2015	\$0.43	1,500,000	-	-	-	1,500,000	1,500,000
19/12/2012	15/10/2015	\$0.49	9,000,000	-	-	-	9,000,000	9,000,000
01/07/2014	01/07/2018	\$0.1671	-	4,550,000	-	-	4,550,000	4,550,000
01/07/2014	01/07/2019	\$0.2171	-	3,550,000	-	-	3,550,000	-
			11,400,000	8,100,000	-	900,000	18,600,000	15,050,000
Weighted average exercise price			\$0.64	\$0.189	-	\$1.50	\$0.3541	\$0.3864

10,500,000 options expired or were forfeited during the reporting period, no options were exercised and no options were granted during the year.

The assessed fair value at grant date of options issued is determined using the Black Scholes option pricing model which takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the share price at grant date and expected volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free rate for the term of the option.

In respect of the options issued to employees during the 2014 /2015 being the prior year, the model inputs were as follows:

	<b>Total Options Issued 8,100,000</b>	
	4,550,000	3,550,000
Consideration	-	-
Options Life	4 years	5 years
Exercise price (adjusted for Rights Issue)	\$0.1601	\$0.2101
Share price at valuation date	8.6c	8.6c
Expected volatility	66%	66%
Expected dividend yield	-	-
Risk free interest rate	2.68%	2.85%

The weighted average fair value of options granted was \$0.0242. The expected price volatility is based on the historical volatility of a number of similar entities (based on a period with a similar life of the options).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 22. Share-based payments (continued)

	2016 \$	2015 \$
<b>Expenses arising from share-based transactions</b>		
Options issued to directors and employees		
- Employee benefits expense	-	196,130
	-	196,130

### 23. Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1(a).

Name of entity	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Equity holding*	
			2016 %	2015 %
Territory Mining Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Territory Potash Pty Ltd (formerly Waanyi Garawa Mining Pty Ltd)	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
Central Australian Phosphate Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100

\*The proportion of ownership interest is equal to the proportion of voting power held.

### 24. Related parties

#### a. Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 19.

#### b. Loans to/from related parties

The company has not entered into any loan agreements with related parties.

#### c. Major shareholder

Under a prospectus dated 17 May 2016 Pitt Capital Partners Limited underwrote a rights issue. Pitt Capital is a wholly owned subsidiary of Washington H Soul Pattinson and Company Limited (WHSP). Following the rights issue on 21 June 2016 WHSP shareholding was 38.28% as a result of the underwriting and became a related party of the company. The underwriting fee and management fees of \$809,661 for the rights issue to Pitt Capital were on an arms length commercial basis.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 25. Commitments

#### Operating Leases

	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Property and office equipment		
Not later than 1 year	71,408	69,927
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	1,869	5,073
Later than 5 years	-	-
	<u>73,277</u>	<u>75,000</u>

Property leases for some facilities are rolling monthly commitments. For the purpose of the ongoing business a minimum commitment of six months is reflected in the commitments for leases.

#### Exploration expenditure

In order to maintain an interest in the exploration tenements the Group is committed to meet the conditions under which the tenements were granted. The timing and amount of exploration expenditure and obligations of the Group are subject to the minimum expenditure requirements of the relevant regulatory bodies and may vary significantly from the forecast based on availability of funds and the results of the work performed, which will determine the prospectivity of the relevant areas of interest. The obligations are not provided for in the financial statements.

Commitments in relation to minimum statutory expenditures with respect to mining tenements:

	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Within one year	1,577,777	2,379,324
Later than one year but not later than five years	2,523,083	3,143,365
	<u>4,100,860</u>	<u>5,522,689</u>

Included in these commitments are Joint Venture commitments of \$50,000.

### 26. Contingencies

The company is under review by a government agency in relation to one project subject to a research and development grant. The company will vigorously defend the basis of the work and the claim as appropriate (a consistent view and as supported by advisors) but the result of the review is unknown at this time. The director's view is that the review has not been concluded and will be subject to a request for tribunal review process if the findings of the review are not favourable. This will extend the time to finalise this outcome considerably.

### 27. Subsequent events

No significant events have occurred since balance date that would impact materially upon the Group and that would warrant separate disclosure in this report.

# RUM JUNGLE RESOURCES LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

### 28. Joint Operations – Exploration

JV Project	Parties	Tenements	Rum Jungle interest 30 June 2015
Top End	Primary Minerals Ltd Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	Various EL's amended by Primary Minerals tenement restructure.	Uranium Exploration Agreement  100% Uranium No rights other minerals
Westmoreland	Central Australian Phosphate Pty Ltd Lagoon Creek Resources Pty Ltd	EL 23573	Tenements 50/50
Lake Mackay South JV	Nova Energy Pty Ltd (Toro)	Refer Tenement Schedule	Earn in 51% - Potash rights

### 29. Parent Entity Information

The financial statements for the parent entity show the following aggregate amounts:

	2016 \$	2015 \$
<b>Statement of Financial Position</b>		
Current assets	12,642,780	4,038,735
Non-current assets	41,322,438	44,511,150
Total assets	53,965,218	48,549,885
Current liabilities	1,246,764	381,814
Total Liabilities	1,246,764	381,814
Equity		
Contributed equity	83,976,565	73,356,647
Reserves	1,447,730	1,447,730
Accumulated losses	(32,705,841)	(26,636,306)
Total equity	52,718,454	48,168,071
<b>Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income</b>		
Loss for the year	(6,069,535)	(1,829,043)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(6,069,535)	(1,829,043)

The parent entity has not provided any financial guarantees in respect of subsidiaries, nor did it have any contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2016 or 30 June 2015.

Commitments of the parent entity are the same as those for the Group reflected in note 25.

## DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

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1. In the Directors' opinion
  - (a) the consolidated financial statements and notes set out on pages 18 to 44 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
    - i. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
    - ii. giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance, as represented by the results of their operations and their cash flows, for the financial year ended on that date; and
  - (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
  - (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report comply with Accounting Standard AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures.
2. The Directors have been given the declarations by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.
3. The directors draw attention to Note 1(a) to the consolidated financial statements which include a statement of compliance International Financial Reporting Standards.

This declaration made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.



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David W Muller s

Chairman



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Chris N Tziolis

Managing Director

Darwin, Northern Territory  
28 September 2016

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



### **Independent auditor's report to the members of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd**

#### **Report on the financial report**

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2016, and consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, notes 1 to 29 comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration of the Group comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

#### *Directors' responsibility for the financial report*

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error. In note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements of the Group comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### *Auditor's responsibility*

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the Group's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### *Independence*

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



*Auditor's opinion*

In our opinion:

(a) the financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

(b) the financial report of the Group also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

**Report on the remuneration report**

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 8 to 13 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2016. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards.

*Auditor's opinion*

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Rum Jungle Resources Ltd for the year ended 30 June 2016, complies with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

A handwritten signature of the KPMG firm, written in dark ink.

KPMG

A handwritten signature of Clive Garland, written in dark ink.

Clive Garland  
*Partner*

Darwin

28 September 2016



# RUM JUNGLE RESOURCES LTD

## TENEMENT SCHEDULE at 30 June 2016

Commodity	Project & Tenements	Registered Holder	Tenement Ownership	Expiry Date	Area Blocks	Area km <sup>2</sup>
Phosphate	Ammaroo NT					
	EL 24726	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	31 March 2018*	157	501.54
	EL 25183	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	18 April 2017	24	76.58
	EL 25184	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	18 April 2017	43	137.40
	EL 25185	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	18 April 2017	128	408.25
	EL 27987	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	26 October 2016	9	28.77
	EL 28402	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	19 June 2017	22	70.27
	EL 28403	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	19 June 2017	67	214.02
	EL 28648	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	24 July 2017	4	12.81
	EL 29373	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	13 September 2018	151	483.13
	EL 29374	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	13 September 2018	125	400.68
	EL 30520	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	31 March 2018*	27	86.42
	EL 30663	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	30 July 2021	33	105.25
	MLA 29463	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	na	na	6375 ha
MLA 29854	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	na	na	9074 ha	
Phosphate	Singleton NT					
	EL 30613	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	14 June 2021	21	67.42
Phosphate	Patanella NT					
	EL 24716	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	30 November 2017	59	187.11
	EL 24724	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	1 December 2017	15	47.57
Phosphate	Brunchilly NT					
	EL 30222	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	14 October 2020	236	768.25
	EL 30223	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	14 October 2020	156	507.24
	EL 30224	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	14 October 2020	221	718.44
Phosphate	Burge Bore NT					
	EL 30225	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	14 May 2021	108	352.87
Phosphate	Weedens NT					
	EL 30672	Territory Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	30 July 2021	139	447.96
Potash	Karinga Lakes NT					
	EL 24987	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	9 October 2016	71	220.37
	EL 25080	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	8 October 2016	204	633.58
	EL 28205	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	8 March 2017	19	59.04
	EL 28272	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	13 April 2017	19	59.03
	EL 28872	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	5 March 2018	11	34.15
	EL 30381	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	15 March 2021	154	479.18
	EL 30382	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	15 March 2021	114	330.14
Potash	Lake Amadeus NT					
	ELA 30194	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	na	70	218.00
	ELA 30195	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	na	200	622.88
	ELA 30196	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	na	143	446.18
	ELA 30197	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	na	203	633.44
	ELA 30389	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	na	186	527.56
	ELA 30650	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	na	61	190.51
Potash (RUM has 51% of potash rights)	Lake Mackay South JV WA					
	E 80/3484	Toro JV (Nova Energy)	100% Nova	15 May 2017	35 in JV	421.80 in JV
	E 80/3485	Toro JV (Nova Energy)	100% Nova	15 May 2017	17 in JV	
	E 80/3486	Toro JV (Nova Energy)	100% Nova	15 May 2017	69 in JV	
E 80/3519	Toro JV (Nova Energy)	100% Nova	15 May 2017	12 in JV		
Potash	Lake Frome SA					
	EL 5546	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	4 January 2017	na	949.00
	EL 5547	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	4 January 2017	na	995.00
	EL 5548	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	4 January 2017	na	774.00
Potash	Lake MacDonald WA & NT					
	ELA 30478	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	na	39	122.85
	E 69/3290	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	8 March 2020	99	311.90
	E 80/4896	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	7 June 2020	72	226.80
Silica	Dingo Hole NT					
	EL 30659	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%	amalgamated into EL 31078	11	35.16
	EL 30792	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%			
	EL 30819	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%			
	EL 31078	Rum Jungle Resources Ltd	100%			
			14 January 2022			
Silica	Tobermorey NT					
	EL 31033	Territory Mining Pty Ltd	100%	na	110	349.70
	EL 31034	Territory Mining Pty Ltd	100%	na	113	359.08
Silica	Dneiper NT					
	EL 31035	Territory Mining Pty Ltd	100%	na	12	37.99
	EL 31036	Territory Mining Pty Ltd	100%	na	65	205.92
Silica	Old South Road NT					
	EL 31041	Territory Mining Pty Ltd	100%	na	14	43.92
Uranium/ Uranium	Westmoreland NT					
	MLN 585	Central Australian Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	31 December 2021	na	12.14 ha
	MLN 578	Central Australian Phosphate Pty Ltd	100%	31 December 2017	na	6.47 ha
Uranium	EL 23573	50% Central Australian Phosphate Pty Ltd 50% Laramide JV (Lagoon Creek Resources)	50% / 50%	22 December 2017	65	189.90
key: EL / E - Exploration Licence ML - Mineral Lease A - Application *renewed after 30 June 2016						

key: EL / E - Exploration Licence ML - Mineral Lease A - Application \*renewed after 30 June 2016

## ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Additional information required by the ASX Limited ("ASX") Listing Rules as at 23 September 2016 and not disclosed elsewhere in the report is set out below.

### Substantial shareholders

The following shareholders have lodged substantial shareholder notices with ASX:

Substantial Shareholder	Number of RUM Shares held	Percentage of issued share capital
Washington H Soul Pattinson and Co Ltd	54,826,688	38.28%

### Distribution of Shareholders

The distribution of security holders is as follows:

Range of holding	Shareholders	Number of Ordinary Shares
100,001 and over	572	912,910,640
10,001 – 100,000	1,132	46,319,989
5,001 – 10,000	357	2,967,227
1,001 – 5,000	498	1,365,452
1 – 1,000	582	198,184
<b>Totals</b>	<b>3,141</b>	<b>963,761,492</b>

The number of shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares is 1,846.

### Voting Rights (Ordinary Shares)

The voting rights attaching to Ordinary Shares are governed by the Constitution. On a show of hands every person present who is a member or representative of a member shall have one vote and on a poll, every member present in person or by proxy or by attorney or duly authorised representative shall have one vote each share held. Options have no voting rights.

### On-Market Buyback

There is no current on-market buyback.

### Listed Options

There are no listed options

### Securities exchange

The Company is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. The Home exchange is Melbourne.

### Other information

Rum Jungle Resources Ltd incorporated and domiciled in Australia, is a publicly listed company limited by shares.

# RUM JUNGLE RESOURCES LTD

## ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION (continued)

Twenty Largest Shareholders

Name	Number of Shares	% Held of Issued Capital
WASHINGTON H SOUL PATTINSON AND COMPANY LIMITED	368,941,067	38.28
BRISPOT NOMINEES PTY LTD <HOUSE HEAD NOMINEE NO 1 A/C>	35,820,515	3.72
JOHN A NEWTON & WANDA G NEWTON <DRAWONE S/F A/C>	30,000,000	3.11
FARJOY PTY LTD	27,420,683	2.85
CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	23,633,107	2.45
J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA LIMITED	19,995,695	2.07
CS FOURTH NOMINEES PTY LIMITED <HSBC CUST NOM AU LTD 11 A/C>	18,750,000	1.95
LION SELECTION GROUP LTD	17,920,381	1.86
FINCHING PTY LTD SF A/C	15,450,115	1.60
KENSINGTON CAPITAL MANAGEMENT PTY LTD	13,000,000	1.35
KEO PROJECTS PTY LTD <SUPERANNUATION FUND A/C>	11,037,962	1.15
DRAWONE PTY LTD <NEWTON INVESTMENT A/C>	10,500,000	1.09
MR IAN LAWTON BARDEN + MRS LESLEY CORRIE BARDEN <BARDEN SUPER FUND A/C>	10,000,000	1.04
BARBWAY PTY LTD <SPENCER FAMILY A/C>	6,756,497	0.70
RJ & KE SUPER FUND PTY LTD <RJ & KE SUPER FUND A/C>	6,375,000	0.66
CHAFCO PTY LTD <D CHAFFEY SUPER FUND A/C>	6,175,000	0.64
TINTERN (VIC) PTY LTD <A & P MILLER FAMILY A/C>	5,400,432	0.56
FINCHING PTY LTD	5,107,143	0.53
MR GREGORY BRUCE HILL	4,875,000	0.51
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	4,840,489	0.50
<b>Total</b>	<b>641,999,086</b>	<b>66.61</b>
<b>Balance of Register</b>	<b>321,762,406</b>	<b>33.39</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>963,761,492</b>	<b>100.00</b>