DAWNEY & CO LTD

ACN 138 270201

Annual Report For Year Ended 30 June 2024

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

CONTENTS

FIVE YEAR SUMMARY	2
DIRECTORS' REPORT	3
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT	6
REMUNERATION REPORT	7
AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION	9
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	10
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	11
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	12
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	13
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	14
CONSOLIDATED ENTITY STATEMENT	23
DIRECTORS' DECLARATION	24
INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DAWNEY & CO LIMITED	25
STOCK EXCHANGE INFORMATION	30
CORPORATE DIRECTORY	31

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

FIVE YEAR SUMMARY

Key Financial Statistics

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Net profit / (loss) after tax	1,422,366	(487,169)	175,065	1,124,597	(331,953)
Earnings per Share (cents per share)	5.88	(2.02)	0.82	5.87	(1.74)
Dividends per share (cents per share)	-	-	-	=	-
Total Assets	6,679,988	4,427,981	5,127,381	4,044,858	2,639,657
Total Liabilities	814,690	17,548	236,115	276,490	25,887
Shareholder's Funds	5,865,298	4,410,433	4,891,266	3,768,368	2,613,770
Net asset backing per share	0.2419	0.1832	0.2036	0.1958	0.1370
Shares on issue	24,251,609	24,071,054	24,020,182	19,244,489	19,077,823
Number of shareholders	117	117	177	179	184

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors present their report on the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

In order to comply with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, the directors report as follows:

Directors

The names of directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

- Kerry John Daly
- Mitchell David Dawney
- Peter Johns

Company Secretary

Mitch Dawney and Kerry Daly act as joint company secretaries.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Company during the financial year was investment in cash and securities (debt and equity). Our objective is to seek out and invest in securities that offer a superior risk-adjusted total return.

Operating Results

The company's revenue for FY24 was \$2,701,005, made up of \$2,616,620 realised and unrealised gains and \$84,385 of dividends and distributions. The company earned a net operating profit before income tax for the year of \$2,043,445 (FY23: loss \$702,017).

The company's net profit after tax for the year was \$1,422,366 (FY23: loss \$487,169).

Cash and cash equivalent holdings at 30 June 2024 were \$890,172 (FY23: \$593,853).

Net Tangible Assets (NTA) before tax as at 30 June 2024 were \$0.2605 (FY23: \$0.1755). NTA after tax was \$0.2419 (FY23: \$0.1826).

The return to shareholders (the change in the NTA before tax, net of all costs) was a positive return of 48.9% for the year.

Dividends Paid or Recommended

No dividends were paid during the period, however the directors have declared a fully franked, 2.27 cents per share final dividend for FY24.

Review of operations

The Company continued to invest in securities which are expected to provide superior risk adjusted returns.

Benjamin Hornigold Limited (BHD)

In June 2023, we requisitioned a shareholder meeting in BHD to wind up the company and return capital to shareholders. The meeting was held in August 2023 and our proposed resolutions were defeated. We sold our shares in January 2024.

Findi Limited (FND)

Findi was no doubt the standout performer in FY24, with most of the price appreciation occurring in the second half. By background, in 2022 the Company supported a capital raise for Findi (then Vortiv Limited) to buy out the 75% of TSI India it did not own. Participating investors also received options (expiring in January 2024). Findi/Vortiv consolidated its share capital and as a result we owned 500,000 shares and 375,000 options (exercisable at \$0.90). We exercised our options which took FND to a major position in the portfolio. We have trimmed the position along the way but it remains an interesting holding for use

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

CZR Resources Limited (CZR)

CZR was another profit contributor. In January 2024, CZR announced the sale of its 85% interest in the Robe Mesa iron ore project in the Pilbara. Disappointingly, the FIRB process continues to drag on into FY25.

Jindalee Lithium Ltd (JLL)

Jindalee was the largest detractor during the year. We were initially attracted to JLL for a number of reasons; the McDermitt project is located in the US, the driving force behind the company (Lindsay Dudfield) is a major shareholder and they have a history of monetising projects and returning capital to shareholders. The lithium space is proving a difficult market to navigate with diverging views. Ours wasn't so much a bet on lithium generally, but given the significance of McDermitt, we believed there was potential for a corporate deal (with what was going on at the time) that could provide a partial monetisation or look through value on the balance of the project. This has not eventuated and the stock price was not immune to lithium's downfall.

Future Developments, Prospects and Business Strategies

Your Board continues to seek out and evaluate investment opportunities that offer the prospect of superior risk-adjusted returns.

Environmental Issues

The company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under the law of the Commonwealth or any state.

Post Balance Date Events

There have been no events since 30 June 2024 requiring disclosure.

Non-audit services

Details of the auditor's remuneration for auditing the company's financial statements are set out in note 13 to the financial statements. No amounts have been paid or payable to the auditors for non-audit services.

Information on Directors

Kerry John Daly - Chairman (appointed 5 October 2018)

Qualifications - Bachelor of Business (Accountancy), Certified Practising Accountant

Experience - Board member and Chairman since 5 October 2018

Interest in Shares - 384,281 Ordinary Shares

Special Responsibilities - Joint Company Secretary

Directorships held in other listed entities - Australian Adventure Tourism Group Limited (formerly Jimmy Crow Limited)

Mitchell David Dawney - Executive Director

Qualifications - Diploma in Stockbroking

Experience - Board member since 5 October 2018

Interest in Shares - 2,563,572 Ordinary Shares

Special Responsibilities - Joint Company Secretary

Directorships held in other listed entities - None

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

Peter Johns - Non-Executive Director

Qualifications - Bachelor of Laws, Bachelor of Economics

Experience - Board member since 31 May 2023

Interest in Shares - 1,100,479 Ordinary Shares

Special Responsibilities - None

Directorships held in other listed entities - AF Legal Group Limited, East72 Limited

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board has the responsibility of ensuring that the company is properly managed to protect and enhance shareholders' interests in a manner that is consistent with the company's responsibility to meet its obligations to all parties with which it interacts. To this end, the Board has adopted what it believes to be appropriate corporate governance policies and practices having regard to its size and nature of activities.

The main corporate governance policies are summarised below.

Appointment and Retirement of Non-Executive Directors

It is the Board's policy to determine the terms and conditions relating to the appointment and retirement of non-executive directors on a case by case basis and in conformity with the requirements of the Listing Rules and the Corporations Act.

Directors Access to Independent Professional Advice

It is the Board's policy that any committees established by the Board should:

- Be entitled to obtain independent professional or other advice at the cost of the Company unless the Board determines otherwise.
- Be entitled to obtain such resources and information from the Company including direct access to employees of and advisers to the Company as they might require.
- Operate in accordance with the terms of reference established by the Board.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee meets with the external auditors at least once a year. This committee addresses the financial and compliance oversight responsibilities of the Board. The specific activities include assessing and monitoring:

- The adequacy of the Company's internal controls and procedures to ensure compliance with all applicable legal obligations
- The adequacy of the financial risk management processes.
- The appointment of the external auditor, any reports prepared by the external auditor and liaising with the external auditor.

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

REMUNERATION REPORT

Remuneration policy

All issues in relation to remuneration of both executive directors and non-executive directors are dealt with by the Board.

The constitution of Dawney & Co Limited requires approval by the shareholders in general meetings of a maximum amount of remuneration per year to be allocated between Non-Executive Directors as they determine. In proposing the maximum amount for consideration in general meeting, and in determining the allocation, the Board takes account of the time demands made on Directors, together with such factors as the general level of fees paid to Directors. The amount of remuneration currently approved by shareholders for Non-Executive Directors is a maximum of \$200,000 per annum.

Non-Executive Directors hold office until such time as they retire, resign or are removed from office under the terms set out in the constitution of the Company.

Non-Executive Directors do not receive any performance-based remuneration.

Mr Dawney receives a base annual salary of \$125,000 p.a. plus superannuation, health insurance and a CBD carpark. He is also reimbursed for any out of pocket business related expenses. In addition to Mr Dawney's base a cash bonus pool will be created if the Net Tangible Assets per ordinary share increase by 15%pa on a pre-tax basis, in any one year. The Board of Directors will determine the cash bonus amount.

Mr Daly and Mr Johns both received \$17,500 and \$15,000 respectively, paid in shares, for their services between 1 July 2023 and 30 June 2024.

Details of remuneration for year ended 30 June 2024

The Company has one executive director and two non-executive directors.

Details of the remuneration for each Director of the Company was as follows:

	Salary & Fees	Bonus	Superannuation Contributions	Other	Total
Kerry Daly	\$17,500	-	=	-	\$17,500
Mitchell Dawney Peter Johns	\$125,000 \$15,000	\$314,300 -	\$48,323 -	\$10,716 -	\$498,339 \$15,000

Meetings of Directors

During the financial year, three meetings of directors (including committees) were held. Attendances were:

	DIRECTORS MEETINGS		AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETINGS	
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
Kerry Daly	3	3	2	2
Mitchell Dawney	3	3	2	2
Peter Johns	3	3	2	2

Shareholdings – Ordinary shares

Number of shares held by directors:

	Balance – 01/07/2023	Received as Remuneration	Options Exercised	Other Change*	Balance – 30/06/2024
Kerry Daly	287,059	97,222	-	-	384,281
Mitchell Dawney	2,550,000	<u>-</u>	=	13,572	2,563,572
Peter Johns	731,707	83.333	-	285.439	1.100.479
Total	3,568,766	180,555	-	-	3,749,321

^{*}Other change refers to shares purchased or sold during the financial year.

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

Indemnifying Officers or Auditor

No indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid, during or since the end of the financial year, for any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of the Company.

Proceedings on Behalf of Company

No person has applied for leave of the court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings. The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2024 has been received and can be found on page 9 of the annual report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

M. D. Dawney

Director

12 September 2024



PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership ABN 91 850 861 839

755 Hunter Street, Newcastle West NSW 2302 Level 8, 1 O'Connell Street, Sydney NSW 2000

Newcastle T: +61 2 4962 2688 F: +61 2 4962 3245 Sydney T: +61 2 8346 6000 F: +61 2 8346 6099 info@pkf.com.au www.pkf.com.au

Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Dawney & Co Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2024, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act* 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

PKF

PAUL PEARMAN PARTNER

12 SEPTEMBER 2024 SYDNEY, NSW

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	30/06/2024	30/06/2023
		\$	\$
Dividends / Distributions Received	2	84,385	15,000
Realised and unrealised investment gains / (losses)	2	2,616,620	(401,708)
Other Income	2	-	9,334
Total income (loss) from ordinary activities		2,701,005	(377,374)
Administration expenses	3	126,721	146,596
Employment benefit expenses		498,339	148,047
Directors Fees		32,500	30,000
Operating profit (loss) before income tax		2,043,445	(702,017)
Income tax expense relating to ordinary activities	4	621,079	214,848
Profit (loss) attributable to members of the company		1,422,366	(487,169)
Other comprehensive income for the financial year		, , <u>-</u>	•
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the financial year		1,422,366	(487,169)
Overall operations			
Basic earnings per share (cents per share) Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	11 11	5.88 5.88	(2.02) (2.02)
Zilatou dalimigo poi dilato (dolito poi dilato)		0.00	(2.02)

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30TH JUNE 2024

	Note	30/06/2024	30/06/2023
400570		\$	\$
ASSETS	-	000 470	E02.0E2
Cash and cash equivalents	5	890,172	593,853
Trade and other receivables	<u>6</u>	56,144	15,000
Current tax refund	<u>/</u>	-	3,566
Deferred tax asset	7	-	167,673
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	8	5,733,672	3,647,889
TOTAL ASSETS		6,679,988	4,427,981
LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	9	361,284	17,548
Current tax liabilities	7	70,701	=
Deferred tax liability	7	382,705	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		814,690	17,548
NET ASSETS		5,865,298	4,410,433
NET ASSETS		3,003,230	4,410,433
EQUITY			
Issued capital	10	4,159,524	4,127,024
Retained earnings		1,705,774	283,409
TOTAL EQUITY		5,865,298	4,410,433
		2,300,200	., ,

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Issued Capital	Retained earnings	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 01/07/2022	4,120,688	770,578	4,891,266
Profit (loss) for the period	-	(487,169)	(487,169)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the	=	(487,169)	(487,169)
Period		, ,	, ,
Shares issued	30,000	-	30,000
Shares bought back	(23,664)	-	(23,664)
Balance as at 30/06/2023	4,127,024	283,409	4,410,433
Balance as at 01/07/2023	4,127,024	283,409	4,410,433
Profit for the period	- · · · · · -	1,422,366	1,422,366
Total comprehensive income for the Period	=	1,422,366	1,422,366
Shares issued	32,500	-	32,500
Shares bought back	=	-	=
Balance as at 30/06/2024	4,159,524	1,705,775	5,865,298

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	30/06/2024 \$	30/06/2023 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		•	Ψ
Interest Received Dividends / Distributions Received Other receipts Bank charges Employment costs Professional fees Payments to suppliers Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	15	88,635 3,566 (189) (117,749) (57,613) (107,042) (190,392)	1,174 - 8,976 (270) (137,933) (58,895) (273,319) (460,267)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of financial assets Payments made for purchase of financial assets Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities		2,926,871 (2,440,161) 486,710	921,399 (1,958,251) (1,036,852)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issuing shares Unmarketable share buy-back Share issue costs Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities		- - -	(18,617) (5,047) (23,664)
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash held		296,318	(1,520,783)
Cash at beginning of the year	5	593,853	2,114,636
Cash at end of the year	5	890,171	593,853

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation of the Financial Statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and Accounting Standards and Interpretations and comply with other requirements of the law.

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001. The Company is a forprofit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements of the Company also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB)

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 12 September 2024.

Except for cashflow information, the financial report has been prepared on an accrual basis. Financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value. All amounts are presented in Australian dollars

Basis of Preparation

Reporting Basis and Conventions

Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards

There were no new standards, interpretation, or amendments to existing accounting standards that are material to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2024.

There are no new Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations in issue but not yet effective that are likely to have a material impact on the Company. The company does not intend to adopt any of these pronouncements before their effective dates

The financial statements are prepared using the valuation methods described below for holdings of securities. All other items have been treated in accordance with the historical cost convention.

(a) Financial Assets

The Financial Assets held by the company consist of securities acquired for the purpose of making a profit from their sale or disposal.

Gains and losses (both realised and unrealised) are recorded in profit o loss through the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

On initial recognition the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value. Fair value is the price the Company would receive to realise an asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date. Transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss.

(b) Income from securities holdings

Distributions relating to listed securities are recognised as income when those securities are quoted on an ex- distribution basis and distributions relating to unlisted securities are recognised as income when received. If the distributions are capital returns on ordinary securities the amount of the distribution is treated as an adjustment.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and have a maturity of three months or less at the date of acquisition.

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

(d) Taxation

The company's income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised, or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the income statement except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the economic entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law

(e) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

(f) Financial instruments issued by the company

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either liabilities or as equity in accordance with substance of the contractual agreements. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded as the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(g) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

(h) Initial public offer costs

The costs incurred in the establishment of the Company and its subsequent public offerings have been charged directly against issued capital.

(i) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The Board has been identified as the chief operating decision-maker, as it is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

(j) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial reports in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. This requires the Board and management to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

The carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events.

There are no key assumptions or sources of estimation uncertainty that have a risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period other than:

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

Deferred tax assets

As noted in Note 1(d), deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

NOTE 2: INCOME

	30/06/2024	30/06/2023
	\$	\$
Dividends / Distributions Received	84,385	15,000
Other Income	-	9,334
Realised gain on disposal of investments	937,350	159,128
Unrealised gain on revaluation of investments	1,679,270	(560,836)
Total income	2,701,005	(377,374)

NOTE 3: ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	30/06/2024 \$	30/06/2023 \$
Accountancy fees	42,372	42,482
Auditor's remuneration	15,750	15,750
Company secretarial	5,750	10,974
Legal expenses	19,330	35,128
Listing fees	15,914	15,219
Share registry fees	6,737	9,069
Other expenses	20,868	17,974
Total administration expenses	126,721	146,596

NOTE 4: INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	30/06/2024 \$	30/06/2023 \$
Corporation income tax: Current year tax liability	70,701	-
Deferred tax (refer note 7): Current year deferred tax Total income tax expense (benefit)	550,378 621,079	(214,848) (214,848)

The charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before tax as follows:

Profit before tax on continuing operations	2,043,445	(702,017)
Tax at the corporation tax rate of 30% (2023: 30%)	613,033	(210,605)
Tax effect of permanent differences	232	-
Tax effect of temporary differences	54,411	(4,243)
Recoupment of prior year tax losses	(46,597)	-
Tax expense/(benefit) for the year	621,079	(214,848)

NOTE 5: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30/06/2024	30/06/2023
	\$	\$
Cash at bank	890,172	593,853
Total cash and cash equivalents	890,172	593,853

All cash investments are invested with Authorised Deposit Taking Institutions. All deposits are guaranteed by the Commonwealth of Australia. The credit risk exposure of the company in relation to cash and cash equivalents is the carrying amount and any unpaid accrued interest.

NOTE 6: TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES

	30/06/2024	30/06/2023	
	\$	\$	
Current			
Dividends receivable	10,750	15,000	
Ord Minnett holding account	44,126		
Other receivables	1,268	-	
Total trade & receivables	56.144	15.000	

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

NOTE 7: TAX ASSETS (LIABILITIES)

	30/06/2024 \$	30/06/2023 \$
Current	·	•
Current tax asset (liability)	(70,701)	3,566
Total current tax asset (liability)	(70,701)	3,566
Deferred		
Tax losses	-	46,597
Temporary differences	(382,705)	121,076
Total deferred tax asset (liability)	(382,705)	167,673

NOTE 8: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

CURRE	NT	Note	30/06/2024 \$	30/06/2023 \$
	I assets mandatorily measured at fair value through	19	5,733,672	3,647,889
•	on-current assets		5,733,672	3,647,889
a.	Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	19	5,733,672	3,647,889
	Held for trading Australian listed shares		5,733,672	3,647,889

NOTE 9: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	30/06/2024	30/06/2023
	\$	\$
Accrued charges	3,586	3,768
Employment performance bonus payable	351,003	
Other payables	6,695	13,780
Total trade and other payables	361,284	17,548

NOTE 10: ISSUED CAPITAL

Issued Capital

Movements in issued capital of the company during the financial year were as follows:

Date	Details	Ordinary shares	Price \$	Issued Capital \$
01/07/2022	Opening Balance	24,020,182	=	4,120,688
02/11/2022	Non-Executive Director Fees	146,342	0.205	30,000
13/09/2022	Unmarketable Share Buy Back less capital raising costs	(95,470)	0.195	(23,664)
30/06/2023	Closing Balance	24,071,054		4,127,024
01/07/2023	Opening Balance	24,071,054	_	4,127,024
02/11/2023	Non-Executive Director Fees	180,555	0.180	32,500
30/06/2024	Closing Balance	24,251,609		4,159,524

All ordinary shares rank equally inter se for all purposes of participation in profits or capital of the company.

Changes to the then Corporations Law abolished the authorised capital and par value concept in relation to share capital from 1 July 1998. Therefore, the company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital and does not calculate a par value for issued shares.

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

Capital management

The Company's objectives with respect to managing its capital are to provide shareholders with capital growth over the medium term

There have been no changes in the strategy adopted by the Board in managing the capital of the Company since the prior year.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

NOTE 11: EARNINGS PER SHARE

	30/06/2024 Number	30/06/2023 Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share	24,189,944	24,034,941
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculation of dilutive earnings per share	24,189,944	24,034,941
Profit/ (loss) attributable to members of the company	\$ 1,422,366	\$ (487,169)
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	5.88	(2.03)
Diluted earnings per share	5.88	(2.03)

NOTE 12: FRANKING ACCOUNT

	30/06/2024 \$	30/06/2023 \$
Balance at the beginning of the year	235,163	60,421
Franking credits on dividends received	4,482	=
PAYG instalments paid	-	3,857
Income tax refunded	(3,566)	170,885
Balance available for subsequent reporting periods	236,079	235,163
Franking credits (per share)	0.010	0.010

The number of fully paid shares issued as at 30 June 2024 is 24,251,609

NOTE 13: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

	30/06/2024	30/06/2023
	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor of the company for:		
Auditing and reviewing the financial reports	15,750	15,750

NOTE 14: SEGMENT REPORTING

(a) Description of segments

The Board makes the strategic resource allocations for the Company. The Company has therefore determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Board, which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Board is responsible for the Company's entire portfolio of investments and considers the business to have a single operating segment. The Board's asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investment strategy, and the Company's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The Company invests in cash and securities for the purpose of providing shareholders with attractive risk-adjusted investment returns.

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

(b) Segment information provided to the Board

The internal reporting provided to the Board for the Company's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of Australian Accounting Standards.

The Board considers the Company's net asset backing per share after tax to be a key measure of the Company's performance.

Net asset backing per share Cents 24.19 18.32

(c) Other Segment Information

The Company is domiciled in Australia and all the Company's income is derived from Australian entities.

NOTE 15: CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	30/06/2024 \$	30/06/2023 \$
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with (loss) / profit after income	·	·
tax:		
Profit after income tax	1,422,365	(487,169)
Realised and unrealised gains	(2,616,619)	401,708
Directors' and capital raise fees paid as issued shares	32,500	30,000
(Increase) / decrease in trade and other receivables	2,982	(15,000)
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables and accruals	343,735	(508)
Increase / (decrease) in tax provisions	624,645	(389,298)
Cash flow from operations	(190,392)	(460,267)

NOTE 16: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The directors and their related entities hold the following shares in Dawney & Co Limited:

Ordinary Shares
384,281
2,563,572
1,100,479

Ordinary Shares

NOTE 17: DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES DISCLOSURE

In accordance with the Corporations Amendments Regulation 2005 (No 4) the company has transferred the disclosure required by AASB 1046 from the notes to the Financial Statements to the Directors' Report under the heading of Remuneration Report.

NOTE 18: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial Risk Management

Accounting Standards identify four types of risk associated with financial instruments (i.e. the Company's investments, receivables, payables and borrowings):

Credit Risk

This is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation

Credit risk is managed as noted in the Notes to the financial statements with respect to cash and trade and other receivables. None of these assets are over-due or considered to be impaired.

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

Liquidity Risk

This is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Company monitors its cash-flow requirements and ensures that it has cash available which is sufficient to meet any payments.

Market Risk

This is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market price.

The Company seeks to minimise market risk by diversification of investments.

The Company does not have set parameters as to a minimum or maximum amount of the portfolio that can be invested in a single company or sector.

Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company currently has no borrowings and accordingly is not subject to interest rate risk.

Capital Management

It is the Board's policy to maintain a strong capital base as to maintain investors and market confidence.

To achieve this, the Board monitors the Company's net tangible assets, its levels of borrowings and its investment performance.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

NOTE 19: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly
 or indirectly
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The following table shows the levels within the hierarchy of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

30 June 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Listed Securities	5,733,671	-	-	5,733,671
Total financial assets	5,733,671	-	-	5,733,671
Net fair value	5,733,671	-	-	5,733,671
30 June 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
30 June 2023 Listed Securities	Level 1 3,555,656	Level 2 92,233	Level 3	Total 3,647,889

NOTE 20: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Other than the events outlined in the directors' report, there have been no other activities which have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in the future.

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

NOTE 21: CONTINGENCIES

At balance date the Directors are not aware of any other material contingent liabilities or contingent assets other than those already disclosed elsewhere in the financial report.

NOTE 22: COMPANY DETAILS

The registered office of Dawney & Co Limited is:

C/- HopgoodGanim Lawyers Level 8, 1 Eagle Street BRISBANE QLD 4000

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

CONSOLIDATED ENTITY STATEMENT

Dawney & Co Limited is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements by Australian Accounting Standards. Accordingly, in accordance with subsection 295(3A) of *Corporations Act 2001*, no further information is required to be disclosure in this consolidated entity disclosure statement

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors of the company declare that:

- (a) In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (b) In the director' opinion, the attached financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including compliance with accounting standards and giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the company;

 (c) In the directors opinion, the financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with International
- Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board; and
- The directors have been given the declarations required by section 259A of the Corporations Act 2001. This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors pursuant to s.303 (5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

M. D. Dawney

Director

12 September 2024



PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership ABN 91 850 861 839

755 Hunter Street, Newcastle West NSW 2302 Level 8, 1 O'Connell Street, Sydney NSW 2000

Newcastle T: +61 2 4962 2688 F: +61 2 4962 3245 Sydney T: +61 2 8346 6000 F: +61 2 8346 6099 info@pkf.com.au www.pkf.com.au

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF DAWNEY & CO LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Dawney & Co Limited (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement, and the directors' declaration of the Company at the year end.

In our opinion, the financial report of the Company is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i) Giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the consolidated entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.



Key Audit Matters (cont'd)

1. Valuation & Existence of Investment Portfolio

Why significant

As at 30 June 2024, a significant proportion of the Company's assets (81%) comprised of investment securities. The fair value of financial assets is \$5,733,672 (2023: \$3,647,890) as disclosed in Note 8 of the financial report.

All of these financial assets are listed securities classified as 'level 1' financial instruments in accordance with the classification under Australian Accounting Standards where quoted prices in active markets are available for identical assets.

Refer to Note 1(a) for details of these assets' accounting policies and Notes 8 & 19 for their classification.

Based on the above, we have considered the valuation and existence of financial assets to be a Key Audit Matter.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We performed substantive testing on a sample of financial assets. This included:

- agreeing the quantity of securities held and recognised in the financial report to external independent trading registers;
- confirming the fair values as at 30 June 2024 are reasonable. For level 1 financial assets, the values were agreed to the Australian Stock Exchange;
- reviewing reconciliations prepared by management and supporting documentation to confirm market movements. This included agreeing the gain/loss incurred throughout the period to transaction reports; and
- assessing the appropriateness of the related disclosures in Notes 1, 8 and 19.



Other Information

Other information is financial and non-financial information in the annual report of the Company which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The directors are responsible for Other Information in the annual report.

The Other Information we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report was the director's report. The remaining Other Information is expected to be made available to us after the date of the Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, the auditor does not and will not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the Remuneration Report.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information in the Financial Report and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Directors' Responsibilities for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- a) the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act* 2001: and
- b) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and

for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

- i) the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- ii) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the consolidated entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue and auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individual or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (cont'd)

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the consolidated entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and other related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the consolidated entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the consolidated entity to express an opinion on the group financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2024

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Dawney & Co Limited for the year ended 30 June 2024, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

PKF

PAUL PEARMAN PARTNER

12 SEPTEMBER 2024 SYDNEY, NSW

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

STOCK EXCHANGE INFORMATION

Top 20 holders of Fully Paid Ordinary Shares as at 30 June 2024.

Shareholder	Shares	% of issued
Sandon Capital Investments Ltd	10,118,488	41.72%
Ronald Langley & Rhonda Langley	2,101,805	8.67%
Trepass Pty Ltd < Dkml Super Fund A/C>	2,000,000	8.25%
Maxlek Pty Ltd <jims a="" and="" c="" joels="" super=""></jims>	1,491,948	6.15%
John Holt & Hilary Jane Holt	1,380,540	5.69%
Suchting Investments Pty Ltd <the a="" c="" investment="" suchting=""></the>	1,254,381	5.17%
Noontide Investments Ltd	1,143,902	4.72%
Westferry Operations Pty Ltd <the a="" c="" fund="" westferry=""></the>	1,100,479	4.54%
MCAE Pty Ltd	600,902	2.48%
Norfolk Enchants Pty Ltd < Trojan Retirement Fund A/C>	600,000	2.47%
Ingot Capital Investments Pty Ltd	487,804	2.01%
Kerry John Daly	384,281	1.58%
Auslese Investments Pty Ltd	350,000	1.45%
Monro Investments Pty Ltd <monro a="" c=""></monro>	213,572	0.88%
Aravind Lal Patel & Dhanlaxmi Patel	108,000	0.45%
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	100,140	0.41%
Westferry Management Pty Ltd	83,333	0.34%
A&M Salter Nominees Pty Ltd <alf &="" a="" assoc="" c="" f="" s="" salter=""></alf>	65,213	0.27%
Synergy Ventures Pty Ltd <horsbrugh a="" c="" development=""></horsbrugh>	45,250	0.19%
Centec Securities Pty Ltd	40,244	0.17%
Total	23,670,282	97.60%
Total ordinary shares	24,251,609	100.00%
Number of ordinary shares held	Holders	% Issued shares
1 – 1,000	4	0.00%
1,001 – 5,000	47	0.65%
5,001 – 10,000	29	0.93%
10,001 – 100,000	20	1.89%
100,001 and over	16	96.64%
Total	117	100.00%

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2024

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Directors - Kerry Daly

Mitch Dawney Peter Johns

Company Secretary - Kerry Daly

Mitchell Dawney

Registered Office - C/- HopgoodGanim Lawyers

C/- HopgoodGanim Lawyers Level 8, 1 Eagle Street BRISBANE QLD 4000 Telephone 07 3024 0000 Facsimile 07 3024 0300

Business Office - C/- HopgoodGanim Lawyers

C/- HopgoodGanim Lawyers Level 8, 1 Eagle Street BRISBANE QLD 4000 Telephone 07 3024 0000 Facsimile 07 3024 0300

Share Registry - Automic

Level 5, 126 Phillip Street SYDNEY NSW 2000 Telephone 02 9698 5414

Stockbroker - Ord Minnett Limited

Level 8, 255 George Street SYDNEY NSW 2001 Telephone 02 8216 6300 Facsimile 02 8216 6311

Auditor - PKF Newcastle

755 Hunter Street

NEWCASTLE WEST NSW 2302 Telephone 02 4962 2688 Facsimile 02 4962 3245