

# **30 June 2009 Financial Statements**

# **Summary**

- Gold production up 52% to 239,000 ounces (2008: 157,000 ounces) at a cash operating cost of \$829 per ounce (2008: \$555).
- Average gold price of \$1,210 per ounce (2008: \$907 per ounce) achieved during the year.
- Exploration expenditure of \$16 million (2008: \$37 million).
- Capital expenditure of \$149 million (2008: \$181 million) principally to complete Gwalia mine and infrastructure.
- Cash at bank at 30 June 2009 of \$78 million; including restricted cash of \$24 million.
- Total debt \$98 million (2008:\$101 million) including \$77 million convertible notes.
- Subsequent to balance date, St Barbara sold its shares in Bendigo Mining Limited for net proceeds of \$9.9 million.

The net loss for the year ended 30 June 2009, including Significant Items was \$76.3 million (2008: \$17.3 million loss). Excluding Significant Items the Company achieved a profit of \$0.2 million (2008: \$29.3 million loss). The improvement in profit before Significant Items was a result of the higher gold price and the addition of gold production from Leonora Operations, which were commissioned in October 2008.

|  | <b>30 June 2009</b><br>A\$'000 | <b>30 June 2008</b><br>A\$'000 |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Sales revenue  | 281,129                        | 143,129                        |
| EBITDA (including Significant Items)                     | 39,701                         | 12,340                         |
| Net Profit (loss) after tax                              | (76,344)                       | (17,333)                       |
| Total net Significant Items                              | (76,553)                       | 11,958                         |
| EBITDA – excluding Significant Items                     | 52,445                         | 382                            |
| Net Profit (loss) after tax –excluding Significant Items | 209                            | (29,291)                       |
|  |                                |                                |

# **Significant Items**

Significant Items amounted to an after tax loss of \$76.6 million for the year. As at the 31 December 2008 half year reporting date the Company reported Significant Items totalling a net after tax loss of \$27.0 million, comprising mainly impairment write downs of capitalised open pit expenditure and exploration at Southern Cross and Leonora Operations.

As at 30 June 2009 additional impairment write downs were taken at the Southern Cross Operations. These were driven by a reduction in future net cash flows from the Southern Cross operating unit as a result of the strategic decision to cease open pit mining. Open pit mining was previously expected to contribute substantial net cash flows to support the carrying value of the Southern Cross assets.

| Significant Items for the year comprise:       | \$ million |
|--|------------|
| Restructuring and redundancy provisions        | (5.8)      |
| Impairment of Southern Cross assets            | (40.5)     |
| Capitalised exploration written off            | (8.7)      |
| Open pit mine development written off          | (16.9)     |
| Gains on the close out of put options          | 1.5        |
| Write down of listed investments to fair value | (6.2)      |
| Total  | (76.6)     |

# Strategic Review

On 10 July 2009, the Company released details of its Strategic Review and Three Year Plan.

One of the key outcomes of the strategic review is a focus on producing from higher grade, higher margin ore sources. As a consequence, open pit operations have ceased at Leonora and Southern Cross Operations, open pit reserves have been written off, and the carrying value of Southern Cross Operations has been written down. Non-core assets have been earmarked for divestment, and the Company's share holding in Bendigo Mining Limited has been sold.

# **Review of Operations**

The Company's focus during the year continued to be on achieving profitable gold production through the commencement of operations at the redeveloped Gwalia mine at Leonora and ongoing operations at Southern Cross. This included exploration for gold adjacent to the Southern Cross and Leonora operations.

The commencement of mining operations at Gwalia substantially increased total production of gold for the year to 238,900 ounces.

|                                    |     | Southern Cross |           | Leonora |         | Tot       | tal       |
|------------------------------------|-----|----------------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
|                                    |     | 2008/09        | 2007/08   | 2008/09 | 2007/08 | 2008/09   | 2007/08   |
| Open Pit Ore Mined                 |     | 1,119,997      | 1,593,797 | 372,206 | -       | 1,492,203 | 1,593,797 |
| Grade                              | g/t | 1.9            | 1.7       | 1.3     | -       | 1.8       | 1.7       |
| Underground Ore Mined              |     | 1,003,202      | 900,049   | 304,544 | -       | 1,307,746 | 900,049   |
| Grade                              | g/t | 3.8            | 3.7       | 6.9     | -       | 4.5       | 3.7       |
| Ore Milled                         |     | 2,233,367      | 2,231,237 | 835,843 | -       | 3,069,210 | 2,231,237 |
| Grade                              | g/t | 2.5            | 2.5       | 3.3     | -       | 2.7       | 2.5       |
| Recovery                           | %   | 88             | 88        | 94      | -       | 90        | 88        |
| Gold Production                    |     | 156,105        | 157,477   | 82,795  | -       | 238,900   | 157,477   |
| Cash Operating Cost <sup>(1)</sup> |     | 888            | 555       | 719     | -       | 829       | 555       |

Summary of gold production and costs for 2009 fiscal year:

(1) Before Significant Items

Production from Leonora Operations commenced in October 2008. Production from the Gwalia underground mine was 64,272 ounces for the year at a cash operating cost of \$582 per ounce. Ore production from the Trump open pit ceased in February 2009 due to higher than expected operating costs. In March 2009, the plant commenced campaign milling, to process ore sourced from Gwalia. At Leonora cash operating costs were \$719 per ounce, which included low grade open cut material.

Production from Marvel Loch Underground increased to a record 1,003,000 tonnes of ore for the year and compensated for lower tonnes and grades from open pits. At 30 June 2009, run of mine stockpiles were 331,000 tonnes with an average grade of 2.5 grams per tonne. Total and unit cash operating costs at Southern Cross were higher compared to the prior year, due to increased mining costs, higher processing costs and higher strip ratios in open pits. Cash operating costs were \$888 per ounce. Since the end of the year, open pit mining has been suspended at Southern Cross to focus on the higher grade and higher margin ore from Marvel Loch Underground. Campaign milling commenced recently at Marvel Loch.

## **Exploration**

Exploration expensed through the Income Statement during the year was \$13.4 million (2008: \$28.5 million) with total exploration expenditure of \$16.0 million (2008: \$37.0 million) lower than the previous year, as effort focused around existing operations. Exploration expenditure in the 2010 fiscal year is estimated at \$6 million.

## **Depreciation and Amortisation**

Depreciation and Amortisation of fixed assets and capitalised mine development was \$110.1 million (2008 \$30.8 million), including Significant Items of \$63.8 million. The higher charge before Significant Items was due to increased mine development at Marvel Loch and commencement of production at Leonora. Fiscal year 2010 will reflect a full year of depreciation and amortisation at Leonora and will be approximately \$25 million. Depreciation and amortisation at Southern Cross is estimated at approximately \$20 million.

## Finance costs

Finance costs increased to \$9.0 million (2008: \$3.0 million) in the year, due mainly to the cessation of interest capitalisation for Gwalia redevelopment upon commencement of production in October 2008. Interest capitalised in fiscal 2009 was \$2.0 million (2008: \$6.6 million). Finance costs comprised interest paid on the convertible notes, finance lease interest and the impact of the unwinding of discount on the rehabilitation provision.

# Other

Corporate and support costs for the year were \$27.1 million (2008: \$22.7 million), including redundancy and restructuring costs of \$5.8 million reported as part of Significant Items, corporate office, rates and taxes associated with the Company's landholdings, compliance costs and operations support and technical services.

Corporate costs (before Significant Items) covering the running of the corporate office and compliance were \$12.8 million. Operations support costs (before Significant Items) totalled \$8.5 million for the year.

# Cash and Liabilities

Cash at 30 June 2009 was \$ 78.0 million (2008: \$56.1 million) and included restricted cash of \$24.3 million (2008: \$20.6 million), which represented cash held on deposit as security, largely for bank guarantees lodged with the Western Australian Government to cover environmental bonds.

The convertible notes were reclassified to current liabilities as at 30 June 2009 due to the option that enables note holders to require early full or partial repayment of their notes on 4 June 2010, ahead of the 4 June 2012 maturity. In March 2009, the Company accepted offers from note holders to buy back \$22.5 million in face value of notes at a price of 94 cents in the dollar, including 2.6 cents of accrued interest.

During the year a \$20 million amortising financing facility was drawn down to fund the construction and purchase of surface infrastructure at Gwalia. The facility is repayable over four years.

Total interest bearing debt including convertible notes was \$97.5 million at 30 June 2009.

## **Investing Activities**

Capital and exploration expenditure during the year was \$164.6 million (2008: \$218.1 million). It included;

- Mine construction at Gwalia of \$28.6 million and mine development of \$46.4 million.
- Purchase of plant property and equipment, mainly at Gwalia \$48.5 million.
- Mine development expenditure at Southern Cross \$25.1 million.
- Exploration expenditure \$16.0 million.

Cash received on the close out of gold put options during the year was \$36.3 million.

## **Financing Activities**

Cash flow from financing activities was \$122.2 million (2008: \$145.2 million), which included proceeds from equity raisings of \$133.9 million, less related transaction costs of \$5.4 million. Interest paid during the year was \$7.7 million (2008: \$8.0 million), which related mainly to interest on the convertible notes. Interest received during the year was \$2.9 million (2008: \$5.2 million).

#### **Subsequent Events**

#### **Divestment of Non-Core Asset**

In August 2009, St Barbara sold its 9.7% investment in Bendigo Mining Limited for net proceeds of \$9.9 million. This will give rise to a net profit in fiscal year 2010 of \$2.7 million, and a reversal of the fair value reserve representing the movement in the fair value of the shares from December 2008 to 30 June 2009.

#### **Equity Standby Facility**

St Barbara has entered into a \$50 million equity line standby facility from US based investment fund YA Global Master SPV Ltd, which provides the Company with a source of additional cash if required, to support the potential early redemption of convertible notes on 4 June 2010. The facility allows more time for the Company to progress the divestment of non-core assets, and evaluate and negotiate other sources of longer term finance.

### Outlook

The implementation of the Company's Three Year Plan is proceeding as planned and the forecast for the 2010 fiscal year as announced on 10 July 2009 is expected to be met. The Company forecasts gold production in fiscal year 2010 in the range of 205,000 to 240,000 ounces at a cash operating cost of \$745 to \$820 per ounce. Capital expenditure during the year is expected to range between \$85 million and \$95 million.

Thehang

Tim Lehany Managing Director & CEO

Note: Dollar amounts shown are Australian Dollars



# ST BARBARA LIMITED

ABN 36 009 165 066

**APPENDIX 4E** 

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

# Preliminary Final Report Financial year ended 30 June 2009

This information should be read in conjunction with the St Barbara Limited 2009 Financial Report attached.

Name of entity

# St Barbara Limited

ABN or equivalent company reference

36 009 165 066

# Results for announcement to the market

|   |    | % Change |    | A\$'000 |
|---|----|----------|----|---------|
| Revenue and other income  | up | 94%      | to | 286,763 |
| Loss from ordinary activities after tax attributable to<br>members                    |    | /        |    |         |
| (Prior period loss: \$17,333)   |    | 340%     | to | 76,344  |
| Net loss for the period attributable to members ( <i>Prior period loss:</i> \$17,333) |    | 340%     | to | 76,344  |

During the year there were a number of significant items that had a material impact on the income statement of the consolidated entity as set out in the table below:

|  | Year ended<br>30 June 2009<br>A\$′000 | Year ended<br>30 June 2008<br>A\$'000 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Net loss after tax as reported                   | (76,344)                              | (17,333)                              |
| Significant Items After Tax                      |                                       |                                       |
| Net realised/unrealised gain on gold derivatives | 1,515                                 | 16,834                                |
| Unrealised loss on available for sale assets     | (6,192)                               | (4,876)                               |
| Asset impairment write downs                     | (66,042)                              | -                                     |
| Restructuring provision and redundancy payments  | (5,834)                               | -                                     |

# Dividends

The Company did not declare or pay any dividends during the year or in the prior year.

# Any other significant information needed by an investor to make an informed assessment of the entity's financial performance and financial position.

# Overview

The result reported by the consolidated entity for the year ended 30 June 2009 was a net loss after tax of \$76,344,000 (2008: net loss of \$17,333,000), which included significant items amounting to a net loss of \$76,553,000 (2008: net profit of \$11,958,000).

The Company's focus during the year continued to be the achievement of profitable production, development of operations at Gwalia and to explore for gold close to existing operations at Southern Cross and Leonora.

During the year, the Company completed a comprehensive strategic and operational review of its operations, asset portfolio, organisational capability and financial requirements. The key outcomes of the review were:

- The Company's activities will have a much stronger emphasis on lower cost, higher margin gold production in Australia,
- A three year plan to implement the strategic review was developed, underpinned by operations based on higher margin underground mill feed from the Gwalia and Marvel Loch underground mines, and
- Open pit mining operations at Southern Cross will cease by the end of July 2009 and the treatment plant at Southern Cross will be operated on a campaign milling basis. The Leonora treatment plan moved to campaign milling in March 2009.

# Commentary on financial performance

The table below summarises the results of the consolidated entity:

|   | 30 June 09<br>\$'000 | 30 June 08<br>\$'000 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Sales revenue   | 281,129              | 143,129              |
| EBITDA (including significant items)                      | 39,701               | 12,340               |
| EBIT (including significant items)                        | (70,403)             | (18,439)             |
| Net (loss) after tax for the year                         | (76,344)             | (17,333)             |
| Total net significant items                               | (76,553)             | 11,958               |
| EBITDA – excluding significant items                      | 52,445               | 382                  |
| EBIT – excluding significant items                        | 6,150                | (30,397)             |
| Net profit/(loss) after tax – excluding significant items | 209                  | (29,291)             |

Total sales revenue of \$281,129,000 (2008:\$ 143,129,000) was generated mainly from gold sales of 231,318 (2008: 157,278) ounces at an average achieved gold price of A\$1,210 (2008: A\$907) per ounce. Production at Southern Cross was 156,105 (2008: 157,477) ounces for the year.

Production at Leonora, which commenced in October 2008, was 82,795 ounces for the year. A summary of the production performance for the year ended 30 June 2009 is provided in the table below.

|                                    |     | Southern Cross Leonora |           | Southern Cross Leonora |                        | То        | tal       |
|------------------------------------|-----|------------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                    |     | 2008/09                | 2007/08   | 2008/09                | <b>2008/09</b> 2007/08 |           | 2007/08   |
| Open Pit Ore Mined                 |     | 1,119,997              | 1,593,797 | 372,206                | -                      | 1,492,203 | 1,593,797 |
| Grade                              | g/t | 1.9                    | 1.7       | 1.3                    | -                      | 1.8       | 1.7       |
| Underground Ore Mined              |     | 1,003,202              | 900,049   | 304,544                | -                      | 1,307,746 | 900,049   |
| Grade                              | g/t | 3.8                    | 3.7       | 6.9                    | -                      | 4.5       | 3.7       |
| Ore Milled                         |     | 2,233,367              | 2,231,237 | 835,843                | -                      | 3,069,210 | 2,231,237 |
| Grade                              | g/t | 2.5                    | 2.5       | 3.3                    | -                      | 2.7       | 2.5       |
| Recovery                           | %   | 88                     | 88        | 94                     | -                      | 90        | 88        |
| Gold Production                    |     | 156,105                | 157,477   | 82,795                 | -                      | 238,900   | 157,477   |
| Cash Operating Cost <sup>(1)</sup> |     | 888                    | 555       | 719                    | -                      | 829       | 555       |

| Details of 2009 Pr | oduction Performance |
|--------------------|----------------------|
|--------------------|----------------------|

(1) Before significant items

The production from the Marvel Loch underground mine increased to a record 1,003,202 tonnes, compensating for the lower tonnes and grades from open pits. At 30 June 2009, run of mine ("ROM") stockpiles were 331,315 tonnes with an average grade of 2.5 grams per tonne, for 26,225 contained ounces.

Production from the Gwalia mine at Leonora commenced in October 2008, producing 304,544 tonnes for the year. Feed to the mill was initially supplemented by open pit ore from Trump (372,206 tonnes), however open pit operations ceased in February 2009 due to the higher than expected operating costs. In March 2009 the mill commenced campaign milling to process ore sourced from Gwalia.

Other revenue of \$5,411,000 (2008: \$4,846,000) comprised mainly interest earned during the year of \$3,044,000 (2008: \$5,053,000), of which \$nil was capitalised (2008: \$1,371,000).

Total cash operating costs and per unit cash operating costs at Southern Cross operations were higher in the year compared with the prior year, due to increased mining costs associated with underground and open pit production and higher processing costs. Total cash operating costs, before Significant Items of \$2,233,000 for the write-off of underground mining development, were \$138,630,000 (2008: \$87,350,000), with the unit cash operating cost for the year at \$888 (2008: \$555) per ounce.

At Leonora, total cash operating costs of \$59,499,000 and per unit cash operating costs of \$719 per ounce included the effect of processing the low grade open pit ore from Trump. Production from the Gwalia underground mine for the year was 64,272 ounces at a cash operating cost of \$582 per ounce. The cash operating cost of Trump ore was \$1,193 per ounce.

Exploration expensed in the income statement in the year was \$13,442,000 (2008: \$28,531,000), with total exploration expenditure amounting to \$15,990,000 (2008: \$36,962,000). The Company policy in relation to accounting for exploration supports capitalisation of expenditure where it results in an increase in reserves and is likely to be recouped from successful development and exploitation of the area of interest, or alternatively, by its sale.

Corporate & support costs for the year totalled \$27,089,000 (2008: \$22,730,000), which included expenses related to the corporate office, rates and taxes associated with the Company's landholdings, compliance costs and operations support and technical services. Corporate & support costs also included significant redundancy and restructuring costs and provisions totalling \$5,834,000.

Depreciation and amortisation of fixed assets and capitalised mine development totalled \$110,104,000 (2008: \$30,779,000) for the year, which included \$63,809,000 of significant items. The higher depreciation and amortisation charge in the year was attributable to increased mine development at Marvel Loch and the commencement of production at Leonora, and the significant items associated with the write-off of mine development and capitalised exploration.

Net finance costs increased to \$8,996,000 (2008: \$3,008,000) in the year due mainly to the fact that capitalisation of interest expense associated with mines under construction ceased in October 2008. During the year interest paid of \$2,020,000 was capitalised to mines under construction (2008: \$6,640,000).

At 31 December 2008, an impairment loss of \$6,192,000 was recognised in relation to the investment in Bendigo Mining Limited and disclosed as a significant item. During the year, the AASB released Australian Interpretation 10 *Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment* (based on the International Financial Reporting and Interpretations Committee's ('IFRIC') Interpretation 10) which prevents the reversal of an impairment loss recognised at an interim reporting date. As a result, the mark to market gain as at 30 June 2009 in relation to the Company's investment in Bendigo Mining, which would ordinarily have reversed the impairment loss recognised in the income statement in the period ended 31 December 2008, was recorded in the investment fair value reserve. The fair value adjustment of \$6,687,000 taken to the reserve represents the mark to market change from 31 December 2008 to 30 June 2009. Subsequent to the reporting date the investment in Bendigo mining has been sold on market.

# Commentary on financial position

As at 30 June 2009 net current assets decreased to \$22,016,000 (2008: \$40,277,000) due mainly to the reclassification of the convertibles notes from non-current liabilities to current liabilities (\$77,100,000). The higher cash balance, reclassification of available for sale financial assets from non current to current assets and lower trade payables improved the net current assets position as at 30 June 2009. Available for sale financial assets were reclassified to current assets to reflect the fact that the Company identified the Bendigo Mining investment as non core to be divested within twelve months. The convertible notes were reclassified to current liabilities due to an option that enables note holders to require full or partial repayment of their notes on 4 June 2010. At 30 June 2009 other receivables included restricted cash of \$24,339,000 (2008: \$20,597,000), which represented cash held on deposit as security for bank guarantees. The working capital balance as at 30 June 2009, excluding the current deferred mining asset and restricted cash, was negative \$18,519,000 (2008: positive \$3,757,000).

Total non current assets decreased by \$6,820,000 during the year to \$317,660,000 (2008: \$324,480,000). The decrease in non current assets was attributable to the write-off of mine development totalling \$66,042,000 and reclassification of available for sale financial assets to current assets, which was offset by capitalised development expenditure at Southern Cross and Gwalia, capitalised exploration expenditure, and an increase in property, plant and equipment.

On 27 March 2009, the Company accepted offers from note holders to buy back \$22,500,000 in face value of notes at a price of 94 cents in the dollar, inclusive of 2.6 cents of accrued interest.

During the year, a \$20,000,000 financing facility was drawn down to fund the construction and purchase of surface infrastructure at Gwalia. This facility is repayable over a period of forty eight months.

Non-current liabilities decreased to \$43,204,000 (2008: \$128,093,000) mainly as a result of the reclassification of convertible notes to current liabilities. Non-current interest bearing borrowings totalled \$13,974,000 (2008: \$98,570,000) as at 30 June 2009, comprising mainly the non-current portion of the equipment financing facility.

During the year the Company issued new equity as follows:

- In July 2008 proceeds of \$56,125,000 before transaction costs were received from the retail component of the renounceable rights issue launched in June 2008; and
- In February 2009 proceeds of \$77,736,000 before transaction costs were received from a share placement.

The increase to shareholders' equity from the issue of new shares during the year totalled \$129,710,000. Accumulated losses increased to \$208,664,000 (2008: \$132,320,000), reflecting the impact of the significant items reported for the year.

# **Commentary on cash flows**

Cash flow from operating activities for the year was \$24,324,000 (2008: \$24,992,000). An increase in receipts from customers reflects the benefit of a higher average achieved gold price during the year and commencement of production at Leonora. Payments to suppliers and employees were \$137,549,000 higher than the prior year, reflecting the impact of increased operating costs and the commencement of production at Leonora. Interest received of \$2,940,000 (2008: \$5,181,000) was lower than in the prior year due to lower cash balances. The interest paid in the year of \$7,653,000 (2008: \$8,000,000) was in respect of the convertible notes.

Cash flow used in investing activities amounted to \$128,328,000 (2008: \$221,970,000) and was in the following major areas:

- Mines under construction at Gwalia \$28,682,000;
- Mine development expenditure \$71,502,000;
- Purchase of property, plant and equipment, principally at Gwalia \$48,567,000; and
- Exploration expenditure \$15,990,000.

Cash received on the close out of the gold put options during the year was \$36,300,000.

Cash flow from financing activities totalled \$122,179,000 (2008: \$145,126,000), which included proceeds from equity raisings during the year of \$133,861,000, and the draw down under the asset financing facility of \$20,000,000. Transaction costs associated with the equity raisings totalled \$5,354,000 for the year. A payment of \$20,565,000 was made for the buy back of convertible notes during the year. Cash flow from financing activities included a movement in restricted cash of \$3,742,000 (2008: \$12,482,000).

# Subsequent Events

No significant events have occurred after balance date for the year ended 30 June 2009, except for the following items:

- On 5 August 2009, the Company announced the disposal of its 9.7% investment in the shares of Bendigo Mining Limited for proceeds of \$9,906,800. The disposal of this investment will give rise to a net profit on sale recognised in the Income Statement in the 2009-10 financial year of \$2,724,000. And the reversal of the fair value reserve representing the movement in the fair value of the shares as at 30 June 2009.
- On 21 August 2009, the Company entered into a A\$50,000,000 Equity Line standby facility from US-based investment fund YA Global Master SPV Ltd ("YA Global"). Under the terms of the facility St Barbara may, at its discretion, issue ordinary shares to YA Global at any time over a 60 month period up to a total of A\$50,000,000.

Shares issued to YA Global would be priced at the lowest of the daily volume weighted average prices of the Company's shares traded on each of the 10 trading days following an advance notice by St Barbara. A commission of 4% will be payable to YA Global on the proceeds of each issue of shares at the time of the issue. The Company in advance the amount in relation to each draw down under the facility. The advance amount for the first and second draw down is limited to \$750,000 and \$1,500,000 respectively, and thereafter the advance amount shall not exceed \$3,000,000 in any 10-day trading period.

This standby facility provides the consolidated entity with funding flexibility while it evaluates and negotiates other sources of longer term finance, and completes the divestment of non core assets.

# Net tangible asset backing

|   | Current period | Previous<br>corresponding<br>period |
|---|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Net tangible assets per ordinary security | 0.20           | 0.20                                |

# Statement about the audit status

This preliminary final report is based on the St Barbara Limited and controlled entities financial report as at 30 June 2009, which has been audited by KPMG. The 30 June 2009 financial report contains the independent audit report to the members of St Barbara Limited.

Dated: 25 August 2009.

Thehang

**Tim Lehany** Managing Director and CEO



# **ST BARBARA LIMITED**

ABN 36 009 165 066

DIRECTORS' REPORT and FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

| DIRECTORS' REPORT                                      |    |
|--|----|
| Directors  |    |
| Principal activities                                   | 3  |
| Dividends  | 3  |
| Consolidated Results                                   | 3  |
| Review of operations                                   | 4  |
| Significant changes in the state of affairs            | 7  |
| Likely developments and expected results of operations | 8  |
| Regulatory environment                                 | 8  |
| Information on Directors                               | 8  |
| Meetings of Directors1                                 | 1  |
| Remuneration report1                                   | 1  |
| Auditor independence                                   | 23 |
| Indemnification and insurance of officers2             | 23 |
| Proceedings on behalf of the company                   | 23 |
| Environmental Management                               | 23 |
| Non-audit services                                     | 23 |
| Events occurring after the end of the financial year   | 24 |
| Rounding of Amounts                                    | 24 |
| Auditor's Independence Declaration2                    | 25 |
| FINANCIAL REPORT                                       | 26 |

Appointed 2 March 2009

Resigned 2 March 2009

The Directors present their report on the consolidated entity "St Barbara Group", consisting of St Barbara Limited and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the financial year ended 30 June 2009.

#### Directors

The following persons were Directors of St Barbara Limited at any time during the year and up to the date of this report:

- S J C Wise Chairman
- T J Lehany Managing Director & CEO
- E Eshuys Managing Director & CEO
- D W Bailey Non-executive director
- B J Gibson Non-executive director
- P C Lockyer Non-executive director
- R K Rae Non-executive director

#### Principal activities

During the year the principal activities of the consolidated entity were mining and the sale of gold, mineral exploration and development. There were no significant changes in the nature of activities of the consolidated entity during the year.

#### Dividends

There were no dividends paid or declared during the financial year.

#### **Consolidated Results**

The result reported by the consolidated entity for the year ended 30 June 2009 was a net loss after tax of \$76,344,000 (2008: net loss of \$17,333,000), which included significant items amounting to a net loss of \$76,553,000 (2008: net profit of \$11,958,000). The consolidated revenues and result for the year are summarised as follows:

|   | 30 June 09<br>\$'000 | 30 June 08<br>\$'000 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Sales revenue   | 281,129              | 143,129              |
| EBITDA (including significant items)                      | 39,701               | 12,340               |
| EBIT (including significant items)                        | (70,403)             | (18,439)             |
| Net (loss) after tax for the year                         | (76,344)             | (17,333)             |
| Total net significant items                               | (76,553)             | 11,958               |
| EBITDA – excluding significant items                      | 52,445               | 382                  |
| EBIT – excluding significant items                        | 6,150                | (30,397)             |
| Net profit/(loss) after tax – excluding significant items | 209                  | (29,291)             |

The significant items are detailed in the table below.

Page 3 of 82

| Significant Items  | 30 June 09<br>\$'000 | 30 June 08<br>\$'000 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Net realised/unrealised gains on gold put options <sup>(4)</sup> | 1,515                | 16,834               |
| Write down of listed investments to fair value <sup>(3)</sup>    | (6,192)              | (4,876)              |
| Included within corporate and support costs                      |                      |                      |
| Restructuring provision  | (1,957)              | -                    |
| Redundancy payments  | (3,877)              | -                    |
| Asset impairment write-downs                                     |                      |                      |
| • Open pit mine development <sup>(1)</sup>                       | (16,904)             | -                    |
| • Southern Cross assets <sup>(2)</sup>                           | (40,488)             | -                    |
| Capitalised exploration  | (8,650)              | -                    |
|  | (76,553)             | 11,958               |

(1) Write down of capitalised open pit development expenditure as a result of decisions to cease open pit mining at Southern Cross and Leonora operations during the year.

(2) The impairment write down taken on the Southern Cross assets was driven by a reduction in future estimated net cash flows from the Southern Cross operations cash-generating unit as a result of the cessation of open pit mining. The revised cash flow estimates no longer supported full recovery of the carrying value of the Southern Cross cash-generating unit. Substantial net cash flows from future open pit operations at Southern Cross were previously included in the business plan and provided support for the carrying value of assets.

(3) The listed investments were written down to fair value based on the mark-to-market value as at the 31 December 2008 half year reporting date. As at 30 June 2009 the mark-to-market value of listed investments reflected an increase, which in accordance with accounting standards was recorded in reserves in the balance sheet. Refer to the "Events occurring after the end of the financial year" in this report for details of accounting for the reserve after 30 June 2009.

(4)The gain on gold put options in the year represents a realised gain on the close out of the options. In the prior year a net unrealised gain of \$16,834,000 was recognised in the income statement.

#### **Review of operations**

The Company's focus during the year continued to be the achievement of profitable production and the extension of the mine life at the Southern Cross operations, development of operations at Gwalia and to explore for gold close to existing operations at Southern Cross and Leonora.

During the year, the Company completed a comprehensive strategic and operational review of its operations, asset portfolio, organisational capability and financial requirements. The key outcomes of the review were:

- The Company's activities will have a much stronger emphasis on lower cost, higher margin gold production in Australia,
- A three year plan to implement the strategic review was developed, underpinned by operations based on higher margin underground mill feed from the Gwalia and Marvel Loch underground mines, and
- Open pit mining operations at Southern Cross will cease by the end of July 2009 and the treatment plant at Southern Cross will be operated on a campaign milling basis. The Leonora treatment plan moved to campaign milling in March 2009.

#### Financial performance

Total sales revenue of \$281,129,000 (2008:\$ 143,129,000) was generated mainly from gold sales of 231,318 (2008: 157,278) ounces at an average achieved gold price of A\$1,210 (2008: A\$907) per ounce. Production at Southern Cross was 156,105 (2008: 157,477) ounces for the year. Production at Leonora, which commenced in October 2008, was 82,795 ounces for the year. A summary of the production performance for the year ended 30 June 2009 is provided in the table below.

| Details of 2009 Froduction Ferrormance |     |           |           |         |         |           |           |  |  |  |
|--|-----|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|
|  |     | Souther   | n Cross   | Leon    | nora    | To        | tal       |  |  |  |
|  |     | 2008/09   | 2007/08   | 2008/09 | 2007/08 | 2008/09   | 2007/08   |  |  |  |
| Open Pit Ore Mined                     |     | 1,119,997 | 1,593,797 | 372,206 | -       | 1,492,203 | 1,593,797 |  |  |  |
| Grade                                  | g/t | 1.9       | 1.7       | 1.3     | -       | 1.8       | 1.7       |  |  |  |
| Underground Ore Mined                  |     | 1,003,202 | 900,049   | 304,544 | -       | 1,307,746 | 900,049   |  |  |  |
| Grade                                  | g/t | 3.8       | 3.7       | 6.9     | -       | 4.5       | 3.7       |  |  |  |
| Ore Milled                             |     | 2,233,367 | 2,231,237 | 835,843 | -       | 3,069,210 | 2,231,237 |  |  |  |
| Grade                                  | g/t | 2.5       | 2.5       | 3.3     | -       | 2.7       | 2.5       |  |  |  |
| Recovery                               | %   | 88        | 88        | 94      | -       | 90        | 88        |  |  |  |
| Gold Production                        |     | 156,105   | 157,477   | 82,795  | -       | 238,900   | 157,477   |  |  |  |
| Cash Operating Cost <sup>(1)</sup>     |     | 888       | 555       | 719     | -       | 829       | 555       |  |  |  |

#### **Details of 2009 Production Performance**

(1) Before significant items

The production from the Marvel Loch underground mine increased to a record 1,003,202 tonnes, compensating for the lower tonnes and grades from open pits. At 30 June 2009, run of mine ("ROM") stockpiles were 331,315 tonnes with an average grade of 2.5 grams per tonne, for 26,225 contained ounces.

Production from the Gwalia mine at Leonora commenced in October 2008, producing 304,544 tonnes for the year. Feed to the mill was initially supplemented by open pit ore from Trump (372,206 tonnes), however open pit operations ceased in February 2009 due to the higher than expected operating costs. In March 2009, the mill commenced campaign milling to process ore sourced from Gwalia.

Other revenue of \$5,411,000 (2008: \$4,846,000) comprised mainly interest earned during the year of \$3,044,000 (2008: \$5,053,000), of which \$nil was capitalised (2008: \$1,371,000).

Total cash operating costs and per unit cash operating costs at Southern Cross operations were higher in the year compared with the prior year, due to increased mining costs associated with underground and open pit production and higher processing costs. Total cash operating costs, before significant items of \$2,233,000 for the write-off of underground mining development, were \$138,630,000 (2008: \$87,350,000), with the unit cash operating cost for the year at \$888 (2008: \$555) per ounce.

At Leonora, total cash operating costs of \$59,499,000 and per unit cash operating costs of \$719 per ounce included the effect of processing the low grade open pit ore from Trump. Production from the Gwalia underground mine for the year was 64,272 ounces at a cash operating cost of \$582 per ounce. The cash operating cost of Trump ore was \$1,193 per ounce.

Exploration expensed in the income statement in the year was \$13,442,000 (2008: \$28,531,000), with total exploration expenditure amounting to \$15,990,000 (2008: \$36,962,000). The Company policy in relation to accounting for exploration supports capitalisation of expenditure where it results in an increase in reserves and is likely to be recouped from successful development and exploitation of the area of interest, or alternatively, by its sale.

Corporate & support costs for the year totalled \$27,089,000 (2008: \$22,730,000), which included expenses related to the corporate office, rates and taxes associated with the Company's landholdings, compliance costs and operations support and technical services. Corporate & support costs also included significant redundancy and restructuring costs and provisions totalling \$5,834,000.

Depreciation and amortisation of fixed assets and capitalised mine development totalled \$110,104,000 (2008: \$30,779,000) for the year, which included \$63,809,000 of significant items. The higher depreciation and amortisation charge in the year was attributable to increased mine development at Marvel Loch and the commencement of production at Leonora, and the significant items associated with the write-off of mine development and capitalised exploration.

Net finance costs increased to \$8,996,000 (2008: \$3,008,000) in the year due mainly to the fact that capitalisation of interest expense associated with mines under construction ceased in October 2008. During the year interest paid of \$2,020,000 was capitalised to mines under construction (2008: \$6,640,000).

At 31 December 2008, an impairment loss of \$6,192,000 was recognised in relation to the investment in Bendigo Mining Limited and disclosed as a significant item. During the year, the AASB released Australian Interpretation 10 *Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment* (based on the International Financial Reporting and Interpretations Committee's ('IFRIC') Interpretation 10) which prevents the reversal of an impairment loss recognised at an interim reporting date. As a result, the mark to market gain as at 30 June 2009 in relation to the Company's investment in Bendigo Mining, which would ordinarily have reversed the impairment loss recognised in the income statement in the period ended 31 December 2008, was recorded in the investment fair value reserve. The fair value adjustment of \$6,687,000 taken to the reserve represents the mark to market change from 31 December 2008 to 30 June 2009. Subsequent to the reporting date the investment in Bendigo Mining has been sold on market.

#### Financial position

As at 30 June 2009 net current assets decreased to \$22,016,000 (2008: \$40,277,000) due mainly to the reclassification of the convertible notes from non-current liabilities to current liabilities (\$77,100,000). The higher cash balance, reclassification of available for sale financial assets from non current to current assets and lower trade payables improved the net current assets position as at 30 June 2009. Available for sale financial assets were reclassified to current assets, to reflect the fact that the company identified the Bendigo Mining investment as non core to be divested within twelve months. The convertible notes were reclassified to current liabilities due to an option that enables note holders to require full or partial repayment of their notes on 4 June 2010. As at 30 June 2009 other receivables included restricted cash of \$24,339,000 (2008: \$20,597,000), which represented cash held on deposit as security for bank guarantees. The working capital balance as at 30 June 2009, excluding the current deferred mining asset and restricted cash, was negative \$18,519,000 (2008: positive \$3,757,000).

Total non current assets decreased by \$6,820,000 during the year to \$317,660,000 (2008: \$324,480,000). The decrease in non current assets was attributable to the write-off of mine development totalling \$66,042,000 and reclassification of available for sale financial assets to current assets, which was offset by capitalised development expenditure at Southern Cross and Gwalia, capitalised exploration expenditure and an increase in property, plant and equipment.

On 27 March 2009, the Company accepted offers from note holders to buy back \$22,500,000 in face value of notes at a price of 94 cents in the dollar, inclusive of 2.6 cents of accrued interest.

During the year, a \$20,000,000 financing facility was drawn down to fund the construction and purchase of certain surface infrastructure at Gwalia. This facility is repayable over a period of forty eight months.

Non-current liabilities decreased to \$43,204,000 (2008: \$128,093,000) mainly as a result of the reclassification of convertible notes to current liabilities. Non-current interest bearing borrowings totalled \$13,974,000 (2008: \$98,570,000) as at 30 June 2009, comprising mainly the non-current portion of the equipment financing facility.

During the year the Company issued new equity as follows:

- In July 2008 proceeds of \$56,125,000 before transaction costs were received from the retail component of the renounceable rights issue launched in June 2008; and
- In February 2009 proceeds of \$77,736,000 before transaction costs were received from a share placement.

The increase to shareholders' equity from the issue of new shares during the year totalled \$129,710,000. Accumulated losses increased to \$208,664,000 (2008:\$132,320,000) reflecting the impact of the significant items reported for the year.

#### Cash flows

Cash flow from operating activities for the year was \$24,324,000 (2008: \$24,992,000). An increase in receipts from customers reflects the benefit of a higher average achieved gold price during the year and commencement of production at Leonora. Payments to suppliers and employees were \$137,549,000 higher than the prior year, reflecting the impact of increased operating costs and the commencement of production at Leonora. Interest received of \$2,940,000 (2008: \$5,181,000) was lower than in the prior year due to lower cash balances. The interest paid in the year of \$7,653,000 (2008: \$8,000,000) was in respect of the convertible notes.

Cash flow used in investing activities amounted to \$128,328,000 (2008: \$221,970,000) and was in the following major areas:

- Mines under construction at Gwalia \$28,682,000;
- Mine development expenditure \$71,502,000;
- Purchase of property, plant and equipment, principally at Gwalia \$48,567,000; and
- Exploration expenditure \$15,990,000.

Cash received on the close out of gold put options during the year was \$36,300,000.

Cash flow from financing activities totalled \$122,179,000 (2008: \$145,126,000), which included proceeds from equity raisings during the year of \$133,861,000, and the draw down under the asset financing facility of \$20,000,000. Transaction costs associated with the equity raisings totalled \$5,354,000 for the year. A payment of \$20,565,000 was made for the buy back of convertible notes during the year. Cash flow from financing activities included a movement in restricted cash of \$3,742,000 (2008: \$12,482,000).

#### Significant changes in the state of affairs

The significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the financial year are as follows:

a) Gwalia development

Completion of pre-commissioning of the Gwalia underground mine required capital expenditure covering underground development, mine infrastructure and refurbishment of the plant totalling \$67,209,000 in the year.

b) Reclassification of available for sale financial assets

At 30 June 2009 available for sale financial assets were reclassified to current assets. The Company's strategic review completed in June 2009 identified non core assets for divestment within twelve months.

c) Impairment write-off

During the year, the Company recognised impairment write-offs in relation to mine development expenditure and capitalised exploration totalling \$66,042,000.

d) Reclassification of non-current liabilities

As at 30 June 2009 the outstanding balance of convertible notes of \$77,100,000 was reclassified to current liabilities. The reclassification of the convertible notes outstanding balance to current liabilities was based on the fact that note holders have an option to require repayment of all or some of their notes on 4 June 2010.

e) Changes in issued capital

In July 2008 the Company received proceeds from the issue of new shares of \$56,125,000, before transaction costs. A total of 140,312,045 new shares were issued at an issue price of \$0.40 per share.

In February 2009 the Company received proceeds of \$77,736,000, before transaction costs, from the issue of new shares. A total of 189,600,000 new shares were issued at an issue price of \$0.41 per share.

f) Operating loss for the year

The consolidated entity reported a net loss for the year of \$76,344,000 including significant items totalling \$76,553,000. Total net loss for the year (including significant items) increased accumulated losses to \$208,664,000.

#### Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Company will focus on achieving profitable production with a much stronger emphasis on lower cost, higher margin gold production in Australia. Open pit mining ceased at Southern Cross operations in July 2009 and the treatment plant at both Leonora and Southern Cross are planned to operate on a campaign milling basis in the next financial year.

Further information about anticipated developments in the operations of the Company and the anticipated results of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report because there is insufficient certainty to warrant disclosure.

#### **Regulatory environment**

The Company's mining activities are all in Western Australia, and are governed by Western Australian legislation, including the Mining Act 1978, the Mines Safety and Inspection Act 1994, Dangerous Goods Safety Act 2004 and other mining related and subsidiary legislation. The consolidated entity is subject to significant environmental regulation, including the Western Australian Environmental Protection Act 1986, Contaminated Sites Act 2003, Wildlife Conservation Act 1950 and the Commonwealth Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999, as well as safety compliance in respect of its mining and exploration activities

#### **Information on Directors**

#### S J Colin Wise LL.B, FAICD, FAusIMM Chairman – Non Executive

Mr Wise is an experienced corporate lawyer, consultant and company director with significant expertise in the mining and exploration industry and resources, energy and corporate sectors. He spent 24 years with WMC Limited, 10 of which as General Counsel and subsequently, 4 years as Counsel to a New York law firm. He has extensive practical experience in Australia and internationally with a wide range of corporate, operational and legal matters.

He has been Chairman of St Barbara since mid 2004, and is a Fellow of both the Australian Institute of Company Directors and the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. He is a member of the Advisory Board to the Dean of Medicine, Nursing and Health Sciences at Monash University and was a Non Executive Director for 5 years of Southern Health, the largest health care service in Victoria, Chair of its Quality Committee, and a member of the Audit Committee.

*Other current public company directorships* Nil

Former public company directorships in last 3 years Nil

Special responsibilities Chairman of the Board Member of the Remuneration, Audit and Health & Safety Committees

*Interest in shares and options* Mr Wise has a relevant interest in 6,463,724 fully paid ordinary shares of the Company.

#### Tim J Lehany B.E., MBA, MAusIMM Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

Mr Lehany is a mining engineer with extensive operating experience over the past twenty years with a number of mining companies, including Newcrest Mining and WMC Ltd. His roles covered gold, base metal and nickel mines. At Newcrest Mining Limited, he played a key leadership role in the implementation of a structured valuedriven five year planning process that has greatly streamlined business processes and enhanced Newcrest's operational performance.

Other current public company directorships Nil

Former public company directorships in last 3 years Nil

Special responsibilities Nil

Interest in shares and options

Mr Lehany has a relevant interest in 770,000 fully paid ordinary shares and holds 1,508,099 unlisted options to acquire fully paid ordinary shares, subject to performance hurdles, as detailed later in this Report.

#### Douglas W Bailey, BBus (Acc), CPA, ACIS Non Executive Director

Mr Bailey was the Chief Financial Officer of Woodside Petroleum Ltd between 2002 and 2004 and previously, was an Executive Director of Ashton Mining Limited from 1990 to 2000, including the last 3 years as Chief Executive Officer. He was also a Non Executive Director of Aurora Gold Ltd for the period 1993-2000.

Other current public company directorships Nil

Former public company directorships in last 3 years Nil

Special responsibilities Chairman of the Audit Committee Member of the Remuneration Committee

Interest in shares and options Mr Bailey has a relevant interest in 138,777 fully paid ordinary shares and 850,000 Convertible Notes of the Company.

#### Barbara J Gibson B.Sc, FTSE, MAICD Non Executive Director

Ms Gibson possesses a broad range of business management experience. Ms Gibson was formerly the General Manager Chemicals Group of Orica Limited, a member of the Orica Group Executive and a Director of Incitec Pivot Limited. She is a Fellow of the Australian Academy of Technical Sciences and Engineering, and is a recipient of the Australian Centenary Medal in 2001 for service to Australian society in medical technology.

Other current public company directorships Nuplex Industries Limited Penrice Soda Holdings Limited

Former public company directorships in last 3 years Biota Holdings Limited

Special responsibilities Chair of the Remuneration Committee Member of the Health & Safety Committee

*Interest in shares and options* Ms Gibson has a relevant interest in 195,984 fully paid ordinary shares of the Company.

#### Phil Lockyer M.Sc, AWASM, DipMETALL Non Executive Director

Mr Lockyer is an experienced mining engineer and metallurgist with over 40 years experience in the mineral industry with an emphasis on gold and nickel, in both underground and open pit operations. Mr Lockyer was employed by WMC Resources for 20 years, and as General Manager for WA was responsible for that Company's nickel division and gold operations. Mr Lockyer also held the position of Director Operations for Dominion Mining Limited and Resolute Limited.

Other current public company directorships Focus Minerals Limited Swick Mining Services Limited CGA Mining Limited

Former public company directorships in last 3 years Ammtec Ltd Perilya Limited Jubilee Mines Limited

Special responsibilities Chairman of the Health & Safety Committee Member of the Audit Committee

*Interest in shares and options* Mr Lockyer has a relevant interest in 48,777 fully paid ordinary shares of the Company.

#### Robert Rae B.Com (Hons), FAICD Non Executive Director

Mr Rae is a Director and Partner of McClintock Associates, a private investment bank and advisory firm and has extensive industry and corporate experience. Mr Rae has held previous directorships within the mining industry, including Plutonic Resources Limited, Ashton Mining Limited, WA Diamond Trust and Centralian Minerals Limited. Mr Rae is also a member of the Salvation Army Advisory Board.

Other current public company directorships McClintock Associates Securities Limited SHEM Limited

Former public company directorships in last 3 years Centralian Minerals Limited

Special responsibilities Member of the Remuneration Committee Member of the Audit Committee

*Interest in shares and options* Mr Rae has a relevant interest in 174,286 fully paid ordinary shares of the Company.

#### Qualifications and experience of the company secretary

# Ross Kennedy BComm, Grad.Dip – Company Secretarial Practice, ACA, FTIA, MAusIMM, FAICD, ACIS Company Secretary

Mr Kennedy has more than 23 years experience as a public company secretary and has held a number of public company directorships in resources and technology companies. He has extensive experience in corporate management, including risk management, corporate governance, finance, accounting, commercial negotiations, takeovers, legal contracts, land management, human resources, statutory compliance and public reporting.

#### **Meetings of Directors**

The number of meetings of the Company's Board of Directors and of each Board committee held during the year ended 30 June 2009, and the numbers of meetings attended by each Director were:

|             | Board |    | Audit Co | Audit Committee |   | Remuneration<br>Committee |   | & Safety<br>nittee |
|-------------|-------|----|----------|-----------------|---|---------------------------|---|--------------------|
|             | Α     | В  | Α        | В               | Α | В                         | Α | В                  |
| S J C Wise  | 13    | 14 | 4        | 4               | 6 | 6                         | 4 | 4                  |
| T J Lehany  | 5     | 5  | -        | -               | - | -                         | - | -                  |
| E Eshuys    | 9     | 9  | -        | -               | 4 | 4                         | 3 | 3                  |
| D W Bailey  | 14    | 14 | 4        | 4               | 6 | 6                         | - | -                  |
| B J Gibson  | 12    | 14 | -        | -               | 5 | 6                         | 4 | 4                  |
| P C Lockyer | 14    | 14 | 3        | 4               | - | -                         | 4 | 4                  |
| R Rae       | 12    | 14 | 3        | 4               | 6 | 6                         | - | -                  |

A = Number of meetings attended

B = Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office or was a member of the committee during the year

#### **Remuneration report**

The remuneration report is part of the Directors' Report set out under the following main headings:

- A Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- B Details of remuneration
- C Share based compensation
- D Service agreements

This report for the year ended 30 June 2009 was prepared by the Directors in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 for the Company and the consolidated entity. Information regarding the compensation of individual directors and key management personnel is required by Corporations Regulations 2M3.03. Key Management personnel have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company and the Group. The key management personnel, excluding Non Executive Directors, will be collectively referred to as senior executives of the Company and the Group.

Information provided under headings A - D includes remuneration disclosures that are required under Accounting Standard AASB 124 *Related Party Disclosures* and the Corporations Regulations 2001 and have been audited.

The members of the Remuneration Committee as at the date of this report are:

| B J Gibson | - | Chair, Non Executive Director |
|------------|---|-------------------------------|
| D W Bailey | - | Non Executive Director        |
| R K Rae    | - | Non Executive Director        |
| S J C Wise | - | Non Executive Director        |

The duties of the Remuneration Committee are to review and make recommendations to the Board as appropriate with respect to:

- The remuneration of Non Executive Directors, including the Chair of the Board;
- Every aspect of the remuneration package for the Managing Director & CEO, including total remuneration, its fixed and variable components, short-term and long-term incentives and the determination of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs);
- The Managing Director & CEO's recommendation in relation to the annual salary review, in per cent and total amount, for the Company as a whole;
- The recommendations of the Managing Director & CEO on the remuneration of the senior executives reporting to him, the fixed and variable components of that remuneration, the participation of these executives in short and long term incentive schemes and in the determination of their Key Performance Indicators (KPIs);

- Managing Director & CEO's recommendations on the appointment or termination of senior executives reporting directly to him;
- Any matters relating to employment and remuneration policies brought forward by the Managing Director & CEO, or the Chair of the Remuneration Committee;
- The operation and effectiveness of the Company's Employee Option Plan; and
- The Company's obligations in relation to employee benefits (including superannuation) and employee entitlements in general.

#### A Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

#### (i) Summary of principles

Remuneration is set by reference to independent data, independent professional advice, the Company's circumstances and the requirement to attract and retain high calibre, non executive directors, senior executive management and staff. Key Management Personnel comprise senior executives of the Company and the Group, including the five most highly remunerated executives.

Set out in the table below is an overview of the elements of remuneration. A more detailed discussion of each element is contained in this report.

|                          | Elements of remuneration | Non Executive | Senior     | Discussion |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
|                          |                          | Directors     | Executives | in Report  |
| Fixed remuneration       | Fees                     | ~             | ×          | Page 13    |
|                          | Salary                   | ×             | ~          | Page 14    |
|                          | Superannuation           | ~             | ~          | Page 14    |
|                          | Other benefits           | ~             | ~          | Page 14    |
| At risk remuneration     | Short term incentives    | ×             | ~          | Page 14    |
|                          | Long term incentives     | ×             | ~          | Page 15    |
| Conclusion of employment | Termination payments     | ×             | ~          | Page 22    |

In periodic consultation with independent remuneration consultants, the Company has structured an executive remuneration framework that is market competitive and consistent with the remuneration strategy of the organisation.

The objective of the Company's senior executive remuneration framework is to ensure that reward for performance is competitive and appropriate by aligning senior executive remuneration with achievement of operating and strategic objectives and the creation of value for shareholders. The Board policy is that senior executive remuneration satisfies the following key criteria for good remuneration governance practices:

- reasonableness and competitiveness
- alignment with shareholders' interests
- performance linkage/alignment of executive compensation
- transparency

Alignment to shareholders' interests is structured through:

- recognising the achievement of performance targets relating to relative total shareholder return performance
- attracting and retaining high calibre senior executives

Alignment to senior executives' interests is structured through:

- ensuring that remuneration is competitive in order to attract and retain talent
- recognising capability and experience
- recognising performance

- recognising contribution to growth in shareholder wealth
- providing a clear structure for earning remuneration.

The framework provides a mix of fixed and variable remuneration, and a blend of short and long term incentives.

#### (ii) Non Executive Directors' fees

Non Executive Directors' fees are determined within an aggregate Directors' fee pool limit, which is set and varied only by approval of a resolution of shareholders at the annual general meeting. The fee pool limit from which Non Executive Directors' fees can be drawn is currently \$750,000 per annum in aggregate (approved by shareholders in November 2005).

Fees paid to Non Executive Directors are set at levels which reflect both the responsibilities of, and the time commitments required from, each Non Executive Director to discharge his or her duties. Non Executive Directors' fees are reviewed annually by the Board, guided periodically by the advice of independent remuneration consultants to ensure fees are appropriate for the duties performed and in line with the market. In order to maintain their independence and impartiality, the fees paid to Non Executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Company.

Superannuation contributions, in accordance with legislation, are included as part of each director's total remuneration. Directors may elect to increase the proportion of their remuneration taken as superannuation subject to legislative requirements.

For the 2009 financial year, with the exception of the Chairman, Non Executive Director fees comprised fees of \$80,000 plus an allowance for chairing a Board Committee of \$15,000, plus a fee for serving as a (non-Chair) member of a Board Committee of \$7,500. The Chairman received a fixed fee of \$190,000 as well as benefits in the form of a car park, mobile telephone allowance and other administrative benefits.

The Chairman's fee is determined independently based on comparative roles and responsibilities in the external market for companies comparable with St Barbara Limited. The Chairman is not present at any discussions relating to the determination of his own remuneration.

Non Executive Directors, including the Chairman, have resolved not to increase Non Executive Director fees for the 2010 fiscal year.

Since 1 October 2005 Non Executive Directors have been able to elect to receive all or part of their remuneration (with a 20% minimum) in St Barbara Limited shares, which are acquired on market pursuant to a Non Executive Director Share Plan. The plan has been suspended for the 2009 fiscal year.

#### (iii) Retirement allowances for Directors

Non Executive Directors are not entitled to retirement benefits.

#### (iv) Senior executive remuneration

Senior executive remuneration comprises both a fixed component and an at risk component, which is intended to remunerate senior executives for increasing shareholder value, achieving financial targets and effective execution of business strategies. It is also designed to attract and retain high calibre executives. The remuneration of senior executives has three components:

- fixed remuneration, comprising base salary (which is calculated on a total cost basis and includes any fringe benefits tax charges related to employee benefits), employer statutory contributions to superannuation and other defined benefits;
- short term incentives; and
- long term incentives.

The aggregate of the three components comprises a senior executive's total remuneration.

#### (a) Fixed remuneration

#### (i) Base salary

The base salary is influenced by the scope of the role and the knowledge, skills and experience required for the position. External remuneration consultants provide periodic analysis and advice to ensure the base salary is competitive for a comparable role.

Base salary for senior executives is reviewed annually as part of the Company's overall remuneration review process and is assessed against the Company's and the individual's performance. A senior executive's salary is also reviewed on promotion.

#### (ii) Superannuation

In addition to statutory superannuation contributions, senior executives may elect to contribute additional amounts, subject to legislative requirements.

#### <u>(iii) Benefits</u>

Senior executives may receive benefits, including car parking, living away from home allowances, and payment for certain professional memberships.

#### (b) Short term incentives (STI)

The STI is an annual "at risk" component of remuneration for the senior executives and the net amount after allowing for applicable taxation is payable in cash. The objective of the STI is to remunerate senior executives for achieving annual company targets and their own individual performance targets. Company and individual performance targets each account for 50 percent of the maximum STI. The STI payment to senior executives is based on achievements measured against key performance indicators (KPIs). The maximum STI opportunity varies according to the role. KPIs require performance in improving operational effectiveness and the achievement of strategic financial and non-financial measures, linked to the drivers of performance in current and future reporting periods.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for assessing the extent to which the KPIs of the Managing Director & CEO and senior executives have been achieved. To assist in making this assessment, the Committee receives detailed reports and presentations on the performance of the business from the Managing Director & CEO and independent remuneration consultants as required.

The Remuneration Committee recommends for Board approval the STI to be paid to the Managing Director & CEO and senior executives.

Appointed 2 March 2009

Resigned 2 March 2009

#### (c) Long term incentives (LTI)

LTI's are structured to reward senior executives for the long term performance of the Company and are granted in the form of employee options.

All employee options have been issued pursuant to the St Barbara Limited Employee Share Option Plan. Vesting of options granted during the year is conditional on the Company achieving a Total Shareholder Return relative to a peer group of companies over a three year period, as a minimum at the  $50^{th}$  percentile.

Refer page 20 for further information.

#### **B** Details of remuneration

#### (i) Remuneration paid

Details of the remuneration of Directors and the senior executives of the Company and the Group are set out in the following tables.

The Directors of the Company and the Group during the year ended 30 June 2009 were:

- S J C Wise Chairman • T J Lehany • Managing Director & CEO Managing Director & CEO E Eshuys • D W Bailey Non-executive director • B J Gibson Non-executive director P C Lockyer Non-executive director
- R K Rae
  Non-executive director

The senior executives with the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company and the Group during the year ended 30 June 2009, were:

| ٠ | Tim J Lehany         | Managing Director & CEO             | Appointed 2 March 2009    |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| • | Eduard Eshuys        | Managing Director & CEO             | Resigned 2 March 2009     |
| ٠ | Martin Reed          | Chief Operating Officer             | Appointed 12 January 2009 |
| ٠ | George Viska         | Acting Chief Operating Officer      | Resigned 30 January 2009  |
| ٠ | Ian Bird             | Chief Operating Officer             | Resigned 4 July 2008      |
| ٠ | Garth Campbell-Cowan | Chief Financial Officer             |                           |
| ٠ | Ross Kennedy         | General Manager Corporate Services/ |                           |
|   |                      | Company Secretary                   |                           |
| ٠ | Peter Thompson       | General Manager Exploration         | Resigned 4 July 2008      |
| ٠ | Adrian McArthur      | Acting General Manager Exploration  | Appointed 4 July 2008     |
|   |                      |                                     |                           |

| 2009                              |                             | Short-tern           | n benefits                         |                                 | Post-employment benefits  |  |  |  |             | ]   |                                   |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|-------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Name                              | Cash<br>salary & fees<br>\$ | STI<br>payment<br>\$ | Non-<br>monetary<br>benefits<br>\$ | Other<br>\$                     | Super-<br>annuation<br>\$ | Long Service<br>Leave <sup>(8)</sup><br>\$ | Share-based<br>payments:<br>options <sup>(7)</sup><br>\$ | Termination<br>payments <sup>(9)</sup><br>\$ | Total<br>\$ | Proportion of<br>total performance<br>related | Value of options<br>as % of total |
| Non Executive Directors           |                             |                      |                                    |                                 |                           |  |  |  |             |   |                                   |
| S J C Wise (Chairman)             | 176,255                     | -                    | 17,068 <sup>(12)</sup>             | -                               | 13,745                    | -  | -  | -  | 207,068     | -   | -                                 |
| D W Bailey                        | 94,037                      | -                    | -                                  | -                               | 8,463                     | -  | -  | -  | 102,500     | -   | -                                 |
| B J Gibson                        | 94,037                      | -                    | -                                  | -                               | 8,463                     | -  | -  | -  | 102,500     | -   | -                                 |
| P C Lockyer                       | 96,153                      | -                    | -                                  | -                               | 6,348                     | -  | -  | -  | 102,501     | -   | -                                 |
| R K Rae                           | 87,156                      | -                    | -                                  | -                               | 7,844                     | -  | -  | -  | 95,000      | -   | -                                 |
| Total Non Executive Directors     | 547,638                     | -                    | 17,068                             | -                               | 44,863                    | -  | -  | -  | 609,569     |   |                                   |
| Executive Director                |                             |                      |                                    |                                 |                           |  |  |  |             |   |                                   |
| T J Lehany <sup>(1)</sup>         | 262,085                     | 120,000              | 763                                | -                               | 4,582                     | 19,715                                     | 14,383   | -  | 421,528     | 28.5%   | 3.4%                              |
| E Eshuys <sup>(2)</sup>           | 514,740                     | 480,000              | 8,819                              | -                               | 13,745                    | 89,550                                     | 11,901   | 1,578,244                                    | 2,696,999   | 5.6%  | 0.4%                              |
| Other key management<br>personnel |                             |                      |                                    |                                 |                           |  |  |  |             |   |                                   |
| M Reed <sup>(3)</sup>             | 186,527                     | 42,780               | 574                                | -                               | 6,969                     | 9,685                                      | -  | -  | 246,535     | 17.4%   | -                                 |
| I Bird <sup>(4)</sup>             | 5,952                       | -                    | 1,250                              | -                               | 3,282                     | -  | -  | 385,962                                      | 396,446     | -   | -                                 |
| G Campbell-Cowan                  | 371,255                     | 154,000              | 4,804                              | -                               | 13,745                    | 20,609                                     | 50,578   | -  | 614,991     | 25.0%   | 8.2%                              |
| G Viska <sup>(5)</sup>            | 180,940                     | -                    | 2,360                              | 23,903(10)                      | 8,018                     | 32,485                                     | -  | 471,103                                      | 718,809     | -   | -                                 |
| R Kennedy                         | 286,255                     | 120,000              | 4,804                              | -                               | 13,745                    | 23,111                                     | 9,031  | -  | 456,946     | 26.3%   | 2.0%                              |
| P Thompson <sup>(4)</sup>         | 3,644                       | -                    | 1,250                              | -                               | 2,188                     | 20,617                                     | -  | 271,592                                      | 299,291     | -   | -                                 |
| A McArthur <sup>(6)</sup>         | 236,255                     | 85,000               | -                                  | 39 <b>,</b> 447 <sup>(11)</sup> | 13,745                    | 25,178                                     | 7,265  | -  | 406,890     | 20.9%   | 1.8%                              |
| Total senior executives           | 2,047,653                   | 1,001,780            | 24,624                             | 63,350                          | 80,019                    | 240,950                                    | 93,158   | 2,706,901                                    | 6,258,435   |   |                                   |

(1) Mr Lehany was appointed as Chief Executive Officer on 2 March 2009

(2) Mr Eshuys resigned on 2 March 2009. Refer to section B(iii) for details on payments made to Mr Eshuys on ceasing employment with the Company.

(3) Mr Reed was appointed as Chief Operating Officer on 12 January 2009

(4) Mr Bird and Mr Thompson resigned on 4 July 2008.

(5) Mr Viska was made redundant on 30 January 2009

(6) Mr McArthur commenced as Acting General Manager Exploration on 4 July 2008.

(7) The value of options disclosed as remuneration is the portion of the fair value of the options recognised in the reporting period.

(8) For current employees, the amount represents the long service leave expense accrued for the period. For employees who resigned during the year, the amount represents the payment made to them on termination relating to pro-rated long service leave owing.

(9) Termination payments include amounts for accrued annual leave owing at the date of the employee's resignation.

(10) Living away from home allowance.

(11) Stamp duty paid on house purchase upon relocation.

(12) Represents carpark, mobile phone, and other administrative benefits.

| 2008  |  | Short-term                           | n benefits                         |                       | Post-employment benefits             |  |  |                               |  |  |                                   |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| Name  | Cash<br>salary & fees<br>\$              | STI<br>payment<br>\$                 | Non-<br>monetary<br>benefits<br>\$ | Other<br>\$           | Super-<br>annuation<br>\$            | Long Service<br>Leave <sup>(6)</sup><br>\$ | Share-based<br>payments:<br>options <sup>(3)</sup><br>\$ | Termination<br>payments<br>\$ | Total<br>\$                              | Proportion of<br>total<br>performance<br>related | Value of options<br>as % of total |
| Non Executive Directors   |  |                                      |                                    |                       |                                      |  |  |                               |  |  |                                   |
| S J C Wise (Chairman)   | 141,870                                  | -                                    | -                                  | -                     | 13,129                               | -  | -  | -                             | 154,999                                  | -  | -                                 |
| D W Bailey  | 73,395                                   | -                                    | -                                  | -                     | 6,606                                | -  | -  | -                             | 80,001                                   | -  | -                                 |
| B J Gibson <sup>(1)</sup>   | 73,395                                   | -                                    | -                                  | -                     | 6,606                                | -  | -  | -                             | 80,001                                   | -  | -                                 |
| P C Lockyer   | 73,395                                   | -                                    | -                                  | -                     | 6,606                                | -  | -  | -                             | 80,001                                   | -  | -                                 |
| R K Rae <sup>(8)</sup>  | 16,718                                   | -                                    | -                                  | -                     | 1,505                                | -  | -  | -                             | 18,223                                   | -  | -                                 |
| H G Tuten <sup>(2)</sup>  | -  | -                                    | -                                  | -                     | -                                    | -  | -  | -                             | -  |  |                                   |
|   |  |                                      |                                    |                       |                                      |  |  |                               |  |  |                                   |
| <b>Total Non Executive Directors</b>  | 378,773                                  | -                                    | -                                  | -                     | 34,452                               | -  | -  | -                             | 413,225                                  |  |                                   |
| Executive Director  |  |                                      |                                    |                       |                                      |  |  |                               |  |  |                                   |
| E Eshuys  | 636,871                                  | 125,000                              | 2,223                              | -                     | 13,129                               | 28,353                                     | 103,404  | -                             | 908,980                                  | 13.8%  | 11.4%                             |
| Other key management<br>personnel<br>I Bird <sup>(5)(6)</sup><br>G Campbell-Cowan<br>G Viska<br>R Kennedy | 386,870<br>336,870<br>284,492<br>236,870 | 10,000<br>72,500<br>22,500<br>63,400 | 2,223<br>2,223<br>1,174<br>2,223   | 23,015 <sup>(7)</sup> | 13,129<br>13,129<br>12,072<br>13,129 | 4,707<br>7,465<br>9,421                    | 273,358  | -<br>-<br>-<br>-              | 412,222<br>702,787<br>350,718<br>325,043 | 2.4%<br>10.3%<br>6.4%<br>19.5%                   | -<br>38.9%<br>-                   |
| P Thompson <sup>(5)</sup>   | 236,870                                  | 32,500                               | 2,223                              | -                     | 13,129                               | 5,835                                      | -  | -                             | 290,557                                  | 11.2%  | -                                 |
| <u>F</u>  |  | ,,-                                  | _,0                                |                       |                                      | -,   |  |                               |  |  |                                   |
| Total senior executives   | 2,118,843                                | 325,900                              | 12,289                             | 23,015                | 77,717                               | 55,781                                     | 376,762  | -                             | 2,990,307                                |  |                                   |

(1) B Gibson elected in lieu of receiving Directors fees as salary to participate in the Non-executive Directors' Share Plan from 1 October 2007 up to, and including, 31 March 2008.

(2) HG Tuten elected not to receive directors' fees. Mr Tuten resigned on 21 January 2008.

(3) The value of options disclosed as remuneration is the portion of the fair value of the options recognised in the reporting period. These options were granted in previous years pursuant to terms approved by shareholders.

(4) Represents the long service leave expense accrued for the period.

(5) Mr Bird and Mr Thompson resigned on 4 July 2008.

(6) The value of options issued to Mr Bird in 2007 has not been included in remuneration on the basis that these options lapsed following his resignation effective 4 July 2008, and no amount was recognised in the reporting period.

(7) Living away from home allowance.

(8) Mr R Rae was appointed a Director on 9 April 2008.

#### (ii) Cash bonuses included in remuneration (short term incentive)

The table below provides the percentage of fixed remuneration which senior executives did earn under the short term incentive (STI), based on relevant performance measures having been met.

| 2009             | Maximum po             | otential STI           | Actual STI   | % of         | % of            | % of            |
|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                  |                        |                        | included in  | maximum      | maximum         | maximum         |
|                  |                        |                        | remuneration | 'Target' STI | potential total | potential total |
|                  |                        |                        |              | earned       | STI earned      | STI foregone    |
|                  | Target                 | Stretch                |              |              |                 |                 |
|                  |                        |                        | \$           |              |                 |                 |
| T J Lehany       | 133,333 <sup>(1)</sup> | 266,667 <sup>(1)</sup> | 120,000      | 90%          | 30%             | 70%             |
| E Eshuys         | $1,330,000^{(2)}$      | -                      | 480,000      | 36%          | 36%             | 64%             |
| M Reed           | 50,000 <sup>(1)</sup>  | $100,000^{(1)}$        | 42,780       | 41%          | 29%             | 71%             |
| G Campbell-Cowan | 154,000                | 308,000                | 154,000      | 50%          | 33%             | 67%             |
| A McArthur       | 100,000                | 200,000                | 85,000       | 60%          | 28%             | 72%             |
| R Kennedy        | 120,000                | 180,000                | 120,000      | 44%          | 40%             | 60%             |

(1) Applied pro-rata for period of employment.

(2) Amount of \$1,330,000 covers both potential maximum Target and Stretch STIs in aggregate.

Target performance represents challenging but achievable levels of performance. The performance measures are split 50/50 between Company and individual executive performance measures, and comprise financial and non financial measures. The individual performance measures vary depending on the individual executive's position.

Stretch performance requires significant performance above and beyond normal expectations and if achieved is anticipated to result in a substantial improvement in key operational areas, financial results, and/or the financial position of the Company. The tier 2 performance measures are also split 50/50 between Company and individual executive performance measures.

Amounts included in remuneration as actual cash STI for the financial year represent the amounts accrued in relation to the 2009 financial year, based on achievement of the specified performance criteria. No additional amounts vest in future years in respect of the bonus schemes for the 2009 financial year.

Short term incentives paid in respect of the 2009 financial year reflected achievement of some Company performance measures and some individual performance areas. Achieved Company measures comprised improved safety performance (classified Injury Frequency Rate decreased from 16 to 6) and the achievement of significant cost reductions.

Individual performance measures achieved reflected value accretive and/or risk mitigation achievements for the benefit of the Company and Shareholders.

#### (iii) Payments made to Mr E Eshuys on ceasing employment with the Company

Mr Eshuys, the former Managing Director & CEO, ceased employment with the Company on 2 March 2009. In accordance with the terms of his employment contract, Mr Eshuys received a termination payment of 12 months fixed remuneration which equated to \$825,000, and a payment for unpaid fixed remuneration for the balance of his contract to 31 December 2009, amounting to \$688,500. Mr Eshuys also received payments for other entitlements and accrued benefits as follows:

- Pro-rata STI and related performance \$480,000 as detailed in the table under (ii) above.
- Accrued leave \$154,294 representing all remaining annual leave and pro-rated long service leave due to Mr Eshuys at the time his employment ceased, calculated at the fixed remuneration rate.
- No share based compensation was granted to Mr Eshuys during the year.

Applicable taxation was deducted from the above payments.

Under the terms of a consultancy contract which commenced on 3 March 2009, Mr Eshuys is providing consulting services to the Company for a minimum fee of \$10,000 per month. The agreement expires on 2 March 2010. Either party may terminate the agreement by giving one month's notice.

#### (iv) Performance of St Barbara Limited

In assessing the Group's performance and improvement in shareholder wealth, consideration is given to the following measures in respect of the current financial year and the previous four financial years:

| Earnings                                   | 2009         | 2008         | 2007        | 2006        | 2005       |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
|  | \$           | \$           | \$          | \$          | \$         |
| Sales revenue                              | 281,129,000  | 143,129,000  | 130,911,000 | 115,263,000 | 46,553,000 |
| EBITDA                                     | 39,701,000   | 12,340,000   | 28,364,000  | 13,577,000  | 15,051,000 |
| Net profit/(loss) after tax <sup>(1)</sup> | (76,344,000) | (17,333,000) | (2,894,000) | 6,019,000   | 6,831,000  |

(1) Net profit amounts for 2005 were calculated in accordance with previous Australian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Net profit amounts for 2006 to 2009 were calculated in accordance with the Australian equivalents of International Financial Reporting Standards (A-IFRS) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board.

The table below provides the share price performance of the Company's shares in the 2009 financial year and the previous four financial years.

| Shareholder wealth         | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Period end share price     |      |      |      |      |      |
| (cents per share)          | 23   | 37   | 49   | 57   | 10   |
| Average share price for    |      |      |      |      |      |
| the year (cents per share) | 29   | 64   | 54   | 40   | 7    |

During the 2009 financial year, the Company's daily closing share price traded in a range of 19 to 52 cents per share (2008: 35 to 89 cents per share).

#### C Share based compensation

#### (i) Options

Employee options issued to Mr Lehany, Managing Director & CEO, were approved by shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 5 May 2009. All options were granted under the St Barbara Limited Employee Option Plan, which was approved by shareholders at the 2001 Annual General Meeting of shareholders. All full time employees are eligible to participate in the plan.

Details on options over ordinary shares in the Company that were granted as compensation to each senior executive during the financial year and details of options that vested in the financial year are as follows:

| 2009             | Number of<br>options<br>granted | Grant date | Fair value per<br>option at grant<br>date | Exercise price per<br>option | Expiry date  | Number of<br>options vested<br>during 2009 |
|------------------|---------------------------------|------------|---|------------------------------|--------------|--|
|                  | during 2009                     |            | (Cents per share)                         | (Cents per share)            |              |  |
| T J Lehany       | 1,508,099                       | 6 May 2009 | 0.20                                      | 0.40                         | 2 March 2014 | -  |
| G Campbell-Cowan | 1,207,160                       | 6 May 2009 | 0.20                                      | 0.43                         | 3 April 2014 | -  |
| G Campbell-Cowan | -                               | -          | -   | -                            | -            | 1,000,000                                  |
| R Kennedy        | 940,644                         | 6 May 2009 | 0.20                                      | 0.43                         | 3 April 2014 | -  |
| A McArthur       | 738,870                         | 6 May 2009 | 0.20                                      | 0.43                         | 3 April 2014 | -  |
| A McArthur       | -                               | -          | -   | -                            | -            | 250,000                                    |

Note: The vesting date for options granted on 6 May 2009 is 30 June 2012.

| 2008             | Number of<br>options granted<br>during 2008 | Grant date | Fair value per<br>option at grant<br>date | Exercise price per<br>option | Expiry date | Number of<br>options vested<br>during 2008 |
|------------------|---|------------|---|------------------------------|-------------|--|
|                  | , i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i     |            | Cents per share                           | Cents per share              |             | -  |
| E Eshuys         | -   | -          | -   | -                            | -           | 5,000,000                                  |
| A McArthur       | -   | -          | -   | -                            | -           | 250,000                                    |
| G Campbell-Cowan | -   | -          | -   | -                            | -           | 1,000,000                                  |

The options were provided at no cost to the senior executives. The vesting of options granted in 2009 is subject to a continuing service condition as at each vesting date, and achieving a relative Total Shareholder Return for the period from the option pricing date to 30 June 2012. No options have been granted since the end of the financial year. The Total Shareholder Return is measured against a defined peer group of companies:

| Relative TSR Performance Over<br>Measurement Period | % of Right to Vest          |  |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| < 50 <sup>th</sup> percentile                       | 0%                          |  |  |  |
| 50 <sup>th</sup> percentile                         | 50%                         |  |  |  |
| $>50^{\text{th}}$ & $<75^{\text{th}}$ percentiles   | Pro-rata between 50% & 100% |  |  |  |
| 75 <sup>th</sup> percentile and above               | 100%                        |  |  |  |

The peer group against which Total Shareholder Return is measured comprises:

| Company                        |                         |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Newcrest Mining Limited        | Independence Group NL   |  |  |  |  |
| Lihir Gold Limited             | Dominion Mining Limited |  |  |  |  |
| Sino Gold Mining Limited       | Lion Selection Limited  |  |  |  |  |
| Kingsgate Consolidated Limited | Apex Minerals NL        |  |  |  |  |
| Avoca Resources Limited        | OceanaGold Corporation  |  |  |  |  |

The Board reserves the right to make minor changes to the peer group to allow for changing circumstances (e.g. takeover) for peer group companies.

All options expire on the earlier of their expiry date, thirty days after resignation of the relevant executive or twelve months after retirement or retrenchment.

Options granted under the plan carry no dividend or voting rights. When exercisable, each option is convertible into one ordinary share.

The assessed fair value at grant date of options granted to the individuals is allocated equally over the period from grant date to vesting date, and the amount is included in the remuneration tables in section B. Fair values at grant date are independently determined using a Black Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price (ordinarily linked to the average closing market price for the 5 business days immediately preceding the grant date), the term of the option, the performance hurdle (relative Total Shareholder Return) the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, no expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option.

Further information on the options is set out in Note 36 to the Financial Statements.

#### (ii) Exercise of options granted

During the financial year the following ordinary shares were issued on the exercise of options previously granted as compensation:

| 2009     | Number of shares           | Amount paid     |
|----------|----------------------------|-----------------|
|          | issued                     | Cents per share |
| E Eshuys | 5,000,000                  | 11.8            |
|          |                            |                 |
| 2008     | Number of shares Amount pa |                 |
|          | issued                     | Cents per share |
| E Eshuys | 5,000,000                  | 11.8            |

(iii) Analysis of movements in the value of options granted and exercised

| 2009             | А               | В                 | С              |  |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|--|
|                  | Granted in year | Exercised in year | Lapsed in year |  |
|                  | \$              | \$                | \$             |  |
| T J Lehany       | 301,000         | -                 | -              |  |
| E Eshuys         | -               | 2,100,000         | -              |  |
| G Campbell-Cowan | 243,000         | -                 | -              |  |
| R Kennedy        | 189,000         | -                 | -              |  |
| A McArthur       | 149,000         | -                 | -              |  |

- A The value of options granted in the year is the fair value of the options calculated at grant date using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The total value of the options granted is included in the table above. This amount is allocated to remuneration over the vesting period.
- B The value of options exercised during the year is calculated as the market price of shares of the Company on the Australian Securities Exchange as at close of trading on the day the options were exercised after deducting the price paid to exercise the option.
- C The value of the options that lapsed during the year represents the benefit forgone and is calculated at the date the option lapsed using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

| (i | ) Anal | ysis | of o | ptions | granted | as | com | pensation |
|----|--------|------|------|--------|---------|----|-----|-----------|
|    |        |      | • •  |        | 0       |    |     |           |

| Options granted  |           |               |      |             | Value yet to vest |         |         |
|------------------|-----------|---------------|------|-------------|-------------------|---------|---------|
| 2009             | Number    | Number Date % |      | % forfeited | Financial year    | Minimum | Maximum |
|                  |           |               | year | in year     | options vest      | (A)     | (B)     |
|                  |           |               |      |             |                   | \$      | \$      |
| T J Lehany       | 1,508,099 | 6 May 2009    | -    | -           | 30 June 2012      | Nil     | 286,617 |
| G Campbell-Cowan | 1,207,160 | 6 May 2009    | -    | -           | 30 June 2012      | Nil     | 231,388 |
| G Campbell-Cowan | 1,000,000 | 11Sept 2006   | 100  | -           | 30 June 2009      | Nil     | -       |
| R Kennedy        | 940,644   | 6 May 2009    | -    | -           | 30 June 2012      | Nil     | 179,969 |
| A McArthur       | 738,870   | 6 May 2009    | -    | -           | 30 June 2012      | Nil     | 141,880 |
| A McArthur       | 250,000   | 1 July 2006   | 100  | -           | 30 June 2009      | Nil     | -       |
|                  |           |               |      |             |                   |         |         |

A The minimum value of options yet to vest is \$nil as the vesting service conditions, which are continuing service conditions and relative Total Shareholder Returns over a three year period, are still to be satisfied.

B The maximum value of the options yet to vest represents the amount of the grant date fair value of the options that is still to be expensed in the income statement.

#### **D** Service agreements

Remuneration and other terms of employment for the Managing Director and CEO and the senior executives are formalised in service agreements. These agreements provide, where applicable, for the provision of performance related cash bonuses, other benefits including allowances, and participation in the St Barbara Limited Executive Option and Employee Option Plans. Other major provisions of the agreements relating to remuneration are set out below.

All contracts with senior executives may be terminated early by either party giving the required notice and subject to termination payments as detailed below.

T J Lehany – Managing Director & CEO

- Term of agreement permanent employee commencement 2 March 2009
- Payment of a termination benefit or early termination by the Company, other than for serious misconduct or serious breach of duty:
  - a) Where 6 months notice of termination is given; an additional 6 months base salary and superannuation payment, and any entitlement to a 'stretch performance' payment plus an amount equivalent to six months of notional 'target performance' payment (at the discretion of the Board), or
  - b) Where notice of immediate termination is given, 12 months base salary and superannuation, plus an amount equivalent to 12 months of a notional 'target performance' payment (at the discretion of the Board).

M Reed – Chief Operating Officer

- Term of agreement Twelve month fixed term contract commencing 12 January 2009.
- Payment of a termination benefit on early termination by the company, other than for gross misconduct, equal to 3 months base salary and superannuation.

G Campbell-Cowan – Chief Financial Officer

- Term of agreement permanent employee commencement 11 September 2006.
- Payment of a termination benefit on early termination by the Company, other than for gross misconduct, equal to 6 months base salary and superannuation.

R Kennedy – General Manager Corporate Services/Company Secretary

- Term of agreement permanent employee commencement 29 September 2004.
- Payment of a termination benefit on early termination by the Company, other than for gross misconduct, equal to 6 months base salary and superannuation.

A McArthur, Acting General Manager Exploration

- Term of agreement permanent employee commencement 19 June 2006.
- Payment of a termination benefit on early termination by the Company, other than for gross misconduct, equal to 6 months base salary and superannuation

#### Loans to Directors and executives

There were no loans to Directors or executives during the year.

#### Auditor independence

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 25. The Directors are satisfied that the provision of these services did not impair the auditor's independence.

#### Indemnification and insurance of officers

The Company indemnifies all Directors of the Company named in this report, and a number of former Directors (including Mr Richard Knight, Mr Hank Tuten, Mr Mark Wheatley and Mr Eduard Eshuys) and current and former executive officers of the Company and its controlled entities against all liabilities to persons (other than the Company or a related body corporate) which arise out of the performance of their normal duties as Director or executive officer, unless the liability relates to conduct involving bad faith. The Company also has a policy to indemnify the Directors and executive officers against all costs and expenses incurred in defending an action that falls within the scope of the indemnity and any resulting payments.

During the year the Company paid an insurance premium for Directors and Officers Liability and Statutory Liability policies. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the amount of the premium and the nature of the liabilities insured under the policy.

During the year the Company also paid the premium on a Personal Accident insurance policy on behalf of directors, to insure them for travel while on Company business.

#### Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001.

#### **Environmental Management**

The Company regards compliance with environmental regulations as the minimum performance standard for its operations. The Company's operations in Western Australia are subject to environmental regulation under both Commonwealth and State legislation.

There were a total of four non-compliances registered and externally reported for the Southern Cross operations during the 2009 financial year. At Leonora there were sixteen non-compliances registered and externally reported. The substantial increase in the number of incidents reported from Leonora reflects the change in status of the operation from development to construction and production. These incident were not material and the formal reporting of the incidents did not generate any additional requirements or investigations from regulators, and environmental impacts are managed through ongoing mitigation and monitoring procedures.

#### Non-audit services

During the year the Company did employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor, KPMG, for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in Note 26 to the financial statements.

The Board of Directors has considered the position and, in accordance with the advice received from the Audit Committee, is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out in note 24 to the financial statements, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- All non-audit services have been reviewed by the Audit Committee to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor;
- None of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants*; and

• The Audit Committee annually informs the Board of the detail, nature and amount of any non-audit services rendered by KPMG during the most recent financial year and an explanation of why the provision of these services is compatible with auditor independence. If applicable, the Audit Committee recommends that the Board take appropriate action in response to the Audit Committee's report to satisfy itself of the independence of KPMG.

#### Events occurring after the end of the financial year

The Directors are not aware of any matter or circumstance that has arisen since the end of the financial year that, in their opinion, has significantly affected or may significantly affect in future years the Company's operations, the results of those operations or the state of affairs, except for the following items:

- On 5 August 2009, the Company announced the disposal of its 9.7% investment in the shares of Bendigo Mining Limited for proceeds of \$9,906,800. The disposal of this investment will give rise to a net profit on sale recognised in the Income Statement in the 2009-10 financial year of \$2,724,000 and the reversal of the fair value reserve representing the movement in the fair value of the shares as at 30 June 2009.
- On 21 August 2009, the Company entered into a A\$50,000,000 Equity Line standby facility from US-based investment fund YA Global Master SPV Ltd ("YA Global"), which is managed by US-based Yorkville Advisors LLC. Under the terms of the facility St Barbara may, at its discretion, issue ordinary shares to YA Global at any time over a 60 month period up to a total of A\$50,000,000. The Company nominates in advance the amount in relation to each draw down under the facility. The advance amount for the first and second draw down is limited to \$750,000 and \$1,500,000 respectively, and thereafter the advance amount may not exceed \$3,000,000 in any 10-day trading period.

Shares issued to YA Global would be priced at the lowest of the daily volume weighted average prices of the Company's shares traded on each of the 10 trading days following an advance notice by St Barbara. A commission of 4% will be payable to YA Global on the proceeds of each issue of shares at the time of the issue.

This standby facility provides the consolidated entity with funding flexibility while it evaluates and negotiates other sources of longer term finance, and completes the divestment of non core assets.

#### **Rounding of Amounts**

St Barbara Limited is a Company of the kind referred to in Class Order 98/100 approved by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission and issued pursuant to section 341(1) of the Corporations Act 2001. As a result, amounts in this Directors' Report and the accompanying Financial Report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, except where otherwise indicated.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of Directors.

For and on behalf of the Board Dated at Melbourne this 25th day of August 2009

Tim J Lehany Managing Director & CEO
## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**



KPMG, an Australian partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative.

## **Financial Report Table of Contents**

| INCOME STATEMENTS                           |  |
|---|--|
| BALANCE SHEETS                              |  |
| STATEMENTS OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE |  |
| CASH FLOW STATEMENTS                        |  |
| NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS           |  |
| DIRECTORS' DECLARATION                      |  |
| INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT                    |  |

This financial report covers both St Barbara Limited (formerly St Barbara Mines Limited) as an individual entity and the consolidated entity consisting of St Barbara Limited and its subsidiaries. The financial report is presented in the Australian currency.

St Barbara Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office is:

St Barbara Limited Level 14, 90 Collins St Melbourne VIC 3000

A description of the nature of the consolidated entity's operations and its principal activities is included in the review of operations and activities in the directors' report, which is not part of this financial report.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the directors on 25 August 2009. The Company has the power to amend and reissue the financial report.

## **INCOME STATEMENTS** For the year ended 30 June 2009

|   |       | Consolidated |          | Parent I  | Entity   |
|---|-------|--------------|----------|-----------|----------|
|   |       | 2009         | 2008     | 2009      | 2008     |
|   | Notes | \$'000       | \$'000   | \$'000    | \$'000   |
|   |       |              |          |           |          |
| Revenue from continuing operations                        | 5     | 281,129      | 143,129  | 281,129   | 143,129  |
| Mine operating costs                                      |       | (185,794)    | (84,486) | (185,794) | (84,486) |
| Gross profit  |       | 95,335       | 58,643   | 95,335    | 58,643   |
|   |       |              |          |           |          |
| Other revenue   | 5     | 5,411        | 4,846    | 5,411     | 4,846    |
| Other income  | 6     | 223          | 195      | 223       | 280      |
| Exploration expensed                                      |       | (13,442)     | (28,531) | (13,442)  | (28,531) |
| Corporate and support costs                               | 8     | (27,089)     | (22,730) | (27,089)  | (22,730) |
| Royalties   |       | (11,042)     | (6,162)  | (11,042)  | (6,162)  |
| Depreciation and amortisation                             | 7     | (110,104)    | (30,779) | (110,104) | (30,779) |
| Other expenditure   |       | (1,759)      | (2,197)  | (1,759)   | (2,197)  |
| Operating loss  |       | (62,467)     | (26,715) | (62,467)  | (26,630) |
|   |       |              |          |           |          |
| Finance costs   | 7     | (8,996)      | (3,008)  | (8,996)   | (3,008)  |
| Net realised/unrealised gains on derivatives              |       | 1,451        | 16,834   | 1,451     | 16,834   |
| Net realised/unrealised loss on available for sale assets | 8     | (6,332)      | (4,876)  | (6,332)   | (4,876)  |
| Loss before income tax                                    |       | (76,344)     | (17,765) | (76,344)  | (17,680) |
| Income tax benefit  | 9     |              | 420      |           | 420      |
|   | 9     | -            | 432      | -         | 432      |
| Loss after income tax                                     |       | (76,344)     | (17,333) | (76,344)  | (17,248) |
|   |       |              |          |           |          |
| Earnings per share for loss attributable to the           |       |              |          |           |          |
| ordinary equity holders of the Company:                   |       |              |          |           |          |
| Basic loss per share (cents per share)                    | 35    | (5.63)       | (1.66)   |           |          |
| Diluted loss per share (cents per share)                  | 35    | (5.63)       | (1.66)   |           |          |
| <b>t t</b>  |       | ()           |          |           |          |

The above Income Statements should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## BALANCE SHEETS As at 30 June 2009

| Notes         2009         2008         2009         2008           Notes         \$'000         \$'000         \$'000         \$'000         \$'000           Assets         Current assets         Cash and cash equivalents         10         53,692         35,517         53,692         35,517           Trade and other receivables         11         34,936         32,285         34,938         32,287           Inventories         12         31,058         21,038         31,058         21,038           Deferred mining costs         14         16,196         15,923         16,196         15,923           Total current assets         14         16,196         149,733         104,966         149,733         104,966           Non-current assets         15         -         13,941         -         13,941           Property, plant and equipment         17         117,628         72,788         116,187           Exploration and evaluation         19         82,19         25,778         34,647         -         34,647           Total on-current assets         13         -         34,647         -         34,647           Total assets         20         -         -         178   |                             |       | Consol  | idated      | <b>Parent Entity</b> |         |  |
|---|-----------------------------|-------|---------|-------------|----------------------|---------|--|
| Assets         Image: constraint of the problem is a set of the probl |                             |       | 2009    | 2008        | 2009                 | 2008    |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  |                             | Notes | \$'000  | \$'000      | \$'000               | \$'000  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Cash and cash equivalents} & 10 & 53,692 & 35,517 & 53,692 & 35,517 \\ \mbox{Trade and other receivables} & 11 & 34,936 & 32,285 & 34,938 & 32,287 \\ \mbox{Inventories} & 12 & 31,058 & 21,038 & 31,058 & 21,038 \\ \mbox{Derivative financial assets} & 13 & - & 203 & - & 203 \\ \mbox{Derivative financial assets} & 15 & 13,869 & - & 13,869 & - \\ \mbox{Deferred mining costs} & 14 & 16,196 & 15,923 & 16,196 & 15,923 \\ \mbox{Deferred mining costs} & 14 & 16,196 & 15,923 & 104,968 \\ \mbox{Deferred mining costs} & 14 & 6,472 & 16,139 & 6,472 & 16,139 \\ \mbox{Deferred mining costs} & 14 & 6,472 & 16,139 & 6,472 & 16,139 \\ \mbox{Deferred mining costs} & 14 & 6,472 & 16,139 & 6,472 & 16,139 \\ \mbox{Deferred mining costs} & 14 & 6,472 & 16,139 & 6,472 & 16,139 \\ \mbox{Deferred mining costs} & 18 & 185,341 & 161,187 & 185,341 & 161,187 \\ \mbox{Exploration and evaluation} & 19 & 8,219 & 25,778 & 8,219 & 25,778 \\ \mbox{Derivative financial assets} & 13 & - & 34,647 & - & 34,647 \\ \mbox{Other financial assets} & 20 & - & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $   | Assets                      |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  |                             |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
| $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$  | -                           |       | 53,692  |             | 53,692               | 35,517  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | Trade and other receivables |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
| Available for sale financial assets       15 $13,869$ - $13,869$ -         Deferred mining costs       14 $16,196$ $15,923$ $16,196$ $15,923$ Total current assets       149,751 $104,966$ $149,753$ $104,968$ Non-current assets       15       - $13,941$ - $13,941$ Property, plant and equipment       17 $117,628$ $72,788$ $117,628$ $72,778$ Defored mining costs       14 $6,472$ $16,139$ $6,472$ $16,139$ Derivative financial assets       13       - $32,4647$ - $34,647$ - $34,647$ - $34,647$ - $34,647$ - $34,647$ - $34,647$ - $34,647$ - $178$ $128,$  |                             |       | 31,058  |             | 31,058               |         |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  |                             |       | -       | 203         | -                    | 203     |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  |                             |       |         | -           |                      | -       |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | 6                           | 14    | 16,196  | 15,923      | 16,196               | 15,923  |  |
| Available for sale financial assets15-13,941-13,941Property, plant and equipment17117,02872,788117,02872,788Deferred mining costs146,47216,1396,47216,139Mine properties18185,341161,187185,341161,187Exploration and evaluation198,21925,7788,21925,778Derivative financial assets13-34,647-34,647Other financial assets20178178Total non-current assets317,660324,480317,338324,658Total assets2138,37659,27349,77770,674Interest bearing borrowings2283,5672,36783,5672,367Provisions235,7923,0495,7923,049Total current liabilities127,73564,689139,13676,090Non-current liabilities170,939192,78213,97498,570Interest bearing borrowings2213,97498,57029,23029,523Total non-current liabilities43,204128,09343,204128,093Interest bearing borrowings2329,6472236,664285,251225,443Met Assets296,472236,664285,251225,443Contributed equity24496,176366,466496,176366,466Reserves25(a)8,9602,5188,9602,518<   | Total current assets        | _     | 149,751 | 104,966     | 149,753              | 104,968 |  |
| Available for sale financial assets15-13,941-13,941Property, plant and equipment17117,02872,788117,02872,788Deferred mining costs146,47216,1396,47216,139Mine properties18185,341161,187185,341161,187Exploration and evaluation198,21925,7788,21925,778Derivative financial assets13-34,647-34,647Other financial assets20178178Total non-current assets317,660324,480317,338324,658Total assets2138,37659,27349,77770,674Interest bearing borrowings2283,5672,36783,5672,367Provisions235,7923,0495,7923,049Total current liabilities127,73564,689139,13676,090Non-current liabilities170,939192,78213,97498,570Interest bearing borrowings2213,97498,57029,23029,523Total non-current liabilities43,204128,09343,204128,093Interest bearing borrowings2329,6472236,664285,251225,443Met Assets296,472236,664285,251225,443Contributed equity24496,176366,466496,176366,466Reserves25(a)8,9602,5188,9602,518<   | No.                         |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  |                             | 15    |         | 12 041      |                      | 12 041  |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  |                             |       | -       |             | -                    |         |  |
| Mine properties18185,341161,187185,341161,187Exploration and evaluation19 $8,219$ $25,778$ $8,219$ $25,778$ Derivative financial assets13- $34,647$ - $34,647$ Other financial assets20178178Total non-current assets20178178Total assets20178178Total assets317,660 $324,480$ $317,838$ $324,658$ Total assets467,411 $429,446$ $467,591$ $429,626$ LiabilitiesCurrent liabilities21 $38,376$ $59,273$ $49,777$ $70,674$ Interest bearing borrowings22 $83,567$ $2,367$ $83,567$ $2,367$ Provisions23 $5,792$ $3,049$ $5,792$ $3,049$ Total current liabilities127,735 $64,689$ 139,136 $76,090$ Non-current liabilities22 $13,974$ $98,570$ $13,974$ $98,570$ Interest bearing borrowings22 $13,974$ $98,570$ $29,230$ $29,523$ Total non-current liabilities170,939192,782 $182,340$ $204,183$ Net Assets296,472236,664 $285,251$ $225,443$ Equity24496,176366,466 $496,176$ $366,466$ Reserves25(a) $8,960$ $2,518$ $8,960$ $2,518$   |                             |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | -                           |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  |                             |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  |                             |       | 8,219   |             | 8,219                |         |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  |                             |       | -       | 54,047      | - 179                |         |  |
| Total assets       467,411       429,446       467,591       429,626         Liabilities       Current liabilities       7       70,674       70,674         Interest bearing borrowings       22       83,567       2,367       83,567       2,367         Provisions       23       5,792       3,049       5,792       3,049         Total current liabilities       127,735       64,689       139,136       76,090         Non-current liabilities       127,735       64,689       139,136       76,090         Non-current liabilities       127,735       64,689       139,136       76,090         Non-current liabilities       127,735       64,689       139,136       76,090         Provisions       23       29,230       29,523       29,230       29,523         Total onon-current liabilities       43,204       128,093       43,204       128,093         Total liabilities       170,939       192,782       182,340       204,183         Provisions       296,472       236,664       285,251       225,443         Net Assets       296,472       236,664       496,176       366,466         Reserves       25(a)       8,960       2,518       8,960   |                             | 20    | -       | -           |                      |         |  |
| Liabilities       21 $38,376$ $59,273$ $49,777$ $70,674$ Interest bearing borrowings       22 $83,567$ $2,367$ $83,567$ $2,367$ Provisions       23 $5,792$ $3,049$ $5,792$ $3,049$ Total current liabilities       127,735 $64,689$ $139,136$ $76,090$ Non-current liabilities       23 $29,230$ $29,523$ $29,230$ $29,523$ Interest bearing borrowings       23 $29,230$ $29,523$ $29,230$ $29,523$ Total our-current liabilities       43,204 $128,093$ $43,204$ $128,093$ Total liabilities       170,939 $192,782$ $182,340$ $204,183$ Net Assets       296,472       236,664 $285,251$ $225,443$ Equity       24       496,176 $366,466$ $496,176$ $366,466$ Reserves       25(a) $8,960$ $2,518$ $8,960$ $2,518$ Accumulated losses       25(b) $(208,664)$ $(132,320)$ $(219,885)$ $(143,541)$  |                             | _     |         |             |                      |         |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | l otal assets               | —     | 467,411 | 429,446     | 467,591              | 429,626 |  |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $  | Liabilities                 |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | Current liabilities         |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | Trade and other payables    | 21    | 38,376  | 59,273      | 49,777               | 70,674  |  |
| Total current liabilities       127,735       64,689       139,136       76,090         Non-current liabilities       1127,735       64,689       139,136       76,090         Interest bearing borrowings       22       13,974       98,570       13,974       98,570         Provisions       23       29,230       29,523       29,230       29,523         Total non-current liabilities       43,204       128,093       43,204       128,093         Total liabilities       170,939       192,782       182,340       204,183         Net Assets       296,472       236,664       285,251       225,443         Equity       24       496,176       366,466       496,176       366,466         Reserves       25(a)       8,960       2,518       8,960       2,518         Accumulated losses       25(b)       (208,664)       (132,320)       (219,885)       (143,541)  |                             | 22    | 83,567  | 2,367       | 83,567               | 2,367   |  |
| Non-current liabilitiesInterest bearing borrowings22 $13,974$ $98,570$ Provisions23 $29,230$ $29,523$ Total non-current liabilities $43,204$ $128,093$ Total liabilities $170,939$ $192,782$ Net Assets $296,472$ $236,664$ Equity24 $496,176$ Contributed equity $24$ $496,176$ Reserves $25(a)$ $8,960$ $2,518$ $8,960$ $2,518$ Accumulated losses $25(b)$ $(208,664)$ $(132,320)$  | Provisions                  | 23    | 5,792   | 3,049       | 5,792                | 3,049   |  |
| Interest bearing borrowings       22       13,974       98,570       13,974       98,570         Provisions       23       29,230       29,523       29,230       29,230         Total non-current liabilities       43,204       128,093       43,204       128,093         Total liabilities       170,939       192,782       182,340       204,183         Net Assets       296,472       236,664       285,251       225,443         Equity       24       496,176       366,466       496,176       366,466         Reserves       25(a)       8,960       2,518       8,960       2,518         Accumulated losses       25(b)       (208,664)       (132,320)       (219,885)       (143,541)   | Total current liabilities   | _     | 127,735 | 64,689      | 139,136              | 76,090  |  |
| Interest bearing borrowings       22       13,974       98,570       13,974       98,570         Provisions       23       29,230       29,523       29,230       29,230         Total non-current liabilities       43,204       128,093       43,204       128,093         Total liabilities       170,939       192,782       182,340       204,183         Net Assets       296,472       236,664       285,251       225,443         Equity       24       496,176       366,466       496,176       366,466         Reserves       25(a)       8,960       2,518       8,960       2,518         Accumulated losses       25(b)       (208,664)       (132,320)       (219,885)       (143,541)   |                             |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
| Provisions       23       29,230       29,523       29,230       29,523         Total non-current liabilities       43,204       128,093       43,204       128,093         Total liabilities       170,939       192,782       182,340       204,183         Net Assets       296,472       236,664       285,251       225,443         Equity       24       496,176       366,466       496,176       366,466         Reserves       25(a)       8,960       2,518       8,960       2,518         Accumulated losses       25(b)       (208,664)       (132,320)       (219,885)       (143,541)  |                             |       | 12.054  |             | 12.054               |         |  |
| Total non-current liabilities       43,204       128,093       43,204       128,093         Total liabilities       170,939       192,782       182,340       204,183         Net Assets       296,472       236,664       285,251       225,443         Equity       24       496,176       366,466       496,176       366,466         Reserves       25(a)       8,960       2,518       8,960       2,518         Accumulated losses       25(b)       (208,664)       (132,320)       (219,885)       (143,541)  |                             |       | ,       | · · · · · · |                      |         |  |
| Total liabilities       170,939       192,782       182,340       204,183         Net Assets       296,472       236,664       285,251       225,443         Equity       24       496,176       366,466       496,176       366,466         Reserves       25(a)       8,960       2,518       8,960       2,518         Accumulated losses       25(b)       (208,664)       (132,320)       (219,885)       (143,541)  |                             | 23    |         |             |                      |         |  |
| Net Assets         296,472         236,664         285,251         225,443           Equity         24         496,176         366,466         496,176         366,466           Reserves         25(a)         8,960         2,518         8,960         2,518           Accumulated losses         25(b)         (208,664)         (132,320)         (219,885)         (143,541)  |                             | _     |         |             |                      |         |  |
| EquityContributed equity24496,176366,466496,176366,466Reserves25(a)8,9602,5188,9602,518Accumulated losses25(b)(208,664)(132,320)(219,885)(143,541)  | Total liabilities           | _     | 170,939 | 192,782     | 182,340              | 204,183 |  |
| Contributed equity24496,176366,466496,176366,466Reserves25(a)8,9602,5188,9602,518Accumulated losses25(b)(208,664)(132,320)(219,885)(143,541)  | Net Assets                  | =     | 296,472 | 236,664     | 285,251              | 225,443 |  |
| Contributed equity24496,176366,466496,176366,466Reserves25(a)8,9602,5188,9602,518Accumulated losses25(b)(208,664)(132,320)(219,885)(143,541)  | Fanity                      |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
| Reserves25(a)8,9602,5188,9602,518Accumulated losses25(b)(208,664)(132,320)(219,885)(143,541)  |                             | 24    | 106 176 | 366 166     | 106 176              | 366 166 |  |
| Accumulated losses         25(b)         (208,664)         (132,320)         (219,885)         (143,541)  |                             |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
|   |                             |       |         |             |                      |         |  |
|   |                             |       | ,       |             |                      |         |  |

The above Balance Sheets should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## STATEMENTS OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE For the year ended 30 June 2009

|  |    | Consolidated   |                | Parent         | Entity         |
|--|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|  |    | 2009<br>\$'000 | 2008<br>\$'000 | 2009<br>\$'000 | 2008<br>\$'000 |
| Changes in fair value of available for sale financial assets, net of tax | 25 | 6,687          | -              | 6,687          | -              |
| Income and expense recognised directly in equity                         |    | 6,687          | -              | 6,687          | -              |
| Loss for the year  |    | (76,344)       | (17,333)       | (76,344)       | (17,248)       |
| Total recognised income and expense for the year                         | -  | (69,657)       | (17,333)       | (69,657)       | (17,248)       |
| Attributable to equity holders of the company                            |    | (69,657)       | (17,333)       | (69,657)       | (17,248)       |

The above Statements of Recognised Income and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## CASH FLOW STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 June 2009

|   | Notes | Consolidated |           | <b>Parent Entity</b> |           |
|---|-------|--------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|
|   |       | 2009         | 2008      | 2009                 | 2008      |
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities:                   |       | \$'000       | \$'000    | \$'000               | \$'000    |
| Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)              |       | 282,380      | 142,672   | 282,380              | 142,672   |
| Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)  |       | (251,928)    | (114,379) | (251,928)            | (114,379) |
| Interest received                                       |       | 2,940        | 5,181     | 2,940                | 5,181     |
| Interest paid   |       | (7,653)      | (8,000)   | (7,653)              | (8,000)   |
| Finance charges – finance leases                        |       | (1,223)      | (262)     | (1,223)              | (262)     |
| Borrowing costs   |       | (192)        | (220)     | (192)                | (220)     |
| Net cash inflow from operating activities               | 33    | 24,324       | 24,992    | 24,324               | 24,992    |
| Cash Flows From Investing Activities:                   |       |              |           |                      |           |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment     |       | 73           | 14        | 73                   | 14        |
| Proceeds from sale of subsidiary                        |       | -            | 1,000     | -                    | 1,000     |
| Proceeds on sale of available for sale financial assets |       | 428          | -         | 428                  | -         |
| Payments for property, plant and equipment              |       | (48,567)     | (60,664)  | (48,567)             | (60,664)  |
| Payments for development of mining properties           |       | (71,502)     | (51,666)  | (71,502)             | (51,666)  |
| Payments in respect of mines under construction         |       | (28,682)     | (68,721)  | (28,682)             | (68,721)  |
| Payments for tenements and land                         |       | (388)        | (105)     | (388)                | (105)     |
| Exploration and Evaluation expenditure                  |       | (15,990)     | (36,962)  | (15,990)             | (36,962)  |
| Payments for derivatives                                |       | -            | (386)     | -                    | (386)     |
| Put option premiums paid                                |       | -            | (4,480)   | -                    | (4,480)   |
| Proceeds on close out of put options                    |       | 36,300       | -         | 36,300               | -         |
| Net cash outflow from investing activities              |       | (128,328)    | (221,970) | (128,328)            | (221,970) |
| Cash Flows From Financing Activities:                   |       |              |           |                      |           |
| Proceeds from issue of shares on conversion of options  |       | 590          | 1,446     | 590                  | 1,446     |
| Proceeds from borrowings: - finance leases              |       | 1,696        | 276       | 1,696                | 276       |
| - insurance premium funding                             |       | 2,632        | 2,330     | 2,632                | 2,330     |
| Proceeds from equipment financing facility              |       | 20,000       | -         | 20,000               | -         |
| Equipment financing facility transaction costs          |       | (365)        | -         | (365)                | -         |
| Buy back of convertible notes                           |       | (20,565)     | -         | (20,565)             | -         |
| Convertible notes transaction costs                     |       | (791)        | (114)     | (791)                | (114)     |
| Proceeds from equity raisings                           |       | 133,861      | 161,741   | 133,861              | 161,741   |
| Equity raising transaction costs                        |       | (5,354)      | (5,417)   | (5,354)              | (5,417)   |
| Movement in unclaimed monies                            |       | (4)          | (12)      | (4)                  | (12)      |
| Movement in restricted cash                             |       | (3,742)      | (12,482)  | (3,742)              | (12,482)  |
| Principal repayments - finance leases                   |       | (669)        | (456)     | (669)                | (456)     |
| - equipment financing facility                          |       | (2,621)      | -         | (2,621)              | -         |
| - insurance premium funding                             |       | (2,489)      | (2,186)   | (2,489)              | (2,186)   |
| Net cash inflow from financing activities               |       | 122,179      | 145,126   | 122,179              | 145,126   |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash & cash equivalents      |       | 18,175       | (51,852)  | 18,175               | (51,852)  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year  |       | 35,517       | 87,369    | 35,517               | 87,369    |
| Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the year          | 10    | 53,692       | 35,517    | 53,692               | 35,517    |

The above Cash Flow Statements should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Table of Contents

| Note 1  | Summary of significant accounting policies  | . 32 |
|---------|---|------|
| Note 2  | Financial risk management   | . 44 |
| Note 3  | Critical Accounting Estimates And Judgements  | . 48 |
| Note 4  | Segment Information   | . 50 |
| Note 5  | Revenue   | . 50 |
| Note 6  | Other income  | . 51 |
| Note 7  | Expenses  | . 51 |
| Note 8  | Significant items   | . 52 |
| Note 9  | Income tax expense  | . 53 |
| Note 10 | Cash and cash equivalents   | . 54 |
| Note 11 | Trade and other receivables   | . 55 |
| Note 12 | Inventories   | . 55 |
| Note 13 | Derivative financial assets   | . 56 |
| Note 14 | Deferred mining costs   | . 56 |
| Note 15 | Available-for-sale financial assets   | . 57 |
| Note 16 | Financial instruments   | . 58 |
| Note 17 | Property, plant and equipment   | . 60 |
| Note 18 | Mine properties   | . 61 |
| Note 19 | Exploration and evaluation  | . 61 |
| Note 20 | Other financial assets  | . 62 |
| Note 21 | Trade and other payables  | . 62 |
| Note 22 | Interest bearing borrowings   | . 63 |
| Note 23 | Provisions  | . 64 |
| Note 24 | Contributed equity  | . 65 |
| Note 25 | Reserves and accumulated losses   | . 66 |
| Note 26 | Remuneration of auditors  | . 67 |
| Note 27 | Contingencies   | . 68 |
| Note 28 | Commitments for expenditure   | . 69 |
| Note 29 | Related party transactions  | . 70 |
| Note 30 | Controlled entities   | . 71 |
| Note 31 | Interests in joint ventures   | . 72 |
| Note 32 | Events occurring after the balance sheet date                                       | .73  |
| Note 33 | Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash flows from operating activities | . 73 |
| Note 34 | Non-cash investing and financing activities   | . 74 |
| Note 35 | Earnings per share  | . 74 |
| Note 36 | Share-based payments  | . 75 |
| Note 37 | Key Management Personnel Disclosures  | .77  |

## Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

St Barbara Limited (the "Company") is a company domiciled in Australia. The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 30 June 2009 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group"), and the Group's interest in associates and jointly controlled entities. The Group is primarily involved in the exploration for, and mining of, gold.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial report includes separate financial statements for St Barbara Limited as an individual entity and the consolidated entity consisting of St Barbara Limited and its subsidiaries.

## (a) **Basis of preparation**

## Statement of compliance

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) (including Australian Interpretations) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. Where required by accounting standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation in the current year. The consolidated financial report of the Group and the financial report of the Company comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 August 2009.

## Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets at fair value, and financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) held at fair value through profit or loss.

## Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in Note 3.

#### Going concern basis

The accounts are prepared on a going concern basis. An entity is a going concern when it is considered to be able to pay its debts as and when they are due, and continue in operation without any intention or necessity to liquidate or otherwise wind up its operations.

The Company has \$77,100,000 of outstanding convertible notes on issue at 30 June 2009. Unless previously redeemed, converted, or purchased and cancelled, the notes will be redeemed on 4 June 2012 at 100% of their principal amount. Holders of the convertible notes are able to redeem all or some of the notes at the principal amount together with any accrued interest on the third anniversary of issue (4 June 2010). Due to this option date, the notes have been classified as a current liability in the balance sheet at 30 June 2009. The current cash flow forecast of the consolidated entity does not support the full redemption of the convertible notes on 4 June 2010. To manage the refinancing risk associated with the full redemption of these convertible notes the consolidated entity has taken a number of initiatives.

On 21 August 2009 YA Global and the Company entered into a \$50 million Equity Line of Credit. This facility provides certainty for the Company with access to cash if required to support any redemption of the convertible notes. The Company nominates the advance amount in relation to each draw down under the facility. The advance amount for the first and second draw down is limited to \$750,000 and \$1,500,000 respectively, and thereafter the advance amount shall not exceed \$3,000,000 in any 10-day trading period.

The Company is also pursuing non-core asset divestments, and subsequent to 30 June 2009, the consolidated entity has disposed of its investment in Bendigo Mining Limited that was shown as available for sale at 30 June 2009, as set out in Note 15.

At the date of this report, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has potential sources of financing and expected future operating cash flows to support the adoption of the going concern basis in preparing the financial report.

## (b) **Principles of consolidation**

## (i) Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of St Barbara Limited ("Company" or "parent entity") as at 30 June 2009 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. St Barbara Limited and its subsidiaries together are referred to in this financial report as the Group or the consolidated entity.

Subsidiaries are all those entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control commences until the date control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the individual financial statements of St Barbara Limited.

## *(ii)* Associates and jointly controlled entities

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of voting rights. An interest in an associate and a jointly controlled entity is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method and is carried at cost by the parent entity. Under the equity method, the share of the profits or losses of the partnership is recognised in the income statement, and the share of movements in reserves is recognised in reserves in the balance sheet.

Profits or losses on transactions establishing the joint venture entity and transactions with the joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's ownership interest until such time as they are realised by the joint venture entity on consumption or sale, unless they relate to an unrealised loss that provides evidence of the impairment of an asset transferred.

#### *(iii)* Jointly controlled operations and assets

Details of unincorporated joint ventures and jointly controlled assets are set out in Note 31.

Where material, the proportionate interests in the assets, liabilities and expenses of a joint venture activity are incorporated in the financial statements under the appropriate headings.

## (c) Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different to those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

#### (d) Foreign currency translation

#### *(i) Functional and presentation currency*

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is St Barbara Limited's functional and presentation currency.

## *(ii) Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

Translation differences on non monetary financial assets and liabilities are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the income statement as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as available for sale financial assets, are included in the fair value reserve in equity.

## (e) **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group recognises revenue when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, and the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group.

Revenue is recognised for the major business activities as follows:

## (i) Product sales

Amounts are recognised as sales revenue when there has been a transfer of risk to a customer, and:

- the product is in a form suitable for delivery and no further processing is required by, or on behalf of, the Group;
- the quantity, quality and selling price of the product can be determined with reasonable accuracy; and
- the product has been despatched to the metals refinery and is no longer under the physical control of the Group, or the metals refinery has formally acknowledged legal ownership of the product, including all inherent risks.

Gains and losses, including premiums paid or received, in respect of forward sales, options and other deferred delivery arrangements which hedge anticipated revenues from future production are deferred and included in sales revenue when the hedged proceeds are received.

#### *(ii) Interest income*

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

#### (iii) Dividends

Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established.

#### *(iv) Gains on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets*

Revenue is recognised when the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred, which is usually considered to occur on settlement.

## (f) Exploration and evaluation/Mine properties

## *(i) Exploration, evaluation and feasibility expenditure*

All exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred up to establishment of reserves is expensed as incurred. From the point in time when reserves are established, exploration and evaluation expenditure is capitalised and carried forward in the financial statements, in respect of areas of interest for which the rights of tenure are current and where such costs are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest, or alternatively, by its sale.

Exploration and evaluation expenditure consists of an accumulation of acquisition costs and direct exploration and evaluation costs incurred, together with an allocation of directly related overhead expenditure.

Feasibility expenditure represents costs related to the preparation and completion of a feasibility study to enable a development decision to be made in relation to that area of interest. Feasibility expenditures are expensed as incurred until a decision has been made to develop the area of interest.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if (i) sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability, and (ii) facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount (see impairment policy, Note 1(k)). For the purpose of impairment testing, exploration and evaluation assets are allocated to cash-generating units to which the exploration activity relates.

When an area of interest is abandoned, or the Directors determine it is not commercial, accumulated costs in respect of that area are written off in the period the decision is made.

## *(ii) Mines under construction*

Mine development expenditure is accumulated separately for each area of interest in which economically recoverable reserves have been identified. This expenditure includes direct costs of construction, an appropriate allocation of overheads and borrowing costs capitalised during construction. Once a development decision has been taken, all past and future capitalised exploration, evaluation and feasibility expenditure in respect of the area of interest is aggregated with the costs of construction and classified under non-current assets as mine development.

## *(iii) Mine development*

Mine development represents the acquisition cost and/or accumulated exploration, evaluation and development expenditure in respect of areas of interest in which mining has commenced.

When further development expenditure is incurred in respect of a mine development after the commencement of production, such expenditure is carried forward as part of the mine development only when substantial future economic benefits are thereby established, otherwise such expenditure is classified as part of production and expensed as incurred.

Mine development costs are deferred until commercial production commences, at which time they are amortised on a unit-of-production basis over mineable reserves. The calculation of amortisation takes into account future costs which will be incurred to develop all the mineable reserves. Changes to mineable reserves are applied from the beginning of the reporting period and the amortisation charge is adjusted prospectively from the beginning of the period.

#### (g) Deferred mining expenditure

Certain mining costs, principally those that relate to the stripping of waste and operating development, which provide access so that future economically recoverable ore can be mined, are deferred in the balance sheet as deferred mining. Waste removal costs incurred in the development of a mine before production commences are capitalised as part of the mine development costs, which are subsequently depreciated over the life of the operation.

Removal of waste incurred once an operation commences production is capitalised as mine development costs. A proportion of the development and production waste costs are charged to the income statement as an operating cost. These costs are taken to production costs on the basis that each ounce of ore produced bears the same average cost of waste removal per ounce of ore, as determined by the waste to ore ratio derived from the current mine plan. The waste to ore ratio and the remaining life of the mine are regularly assessed to ensure the carrying value and the rate of deferral is appropriate.

## (h) Taxes

#### *(i) Income tax*

The income tax expense or revenue for the year is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income using the income tax rate applicable at the reporting date, adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and by changes to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and carry forward unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

The Company and its wholly owned Australian entities have not yet elected to implement the tax consolidation legislation.

## (ii) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are presented as an operating cash flow.

## (i) Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment, where the consolidated entity has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum future lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other long term payables. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### (j) Business combinations

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for all acquisitions of assets (including business combinations) regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given, shares issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Where equity instruments are issued in an acquisition, the value of the instruments is their published market price as at the date of exchange unless, in rare circumstances, it can be demonstrated that the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair value and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reliable measure of fair value. Transaction costs arising on the issue of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

## (k) Impairment of assets

The carrying value of all assets are reviewed half yearly to determine whether there is an indication of impairment. Where an indicator of impairment exists, a formal estimate of the recoverable amount is made. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate which reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows, largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units).

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds the recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

## (l) Cash and cash equivalents

For cash flow statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

## (m) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for doubtful debts. Trade receivables are usually due for settlement no more than 30 days from the date of recognition.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for doubtful receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the income statement.

Funds placed on deposit with financial institutions to secure bank guarantees are classified in the balance sheet as other receivables.

#### (n) Inventories

Raw materials and stores, ore stockpiles, work-in-progress and finished gold stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure relating to mining activities, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

## (o) Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale and stated at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value, less costs to sell, if their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continued use.

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write down of the asset to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell an asset, but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised. A gain or loss not previously recognised by the date of the sale of the non-current asset is recognised at the date of de-recognition.

Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are presented separately from the other assets in the balance sheet.

## (p) Investments and other financial assets

The Group classifies its investments and other financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

Investments and other financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, for assets not at fair value through profit and loss, any directly attributable transaction costs, except as described below. Subsequent to initial recognition, investments and other financial assets are measured as described below.

## *(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading, which were acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term with the intention of making a profit. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading, unless they are designated as hedges. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein are recognised in the income statement. Upon initial recognition, attributable transaction costs are recognised in the income statement when incurred.

## *(ii) Loans and receivables*

Loans and receivables are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of selling the receivable. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date, which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in receivables in the balance sheet and are shown in Note 11.

Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

## *(iii)* Available-for-sale financial assets

Available for sale financial assets, comprising principally marketable equity securities, are non derivative financial assets that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non current assets, unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

Subsequent to initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value and changes therein, other than impairment losses, are recognised as a separate component of equity net of attributable tax. When an asset is derecognised the cumulative gain or loss in equity is transferred to the income statement.

#### (q) **Derivative financial instruments**

Derivative financial instruments may be held to hedge the Group's Australian dollar gold price risk exposures. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting date. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group designates certain derivatives as either (1) hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or a firm commitment (fair value hedge); or (2) hedges of the cash flows of recognised assets and liabilities and highly probable forecast transactions (cash flow hedges).

The Group documents at the inception of the hedging transaction the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been, and will continue to be, highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

The fair values of various derivative financial instruments used for hedging purposes are disclosed in Note 13. Movements in the hedging reserve in shareholders' equity are shown in Note 25.

## *(i) Cash flow hedge*

The fair value of option contracts comprises intrinsic value, that is, the extent to which the option is in the money due to spot prices falling below the option strike price, and time value.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in equity in the hedging reserve. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion and time value is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Amounts accumulated in equity are recycled in the income statement in the periods when the hedged item will affect profit or loss (for instance, when the forecast sale that is hedged takes place). The gain or loss relating to the effective portion of the financial instrument hedging Australian dollar gold sales is recognised in the income statement within 'gold sales revenue'.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold or terminated, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the income statement. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately transferred to the income statement.

## *(ii) Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting*

Certain derivative instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value of any derivative instrument that does not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in the income statement.

#### (r) Compound financial instruments

Compound financial instruments issued by the Group comprise convertible notes that can be converted to share capital at the option of the holder, and the number of shares to be issued does not vary with changes in the fair value of the notes.

The liability component of a compound financial instrument is recognised initially at the fair value of a similar liability that does not have an equity conversion option. The equity component is recognised initially at the difference between the fair value of the compound financial instrument as a whole and the fair value of the liability component. Any directly attributable transaction costs are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to their initial carrying amounts.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the liability component of a compound financial instrument is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, unless it is designated at fair value through profit and loss. The equity component of a compound financial instrument is not remeasured subsequent to initial recognition.

#### (s) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement, or for disclosure purposes.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available for sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over the counter derivatives) is determined using generally accepted valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by

discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

## (t) **Property, plant and equipment**

Buildings, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains/losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate the cost or revalue amounts, net of residual values, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

| - Buildings             | 10 years      |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| - Plant and equipment   | 3-10 years    |
| - Fixtures and fittings | 10 - 15 years |

Where the carrying value of an asset is less than its estimated residual value, no depreciation is charged. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount, if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 1(k)).

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the income statement when realised.

## (u) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year, which remains unpaid as at reporting date. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days from the end of the month of recognition.

#### (v) Borrowings

Borrowings, including the liability component of the Group's convertible debt, are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities, which are not incremental costs relating to the actual draw down of the facility, are recognised as prepayments and amortised on a straight line basis over the term of the facility.

The fair value of the liability portion of convertible debt is determined using a market interest rate for an equivalent non-convertible debt. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion or maturity of the debt. The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the conversion option. This is recognised and included in shareholders' equity, net of income tax effects.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

#### (w) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time it is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

## (x) **Provisions**

Provisions for legal claims and rehabilitation and restoration costs are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

A provision for restructuring is recognised when the Group has approved a detailed and formal restructuring plan, and the restructuring has commenced or has been announced publicly. Future operating costs are not provided for.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

## (y) Employee benefits

## *(i)* Wages and salaries, and annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be paid within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in other payables in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid, including expected on-costs, when the liabilities are settled.

## *(ii) Long service leave*

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made, plus expected on-costs, in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Consideration is given to the expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

#### *(iii) Share-based payments*

Share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees via the St Barbara Limited Employees' Option Plan and shareholder approved executive options. Information relating to these schemes is set out in Note 36.

The fair value of Executive Options and options granted under the St Barbara Limited Employees' Option Plan is recognised as an employee benefit expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options. The amount recognised is adjusted at each reporting date to reflect the actual number of share options not expected to vest.

The fair value at grant date is independently determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the vesting and performance criteria, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.

Upon the exercise of options, the balance of the share-based payments reserve relating to those options is transferred to share capital.

## *(iv) Retirement benefit obligations*

Contributions to defined contribution funds are recognised as an expense as they are due and become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

The Group has no obligations in respect of defined benefit funds.

## (v) Executive bonuses

Senior executives may be eligible for annual bonuses subject to achievement of Key Performance Indicators, as recommended by the Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Directors. The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses in the reporting period during which the service was provided by the employee.

## (vi) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense when the Group is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to terminate employment before normal retirement date.

## (z) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options, or for the acquisition of a business, are included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

If the entity reacquires its own equity instruments, e.g. as the result of a share buy-back, those instruments are deducted from equity and the associated shares are cancelled. No gain or loss is recognised in the income statement and the consideration paid including any directly attributable incremental costs is recognised directly in equity.

## (aa) Earnings per share

## *(i) Basic earnings per share*

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the reporting period, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the reporting period.

## *(ii) Diluted earnings per share*

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

## (ab) Restricted cash

Funds placed on deposit with financial institutions to secure bank guarantees are classified as current receivables.

## (ac) Rehabilitation and mine closure

The consolidated entity has obligations to dismantle, remove, restore and rehabilitate certain items of property, plant and equipment.

Under AASB 116 *Property, Plant and Equipment*, the cost of an asset must include any estimated costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located. The capitalised rehabilitation and mine closure costs are depreciated (along with the other costs included in the asset) over the asset's useful life.

AASB 137 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets requires a provision to be made for the estimated cost of rehabilitation and restoration of areas disturbed during mining operations up to reporting date

but not yet rehabilitated. Provision has been made in full for all the disturbed areas at the reporting date based on current estimates of costs to rehabilitate such areas, discounted to their present value based on expected future cash flows. The estimated cost of rehabilitation includes the current cost of contouring, topsoiling and revegetation to meet legislative requirements. Changes in estimates are dealt with on a prospective basis as they arise.

There is some uncertainty as to the amount of rehabilitation obligations that will be incurred due to the impact of changes in environmental legislation and many other factors, including future developments, changes in technology and price increases.

At each reporting date the rehabilitation liability is remeasured in line with changes in the timing and /or amounts of the costs to be incurred and discount rates. The liability is adjusted for changes in estimates. Adjustments to the estimated amount and timing of future rehabilitation and restoration cash flows are a normal occurrence in light of the significant judgments and estimates involved.

As the value of the provision represents the discounted value of the present obligation to restore, dismantle and rehabilitate, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a borrowing cost.

## (ad) Rounding of amounts

The company is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/0100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial report. Amounts in the financial report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, the nearest dollar.

## (ad) New accounting standards and interpretations

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2009 reporting date. The Group's and the parent entity's assessment of the impact of these new standards and interpretations is set out below:

- (*i*) Revised AASB 3 *Business Combinations* (2008) incorporates the following changes that are likely to be relevant to the Group's operations:
  - The definition of a business has been broadened, which is likely to result in more acquisitions being treated as business combinations
  - Contingent consideration will be measured at fair value, with subsequent changes therein recognised in profit or loss
  - Transaction costs, other than share and debt issue costs, will be expensed as incurred
  - Any pre-existing interest in the acquiree will be measured at fair value with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss
  - Any non-controlling (minority) interest will be measured at either fair value, or at its proportionate interest in the identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree, on a transaction-by-transaction basis.

Revised AASB 3, which becomes mandatory for the Group's 30 June 2010 financial statements, will be applied prospectively and therefore there will be no impact on prior periods in the Group's 2010 consolidated financial statements.

- (*ii*) Amended AASB 127 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* (2008) requires accounting for changes in ownership interests by the Group in a subsidiary, while maintaining control, to be recognised as an equity transaction. When the Group loses control of subsidiary, any interest retained in the former subsidiary will be measured at fair value with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss. The amendments to AASB 127, which become mandatory for the Group's 30 June 2010 financial statements, are not expected to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.
- (*iii*) AASB 8 *Operating Segments* introduces the "management approach" to segment reporting. AASB 8, which becomes mandatory for the Group's 30 June 2010 financial statements, will require a change in the presentation on and disclosure of segment information, based on the internal reports regularly reviewed to assess each segment's performance and to allocate resources to them. Currently the Group presents segment information in respect of its business and geographical segments (see Note 4). Under the management approach, the Group will present segment information in respect of each operating mine site.

- (*iv*) Revised AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements* (2007) introduces the term total comprehensive income, which represents changes in equity during a period other than those changes resulting from transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Total comprehensive income may be presented in either a single statement of comprehensive income (effectively combining both the income statement and all non-owner changes in equity in a single statement) or, in an income statement and a separate statement of comprehensive income. Revised AASB 101, which becomes mandatory for the Group's 30 June 2010 financial statements, is not expected to have a significant impact on the presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- (v) Revised AASB 123 Borrowing Costs removes the option to expense borrowing costs and requires an entity to capitalise borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset as part of the cost of that asset. The revised AASB 123 will become mandatory for the Group's 30 June 2010 financial statements and is consistent with the Group's current accounting policy. Therefore there will be no impact on prior periods in the Group's 30 June 2010 financial statements.
- (vi) AASB 2008-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standard Share-based Payment: Vesting Conditions and Cancellations clarifies the definition of vesting conditions, introduces the concept of nonvesting conditions, requires non-vesting conditions to be reflected in grant-date fair value and provides the accounting treatment for non-vesting conditions and cancellations. The amendments to AASB 2 will be mandatory for the Group's 30 June 2010 financial statements, with retrospective application. The Group has not yet determined the potential effect of the amendment.
- (vii) AASB 2008-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Process and 2008-6 Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from The Annual Improvements Process affect various AASBs resulting in minor changes for presentation, disclosure, recognition and measurement purposes. The amendments, which become mandatory for the Group's 30 June 2010 financial statements, are not expected to have any impact on the Group's financial statements.
- (viii) AASB 2008-7 Amendments to Accounting Standards Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity or Associate changes the recognition and measurement dividend receipts as income and addresses the accounting of a newly formed parent entity in the separate financial statements. The amendments become mandatory for the Group's 30 June 2010 financial statements. The Group has not yet determined the potential effect of the amendments.
- (*ix*) AASB 2008-8 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standard Eligible Hedged Items* clarifies the effect of using options as hedging instruments and the circumstances in which inflation risk can be hedged. The amendments become mandatory for the Group's 30 June 2010 financial statements, with retrospective application. The Group has not yet determined the potential effect of the amendment.

#### Note 2 Financial risk management

This note presents information about each of the financial risks that the Company and Group is exposed to, the policies and processes for measuring and managing financial risk, and the management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout this financial report.

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risk, market risk (especially gold price and exchange rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of commodity markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group uses derivative instruments as appropriate to manage certain risk exposures.

Risk management is carried out by a centralised treasury function in accordance with policies approved by the Board of Directors.

#### (a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as commodity prices, foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Group may enter into derivatives, and also incur financial liabilities, in order to manage market risks. All such transactions are carried out within guidelines set by the Board.

## *i)* Commodity price risk

The Group is exposed to United States dollar gold price risk. This risk arises through the sale of gold.

The table below shows the effect of the 5 year average annual Australian dollar gold price movement on the income statement and trade receivables balance at year end:

|                       | 5 year average<br>annual price<br>movement | Change in tra  | de receivables |
|-----------------------|--|----------------|----------------|
|                       | movement                                   | 2009<br>\$'000 | 2008<br>\$'000 |
| Commodity: gold (AUD) | 16%  | 676            | 806            |

The Group may, from time to time, use gold derivatives to manage commodity price risk. The Group generally seeks to apply hedge accounting in order to manage volatility in profit and loss. During the year, the Company closed out its gold put options, which were predominantly taken out to underpin the investment return on the Gwalia development. As a consequence of the substantial increase in the Australian dollar gold price, and significant increase in the mark-to-market value of those options, together with the commencement of production at Gwalia, the Company decided that the options were no longer required, and that the proceeds from a close out could be more effectively deployed.

At 30 June 2009, the Group did not hold any derivative instruments to hedge against movements in the gold price, however this is reviewed by the Board as part of the risk management framework.

#### *ii)* Currency risk

The Group is exposed to Australian dollar currency risk on gold sales, denominated in US dollars. The Group may from time to time use Australian dollar derivatives to manage the commodity and currency rates.

## *iii)* Equity securities price risk

The Group and the Parent Entity are exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises from investments held by the Group and Parent Entity and classified on the balance sheet either as available for sale or at fair value through profit or loss.

All of the Group's equity investments are in resource companies listed on the Australian Securities Exchange.

The table below summarises the impact of increases/decreases of the All Ordinaries and Resources indices on the Group's post-tax result for the year, and on equity for equity investments held at 30 June 2009. The analysis is based on the assumption that the equity indices had increased/decreased by the percentages shown, with all other variables held constant, and all the Group's equity instruments moved in line with changes in indices.

|                             | Index movement |      | -       | Impact on post-<br>tax result |         | Impact on equity |  |
|-----------------------------|----------------|------|---------|-------------------------------|---------|------------------|--|
|                             | 2009           | 2008 | 2009    | 2008                          | 2009    | 2008             |  |
|                             | %              | %    | \$'000  | \$'000                        | \$'000  | \$'000           |  |
| All Ordinaries              | (25)           | (15) | (1,151) | (832)                         | (2,687) | -                |  |
| S&P/ASX 300 Metals & Mining | (35)           | 22   | (1,552) | (7,263)                       | (3,623) | -                |  |

Post-tax result for the year would increase/(decrease) as a result of gains/(losses) on equity securities carried at fair value through profit or loss. Equity would further increase/(decrease) as a result of gains/(losses) on equity securities classified as available-for-sale.

#### *iv)* Interest rate risk

The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Group's interest rate policy does not require a fixed and pre-determined proportion of its interest rate exposure to be hedged. Any decision to hedge interest rate risk will be assessed at the inception of each floating rate debt facility in relation to the overall Group exposure, the prevailing interest rate market, and any funding counterparty requirements.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily customer receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets, other than available for sale assets.

#### Credit risks related to receivables

The Group has no significant concentrations of receivables related credit risk, with revenues primarily derived from gold sales direct to refiners. Based on historic rates of default, the Group believes that no impairment has occurred with respect to trade receivables, which includes the amount owed by the Group's most significant customer. The Group's most significant customer accounts for \$4,192,000 of the trade receivables carrying amount at 30 June 2009 (2008: \$5,001,000). None of the trade receivables at 30 June 2009 were past due.

#### Credit risks related to cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the centralised Treasury function in accordance with Board approved policy. Investments of surplus funds are only made with approved counterparties (minimum Standard & Poor's credit rating of "AA-") and with credit ratings assigned to each counterparty and there is a financial limit on funds placed with any single counterparty.

#### (c) Capital management

The Group's total capital is defined as total shareholders' funds plus net debt.

| Consolidated capital      | 2009<br>\$'000 | 2008<br>\$'000 |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Total shareholders' funds | 296,472        | 236,664        |
| Borrowings                | 97,541         | 100,937        |
| Cash and cash equivalents | (53,692)       | (35,517)       |
| Total capital             | 340,321        | 302,084        |

The Group does not have a target debt/equity ratio. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year.

The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements other than normal banking requirements.

Cash and cash equivalents does not include cash held on deposit with a financial institution as security for a bank guarantee facility totalling \$24,339,000 (2008: \$20,597,000) at the reporting date.

Borrowings include \$77,100,000 of convertible notes on issue (2008: \$100,000,000). The holder of each Note has the right to convert such Note into shares of the Company at any time during a specified conversion period. The Notes have a maturity date of 4 June 2012 and Note holders have the right to require the Company to repurchase all or a portion of their Notes on 4 June 2010. In addition, in the event of a default the Company may be required to pay all amounts then due in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes. While the Notes remain outstanding, the Group is not to incur any financial indebtedness, subject to certain exceptions set out in the terms of the Notes.

On 13 August 2008 the Company signed a \$20,000,000 loan facility agreement with GE Commercial Finance to fund the construction and purchase of certain infrastructure assets at Gwalia. The facility is secured against the equipment financed and is repayable over 48 months. The interest rate is the 90 day bank bill rate plus an interest margin of 2.8%. Under the terms of the GE facility, there are a number of undertakings related to the performance of the Company's operations, and non-compliance with these undertakings could constitute an event of default. Under the terms of facility the Company has up to 90 days to remedy or rectify a non-compliance event in relation to the operational undertakings. As at the reporting date, the Company had reported a non-compliance event, but was not in default of the facility agreement. Subsequent to the reporting date the non compliance event was rectified.

#### (d) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management requires maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions.

The Group manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Surplus funds are invested in instruments that are tradeable in highly liquid markets.

## Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

|                                     | Maturity of financial liabilities - 2009 |                  |                          |                 |                                    |                    |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| \$'000                              | Less than 6<br>months                    | 6 – 12<br>months | Between 1<br>and 5 years | Over 5<br>years | Total<br>contractual<br>cash flows | Carrying<br>amount |
|                                     |  |                  |                          |                 |                                    |                    |
| Convertible notes <sup>(1)</sup>    | 3,084                                    | 80,184           | -                        | -               | 83,268                             | 77,100             |
| Finance lease liabilities           | 564                                      | 466              | 1,671                    | -               | 2,701                              | 2,484              |
| Equipment finance facility          | 2,833                                    | 2,866            | 13,520                   | -               | 19,219                             | 17,464             |
| Insurance premium funding liability | 1,345                                    | 620              | -                        | -               | 1,965                              | 1,906              |
| Trade and other payables            | 38,376                                   | -                | -                        | -               | 38,376                             | 38,376             |
|                                     | 46,202                                   | 84,136           | 15,191                   | -               | 145,529                            | 137,330            |

(1) The Convertible notes are due on 4 June 2012 and are convertible into fully paid ordinary shares of the Company at the election of the holder. On 4 June 2010, the holders of the convertible notes have the right to require repayment of the principal plus accrued interest. Due to this option right on 4 June 2010, the convertible notes are deemed to be due on this date, and the contractual cash flows include interest at the coupon of 8% per annum only to 4 June 2010.

|                                     | Maturity of financial liabilities – 2008 |                  |                          |                 |                                    |                    |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| \$'000                              | Less than 6<br>months                    | 6 – 12<br>months | Between 1<br>and 5 years | Over 5<br>years | Total<br>contractual<br>cash flows | Carrying<br>amount |
| Convertible notes                   | 4,000                                    | 4,000            | 108,000                  | -               | 116,000                            | 100,000            |
| Finance lease liabilities           | 351                                      | 307              | 869                      | -               | 1,527                              | 1,495              |
| Insurance premium funding liability | 1,212                                    | 606              | -                        | -               | 1,818                              | 1,763              |
| Trade and other payables            | 59,273                                   | -                | -                        | -               | 59,273                             | 59,273             |
|                                     | 64,836                                   | 4,913            | 108,869                  | -               | 178,618                            | 162,531            |

## (e) Fair value estimation

#### **On-Balance Sheet**

The net fair value of cash and cash equivalents and non-interest bearing monetary financial assets and financial liabilities of the consolidated entity approximates their carrying value. The net fair value of other monetary financial assets and financial liabilities is based upon market prices.

## **Off-Balance Sheet**

The consolidated entity has potential financial liabilities that may arise from the contingency disclosed in Note 27. As explained in that note, no material losses are anticipated in respect of any of that contingency, subject to the outcome of the judgement and any subsequent appeal in the Kingstream matter. Fair values for off-balance sheet assets or liabilities are the Directors' estimate of amounts which would be payable by the consolidated entity as consideration for the assumption of those contingencies by another party.

## Fair values

The carrying amounts and the net fair values of financial assets and liabilities of the consolidated entity at balance date are:

|                                       | 200                          | )9                          | 2008                         |                             |  |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
|                                       | Carrying<br>Amount<br>\$'000 | Net Fair<br>Value<br>\$'000 | Carrying<br>Amount<br>\$'000 | Net Fair<br>Value<br>\$'000 |  |
| Financial assets                      |                              |                             |                              |                             |  |
| - Cash and cash equivalents           | 53,692                       | 53,692                      | 35,517                       | 35,517                      |  |
| - Restricted cash                     | 24,339                       | 24,339                      | 20,597                       | 20,597                      |  |
| - Receivables                         | 8,120                        | 8,120                       | 9,457                        | 9,457                       |  |
| - Available for sale financial assets | 13,869                       | 13,869                      | 13,941                       | 13,941                      |  |
| - Gold put options                    | -                            | -                           | 34,786                       | 34,786                      |  |
| - Listed options                      | -                            | -                           | 64                           | 64                          |  |
|                                       | 100,020                      | 100,020                     | 114,362                      | 114,362                     |  |
| Financial liabilities                 |                              |                             |                              |                             |  |
| - Payables                            | 38,376                       | 38,376                      | 59,273                       | 59,273                      |  |
| - Convertible notes (1)               | 77,100                       | 74,683                      | 100,000                      | 92,469                      |  |
| - Equipment financing facility        | 17,464                       | 16,401                      |                              |                             |  |
| - Other loans                         | 4,390                        | 4,154                       | 3,258                        | 3,258                       |  |
|                                       | 137,330                      | 133,614                     | 162,531                      | 155,000                     |  |

(1) The fair value of the convertible notes was determined on the basis that the notes will be on issue until 4 June 2010, at which time the holders of the notes have the option to require repayment. The notes have an expiry date of 4 June 2012.

## Note 3 Critical Accounting Estimates And Judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and on various other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is changed and in any future periods affected.

The consolidated entity has identified the following critical accounting policies under which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made, and where actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions that could materially affect financial results or financial position reported in future periods.

#### (*i*) Ore reserve estimates

Reserves are estimates of the amount of gold product that can be economically extracted from the consolidated entity's properties. In order to calculate reserves, estimates and assumptions are required about a range of geological, technical and economic factors, including quantities, grades, production techniques, recovery rates, production costs, future capital requirements, short and long term commodity prices and exchange rates.

Estimating the quantity and/or grade of reserves requires the size, shape and depth of ore bodies to be determined by analysing geological data. This process may require complex and difficult geological judgements and calculations to interpret the data.

The consolidated entity determines and reports ore reserves under the Australian Code for Reporting of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves December 2004, known as the JORC Code. The JORC Code requires the use of reasonable investment assumptions to calculate reserves. Due to the fact that economic assumptions used to estimate reserves change from period to period, and geological data is generated during the course of operations, estimates of reserves may change from period to period. Changes in reported reserves may affect the consolidated entity's financial results and financial position in a number of ways, including:

- Asset carrying values may be impacted due to changes in estimated future cash flows.
- Depreciation and amortisation charged in the income statement may change where such charges are calculated using the units of production basis.
- Waste stripping costs deferred in the balance sheet or charged in the income statement may change due to a revision in stripping ratios.
- Decommissioning, site restoration and environmental provisions may change where changes in estimated reserves affect expectations about the timing or cost of these activities.

## (ii) Units of production method of amortisation

The consolidated entity applies the units of production method for amortisation of its life of mine specific assets, which results in an amortisation charge proportional to the depletion of the anticipated remaining life of mine production. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions in relation to reserves and resources, metallurgy and the complexity of future capital development requirements; changes to these estimates and assumptions will impact the amortisation charge in the income statement and asset carrying values.

## (iii) Impairment of assets

The recoverable amount of each Cash Generating Unit (CGU) is determined as the higher of value-in-use and fair value less costs to sell, in accordance with accounting policy 1(k). These calculations require the use of estimates, which have been outlined in accounting policy 1(k). Value-in-use is generally determined as the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Present values are determined using a risk adjusted discount rate appropriate to the risks inherent in the asset.

Given the nature of the consolidated entity's mining activities, future changes in assumptions upon which these estimates are based may give rise to a material adjustment to the carrying value of the CGU. This could lead to the recognition of impairment losses in the future. The inter-relationships of the significant assumptions upon which estimated future cash flows are based, however, are such that it is impracticable to disclose the extent of the possible effects of a change in a key assumption in isolation.

Future cash flow estimates are based on expected production volumes, the short and long term forecasts of the Australian dollar gold price, ore reserves, operating costs, future capital expenditure and restoration and rehabilitation costs. Management is required to make these estimates and assumptions, which are subject to risk and uncertainty. As a result there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter these projections, which could impact on the recoverable amount of the assets. In such circumstances some or all of the carrying value of the assets may be impaired, giving rise to an impairment charge in the income statement.

Value in use in relation to the Group's Leonora and Southern Cross cash generating units at 30 June 2009 was determined by discounting the future cash flows generated from the continuing use of each operation and was based on the following key assumptions:

- Cash flows were projected based on the life of mine plan of each operation, which is predominantly based on ore reserves.
- Revenue was projected at a gold price of A\$1,200 per ounce for the first three years of the life of mine plans, and a long term gold price of A\$850 per ounce.

- Cash operating costs were not inflated (expressed in real terms).
- A pre-tax discount rate of 9% based on the weighted average cost of capital.

The above estimates are particularly sensitive to a change in the gold price.

## *(iv) Exploration and evaluation expenditure*

As set out in Note 1(f) exploration and evaluation expenditure is capitalised where reserves have been established for an area of interest and it is considered likely to be recoverable from future exploitation or sale. The accounting policy requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions as to future events and circumstances, in particular whether an economically viable extraction operation can be established. These estimates and assumptions may change as new information becomes available. If, after having capitalised the expenditure under the accounting policy, a judgement is made that recovery of the expenditure is unlikely, the relevant capitalised amount will be written off to the income statement.

## (v) Rehabilitation and mine closure provisions

As set out in Note 1(x), the value of these provisions represents the discounted value of the present obligation to restore, dismantle and rehabilitate each site. Significant judgement is required in determining the provisions for mine rehabilitation and closure as there are many transactions and other factors that will affect the ultimate costs necessary to rehabilitate the mine sites. The discounted value reflects a combination of management's best estimate of the cost of performing the work required, the timing of the cash flows and the discount rate.

A change in any, or a combination of, the key assumptions used to determine the provisions could have a material impact on the carrying value of the provisions (refer to Note 23). The provision recognised for each site is reviewed at each reporting date and updated based on the facts and circumstances available at the time. Changes to the estimated future costs for operating sites are recognised in the balance sheet by adjusting both the restoration and rehabilitation asset and provision.

## (vi) Deferred tax

The consolidated entity has not recognised a net deferred tax asset of \$53,247,000 as at 30 June 2009 (2008: \$24,950,000) on the basis that the ability to utilise the temporary differences and tax losses is not probable as at the reporting date.

## (vii) Recognition of contingencies

As disclosed in Note 27 to the financial statements, the consolidated entity and Company has a contingent liability in respect of a legal claim.

## Note 4 Segment Information

The consolidated entity operates predominantly in the minerals exploration and mining industry in Australia.

The consolidated entity's head office is in Australia.

#### Note 5 Revenue

|  | Consolidated |         | Parent  | entity  |
|--|--------------|---------|---------|---------|
|  | 2009         | 2008    | 2009    | 2008    |
|  | \$'000       | \$'000  | \$'000  | \$'000  |
| Sales revenue-continuing operations    |              |         |         |         |
| Sale of gold                           | 279,824      | 142,394 | 279,824 | 142,394 |
| Sale of silver                         | 1,305        | 735     | 1,305   | 735     |
|  | 281,129      | 143,129 | 281,129 | 143,129 |
| Other revenue                          |              |         |         |         |
| Interest revenue                       | 3,044        | 5,053   | 3,044   | 5,053   |
| Interest revenue capitalised           | -            | (1,371) | -       | (1,371) |
| Sub-lease rental                       | 288          | 305     | 288     | 305     |
| Discount on convertible notes buy back | 1,935        | -       | 1,935   |         |
| Royalties                              | 144          | 859     | 144     | 859     |
|  | 5,411        | 4,846   | 5,411   | 4,846   |
| Total revenue                          | 286,540      | 147,975 | 286,540 | 147,975 |

# Note 6 Other income

|                              | Conso  | Consolidated |        | Parent entity |  |
|------------------------------|--------|--------------|--------|---------------|--|
|                              | 2009   | 2008         | 2009   | 2008          |  |
|                              | \$'000 | \$'000       | \$'000 | \$'000        |  |
| Profit on sale of assets     | 110    | 14           | 110    | 14            |  |
| Profit on sale of investment | -      | 141          | -      | 226           |  |
| Other                        | 113    | 40           | 113    | 40            |  |
|                              | 223    | 195          | 223    | 280           |  |

# Note 7 Expenses

| Note / Expenses   | Conso   | lidated | Parent  | Parent entity |  |  |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------------|--|--|
|   | 2009    | 2008    | 2009    | 2008          |  |  |
|   | \$'000  | \$'000  | \$'000  | \$'000        |  |  |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax includes the following specific expenses: |         |         |         |               |  |  |
| Depreciation  |         |         |         |               |  |  |
| Buildings   | 315     | -       | 315     | -             |  |  |
| Plant and equipment   | 5,654   | 1,199   | 5,654   | 1,199         |  |  |
|   | 5,969   | 1,199   | 5,969   | 1,199         |  |  |
| Amortisation  |         |         |         |               |  |  |
| Mine development costs  | 34,203  | 18,217  | 34,203  | 18,217        |  |  |
| Deferred waste stripping  | 4,736   | 11,046  | 4,736   | 11,046        |  |  |
| Capitalised borrowing costs   | 971     | -       | 971     | -             |  |  |
| Plant/equipment finance leases  | 416     | 317     | 415     | 317           |  |  |
| Impairment write-offs (Note 8)  | 63,809  | -       | 63,810  | -             |  |  |
|   | 104,135 | 29,580  | 104,135 | 29,580        |  |  |
| Total depreciation & amortisation   | 110,104 | 30,779  | 110,104 | 30,779        |  |  |
| Finance Costs   |         |         |         |               |  |  |
| Interest paid/payable   | 89      | 151     | 89      | 151           |  |  |
| Interest on convertible notes   | 7,518   | 8,000   | 7,518   | 8,000         |  |  |
| Borrowing costs   | 219     | 220     | 1,010   | 220           |  |  |
| Convertible notes buy back costs  | 791     | -       | 791     | -             |  |  |
| Finance lease   | 1,219   | 111     | 1,219   | 111           |  |  |
| Provisions: unwinding of discount   | 1,180   | 1,166   | 1,180   | 1,166         |  |  |
| Interest capitalised  | (2,020) | (6,640) | (2,020) | (6,640)       |  |  |
|   | 8,996   | 3,008   | 8,996   | 3,008         |  |  |
| Employee related expenses   |         |         |         |               |  |  |
| Contributions to defined contribution                                     |         |         |         |               |  |  |
| superannuation funds  | 2,637   | 2,095   | 2,637   | 2,095         |  |  |
| Termination payments (Note 8)   | 3,877   | -       | 3,877   | -             |  |  |
| Equity settled share-based payments                                       | (32)    | 475     | (32)    | 475           |  |  |
|   | 6,482   | 2,570   | 6,482   | 2,570         |  |  |
| Rental expense relating to operating leases                               |         |         |         |               |  |  |
| Lease payments  | 856     | 942     | 856     | 942           |  |  |

## Note 8 Significant items

Significant items are those items where their nature or amount is considered material to the financial report. Such items included within the consolidated results for the period are detailed below.

|   | Conso    | lidated                                 | <b>Parent entity</b> |         |  |
|---|----------|---|----------------------|---------|--|
|   | 2009     | 2008                                    | 2009                 | 2008    |  |
|   | \$'000   | \$'000                                  | \$'000               | \$'000  |  |
| <b>Included within net realised/unrealised gains</b><br><b>on derivatives</b><br>Net realised/unrealised gains on gold put      |          |   |                      |         |  |
| options   | 1,515    | 16,834                                  | 1,515                | 16,834  |  |
| Included within corporate costs   |          |   |                      |         |  |
| Redundancy payments   | (3,877)  | -                                       | (3,877)              | -       |  |
| Restructuring provisions  | (1,957)  | -                                       | (1,957)              | -       |  |
|   | (5,834)  | -                                       | (5,834)              | -       |  |
| Asset impairment write downs  |          |   |                      |         |  |
| Open pit mine development   | (16,904) | -                                       | (16,904)             | -       |  |
| Southern Cross assets   | (40,488) | -                                       | (40,488)             | -       |  |
| Capitalised exploration   | (8,650)  | -                                       | (8,650)              | -       |  |
|   | (66,042) | -                                       | (66,042)             | -       |  |
| <b>Included within unrealised loss on available</b><br><b>for sale assets</b><br>Write down of listed investments to fair value | (6,192)  | (4,876)                                 | (6,192)              | (4,876) |  |
|   | (-,->-)  | ( ,,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | (-,->-)              | (.,)    |  |
| Total significant items   | (76,553) | 11,958                                  | (76,553)             | 11,958  |  |

#### Redundancy payments

During the period a review of corporate and exploration overhead costs gave rise to an organisational restructure, which resulted in redundancies. These costs are one-off costs related to the restructure of the corporate functions and associated redundancy expenses.

#### Restructuring provision

Represents provisions raised during the period for positions identified as redundant as at 30 June 2009 at Southern Cross operations as a consequence of the strategic review completed in June 2009. These amounts are not included in the 'redundancy payments' disclosed above. In addition, certain demobilisation costs associated with cessation of open pit mining at Southern Cross operations were provided for at 30 June 2009.

#### Open pit mine development

Capitalised expenditure associated with mine development and infrastructure to support mining of open pits at Southern Cross and Leonora was written off as an impairment at 31 December 2008. As a result of the strategic review completed in June 2009, all open pit mining ceased at Southern Cross in July and this gave rise to additional write offs as at 30 June 2009. The write off of open pit development expenditure is reflected in the depreciation and amortisation expense.

#### Impairment write down of Southern Cross assets

As at 30 June 2009, an impairment write down was taken on Southern Cross assets. The impairment write down at 30 June 2009 was driven by a reduction in future estimated net cash flows from the Southern Cross operations cash-generating unit as a result of the cessation of open pit mining. The revised cash flow estimates no longer supported full recovery of the carrying value of the Southern Cross cash-generating unit. Substantial net cash flows from future open pit operations at Southern Cross were previously included in the business plan and provided support for the carrying value of assets. The impairment write down of Southern Cross assets is mainly reflected in the depreciation and amortisation expense.

#### Capitalised exploration written off

Exploration expenditure capitalised in relation to open pit operations at Southern Cross and Leonora operations that are no longer part of the business plans were written off as part of the open pits impairment as at 31 December 2008. As at 30 June 2009 capitalised exploration at Nevoria was written off as part of the impairment review. The write off of capitalised exploration is reflected in the depreciation and amortisation expense.

#### Write down of listed investments to fair value

Available for sale assets, comprising securities listed on the Australian Securities Exchange, are measured at fair value at each balance date. Due to the sustained decline in share price of the securities held by the Company, the securities were deemed to be impaired as at 31 December 2008, resulting in a fair value loss recognised in the income statement. As at 30 June 2009, the fair value of available for sale financial assets increased with the increment recorded in reserves.

## Note 9 Income tax expense

## (a) Income tax expense

|                                       | Consol    | idated | Parent | <b>Parent Entity</b> |  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|--------|--------|----------------------|--|
|                                       | 2009 2008 |        | 2009   | 2008                 |  |
|                                       | \$'000    | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000               |  |
| Deferred income tax (benefit)/expense | -         | (432)  |        | (432)                |  |
|                                       |           |        |        |                      |  |

## (b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense/(benefit) to prima facie tax payable

|  | Consol         | idated         | Parent Entity  |                |  |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
|  | 2009<br>\$'000 | 2008<br>\$'000 | 2009<br>\$'000 | 2008<br>\$'000 |  |
| Loss before income tax expense/(benefit)       | (76,344)       | (17,765)       | (76,344)       | (17,680)       |  |
| Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30%          | (22,903)       | (5,330)        | (22,903)       | (5,304)        |  |
| Tax effect of amounts not deductible/(taxable) |                |                |                |                |  |
| in calculating taxable income:                 |                |                |                |                |  |
| Legal and other capital expenditure            | 538            | 188            | 538            | 188            |  |
| Equity settled share based payments            | 2              | 143            | 2              | 143            |  |
| Information technology costs                   | -              | 182            | -              | 182            |  |
| Share issue costs                              | -              | (148)          | -              | (148)          |  |
| Investment allowance                           | (40)           | -              | (40)           | -              |  |
| Sundry items                                   | 11             | 40             | 11             | 40             |  |
| Tax losses not recognized                      | 22,392         | 4,493          | 22,392         | 4,467          |  |
| Income tax expense/(benefit)                   | -              | (432)          | -              | (432)          |  |

Refer to Note 9(c) for details of the deferred tax benefit.

## (c) Unrecognised deferred tax balance

|  | Conse   | olidated | Parent Entity |         |  |
|--|---------|----------|---------------|---------|--|
|  | 2009    | 2008     | 2009          | 2007    |  |
|  | \$'000  | \$'000   | \$'000        | \$'000  |  |
| Deferred tax liabilities                         |         |          |               |         |  |
| Accrued income                                   | 446     | 457      | 446           | 457     |  |
| Mining properties – exploration                  | 16,251  | 23,551   | 16,251        | 23,551  |  |
| Mining properties – development                  | 77,667  | 76,379   | 77,667        | 76,379  |  |
| Consumables                                      | 7,690   | 3,815    | 7,690         | 3,815   |  |
| Option premiums                                  | -       | 22,162   | -             | 22,162  |  |
| Convertible notes                                | 10,232  | 6,801    | 10,232        | 6,801   |  |
| Total  | 112,286 | 133,165  | 112,286       | 133,165 |  |
| Tax effect @ 30%                                 | 33,686  | 39,950   | 33,686        | 39,950  |  |
| Deferred tax assets                              |         |          |               |         |  |
| Tax losses                                       | 239,195 | 180,599  | 239,195       | 180,599 |  |
| Provisions and accruals                          | 36,270  | 34,039   | 36,270        | 34,039  |  |
| Investment fair value reserve                    | 3,401   | -        | 3,401         | -       |  |
| Tax assets without a carrying amount             | 9,474   | 619      | 9,474         | 619     |  |
| Depreciation                                     | 1,438   | 1,076    | 1,438         | 1,076   |  |
| Total  | 289,778 | 216,333  | 289,778       | 216,333 |  |
| Tax effect @ 30%                                 | 86,933  | 64,900   | 86,933        | 64,900  |  |
| Net deferred tax asset (unbooked) <sup>(1)</sup> | 53,247  | 24,950   | 53,247        | 24,950  |  |

(1) The net deferred tax asset has not been recognised because it is not yet probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the consolidated entity can utilise the benefits there from.

## Note 10 Cash and cash equivalents

|   | Consolidated     |                 | Parent           | Parent entity   |  |
|---|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--|
|   | 2009 2008        |                 | 2009             | 2008            |  |
|   | \$'000           | \$'000          | \$'000           | \$'000          |  |
| Cash at bank and on hand<br>Term deposits | 18,692<br>35,000 | 7,517<br>28,000 | 13,693<br>35,000 | 7,517<br>28,000 |  |
| -   | 53,692           | 35,517          | 53,692           | 35,517          |  |

Cash placed on deposit to secure a bank guarantee facility is reported as current 'Other Receivables' in Note 11.

## (a) Cash at bank and on hand

Cash at bank at 30 June 2009 invested "at call" was earning interest at an average rate of 2.59% per annum.

## (b) **Deposits**

The deposits at 30 June 2009 were earning interest rates of between 2.95% and 3.80% per annum.

## Note 11 Trade and other receivables

|                                | Consolidated |        | Parent | entity |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|
|                                | 2009         | 2008   | 2009   | 2008   |
|                                | \$'000       | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Current assets                 |              |        |        |        |
| Trade receivables              | 4,192        | 5,031  | 4,192  | 5,031  |
|                                |              |        |        |        |
| Subsidiary loans               | -            | -      | 852    | 852    |
| Provision for non-recovery     | -            | -      | (850)  | (850)  |
|                                |              | -      | 2      | 2      |
|                                |              |        |        |        |
| Other receivables              | 3,928        | 4,426  | 3,928  | 4,426  |
| Restricted cash <sup>(1)</sup> | 24,339       | 20,597 | 24,339 | 20,597 |
| Prepayments                    | 2,477        | 2,231  | 2,477  | 2,231  |
|                                | 34,936       | 32,285 | 34,938 | 32,287 |

(1) Restricted cash is cash placed on deposit to secure bank guarantees in respect of obligations entered into for office rental obligations and environmental performance bonds issued in favour of the Western Australian Department of Industry and Resources. These deposits earned interest at an average interest rate of 3.16%.

## (a) Effective interest rates and credit risk

Information concerning the effective interest rate and credit risk of receivables is set out in Note 16.

## Note 12 Inventories

|                 | Consolidated |        | Parent entity |        |
|-----------------|--------------|--------|---------------|--------|
|                 | 2009         | 2008   | 2009          | 2008   |
|                 | \$'000       | \$'000 | \$'000        | \$'000 |
| Consumables     | 7,875        | 3,864  | 7,875         | 3,864  |
| Ore stockpiles  | 9,681        | 12,725 | 9,681         | 12,725 |
| Gold in circuit | 9,217        | 4,449  | 9,217         | 4,449  |
| Bullion on hand | 4,285        | -      | 4,285         | -      |
|                 | 31,058       | 21,038 | 31,058        | 21,038 |

## (a) Lower of cost and net realisable value

At 30 June 2009, there were no ore stockpiles valued at net realisable value (2008: \$12,725,000).

## Note 13 Derivative financial assets

|                                     | Consolidated |        | Parent | t entity |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|----------|
|                                     | 2009         | 2008   | 2009   | 2008     |
|                                     | \$'000       | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000   |
| Current assets                      |              |        |        |          |
| Fair value of gold option premiums  | -            | 139    | -      | 139      |
| Listed options at fair market value | -            | 64     | -      | 64       |
|                                     | -            | 203    | -      | 203      |
|                                     |              |        |        | -        |
| Non-current assets                  |              |        |        |          |
| Fair value of gold option premiums  | -            | 34,647 | -      | 34,647   |

## (a) Instruments used by the consolidated entity

Refer to Note 2 'Financial Risk Management' for details on instruments used by the consolidated entity.

During September and October 2008, the consolidated entity closed out all the A\$700 and A\$800 per ounce put options for total proceeds of \$36,300,000, realising a profit on sale of \$1,515,000.

At 30 June 2009, the consolidated entity had no derivative instruments in place to hedge gold revenue.

## Note 14 Deferred mining costs

|   | Consolidated |          | Parent entity |          |  |
|---|--------------|----------|---------------|----------|--|
|   | 2009         | 2008     | 2009          | 2008     |  |
|   | \$'000       | \$'000   | \$'000        | \$'000   |  |
| Current                                       |              |          |               |          |  |
| Deferred waste stripping                      | 28,702       | 31,053   | 28,702        | 31,053   |  |
| Amortisation of deferred waste                | (28,702)     | (23,966) | (28,702)      | (23,966) |  |
|   | -            | 7,087    | -             | 7,087    |  |
| Deferred operating development                | 16,196       | 8,836    | 16,196        | 8,836    |  |
|   | 16,196       | 15,923   | 16,196        | 15,923   |  |
| Non-current<br>Deferred operating development | 6,472        | 16,139   | 6,472         | 16,139   |  |

# Note 15 Available-for-sale financial assets

|                                    | Consol  | idated  | Parent entity |         |  |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|--|
|                                    | 2009    | 2008    | 2009          | 2008    |  |
|                                    | \$'000  | \$'000  | \$'000        | \$'000  |  |
| Current                            |         |         |               |         |  |
| At beginning of year               | -       | -       | -             | -       |  |
| Transferred from non-current       | 7,182   | -       | 7,182         | -       |  |
| Additions                          | -       | -       | -             | -       |  |
| Disposals                          | -       | -       | -             | -       |  |
| Revaluation gain recognised in the |         |         |               |         |  |
| income statement                   | -       | -       | -             | -       |  |
| Revaluation gain taken to equity   | 6,687   | -       | 6,687         | -       |  |
|                                    | 13,869  | -       | 13,869        | -       |  |
|                                    |         |         |               |         |  |
| Non-current                        |         |         |               |         |  |
| At beginning of year               | 13,941  | 17,381  | 13,941        | 17,381  |  |
| Additions                          |         | -       |               | -       |  |
| Disposals                          | (567)   | -       | (567)         | -       |  |
| Revaluation loss recognised in the |         |         |               |         |  |
| income statement                   | (6,192) | (3,440) | (6,192)       | (3,440) |  |
| Transferred to non-current         | (7,182) |         | (7,182)       |         |  |
| At end of year                     | -       | 13,941  |               | 13,941  |  |

## (a) Listed securities

Available-for-sale financial assets as at 30 June 2009 consisted of companies listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. The consolidated entity has announced its intention to sell its non-core assets which include investments in listed securities (refer to Note 32).

## Note 16 Financial instruments

## (a) Credit Risk Exposures

Refer Note 2 for the consolidated entity's exposure to credit risk.

## (b) Interest Rate Risk Exposures

The consolidated entity's exposure to interest rate risk and the effective weighted average interest rate by maturity periods is set out in the following tables. Exposures arise predominantly from assets and liabilities bearing variable interest rates as the consolidated entity intends to hold fixed rate assets and liabilities to maturity.

| 2009                                 | Fixed Interest Maturing in             |                             |                                |                                       |                 |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Financial assets                     | Floating<br>Interest<br>rate<br>\$'000 | 1 year or<br>less<br>\$'000 | Over 1 to<br>5 years<br>\$'000 | Non-<br>interest<br>bearing<br>\$'000 | Total<br>\$'000 |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents            | 13,693                                 | 39,999                      | -                              | -                                     | 53,692          |  |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 4,339                                  | 20,000                      | -                              | -                                     | 24,339          |  |
| Receivables                          | -                                      | -                           | -                              | 8,120                                 | 8,120           |  |
| Available for sale financial assets  |  | -                           | -                              | 13,869                                | 13,869          |  |
|                                      | 18,032                                 | 59,999                      | -                              | 21,989                                | 100,020         |  |
| Weighted average interest rate       | 2.59%                                  | 3.45%                       | -                              | -                                     |                 |  |
| Financial liabilities                |  |                             |                                |                                       |                 |  |
| Trade and other creditors            | -                                      | -                           | -                              | 38,376                                | 38,376          |  |
| Finance lease liabilities            | -                                      | 877                         | 1,517                          | 90                                    | 2,484           |  |
| Equipment financing facility         | 17,464                                 | -                           | -                              | -                                     | 17,464          |  |
| Convertible notes                    | -                                      | 77,100                      | -                              | -                                     | 77,100          |  |
| Other loans                          |  | 1,906                       | -                              | -                                     | 1,906           |  |
|                                      | 17,464                                 | 79,883                      | 1,517                          | 38,466                                | 137,330         |  |
| Weighted average interest rate       | 5.94%                                  | 7.99%                       | 7.76%                          | -                                     |                 |  |
| Net financial assets/(liabilities)   | 568                                    | (19,884)                    | (1,517)                        | (16,477)                              | (37,310)        |  |

| 2008                                 | Fixed Interest Maturing in             |                             |                                |                                       |                 |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Financial assets                     | Floating<br>Interest<br>rate<br>\$'000 | 1 year or<br>less<br>\$'000 | Over 1 to<br>5 years<br>\$'000 | Non-<br>interest<br>bearing<br>\$'000 | Total<br>\$'000 |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents            | 7,517                                  | 28,000                      | -                              | -                                     | 35,517          |  |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | -                                      | 20,597                      | -                              | -                                     | 20,597          |  |
| Receivables                          | -                                      | -                           | -                              | 9,457                                 | 9,457           |  |
| Available for sale financial assets  | -                                      | -                           | -                              | 13,941                                | 13,941          |  |
| Fair value of gold option premiums   | -                                      | -                           | -                              | 34,786                                | 34,786          |  |
| Listed options at fair market value  |  |                             |                                | 64                                    | 64              |  |
|                                      | 7,517                                  | 48,597                      | -                              | 58,248                                | 114,362         |  |
| Weighted average interest rate       | 7.24%                                  | 7.60%                       | -                              | -                                     |                 |  |
| Financial liabilities                |  |                             |                                |                                       |                 |  |
| Trade and other creditors            | -                                      | -                           | -                              | 59,273                                | 59,273          |  |
| Finance Lease liabilities            | -                                      | 566                         | 801                            | 128                                   | 1,495           |  |
| Convertible notes                    | -                                      | -                           | 100,000                        | -                                     | 100,000         |  |
| Other loans                          |  | 1,763                       | -                              | -                                     | 1,763           |  |
|                                      | -                                      | 2,329                       | 100,801                        | 59,401                                | 162,531         |  |
| Weighted average interest rate       | -                                      | 7.56%                       | 8.00%                          | -                                     |                 |  |
| Net financial assets/(liabilities)   | 7,517                                  | 46,268                      | (100,801)                      | (1,153)                               | (48,169)        |  |

## Note 17 Property, plant and equipment

|                          | Consolidated |         | Parent entity |         |
|--------------------------|--------------|---------|---------------|---------|
|                          | 2009         | 2008    | 2009          | 2008    |
|                          | \$'000       | \$'000  | \$'000        | \$'000  |
| Non-current              |              |         |               |         |
| Land                     | 507          | 507     | 507           | 507     |
| Housing & site buildings | 11,082       | 1,869   | 11,082        | 1,869   |
| Plant and equipment      | 115,622      | 73,963  | 115,622       | 73,963  |
| Accumulated depreciation | (9,583)      | (3,551) | (9,583)       | (3,551) |
| Total                    | 117,628      | 72,788  | 117,628       | 72,788  |

Reconciliation of the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment is set out below:

| Land                         |         |         |         |         |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| At the beginning of the year | 507     | 1,366   | 507     | 507     |
| Disposals                    | -       | (859)   | -       | -       |
| At the end of the year       | 507     | 507     | 507     | 507     |
|                              |         |         |         |         |
| Housing & site buildings     |         |         |         |         |
| At the beginning of the year | 1,869   | 1,500   | 1,869   | 1,500   |
| Additions                    | 9,528   | 369     | 9,528   | 369     |
| Depreciation                 | (315)   | -       | (315)   |         |
| At the end of the year       | 11,082  | 1,869   | 11,082  | 1,869   |
|                              |         |         |         |         |
| Plant and equipment          |         |         |         |         |
| At the beginning of the year | 70,412  | 13,140  | 70,412  | 13,140  |
| Transfer to inventory        | -       | (1,218) | -       | (1,218) |
| Additions                    | 41,747  | 60,006  | 41,747  | 60,006  |
| Disposals                    | (51)    | -       | (51)    | -       |
| Depreciation                 | (6,069) | (1,516) | (6,069) | (1,516) |
| At the end of the year       | 106,039 | 70,412  | 106,039 | 70,412  |
| Total                        | 117,628 | 72,788  | 117,628 | 72,788  |

## (a) Security

As at 30 June 2009, plant and equipment with a carrying value of \$31,854,000 (2008: \$1,098,000) is held as security for finance leases (Note 22).

In accordance with the security arrangements in relation to commercial facilities, during the year the Commonwealth Bank of Australia released the Company from its fixed and floating charge against all remaining assets. The Commonwealth Bank holds security over cash deposits backing a bank guarantee facility totalling \$24,339,000 as at 30 June 2009. During the year, and as at 30 June 2009, there were no events of default.
## Note 18 Mine properties

|   | Consolidated |          | Parent    | Entity   |
|---|--------------|----------|-----------|----------|
|   | 2009         | 2008     | 2009      | 2008     |
| Non-current                                   | \$'000       | \$'000   | \$'000    | \$'000   |
| Mine Properties - development                 |              |          |           |          |
| At beginning of the year                      | 41,370       | 25,850   | 41,370    | 25,850   |
| Direct expenditure                            | 62,426       | 32,113   | 62,426    | 32,113   |
| Transferred from exploration and evaluation   | 12,079       | 946      | 12,079    | 946      |
| Transferred from mines under construction     | 150,822      | -        | 150,822   | -        |
| New rehabilitation obligations                | -            | 1,438    | -         | 1,438    |
| Mine development written off                  | (46,508)     | -        | (46,508)  | -        |
| Adjustment to rehabilitation provision        | (645)        | (760)    | (645)     | (760)    |
| Amortisation for the year                     | (34,203)     | (18,217) | (34,203)  | (18,217) |
| At end of the year                            | 185,341      | 41,370   | 185,341   | 41,370   |
|   |              |          |           |          |
| Mines Under Construction <sup>(1)</sup>       |              |          |           |          |
| At beginning of the year                      | 119,817      | 44,515   | 119,817   | 44,515   |
| Direct expenditure                            | 28,682       | 68,721   | 28,682    | 68,721   |
| Capitalised amortisation of convertible notes | 303          | 1,312    | 303       | 1,312    |
| transaction costs                             |              |          |           |          |
| Net borrowing costs capitalised               | 2,020        | 5,269    | 2,020     | 5,269    |
| Transferred to mine properties                | (150,822)    | -        | (150,822) | -        |
| At end of the year                            | -            | 119,817  | -         | 119,817  |
| Total Mine Duenerties                         | 105 241      | 171 197  | 105 341   | 171 107  |
| Total Mine Properties                         | 185,341      | 161,187  | 185,341   | 161,187  |

(1) Mines under construction represented pre-production expenditure at Gwalia. The Gwalia mine commenced production in October 2008.

# Note 19 Exploration and evaluation

|                                      | Consolidated |        | Parent   | Entity |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------|----------|--------|
|                                      | 2009         | 2008   | 2009     | 2008   |
| Non-current                          | \$'000       | \$'000 | \$'000   | \$'000 |
| Exploration and evaluation           |              |        |          |        |
| At beginning of the year             | 25,778       | 18,188 | 25,778   | 18,188 |
| Acquired tenements                   | 388          | 125    | 388      | 125    |
| Tenements written off                | -            | (20)   | -        | (20)   |
| Expenditure capitalised for the year | 2,549        | 8,431  | 2,549    | 8,431  |
| Transferred to mine properties       | (12,079)     | (946)  | (12,079) | (946)  |
| Exploration written off              | (8,417)      | -      | (8,417)  | -      |
| At end of the year                   | 8,219        | 25,778 | 8,219    | 25,778 |

## Note 20 Other financial assets

|                        | Consolidated |        | Parent | t entity |
|------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|----------|
|                        | 2009         | 2008   | 2009   | 2008     |
| Non-current            | \$'000       | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000   |
| Other financial assets | -            | -      | 178    | 178      |

Other financial assets represent the Parent entity's investment in wholly owned subsidiaries. Refer Note 30 for further detail.

# Note 21 Trade and other payables

|                         | Consolidated |        | Parent | t entity |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|----------|
|                         | 2009         | 2008   | 2009   | 2008     |
|                         | \$'000       | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000   |
| Current                 |              |        |        |          |
| Trade payables          | 36,372       | 56,627 | 36,372 | 56,627   |
| Loans from subsidiaries | -            | -      | 11,401 | 11,401   |
| Other payables          | 2,004        | 2,646  | 2,004  | 2,646    |
|                         | 38,376       | 59,273 | 49,777 | 70,674   |

## Note 22 Interest bearing borrowings

|                                     | Consolidated |         | Parent  | •       |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|
|                                     | 2009         | 2008    | 2009    | 2008    |
|                                     | \$'000       | \$'000  | \$'000  | \$'000  |
| Current                             |              |         |         |         |
| Secured                             |              |         |         |         |
| Lease liabilities (Note 28)         | 937          | 604     | 937     | 604     |
| Equipment finance facility          | 4,818        | -       | 4,818   | -       |
| Transaction costs                   | (84)         | -       | (84)    | -       |
|                                     | 5,671        | 604     | 5,671   | 604     |
| <b>T</b> ,                          |              |         |         |         |
| Unsecured                           | 77 100       |         | 77 100  |         |
| Convertible notes                   | 77,100       | -       | 77,100  | -       |
| Transaction costs                   | (1,110)      | -       | (1,110) | -       |
| Insurance premium funding           | 1,906        | 1,763   | 1,906   | 1,763   |
|                                     | 77,896       | 1,763   | 77,896  | 1,763   |
| Total current                       | 83,567       | 2,367   | 83,567  | 2,367   |
| NT4                                 |              |         |         |         |
| Non-current<br>Secured              |              |         |         |         |
| Lease liabilities (Note 28)         | 1,547        | 891     | 1,547   | 891     |
| Equipment finance facility          | 12,646       | -       | 12,646  | -       |
| Transaction costs                   | (219)        | -       | (219)   | -       |
|                                     | 13,974       | 891     | 13,974  | 891     |
|                                     |              |         |         |         |
| Unsecured                           |              |         |         |         |
| Convertible notes                   | -            | 100,000 | -       | 100,000 |
| Convertible notes transaction costs | -            | (2,321) | -       | (2,321) |
|                                     | -            | 97,679  | -       | 97,679  |
| Total non-current                   | 13,974       | 98,570  | 13,974  | 98,570  |

## (a) Interest rate risk exposures

Details of the consolidated entity's exposure to interest rate changes on borrowings are set out in Note 16.

## (b) Convertible notes

On 24 November 2008, a note holder converted \$400,000 of notes to shares.

On 27 March 2009, the Company accepted offers from holders of \$22,500,000 of notes to buy back the notes at a price of 94 cents in the dollar, inclusive of 2.6 cents accrued interest. Settlement of the buy back of the convertible notes for a total of \$21,150,000 (inclusive of interest of \$585,000) occurred on 31 March 2009.

The outstanding balance of convertible notes on issue at 30 June 2009 was \$77,100,000. Unless previously redeemed, converted, or purchased and cancelled, the notes will be redeemed on 4 June 2012 at 100% of their principal amount. Holders of the convertible notes are able to redeem all or some of the notes at the principal amount together with any accrued interest on the third anniversary of issue (4 June 2010). Due to this option date, the notes have been classified as a current liability at 30 June 2009.

The convertible notes transaction costs represent bank commission, legal fees and other costs associated with the issue and are amortised over a three year period. The amortised amount was capitalised to the mines under construction and upon completion of development is charged to the income statement.

#### (c) Equipment finance facility

On 13 August 2008 the Company signed a \$20,000,000 loan facility agreement with GE Commercial Finance to fund the construction and purchase of certain infrastructure assets at Gwalia. The facility is secured against the equipment financed and is repayable over 48 months. The interest rate is the 90 day bank bill rate plus an interest margin of 2.8%. Under the terms of the GE facility, there are a number of undertakings related to the performance of the Company's operations, and non-compliance with these undertakings could constitute an event of default. Under the terms of facility the Company has up to 90 days to remedy or rectify a non-compliance event in relation to the operational undertakings. As at the reporting date, the Company had reported a non-compliance event, but was not in default of the facility agreement.

#### (d) Set-off of assets and liabilities

The parent entity has established a legal right of set-off with a financial institution over cash on deposit to secure the issue of bank guarantees for the purpose of environmental performance bonds and rental obligations. At 30 June 2009 restricted cash for this purpose amounted to \$24,339,000 (2008: \$20,597,000).

#### Note 23 Provisions

|  | Consolidated |        | Parent | entity |
|--|--------------|--------|--------|--------|
|  | 2009         | 2008   | 2009   | 2008   |
|  | \$'000       | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Current                                |              |        |        |        |
| Employee benefits – annual leave       | 1,778        | 1,712  | 1,778  | 1,712  |
| Employee benefits – long service leave | 544          | 231    | 544    | 231    |
| Employee benefits - other              | 513          | 1,106  | 513    | 1,106  |
| Redundancy and restructuring provision | 1,957        | -      | 1,957  | -      |
| Other provisions                       | 1,000        | -      | 1,000  | -      |
| -                                      | 5,792        | 3,049  | 5,792  | 3,049  |
| Non-current                            |              |        |        |        |
| Provision for rehabilitation           | 28,284       | 28,812 | 28,284 | 28,812 |
| Employee benefits - long service leave | 946          | 711    | 946    | 711    |
|  | 29,230       | 29,523 | 29,230 | 29,523 |

#### **Movements in Provisions**

|   | Consolidated   |                | Parent  | Entity         |
|---|----------------|----------------|---------|----------------|
|   | 2009<br>\$1000 | 2008<br>\$1000 | 2009    | 2008<br>\$1000 |
| Non-current                             | \$'000         | \$'000         | \$'000  | \$'000         |
| Rehabilitation                          |                |                |         |                |
| Balance at start of year                | 28,812         | 28,900         | 28,812  | 28,900         |
| Additional provision for new activities | -              | 1,438          | -       | 1,438          |
| Unwinding of discount                   | 1,180          | 1,166          | 1,180   | 1,166          |
| Expenditure incurred                    | (1,063)        | (1,932)        | (1,063) | (1,932)        |
| Adjustment on re-estimation             | (645)          | (760)          | (645)   | (760)          |
| Balance at end of year                  | 28,284         | 28,812         | 28,284  | 28,812         |

## Note 24 Contributed equity

(a) Share capital

|  | Parent entity |               | Parent         | entity  |      |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------|------|
|  | 2009 2008     |               | 2009 2008 2009 |         | 2008 |
|  | Shares        | Shares        | \$'000         | \$'000  |      |
|  |               |               |                |         |      |
| Ordinary shares - fully paid                     | 1,493,932,950 | 1,158,423,891 | 496,176        | 366,466 |      |
| ja nya na si | , - ,- ,- ,   | 7 7 - 7       | ,              | 7       |      |

#### (b) Movements in ordinary share capital:

| priceNumber ofDateDetailsNotessharesshares                  | <b>\$'000</b><br>208,231 |
|---|--------------------------|
| Date Details Notes shares share)                            |                          |
| Euro Evalus Shares Shares                                   | 208,231                  |
| 1 July 2007 Opening balance 836,555,567                     |                          |
| Plus Institutional placement (i) 120,507,335 63             | 75,920                   |
| Transaction costs on institutional placement                | (2,605)                  |
| Plus Share Purchase Plan (ii) 35,511,707 63                 | 22,301                   |
| Transaction costs on share purchase plan                    | (669)                    |
| Plus Entitlement offer (iii) 158,799,282 40                 | 63,520                   |
| Transaction costs on entitlement offer                      | (2,397)                  |
| Plus Shares issued on exercise of options (iv) 7,050,000 21 | 1,446                    |
| Transfer of Option Reserve on conversion of                 | 719                      |
| options   |                          |
| 30 June 2008 1,158,423,891                                  | 366,466                  |
| Plus Entitlement offer (v) 140,312,045 40                   | 56,125                   |
| Transaction costs on entitlement offer                      | (2,587)                  |
| Plus Convertible notes converted to shares (vi) 597,014 67  | 400                      |
| Plus Institutional placement (vii) 189,600,000 41           | 77,736                   |
| Transaction costs on institutional placement                | (2,767)                  |
| Plus Shares issued on exercise of options (iv) 5,000,000 12 | 590                      |
| Transfer of Option Reserve on conversion of                 | 213                      |
| options   |                          |
| 1,493,932,950   | 496,176                  |

(i) Institutional placement on 1 November 2007

(ii) Share Purchase Plan on 11 December 2007

(iii) Entitlement Offer represents a 2 for 7 renounceable accelerated entitlement offer to shareholders and an institutional placement announced on 10 June 2008

(iv) Shares issued on exercise of unlisted options held by executives and employees

(v) Entitlement offer on 17 July 2008

(vi) Convertible notes converted to shares on 24 November 2008

(vii) Institutional placement on 27 February 2009

## (c) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

## (d) **Options**

Information relating to the St Barbara Employee Option Plan and Executive Options, including details of options issued, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and options outstanding at the end of the financial year, is set out in Note 36.

## Note 25 Reserves and accumulated losses

(a) Reserves

|  | Consolidated |         | Parent Entity |         |
|--|--------------|---------|---------------|---------|
|  | 2009         | 2008    | 2009          | 2008    |
|  | \$'000       | \$'000  | \$'000        | \$'000  |
| Reserves                                   |              |         |               |         |
| Share based payment reserve                | 1,841        | 2,086   | 1,841         | 2,086   |
| Investment fair value reserve              | 6,687        | -       | 6,687         | -       |
| Convertible note liability reserve         | 432          | 432     | 432           | 432     |
|  | 8,960        | 2,518   | 8,960         | 2,518   |
|  |              |         |               |         |
| Share based payment reserve                |              |         |               |         |
| Balance at start of year                   | 2,086        | 2,330   | 2,086         | 2,330   |
| Option expense                             | 181          | 475     | 181           | 475     |
| Options exercised                          | (213)        | (719)   | (213)         | (719)   |
| Options cancelled on termination           | (213)        | -       | (213)         | -       |
| Balance at end of year                     | 1,841        | 2,086   | 1,841         | 2,086   |
|  |              |         |               |         |
| Investments fair value reserve             |              |         |               |         |
| Balance at start of year                   | -            | (1,005) | -             | (1,005) |
| Fair value adjustments taken to the income |              |         |               |         |
| statement                                  | -            | 1,437   | -             | 1,437   |
| Fair value adjustments                     | 6,687        | -       | 6,687         | -       |
| Tax effect of fair value adjustment @ 30%  | -            | (432)   | -             | (432)   |
| Balance at end of year                     | 6,687        | -       | 6,687         | -       |
|  |              |         |               |         |

## (b) Accumulated losses

Movements in accumulated losses were as follows:

|   | Consol    | idated    | Parent Entity |           |  |
|---|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|--|
|   | 2009 2008 |           | 2009          | 2008      |  |
|   | \$'000    | \$'000    | \$'000        | \$'000    |  |
| Balance at start of year                    | (132,320) | (114,987) | (143,541)     | (126,293) |  |
| Loss attributable to members of the Company | (76,344)  | (17,333)  | (76,344)      | (17,248)  |  |
| Balance at end of year                      | (208,664) | (132,320) | (219,885)     | (143,541) |  |

## (c) Investment fair value reserve

Changes in the fair value arising on translation of investments, such as equities, classified as available-for-sale financial assets, are taken to the available-for-sale investments revaluation reserve, as described in Note 1(p). Amounts are recognised in the income statement when the associated assets are sold or impaired. During the year the cumulative loss recognised in the reserve in prior years, together with the movements in fair value for the year, was recognised in the income statement.

At 31 December 2008, an impairment loss of \$6,192,000 was recognised in relation to the investment in Bendigo Mining Limited and disclosed as a significant item. During the year, the AASB released Australian Interpretation 10 *Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment* (based on the International Financial Reporting and

Interpretations Committee's ('IFRIC') Interpretation 10) which prevents the reversal of an impairment loss recognised at an interim reporting date. As a result, the mark to market gain as at 30 June 2009 in relation to the Company's investment in Bendigo Mining, which would ordinarily have reversed the impairment loss recognised in the income statement in the period ended 31 December 2008, was recorded in the investment fair value reserve. The fair value adjustment of \$6,687,000 taken to the reserve represents the mark to market change from 31 December 2008 to 30 June 2009.

#### (d) Share based payments reserve

The share based payments reserve is used to recognise the fair value of options issued to executives and employees but not exercised.

#### (e) Convertible note liability reserve

The convertible note liability reserve represents an IFRS adjustment on the conversion of the RCF convertible note in 2006.

## Note 26 Remuneration of auditors

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

|   | Consoli | dated  | <b>Parent Entity</b> |        |
|---|---------|--------|----------------------|--------|
|   | 2009    | 2008   | 2009                 | 2008   |
|   | \$'000  | \$'000 | \$'000               | \$'000 |
| (a) Assurance services                                    |         |        |                      |        |
| Audit services  |         |        |                      |        |
| KPMG Australian firm                                      |         |        |                      |        |
| Audit and review of financial reports                     | 220     | 185    | 220                  | 185    |
| Other audit services                                      | -       | 20     | -                    | 20     |
| Total remuneration for audit services                     | 220     | 205    | 220                  | 205    |
| (b) Non-audit services                                    |         |        |                      |        |
|   |         |        |                      |        |
| KPMG Australian firm<br>Due diligence on prospectus issue |         | 130    | -                    | 130    |
| Total remuneration for non-audit services                 | -       | 130    | -                    | 130    |

#### Note 27 Contingencies

#### (a) **Contingent liabilities**

The Company and consolidated entity have a contingent liability at 30 June 2009 in respect of the following legal claim:

#### Kingstream

On 2 July 2002, Kingstream Steel Limited (now Midwest Corporation Limited) ("Kingstream") commenced proceedings in the Supreme Court of Western Australia against the Company and its 100% owned subsidiary, Zygot Ltd ("Zygot") (together, "St Barbara"). In early 2005, Kingstream obtained the leave of the Court to substitute the trustees of Kingstream Steel's Creditors Trust as plaintiffs in these proceedings, namely Bryan Kevin Hughes and Vincent Anthony Smith. Mr Smith resigned as a trustee and Mr Hughes ("Hughes") has been the sole plaintiff since 30 January 2008.

Hughes's claim against St Barbara arose from the withdrawal by Zygot of three mining lease applications ("MLAs") in September 2001. Hughes alleged that these applications were part of the subject matter of an Option Deed between the St Barbara and Kingstream dated 26 March 1997 as supplemented by a Deed dated 20 January 1998 and a letter dated 29 January 1999 from St Barbara's lawyers to Kingstream. Kingstream exercised the option in February 1999.

Following amendments to the statement of claim in October 2008, Hughes sought damages from St Barbara relying upon causes of action based on rectification of the Supplemental Deed, allegations of breach of contract, breach of duty of care, estoppel and unilateral mistake. St Barbara defended the proceedings.

Hughes produced various reports by experts who purported to quantify the loss that was claimed. The reports disclosed opinions about the value of the MLAs at the time of their withdrawal of between \$250,000 and \$4,000,000. They also disclosed a range of opinions about the claimed value of the MLAs to Kingstream ranging from \$13,070,000 in November 2005 to \$980,000,000 in November 2008.

None of the current Directors of St Barbara were directors of the Company or Zygot at the time the relevant activities took place.

St Barbara believes that if it is found to have breached the Supplemental Deed, any damages will be assessed by reference to the value of the MLAs as at the date of withdrawal. In the event that damages are awarded against the Company, the Court will also determine interest and costs to be paid.

The action was heard in the Supreme Court of Western Australia between 2 and 19 June 2009. The Trial Judge reserved his decision.

#### (b) Bank guarantees

The consolidated entity has negotiated bank guarantees in favour of various government authorities and service providers. The total of these guarantees at 30 June 2009 was \$24,339,000 (2008: \$20,597,000). Cash held on deposit with the financial institution providing the bank guarantees secures the amount outstanding in full as at 30 June 2009 – refer to Note 11.

#### Note 28 Commitments for expenditure

| Note 26 Communents for expenditure                     |                |                            | <b>Parent Entity</b>         |                            |  |  |
|--|----------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
|  | Consolidated   |                            | Parent                       | Entity                     |  |  |
|  | 2009           | 2008                       | 2009                         | 2008                       |  |  |
|  | \$'000         | \$'000                     | \$'000                       | \$'000                     |  |  |
| Exploration  |                |                            |                              |                            |  |  |
| In order to maintain rights of tenure to mining        |                |                            |                              |                            |  |  |
| tenements, the consolidated entity is committed to     |                |                            |                              |                            |  |  |
| tenement rentals and minimum exploration expenditure   |                |                            |                              |                            |  |  |
| in terms of the requirements of the Western Australian |                |                            |                              |                            |  |  |
| Department of Industry and Resources. This             |                |                            |                              |                            |  |  |
| requirement will continue for future years with the    | 11.050         | 0.067                      | 11.050                       | 0.0.7                      |  |  |
| amount dependent upon tenement holdings                | 11,250         | 9,367                      | 11,250                       | 9,367                      |  |  |
|  | Consoli        | idated                     | Parent                       | Entity                     |  |  |
|  |                |                            |                              | ·                          |  |  |
|  | 2009<br>\$'000 | 2008<br>\$'000             | 2009<br>\$'000               | 2008<br>\$'000             |  |  |
|  | \$ 000         | \$ 000                     | \$ 000                       | 2,000                      |  |  |
| Property, Plant and Equipment                          |                |                            |                              |                            |  |  |
| Within one year  | -              | 9,718                      | -                            | 9,718                      |  |  |
|  | Conso          | lidated                    | Parent                       | Entity                     |  |  |
|  | 2009           | 2008                       | 2009                         | 2008                       |  |  |
|  | \$'000         | \$'000                     | \$'000                       | \$'000                     |  |  |
| Finance Lease Commitments                              |                |                            |                              |                            |  |  |
| Payable not later than one year                        | 1,030          | 658                        | 1,030                        | 658                        |  |  |
| Payable later than one year, not later than five years | 1,671          | 869                        | 1,671                        | 869                        |  |  |
| _  | 2,701          | 1,527                      | 2,701                        | 1,527                      |  |  |
| Future finance charges                                 | (307)          | (160)                      | (307)                        | (160)                      |  |  |
| Recognised as a liability                              | 2,394          | 1,367                      | 2,394                        | 1,367                      |  |  |
| Lease incentives on non-cancellable operating leases   |                |                            |                              |                            |  |  |
| included in lease liabilities                          | 90             | 128                        | 90                           | 128                        |  |  |
| Total lease liabilities                                | 2,484          | 1,495                      | 2,484                        | 1,495                      |  |  |
|  | 2,101          |                            |                              |                            |  |  |
| Current (Note 22)                                      | ,              | 601                        | 027                          | 604                        |  |  |
| Current (Note 22)<br>Non-current (Note 22)             | 937            | 604<br>891                 | 937<br>1,547                 | 604<br>891                 |  |  |
| Current (Note 22)<br>Non-current (Note 22)             | ,              | 604<br>891<br><b>1,495</b> | 937<br>1,547<br><b>2,484</b> | 604<br>891<br><b>1,495</b> |  |  |

These finance lease commitments relate to plant and equipment, and are based on the cost of the assets and are payable over a period of up to 48 months.

|  | Consolidated               |       | Parent | Entity |                |
|--|----------------------------|-------|--------|--------|----------------|
|  | 2009 2008<br>\$'000 \$'000 |       |        |        | 2008<br>\$'000 |
| Analysis of Non-Cancellable Operating Lease<br>Commitments |                            |       |        |        |                |
| Payable not later than one year                            | 828                        | 877   | 828    | 877    |                |
| Payable later than one year, not later than five years     | 816                        | 1,958 | 816    | 1,958  |                |
|  | 1,644                      | 2,835 | 1,644  | 2,835  |                |

The non-cancellable operating lease commitments are the net rental payments associated with rental properties. At 30 June 2009 \$90,000 (2008: \$128,000) was recognised as a liability for a lease incentive received.

|  | Consolidated<br>2009 2008<br>\$'000 \$'000 |     | <b>Parent Entity</b> |                |  |
|--|--|-----|----------------------|----------------|--|
|  |  |     | 2009<br>\$'000       | 2008<br>\$'000 |  |
| Analysis of Non-Cancellable Operating Sub-lease receipts |  |     |                      |                |  |
| Receivable not later than one year                       | 281  | 229 | 281                  | 229            |  |
| Payable later than one year, not later than five years   | 292  | 487 | 292                  | 487            |  |
| _  | 573  | 716 | 573                  | 716            |  |

Sub-lease rental is associated with the sub-letting of office premises rented by the Company.

## Note 29 Related party transactions

#### a) Directors and key management personnel

Disclosures relating to Directors and key management personnel are set out in Note 37.

#### (b) Transactions with entities in the wholly-owned group

St Barbara Limited is the parent entity in the wholly-owned group comprising the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries.

During the year the Company did not transact with any entities in the wholly-owned group (2008: \$ Nil) . Net receivables from subsidiaries amounted to \$2,000 (2008: \$2,000). The Company provided accounting and administrative assistance free of charge to all of its wholly-owned subsidiaries.

Loans payable to and advanced from wholly-owned subsidiaries to the Company are interest free, and payable on demand.

## (c) Amounts receivable from and payable to entities in the wholly-owned group and controlled entities

|   | Company        |                |  |
|---|----------------|----------------|--|
|   | 2009<br>\$'000 | 2008<br>\$'000 |  |
| Aggregate amounts receivable at balance date from:                                  |                |                |  |
| Entities in the wholly-owned group  | 852            | 852            |  |
| Less provision for doubtful receivables   | (850)          | (850)          |  |
|   | 2              | 2              |  |
| Aggregate amounts payable at balance date to:<br>Entities in the wholly-owned group | 11,401         | 11,401         |  |

#### (d) Guarantees

Subsidiary companies have guaranteed the parent entity's obligations under the bank guarantee facility provided by Commonwealth Bank of Australia.

#### (e) Terms and conditions

Outstanding balances are unsecured, interest free and are repayable in cash on demand.

#### (f) Amounts receivable from Director related entities

At 30 June 2009, there were no amounts receivable from Director related entities (2008: \$ Nil).

## (g) Other Transactions with Directors of the Company and their Director related entities

During the year ended 30 June 2009, there were no other transaction with Directors of the Company and their Director related entities.

## Note 30 Controlled entities

The consolidated entity consists of the Company and its wholly-owned controlled entities as follows.

|                                 |          | Fanity       | holding      |                | ompany's<br>tment |
|---------------------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|----------------|-------------------|
|                                 | Class of | June<br>2009 | June<br>2008 | June 2009      | June 2008         |
| Name of entity                  | Shares   | %            | %            | \$ <b>'000</b> | \$'000<br>179     |
| Australian Eagle Oil Co Pty Ltd | Ordinary | 100          | 100          | 178            | 178               |
| Capvern Pty Ltd                 | Ordinary | 100          | 100          | -              | -                 |
| Eagle Group Management Pty Ltd  | Ordinary | 100          | 100          | -              | -                 |
| Murchison Gold Pty Ltd          | Ordinary | 100          | 100          | -              | -                 |
| Kingkara Pty Ltd                | Ordinary | 100          | 100          | -              | -                 |
| Oakjade Pty Ltd                 | Ordinary | 100          | 100          | -              | -                 |
| Regalkey Holdings Pty Ltd       | Ordinary | 100          | 100          | -              | -                 |
| Silkwest Holdings Pty Ltd       | Ordinary | 100          | 100          | -              | -                 |
| Sixteenth Ossa Pty Ltd          | Ordinary | 100          | 100          | -              | -                 |
| Vafitu Pty Ltd                  | Ordinary | 100          | 100          | -              | -                 |
| Zygot Pty Ltd                   | Ordinary | 100          | 100          | -              | -                 |
|                                 |          |              |              | 178            | 178               |

Each company in the consolidated entity was incorporated in Australia.

## Note 31 Interests in joint ventures

#### (a) Jointly controlled assets

| Joint Venture                         | June 2009<br>Equity %    | June 2008<br>Equity % | Joint Venturers                   |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| WESTERN AUSTRALIA                     |                          |                       |                                   |
| Leonora Region                        |                          |                       |                                   |
| Mount Newman - Victory                | 87%                      | 87%                   | Astro Diamond Mines N.L.          |
| Sandy Soak                            | 91%                      | 91%                   | Hunter Resources Pty Ltd          |
| Melita <sup>(1)</sup>                 | 80%                      | 80%                   | Dalrymple Resources N.L.          |
| Weebo                                 | 20%                      | 20%                   | Plutonic Operations Limited       |
| McEast/Pipeline                       | 80%                      | 80%                   | Cheperon Gold Partnership         |
| Mt George                             | 51%                      | 51%                   | Trevor John Dixon                 |
| Black Cat                             | 100%, diluting to<br>40% | 100%, diluting to 40% | Terrain Minerals Ltd              |
| Pumping Station <sup>(1)</sup>        | -                        | earning 70%           | Teck Cominco Australia Pty Ltd    |
| Southern Cross Region                 |                          |                       |                                   |
| Cornishman Exploration <sup>(2)</sup> | 100%                     | 51%                   | Troy Resources NL                 |
| Cornishman Mining <sup>(2)</sup>      | 100%                     | 51%                   | Troy Resources NL                 |
| Silver Phantom                        | 70%                      | 70%                   | Bellriver Pty Ltd                 |
| South Rankin                          | 75%                      | 75%                   | Comet Resources Limited           |
| Copperhead <sup>(2)</sup>             | 100%                     | 51%                   | Troy Resources NL                 |
| Cheritons Find                        | 90%                      | 90%                   | Audax Resources NL                |
| Southern Cross <sup>(2)</sup>         | 100%                     | earning 60%           | Troy Resources NL, Aminta Pty Ltd |
| Kalgoorlie Region                     |                          |                       |                                   |
| New Mexico <sup>(3)</sup>             | -                        | 40%                   | Tasman Exploration Pty Ltd        |
| Rocky Dam                             | earning 51%              | earning 51%           | Rubicon Resources Ltd             |
| Golden Mile South <sup>(4)</sup>      | -                        | earning 51%           | Golden Mile South Pty Ltd         |

(1) The Company withdrew from the Pumping Station joint venture during May 2009.

(2) The Company purchased the interest from Troy Resources in October 2008.

(3) The Company withdrew from the New Mexico joint venture during January 2009.

(4) The Company withdrew from the Golden Mile South joint venture during May 2009.

As at 30 June 2009 there were no joint venture assets recorded in the balance sheet (2008: Nil).

## Note 32 Events occurring after the balance sheet date

The Directors are not aware of any matter or circumstance that has arisen since the end of the financial year that, in their opinion, has significantly affected or may significantly affect in future years the Company's operations, the results of those operations or the state of affairs, except for the following:

- On 5 August 2009, the Company announced the disposal of its 9.7% investment in the shares of Bendigo Mining Limited for proceeds of \$9,906,800. The disposal of this investment will give rise to a net profit on sale recognised in the Income Statement in the 2009-10 financial year of \$2,724,000. And the reversal of the fair value reserve representing the movement in the fair value of the shares as at 30 June 2009.
- On 21 August 2009, the Company entered into a A\$50,000,000 Equity Line standby facility from US-based investment fund YA Global. Under the terms of the facility St Barbara may, at its discretion, issue ordinary shares to YA Global at any time over a 60 month period up to a total of A\$50,000,000.

Shares issued to YA Global will be priced at the lowest of the daily volume weighted average prices of the Company's shares traded on each of the 10 trading days following an advance draw down notice by St Barbara. A commission of 4% will be payable to YA Global on the proceeds of each issue of shares at the time of the issue. The Company nominates in advance the amount in relation to each draw down under the facility. The advance amount for the first and second draw down is limited to \$750,000 and \$1,500,000 respectively, and thereafter the advance amount shall not exceed \$3,000,000 in any 10-day trading period.

This standby facility provides the consolidated entity with funding flexibility while it evaluates and negotiates other sources of longer term finance, and completes the divestment of non core assets.

## Note 33 Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash flows from operating activities

|   | Consol   | idated   | Parer    | nt Entity |
|---|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
|   | 2009     | 2008     | 2009     | 2008      |
|   | \$'000   | \$'000   | \$'000   | \$'000    |
| Loss after tax for the year                         | (76,344) | (17,333) | (76,344) | (17,248)  |
| Depreciation and amortisation                       | 46,294   | 30,779   | 46,294   | 30,779    |
| Asset impairments                                   | 66,042   | -        | 66,042   | -         |
| Profit on sale of assets                            | (110)    | (14)     | (110)    | (14)      |
| Loss on sale of available for sale financial assets | 140      | -        | 140      | -         |
| Profit on sale of investments                       | -        | (141)    | -        | (226)     |
| Deferred income tax (benefit)/expense               | -        | (432)    | -        | (432)     |
| Options revaluation                                 | 64       | (11)     | 64       | (11)      |
| Net realised/unrealised gain on gold derivatives    | (1,515)  | (16,823) | (1,515)  | (16,823)  |
| Unrealised loss on available for sale assets        | -        | 4,876    | -        | 4,876     |
| Discount on convertible notes buyback               | (1,935)  | -        | (1,935)  | -         |
| Impairment of available for sale financial asset    | 6,192    | -        | 6,192    | -         |
| Convertible notes buy-back transaction costs        | 791      | -        | 791      | -         |
| Exploration expensed                                | 13,442   | 28,531   | 13,442   | 28,531    |
| Equity settled share-based payments                 | (32)     | 476      | (32)     | 476       |
| Change in operating assets and liabilities:         |          |          |          |           |
| (Increase)/decrease in receivables and prepayments  | 1,091    | (3,089)  | 1,091    | (3,089)   |
| (Increase)/decrease in inventories                  | (10,020) | (13,487) | (10,020) | (13,487)  |
| (Increase)/decrease in other assets                 | (2,020)  | (4,052)  | (2,020)  | (4,052)   |
| Increase/(decrease) in trade creditors and payables | (20,256) | 20,698   | (20,256) | 20,698    |
| Increase/(decrease) in non-current provisions       | (293)    | 167      | (293)    | 167       |
| Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities            | 2,792    | (5,153)  | 2,792    | (5,153)   |
| Net cash flows from operating activities            | 24,324   | 24,992   | 24,324   | 24,992    |

## Note 34 Non-cash investing and financing activities

|                                       | Consolidated |        |        | Parent | Parent entity |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|---------------|--|--|
|                                       | Notes        | 2009   | 2008   | 2009   | 2008          |  |  |
|                                       |              | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000        |  |  |
|                                       |              |        |        |        |               |  |  |
| Acquisition of vehicles and equipment |              |        |        |        |               |  |  |
| through finance leases                | _            | 21,696 | 276    | 21,696 | 276           |  |  |

#### Note 35 Earnings per share

|   | Consol     | lidated |
|---|------------|---------|
|   | 2009       | 2008    |
|   | Cents      | Cents   |
| (a) Basic loss per share                                      |            |         |
| Loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Compa | iny (5.63) | (1.66)  |
| (b) Diluted loss per share                                    |            |         |
| Loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Comp  | any (5.63) | (1.66)  |

## (c) Reconciliation of earnings used in calculating earnings per share

|                                      | Consoli        | idated         |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                      | 2009<br>\$'000 | 2008<br>\$'000 |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share | 1              |                |
| Loss after tax for the year          | (76,344)       | (17,333)       |

## (d) Weighted average number of shares

|   | Consolidated   |                |  |
|---|----------------|----------------|--|
|   | 2009<br>Number | 2008<br>Number |  |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in   | Number         | Number         |  |
| calculating basic earnings per share  | 1,356,057,153  | 1,044,330,081  |  |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential ordinary shares<br>used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share | 1,356,057,153  | 1,044,330,081  |  |

## (e) Information concerning the classification of securities

## (i) Options

Executive Options and Options granted to employees under the St Barbara Limited Executive Option and Employee Option Plans are considered to be potential ordinary shares and have been included in the determination of diluted earnings per share to the extent to which they are dilutive. The options have not been included in the determination of basic earnings per share. Details relating to the options are set out in Note 36.

## (ii) Convertible Notes

The outstanding balance of convertible notes on issue at 30 June 2009 is \$77,100,000. Unless previously redeemed, converted, or purchased and cancelled, the notes will be redeemed on 4 June 2012 at 100% of their principal amount. Holders of the convertible notes are able to redeem all or some of the notes at the principal amount together with any accrued interest on the third anniversary of issue (4 June 2010). The convertible notes have been included in the determination of diluted earnings per share to the extent to which they are dilutive.

#### Note 36 Share-based payments

#### (a) **Employee Option Plan**

The establishment of the St Barbara Limited Employee Option Plan was approved by shareholders at the 2001 Annual General Meeting. Options are granted under the plan for no consideration. Options are granted for a three to five year period.

Options granted under the plan carry no dividend or voting rights.

When exercisable, each option is convertible into one ordinary share.

Set out below are summaries of options granted to employees under the St Barbara Limited Employee Option Plan approved by shareholders:

| Grant Date<br>Consolidated a | Expiry Date<br>and parent entity - | Exercise<br>Price<br>- 2009 | Balance at start<br>of the year<br>Number | Granted<br>during the<br>year<br>Number | Exercised<br>during the<br>year<br>Number | Expired<br>during the<br>year<br>Number | Balance at<br>end of the<br>year (2)<br>Number | Exercisable at<br>end of the<br>year<br>Number |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| 23 Dec 04                    | 23 Dec 11                          | \$0.118                     | 5,000,000                                 | -                                       | 5,000,000                                 | -                                       | -  | -  |
| 30 Sep 05                    | 30 Sep 10                          | \$0.298                     | 1,000,000                                 | -                                       | -   | -                                       | 1,000,000                                      | 1,000,000                                      |
| 01 Jul 06                    | 30 Jun 11                          | \$0.491                     | 1,750,000                                 | -                                       | -   | 500,000                                 | 1,250,000                                      | 1,250,000                                      |
| 11 Sep 06                    | 11 Sep 11                          | \$0.496                     | 2,360,000                                 | -                                       | -   | 360,000                                 | 2,000,000                                      | 2,000,000                                      |
| 01 Dec 06                    | 01 Dec 11                          | \$0.549                     | 500,000                                   | -                                       | -   | -                                       | 500,000  | 250,000  |
| 26 Mar 07                    | 26 Mar 12                          | \$0.490                     | 2,000,000                                 | -                                       | -   | 2,000,000                               | -  | -  |
| 21 May 07                    | 21 May 12                          | \$0.512                     | 1,000,000                                 | -                                       | -   | 1,000,000                               | -  | -  |
| 06 May 09                    | 02 Mar 14                          | \$0.400                     | -   | 1,508,099(1)                            | -   | -                                       | 1,508,099                                      | -  |
| 06 May 09                    | 03 Apr 14                          | \$0.430                     | -   | 5,361,672 <sup>(1)</sup>                | -   | -                                       | 5,361,672                                      | -  |
| Total                        |                                    |                             | 13,610,000                                | 6,869,771                               | 5,000,000                                 | 3,860,000                               | 11,619,771                                     | 4,500,000                                      |
| Weighted avera               | ige exercise price                 |                             | \$0.34                                    | \$0.42                                  | \$0.12                                    | \$0.50                                  | \$0.44   | \$0.45   |

(1) Vesting of options granted in May 2009 is subject to performance criteria as discussed below.

(2) Expired on termination of employment with the Company.

| Grant Date     | Expiry Date         | Exercise<br>Price | Balance at start<br>of the year<br>Number | Granted<br>during the<br>year<br>Number | Exercised<br>during the<br>year<br>Number | Expired<br>during the<br>year<br>Number | Balance at<br>end of the<br>year<br>Number | Exercisable at<br>end of the<br>year<br>Number |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Consolidated a | and parent entity – | - 2008            |   |   |   |   |  |  |
| 23-Dec-04      | 23-Dec-10           | \$0.118           | 5,000,000                                 | -                                       | 5,000,000                                 | -                                       | -  | -  |
| 23-Dec-04      | 23-Dec-11           | \$0.118           | 5,000,000                                 | -                                       | -   | -                                       | 5,000,000 <sup>(1)</sup>                   | -  |
| 30-Sep-05      | 30-Sep-10           | \$0.330           | 1,660,000                                 | -                                       | 1,660,000                                 | -                                       | -  | -  |
| 30-Sep-05      | 30-Sep-10           | \$0.298           | 1,250,000                                 | -                                       | 250,000                                   | -                                       | 1,000,000                                  | 1,000,000                                      |
| 01-Jul-06      | 30-Jun-11           | \$0.491           | 1,750,000                                 | -                                       | -   | -                                       | 1,750,000                                  | 875,000  |
| 11-Sep-06      | 11-Sep-11           | \$0.528           | 640,000                                   | -                                       | 140,000                                   | 500,000                                 | -  | -  |
| 11-Sep-06      | 11-Sep-11           | \$0.496           | 2,360,000                                 | -                                       | -   | -                                       | 2,360,000                                  | 1,360,000                                      |
| 01-Dec-06      | 01-Dec-11           | \$0.549           | 500,000                                   | -                                       | -   | -                                       | 500,000                                    | -  |
| 26 – Mar-07    | 26-Mar-12           | \$0.490           | 2,000,000                                 |   | -   | -                                       | $2,000,000^{(2)}$                          | -  |
| 21-May-07      | 21-May-12           | \$0.512           | -   | 1,000,000                               | -   | -                                       | 1,000,000 <sup>(3)</sup>                   | -  |
| Total          |                     |                   | 20,160,000                                | 1,000,000                               | 7,050,000                                 | 500,000                                 | 13,610,000                                 | 3,235,000                                      |
| Weighted avera | age exercise price  |                   | 0.28                                      | 0.51                                    | 0.18                                      | 0.53                                    | 0.34                                       | 0.43   |

(1) Options vest on 14 September 2008

(2) 50% of options vest on 26 March 2009, 50% vest on 26 March 2010

(3) 50% of options vest on 21 May 2009, 50% vest on 21 May 2010

No options were forfeited during the periods covered by the above tables.

The weighted average remaining contractual life of share options outstanding at the end of the year was 3.6 years (2008 - 3.4 years).

## Fair value of options granted

The assessed fair value at grant date of options granted during the year ended 30 June 2009 was calculated for each issue of options. The fair value at grant date is independently determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option.

The model inputs for options granted during the year ended 30 June 2009 included:

(a) Options are granted for no consideration. The vesting of options granted in 2009 is subject to a continuing service condition as at each vesting date, and relative Total Shareholder Returns over a three year period. The peer group against which Total Shareholder Return is measured is presented in the Directors' Report (page 20).

| Relative TSR Performance Over<br>Measurement Period | % of Right to Vest          |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------|--|--|
| < 50 <sup>th</sup> percentile                       | 0%                          |  |  |
| 50 <sup>th</sup> percentile                         | 50%                         |  |  |
| $>50^{\text{th}}$ & $<75^{\text{th}}$ percentiles   | Pro-rata between 50% & 100% |  |  |
| 75 <sup>th</sup> percentile and above               | 100%                        |  |  |

Total Shareholder Return is measured against a peer group of companies.

- (b) Exercise price is ordinarily the closing market price on the grant date.
- (c) Grant date varies with each issue.
- (d) Expiry date is 5 years from grant date.
- (e) Share price at grant date was consistent for each issue at \$0.29.
- (f) Price volatility of the Company's shares as at the grant date was consistent for each issue at 94.0%.
- (g) Risk-free interest rate at grant date is based on bond rates for a similar term as for the options.

#### (b) Expenses arising from share-based payment transactions

Total expenses/(gains) arising from equity settled share-based payment transactions recognised during the year as part of the employee benefit expenses were as follows:

|   | Consol    | lidated | Parent entity |        |  |
|---|-----------|---------|---------------|--------|--|
|   | 2009 2008 |         | 2009          | 2008   |  |
|   | \$'000    | \$'000  | \$'000        | \$'000 |  |
|   |           |         |               |        |  |
|   |           |         |               |        |  |
| Options issued under employee option plan | (32)      | 475     | (32)          | 475    |  |

Appointed 2 March 2009

Resigned 2 March 2009

# Note 37 Key Management Personnel Disclosures

## (a) Directors

The following persons were Directors of St Barbara Limited during the financial year:

- S J C Wise Chairman
- T J Lehany Managing Director & CEO
- E Eshuys Managing Director & CEO
- D W Bailey Non-executive director
- B J Gibson Non-executive director
- P C Lockyer Non-executive director
- R K Rae Non-executive director

## (b) Other key management personnel disclosures

The following persons also had authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the consolidated entity, directly or indirectly, during the financial year:

| • | Martin Reed          | Chief Operating Officer             | Appointed 12 January 2009 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| • | George Viska         | Acting Chief Operating Officer/     | Resigned 30 January 2009  |
| • | Ian Bird             | Chief Operating Officer             | Resigned 4 July 2008      |
| • | Garth Campbell-Cowan | Chief Financial Officer             |                           |
| • | Ross Kennedy         | General Manager Corporate Services/ |                           |
|   |                      | Company Secretary                   |                           |
| • | Peter Thompson       | General Manager Exploration         | Resigned 4 July 2008      |
| • | Adrian McArthur      | Acting General Manager Exploration  | Appointed 4 July 2008     |

## (c) Key Management Personnel Compensation

|                              | Consol    | lidated   | Parent entity |           |  |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|--|
|                              | 2009 2008 |           | 2009          | 2008      |  |
| Short term employee benefits | 3,137,407 | 2,480,048 | 3,137,407     | 2,480,048 |  |
| Post employment benefits     | 80,019    | 77,718    | 80,019        | 77,718    |  |
| Long Service Leave           | 240,950   | 55,780    | 240,950       | 55,780    |  |
| Share-based payments         | 93,158    | 376,762   | 93,158        | 376,762   |  |
| Termination payments         | 2,706,901 | -         | 2,706,901     |           |  |
|                              | 6,258,435 | 2,990,308 | 6,258,435     | 2,990,308 |  |

## (d) Equity Instrument Disclosures Relating to Key Management Personnel

## (i) Options provided as remuneration and shares issued on exercise of such options

Details of options provided as remuneration and shares issued on the exercise of such options, together with terms and conditions of the options, can be found in Section C of the remuneration report on pages 19 to 21.

## *(ii) Option holdings*

The numbers of options over ordinary shares in the Company held during the financial year by each Director of St Barbara Limited and other key management personnel of the consolidated entity, including their related parties, are set out below:

| 2009<br>Name         | Balance at the start of the year | Granted during<br>the year as<br>compensation | Exercised<br>during the year | Other changes<br>during the year | Balance at the<br>end of the year | Vested and<br>exercisable at<br>the end of the<br>year |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Executive Director   |                                  |   |                              |                                  |                                   |  |
| T J Lehany           | -                                | 1,508,099                                     | -                            | -                                | 1,508,099                         | -  |
| E Eshuys             | 5,000,000                        | -   | 5,000,000                    | -                                | -                                 | -  |
| Other key management | t personnel                      |   |                              |                                  |                                   |  |
| M Reed               | -                                | -   | -                            | -                                | -                                 | -  |
| G Campbell-Cowan     | 2,000,000                        | 1,207,160                                     | -                            | -                                | 3,207,160                         | 2,000,000  |
| R Kennedy            | -                                | 940,644                                       | -                            | -                                | 940,644                           | -  |
| A McArthur           | -                                | 738,870                                       | -                            | -                                | 738,870                           | -  |
|                      |                                  |   |                              |                                  |                                   |  |

| 2008<br>Name          | Balance at the start of the year | Granted during<br>the year as<br>compensation | Exercised<br>during the year | Other changes<br>during the year | Balance at the<br>end of the year | Vested and<br>exercisable at<br>the end of the<br>year |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Executive Director    |                                  |   |                              |                                  |                                   |  |
| E Eshuys              | 10,000,000                       | -   | 5,000,000                    | -                                | 5,000,000                         | -  |
| Other key management  | personnel                        |   |                              |                                  |                                   |  |
| I Bird <sup>(1)</sup> | 2,000,000                        | -   | -                            | -                                | 2,000,000                         | -  |
| G Campbell-Cowan      | 2,000,000                        | -   | -                            | -                                | 2,000,000                         | 1,000,000  |
| R Kennedy             | -                                | -   | -                            | -                                | -                                 | -  |
| P Thompson            | -                                | -   | -                            | -                                | -                                 | -  |
| G Viska               | -                                | -   | -                            | -                                | -                                 | -  |

(1) Mr Bird resigned from the Company with effect from 4 July 2008 and the options granted to him on 26 March 2007 have lapsed.

#### (iii) Share holdings

The numbers of shares in the Company held during the year by each Director of St Barbara Limited and other key management personnel of the consolidated entity, including their related parties, are set out below. There were no shares granted during the year as compensation.

| 2009<br>Name              | Balance at the start of the year | Exercise of options | Other changes | Purchased       | Sold         | Balance at the end of the year |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| Directors                 |                                  |                     |               |                 |              |                                |
| S J C Wise                | 5,027,340                        | -                   | -             | 1,436,384       | -            | 6,463,724                      |
| T J Lehany                | -                                | -                   | -             | $570,000^{(1)}$ | -            | 570,000                        |
| E Eshuys <sup>(2)</sup>   | 25,942,403                       | 5,000,000           | (20,600,103)  | 3,925,000       | (14,267,300) | -                              |
| D W Bailey <sup>(3)</sup> | 107,937                          | -                   | -             | 30,840          | -            | 138,777                        |
| B J Gibson                | 152,431                          | -                   | -             | 43,553          | -            | 195,984                        |
| P C Lockyer               | 37,937                           | -                   | -             | 10,840          | -            | 48,777                         |
| R K Rae <sup>(4)</sup>    | 100,000                          | -                   | -             | 28,572          | -            | 128,572                        |
| Other key managemen       | t personnel                      |                     |               |                 |              |                                |
| M Reed                    | -                                | -                   | -             | -               | -            | -                              |
| G Campbell-Cowan          | -                                | -                   | -             | -               | -            | -                              |
| R Kennedy <sup>(5)</sup>  | 827,937                          | -                   | -             | -               | (91,350)     | 736,587                        |
| A McArthur                | -                                | -                   | -             | -               | -            | -                              |
| G Viska                   | 500,000                          | -                   | (500,000)     | -               | -            | -                              |
| P Thompson                | 1,000,000                        | -                   | (1,000,000)   | -               | -            | -                              |

(1) Mr Lehany purchased 200,000 shares on 22 July 2009.

(2) Mr Eshuys resigned on 2 March 2009. Movements in shareholdings (purchases, sales, and exercise of options) have been disclosed up to this date. 'Other Changes' represents the balance of Mr Eshuys's shareholdings at the date of his resignation.

(3) Mr Bailey holds 850,000 convertible notes issued by the company.

(4) Mr Rae purchased 45,714 shares on 27 July 2009.

(5) Mr Kennedy purchased 80,000 shares on 17 July 2009.

| 2008                          | Balance at the    | Exercise of | Other changes | Purchased   | Sold | Balance at the  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|------|-----------------|
| Name                          | start of the year | options     |               | i ur chubcu | bolu | end of the year |
| Directors                     |                   |             |               |             |      |                 |
| S J C Wise <sup>(1)</sup>     | 3,799,403         | -           | -             | 1,227,937   | -    | 5,027,340       |
| E Eshuys <sup>(2)</sup>       | 20,100,000        | 5,000,000   | -             | 842,403     | -    | 25,942,403      |
| D W Bailey <sup>(3) (9)</sup> | 100,000           |             |               | 7,937       |      | 107,937         |
| B J Gibson <sup>(4)</sup>     | -                 |             |               | 152,431     |      | 152,431         |
| P C Lockyer <sup>(5)</sup>    | 30,000            |             |               | 7,937       |      | 37,937          |
| R K Rae <sup>(6)</sup>        | -                 |             |               | 100,000     |      | 100,000         |
| H G Tuten <sup>(1)</sup>      | -                 | -           | -             | -           | -    | -               |
| Other key managemen           | nt personnel      |             |               |             |      |                 |
| I Bird                        | -                 | -           | -             | -           | -    | -               |
| G Campbell-Cowan              | -                 | -           | -             | -           | -    | -               |
| R Kennedy <sup>(8)</sup>      | 820,000           | -           | -             | 7,937       | -    | 827,937         |
| P Thompson                    | 1,000,000         | -           | -             | 7,937       | -    | 1,007,937       |
| G Viska                       | 500,000           | -           | -             | -           | -    | 500,000         |

(1) Mr Tuten resigned on 21 January 2008.

## **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

In the Directors' opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 26 to 80 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
  - i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
  - ii) giving a true and fair view of the Company's and consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of its performance, as represented by the results of their operations, changes in equity and their cash flows, for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out on pages 11 to 22 of the Directors' report comply with Accounting Standards AASB 124 *Related Party Disclosures* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

hand

Tim J Lehany Managing Director and CEO

Melbourne 25 August 2009



#### Independent auditor's report to the members of St Barbara Limited

#### Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of St Barbara Limited (the company), which comprises the balance sheets as at 30 June 2009, and the income statements, statements of recognised income and expense and cash flow statements for the year ended on that date, a description of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes 1 to 37 and the directors' declaration set out on pages 27 to 82 of the Group comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

#### Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations), a view which is consistent with our understanding of the Company's and the Group's financial position and of their performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

> KPMG, an Australian partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative.

KPMG

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of St Barbara Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's and the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 1.

#### Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 11 to 22 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2009. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with Section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of St Barbara Limited for the year ended 30 June 2009, complies with Section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

KPMC KPMG

Michael Bray Partner

Melbourne 25 August 2009