HENDERSON FAR EAST INCOME LIMITED

Janus Henderson

www.hendersonfareastincome.com

Fund facts at 31 March 2019

Company objective

Henderson Far East Income Limited seeks to provide shareholders with a growing total annual dividend per share, as well as capital appreciation from a diversified portfolio of investments from the Asia Pacific region. The latest Annual Report and Key Information Document set out the investment objective and policy in full and you should read them before investing.

For commentary from our fund manager please visit our website.

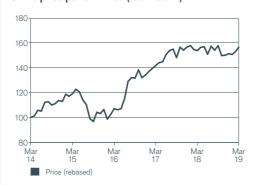
NAV (cum income) 352.0p 350.4p NAV (ex income) Share price 351.0p Discount(-)/premium(+) -0.3% Yield 6.28% Net gearing 1% Net cash Total assets £457m Net assets £446m Market capitalisation £445m 126,653,564 Shares in issue Total number of holdings 50 Ongoing charges 1.09% (year end 31/08/2018)

Source: BNP Paribas for holdings information and Morningstar for all other data. Differences in calculation may occur due to the methodology used

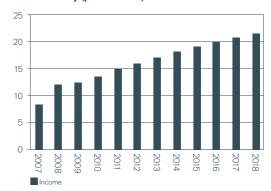
Morningstar rating - ★★★

Ratings

Share price performance (total return)



Dividend history (pence/share)



Discount/premium (%) with average line (cum income)



Cumulative performance (cum income) (%)

Performance over	10y	5у	Зу	1y	6m
Share price (Total Return)	180.6	56.5	46.2	1.7	-0.8
Net Asset Value (Total Return)	188.9	58.4	42.1	4.9	0.6
Peer Group Ranking	n/a	2/3	2/3	3/3	3/3

Annual performance (cum income) (%)

Discrete year performance % change (updated quarterly)	Price	NAV
30/03/2018 to 29/03/2019	1.7	4.9
31/03/2017 to 30/03/2018	8.5	5.3
31/03/2016 to 31/03/2017	32.5	28.7
31/03/2015 to 31/03/2016	-10.1	-6.2
31/03/2014 to 31/03/2015	19.1	18.8

All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar

Top 10 holdings

HKT Trust & HKT Macquarie Korea Infrastructure Fund Rio Tinto China Construction Bank Kweichow Moutai Industrial & Commercial Bank of China China Yangtze Power China Vanke Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Digital Telecommunications Infrastructure

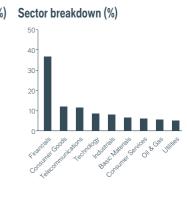


Thailand

Hong Kong Indon

New Zealand





Customer services 0800 832 832

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Please remember that past performance is not a guide to future performance. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested.

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Company information

Stock code HFEL

AIC sector Asia Pacific Excluding Japan

Benchmark n/a

Company type Conventional (Ords)

Launch date 2006 (of the current Jersey domiciled

Financial year end 31 Aug
Dividend payment May, August,
November, February

Risk rating Slightly above average

(Source: Numis)

Management fee

0.9% reducing to 0.75% of net assets above \$400m.

Performance fee No (See Annual Report & Key Information Document for

(See Annual Report & Key Information Document for more information)

Regional focus
Asia Pacific – ex
Japan
Fund manager
appointment



Fund manager Michael Kerley





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Glossary

NAV (CumIncome) The value of investments and cash, including current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value). NAV (Ex Income) The value of investments and cash, excluding current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value). Share price Closing mid-market share price at month end.

Discount/premium The amount by which the price per share of an investment trust is either lower (at a discount) or higher (at a premium) than the net asset value per share (cum income), expressed as a percentage of the net asset value per share.

Total assets Cum Income NAV multiplied by the number of shares, plus prior charges at fair value.

Net assets Total assets minus any liabilities such as bank loans or creditors.

Market capitalisation Month end closing mid-market share price multiplied by the number of shares outstanding at month end

Share price total return The theoretical total return to the investor assuming that all dividends received were reinvested in the shares of the company at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. Transaction costs are not taken into account. Net asset value total return The theoretical total return on shareholders' funds per share reflecting the change in Net Asset Value (NAV) assuming that dividends paid to shareholders were reinvested at NAV at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. A way of measuring investment management performance of investment trusts which is not affected by movements in discounts/premiums.

Yield Calculated by dividing the current financial year's dividends per share (this will include prospective dividends) by the current price per share, then multiplying by 100 to arrive at a percentage figure.

Ongoing charges The total expenses for the financial year (excluding performance fee), divided by the average daily net assets, multiplied by 100.

Gearing The effect of borrowing money for investment purposes (financial gearing). The amount a company can "gear" is the amount it can borrow in order to invest. Gearing is used in the expectation that the returns on the investments bought will exceed the costs of the borrowings that funded the purchase. This Company can also use synthetic gearing through derivatives and foreign exchange hedging and/or other non-fully funded instruments or techniques.

Leverage The Trust's leverage is the sum of financial gearing and synthetic gearing. Details of the Trust's leverage limits can be found in both the Key Information Document and Annual Report. Where a trust utilises leverage, the profits and losses incurred by the trust can be greater than those of a trust that does not use leverage.

Net cash A company's net exposure to cash/cash equivalents expressed as a percentage of shareholders' funds, after any offset against its gearing. This is only shown for companies that have gearing in place.

Net gearing A company's total assets (less cash/cash equivalents) divided by shareholders' funds expressed as a percentage.

Riskrating The key measure used to assess risk is volatility of returns, using historic net asset value (NAV) performance of the trust over 1 and 3 years. In this instance volatility measures how much a trust's NAV fluctuates over time in relation to the UK Equity market. The higher a volatility figure, the more the NAV has fluctuated (both up and down) over time. Please note that risk categorisations are indicative and based principally on historic data and should not be solely relied upon when making investment decisions.

For a full list of terminology please visit;

www.hendersoninvestmenttrusts.com

Specific risks

- Most of the investments in this portfolio are not made in Sterling, so exchange rates could affect the value and income from your investment.
- Asian focused portfolios are exposed to Emerging Markets which tend to be less stable than more established markets
 and can be affected by local political and economic conditions, reliability of trading systems, buying and selling practices
 and financial reporting standards.
- If a fund is a specialist country-specific or geographic regional fund, the investment carries greater risk than a more internationally diversified portfolio.
- This portfolio allows the manager to use options for revenue enhancement purposes. Options can be volatile and may result
 in a capital loss.

How to invest

To find out more visit www.hendersoninvestmenttrusts.com/invest

Other documents available online

To see the Annual Report, KID and to watch the latest fund manager commentary, visit www.hendersonfareastincome.com

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