DAWNEY & CO LTD

ACN 138 270201

Annual Report For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

A.C.N. 138 270 201

ANNUAL REPORT - FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2025

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FIVE YEAR SUMMARY

Key Financial Statistics

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Net profit / (loss) after tax	(33,079)	1,422,366	(487, 169)	175,065	1,124,597
Earnings per Share (cents per share)	(0.10)	5.88	(2.02)	0.82	5.87
Total Assets	6,215,645	6,679,988	4,427,981	5,127,381	4,044,858
Total Liabilities	901,437	814,690	17,548	236,115	276,490
Shareholder's Funds	5,314,208	5,865,298	4,410,433	4,891,266	3,768,368
Dividends Paid (cents per share)	2.27	-	-	-	-
Net asset backing per share	0.2178	0.2419	0.1832	0.2036	0.1958
Shares on issue Number of shareholders	24,339,336 109	24,251,609 117	24,071,054 117	24,020,182 177	19,244,489 179

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors present their report on the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

In order to comply with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, the directors report as follows:

Directors

The names of directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

- Kerry John Daly
- Mitchell David Dawney
- Peter Johns

Company Secretary

Mitch Dawney and Kerry Daly act as joint company secretaries.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Company during the financial year was investment in cash and securities (debt and equity). Our objective is to seek out and invest in securities that offer a superior risk-adjusted total return.

Operating Results

The company's revenue for FY25 was \$359,158, made up of \$137,756 investment gains, being \$2,045,080 realised profits and \$1,907,324 unrealised losses, and \$221,401 of dividends and distributions. The company reported a net operating loss before income tax for the year of \$33,109 (FY24: profit \$2,043,445).

The company's net loss after tax for the year was \$16,995, (FY24: profit \$1,422,366).

Cash and cash equivalent holdings at 30 June 2025 were \$77,312 (FY24: \$890,172).

Net Tangible Assets (NTA) before tax as at 30 June 2025 was \$0.2335 (FY24: \$0.2605). NTA after tax was \$0.2178 (FY24: \$0.2419).

Dividends Paid or Recommended

A fully franked dividend of 2.27 cents per share was paid during the year.

Review of operations

The Company continued to invest in securities which are expected to provide superior risk adjusted returns.

Investment activities during FY25:

We realised a portion of our investment in Findi Ltd, which is the main source of the Company's FY25 taxable profits. We bought 6,125,000 shares of Soco Corporation Ltd via a block trade. We invested in Indiana Resources Ltd (IDA). The IDA investment was the main source of dividend income during the year as it paid out proceeds from a settlement with the Tanzanian government. We acquired a small interest in the Fat Prophets Property Fund and voted in favour of its liquidation. We invested in Webjet Group Ltd (WJL) after it spun out of Webjet Ltd. WJL became the subject of corporate interest and we exited the position profitably. We invested in Red Hill Minerals (RHI), which holds a royalty over Mineral Resources Onslow project. As the project ramps up, so too will the royalty payments and RHI has committed to paying out 50% of royalty payments to shareholders. We exercised our options in Jindalee Lithium, adding to our holding. We initiated a position in Monash IVF Ltd which was subsequently sold a month later.

Unfortunately, these positives were offset by mark-to-market losses on our residual Findi holding, Carnarvon Energy, Soco Corporation and Vintage Energy.

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Future Developments, Prospects and Business Strategies

Your Board continues to seek out and evaluate investment opportunities that offer the prospect of superior risk-adjusted returns

Environmental Issues

The company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under the law of the Commonwealth or any state.

Post Balance Date Events

There have been no events since 30 June 2025 requiring disclosure.

Non-audit services

Details of the auditor's remuneration for auditing the company's financial statements are set out in note 14 to the financial statements. No amounts have been paid or payable to the auditors for non-audit services.

Information on Directors

Kerry John Daly - Chairman (appointed 5 October 2018)

Qualifications - Bachelor of Business (Accountancy), Certified Practising Accountant

Experience - Board member and Chairman since 5 October 2018

Interest in Shares - 463,826 Ordinary Shares
Special Responsibilities - Joint Company Secretary

Directorships held in other listed entities - Australian Adventure Tourism Group Limited (formerly Jimmy Crow Limited)

Fitzroy River Corporation Ltd

Mitchell David Dawney - Executive Director

Qualifications - Diploma in Stockbroking

Experience - Board member since 5 October 2018

Interest in Shares - 2,563,572 Ordinary Shares
Special Responsibilities - Joint Company Secretary

Peter Johns - Non-Executive Director

Qualifications - Bachelor of Laws, Bachelor of Economics

Experience - Board member since 31 May 2023

Interest in Shares - 1,265,494 Ordinary Shares

Special Responsibilities - None

Directorships held in other listed entities

Directorships held in other listed entities - AF Legal Group Limited, East72 Limited

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board has the responsibility of ensuring that the company is properly managed to protect and enhance shareholders' interests in a manner that is consistent with the company's responsibility to meet its obligations to all parties with which it interacts. To this end, the Board has adopted what it believes to be appropriate corporate governance policies and practices having regard to its size and nature of activities.

The main corporate governance policies are summarised below.

Appointment and Retirement of Non-Executive Directors

It is the Board's policy to determine the terms and conditions relating to the appointment and retirement of non-executive directors on a case by case basis and in conformity with the requirements of the Listing Rules and the Corporations Act.

Directors Access to Independent Professional Advice

It is the Board's policy that any committees established by the Board should:

- Be entitled to obtain independent professional or other advice at the cost of the Company unless the Board determines otherwise.
- Be entitled to obtain such resources and information from the Company including direct access to employees of and advisers to the Company as they might require.
- Operate in accordance with the terms of reference established by the Board.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee meets with the external auditors at least once a year. This committee addresses the financial and compliance oversight responsibilities of the Board. The specific activities include assessing and monitoring:

- The adequacy of the Company's internal controls and procedures to ensure compliance with all applicable legal obligations
- The adequacy of the financial risk management processes.
- The appointment of the external auditor, any reports prepared by the external auditor and liaising with the external auditor.

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REMUNERATION REPORT

Remuneration policy

All issues in relation to remuneration of both executive directors and non-executive directors are dealt with by the Board.

The constitution of Dawney & Co Limited requires approval by the shareholders in general meetings of a maximum amount of remuneration per year to be allocated between Non-Executive Directors as they determine. In proposing the maximum amount for consideration in general meeting, and in determining the allocation, the Board takes account of the time demands made on Directors, together with such factors as the general level of fees paid to Directors. The amount of remuneration currently approved by shareholders for Non-Executive Directors is a maximum of \$200,000 per annum.

Non-Executive Directors hold office until such time as they retire, resign or are removed from office under the terms set out in the constitution of the Company.

Non-Executive Directors do not receive any performance-based remuneration.

Mr Dawney receives a base annual salary of \$135,000 p.a. plus superannuation, health insurance and a CBD carpark. He is also reimbursed for any out-of-pocket business related expenses. In addition to Mr Dawney's base salary, he will be entitled to a discretionary cash performance bonus if the Net Tangible Assets per ordinary share closes above the high water mark in any one year. The high water mark is set as the closing Net Tangible Assets on the last day of the performance period (year to 30 June) in which a performance bonus was paid, less the performance bonus paid, adjusted for dividends. The performance bonus is discretionary and the independent Directors will determine the cash bonus amount.

Mr Daly and Mr Johns both received \$17,500 and \$15,000 respectively, paid in shares, for their services between 1 July 2024 and 30 June 2025.

Details of remuneration for year ended 30 June 2025

The Company has one executive director and two non-executive directors.

Details of the remuneration for each Director of the Company was as follows:

	Salary & Fees	Bonus	Superannuation Contributions	Other	Total
Kerry Daly	17,500	-	-	-	17,500
Mitchell Dawney	135,000	-	15,525	11,102	161,627
Peter Johns	15,000	-	-	-	15,000

Meetings of Directors

During the financial year, three meetings of directors (including committees) were held. Attendances were:

	DIRECTORS MEETINGS		AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETINGS	
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
Kerry Daly	3	3	2	2
Mitchell Dawney	3	3	2	2
Peter Johns	3	3	2	2

Shareholdings – Ordinary shares

Number of shares held by directors:

	Balance – 01/07/2024	Received as Remuneration	Options Exercised	Other Change*	Balance – 30/06/2025
Kerry Daly	384.281	79,545	-	-	463,826
Mitchell Dawney	2,563,572	-	-	-	2,563,572
Peter Johns	1,186,812	68,182	-	10,500	1,265,494
Total	4,134,665	147,727	-	10,500	4,292,892

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*Other change refers to shares purchased or sold during the financial year.

Indemnifying Officers or Auditor

No indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid, during or since the end of the financial year, for any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of the Company.

Proceedings on Behalf of Company

No person has applied for leave of the court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings. The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2025 has been received and can be found on page 9 of the annual report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

M. D. Dawr ey

Director

12 September 2025



PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership ABN 91 850 861 839

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Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Dawney & Co Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2025, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act* 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

PKF

PAUL PEARMAN PARTNER

12 SEPTEMBER 2025 SYDNEY, NSW

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	30/06/2025	30/06/2024
		\$	\$
Dividends / Distributions Received	2	221,401	84,385
Realised and unrealised investment gains / (losses)	2	137,756	2,616,620
Other Income	2	· 1	, , , <u>-</u>
Total income (loss) from ordinary activities		359,158	2,701,005
Administration expenses	3	150,872	126,721
Directors' fees		32,500	32,500
Employee benefits		11,102	10,716
Employee leave provisions		47,268	· -
Employee salaries		135,000	439,300
Employee superannuation		15,525	48,323
Operating profit (loss) before income tax		(33,109)	2,043,445
Income tax expense (benefit) relating to ordinary activities	4	(16,114)	621,079
Profit (loss) attributable to members of the company		(16,995)	1,422,366
Other comprehensive income for the financial year		-	-
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the financial year		(16,995)	1,422,366
, can compression means (1000), for the manner , can		(10,000)	1, .==,000
Overall operations			
	40	(0.40)	5.00
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	12	(0.10)	5.88
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	12	(0.10)	5.88

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30TH JUNE 2025

	Note	30/06/2025 \$	30/06/2024 \$
ASSETS		*	*
Cash and cash equivalents	5	77,312	890,172
Trade and other receivables	6	-	56,144
Deferred tax asset	7	469.958	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	8	5,687,744	5,733,672
TOTAL ASSETS		6,235,014	6,679,988
LIADILITIES			
LIABILITIES Trade and other nevebles	9	20.005	361,284
Trade and other payables Current tax liabilities	7	20,905	,
•	7	568,942	70,701
Deferred tax liability	•	267,607	382,705
Provisions	10	47,268	044.000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		904,722	814,690
NET ASSETS		5,330,292	5,865,298
EQUITY			
Issued capital	11	4,192,024	4,159,524
Retained earnings	••	1,138,268	1,705,774
TOTAL EQUITY		5,330,292	5,865,298
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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Issued Capital	Retained earnings	Total \$
Balance as at 01/07/2023	4,127,024	283,409	4,410,433
Profit (loss) for the period	-	1,422,366	1,422,366
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the Period	-	1,422,366	1,422,366
Shares issued	32,500	-	32,500
Shares bought back	-	-	-
Balance as at 30/06/2024	4,159,524	1,705,775	5,865,298
Balance as at 01/07/2024	4,159,524	1,705,775	5,865,298
Profit (loss) for the period	-	(16,995)	(16,114)
Total comprehensive income for the Period	-	(16,995)	(16,114)
Shares issued	32,500	`	32,500
Shares Bought back	-	-	-
Dividends Paid	-	(550,512)	(550,512)
Balance as at 30/06/2025	4,192,024	1,138,268	5,330,292

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	30/06/2025	30/06/2024
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$	\$
Interest Received Dividends / Distributions Received Other receipts Bank charges Employment costs Professional fees Payments to suppliers Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	16	1 221,401 - (207) (332,526) (66,933) (267,769) (446,033)	88,635 3,566 (189) (117,749) (57,613) (107,042) (190,392)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of financial assets Payments made for purchase of financial assets Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities		4,300,095 (4,116,411) 183,684	2,926,871 (2,440,161) 486,710
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividend Paid Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities		(550,512) (550,512)	-
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash held		(812,861)	296,318
Cash at beginning of the year Cash at end of the year	5 5	890,172 77,312	593,854 890,172

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation of the Financial Statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and Accounting Standards and Interpretations and comply with other requirements of the law.

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001. The Company is a forprofit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements of the Company also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB)

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 12 September 2025.

Except for cashflow information, the financial report has been prepared on an accrual basis. Financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value. All amounts are presented in Australian dollars

Basis of Preparation

Reporting Basis and Conventions

Adoption of new and revised Accounting Standards

There were no new standards, interpretation, or amendments to existing accounting standards that are material to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2025.

There are no new Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations in issue but not yet effective that are likely to have a material impact on the Company. The company does not intend to adopt any of these pronouncements before their effective dates.

The financial statements are prepared using the valuation methods described below for holdings of securities. All other items have been treated in accordance with the historical cost convention.

(a) Financial Assets

The Financial Assets held by the company consist of securities acquired for the purpose of making a profit from their sale or disposal.

Gains and losses (both realised and unrealised) are recorded in profit o loss through the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

On initial recognition the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value. Fair value is the price the Company would receive to realise an asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date. Transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss.

(b) Income from securities holdings

Distributions relating to listed securities are recognised as income when those securities are quoted on an ex-distribution basis and distributions relating to unlisted securities are recognised as income when received. If the distributions are capital returns on ordinary securities the amount of the distribution is treated as an adjustment.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and have a maturity of three months or less at the date of acquisition.

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(d) Taxation

The company's income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised, or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the income statement except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the economic entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

(e) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

(f) Financial instruments issued by the company

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either liabilities or as equity in accordance with substance of the contractual agreements. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded as the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(g) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

(h) Initial public offer costs

The costs incurred in the establishment of the Company and its subsequent public offerings have been charged directly against issued capital.

(i) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The Board has been identified as the chief operating decision-maker, as it is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

(i) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial reports in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. This requires the Board and management to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

The carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events

There are no key assumptions or sources of estimation uncertainty that have a risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period other than:

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Deferred tax assets

As noted in Note 1(d), deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

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NOTE 2: INCOME

	30/06/2025	30/06/2024
	\$	\$
Dividends / Distributions Received	221,401	84,385
Other Income	1	-
Realised gain on disposal of investments	2,045,080	937,350
Unrealised gain on revaluation of investments	(1,907,324)	1,679,270
Total income	359,158	2,701,005

NOTE 3: ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	30/06/2025 \$	30/06/2024 \$
Accountancy fees	47,069	42,372
Auditor's remuneration	29,550	15,750
Company secretarial	6,046	5,750
Legal expenses	6,413	19,330
Listing fees	20,735	15,914
Share registry fees	19,352	6,737
Other expenses	21,707	20,868
Total administration expenses	150,872	126,721

NOTE 4: INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	30/06/2025 \$	30/06/2024 \$
Corporation income tax:	•	•
Current year tax liability	568,942	70,701
Deferred tax		
Current year deferred tax	(552,828)	550,378
Total income tax expense (benefit)	(16,114)	621,079
The charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before tax as follows:		
Profit before tax on continuing operations	(33,109)	2,043,445
Tax at the corporation tax rate of 30% (2024: 30%)	(9,933)	613,033
Tax effect of permanent differences	`	232
Tax effect of temporary differences	(6,181)	54,411
Recoupment of prior year tax losses	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	(46,597)
Tax expense/(benefit) for the year	(16,114)	621,079

NOTE 5: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30/06/2025	30/06/2024
	\$	\$
Cash at bank	77,312	890,172
Total cash and cash equivalents	77,312	890,172

All cash investments are invested with Authorised Deposit Taking Institutions. All deposits are guaranteed by the Commonwealth of Australia. The credit risk exposure of the company in relation to cash and cash equivalents is the carrying amount and any unpaid accrued interest.

NOTE 6: TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES

	30/06/2025 \$	30/06/2024
Current	•	Ψ
Dividends receivable	-	10,750
Ord Minnett holding account	-	44,126
Other receivables	-	1,268
Total trade & receivables	-	56,144

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NOTE 7: TAX ASSETS ((LIABILITIES)
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Comment.		30/06/2025 \$	30/06/2024 \$
Current Current tax asset (liability) Total current tax asset (liability)		469,958 469,958	(70,701) (70,701)
Deferred Temporary differences Total deferred tax asset (liability)		(267,607) (267,607)	(382,705) (382,705)
NOTE 8: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS			
	Note	30/06/2025 \$	30/06/2024 \$
CURRENT Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through	19	5,687,744	5,733,672
profit or loss Total non-current assets		5,687,744	5,733,672
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	19	5,687,744	5,733,672
Held for trading Australian listed shares		5,687,744	5,733,672
NOTE 9: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
Accrued charges Employment performance bonus payable Other payables Ord Minnett holding account Provision for fringe benefits tax Total trade and other payables		30/06/2025 \$ 16,000 4,132 503 270 20,905	30/06/2024 \$ 3,586 351,003 6,695 - - 361,284
NOTE 10: PROVISIONS		30/06/2025 \$	30/06/2024 \$
Provision for employee benefits Total Provisions		47,268 47,268	-

NOTE 11: ISSUED CAPITAL

Movements in issued capital of the company during the financial year were as follows:

Date	Details	Ordinary shares	Price \$	Issued Capital \$
01/07/2023	Opening Balance	24,071,054	-	4,127,024
02/11/2023	Non-Executive Director Fees	180,555	0.180	32,500
30/06/2024	Closing Balance	24,251,609		4,159,524
01/07/2024	Opening Balance	24,251,609	-	4,159,524
02/11/2024	Non-Executive Director Fees	147,727	0.220	32,500
30/06/2025	Closing Balance	24,399,336		4,192,024

All ordinary shares rank equally inter se for all purposes of participation in profits or capital of the company.

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Changes to the then Corporations Law abolished the authorised capital and par value concept in relation to share capital from 1 July 1998. Therefore, the company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital and does not calculate a par value for issued shares

Capital management

The Company's objectives with respect to managing its capital are to provide shareholders with capital growth over the medium term.

There have been no changes in the strategy adopted by the Board in managing the capital of the Company since the prior year.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

NOTE 12: FARNINGS PER SHARE

Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculation of dilutive	30/06/2025 Number 24,282,622 24,282,622	30/06/2024 Number 24,189,944 24,189,944
earnings per share Profit/ (loss) attributable to members of the company	\$ (16,995)	\$ 1,422,366
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	Cents (0.07) (0.07)	Cents 5.88 5.88

NOTE 13: FRANKING ACCOUNT

	30/06/2025	30/06/2024
	\$	\$
Balance at the beginning of the year	236,079	235,163
Franking credits on dividends received	1,285	4,482
Income tax payment	70,702	-
Income tax refunded	-	(3,566)
Franking credits per dividend paid	(235,934)	-
Balance available for subsequent reporting periods	72,132	236,079
Franking credits (per share)	0.003	0.010

The number of fully paid shares issued as at 30 June 2025 is 24,399,366 (2024: 24,251,609)

NOTE 14: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

	30/06/2025	30/06/2024
	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor of the company for:		
Auditing and reviewing the financial reports	16,000	15,750

NOTE 15: SEGMENT REPORTING

(a) Description of segments

The Board makes the strategic resource allocations for the Company. The Company has therefore determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Board, which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Board is responsible for the Company's entire portfolio of investments and considers the business to have a single operating segment. The Board's asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investment strategy, and the Company's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

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The Company invests in cash and securities for the purpose of providing shareholders with attractive risk-adjusted investment returns.

(b) Segment information provided to the Board

The internal reporting provided to the Board for the Company's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of Australian Accounting Standards.

The Board considers the Company's net asset backing per share after tax to be a key measure of the Company's performance.

Net asset backing per share Cents 21.84 24.19

(c) Other Segment Information

The Company is domiciled in Australia and all the Company's income is derived from Australian entities.

NOTE 16: CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	30/06/2025	30/06/2024
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with (loss) / profit after income	\$	\$
tax:	(00.070)	4 400 005
Profit (loss) after income tax	(33,079)	1,422,365
Realised and unrealised gains	(137,756)	(2,616,619)
Directors' and capital raise fees paid as issued shares	32,500	32,500
(Increase) / decrease in trade and other receivables	56,144	2,982
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables and accruals	(340,379)	343,735
Increase / (decrease) in tax provisions	(70,731)	624,645
Increase / (decrease) in provision for employee benefits	47,268	(400,000)
Cash flow from operations	(446,033)	(190,392)

NOTE 17: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The directors and their related entities hold the following shares in Dawney & Co Limited:

	Ordinary Snares
Kerry Daly	463,826
Mitchell Dawney	2,563,572
Peter Johns	1,265,494

NOTE 18: DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES DISCLOSURE

In accordance with the Corporations Amendments Regulation 2005 (No 4) the company has transferred the disclosure required by AASB 1046 from the notes to the Financial Statements to the Directors' Report under the heading of Remuneration Report.

NOTE 19: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial Risk Management

Accounting Standards identify four types of risk associated with financial instruments (i.e. the Company's investments, receivables, payables and borrowings):

Credit Risk

This is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

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Credit risk is managed as noted in the Notes to the financial statements with respect to cash and trade and other receivables. None of these assets are over-due or considered to be impaired.

Liquidity Risk

This is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Company monitors its cash-flow requirements and ensures that it has cash available which is sufficient to meet any payments.

Market Risk

This is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market price.

The Company seeks to minimise market risk by diversification of investments.

The Company does not have set parameters as to a minimum or maximum amount of the portfolio that can be invested in a single company or sector.

Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company currently has no borrowings and accordingly is not subject to interest rate risk.

Capital Management

It is the Board's policy to maintain a strong capital base as to maintain investors and market confidence.

To achieve this, the Board monitors the Company's net tangible assets, its levels of borrowings and its investment performance.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

NOTE 20: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly
 or indirectly
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The following table shows the levels within the hierarchy of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
30 June 2025				
Listed Securities	5,687,744	-	-	5,687,744
Total financial assets	5,687,744	_	_	5,687,744
Net fair value	5,687,744	-	-	5,687,744
30 June 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Listed Securities	5,733,672	-	-	5,733,672
Total financial assets	5,733,672	_	_	5,733,672
Net fair value	5,733,672	-	-	5,733,672

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NOTE 21: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Other than the events outlined in the directors' report, there have been no other activities which have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in the future.

NOTE 22: CONTINGENCIES

At balance date the Directors are not aware of any other material contingent liabilities or contingent assets other than those already disclosed elsewhere in the financial report.

NOTE 23: COMPANY DETAILS

The registered office of Dawney & Co Limited is:

C/- HopgoodGanim Lawyers Level 8, 1 Eagle Street BRISBANE QLD 4000

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CONSOLIDATED ENTITY STATEMENT

Dawney & Co Limited is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements by Australian Accounting Standards. Accordingly, in accordance with subsection 295(3A) of *Corporations Act 2001*, no further information is required to be disclosure in this consolidated entity disclosure statement

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DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors of the company declare that:

- (a) In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (b) In the director' opinion, the attached financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including compliance with accounting standards and giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the company;
- (c) In the directors opinion, the financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board; and
- (d) The directors have been given the declarations required by section 259A of the Corporations Act 2001. This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors pursuant to s.303 (5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

M. D. Dawney

Director

12 September 2025



PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership ABN 91 850 861 839

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF DAWNEY & CO LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Dawney & Co Limited (the company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the financial report of Dawney & Co Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- i) Giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.



Key Audit Matters (cont'd)

1. Valuation & Existence of Investment Portfolio

Why significant

As at 30 June 2025, a significant proportion of the Company's assets (91%) comprised of investment securities. The fair value financial assets is \$5,687,744 (2024: \$5,733,672) as disclosed in Note 8 of the financial report.

All of these financial assets are listed securities classified as 'level 1' financial instruments in accordance with the classification under Australian Accounting Standards where quoted prices in active markets are available for identical assets.

Refer to Note 1(a) for details of these assets' accounting policies and Notes 8 & 19 for their classification.

Based on the above, we have considered the valuation and existence of financial assets to be a Key Audit Matter.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We performed substantive testing on a sample of financial assets. This included:

- agreeing the quantity of securities held and recognised in the financial report to external independent trading registers;
- confirming the fair values as at 30 June 2025 are reasonable. For level 1 financial assets, the values were agreed to the Australian Stock Exchange;
- reviewing reconciliations prepared by management and supporting documentation to confirm market movements. This included agreeing the gain/loss incurred throughout the period to transaction reports; and assessing the appropriateness of the related disclosures in Notes 1, 8 and 19.



Other Information

Other information is financial and non-financial information in the annual report of the Company which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The directors are responsible for Other Information in the annual report.

The Other Information we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report was the director's report. The remaining Other Information is expected to be made available to us after the date of the Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, the auditor does not and will not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the Remuneration Report.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information in the Financial Report and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Directors' Responsibilities for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue and auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individual or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud
or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (cont'd)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and other related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the consolidated entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2025

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Dawney & Co Limited for the year ended 30 June 2025, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

PKF

PAUL PEARMAN PARTNER

12 SEPTEMBER 2025 SYDNEY, NSW

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STOCK EXCHANGE INFORMATION

Top 20 holders of Fully Paid Ordinary Shares as at 30 June 2025.

Shareholder	Shares	% of issued
One Managed Invt Funds Ltd <sandon a="" c="" capital="" inv="" ltd=""></sandon>	10,118,488	41.47%
Ronald Langley & Rhonda Langley	2,101,805	8.61%
Maxlek Pty Ltd <jims a="" and="" c="" joels="" super=""></jims>	1,491,948	6.11%
John Holt & Hilary Jane Holt	1,380,540	5.66%
Trepass Pty Ltd <dkml a="" c="" fund="" super=""></dkml>	1,350,000	5.53%
Suchting Investments Pty Ltd <the a="" c="" investment="" suchting=""></the>	1,254,381	5.14%
JP Morgan Nominees Australia Pty Limited	1,143,902	4.69%
Westferry Operations Pty Ltd <the a="" c="" fund="" westferry=""></the>	1,113,979	4.57%
Monro Investments Pty Ltd < Monro A/C>	813,572	3.33%
MCAE Pty Ltd	600,902	2.46%
Norfolk Enchants Pty Ltd <trojan a="" c="" fund="" retirement=""></trojan>	600,000	2.46%
Ingot Capital Investments Pty Ltd	487,804	2.00%
Kerry John Daly	463,826	1.90%
Auslese Investments Pty Ltd	400,000	1.64%
Westferry Management Pty Ltd	151,515	0.62%
Mr Aravind Lal Patel & Mrs. Dhanlaxmi Patel	108,000	0.44%
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	100,140	0.41%
A&M Salter Nominees Pty Ltd <alf &="" a="" assoc="" c="" f="" s="" salter=""></alf>	65,213	0.27%
Synergy Ventures Pty Ltd <horsburgh a="" c)<="" development="" td=""><td>45,250</td><td>0.19%</td></horsburgh>	45,250	0.19%
Centec Securities Pty Ltd	40,244	0.16%
totals	23,831,509	97.67%
Total ordinary shares	24,399,336	100.00%
Number of ordinary shares held	Holders	% Issued shares
1 – 1,000	4	0.00%
1.001 – 5.000	44	0.60%
5,001 – 10,000	29	0.00%
10,001 – 100,000	15	1.42%
100,001 = 100,000 100,001 and over	17	97.07%
Total	109	100.00%
i Otai	109	100.00%

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Directors - Kerry Daly

Mitch Dawney Peter Johns

Company Secretary - Kerry Daly

Mitchell Dawney

Registered Office - C/- HopgoodGanim Lawyers

C/- HopgoodGanim Lawyers Level 8, 1 Eagle Street BRISBANE QLD 4000 Telephone 07 3024 0000 Facsimile 07 3024 0300

Business Office - C/- HopgoodGanim Lawyers Level 8, 1 Eagle Street

BRISBANE QLD 4000 Telephone 07 3024 0000 Facsimile 07 3024 0300

Share Registry - Automic

Level 5, 126 Phillip Street SYDNEY NSW 2000 Telephone 02 9698 5414

Stockbroker - Ord Minnett Limited

Level 8, 255 George Street SYDNEY NSW 2001 Telephone 02 8216 6300 Facsimile 02 8216 6311

Auditor - PKF Newcastle

755 Hunter Street

NEWCASTLE WEST NSW 2302 Telephone 02 4962 2688

Telephone 02 4962 2688 Facsimile 02 4962 3245