# **ASX ANNOUNCEMENT**

19 August 2016

## 2016 Full Year Financial Report for Lendlease Trust

Attached is the full year Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2016 for the Lendlease Trust.

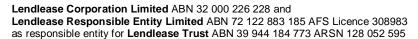
## **ENDS**

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# Lendlease Trust Annual Financial Report

ARSN 128 052 595

Lendlease Responsible Entity Limited ABN 72 122 883 185 AFSL No. 308983 is the responsible entity of the Lendlease Trust ARSN 128 052 595. Lendlease Trust (LLT) is domiciled in Australia. LLT is a for-profit entity. Further information about LLT's primary activities is included in the Directors' Report.

Shares in Lendlease Corporation (the Company) and units in LLT are traded as one security under the name of Lendlease Group on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX).

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 19 August 2016.

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# **Directors' Report**

The Directors of Lendlease Responsible Entity Limited (ABN 72 122 883 185), the Responsible Entity of Lendlease Trust (the Trust), present their Report together with the Annual Financial Report of the Trust, for the year ended 30 June 2016 and the Auditor's Report thereon.

The Responsible Entity is a wholly owned subsidiary of Lendlease Corporation Limited (the Company) and forms part of the consolidated Lendlease Group (the Group). The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity is Level 14, Tower Three, International Towers Sydney, Exchange Place, 300 Barangaroo Avenue, Barangaroo NSW 2000.

#### 1. Governance

#### a. Board/Directors

The name of each person who has been a Director of the Responsible Entity between 1 July 2015 and the date of this Report are:

D A Crawford, AO Chairman and Director since 2009

S B McCann Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director since 2009

Director since 2012 C B Carter, AM P M Colebatch Director since 2009 D P Craig Appointed March 2016 S B Dobbs Director since 2015 J S Hemstritch Director since 2011 D J Ryan, AO Director since 2009 M J Ullmer Director since 2011 N M Wakefield Evans Director since 2013

## b. Company Secretary

#### W Lee

Ms Lee was appointed in January 2010.

The qualifications and experience of each person holding the position of Director and Company Secretary of the Responsible Entity at the date of this Report is detailed in the Lendlease Group Annual Report.

## c. Interests in Capital

The interests of each of the Directors (in office at the date of this Report) in the stapled securities of the Group at 19 August 2016 is set out below.

Director	Securities held directly 2016	Securities held beneficially/ indirectly 2016 <sup>1</sup>	Total 2016	Securities held directly 2015	Securities held beneficially/ indirectly 2015¹	Total 2015
D A Crawford	887	78,501	79,388	850	77,008	77,858
S B McCann	480,849	346,345	827,194	481,864	230,623	712,487
C B Carter		15,000	15,000		15,000	15,000
P M Colebatch	5,144	13,179	18,323	5,023	13,300	18,323
D P Craig <sup>2</sup>		14,870	14,870			_
S B Dobbs		2,000	2,000		2,000	2,000
J S Hemstritch		20,000	20,000		20,000	20,000
D J Ryan		36,172	36,172		35,312	35,312
M J Ullmer		50,000	50,000		50,000	50,000
N M Wakefield Evans		12,517	12,517		4,000	4,000

Includes securities in the Retirement Plan beneficially held by D A Crawford, P M Colebatch and D J Ryan.

<sup>2</sup> D P Craig joined the Board in March 2016.



# **Directors' Report continued**

## 2. Operations

#### a. Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Trust include direct and indirect property investments in the Australia region.

## b. Review and Results of Operations

For the year ended 30 June 2016 the Trust reported a profit after tax of A\$140,350,000 (June 2015: A\$88,402,000).

Key transactions during the year include:

- Partial disposal of units in Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust resulting in a gain on sale of A\$40,260,000;
- Further investment of A\$37,500,000 of previously committed spend into Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust in addition to payment of A\$191,250,000 commitment accrued at June 2015; and
- Further investment of A\$149,535,000 of previously committed spend into Lend Lease International Towers Sydney Trust.

#### c. Distributions

For the year ended 30 June 2016 the Trust declared distributions of A\$64,977,000 (June 2015: A\$41,513,000). Distributions of A\$50,274,000 were paid on 15 March 2016. The remaining distributions of A\$14,703,000 were provided for as at 30 June 2016 and will be paid on 14 September 2016.

## d. Significant Changes in State of Affairs

There have been no significant changes in the Trust's state of affairs.

## e. Events Subsequent to Balance Date

There were no material events subsequent to the end of the financial year.

## f. Likely Developments

Details of likely developments in the operations of the Trust in subsequent financial years are contained in the likely developments section of the Directors' Report in the Lendlease Group Annual Report.

## g. Environmental Regulation

The Group is subject to various state and federal environmental regulations in Australia.

The Directors are not aware of any material non compliance with environmental regulations pertaining to the operations or activities during the period covered by this Report. In addition, the Group is registered and publicly reports the annual performance of its Australian operations under the requirements of the *National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting* (NGER) *Act 2007* and *Energy Efficiency Opportunities* (EEO) *Act 2006*.

All Lendlease businesses continue to operate an integrated Environment, Health and Safety Management System ensuring that non compliance risks and opportunities for environmental improvement are identified, managed and reported accordingly.

#### 3. Other

## a. Security Options

No security options were issued during the year by the Trust, and there are no such options on issue.

#### b. Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

Rule 12 of the Trust's Constitution provides for indemnification in favour of each of the Directors named on page one of this Report; the officers of the Responsible Entity or of wholly owned subsidiaries or related entities of the Responsible Entity (Officers) to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. Rule 12 does not indemnify a Director, Company Secretary or Officer for any liability involving a lack of good faith.

Each of the Directors is also a Director of the Company and has entered into a Deed of Indemnity, Insurance and Access with the Company. That indemnity extends to indemnify each of the Directors in respect of their roles as officers of the Responsible Entity. The Responsible Entity has not entered into separate deeds of indemnity with the Directors.

No indemnity has been granted to an auditor of the Responsible Entity in their capacity as auditor of the Responsible Entity.

In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Rule 12 of the Constitution also permits the Responsible Entity to purchase and maintain insurance or pay or agree to pay a premium for insurance for Officers against any liability incurred as an officer of the Company or of a related body corporate. Due to confidentiality obligations and undertakings for the policy, no further details in respect of the premium or policy can be disclosed.

#### c. Special Rules for Registered Schemes

A\$668,000 in fees and other expenses were paid or are payable to Lendlease Corporation Limited and its associates out of the assets of the Trust for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 (June 2015: A\$438,000).

No units in the Trust were held by the Responsible Entity at the end of the financial year. Associates of the Responsible Entity held 35,520,848 units as at the end of the financial year.

Details of the units issued in the Trust during the financial year are set out in the Statement of Changes in Equity.

Details of the value of the Trust assets as at the end of the financial year and the basis of the valuation are set out in the Statement of Financial Position and Basis of Preparation.

Details of the number of Units in the Trust as at the end of the financial year are set out in Note 13 'Issued Capital'.

## d. Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

The Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration is set out on page four and forms part of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2016.

## e. Rounding Off

Lendlease Trust is a Trust of the kind referred to in the ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, and in accordance with the Instrument, amounts in the financial statements and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, or, where the amount is A\$500 or less, zero, unless specifically stated otherwise.

D A Crawford, AO

Chairman

S B McCanr

Group Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director

Sydney, 19 August 2016



## Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To: the directors of Lendlease Responsible Entity Limited (the Responsible Entity of Lendlease Trust)

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPM6

47/1/11

KPMG

S J Marshall

Partner

Sydney

19 August 2016



# **Financial Statements**

## **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

## Year ended 30 June 2016

Note	June 2016 \$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
Revenue and other income 3	78,297	50,535
Other expenses	(1,344)	(1,105)
Results from operating activities	76,953	49,430
Finance revenue 4	3,904	6,360
Net finance revenue	3,904	6,360
Share of profit of equity accounted investments 6	59,493	32,612
Profit before tax	140,350	88,402
Income tax expense		
Profit after tax	140,350	88,402
Other comprehensive income net of tax		
Total comprehensive income after tax	140,350	88,402
Basic/diluted earnings per unit (cents) 2	24.14	15.26

## **Statement of Financial Position**

## As at 30 June 2016

	Note	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
	Ivote	A\$ 000	A\$ 000
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	59,589	330,995
Loans and receivables	16	249,883	233,627
Total current assets		309,472	564,622
Non Current Assets			
Equity accounted investments	8	487,795	372,733
Other financial assets	9	264,712	244,921
Total non current assets		752,507	617,654
Total assets		1,061,979	1,182,276
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	17	638	191,695
Distributions payable	1	14,703	23,968
Total current liabilities		15,341	215,663
Total liabilities		15,341	215,663
Net assets		1,046,638	966,613
Equity			
Issued capital	13	915,820	911,168
Retained earnings		130,818	55,445
Total equity attributable to unitholders		1,046,638	966,613



# Financial Statements continued

## **Statement of Changes in Equity**

## Year ended 30 June 2016

	Issued Capital A\$'000	Retained Earnings A\$'000	Total Equity A\$'000
	7,4000	7.φ σσσ	7.φ 000
Balance as at 1 July 2014	504,717	8,556	513,273
Total Comprehensive Income			
Profit for the period		88,402	88,402
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of tax)			
Total Comprehensive Income	-	88,402	88,402
Recapitalisation of LLT	400,500		400,500
Transactions with Owners of the Trust			
Distribution reinvestment plan (DRP)	5,951		5,951
Distributions paid and provided for		(41,513)	(41,513)
Total other movements	406,451	(41,513)	364,938
Balance as at 30 June 2015	911,168	55,445	966,613
Balance as at 1 July 2015	911,168	55,445	966,613
Total Comprehensive Income			
Profit for the period		140,350	140,350
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of tax)			
Total Comprehensive Income	_	140,350	140,350
Transactions with Owners of the Trust			
Distribution reinvestment plan (DRP)	4,652		4,652
Distributions paid and provided for		(64,977)	(64,977)
Total other movements	4,652	(64,977)	(60,325)
Balance as at 30 June 2016	915,820	130,818	1,046,638

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

## Year ended 30 June 2016

Note	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
11010	7.4 000	7.4 000
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash receipts in the course of operations	2,889	1,525
Cash payments in the course of operations	(1,241)	(1,168)
Interest received	3,761	4,208
Distributions received	17,953	32,968
Net cash provided by operating activities 11	23,362	37,533
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Sale of investment in joint venture	153,107	34,046
Sale of other financial assets		280,001
Acquisition of investment in joint venture	(378,285)	(102,710)
Acquisition of other financial assets		(37,383)
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities	(225,178)	173,954
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Recapitalisation		400,500
Proceeds from borrowings		75,000
Repayment of borrowings		(147,000)
Loan proceeds to related party	(205,000)	(205,000)
Loan repayment by related party	205,000	
Distributions paid	(69,590)	(52,287)
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities	(69,590)	71,213
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(271,406)	282,700
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year	330,995	48,295
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year 10	59,589	330,995

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.



## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## **Basis of Preparation**

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which:

- has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board, and the Corporations Act 2001;
- complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board;
- is presented in Australian dollars, with all values rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise indicated, in accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191; and
- is prepared under the historical cost basis except for the following assets, which are stated at their fair value: fair value through profit or loss investments.

#### Significant accounting policies have been:

- · included in the relevant notes to which the policies relate, and other significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 23; and
- consistently applied to all financial years presented in the financial statements, except as explained in Note 22 'Impact of New and Revised Accounting Standards'.

The preparation of a financial report that complies with AASBs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions.

- This can affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results
  may differ from these estimates.
- Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.
- The significant accounting policies highlight information about accounting judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on reported amounts and further information about estimated uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in material adjustments within the next financial year.

The Trust presents assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position as current or non current.

- Current assets include assets held primarily for trading purposes, cash and cash equivalents, and assets expected to be realised in, or
  intended for sale or use in, the course of the Trust's operating cycle. All other assets are classified as non current.
- Current liabilities include liabilities held primarily for trading purposes, liabilities expected to be settled in the course of the Trust's operating cycle and those liabilities due within one year from the reporting date. All other liabilities are classified as non current liabilities.



#### **Section A: Performance**

Profit After Tax (PAT) is the key measure used to assess the Trust's performance. This section of the Financial Report focuses on disclosure that enhances a user's understanding of PAT. The key line items of the Income Statement along with their components provide detail behind the reported balances. The Trust's performance will also impact the earnings per unit and distribution payout, therefore disclosure on these items has been included in this section. Further information and analysis on performance can be found in the Review and Results of Operations, which forms part of the Directors' Report.

#### 1. Distributions

	Cents Per Unit	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
Lendlease Trust Interim Distribution			
December 2015 – paid 15 March 2016	8.6	50,274	
December 2014 – paid 18 March 2015	3.0		17,545
		50,274	17,545
Lendlease Trust Final Distribution			
June 2016 – provided for (payable 14 September 2016)	2.5	14,703	
June 2015 – paid 18 September 2015	4.1		23,968
		14,703	23,968
		64,977	41,513

## 2. Earnings Per Unit (EPU)

## **Accounting Policies**

The Trust presents basic and diluted EPU in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Basic EPU is determined by dividing profit/(loss) after income tax attributable to the unitholders of the Trust, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary units, by the weighted average number of ordinary units outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary units issued during the financial year.

Diluted EPU is determined by adjusting the profit/(loss) after tax attributable to the unitholders of the Trust, and the weighted average number of ordinary units outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary units. The Trust currently does not have any dilutive potential ordinary units.

Financial Disclosure		June 2016	June 2015
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Unit (EPU)			
Profit after tax	A\$'000	140,350	88,402
Weighted average number of units	(000's)	581,364	579,357
Basic/Diluted EPU	(cents)	24.14	15.26

#### 3. Revenue and Other Income

## **Accounting Policies**

Distribution income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established, usually on declaration of the distribution.

Net gains or losses on sale of investments, including equity accounted investments and fair value through profit or loss assets are recognised when an unconditional contract is in place.

Net gains or losses on fair value remeasurements are recognised in accordance with the policies stated in Note 9 'Other Financial Assets'.

Financial Disclosure	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
Distribution income	15,357	28,843
Net gain on sale of equity accounted investments	40,260	183
Net gain on sale of fair value through profit or loss assets		2,995
Net gain on fair value remeasurement of fair value through profit or loss assets	19,791	16,989
Other income – related parties	1,180	1,525
Other income – external parties	1,709	
Total revenue and other income	78,297	50,535

#### 4. Finance Revenue

#### **Accounting Policies**

**Finance revenue** is recognised as it is earned using the effective interest method, which applies the interest rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument. The discount is then recognised as finance revenue over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

Financial Disclosure	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
Finance revenue – external parties	2,480	4,761
Finance revenue – related parties	844	
Interest discounting	580	1,599
Total revenue and other income	3,904	6,360

## 5. Other Expenses

Other expenses includes Auditors' Remuneration as detailed below:

	June 2016 A\$	June 2015 A\$
Auditors' Remuneration		
Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditors of Lendlease Trust for:		
Audit and Other Assurance Services		
Audit services	54,000	54,000
Other assurance services		3,162
Total audit and other assurance services	54,000	57,162
Non audit services		
Total audit, other assurance and non audit services	54,000	57,162

## 6. Share of Profit of Equity Accounted Investments

## **Accounting Policies**

Investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method. The share of profit recognised under the equity method is the Trust's share of the investment's profit or loss based on ownership interest held. Associates (including partnerships) are entities in which the Trust, as a result of its voting rights, has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

For associates, this is from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases, and for joint ventures, this is from the date joint control commences until the date joint control ceases.

Refer to Note 8 'Equity Accounted Investments' for accounting policy on investments in joint ventures and associates.

	SHARE OF PRO	SHARE OF PROFIT		
Financial Disclosure	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000		
a. Associates				
Lendlease Sub Regional Retail Fund		904		
Total share of profit from associates	-	904		
b. Joint Ventures				
Lend Lease International Towers Sydney Trust	53,290	31,708		
Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust	6,203			
Total share of profit from joint ventures	59,493	31,708		
Total share of profit from equity accounted investments	59,493	32,612		



#### **Section A: Performance continued**

## 6. Share of Profit of Equity Accounted Investments continued

## c. Material Associates and Joint Ventures summarised financial information

The table below and in Note 8b provides summarised financial information for those joint ventures that are material to Lendlease Trust. The information disclosed reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the relevant joint ventures and are not the reporting entities share of those amounts. They have been amended to reflect adjustments made by Lendlease Trust when using the equity method, including fair value adjustments and differences in accounting policies.

	LEND LEASE INTERN SYDNEY		LEND LEASE ONE INTERNATIONAL TOWERS SYDNEY TRUST		
Statement of Comprehensive Income	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000	
Revenue from provision of services	96,912				
Interest income	437	93	223		
Fair value revaluations	306,523	217,452	59,336		
Interest expense	(20,517)				
Other expenses	(28,090)	(6,158)	(5,050)		
Income tax expense					
Profit for the period <sup>2</sup>	355,265	211,387	54,509	_	
Other comprehensive income					
Total comprehensive income	355,265	211,387	54,509	-	
% ownership	15.0%	15.0%	12.5%	37.5%	
Lendlease Trust's share of comprehensive income of joint ventures	53,290	31,708	6,203¹	_	
Dividends received from joint ventures	(3,966)				

Lendlease Trust disposed of a 25% interest in Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust, reducing its ownership from 37.5% to 12.5%. Under the terms of the unit transfer agreement that was executed on 22 December 2015, Lendlease Trust has recognised a 37.5% share of comprehensive income for the period 1 July 2015 to 31 December 2015. Subsequent to the sale, Lendlease Trust recognised a 12.5% share of profit for the period 1 January 2016 – 30 June 2016.

2 There was no depreciation and amortisation expense in the current or prior year in the profit/(loss).

There were no capital expenditure or lease commitments contracted but not provided for during the current or prior period for the material associates and joint ventures.

The table below provides summarised financial information for those associates and joint ventures that are individually immaterial to the Trust.

	ASSOCIA	TES
Income Statement	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
Aggregate amounts of the Trust's share of:		
Profit from continuing operations and other comprehensive income		904
Aggregate amounts of Trust's share of total comprehensive income of individually		
immaterial equity accounted investments	-	904

## 7. Events Subsequent to Balance Date

There were no material events subsequent to the end of the financial year.



#### **Section B: Investment**

Investment in associates and joint ventures are in property projects and more passive assets, such as property funds which drive the current and future performance of the Trust. This section includes disclosures for indirect property assets such as Equity Accounted Investments and Other Financial Assets contained within the Statement of Financial Position.

## 8. Equity Accounted Investments

## **Accounting Policies**

#### **Equity Accounted Investments (Associates and Joint Ventures)**

As discussed in Note 6 'Share of Profit of Equity Accounted Investments', investments in Associates and Joint Ventures are equity accounted. The share of investment recognised under the equity method is the Trust's share of the investment's net assets based on ownership interest held.

Investments in associates and joint ventures are carried at the lower of the equity accounted carrying amount and the recoverable amount. When the Trust's share of losses exceeds the carrying amount of the equity accounted investment (including assets that form part of the net investment in the associate or joint venture entity), the carrying amount is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Trust has recourse to obligations in respect of the associate or joint venture.

Dividends from associates and joint ventures represent a return on the Trust's investment and as such are applied as a reduction to the

Dividends from associates and joint ventures represent a return on the Trust's investment and as such are applied as a reduction to the carrying value of the investment. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investments are eliminated against the investment in the associate or joint venture to the extent of the Trust's interest in the associate or joint venture. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

	INTEREST		NET BOO	OK VALUE
Financial Disclosure	June 2016 %	June 2015 %	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
a. Joint Ventures				
Lend Lease International Towers Sydney Trust	15.0	15.0	380,342	181,483
Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust <sup>1</sup>	12.5	37.5	107,453	191,250
Total equity accounted investments			487,795	372,733

<sup>1</sup> Disposal of 25% interest in Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust did not change the assessment of joint control. Although the Group has a 12.5% ownership interest in Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust, it holds joint voting rights and has joint control over the investment. As a result the Group applies equity accounting for its ownership interest.

	LEND LEASE INTERNATIONAL TOWERS L SYDNEY TRUST		LEND LEASE ONE INTERNATIONAL TOWE SYDNEY TRUST	
	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
b. Material Joint Ventures Summarised Financial Information				
Statement of Financial Position				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	20,206	4,212	4,336	
Other current assets	24,774	10,307		598,897
Total current assets	44,980	14,519	4,336	598,897
Non Current Assets	3,141,487	2,236,248	1,286,044	883,951
Total non current assets	3,141,487	2,236,248	1,286,044	883,951
Current Liabilities				
Financial liabilities (excluding trade payables)	9,485	458,491	186,044	150,000
Other current liabilities	40,907	275,464	233,602	650,207
Total current liabilities	50,392	733,955	419,646	800,207
Non Current Liabilities				
Financial liabilities (excluding trade payables)	600,464	306,926	6,225	172,641
Total non current liabilities	600,464	306,926	6,225	172,641
Net assets	2,535,611	1,209,886	864,509	510,000
Reconciliation to Carrying Amounts				
Opening net assets 1 July	1,209,886	539,499	510,000	
Profit for the period	355,265	211,387	54,509	
Acquisition/contributions	996,900	459,000	300,000	510,000
Distributions paid	(26,440)			
Closing net assets	2,535,611	1,209,886	864,509	510,000
Lendlease Trust's share of net assets and carrying amount at end of year	380,342	181,483	108,064	191,250
Adjustment for partial disposal of units <sup>1</sup>			(611)	
Carrying amount at end of year	380,342	181,483	107,453	191,250

<sup>1</sup> Lendlease Trust disposed of a 25% interest in Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust, reducing its ownership from 37.5% to 12.5%. Under the terms of the unit transfer agreement that was executed on 22 December 2015, Lendlease Trust has recognised a 37.5% share of comprehensive income for the period 1 July 2015 to 31 December 2015. Subsequent to the sale, Lendlease Trust recognised a 12.5% share of profit for the period 1 January 2016 – 30 June 2016.



#### **Section B: Investment continued**

#### 9. Other Financial Assets

## **Accounting Policies**

The following table summarises the accounting policies of investments the Trust classifies as material financial assets, the classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired.

Investment Category	Classification Criteria	Initial Recognition	Subsequent Measurement	Impairment
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss at initial recognition - either to eliminate a measurement or recognition inconsistency, or where a group of financial assets is managed, and its performance is evaluated, on a fair value basis.	At fair value (generally transaction price)  Transaction costs are recorded as expenses when they are incurred.	Fair value, any changes in fair value are reflected in the Income Statement.	Fair value losses are reflected in the Income Statement.
Loans and receivables	Refer to Note 16 'Loans and Re	ceivables'.		

Financial Disclosure	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
Non Current Measured at Fair Value		
Fair Value Through Profit or Loss – Designated at Initial Recognition		
Australian Prime Property Fund – Industrial	73,277	71,304
Australian Prime Property Fund – Commercial	191,435	173,617
Total other financial assets	264,712	244,921

## **Section C: Liquidity and Working Capital**

The ability of the Trust to fund the continued investment in new opportunities and meet current commitments is dependent on available cash and access to third party capital. This section contains disclosure on the financial assets, financial liabilities, cash flows and equity that are required to finance the Trust's activities, including existing commitments and the liquidity risk exposure associated with financial liabilities. The section also contains disclosures for the Trust's trading assets, excluding inventories, and the trading liabilities incurred as a result of trading activities used to generate the Trust's Performance.

## 10. Cash and Cash Equivalents

## **Accounting Policies**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, bank overdrafts and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash within three months and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Bank overdrafts (if applicable) are shown as a current liability on the Statement of Financial Position and are shown as a reduction to the cash balance in the Statement of Cash Flows.

Financial Disclosure	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
Cash	17,653	102,765
Short term investments	41,936	228,230
Total other financial assets	59,589	330,995

Short term investments earned variable rates of interest which averaged 2.2% per annum during the year ended 30 June 2016 (June 2015: 2.7% per annum).

## 11. Notes to Statement of Cash Flows

	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
Reconciliation of Profit After Tax to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Profit after tax	140,350	88,402
Profit of equity accounted investment	(59,493)	(32,612)
Gain on sale of equity accounted investment	(40,260)	(183)
Gain on sale of other financial assets		(2,995)
Distributions of equity accounted investments	3,966	901
Fair value gain on fair value through profit or loss assets	(19,791)	(16,989)
Other	517	
Net cash provided by operating activities before changes in asset and liabilities	25,289	36,524
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(1,513)	1,072
(Decrease) in payables	(414)	(63)
Net cash provided by operating activities	23,362	37,533

## 12. Borrowings and Financing Arrangements

## **Accounting Policies**

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Under the amortised cost method the difference between the amount initially recognised and the redemption value is recorded in the Income Statement over the period of the borrowing on an effective interest basis. Borrowings are referred to in this section using their redemption value when describing the terms and conditions.

## **Financial Arrangements**

The Trust has access to the following financial facilities:

	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
Related party loan facility		
Facility available	300,000	300,000
Amount of facility used		
Amount of facility unused	300,000	300,000

Consistent with prior periods, the Trust has not defaulted on any obligations of principal or interest in relation to its borrowings and finance arrangements and other financial liabilities.



## Section C: Liquidity and Working Capital continued

#### 13. Issued Capital

## **Accounting Policies**

Ordinary units are classified as equity. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary units are recognised as a deduction from equity. When issued capital recognised as equity is repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, including directly attributable costs, is recognised as a change in equity. Distributions are recognised as a liability in the financial year in which they are declared.

	JUNE 201	16	JUNE 201	JUNE 2015	
	No of units		No of units		
Financial Disclosure	000's	A\$'000	000's	A\$'000	
Issued Capital					
Issued capital at beginning of financial year	580,469	911,168	577,476	504,717	
Recapitalisation of Lendlease Trust				400,500	
Distribution Reinvestment Plan (DRP)	1,848	4,652	2,993	5,951	
Issued capital at end of financial year	582,317	915,820	580,469	911,168	

#### a. Issuance of Securities

At 30 June 2016 Lendlease Trust had 582,317,146 units on issue equivalent to the number of Lendlease Corporation shares on issue. The issued units of the Trust and shares on issue by Lendlease Corporation Limited are stapled securities.

## b. Security Accumulation Plans

The Distribution Reinvestment Plan (DRP) was reactivated in February 2011. The last date for receipt of an election notice for participation in the DRP is 1 September 2016. The issue price is the arithmetic average of the daily volume weighted average price of Lendlease stapled securities traded (on the Australian Securities Exchange) for the period of five consecutive business days immediately following the record date for determining entitlements to distribution. If that price is less than 50 cents, the issue price will be 50 cents. Stapled securities issued under the DRP rank equally with all other stapled securities on issue.

## c. Terms and Conditions

A stapled security represents one share in the Company stapled to one unit in the Trust.

Stapled securityholders have the right to receive declared dividends from the Company and distributions from the Trust and are entitled to one vote per stapled security at securityholders' meetings. Ordinary stapled securityholders rank after all creditors in repayment of capital.

#### 14. Liquidity Risk Exposure

Further information on Liquidity Risk is disclosed in Note 18 'Financial Risk Management'. As disclosed in Note 20 'Contingent Liabilities' in certain circumstances the Trust guarantees the performance of particular Stapled Group entities in respect of their obligations including bonding and bank guarantees. Issued bank guarantees have cash collateralisation requirements if the bank guarantee facility is not renewed by the provider. At 30 June 2016, the Group does not anticipate a significant liquidity risk in relation to these facilities in the next 12 months.

The following are the contractual cash flow maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments.

	Note	Carrying Amount A\$'000	Contractual Cash Flows A\$'000	Less than One Year A\$'000	One to Two Years A\$'000	Two to Five Years A\$'000	More than Five Years A\$'000
June 2016							
Non Derivative Financial Liabilities							
Trade and other payables	17	638	638	638			
Distributions payable	1	14,703	14,703	14,703			
Total		15,341	15,341	15,341	-	-	-
June 2015							
Non Derivative Financial Liabilities							
Trade and other payables	17	191,695	191,695	191,695			
Distributions payable	1	23,968	23,968	23,968			
Total		215,663	215,663	215,663	_	_	_

Other contractually committed cash flows the Trust is exposed to are detailed in Note 15 'Commitments'.



#### 15. Commitments<sup>1</sup>

	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
At balance date, capital commitments existing in respect of interests in equity accounted investments in the financial statements are as follows:		
Due within one year	74,871	266,145
Due between one and five years	18,394	236,655
	93,265	502,800

<sup>1</sup> The commitments outlined in this note do not include the commitments of the material joint ventures and associates (refer to Note 8 'Equity Accounted Investments').

#### 16. Loans and Receivables

#### **Accounting Policies**

Loans and receivables are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not equity securities. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, which applies the interest rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts over the term of the loans and receivables. Cash flows relating to short term trade and other receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial. The discount, if material, is then recognised as revenue over the remaining term.

Financial Disclosure	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
Current		
Other receivables – external parties	44,883	28,627
Loan to related party	205,000	205,000
Total current	249,883	233,627
Non Current		
Other receivables – external parties		
Total non current	_	-
Total loans and receivables	249,883	233,627

A related party in the Lendlease Group repaid the A\$205,000,000 oustanding on the non interest bearing Revolving Loan Facility in May 2016. Subsequently, a new interest bearing Revolving Loan Facility with the same related party was entered into and the related party made a drawdown of A\$205,000,000. This facility is due within 12 months.

The credit quality of all loans and receivables, including those neither past due nor impaired, is assessed and monitored on an ongoing basis. To determine the impairment provision for the financial year, the Trust considers how economic and market conditions will affect the creditworthiness of certain entities. There were no past due or impaired receivables for 30 June 2016 (June 2015: A\$nil past due and A\$nil impaired).

## 17. Trade and Other Payables

## **Accounting Policies**

## **Trade Creditors**

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether or not billed to the Group. Trade accounts payable are normally settled within 45 days. Trade and other payables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, which applies the interest rate that discounts estimated future cash outflows over the term of the trade and other payables. Cash flows relating to short term trade and other payables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial. The discount, if material, is then recognised as an expense over the remaining term.

Financial Disclosure	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000
Current		
Other payables <sup>1</sup>		191,250
Related parties	638	445
Total trade and other payables	638	191,695

<sup>1</sup> Represents first equity call for the Trust's investment in Lend Lease One International Towers Sydney Trust. Amount was paid in July 2015.



## **Section D: Risk Management**

The Trust's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. The Trust's overall risk management strategy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise adverse effects on the Trust's performance. Treasury policies have been approved by the Board for managing this risk. This section contains disclosures of financial risks the Trust is exposed to and how the Trust manages these risks. The impact of contingent liabilities is also considered in this section.

## 18. Financial Risk Management

The Lendlease Asset and Liability Committee oversees the management of the Lendlease Trust's financial risks, within the parameters of a Board approved Treasury Policy, and maintains a Group-wide framework for financial risk management and reviews issues of material risk exposure within the scope of the Treasury Policy. A summary of key risks identified, exposures and management of exposures is detailed in the table below.

Risks Identified	Definition	Exposures	Management of Exposures
Credit	The risk that a counterparty will not be able to meet its obligations in respect of a financial instrument, resulting in a financial loss to the Trust	<ul> <li>Recoverability of loans and receivables</li> <li>Recoverability of other financial assets and cash deposits</li> <li>Further information on exposures is detailed in Note 18a 'Credit Risk Exposure'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Policies in place so that customers and suppliers are appropriately credit assessed</li> <li>Treasury Policy sets out credit limits for each counterparty based on minimum investment-grade ratings</li> </ul>
Liquidity	The risk of having insufficient funds to settle financial liabilities as and when they fall due	<ul> <li>Insufficient levels of committed credit facilities</li> <li>Settlement of financial liabilities</li> <li>Further information on exposures is detailed in Note 14 'Liquidity Risk Exposure'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintaining sufficient levels of cash and committed credit facilities to meet financial commitments and working capital requirements</li> <li>Managing to funding portfolio benchmarks as outlined in the Treasury Policy</li> <li>Timely review and renewal of credit facilities</li> </ul>
Interest Rate	The risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flow associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates	<ul> <li>Financial assets, mainly cash at bank</li> <li>Financial liabilities, mainly borrowings and finance arrangements</li> <li>Further information on exposures is detailed in Note 18b 'Interest Rate Risk Exposure'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Physical financial instruments</li> <li>Speculative trading is not permitted</li> </ul>
Equity Price	The risk that the fair value of either a traded or non traded equity investment, derivative equity instrument, or a portfolio of such financial instruments, increases or decreases in the future	All traded and/or non traded financial instruments measured at fair value	<ul> <li>Material investments within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis. The Group's portfolio is monitored closely as part of capital recycling initiatives</li> </ul>



## 18. Financial Risk Management continued

## a. Credit Risk Exposure

- The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date on financial instruments recognised in the Statement of Financial Position (excluding investments of the Trust) equals the carrying amount.
- Refer to Note 16 'Loans and Receivables' for information relating to impairment on loans and receivables. No provision for doubtful debts has been raised as no impairment has been identified.

#### b. Interest Rate Risk Exposure

The Trust's exposure to interest rate risk on its financial assets and liabilities is set out as follows, the Trust has no fixed rate instruments.

		CARRYING AMOUNT		
	Note	June 2016 A\$'000	June 2015 A\$'000	
Variable Rate Instruments				
Cash and cash equivalents	10	59,589	330,995	

#### **Sensitivity Analysis**

At 30 June 2016 it is estimated that an increase of one percentage point in interest rates would have increased the Trust's profit after tax by A\$595,890 (June 2015: A\$3,310,000). A one percentage point decrease in interest rates would have an equal opposite effect on equity and profit after tax. The increase or decrease in interest income/expense is proportional to the increase or decrease in interest rates.

#### 19. Fair Value Measurement

#### **Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies for financial instruments held at fair value are included in Note 9 'Other Financial Assets'. Management consider the valuation of the financial instruments to be an area of estimation uncertainty. While this represents the best estimation of fair value at the reporting date, the fair values may differ if there is volatility in market prices.

## a. Basis of Determining Fair Value

The determination of fair values of financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at cost or amortised cost in the annual financial report are summarised as follows.

- The fair value of unlisted investments is determined based on an assessment of the underlying net assets, future maintainable earnings and
  any special circumstances pertaining to the particular investment; and
- The fair value of unlisted investments in property funds has been determined by reference to the fair value of the underlying properties, which are valued by independent appraisers.

## b. Fair Value Measurements

The table below analyses financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: The fair value is determined using the unadjusted quoted price for an identical asset or liability in an active market for identical assets
  or liabilities:
- Level 2: The fair value is calculated using predominantly observable market data other than unadjusted quoted prices for an identical asset or liability; and
- Level 3: The fair value is calculated using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

		CARRYING AMOUNT			
June 2016	Note	Level 1 A\$'000	Level 2 A\$'000	Level 3 A\$'000	Total A\$'000
Financial Assets					
Fair value through profit or loss – unlisted equity investments	9			264,712	264,712
		-	-	264,712	264,712

During the year there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value hierarchies.



## **Section D: Risk Management continued**

#### 19. Fair Value Measurement continued

#### b. Fair Value Measurements continued

		CARRYING AMOUNT			
June 2015	Note	Level 1 A\$'000	Level 2 A\$'000	Level 3 A\$'000	Total A\$'000
Financial Assets					
Fair value through profit or loss – unlisted equity investments	9			244,921	244,921
		_	_	244,921	244,921

#### c. Fair Value Reconciliation

Reconciliation of the carrying amount for Level 3 financial instruments is set out as follows.

	June 2016 Unlisted Equity Investments A\$'000	June 2015 Unlisted Equity Investments A\$'000
Carrying amount at beginning of financial year	244,921	467,555
(Disposals)/additions		(239,623)
Gains recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income – revenue and other income	19,791	16,989
Carrying amount at end of financial year	264,712	244,921

The potential effect of using reasonably possible alternative assumptions for valuation inputs would not have a material impact on the Trust.

## 20. Contingent Liabilities

The Trust has the following contingent liabilities:

In certain circumstances, the Trust, as part of the Stapled Group, guarantees the performance of particular Group entities in respect of their
obligations. This includes bonding and bank guarantee facilities used primarily by the construction business. These guarantees are provided
in respect of activities that occur in ordinary course of business and any known losses in respect of the relevant contracts have been brought
to account.

The Trust does not have any other contingent liabilities at 30 June 2016.

## **Section E: Other Notes**

## 21. Related Party Information

## **Key Management Personnel Disclosures**

The Trust does not employ personnel in its own right. However it is required to have an incorporated Responsible Entity to manage its activities. The Responsible Entity is considered to be the Key Management Personnel of the Trust.

## **Responsible Entity's Remuneration**

In accordance with the Trust's Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive costs incurred in performance of its duties and expense reimbursements where expenses have been incurred on behalf of the Trust.

As at 30 June 2016, A\$668,000 (June 2015: A\$438,000) was charged to the Trust, the amount owed to the Responsible Entity was A\$nil (June 2015: A\$nil).

## **Other Related Party Transactions**

The Trust received other income of A\$1,180,000 from the Company (June 2015: A\$1,525,000).

#### **Section E: Other Notes continued**

## 22. Impact of New and Revised Accounting Standards

## New and Revised Accounting Standards Adopted 1 July 2015

There were no new accounting standards or amendments adopted by the Trust for the year ended 30 June 2016.

## New Accounting Standards and Interpretations Not Yet Adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the year ended 30 June 2016 but are available for early adoption, unless otherwise noted, and have not been applied in preparing this report.

The table below represents new and revised accounting standards, together with consequential amendments relevant to the Trust's results at 30 June 2016.

Accounting Standard	Requirement	Impact on Financial Statements
AASB 9 Financial Instruments and consequential amendments	AASB 9 addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets, financial liabilities and hedging. The standard becomes mandatory for the June 2019 financial year, and will be applied prospectively.	Based on the preliminary analysis performed, AASB 9 and consequential amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Trust.
AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and consequential amendments	AASB 15 provides a new five step model for recognising revenue earned from a contract with a customer and will replace the existing AASB 118 Revenue and AASB 111 Construction Contracts.	Based on the preliminary analysis performed, AASB 15 and consequential amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Trust.
	The standard becomes mandatory for the June 2019 financial year and will be applied retrospectively.	
AASB 16 Leases	AASB 16 provides a new model for accounting for leases.	The potential effect of this standard is yet to be determined.
	The standard becomes mandatory for the June 2020 financial year and will be applied retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted under certain circumstances.	
AASB 2014-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or	AASB 2014-10 amends AASB 10 and AASB 128 to clarify the requirements for recording the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture.	Based on preliminary analysis performed, the amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Trust.
Joint Venture and consequential amendments	The amendment becomes mandatory for the June 2019 financial year and will be applied prospectively.	
AASB 2016-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative:	The amendment to AASB 107 introduces additional disclosures relating to changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.	The amendment is not expected to have a material financial impact on the Trust, however it will impact the type of information disclosed in relation to
Amendments to AASB 107	The amendment becomes mandatory for the June 2018 financial year and will be applied prospectively.	financing cash flows.

## 23. Other Significant Accounting Policies

#### a. Income Tax

Under current Australian income tax legislation the Trust is not liable for income tax, including capital gains tax, to the extent that unitholders are presently entitled to the taxable income of the Trust.

## b. Goods and Services Tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) is included as a current asset or liability in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.



# **Directors' Declaration**

In the opinion of the Directors of Lendlease Responsible Entity Limited, the responsible entity for the Lendlease Trust (the Trust):

- 1. The financial statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - a. Giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Trust as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date: and
  - b. Complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- 2. The financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in the Basis of Preparation.
- 3. There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Trust will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 4. The Directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer for the financial year ended 30 June 2016.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

D A Crawford, AO

Chairman

S B McCann

Group Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director

Sydney, 19 August 2016



## Independent auditor's report to the members of Lendlease Trust

## Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Lendlease Trust (the Trust), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2016, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, the Basis of Preparation, notes 1 to 23 comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

## Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of Lendlease Responsible Entity Limited (the Responsible Entity of the Trust) are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In the Basis of Preparation, the directors of the Responsible Entity also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

## Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the Trust's financial position, and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.



## Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Lendlease Trust is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Trust's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in the Basis of Preparation.

**KPMG** 

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S J Marshall *Partner* 

Sydney

19 August 2016